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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4F
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	I²C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I²S, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	50
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.98V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32wg942f128-qfp64t

1 Ordering Information

Table 1.1 (p. 2) shows the available EFM32WG942 devices.

Table 1.1. Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Flash (kB)	RAM (kB)	Max Speed (MHz)	Supply Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Package
EFM32WG942F64-QFP64	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	TQFP64
EFM32WG942F128-QFP64	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	TQFP64
EFM32WG942F256-QFP64	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	TQFP64

Visit www.silabs.com for information on global distributors and representatives.

3.3.2 Environmental

Table 3.3. Environmental

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{ESDHBM}	ESD (Human Body Model HBM)	$T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}C$			2000	V
V_{ESDCDM}	ESD (Charged Device Model, CDM)	$T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}C$			750	V

Latch-up sensitivity passed: $\pm 100 \text{ mA}/1.5 \times V_{SUPPLY}(\text{max})$ according to JEDEC JESD 78 method Class II, 85°C .

3.4 Current Consumption

Table 3.4. Current Consumption

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{EM0}	EM0 current. No prescaling. Running prime number calculation code from Flash. (Production test condition = 14 MHz)	48 MHz HF XO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		225	236	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		48 MHz HF XO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$		225		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		28 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		226	238	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		28 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$		227		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		228	240	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$		229		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		14 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		230	243	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		14 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$		231		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		11 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		232	245	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		11 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$		233		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		6.6 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		238	250	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		6.6 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$		238		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{EM1}	EM1 current (Production test condition = 14 MHz)	1.2 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		271	286	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		1.2 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		275		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		48 MHz HFXO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		63	75	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		48 MHz HFXO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		65	76	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		28 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		64	75	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		28 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		65	77	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		65	76	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		66	78	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		14 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		67	79	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		14 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		68	82	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		11 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		68	81	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		11 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		70	83	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		6.6 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		74	87	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		6.6 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		76	89	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
I_{EM2}	EM2 current	1.2 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		106	120	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		1.2 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		112	129	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
I_{EM2}	EM2 current	EM2 current with RTC prescaled to 1 Hz, 32.768 kHz LFRCO, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.95 ¹	1.7 ¹	μA

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		EM2 current with RTC prescaled to 1 Hz, 32.768 kHz LFRCO, $V_{DD} = 3.0$ V, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		3.0 ¹	4.0 ¹	μA
I_{EM3}	EM3 current	$V_{DD} = 3.0$ V, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.65	1.3	μA
		$V_{DD} = 3.0$ V, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		2.65	4.0	μA
I_{EM4}	EM4 current	$V_{DD} = 3.0$ V, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.02	0.055	μA
		$V_{DD} = 3.0$ V, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		0.44	0.9	μA

¹Using backup RTC.

3.4.1 EM1 Current Consumption

Figure 3.1. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFXO running at 48MHz

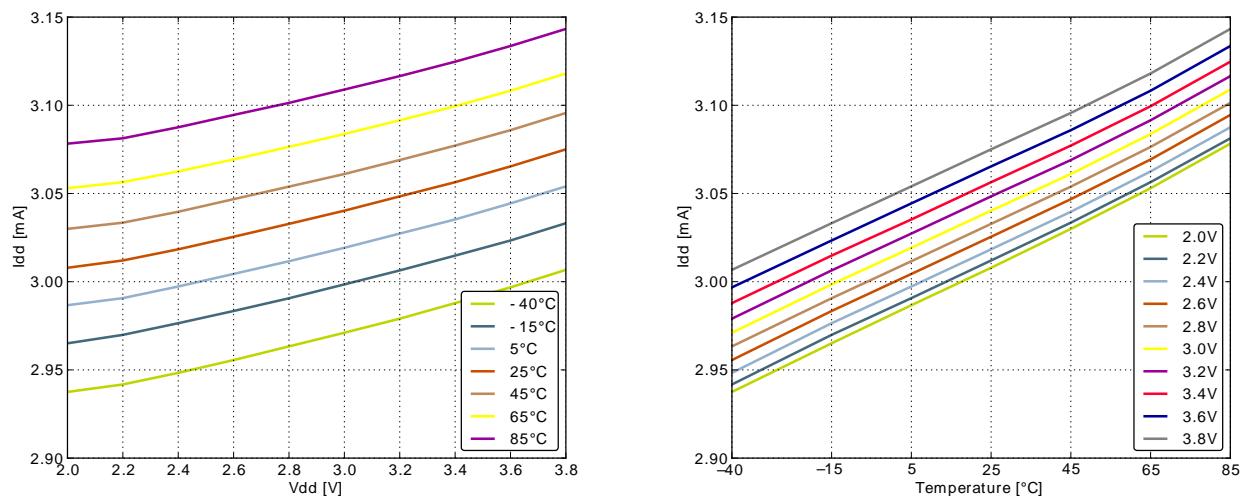


Figure 3.2. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 28MHz

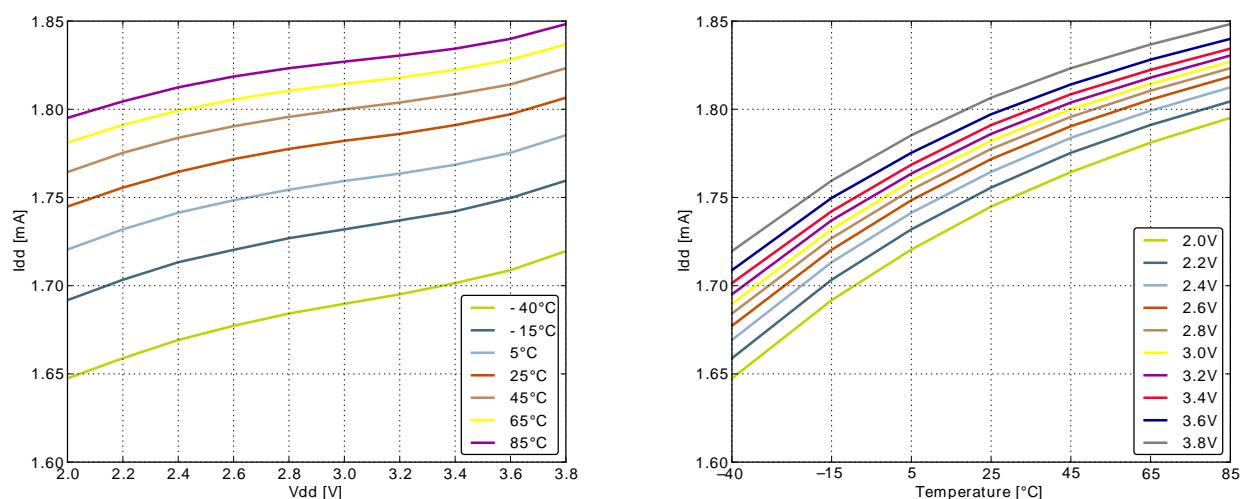


Figure 3.5. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 11MHz

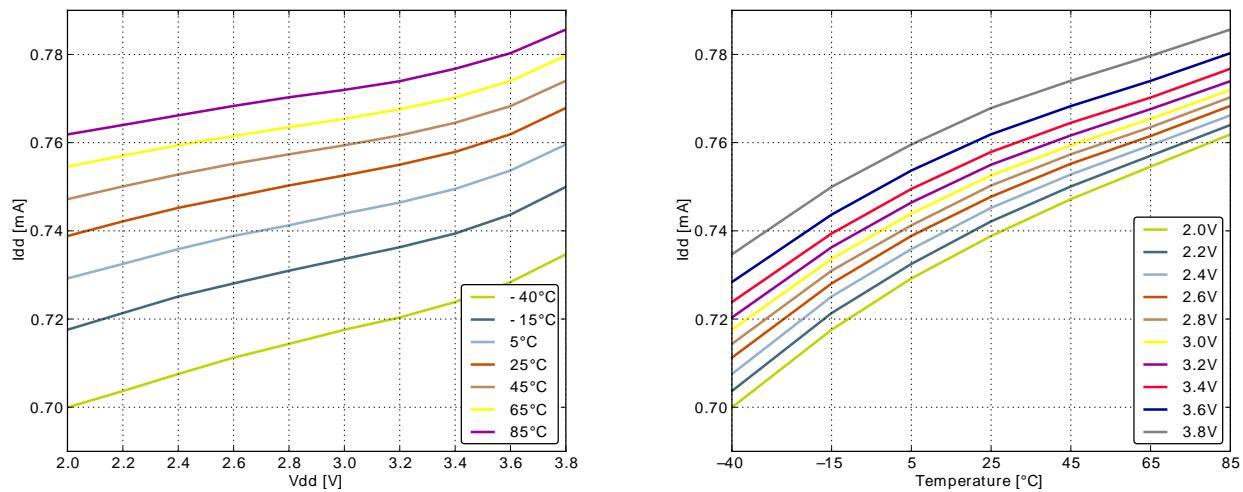


Figure 3.6. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 6.6MHz

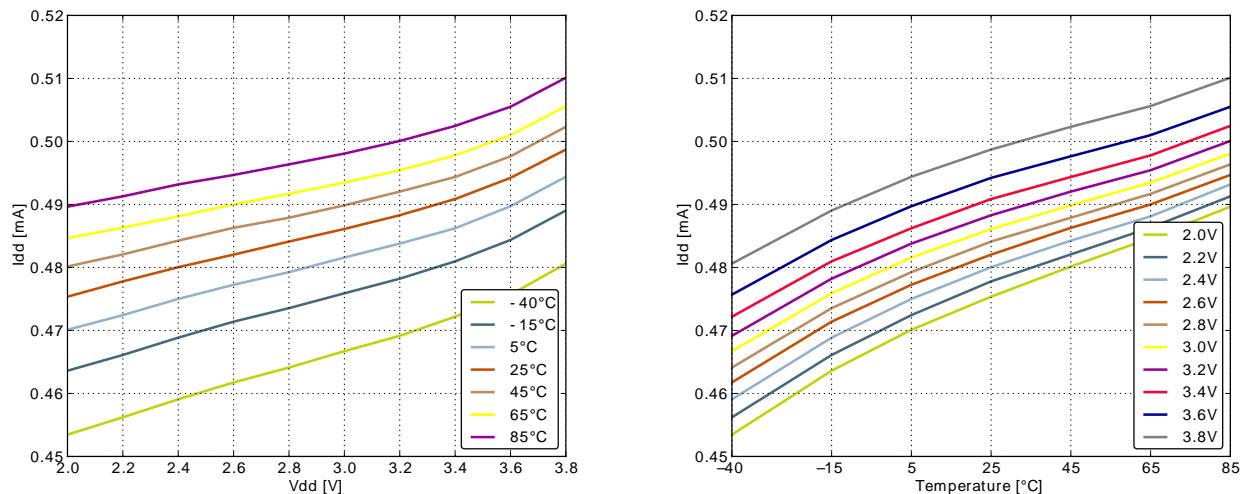
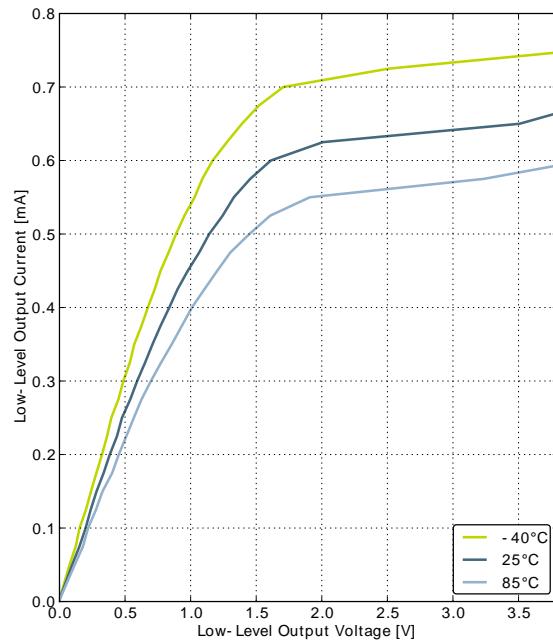
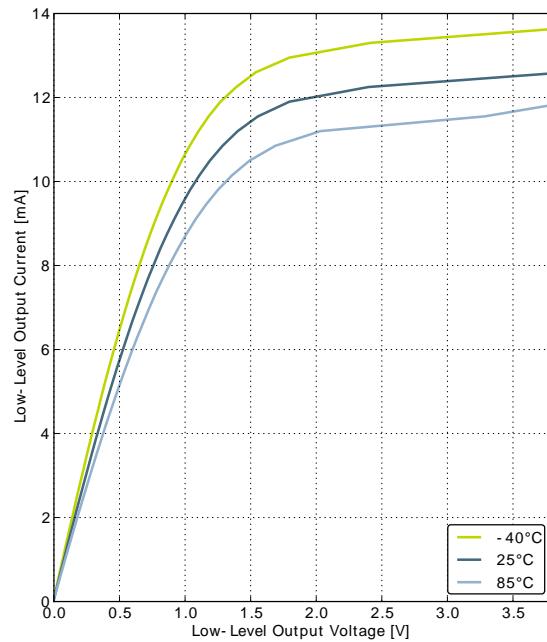
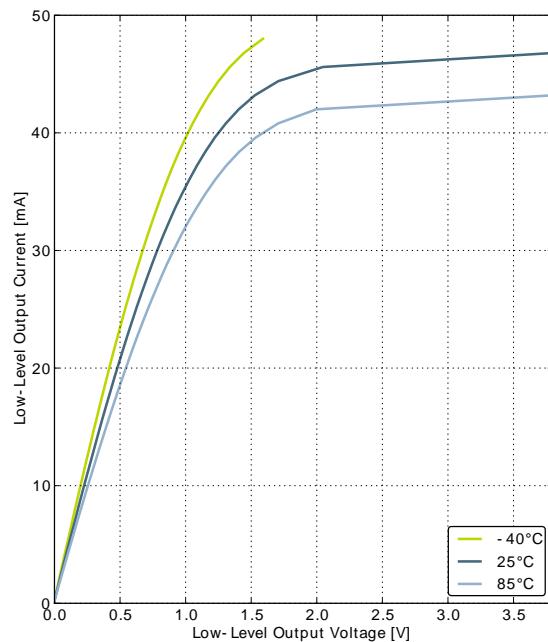


Figure 3.15. Typical Low-Level Output Current, 3.8V Supply Voltage

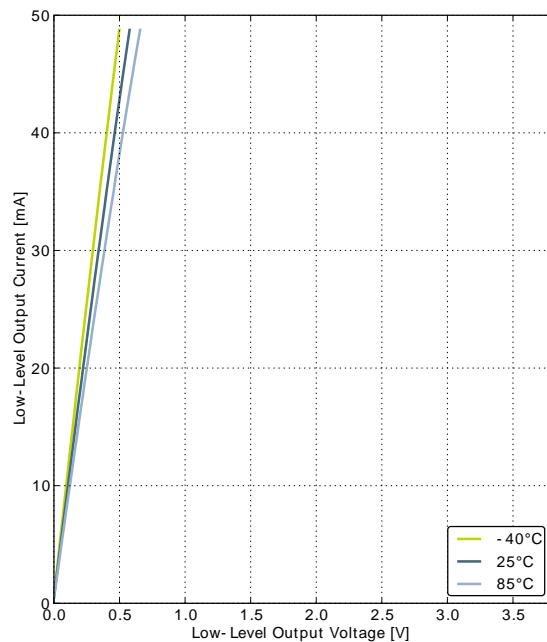
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW

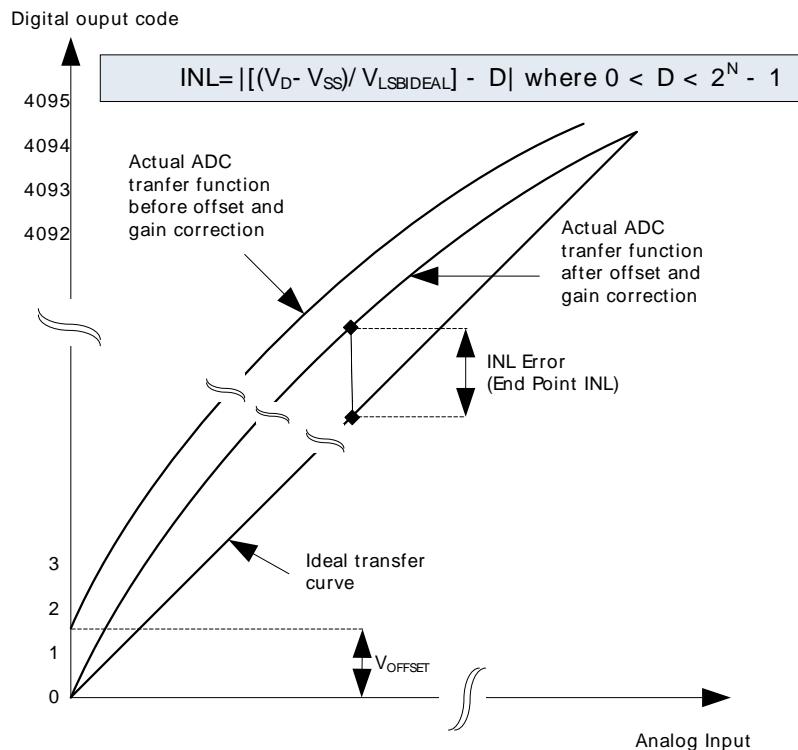
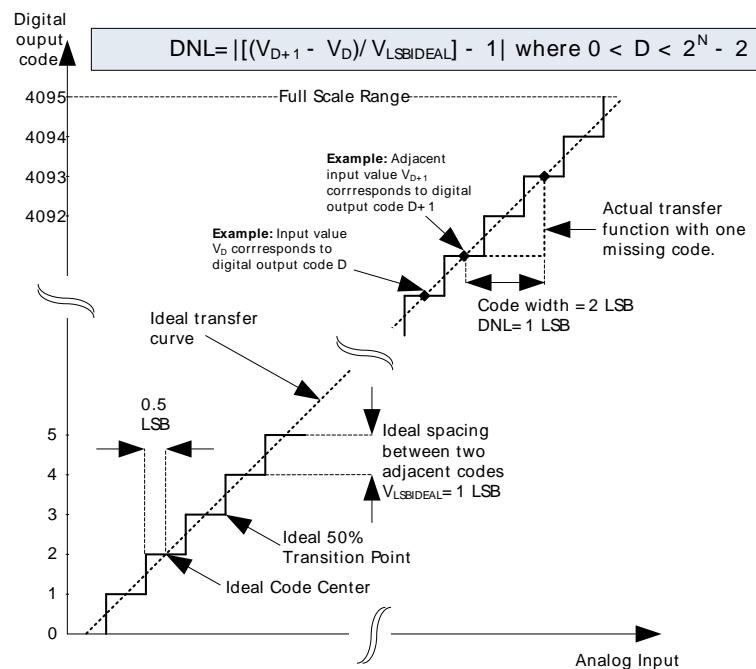


GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD



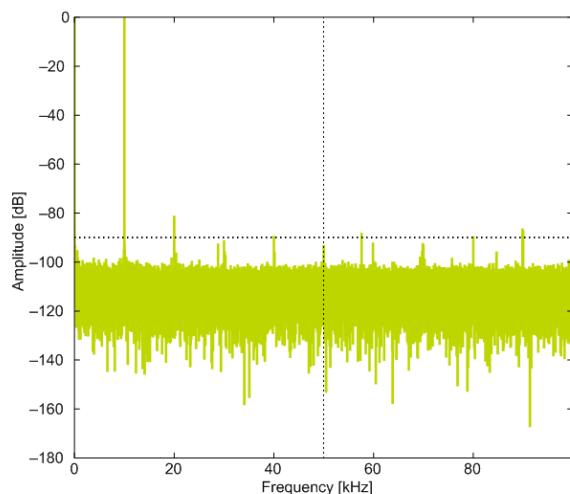
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	and ADC core in NORMAL mode					
	Startup time of reference generator and ADC core in KEEPADCWARM mode			1		μs
SNR _{ADC}	Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR)	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		59		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		63		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V _{DD} reference		65		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		60		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		65		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		54		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V _{DD} reference		67		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 2xV _{DD} reference		69		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		62		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		63		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V _{DD} reference		67		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		63		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V _{DD} reference	63	66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 2xV _{DD} reference		70		dB
SINAD _{ADC}	Signal-to-Noise And Distortion-ratio (SINAD)	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		58		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		62		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V _{DD} reference		64		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		60		dB

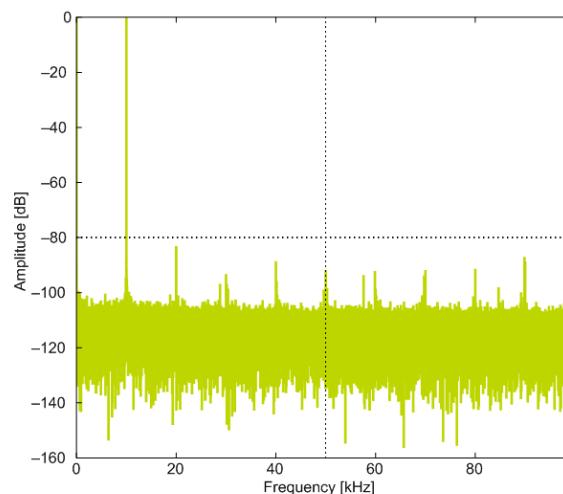
Figure 3.24. Integral Non-Linearity (INL)**Figure 3.25. Differential Non-Linearity (DNL)**

3.10.1 Typical performance

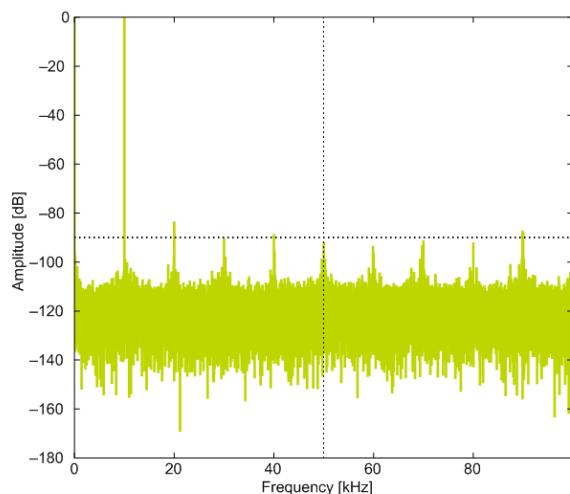
Figure 3.26. ADC Frequency Spectrum, $Vdd = 3V$, Temp = $25^{\circ}C$



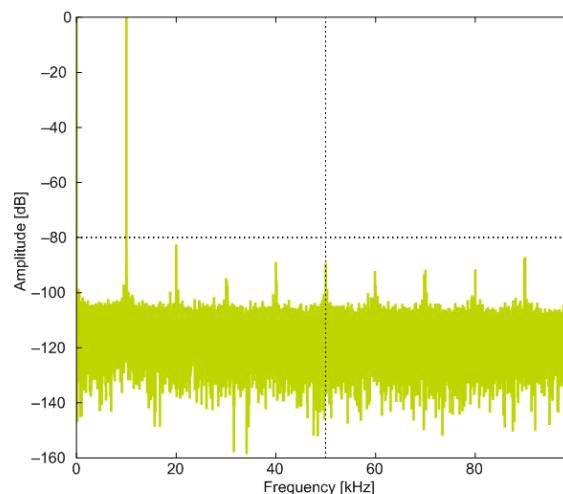
1.25V Reference



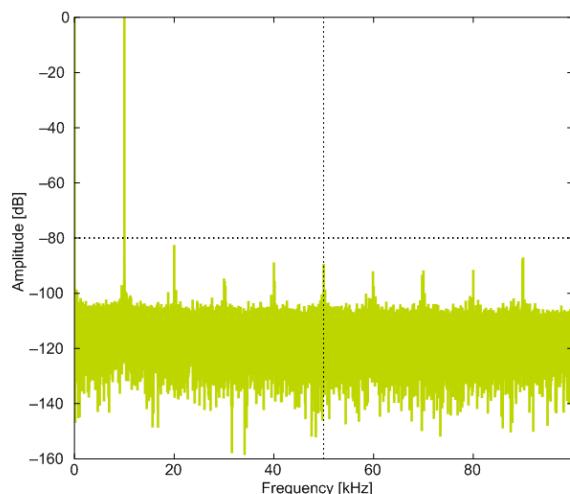
2.5V Reference



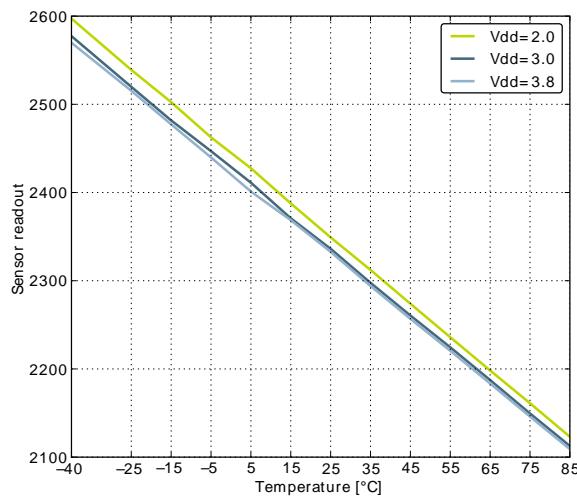
2XVDDVSS Reference



5VDIFF Reference



VDD Reference

Figure 3.31. ADC Temperature sensor readout

3.11 Digital Analog Converter (DAC)

Table 3.16. DAC

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{DACOUT}	Output voltage range	VDD voltage reference, single ended	0		V_{DD}	V
		VDD voltage reference, differential	$-V_{DD}$		V_{DD}	V
V_{DACCm}	Output common mode voltage range		0		V_{DD}	V
I_{DAC}	Active current including references for 2 channels	500 kSamples/s, 12 bit		400 ¹		μA
		100 kSamples/s, 12 bit		200 ¹		μA
		1 kSamples/s 12 bit NORMAL		17 ¹		μA
SR_{DAC}	Sample rate				500	ksamples/s
f_{DAC}	DAC clock frequency	Continuous Mode			1000	kHz
		Sample/Hold Mode			250	kHz
		Sample/Off Mode			250	kHz
CYC_{DACCm}	Clock cycles per conversion			2		
t_{DACCm}	Conversion time		2			μs
$t_{DACSETTLE}$	Settling time			5		μs
SNR_{DAC}	Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR)	500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		58		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		59		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		58		dB

3.15 LCD

Table 3.20. LCD

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{LCDFR}	Frame rate		30		200	Hz
NUM _{SEG}	Number of segments supported			16x8		seg
V _{LCD}	LCD supply voltage range	Internal boost circuit enabled	2.0		3.8	V
I _{LCD}	Steady state current consumption.	Display disconnected, static mode, framerate 32 Hz, all segments on.		250		nA
		Display disconnected, quadruplex mode, framerate 32 Hz, all segments on, bias mode to ONETHIRD in LCD_DISPCTRL register.		550		nA
I _{Lcdb}	Steady state Current contribution of internal boost.	Internal voltage boost off		0		µA
		Internal voltage boost on, boosting from 2.2 V to 3.0 V.		8.4		µA
V _{Boost}	Boost Voltage	VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL0		3.02		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL1		3.15		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL2		3.28		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL3		3.41		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL4		3.54		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL5		3.67		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL6		3.73		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL7		3.74		V

The total LCD current is given by Equation 3.3 (p. 50) . $I_{LCDBOOST}$ is zero if internal boost is off.

Total LCD Current Based on Operational Mode and Internal Boost

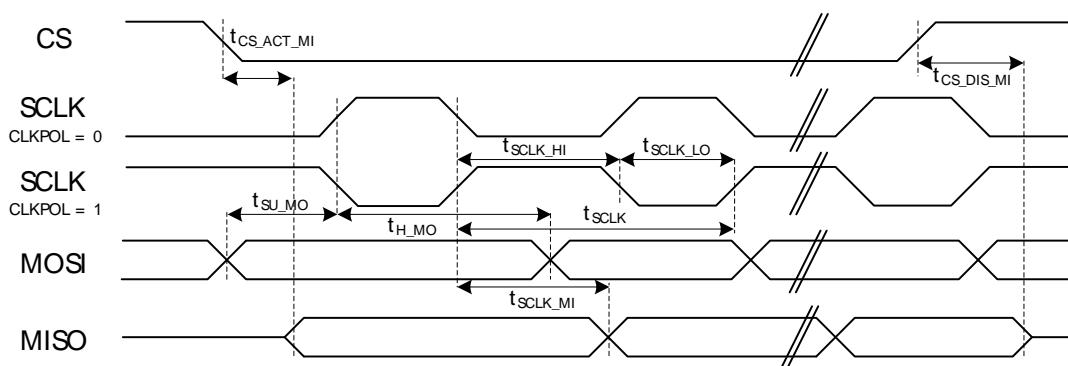
$$I_{LCDTOTAL} = I_{LCD} + I_{LCDBOOST} \quad (3.3)$$

Table 3.25. SPI Master Timing with SSSEARLY and SMSDELAY

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{SCLK}^{1,2}$	SCLK period		$2 * t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{CS_MO}^{1,2}$	CS to MOSI		-2.00		2.00	ns
$t_{SCLK_MO}^{1,2}$	SCLK to MOSI		-1.00		3.00	ns
$t_{SU_MI}^{1,2}$	MISO setup time	$I_{OVDD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-32.00			ns
$t_{H_MI}^{1,2}$	MISO hold time		63.00			ns

¹ Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0)

² Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD})

Figure 3.39. SPI Slave Timing**Table 3.26. SPI Slave Timing**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{SCLK_sl}^{1,2}$	SCKL period	$6 * t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{SCLK_hi}^{1,2}$	SCLK high period	$3 * t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{SCLK_lo}^{1,2}$	SCLK low period	$3 * t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{CS_ACT_MI}^{1,2}$	CS active to MISO	5.00		35.00	ns
$t_{CS_DIS_MI}^{1,2}$	CS disable to MISO	5.00		35.00	ns
$t_{SU_MO}^{1,2}$	MOSI setup time	5.00			ns
$t_{H_MO}^{1,2}$	MOSI hold time	$2 + 2 * t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{SCLK_MI}^{1,2}$	SCLK to MISO	$7 + t_{HFPER-CLK}$		$42 + 2 * t_{HFPER-CLK}$	ns

¹ Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0)

² Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD})

Table 3.27. SPI Slave Timing with SSSEARLY and SMSDELAY

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{SCLK_sl}^{1,2}$	SCKL period	$6 * t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{SCLK_hi} ¹²	SCLK high period	$3 * t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
t_{SCLK_lo} ¹²	SCLK low period	$3 * t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{CS_ACT_MI}$ ¹²	CS active to MISO	5.00		35.00	ns
$t_{CS_DIS_MI}$ ¹²	CS disable to MISO	5.00		35.00	ns
t_{SU_MO} ¹²	MOSI setup time	5.00			ns
t_{H_MO} ¹²	MOSI hold time	$2 + 2 * t_{HFPERCLK}$			ns
t_{SCLK_MI} ¹²	SCLK to MISO	$-264 + t_{HFPERCLK}$		$-234 + 2 * t_{HFPERCLK}$	ns

¹ Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0)

² Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD})

3.18 Digital Peripherals

Table 3.28. Digital Peripherals

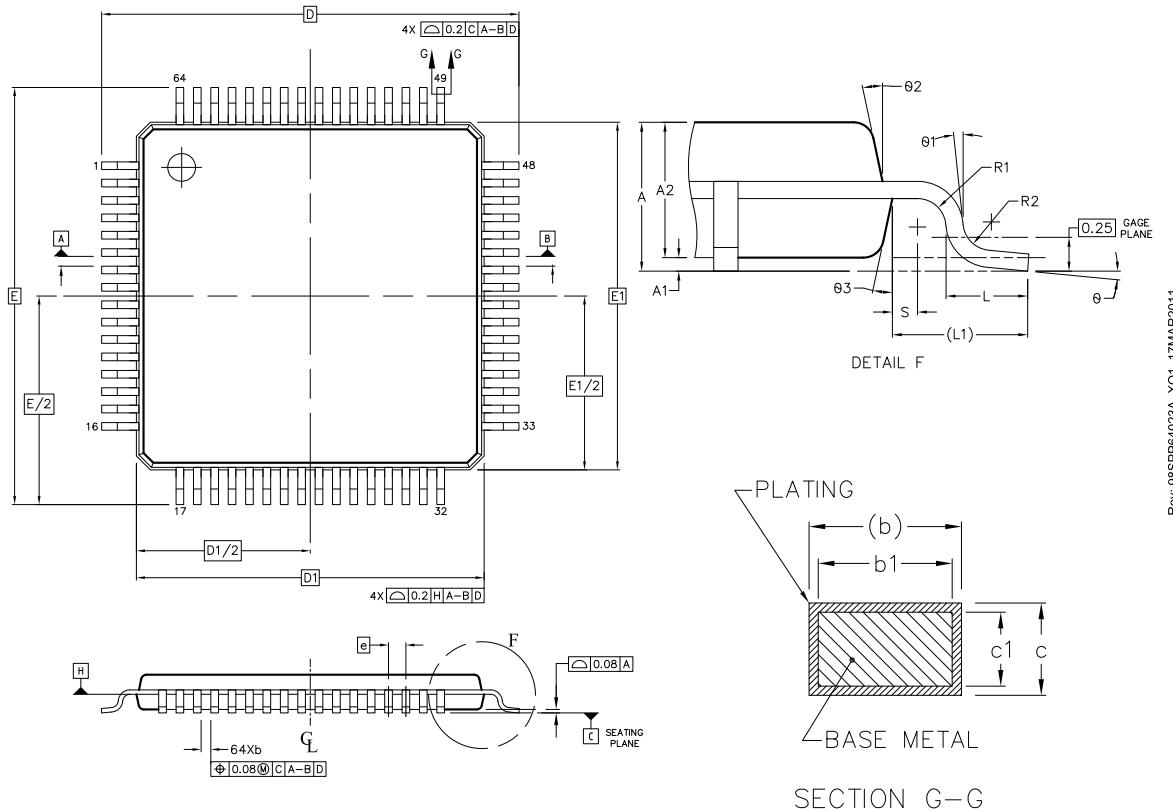
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{USART}	USART current	USART idle current, clock enabled		4.0		µA/MHz
I _{UART}	UART current	UART idle current, clock enabled		3.8		µA/MHz
I _{LEUART}	LEUART current	LEUART idle current, clock enabled		194.0		nA
I _{I2C}	I2C current	I2C idle current, clock enabled		7.6		µA/MHz
I _{TIMER}	TIMER current	TIMER_0 idle current, clock enabled		6.5		µA/MHz
I _{LETIMER}	LETIMER current	LETIMER idle current, clock enabled		85.8		nA
I _{PCNT}	PCNT current	PCNT idle current, clock enabled		91.4		nA
I _{RTC}	RTC current	RTC idle current, clock enabled		54.6		nA
I _{LCD}	LCD current	LCD idle current, clock enabled		72.7		nA
I _{AES}	AES current	AES idle current, clock enabled		1.8		µA/MHz
I _{GPIO}	GPIO current	GPIO idle current, clock enabled		3.4		µA/MHz
I _{PRS}	PRS current	PRS idle current		3.9		µA/MHz
I _{DMA}	DMA current	Clock enable		10.9		µA/MHz

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
OPAMP_N1								
OPAMP_N2	PD3							Operational Amplifier 2 external negative input.
DAC0_OUT0 / OPAMP_OUT0	PB11							Digital to Analog Converter DAC0_OUT0 / OPAMP output channel number 0.
DAC0_OUT0ALT / OPAMP_OUT0ALT					PD0			Digital to Analog Converter DAC0_OUT0ALT / OPAMP alternative output for channel 0.
DAC0_OUT1ALT / OPAMP_OUT1ALT					PD1			Digital to Analog Converter DAC0_OUT1ALT / OPAMP alternative output for channel 1.
OPAMP_OUT2	PD5	PD0						Operational Amplifier 2 output.
DAC0_P0 / OPAMP_P0	PC4							Operational Amplifier 0 external positive input.
DAC0_P1 / OPAMP_P1	PD6							Operational Amplifier 1 external positive input.
OPAMP_P2	PD4							Operational Amplifier 2 external positive input.
DBG_SWCLK	PF0	PF0	PF0	PF0				Debug-interface Serial Wire clock input. Note that this function is enabled to pin out of reset, and has a built-in pull down.
DBG_SWDIO	PF1	PF1	PF1	PF1				Debug-interface Serial Wire data input / output. Note that this function is enabled to pin out of reset, and has a built-in pull up.
DBG_SWO	PF2		PD1	PD2				Debug-interface Serial Wire viewer Output. Note that this function is not enabled after reset, and must be enabled by software to be used.
ETM_TCLK	PD7		PC6					Embedded Trace Module ETM clock .
ETM_TD0	PD6		PC7	PA2				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 0.
ETM_TD1	PD3		PD3	PA3				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 1.
ETM_TD2	PD4		PD4	PA4				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 2.
ETM_TD3	PD5		PD5	PA5				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 3.
GPIO_EM4WU0	PA0							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU3	PF1							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU4	PF2							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU5	PE13							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
HFXTAL_N	PB14							High Frequency Crystal negative pin. Also used as external optional clock input pin.
HFXTAL_P	PB13							High Frequency Crystal positive pin.
I2C0_SCL	PA1	PD7	PC7		PF1	PE13		I2C0 Serial Clock Line input / output.
I2C0_SDA	PA0	PD6	PC6		PF0	PE12		I2C0 Serial Data input / output.
I2C1_SCL	PC5							I2C1 Serial Clock Line input / output.
I2C1_SDA	PC4	PB11						I2C1 Serial Data input / output.
LCD_BCAP_N	PA13							LCD voltage booster (optional), boost capacitor, negative pin. If using the LCD voltage booster, connect a 22 nF capacitor between LCD_BCAP_N and LCD_BCAP_P.
LCD_BCAP_P	PA12							LCD voltage booster (optional), boost capacitor, positive pin. If using the LCD voltage booster, connect a 22 nF capacitor between LCD_BCAP_N and LCD_BCAP_P.
LCD_BEXT	PA14							LCD voltage booster (optional), boost output. If using the LCD voltage booster, connect a 1 uF capacitor between this pin and VSS. An external LCD voltage may also be applied to this pin if the booster is not enabled.

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
								If AVDD is used directly as the LCD supply voltage, this pin may be left unconnected or used as a GPIO.
LCD_COM0	PE4							LCD driver common line number 0.
LCD_COM1	PE5							LCD driver common line number 1.
LCD_COM2	PE6							LCD driver common line number 2.
LCD_COM3	PE7							LCD driver common line number 3.
LCD_SEG0	PF2							LCD segment line 0. Segments 0, 1, 2 and 3 are controlled by SEGEN0.
LCD_SEG3	PF5							LCD segment line 3. Segments 0, 1, 2 and 3 are controlled by SEGEN0.
LCD_SEG4	PE8							LCD segment line 4. Segments 4, 5, 6 and 7 are controlled by SEGEN1.
LCD_SEG5	PE9							LCD segment line 5. Segments 4, 5, 6 and 7 are controlled by SEGEN1.
LCD_SEG6	PE10							LCD segment line 6. Segments 4, 5, 6 and 7 are controlled by SEGEN1.
LCD_SEG7	PE11							LCD segment line 7. Segments 4, 5, 6 and 7 are controlled by SEGEN1.
LCD_SEG8	PE12							LCD segment line 8. Segments 8, 9, 10 and 11 are controlled by SEGEN2.
LCD_SEG9	PE13							LCD segment line 9. Segments 8, 9, 10 and 11 are controlled by SEGEN2.
LCD_SEG10	PE14							LCD segment line 10. Segments 8, 9, 10 and 11 are controlled by SEGEN2.
LCD_SEG11	PE15							LCD segment line 11. Segments 8, 9, 10 and 11 are controlled by SEGEN2.
LCD_SEG13	PA0							LCD segment line 13. Segments 12, 13, 14 and 15 are controlled by SEGEN3.
LCD_SEG14	PA1							LCD segment line 14. Segments 12, 13, 14 and 15 are controlled by SEGEN3.
LCD_SEG15	PA2							LCD segment line 15. Segments 12, 13, 14 and 15 are controlled by SEGEN3.
LCD_SEG16	PA3							LCD segment line 16. Segments 16, 17, 18 and 19 are controlled by SEGEN4.
LCD_SEG17	PA4							LCD segment line 17. Segments 16, 17, 18 and 19 are controlled by SEGEN4.
LCD_SEG18	PA5							LCD segment line 18. Segments 16, 17, 18 and 19 are controlled by SEGEN4.
LCD_SEG20/ LCD_COM4	PB3							LCD segment line 20. Segments 20, 21, 22 and 23 are controlled by SEGEN5. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 4
LCD_SEG21/ LCD_COM5	PB4							LCD segment line 21. Segments 20, 21, 22 and 23 are controlled by SEGEN5. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 5
LCD_SEG22/ LCD_COM6	PB5							LCD segment line 22. Segments 20, 21, 22 and 23 are controlled by SEGEN5. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 6
LCD_SEG23/ LCD_COM7	PB6							LCD segment line 23. Segments 20, 21, 22 and 23 are controlled by SEGEN5. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 7
LES_ALTEX0	PD6							LESENSE alternate exite output 0.
LES_ALTEX1	PD7							LESENSE alternate exite output 1.
LES_ALTEX2	PA3							LESENSE alternate exite output 2.
LES_ALTEX3	PA4							LESENSE alternate exite output 3.

4.5 TQFP64 Package

Figure 4.3. TQFP64

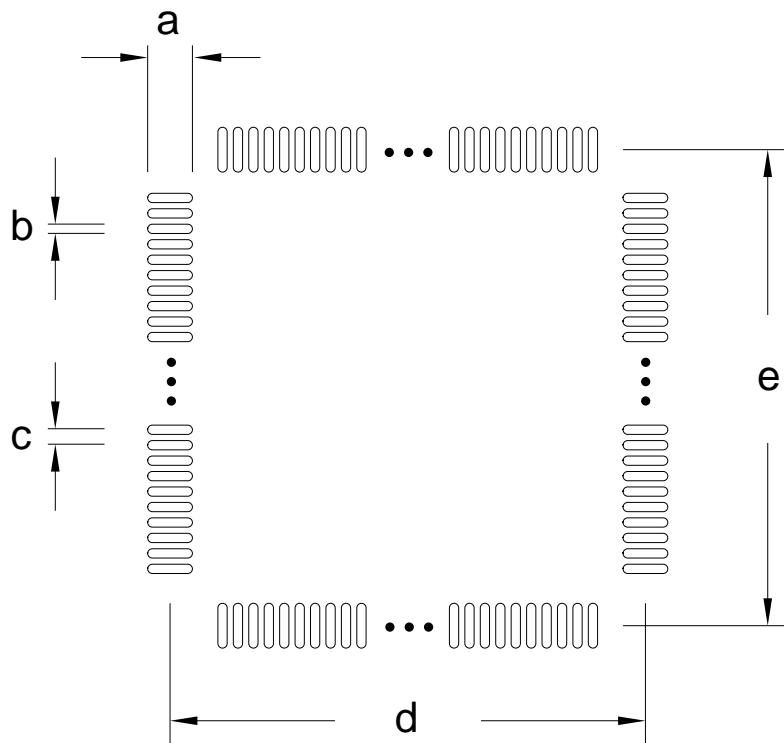


Note:

1. All dimensions & tolerancing confirm to ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. The top package body size may be smaller than the bottom package body size.
3. Datum 'A,B', and 'B' to be determined at datum plane 'H'.
4. To be determined at seating place 'C'.
5. Dimension 'D1' and 'E1' do not include mold protrusions. Allowable protrusion is 0.25mm per side. 'D1' and 'E1' are maximum plastic body size dimension including mold mismatch. Dimension 'D1' and 'E1' shall be determined at datum plane 'H'.
6. Detail of Pin 1 indicator are option all but must be located within the zone indicated.
7. Dimension 'b' does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall not cause the lead width to exceed the maximum 'b' dimension by more than 0.08 mm. Dambar can not be located on the lower radius or the foot. Minimum space between protrusion and an adjacent lead is 0.07 mm
8. Exact shape of each corner is optional.
9. These dimension apply to the flat section of the lead between 0.10 mm and 0.25 mm from the lead tip.
10. All dimensions are in millimeters.

Table 4.4. QFP64 (Dimensions in mm)

DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX	DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	-	1.10	1.20	L1		-	
A1	0.05	-	0.15	R1	0.08	-	-
A2	0.95	1.00	1.05	R2	0.08	-	0.20

Figure 5.2. TQFP64 PCB Solder Mask**Table 5.2. QFP64 PCB Solder Mask Dimensions (Dimensions in mm)**

Symbol	Dim. (mm)
a	1.72
b	0.42
c	0.50
d	11.50
e	11.50

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Silicon Laboratories Inc.
400 West Cesar Chavez
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