



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 12x12b; D/A 1x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SOIC
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep32gs502t-e-so

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

1.0 DEVICE OVERVIEW

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXGS50X family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive resource. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the related section of the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

This document contains device-specific information for the dsPIC33EPXXGS50X Digital Signal Controller (DSC) devices.

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X devices contain extensive Digital Signal Processor (DSP) functionality with a high-performance, 16-bit MCU architecture.

Figure 1-1 shows a general block diagram of the core and peripheral modules. Table 1-1 lists the functions of the various pins shown in the pinout diagrams.

FIGURE 1-1: dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY BLOCK DIAGRAM

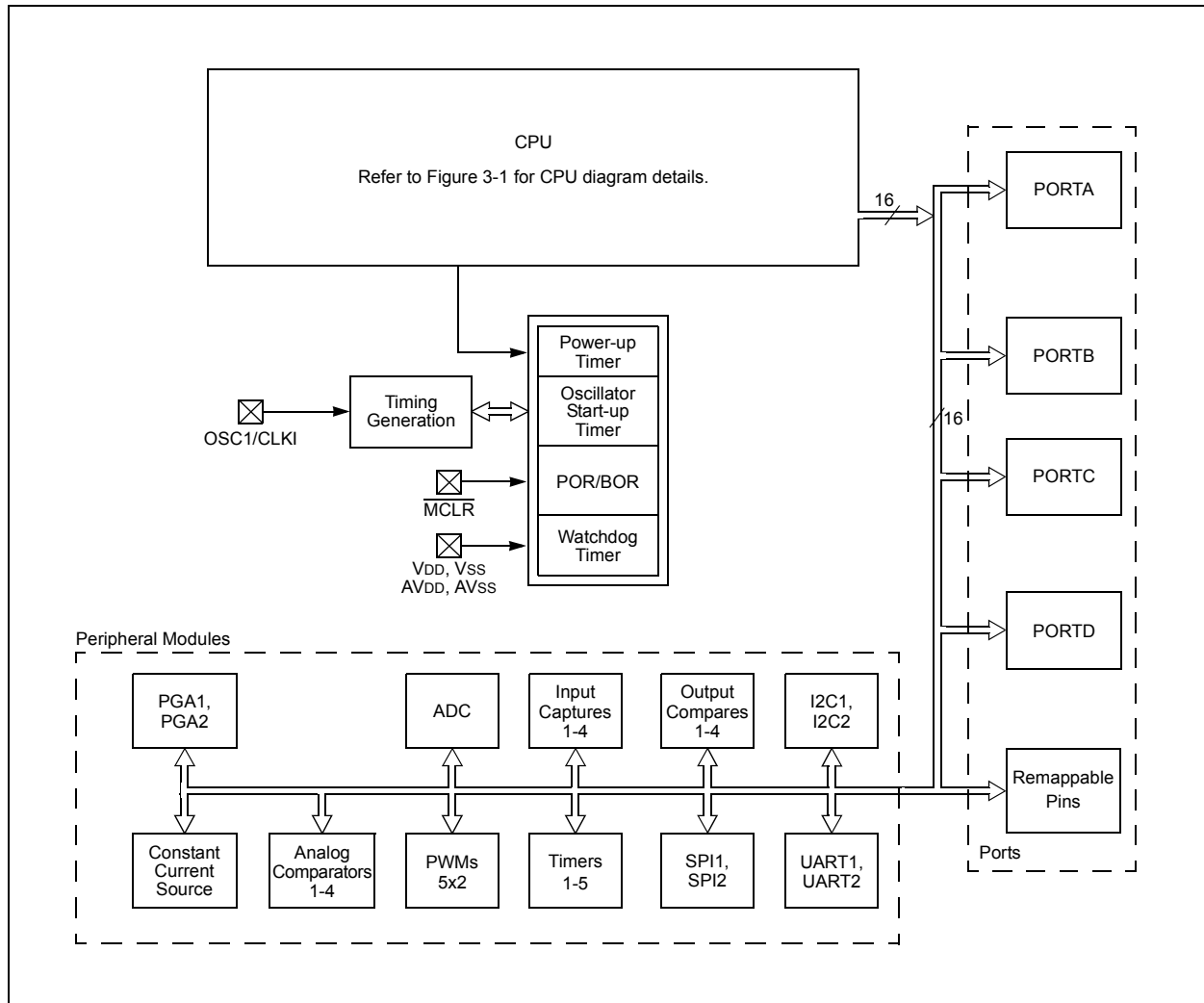
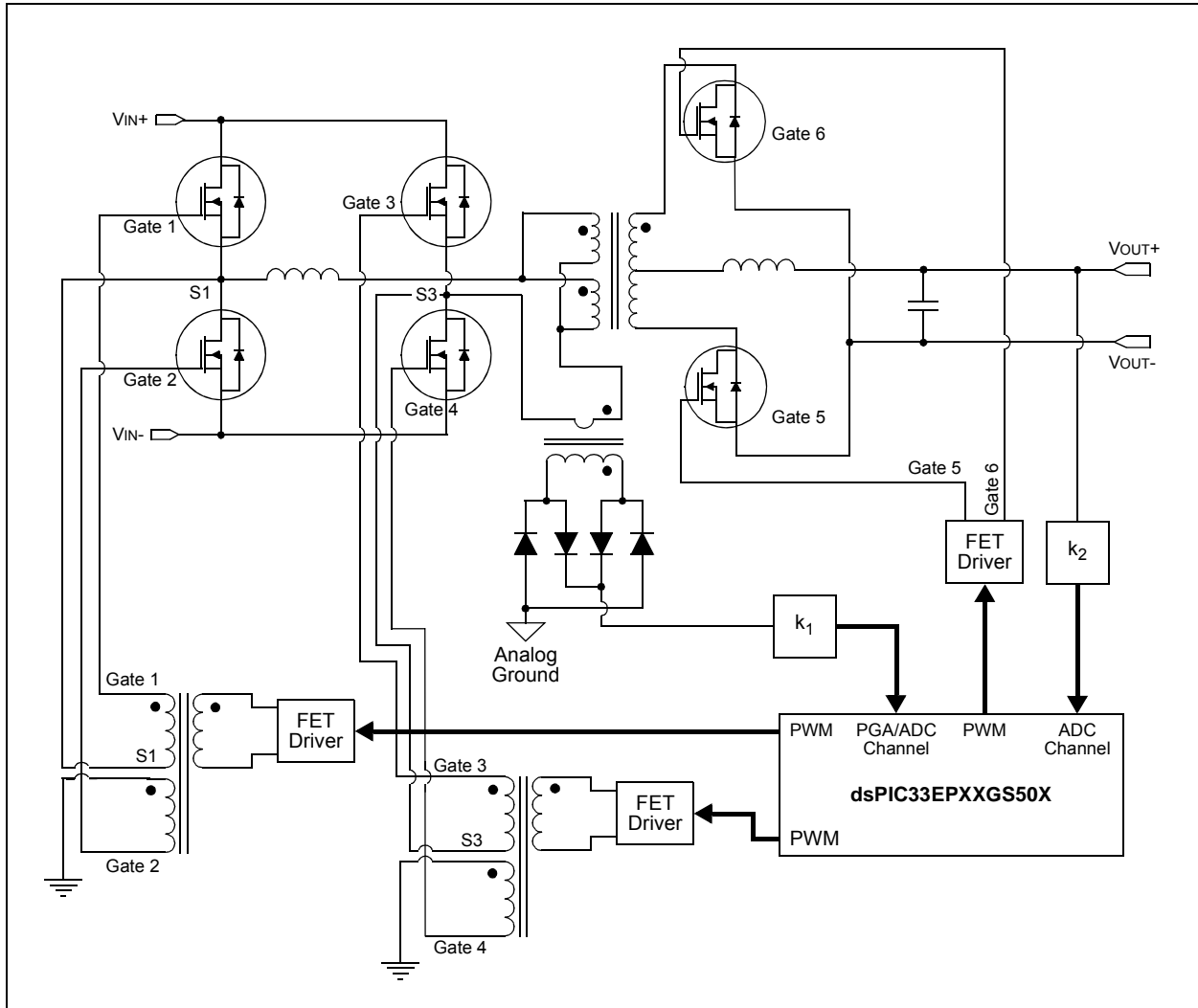


FIGURE 2-5: PHASE-SHIFTED FULL-BRIDGE CONVERTER



dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

REGISTER 3-2: CORCON: CORE CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 2	SFA: Stack Frame Active Status bit 1 = Stack frame is active; W14 and W15 address 0x0000 to 0xFFFF, regardless of DSRPAG 0 = Stack frame is not active; W14 and W15 address the base Data Space
bit 1	RND: Rounding Mode Select bit 1 = Biased (conventional) rounding is enabled 0 = Unbiased (convergent) rounding is enabled
bit 0	IF: Integer or Fractional Multiplier Mode Select bit 1 = Integer mode is enabled for DSP multiply 0 = Fractional mode is enabled for DSP multiply

Note 1: This bit is always read as '0'.

2: The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

REGISTER 3-3: CTXTSTAT: CPU W REGISTER CONTEXT STATUS REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	—	—	—	CCTXI2	CCTXI1	CCTXI0
bit 15						bit 8	

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	—	—	—	MCTXI2	MCTXI1	MCTXI0
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **CCTXI<2:0>:** Current (W Register) Context Identifier bits

111 = Reserved

•
•
•

011 = Reserved

010 = Alternate Working Register Set 2 is currently in use

001 = Alternate Working Register Set 1 is currently in use

000 = Default register set is currently in use

bit 7-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 **MCTXI<2:0>:** Manual (W Register) Context Identifier bits

111 = Reserved

•
•
•

011 = Reserved

010 = Alternate Working Register Set 2 was most recently manually selected

001 = Alternate Working Register Set 1 was most recently manually selected

000 = Default register set was most recently manually selected

TABLE 4-26: ANALOG COMPARATOR REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
CMP1CON	0540	CMPON	—	CMPSIDL	HYSSEL1	HYSSEL0	FLTREN	FCLKSEL	DACOE	INSEL1	INSEL0	EXTREF	HYPOL	CMPSTAT	ALTINP	CMPPOL	RANGE	0000
CMP1DAC	0542	—	—	—	—	CMREF<11:0>												0000
CMP2CON	0544	CMPON	—	CMPSIDL	HYSSEL1	HYSSEL0	FLTREN	FCLKSEL	DACOE	INSEL1	INSEL0	EXTREF	HYPOL	CMPSTAT	ALTINP	CMPPOL	RANGE	0000
CMP2DAC	0546	—	—	—	—	CMREF<11:0>												0000
CMP3CON	0548	CMPON	—	CMPSIDL	HYSSEL1	HYSSEL0	FLTREN	FCLKSEL	DACOE	INSEL1	INSEL0	EXTREF	HYPOL	CMPSTAT	ALTINP	CMPPOL	RANGE	0000
CMP3DAC	054A	—	—	—	—	CMREF<11:0>												0000
CMP4CON	054C	CMPON	—	CMPSIDL	HYSSEL1	HYSSEL0	FLTREN	FCLKSEL	DACOE	INSEL1	INSEL0	EXTREF	HYPOL	CMPSTAT	ALTINP	CMPPOL	RANGE	0000
CMP4DAC	054E	—	—	—	—	CMREF<11:0>												0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-27: JTAG INTERFACE REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
JDATAH	0FF0	—	—	—	—	JDATAH<11:0>												xxxx
JDATAI	0FF2	JDATAI<15:0>																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

REGISTER 7-2: CORCON: CORE CONTROL REGISTER⁽¹⁾

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
VAR	—	US1	US0	EDT	DL2	DL1	DL0
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/C-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SATA	SATB	SATDW	ACCSAT	IPL3 ⁽²⁾	SFA	RND	IF
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Clearable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **VAR:** Variable Exception Processing Latency Control bit
 1 = Variable exception processing is enabled
 0 = Fixed exception processing is enabled

bit 3 **IPL3:** CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bit 3⁽²⁾
 1 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is greater than 7
 0 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 or less

Note 1: For complete register details, see Register 3-2.

2: The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

REGISTER 7-5: INTCON3: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 3

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	NAE
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	DOOVR	—	—	—	APLL
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8 **NAE:** NVM Address Error Soft Trap Status bit
 1 = NVM address error soft trap has occurred
 0 = NVM address error soft trap has not occurred

bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 **DOOVR:** DO Stack Overflow Soft Trap Status bit
 1 = DO stack overflow soft trap has occurred
 0 = DO stack overflow soft trap has not occurred

bit 3-1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **APLL:** Auxiliary PLL Loss of Lock Soft Trap Status bit
 1 = APLL lock soft trap has occurred
 0 = APLL lock soft trap has not occurred

REGISTER 7-6: INTCON4: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 4

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SGHT
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **SGHT:** Software Generated Hard Trap Status bit
 1 = Software generated hard trap has occurred
 0 = Software generated hard trap has not occurred

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

REGISTER 8-2: CLKDIV: CLOCK DIVISOR REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 4-0 **PLLPRE<4:0>**: PLL Phase Detector Input Divider Select bits (also denoted as 'N1', PLL prescaler)

11111 = Input divided by 33

•

•

•

00001 = Input divided by 3

00000 = Input divided by 2 (default)

- Note 1:** The DOZE<2:0> bits can only be written to when the DOZEN bit is clear. If DOZEN = 1, any writes to DOZE<2:0> are ignored.
- 2:** This bit is cleared when the ROI bit is set and an interrupt occurs.
- 3:** The DOZEN bit cannot be set if DOZE<2:0> = 000. If DOZE<2:0> = 000, any attempt by user software to set the DOZEN bit is ignored.

REGISTER 8-3: PLLFBD: PLL FEEDBACK DIVISOR REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PLLDIV8
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PLLDIV<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8-0 **PLLDIV<8:0>**: PLL Feedback Divisor bits (also denoted as 'M', PLL multiplier)

111111111 = 513

•

•

•

000110000 = 50 (default)

•

•

•

000000010 = 4

000000001 = 3

000000000 = 2

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

REGISTER 8-4: OSCTUN: FRC OSCILLATOR TUNING REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	TUN<5:0>					
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **TUN<5:0>:** FRC Oscillator Tuning bits

011111 = Maximum frequency deviation of 1.457% (7.477 MHz)

011110 = Center frequency + 1.41% (7.474 MHz)

•

•

•

000001 = Center frequency + 0.047% (7.373 MHz)

000000 = Center frequency (7.37 MHz nominal)

111111 = Center frequency – 0.047% (7.367 MHz)

•

•

•

100001 = Center frequency – 1.457% (7.263 MHz)

100000 = Minimum frequency deviation of -1.5% (7.259 MHz)

Note 1: OSCTUN functionality has been provided to help customers compensate for temperature effects on the FRC frequency over a wide range of temperatures. The tuning step size is an approximation and is neither characterized nor tested.

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

TABLE 10-2: OUTPUT SELECTION FOR REMAPPABLE PINS (RPn)

Function	RPnR<5:0>	Output Name
Default PORT	000000	RPn tied to Default Pin
U1TX	000001	RPn tied to UART1 Transmit
U1RTS	000010	RPn tied to UART1 Request-to-Send
U2TX	000011	RPn tied to UART2 Transmit
U2RTS	000100	RPn tied to UART2 Request-to-Send
SDO1	000101	RPn tied to SPI1 Data Output
SCK1	000110	RPn tied to SPI1 Clock Output
SS1	000111	RPn tied to SPI1 Slave Select
SDO2	001000	RPn tied to SPI2 Data Output
SCK2	001001	RPn tied to SPI2 Clock Output
SS2	001010	RPn tied to SPI2 Slave Select
OC1	010000	RPn tied to Output Compare 1 Output
OC2	010001	RPn tied to Output Compare 2 Output
OC3	010010	RPn tied to Output Compare 3 Output
OC4	010011	RPn tied to Output Compare 4 Output
ACMP1	011000	RPn tied to Analog Comparator 1 Output
ACMP2	011001	RPn tied to Analog Comparator 2 Output
ACMP3	011010	RPn tied to Analog Comparator 3 Output
SYNCO1	101101	RPn tied to PWM Primary Master Time Base Sync Output
SYNCO2	101110	RPn tied to PWM Secondary Master Time Base Sync Output
REFCLKO	110001	RPn tied to Reference Clock Output
ACMP4	110010	RPn tied to Analog Comparator 4 Output
PWM4H	110011	RPn tied to PWM Output Pins Associated with PWM Generator 4
PWM4L	110100	RPn tied to PWM Output Pins Associated with PWM Generator 4
PWM5H	110101	RPn tied to PWM Output Pins Associated with PWM Generator 5
PWM5L	110110	RPn tied to PWM Output Pins Associated with PWM Generator 5

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

REGISTER 10-14: RPNR22: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 22

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SCK2INR7	SCK2INR6	SCK2INR5	SCK2INR4	SCK2INR3	SCK2INR2	SCK2INR1	SCK2INR0
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SDI2R7	SDI2R6	SDI2R5	SDI2R4	SDI2R3	SDI2R2	SDI2R1	SDI2R0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **SCK2INR<7:0>**: Assign SPI2 Clock Input (SCK2) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits

10110101 = Input tied to RP181

10110100 = Input tied to RP180

•

•

•

00000001 = Input tied to RP1

00000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7-0 **SDI2R<7:0>**: Assign SPI2 Data Input (SDI2) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits

10110101 = Input tied to RP181

10110100 = Input tied to RP180

•

•

•

00000001 = Input tied to RP1

00000000 = Input tied to Vss

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

REGISTER 10-20: RPOR0: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 0

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP33R5	RP33R4	RP33R3	RP33R2	RP33R1	RP33R0
bit 15						bit 8	

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP32R5	RP32R4	RP32R3	RP32R2	RP32R1	RP32R0
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **RP33R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP33 Output Pin bits (see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **RP32R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP32 Output Pin bits (see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 10-21: RPOR1: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP35R5	RP35R4	RP35R3	RP35R2	RP35R1	RP35R0
bit 15						bit 8	

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP34R5	RP34R4	RP34R3	RP34R2	RP34R1	RP34R0
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **RP35R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP35 Output Pin bits (see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **RP34R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP34 Output Pin bits (see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

REGISTER 15-24: LEBCONx: PWMx LEADING-EDGE BLANKING (LEB) CONTROL REGISTER (x = 1 to 5)

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
PHR	PHF	PLR	PLF	FLTLEBEN	CLLEBEN	—	—
bit 15						bit 8	

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	BCH ⁽¹⁾	BCL ⁽¹⁾	BPHH	BPHL	BPLH	BPLL
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **PHR:** PWMxH Rising Edge Trigger Enable bit
1 = Rising edge of PWMxH will trigger the Leading-Edge Blanking counter
0 = Leading-Edge Blanking ignores the rising edge of PWMxH
- bit 14 **PHF:** PWMxH Falling Edge Trigger Enable bit
1 = Falling edge of PWMxH will trigger the Leading-Edge Blanking counter
0 = Leading-Edge Blanking ignores the falling edge of PWMxH
- bit 13 **PLR:** PWMxL Rising Edge Trigger Enable bit
1 = Rising edge of PWMxL will trigger the Leading-Edge Blanking counter
0 = Leading-Edge Blanking ignores the rising edge of PWMxL
- bit 12 **PLF:** PWMxL Falling Edge Trigger Enable bit
1 = Falling edge of PWMxL will trigger the Leading-Edge Blanking counter
0 = Leading-Edge Blanking ignores the falling edge of PWMxL
- bit 11 **FLTLEBEN:** Fault Input Leading-Edge Blanking Enable bit
1 = Leading-Edge Blanking is applied to the selected Fault input
0 = Leading-Edge Blanking is not applied to the selected Fault input
- bit 10 **CLLEBEN:** Current-Limit Leading-Edge Blanking Enable bit
1 = Leading-Edge Blanking is applied to the selected current-limit input
0 = Leading-Edge Blanking is not applied to the selected current-limit input
- bit 9-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5 **BCH:** Blanking in Selected Blanking Signal High Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = State blanking (of current-limit and/or Fault input signals) when the selected blanking signal is high
0 = No blanking when the selected blanking signal is high
- bit 4 **BCL:** Blanking in Selected Blanking Signal Low Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = State blanking (of current-limit and/or Fault input signals) when the selected blanking signal is low
0 = No blanking when the selected blanking signal is low
- bit 3 **BPHH:** Blanking in PWMxH High Enable bit
1 = State blanking (of current-limit and/or Fault input signals) when the PWMxH output is high
0 = No blanking when the PWMxH output is high
- bit 2 **BPHL:** Blanking in PWMxH Low Enable bit
1 = State blanking (of current-limit and/or Fault input signals) when the PWMxH output is low
0 = No blanking when the PWMxH output is low

Note 1: The blanking signal is selected via the BLANKSEL<3:0> bits in the AUXCONx register.

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

16.3 SPI Control Registers

REGISTER 16-1: SPIxSTAT: SPIx STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SPIEN	—	SPISIDL	—	—	SPIBEC2	SPIBEC1	SPIBEC0
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	R/C-0, HS	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0, HS, HC	R-0, HS, HC
SRMPT	SPIROV	SRXMPT	SISEL2	SISEL1	SISEL0	SPITBF	SPIRBF
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:	C = Clearable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	HS = Hardware Settable bit	HC = Hardware Clearable bit
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **SPIEN:** SPIx Enable bit
1 = Enables the module and configures SCKx, SDOx, SDIx and \overline{SSx} as serial port pins
0 = Disables the module
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **SPISIDL:** SPIx Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Discontinues the module operation when device enters Idle mode
0 = Continues the module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10-8 **SPIBEC<2:0>:** SPIx Buffer Element Count bits (valid in Enhanced Buffer mode)
Master Mode:
Number of SPIx transfers that are pending.
Slave Mode:
Number of SPIx transfers that are unread.
- bit 7 **SRMPT:** SPIx Shift Register (SPIxSR) Empty bit (valid in Enhanced Buffer mode)
1 = SPIx Shift register is empty and ready to send or receive the data
0 = SPIx Shift register is not empty
- bit 6 **SPIROV:** SPIx Receive Overflow Flag bit
1 = A new byte/word is completely received and discarded; the user application has not read the previous data in the SPIxBUF register
0 = No overflow has occurred
- bit 5 **SRXMPT:** SPIx Receive FIFO Empty bit (valid in Enhanced Buffer mode)
1 = RX FIFO is empty
0 = RX FIFO is not empty
- bit 4-2 **SISEL<2:0>:** SPIx Buffer Interrupt Mode bits (valid in Enhanced Buffer mode)
111 = Interrupt when the SPIx transmit buffer is full (SPITBF bit is set)
110 = Interrupt when the last bit is shifted into SPIxSR, and as a result, the TX FIFO is empty
101 = Interrupt when the last bit is shifted out of SPIxSR and the transmit is complete
100 = Interrupt when one data is shifted into the SPIxSR, and as a result, the TX FIFO has one open memory location
011 = Interrupt when the SPIx receive buffer is full (SPIRBF bit is set)
010 = Interrupt when the SPIx receive buffer is 3/4 or more full
001 = Interrupt when data is available in the receive buffer (SRMPT bit is set)
000 = Interrupt when the last data in the receive buffer is read, and as a result, the buffer is empty (SRXMPT bit is set)

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

REGISTER 18-1: UxMODE: UARTx MODE REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 5	ABAUD: Auto-Baud Enable bit 1 = Enables baud rate measurement on the next character – requires reception of a Sync field (55h) before other data; cleared in hardware upon completion 0 = Baud rate measurement is disabled or completed
bit 4	URXINV: UARTx Receive Polarity Inversion bit 1 = UxRX Idle state is '0' 0 = UxRX Idle state is '1'
bit 3	BRGH: High Baud Rate Enable bit 1 = BRG generates 4 clocks per bit period (4x baud clock, High-Speed mode) 0 = BRG generates 16 clocks per bit period (16x baud clock, Standard mode)
bit 2-1	PDSEL<1:0>: Parity and Data Selection bits 11 = 9-bit data, no parity 10 = 8-bit data, odd parity 01 = 8-bit data, even parity 00 = 8-bit data, no parity
bit 0	STSEL: Stop Bit Selection bit 1 = Two Stop bits 0 = One Stop bit

Note 1: Refer to “**Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)**” (DS70000582) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” for information on enabling the UARTx module for receive or transmit operation.

2: This feature is only available for the 16x BRG mode (BRGH = 0).

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

19.2 Analog-to-Digital Converter Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page contains the latest updates and additional information.

19.2.1 KEY RESOURCES

- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual” Sections
- Development Tools

REGISTER 19-1: ADCON1L: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 1 LOW

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
ADON ⁽¹⁾	—	ADSIDL	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	r-0	r-0	r-0	r-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	r = Reserved bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as ‘0’	
-n = Value at POR	‘1’ = Bit is set	‘0’ = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **ADON:** ADC Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = ADC module is enabled
0 = ADC module is off
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’
- bit 13 **ADSIDL:** ADC Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode
0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’
- bit 6-3 **Reserved:** Maintain as ‘0’
- bit 2-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’

Note 1: Set the ADON bit only after the ADC module has been configured. Changing ADC Configuration bits when ADON = 1 will result in unpredictable behavior.

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

REGISTER 19-13: ADLVLTRGL: ADC LEVEL-SENSITIVE TRIGGER CONTROL REGISTER LOW

R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
LVLEN<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
LVLEN<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **LVLEN<15:0>**: Level Trigger for Corresponding Analog Input Enable bits
 1 = Input trigger is level-sensitive
 0 = Input trigger is edge-sensitive

REGISTER 19-14: ADLVLTRGH: ADC LEVEL-SENSITIVE TRIGGER CONTROL REGISTER HIGH

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	LVLEN<21:16>					
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-6 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
 bit 5-0 **LVLEN<21:16>**: Level Trigger for Corresponding Analog Input Enable bits
 1 = Input trigger is level-sensitive
 0 = Input trigger is edge-sensitive

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

REGISTER 19-31: ADCMPxCON: ADC DIGITAL COMPARATOR x CONTROL REGISTER (x = 0 or 1)

U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0, HSC	R-0, HSC	R-0, HSC	R-0, HSC	R-0, HSC
—	—	—	CHNL4	CHNL3	CHNL2	CHNL1	CHNL0
bit 15							
							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0, HC, HS	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CMPEN	IE	STAT	BTWN	HIHI	HILO	LOHI	LOLO
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		HS = Hardware Settable bit

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **CHNL<4:0>:** Input Channel Number bits

If the comparator has detected an event for a channel, this channel number is written to these bits.

11111 = Reserved

•

•

10110 = Reserved

10101 = AN21

10100 = AN20

•

•

00001 = AN1

00000 = AN0

bit 7 **CMPEN:** Comparator Enable bit

1 = Comparator is enabled

0 = Comparator is disabled and the STAT status bit is cleared

bit 6 **IE:** Comparator Common ADC Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Common ADC interrupt will be generated if the comparator detects a comparison event

0 = Common ADC interrupt will not be generated for the comparator

bit 5 **STAT:** Comparator Event Status bit

This bit is cleared by hardware when the channel number is read from the CHNL<4:0> bits.

1 = A comparison event has been detected since the last read of the CHNL<4:0> bits

0 = A comparison event has not been detected since the last read of the CHNL<4:0> bits

bit 4 **BTWN:** Between Low/High Comparator Event bit

1 = Generates a comparator event when $ADCBUFx \leq ADCMPxHI$

0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxHI$

bit 3 **HIHI:** High/High Comparator Event bit

1 = Generates a digital comparator event when $ADCBUFx \geq ADCMPxHI$

0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when $ADCBUFx \geq ADCMPxHI$

bit 2 **HILO:** High/Low Comparator Event bit

1 = Generates a digital comparator event when $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxHI$

0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxHI$

bit 1 **LOHI:** Low/High Comparator Event bit

1 = Generates a digital comparator event when $ADCBUFx \geq ADCMPxLO$

0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when $ADCBUFx \geq ADCMPxLO$

bit 0 **LOLO:** Low/Low Comparator Event bit

1 = Generates a digital comparator event when $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxLO$

0 = Does not generate a digital comparator event when $ADCBUFx < ADCMPxLO$

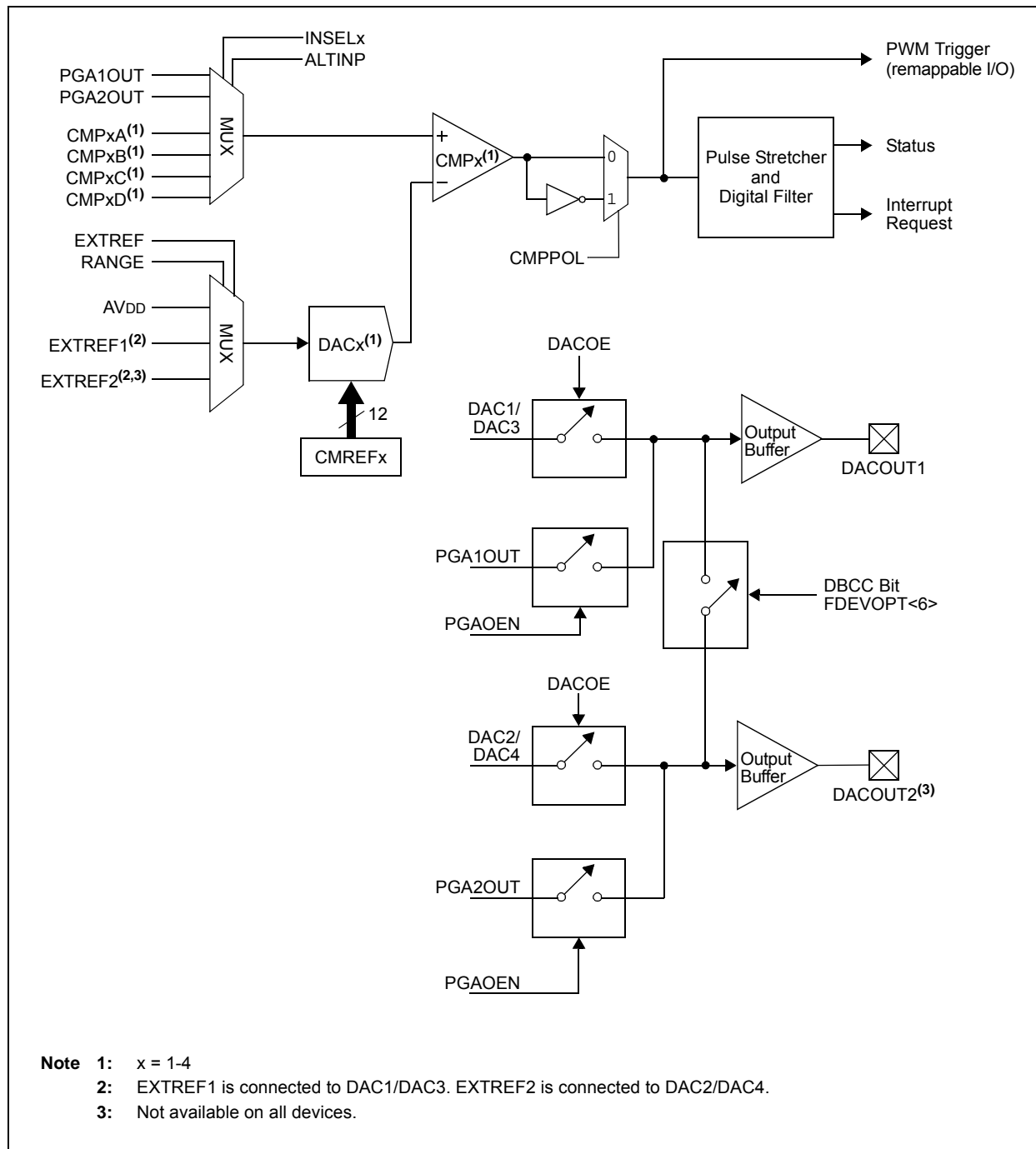
dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

20.2 Module Description

Figure 20-1 shows a functional block diagram of one analog comparator from the high-speed analog comparator module. The analog comparator provides high-speed operation with a typical delay of 15 ns. The negative input of the comparator is always connected to the DACx circuit. The positive input of the comparator is connected to an analog multiplexer that selects the desired source pin.

The analog comparator input pins are typically shared with pins used by the Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) module. Both the comparator and the ADC can use the same pins at the same time. This capability enables a user to measure an input voltage with the ADC and detect voltage transients with the comparator.

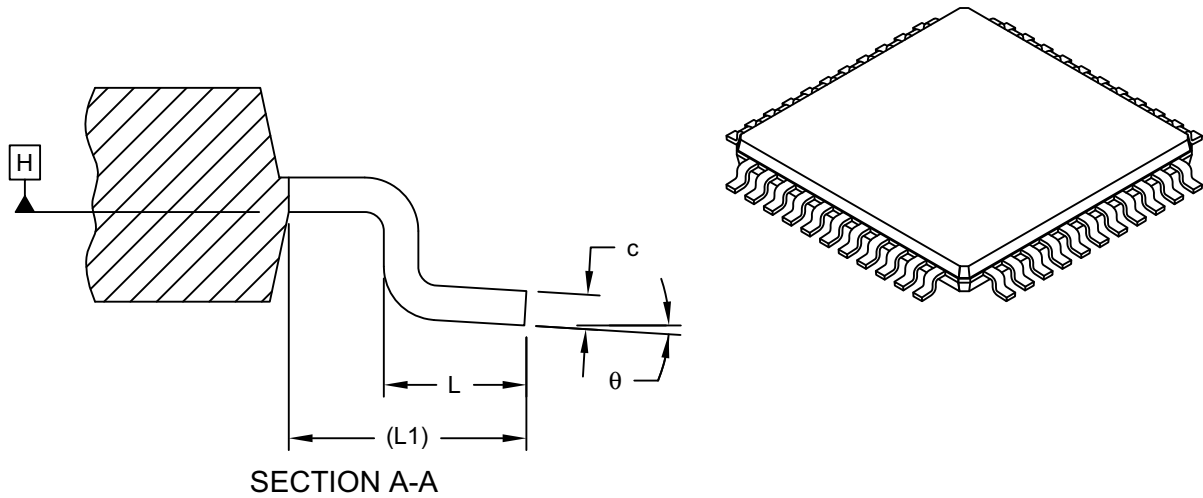
FIGURE 20-1: HIGH-SPEED ANALOG COMPARATOR x MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

44-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) - 10x10x1.0 mm Body [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packageing>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Leads	N	44		
Lead Pitch	e	0.80 BSC		
Overall Height	A	-	-	1.20
Standoff	A1	0.05	-	0.15
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.95	1.00	1.05
Overall Width	E	12.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	10.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D	12.00 BSC		
Molded Package Length	D1	10.00 BSC		
Lead Width	b	0.30	0.37	0.45
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	-	0.20
Lead Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	θ	0°	3.5°	7°

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Exact shape of each corner is optional.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

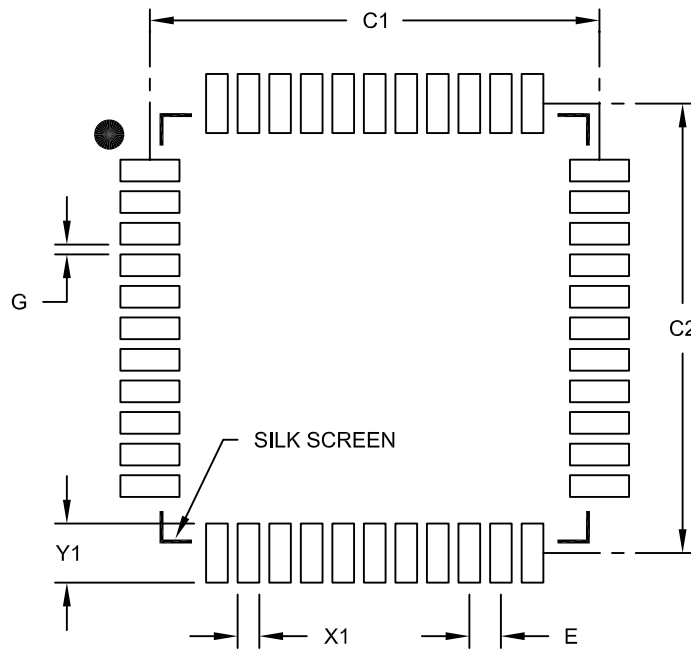
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-076C Sheet 2 of 2

dsPIC33EPXXGS50X FAMILY

44-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) 10X10X1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.80 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		11.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		11.40	
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.55
Contact Pad Length (X44)	Y1			1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2076B