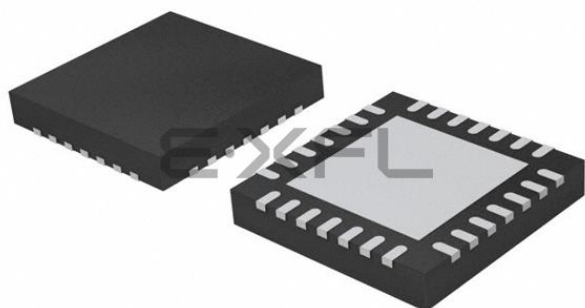




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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	eZ8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, LED, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	256 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-VQFN
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/z8f0831qj020sg

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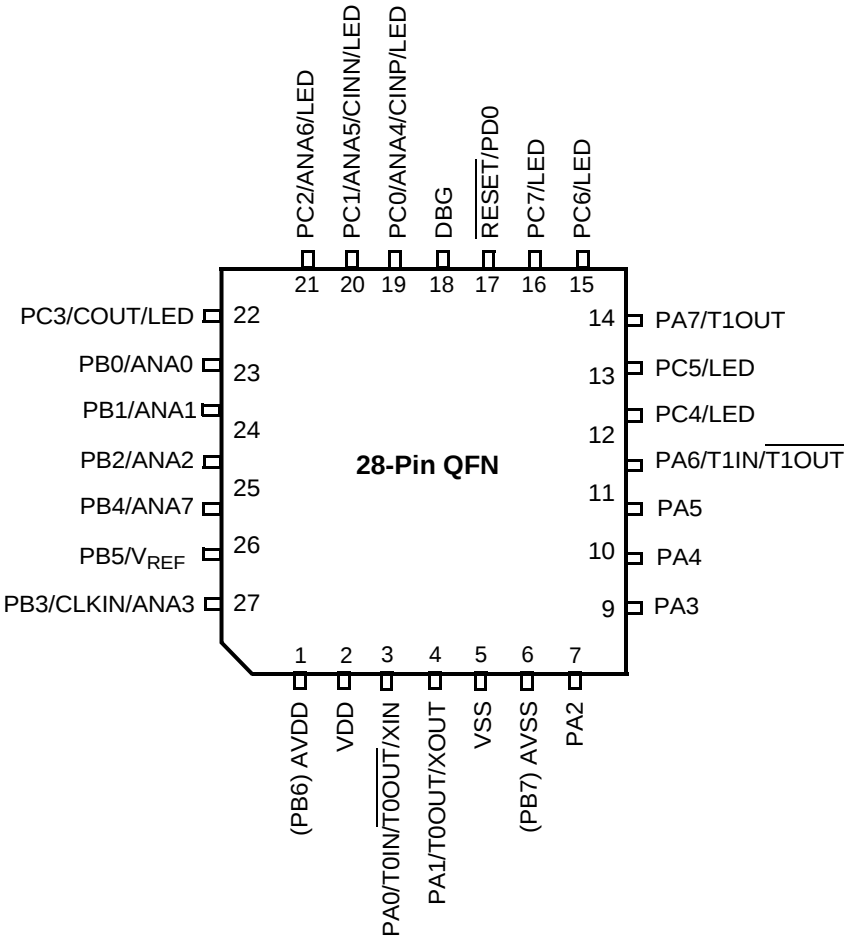


Figure 5. Z8F0830 Series in 28-Pin QFN Package

Table 34. Trap and Interrupt Vectors in Order of Priority

Priority	Program Memory Vector Address	Interrupt or Trap Source
Highest	0002H	Reset (not an interrupt)
	0004H	Watchdog Timer (see Watchdog Timer chapter)
	003AH	Primary oscillator fail trap (not an interrupt)
	003CH	Watchdog Oscillator fail trap (not an interrupt)
	0006H	Illegal instruction trap (not an interrupt)
	0008H	Reserved
	000AH	Timer 1
	000CH	Timer 0
	000EH	Reserved
	0010H	Reserved
	0012H	Reserved
	0014H	Reserved
	0016H	ADC
	0018H	Port A7, selectable rising or falling input edge
	001AH	Port A6, selectable rising or falling input edge or Comparator Output
	001CH	Port A5, selectable rising or falling input edge
	001EH	Port A4, selectable rising or falling input edge
	0020H	Port A3, selectable rising or falling input edge
	0022H	Port A2, selectable rising or falling input edge
	0024H	Port A1, selectable rising or falling input edge
	0026H	Port A0, selectable rising or falling input edge
	0028H	Reserved
	002AH	Reserved
	002CH	Reserved
	002EH	Reserved
	0030H	Port C3, both input edges
	0032H	Port C2, both input edges
	0034H	Port C1, both input edges
	0036H	Port C0, both input edges
Lowest	0038H	Reserved

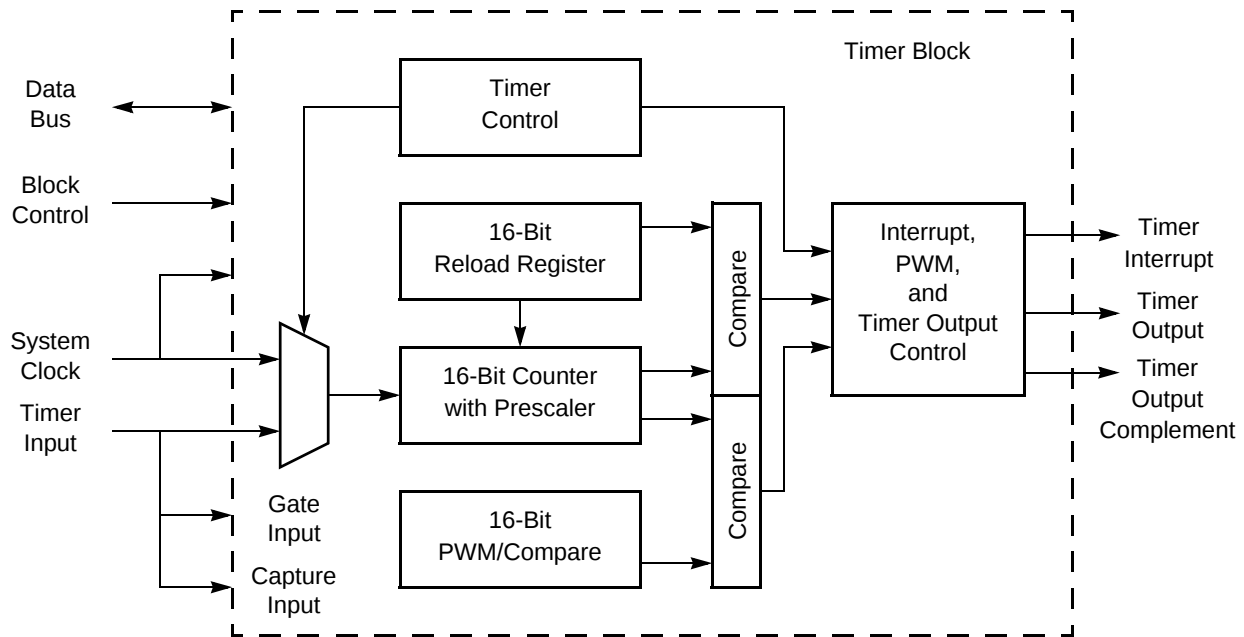


Figure 10. Timer Block Diagram

Operation

The timers are 16-bit up-counters. Minimum time-out delay is set by loading the value 0001H into the Timer Reload High and Low Byte registers and setting the prescale value to 1. Maximum time-out delay is set by loading the value 0000H into the Timer Reload High and Low Byte registers and setting the prescale value to 128. If the Timer reaches FFFFH, the timer resets back to 0000H and continues counting.

Timer Operating Modes

The timers can be configured to operate in the following modes:

ONE-SHOT Mode

In ONE-SHOT Mode, the timer counts up to the 16-bit reload value stored in the Timer Reload High and Low Byte registers. The timer input is the system clock. Upon reaching the reload value, the timer generates an interrupt and the count value in the Timer High and Low Byte registers is reset to 0001H. The timer is automatically disabled and stops counting.

Additionally, if the timer output alternate function is enabled, the timer output pin changes state for one system clock cycle (from Low to High or from High to Low) upon timer

Watchdog Timer

The Watchdog Timer (WDT) protects from corrupted or unreliable software, power faults and other system-level problems which can place the Z8 Encore! F0830 Series devices into unsuitable operating states. The features of the Watchdog Timer include:

- On-chip RC oscillator
- A selectable time-out response: reset or interrupt
- 24-bit programmable time-out value

Operation

The Watchdog Timer is a retriggerable one-shot timer that resets or interrupts the Z8 Encore! F0830 Series devices when the WDT reaches its terminal count. The WDT uses a dedicated on-chip RC oscillator as its clock source. The WDT operates only in two modes: ON and OFF. Once enabled, it always counts and must be refreshed to prevent a time-out. Perform an enable by executing the WDT instruction or by setting the WDT_AO Flash option bit. The WDT_AO bit forces the WDT to operate immediately on reset, even if a WDT instruction has not been executed.

The Watchdog Timer is a 24-bit reloadable downcounter that uses three 8-bit registers in the eZ8 CPU register space to set the reload value. The nominal WDT time-out period is calculated using the following equation:

$$\text{WDT Time-out Period (ms)} = \frac{\text{WDT Reload Value}}{10}$$

where the WDT reload value is the 24-bit decimal value provided by {WDTU[7:0], WDTM[7:0], WDTL[7:0]} and the typical Watchdog Timer RC oscillator frequency is 10KHz. The Watchdog Timer cannot be refreshed after it reaches 000002H. The WDT reload value must not be set to values below 000004H. Table 58 provides information about approximate time-out delays for the minimum and maximum WDT reload values.

Table 58. Watchdog Timer Approximate Time-Out Delays

WDT Reload Value (Hex)	WDT Reload Value (Decimal)	Approximate Time-Out Delay (with 10KHz Typical WDT Oscillator Frequency)	
		Typical	Description
000004	4	400µs	Minimum time-out delay
000400	1024	102ms	Default time-out delay
FFFFFF	16,777,215	28 minutes	Maximum time-out delay

Analog-to-Digital Converter

The Z8 Encore! MCU includes an eight-channel Successive Approximation Register (SAR) Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC). The ADC converts an analog input signal to a 10-bit binary number. The features of the SAR ADC include:

- Eight analog input sources multiplexed with general purpose I/O ports
- Fast conversion time, less than 11.9µs
- Programmable timing controls
- Interrupt on conversion complete
- Internal voltage reference generator
- Ability to select external reference voltage
- When configuring an ADC using external V_{REF} , PB5 is used as V_{REF} in the 28-pin package

Architecture

The ADC architecture, displayed in Figure 11, consists of an 8-input multiplexer, sample-and-hold amplifier and 10-bit SAR ADC. The ADC digitizes the signal on a selected channel and stores the digitized data in the ADC data registers. In an environment with high electrical noise, an external RC filter must be added at the input pins to reduce high-frequency noise.

$$T_{CONV} = T_{S/H} + T_{CON}$$

$$T_{CONV} = T_S + T_H + 13 * SCLK * 16$$

where:

SCLK = System Clock

T_{CONV} = Total conversion time

T_S = Sample time ($SCLK * ADCST$)

T_{CON} = Conversion time ($13 * SCLK * 16$)

T_H = Hold time ($SCLK * ADCSST$)

DIV = 16 (fixed to divide by 16 for F0830 Series products)

Example: For an F0830 Series MCU running @ 20MHz:

$$T_{CONV} = 1\mu s + 0.5\mu s + 13 * SCLK * DIV$$

$$T_{CONV} = 1\mu s + 0.5\mu s + 13 * (1/20MHz) * 16 = 11.9\mu s$$

Sample Settling Time Register

The Sample Settling Time Register, shown in Table 66, is used to program a delay after the $\overline{\text{SAMPLE/HOLD}}$ signal is asserted and before the START signal is asserted; an ADC conversion then begins. The number of clock cycles required for settling will vary from system to system depending on the system clock period used. The system designer should program this register to contain the number of clocks required to meet a 0.5 μs minimum settling time.

Table 66. Sample Settling Time (ADCSST)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	Reserved				SST			
RESET	0				1	1	1	1
R/W	R				R/W			
Address	F74H							

Bit	Description
[7:4]	Reserved These bits are reserved and must be programmed to 0000.
[3:0] SST	0h–Fh = Sample settling time in number of system clock periods to meet 0.5 μs minimum.

Comparator Control Register Definitions

The Comparator Control Register (CMP0) configures the comparator inputs and sets the value of the internal voltage reference. The GPIO pin is always used as positive comparator input.

Table 68. Comparator Control Register (CMP0)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	Reserved	INNSEL	REFLVL				Reserved	
RESET	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	F90H							

Bit	Description
[7]	Reserved This bit is reserved and must be programmed to 0.
[6] INNSEL	Signal Select for Negative Input 0 = internal reference disabled, GPIO pin used as negative comparator input. 1 = internal reference enabled as negative comparator input.
[5:2] REFLVL	Internal Reference Voltage Level This reference is independent of the ADC voltage reference. 0000 = 0.0V. 0001 = 0.2V. 0010 = 0.4V. 0011 = 0.6V. 0100 = 0.8V. 0101 = 1.0V (Default). 0110 = 1.2V. 0111 = 1.4V. 1000 = 1.6V. 1001 = 1.8V. 1010–1111 = Reserved.
[1:0]	Reserved These bits are reserved and must be programmed to 00.

Note: The bit values used in Table 87 are set at the factory; no calibration is required.

Table 88. VBO Trim Definition

VBO_TRIM	Trigger Voltage Level
000	1.7
001	1.6
101	2.2
110	2.0
100	2.4
111	1.8

On-chip Flash memory is only guaranteed to perform write operations when voltage supplies exceed 2.7V. Write operations at voltages below 2.7V will yield unpredictable results.

Table 89. Trim Option Bits at 0006H (TCLKFLT)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	DivBy4	Reserved	DlyCtl1	DlyCtl2	DlyCtl3	Reserved	FilterSel1	FilterSel0
RESET	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	Information Page Memory 0026H							
Note: U = Unchanged by Reset. R/W = Read/Write.								

Bit	Description
[7] DivBy4	Output Frequency Selection 0 = Output frequency is input frequency. 1 = Output frequency is 1/4 of the input frequency.
[6]	Reserved This bit is reserved and must be programmed to 1.
[5:3] DlyCtlx	Delay Control 3-bit selection for the pulse width that can be filtered. See Table 90 for Delay Control values at 3.3V operation voltage.
[2]	Reserved This bit is reserved and must be programmed to 1.

Notes: x indicates bit values 3–1; y indicates bit values 1–0.

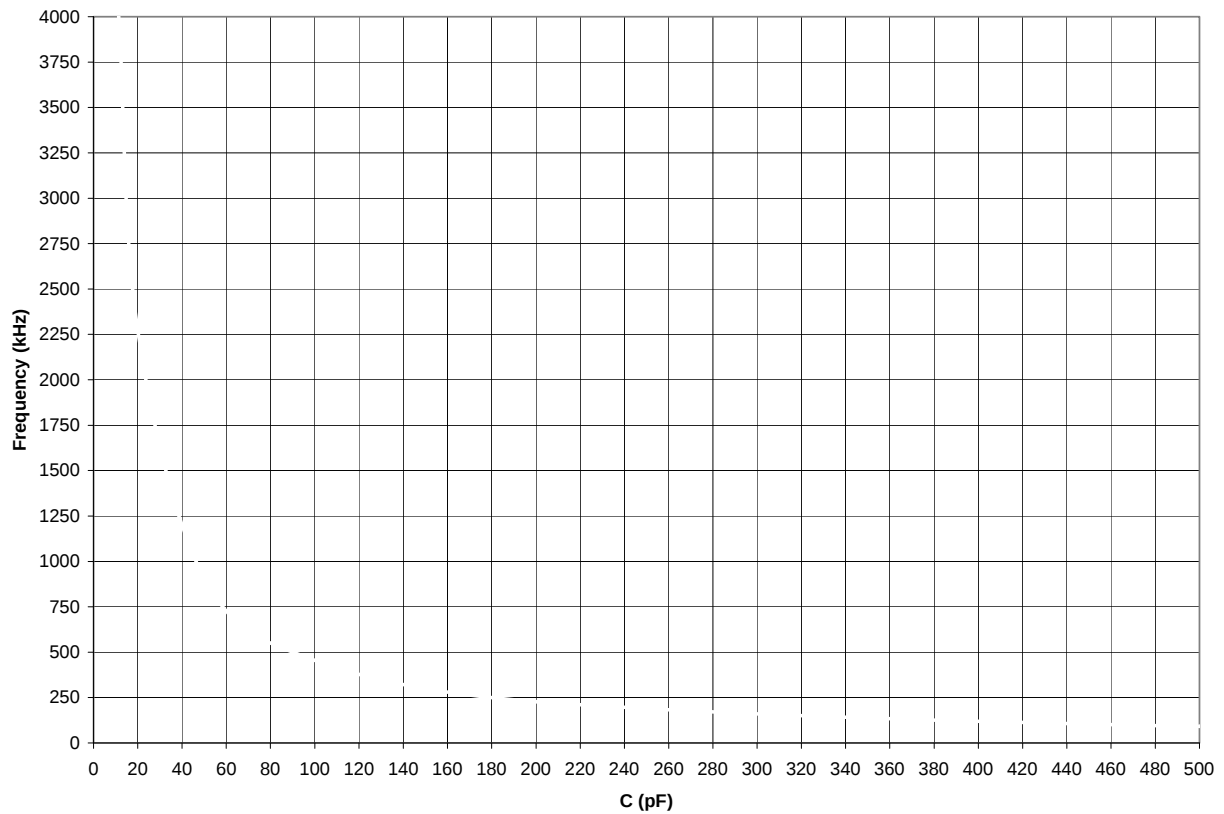


Figure 27. Typical RC Oscillator Frequency as a Function of External Capacitance with a 45 kΩ Resistor

! Caution: When using the external RC OSCILLATOR Mode, the oscillator can stop oscillating if the power supply drops below 2.7V but before it drops to the Voltage Brown-Out threshold. The oscillator resumes oscillation when the supply voltage exceeds 2.7V.

Table 113. eZ8 CPU Instruction Summary (Continued)

Assembly Mnemonic	Symbolic Operation	Address Mode		Op Code(s) (Hex)	Flags						Fetch Cycles	Instr. Cycles
		dst	src		C	Z	S	V	D	H		
LD dst, rc	dst ← src	r	IM	0C–FC	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2
		r	X(r)	C7							3	3
		X(r)	r	D7							3	4
		r	lr	E3							2	3
		R	R	E4							3	2
		R	IR	E5							3	4
		R	IM	E6							3	2
		IR	IM	E7							3	3
		lr	r	F3							2	3
		IR	R	F5							3	3
LDC dst, src	dst ← src	r	lrr	C2	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	5
		lr	lrr	C5							2	9
		lrr	r	D2							2	5
LDCI dst, src	dst ← src r ← r + 1 rr ← rr + 1	lr	lrr	C3	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	9
		lrr	lr	D3							2	9
LDE dst, src	dst ← src	r	lrr	82	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	5
		lrr	r	92							2	5
LDEI dst, src	dst ← src r ← r + 1 rr ← rr + 1	lr	lrr	83	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	9
		lrr	lr	93							2	9
LDWX dst, src	dst ← src	ER	ER	1FE8	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	4

Note: Flags Notation:

* = Value is a function of the result of the operation.

– = Unaffected.

X = Undefined.

0 = Reset to 0.

1 = Set to 1.

Table 114. Op Code Map Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description	Abbreviation	Description
b	Bit position	IRR	Indirect Register Pair
cc	Condition code	p	Polarity (0 or 1)
X	8-bit signed index or displacement	r	4-bit Working Register
DA	Destination address	R	8-bit register
ER	Extended Addressing Register	r1, R1, Ir1, Irr1, IR1, rr1, RR1, IRR1, ER1	Destination address
IM	Immediate data value	r2, R2, Ir2, Irr2, IR2, rr2, RR2, IRR2, ER2	Source address
Ir	Indirect Working Register	RA	Relative
IR	Indirect Register	rr	Working Register Pair
Irr	Indirect Working Register Pair	RR	Register Pair

Table 119. Flash Memory Electrical Characteristics and Timing

Parameter	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 3.6V T _A = 0°C to +70°C			V _{DD} = 2.7 to 3.6V T _A = -40°C to +105°C			Units	Notes
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Flash Byte Read Time				50	–	–	ns	
Flash Byte Program Time				20	–	–	μs	
Flash Page Erase Time				50	–	–	ms	
Flash Mass Erase Time				50	–	–	ms	
Writes to Single Address Before Next Erase				–	–	2		
Flash Row Program Time				–	–	8	ms	Cumulative program time for single row cannot exceed limit before next erase. This parameter is only an issue when bypassing the Flash Controller.
Data Retention				10	–	–	years	25°C
Endurance				10,000	–	–	cycles	Program/erase cycles

Table 120. Watchdog Timer Electrical Characteristics and Timing

Symbol	Parameter	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 3.6V T _A = 0°C to +70°C			V _{DD} = 2.7 - 3.6V T _A = -40°C to +105°C			Units	Conditions
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
	Active power consumption					2	3	μA	
F _{WDT}	WDT oscillator frequency				2.5	5	7.5	kHz	

Table 128. Z8 Encore! XP F0830 Series Ordering Matrix

Part Number	Flash	RAM	NVDS	ADC Channels	Description
Z8F0430QH020EG	4KB	256	Yes	7	QFN 20-pin
Z8F0431SH020EG	4KB	256	Yes	0	SOIC 20-pin
Z8F0431HH020EG	4KB	256	Yes	0	SSOP 20-pin
Z8F0431PH020EG	4KB	256	Yes	0	PDIP 20-pin
Z8F0431QH020EG	4KB	256	Yes	0	QFN 20-pin
Z8F0430SJ020EG	4KB	256	Yes	8	SOIC 28-pin
Z8F0430HJ020EG	4KB	256	Yes	8	SSOP 28-pin
Z8F0430PJ020EG	4KB	256	Yes	8	PDIP 28-pin
Z8F0430QJ020EG	4KB	256	Yes	8	QFN 28-pin
Z8F0431SJ020EG	4KB	256	Yes	0	SOIC 28-pin
Z8F0431HJ020EG	4KB	256	Yes	0	SSOP 28-pin
Z8F0431PJ020EG	4KB	256	Yes	0	PDIP 28-pin
Z8F0431QJ020EG	4KB	256	Yes	0	QFN 28-pin
Z8 Encore! F0830 with 2KB Flash					
Standard Temperature: 0°C to 70°C					
Z8F0230SH020SG	2KB	256	Yes	7	SOIC 20-pin
Z8F0230HH020SG	2KB	256	Yes	7	SSOP 20-pin
Z8F0230PH020SG	2KB	256	Yes	7	PDIP 20-pin
Z8F0230QH020SG	2KB	256	Yes	7	QFN 20-pin
Z8F0231SH020SG	2KB	256	Yes	0	SOIC 20-pin
Z8F0231HH020SG	2KB	256	Yes	0	SSOP 20-pin
Z8F0231PH020SG	2KB	256	Yes	0	PDIP 20-pin
Z8F0231QH020SG	2KB	256	Yes	0	QFN 20-pin
Z8F0230SJ020SG	2KB	256	Yes	8	SOIC 28-pin
Z8F0230HJ020SG	2KB	256	Yes	8	SSOP 28-pin
Z8F0230PJ020SG	2KB	256	Yes	8	PDIP 28-pin
Z8F0230QJ020SG	2KB	256	Yes	8	QFN 28-pin
Z8F0231SJ020SG	2KB	256	Yes	0	SOIC 28-pin
Z8F0231HJ020SG	2KB	256	Yes	0	SSOP 28-pin
Z8F0231PJ020SG	2KB	256	Yes	0	PDIP 28-pin
Z8F0231QJ020SG	2KB	256	Yes	0	QFN 28-pin

Hex Address: F09**Table 139. Timer 1 Low Byte Register (T1L)**

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	TL							
RESET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	F09H							

Hex Address: F0A**Table 140. Timer 1 Reload High Byte Register (T1RH)**

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	TRH							
RESET	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	F0AH							

Hex Address: F0B**Table 141. Timer 1 Reload Low Byte Register (T1RL)**

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	TRL							
RESET	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	F0BH							

Hex Address: F0C**Table 142. Timer 1 PWM High Byte Register (T1PWMH)**

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	PWMH							
RESET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	F0CH							

Hex Address: F83

Table 153. LED Drive Level High Register (LEDLVLH)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	LEDLVLH[7:0]							
RESET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	F83H							

Hex Address: F84

Table 154. LED Drive Level Low Register (LEDLVLL)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	LEDLVLL[7:0]							
RESET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	F84H							

Hex Address: F85

This address range is reserved.

Oscillator Control

For more information about the Oscillator Control registers, see the [Oscillator Control Register Definitions](#) section on page 154.

Hex Address: F86

Table 155. Oscillator Control Register (OSCCTL)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	INTEN	XTLEN	WDTEN	POFEN	WDFEN	SCKSEL		
RESET	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	F86H							

Hex Address: FC1

Table 158. IRQ0 Enable High Bit Register (IRQ0ENH)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	Reserved	T1ENH	T0ENH	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	ADCENH
RESET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	FC1H							

Hex Address: FC2

Table 159. IRQ0 Enable Low Bit Register (IRQ0ENL)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	Reserved	T1ENL	T0ENL	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	ADCENL
RESET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R/W	R	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R	R	R/W
Address	FC2H							

Hex Address: FC3

Table 160. Interrupt Request 1 Register (IRQ1)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	PA7I	PA6CI	PA5I	PA4I	PA3I	PA2I	PA1I	PA0I
RESET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	FC3H							

Hex Address: FC4

Table 161. IRQ1 Enable High Bit Register (IRQ1ENH)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	PA7ENH	PA6CENH	PA5ENH	PA4ENH	PA3ENH	PA2ENH	PA1ENH	PA0ENH
RESET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	FC4H							

Hex Address: FD3

Table 172. Port A Output Data Register (PAOUT)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	POUT7	POUT6	POUT5	POUT4	POUT3	POUT2	POUT1	POUT0
RESET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	FD3H							

Hex Address: FD4

Table 173. Port B GPIO Address Register (PBADDR)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	PADDR[7:0]							
RESET	00H							
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	FD4H							

Hex Address: FD5

Table 174. Port B Control Registers (PBCTL)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	PCTL							
RESET	00H							
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Address	FD5H							

Hex Address: FD6

Table 175. Port B Input Data Registers (PBIN)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Field	PIN7	PIN6	PIN5	PIN4	PIN3	PIN2	PIN1	PIN0
RESET	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
R/W	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Address	FD6H							