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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	176
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	1584
Total RAM Bits	55296
Number of I/O	108
Number of Gates	50000
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc3s50an-4tq144i

Notice of Disclaimer

Quiescent Current Requirements

Table 12: **Spartan-3AN FPGA Quiescent Supply Current Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Device	Typical(2)	Commercial Maximum(2)	Industrial Maximum(2)	Units
I_{CCINTQ}	Quiescent V_{CCINT} supply current	XC3S50AN	2	20	30	mA
		XC3S200AN	7	50	70	mA
		XC3S400AN	10	85	125	mA
		XC3S700AN	13	120	185	mA
		XC3S1400AN	24	220	310	mA
I_{CCOQ}	Quiescent V_{CCO} supply current	XC3S50AN	0.2	2	3	mA
		XC3S200AN	0.2	2	3	mA
		XC3S400AN	0.3	3	4	mA
		XC3S700AN	0.3	3	4	mA
		XC3S1400AN	0.3	3	4	mA
I_{CCAUXQ}	Quiescent V_{CCAUX} supply current	XC3S50AN	3.1	8.1	10.1	mA
		XC3S200AN	5.1	12.1	15.1	mA
		XC3S400AN	5.1	18.1	24.1	mA
		XC3S700AN	6.1	28.1	34.1	mA
		XC3S1400AN	10.1	50.1	58.1	mA

Notes:

1. The numbers in this table are based on the conditions set forth in Table 10.
2. Quiescent supply current is measured with all I/O drivers in a high-impedance state and with all pull-up/pull-down resistors at the I/O pads disabled. The internal SPI Flash is deselected (CSB = High); the internal SPI Flash current is consumed on the V_{CCAUX} supply rail. Typical values are characterized using typical devices at room temperature (T_J of 25°C at V_{CCINT} = 1.2V, V_{CCO} = 3.3V, and V_{CCAUX} = 3.3V). The maximum limits are tested for each device at the respective maximum specified junction temperature and at maximum voltage limits with V_{CCINT} = 1.26V, V_{CCO} = 3.6V, and V_{CCAUX} = 3.6V. The FPGA is programmed with a “blank” configuration data file (that is, a design with no functional elements instantiated). For conditions other than those described above (for example, a design including functional elements), measured quiescent current levels will be different than the values in the table.
3. There are two recommended ways to estimate the total power consumption (quiescent plus dynamic) for a specific design: a) The Spartan-3AN FPGA XPower Estimator provides quick, approximate, typical estimates, and does not require a netlist of the design, and b) XPower Analyzer uses a netlist as input to provide maximum estimates as well as more accurate typical estimates. For more information on power for the In-System Flash memory, see the Power Management chapter of UG333.
4. The maximum numbers in this table indicate the minimum current each power rail requires in order for the FPGA to power-on successfully.
5. For information on the power-saving Suspend mode, see XAPP480: *Using Suspend Mode in Spartan-3 Generation FPGAs*. Suspend mode typically saves 40% total power consumption compared to quiescent current.

Pin-to-Pin Setup and Hold Times

Table 22: **Pin-to-Pin Setup and Hold Times for the IOB Input Path (System Synchronous)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Device	Speed Grade		Units
				-5	-4	
				Min	Min	
Setup Times						
T_{PSDCM}	When writing to the Input Flip-Flop (IFF), the time from the setup of data at the Input pin to the active transition at a Global Clock pin. The DCM is in use. No Input Delay is programmed.	LVCMOS25(2), IFD_DELAY_VALUE = 0, with DCM(4)	XC3S50AN	2.45	2.68	ns
			XC3S200AN	2.59	2.84	ns
			XC3S400AN	2.38	2.68	ns
			XC3S700AN	2.38	2.57	ns
			XC3S1400AN	1.91	2.17	ns
T_{PSFD}	When writing to IFF, the time from the setup of data at the Input pin to an active transition at the Global Clock pin. The DCM is not in use. The Input Delay is programmed.	LVCMOS25(2), IFD_DELAY_VALUE = 5, without DCM	XC3S50AN	2.55	2.76	ns
			XC3S200AN	2.32	2.76	ns
			XC3S400AN	2.21	2.60	ns
			XC3S700AN	2.28	2.63	ns
			XC3S1400AN	2.33	2.41	ns
Hold Times						
T_{PHDCM}	When writing to IFF, the time from the active transition at the Global Clock pin to the point when data must be held at the Input pin. The DCM is in use. No Input Delay is programmed.	LVCMOS25(3), IFD_DELAY_VALUE = 0, with DCM(4)	XC3S50AN	–0.36	–0.36	ns
			XC3S200AN	–0.52	–0.52	ns
			XC3S400AN	–0.33	–0.29	ns
			XC3S700AN	–0.17	–0.12	ns
			XC3S1400AN	–0.07	0.00	ns
T_{PHFD}	When writing to IFF, the time from the active transition at the Global Clock pin to the point when data must be held at the Input pin. The DCM is not in use. The Input Delay is programmed.	LVCMOS25(3), IFD_DELAY_VALUE = 5, without DCM	XC3S50AN	–0.63	–0.58	ns
			XC3S200AN	–0.56	–0.56	ns
			XC3S400AN	–0.42	–0.42	ns
			XC3S700AN	–0.80	–0.75	ns
			XC3S1400AN	–0.69	–0.69	ns

Notes:

1. The numbers in this table are tested using the methodology presented in Table 30 and are based on the operating conditions set forth in Table 10 and Table 13.
2. This setup time requires adjustment whenever a signal standard other than LVCMOS25 is assigned to the Global Clock Input or the data Input. If this is true of the Global Clock Input, subtract the appropriate adjustment from Table 26. If this is true of the data Input, add the appropriate Input adjustment from the same table.
3. This hold time requires adjustment whenever a signal standard other than LVCMOS25 is assigned to the Global Clock Input or the data Input. If this is true of the Global Clock Input, add the appropriate Input adjustment from Table 26. If this is true of the data Input, subtract the appropriate Input adjustment from the same table. When the hold time is negative, it is possible to change the data before the clock's active edge.
4. DCM output jitter is included in all measurements.

Input Setup and Hold Times

Table 23: **Setup and Hold Times for the IOB Input Path**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	IFD_DELAY_VALUE	Device	Speed Grade		Units
					-5	-4	
					Min	Min	
Setup Times							
T_{IOPICK}	Time from the setup of data at the Input pin to the active transition at the ICLK input of the Input Flip-Flop (IFF). No Input Delay is programmed.	LVCMOS25[2]	0	XC3S50AN	1.56	1.58	ns
				XC3S200AN	1.71	1.81	ns
				XC3S400AN	1.30	1.51	ns
				XC3S700AN	1.34	1.51	ns
				XC3S1400AN	1.36	1.74	ns
$T_{IOPICKD}$	Time from the setup of data at the Input pin to the active transition at the ICLK input of the Input Flip-Flop (IFF). The Input Delay is programmed.	LVCMOS25[2]	1	XC3S50AN	2.16	2.18	ns
			2		3.10	3.12	ns
			3		3.51	3.76	ns
			4		4.04	4.32	ns
			5		3.88	4.24	ns
			6		4.72	5.09	ns
			7		5.47	5.94	ns
			8		5.97	6.52	ns
			1	XC3S200AN	2.05	2.20	ns
			2		2.72	2.93	ns
			3		3.38	3.78	ns
			4		3.88	4.37	ns
			5		3.69	4.20	ns
			6		4.56	5.23	ns
			7		5.34	6.11	ns
			8		5.85	6.71	ns
			1	XC3S400AN	1.79	2.02	ns
			2		2.43	2.67	ns
			3		3.02	3.43	ns
			4		3.49	3.96	ns
			5		3.41	3.95	ns
			6		4.20	4.81	ns
			7		4.96	5.66	ns
			8		5.44	6.19	ns

Table 25: **Propagation Times for the IOB Input Path *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	Conditions	DELAY_VALUE	Device	Speed Grade		Units
					-5	-4	
					Max	Max	
T_{IOPID}	The time it takes for data to travel from the Input pin to the I output with the input delay programmed	LVCMOS25[2]	15	XC3S200AN	5.43	6.24	ns
			16		5.75	6.59	ns
			1	XC3S400AN	1.32	1.43	ns
			2		1.67	1.83	ns
			3		1.90	2.07	ns
			4		2.33	2.52	ns
			5		2.60	2.91	ns
			6		2.94	3.20	ns
			7		3.23	3.51	ns
			8		3.50	3.85	ns
			9		3.18	3.55	ns
			10		3.53	3.95	ns
			11		3.76	4.20	ns
			12		4.26	4.67	ns
			13		4.51	4.97	ns
			14		4.85	5.32	ns
			15		5.14	5.64	ns
			16		5.40	5.95	ns
			1	XC3S700AN	1.84	1.87	ns
			2		2.20	2.27	ns
			3		2.46	2.60	ns
			4		2.93	3.15	ns
			5		3.21	3.45	ns
			6		3.54	3.80	ns
			7		3.86	4.16	ns
			8		4.13	4.48	ns
			9		3.82	4.19	ns
			10		4.17	4.58	ns
			11		4.43	4.89	ns
			12		4.95	5.49	ns
			13		5.22	5.83	ns
			14		5.57	6.21	ns
			15		5.89	6.55	ns
			16		6.16	6.89	ns
			1	XC3S1400AN	1.95	2.18	ns
			2		2.29	2.59	ns
			3		2.54	2.84	ns
			4		2.96	3.30	ns

Table 29: **Output Timing Adjustments for IOB *(Cont'd)***

Convert Output Time from LVCMOS25 with 12 mA Drive and Fast Slew Rate to the Following Signal Standard (IOSTANDARD)			Add the Adjustment Below		Units
			Speed Grade		
			-5	-4	
LVCMOS25	Slow	2 mA	5.33	5.33	ns
		4 mA	2.81	2.81	ns
		6 mA	2.82	2.82	ns
		8 mA	1.14	1.14	ns
		12 mA	1.10	1.10	ns
		16 mA	0.83	0.83	ns
		24 mA	2.26(3)	2.26(3)	ns
	Fast	2 mA	4.36	4.36	ns
		4 mA	1.76	1.76	ns
		6 mA	1.25	1.25	ns
		8 mA	0.38	0.38	ns
		12 mA	0	0	ns
		16 mA	0.01	0.01	ns
		24 mA	0.01	0.01	ns
	QuietIO	2 mA	25.92	25.92	ns
		4 mA	25.92	25.92	ns
		6 mA	25.92	25.92	ns
		8 mA	15.57	15.57	ns
		12 mA	15.59	15.59	ns
		16 mA	14.27	14.27	ns
		24 mA	11.37	11.37	ns

Table 29: **Output Timing Adjustments for IOB *(Cont'd)***

Convert Output Time from LVCMOS25 with 12 mA Drive and Fast Slew Rate to the Following Signal Standard (IOSTANDARD)			Add the Adjustment Below		Units
			Speed Grade		
			-5	-4	
LVCMOS18	Slow	2 mA	4.48	4.48	ns
		4 mA	3.69	3.69	ns
		6 mA	2.91	2.91	ns
		8 mA	1.99	1.99	ns
		12 mA	1.57	1.57	ns
		16 mA	1.19	1.19	ns
	Fast	2 mA	3.96	3.96	ns
		4 mA	2.57	2.57	ns
		6 mA	1.90	1.90	ns
		8 mA	1.06	1.06	ns
		12 mA	0.83	0.83	ns
		16 mA	0.63	0.63	ns
	QuietIO	2 mA	24.97	24.97	ns
		4 mA	24.97	24.97	ns
		6 mA	24.08	24.08	ns
		8 mA	16.43	16.43	ns
		12 mA	14.52	14.52	ns
		16 mA	13.41	13.41	ns
LVCMOS15	Slow	2 mA	5.82	5.82	ns
		4 mA	3.97	3.97	ns
		6 mA	3.21	3.21	ns
		8 mA	2.53	2.53	ns
		12 mA	2.06	2.06	ns
	Fast	2 mA	5.23	5.23	ns
		4 mA	3.05	3.05	ns
		6 mA	1.95	1.95	ns
		8 mA	1.60	1.60	ns
		12 mA	1.30	1.30	ns
	QuietIO	2 mA	34.11	34.11	ns
		4 mA	25.66	25.66	ns
		6 mA	24.64	24.64	ns
		8 mA	22.06	22.06	ns
		12 mA	20.64	20.64	ns

Clock Buffer/Multiplexer Switching Characteristics

Table 36: **Clock Distribution Switching Characteristics**

Description	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum		Units
			Speed Grade		
			-5	-4	
Global clock buffer (BUFG, BUFGMUX, BUFGCE) I input to O-output delay	T_{GIO}	–	0.22	0.23	ns
Global clock multiplexer (BUFGMUX) select S-input setup to I0 and I1 inputs. Same as BUFGCE enable CE-input	T_{GSI}	–	0.56	0.63	ns
Frequency of signals distributed on global buffers (all sides)	F_{BUFG}	0	350	334	MHz

Notes:

1. The numbers in this table are based on the operating conditions set forth in Table 10.

Block RAM Timing

Table 38: **Block RAM Timing**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-5		-4		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock-to-Output Times						
T_{RCKO}	When reading from block RAM, the delay from the active transition at the CLK input to data appearing at the DOUT output	–	2.06	–	2.49	ns
Setup Times						
T_{RCCK_ADDR}	Setup time for the ADDR inputs before the active transition at the CLK input of the block RAM	0.32	–	0.36	–	ns
T_{RDCK_DIB}	Setup time for data at the DIN inputs before the active transition at the CLK input of the block RAM	0.28	–	0.31	–	ns
T_{RCCK_ENB}	Setup time for the EN input before the active transition at the CLK input of the block RAM	0.69	–	0.77	–	ns
T_{RCCK_WEB}	Setup time for the WE input before the active transition at the CLK input of the block RAM	1.12	–	1.26	–	ns
Hold Times						
T_{RCKC_ADDR}	Hold time on the ADDR inputs after the active transition at the CLK input	0	–	0	–	ns
T_{RCKD_DIB}	Hold time on the DIN inputs after the active transition at the CLK input	0	–	0	–	ns
T_{RCKC_ENB}	Hold time on the EN input after the active transition at the CLK input	0	–	0	–	ns
T_{RCKC_WEB}	Hold time on the WE input after the active transition at the CLK input	0	–	0	–	ns
Clock Timing						
T_{BPWH}	High pulse width of the CLK signal	1.56	–	1.79	–	ns
T_{BPWL}	Low pulse width of the CLK signal	1.56	–	1.79	–	ns
Clock Frequency						
F_{BRAM}	Block RAM clock frequency	0	320	0	280	MHz

Notes:

1. The numbers in this table are based on the operating conditions set forth in Table 10.

Digital Clock Manager (DCM) Timing

For specification purposes, the DCM consists of three key components: the Delay-Locked Loop (DLL), the Digital Frequency Synthesizer (DFS), and the Phase Shifter (PS).

Aspects of DLL operation play a role in all DCM applications. All such applications inevitably use the CLKIN and the CLKFB inputs connected to either the CLK0 or the CLK2X feedback, respectively. Thus, specifications in the DLL tables (Table 39 and Table 40) apply to any application that only employs the DLL component. When the DFS and/or the PS components are used together with the DLL, then the specifications listed in the DFS and PS tables (Table 41 through Table 44) supersede any corresponding ones in the DLL tables. DLL specifications that do not change with the addition of DFS or PS functions are presented in Table 39 and Table 40.

Period jitter and cycle-cycle jitter are two of many different ways of specifying clock jitter. Both specifications describe statistical variation from a mean value.

Period jitter is the worst-case deviation from the ideal clock period over a collection of millions of samples. In a histogram of period jitter, the mean value is the clock period.

Cycle-cycle jitter is the worst-case difference in clock period between adjacent clock cycles in the collection of clock periods sampled. In a histogram of cycle-cycle jitter, the mean value is zero.

Spread Spectrum

DCMs accept typical spread spectrum clocks as long as they meet the input requirements. The DLL will track the frequency changes created by the spread spectrum clock to drive the global clocks to the FPGA logic. See XAPP469: *Spread-Spectrum Clocking Reception for Displays* for details.

Delay-Locked Loop (DLL)

Table 39: **Recommended Operating Conditions for the DLL**

Symbol		Description		Speed Grade				Units
				-5		-4		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input Frequency Ranges								
F_{CLKIN}	CLKIN_FREQ_DLL	Frequency of the CLKIN clock input		5(2)	280(3)	5(2)	250(3)	MHz
Input Pulse Requirements								
CLKIN_PULSE		CLKIN pulse width as a percentage of the CLKIN period	$F_{CLKIN} \le 150$ MHz	40%	60%	40%	60%	%
			$F_{CLKIN} > 150$ MHz	45%	55%	45%	55%	%
Input Clock Jitter Tolerance and Delay Path Variation(4)								
CLKIN_CYC_JITT_DLL_LF		Cycle-to-cycle jitter at the CLKIN input	$F_{CLKIN} \le 150$ MHz	–	±300	–	±300	ps
CLKIN_CYC_JITT_DLL_HF			$F_{CLKIN} > 150$ MHz	–	±150	–	±150	ps
CLKIN_PER_JITT_DLL		Period jitter at the CLKIN input		–	±1	–	±1	ns
CLKFB_DELAY_VAR_EXT		Allowable variation of off-chip feedback delay from the DCM output to the CLKFB input		–	±1	–	±1	ns

Notes:

1. DLL specifications apply when any of the DLL outputs (CLK0, CLK90, CLK180, CLK270, CLK2X, CLK2X180, or CLKDV) are in use.
2. The DFS, when operating independently of the DLL, supports lower FCLKIN frequencies. See Table 41.
3. The CLKIN_DIVIDE_BY_2 attribute can be used to increase the effective input frequency range up to F_{BUFG}. When set to TRUE, CLKIN_DIVIDE_BY_2 divides the incoming clock frequency by two as it enters the DCM.
4. CLKIN input jitter beyond these limits might cause the DCM to lose lock.
5. The DCM specifications are guaranteed when both adjacent DCMs are locked.

Table 40: **Switching Characteristics for the DLL *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-5		-4		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
Delay Lines							
DCM_DELAY_STEP(5)	Finest delay resolution, average over all taps	All	15	35	15	35	ps

Notes:

1. The numbers in this table are based on the operating conditions set forth in Table 10 and Table 39.
2. Indicates the maximum amount of output jitter that the DCM adds to the jitter on the CLKIN input.
3. For optimal jitter tolerance and faster lock time, use the CLKIN_PERIOD attribute.
4. Some jitter and duty-cycle specifications include 1% of input clock period or 0.01 UI. For example, the data sheet specifies a maximum jitter of "±[1% of CLKIN period + 150]". Assume the CLKIN frequency is 100 MHz. The equivalent CLKIN period is 10 ns and 1% of 10 ns is 0.1 ns or 100 ps. According to the data sheet, the maximum jitter is ±[100 ps + 150 ps] = ±250 ps.
5. The typical delay step size is 23 ps.

Digital Frequency Synthesizer (DFS)

Table 41: **Recommended Operating Conditions for the DFS**

Symbol		Description		Speed Grade				Units
				-5		-4		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input Frequency Ranges(2)								
F_{CLKIN}	CLKIN_FREQ_FX	Frequency for the CLKIN input		0.200	333(3)	0.200	333(3)	MHz
Input Clock Jitter Tolerance(4)								
CLKIN_CYC_JITT_FX_LF		Cycle-to-cycle jitter at the CLKIN input, based on CLKFX output frequency	$F_{CLKFX} \leq 150$ MHz	–	±300	–	±300	ps
CLKIN_CYC_JITT_FX_HF			$F_{CLKFX} > 150$ MHz	–	±150	–	±150	ps
CLKIN_PER_JITT_FX		Period jitter at the CLKIN input		–	±1	–	±1	ns

Notes:

1. DFS specifications apply when either of the DFS outputs (CLKFX or CLKFX180) are used.
2. If both DFS and DLL outputs are used on the same DCM, follow the more restrictive CLKIN_FREQ_DLL specifications in Table 39.
3. To support double the maximum effective FCLKIN limit, set the CLKIN_DIVIDE_BY_2 attribute to TRUE. This attribute divides the incoming clock frequency by two as it enters the DCM.
4. CLKIN input jitter beyond these limits may cause the DCM to lose lock.

Table 42: **Switching Characteristics for the DFS**

Symbol	Description		Device	Speed Grade				Units
				-5		-4		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Frequency Ranges								
CLKOUT_FREQ_FX	Frequency for the CLKFX and CLKFX180 outputs		All	5	350	5	320	MHz
Output Clock Jitter (2)(3)								
CLKOUT_PER_JITT_FX	Period jitter at the CLKFX and CLKFX180 outputs.	CLKIN ≤ 20 MHz	All	Typ	Max	Typ	Max	
				Use the Spartan-3A Jitter Calculator: www.xilinx.com/support/documentation/data_sheets/s3a_jitter_calc.zip				ps
		CLKIN > 20 MHz		±[1% of CLKFX period + 100]	±[1% of CLKFX period + 200]	±[1% of CLKFX period + 100]	±[1% of CLKFX period + 200]	ps
Duty Cycle(4)(5)								
CLKOUT_DUTY_CYCLE_FX	Duty cycle precision for the CLKFX and CLKFX180 outputs, including the BUFGMUX and clock tree duty-cycle distortion		All	–	±[1% of CLKFX period + 350]	–	±[1% of CLKFX period + 350]	ps
Phase Alignment(5)								
CLKOUT_PHASE_FX	Phase offset between the DFS CLKFX output and the DLL CLK0 output when both the DFS and DLL are used		All	–	±200	–	±200	ps
CLKOUT_PHASE_FX180	Phase offset between the DFS CLKFX180 output and the DLL CLK0 output when both the DFS and DLL are used		All	–	±[1% of CLKFX period + 200]	–	±[1% of CLKFX period + 200]	ps
Lock Time								
LOCK_FX(2)	The time from deassertion at the DCM's Reset input to the rising transition at its LOCKED output. The DFS asserts LOCKED when the CLKFX and CLKFX180 signals are valid. If using both the DLL and the DFS, use the longer locking time.	5 MHz ≤ F_{CLKIN} ≤ 15 MHz	All	–	5	–	5	ms
		F_{CLKIN} > 15 MHz		–	450	–	450	µs

Notes:

1. The numbers in this table are based on the operating conditions set forth in Table 10 and Table 41.
2. For optimal jitter tolerance and faster lock time, use the CLKIN_PERIOD attribute.
3. Maximum output jitter is characterized within a reasonable noise environment (40 SSOs and 25% CLB switching) on an XC3S1400A FPGA. Output jitter strongly depends on the environment, including the number of SSOs, the output drive strength, CLB utilization, CLB switching activities, switching frequency, power supply and PCB design. The actual maximum output jitter depends on the system application.
4. The CLKFX and CLKFX180 outputs always have an approximate 50% duty cycle.
5. Some duty-cycle and alignment specifications include a percentage of the CLKFX output period. For example, the data sheet specifies a maximum CLKFX jitter of "±[1% of CLKFX period + 200]". Assume the CLKFX output frequency is 100 MHz. The equivalent CLKFX period is 10 ns and 1% of 10 ns is 0.1 ns or 100 ps. According to the data sheet, the maximum jitter is ±[100 ps + 200 ps] = ±300 ps.

Introduction

This section describes how the various pins on a Spartan®-3AN FPGA connect within the supported component packages, and provides device-specific thermal characteristics. For general information on the pin functions and the package characteristics, see the Packaging section of UG331:

- **UG331: Spartan-3 Generation FPGA User Guide**
  http://www.xilinx.com/support/documentation/user_guides/ug331.pdf

Spartan-3AN FPGAs are available in Pb-free, RoHS packages, indicated by a "G" in the middle of the package code. Leaded (Pb) packages are available for selected devices, with the same pinout and without the "G" in the ordering code (see Table 5, page 7). The Pb-free package code can be selected in the software for the Pb packages since the pinouts are identical. References to the Pb-free package code in this document apply also to the Pb package.

Pin Types

Most pins on a Spartan-3AN FPGA are general-purpose, user-defined I/O pins. There are, however, up to 12 different functional types of pins on Spartan-3AN FPGA packages, as outlined in Table 62. In the package footprint drawings that follow, the individual pins are color-coded according to pin type as in the table.

Table 62: **Types of Pins on Spartan-3AN FPGAs**

Type with Color Code	Description	Pin Name(s) in Type(1)
I/O	Unrestricted, general-purpose user-I/O pin. Most pins can be paired together to form differential I/Os.	IO_# IO_Lxxy_#
INPUT	Unrestricted, general-purpose input-only pin. This pin does not have an output structure, differential termination resistor, or PCI™ clamp diode.	IP_# IP_Lxxy_#
DUAL	Dual-purpose pin used in some configuration modes during the configuration process and then usually available as a user I/O after configuration. If the pin is not used during configuration, this pin behaves as an I/O-type pin. See UG332: *Spartan-3 Generation Configuration User Guide* for additional information on these signals.	M[2:0] PUDC_B CCLK MOSI/CSI_B D[7:1] D0/DIN DOUT CSO_B RDWR_B INIT_B A[25:0] VS[2:0] LDC[2:0] HDC
VREF	Dual-purpose pin that is either a user-I/O pin or Input-only pin, or, along with all other VREF pins in the same bank, provides a reference voltage input for certain I/O standards. If used for a reference voltage within a bank, all VREF pins within the bank must be connected.	IP/VREF_# IP_Lxx_#/VREF_# IO/VREF_# IO_Lxx_#/VREF_#
CLK	Either a user-I/O pin or an input to a specific clock buffer driver. Most packages have 16 global clock inputs that optionally clock the entire device. The exceptions are all devices in the TQG144 package and the XC3S50AN in the FTG256 package. The RHCLK inputs optionally clock the right half of the device. The LHCLK inputs optionally clock the left half of the device. See the Using Global Clock Resources chapter in UG331: *Spartan-3 Generation FPGA User Guide* for additional information on these signals.	IO_Lxx_#/GCLK[15:0], IO_Lxx_#/LHCLK[7:0], IO_Lxx_#/RHCLK[7:0]

TQG144: 144-lead Thin Quad Flat Package

The XC3S50AN is available in the 144-lead thin quad flat package, TQG144.

Table 68 lists all the package pins. They are sorted by bank number and then by pin name. Pins that form a differential I/O pair appear together in the table. The table also shows the pin number for each pin and the pin type (as defined in Table 62). The XC3S50AN does not support the address output pins for the Byte-wide Peripheral Interface (BPI) configuration mode.

An electronic version of this package pinout table and footprint diagram is available for download from the Xilinx website at: www.xilinx.com/support/documentation/data_sheets/s3a_pin.zip.

Pinout Table

Table 68: **Spartan-3AN TQG144 Pinout**

Bank	Pin Name	Pin	Type
0	IO_0	P142	I/O
0	IO_L01N_0	P111	I/O
0	IO_L01P_0	P110	I/O
0	IO_L02N_0	P113	I/O
0	IO_L02P_0/VREF_0	P112	VREF
0	IO_L03N_0	P117	I/O
0	IO_L03P_0	P115	I/O
0	IO_L04N_0	P116	I/O
0	IO_L04P_0	P114	I/O
0	IO_L05N_0	P121	I/O
0	IO_L05P_0	P120	I/O
0	IO_L06N_0/GCLK5	P126	GCLK
0	IO_L06P_0/GCLK4	P124	GCLK
0	IO_L07N_0/GCLK7	P127	GCLK
0	IO_L07P_0/GCLK6	P125	GCLK
0	IO_L08N_0/GCLK9	P131	GCLK
0	IO_L08P_0/GCLK8	P129	GCLK
0	IO_L09N_0/GCLK11	P132	GCLK
0	IO_L09P_0/GCLK10	P130	GCLK
0	IO_L10N_0	P135	I/O
0	IO_L10P_0	P134	I/O
0	IO_L11N_0	P139	I/O
0	IO_L11P_0	P138	I/O
0	IO_L12N_0/PUDC_B	P143	DUAL
0	IO_L12P_0/VREF_0	P141	VREF
0	IP_0	P140	INPUT
0	IP_0/VREF_0	P123	VREF
0	VCCO_0	P119	VCCO
0	VCCO_0	P136	VCCO
1	IO_1	P79	I/O
1	IO_L01N_1/LDC2	P78	DUAL
1	IO_L01P_1/HDC	P76	DUAL
1	IO_L02N_1/LDC0	P77	DUAL

Table 68: **Spartan-3AN TQG144 Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	Pin Name	Pin	Type
1	IO_L02P_1/LDC1	P75	DUAL
1	IO_L03N_1	P84	I/O
1	IO_L03P_1	P82	I/O
1	IO_L04N_1/RHCLK1	P85	RHCLK
1	IO_L04P_1/RHCLK0	P83	RHCLK
1	IO_L05N_1/TRDY1/RHCLK3	P88	RHCLK
1	IO_L05P_1/RHCLK2	P87	RHCLK
1	IO_L06N_1/RHCLK5	P92	RHCLK
1	IO_L06P_1/RHCLK4	P90	RHCLK
1	IO_L07N_1/RHCLK7	P93	RHCLK
1	IO_L07P_1/IRDY1/RHCLK6	P91	RHCLK
1	IO_L08N_1	P98	I/O
1	IO_L08P_1	P96	I/O
1	IO_L09N_1	P101	I/O
1	IO_L09P_1	P99	I/O
1	IO_L10N_1	P104	I/O
1	IO_L10P_1	P102	I/O
1	IO_L11N_1	P105	I/O
1	IO_L11P_1	P103	I/O
1	IP_1/VREF_1	P80	VREF
1	IP_1/VREF_1	P97	VREF
1	VCCO_1	P86	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	P95	VCCO
2	IO_2/MOSI/CSI_B	P62	DUAL
2	IO_L01N_2/M0	P38	DUAL
2	IO_L01P_2/M1	P37	DUAL
2	IO_L02N_2/CSO_B	P41	DUAL
2	IO_L02P_2/M2	P39	DUAL
2	IO_L03N_2/VS1	P44	DUAL
2	IO_L03P_2/RDWR_B	P42	DUAL
2	IO_L04N_2/VS0	P45	DUAL
2	IO_L04P_2/VS2	P43	DUAL
2	IO_L05N_2/D7	P48	DUAL

Table 70: **Spartan-3AN FTG256 Pinout (XC3S50AN, XC3S200AN, XC3S400AN) *(Cont'd)***

Bank	XC3S50AN Pin Name	XC3S200AN/XC3S400AN Pin Name	FTG256 Ball	Type
2	IO_L01N_2/M0	IO_L01N_2/M0	P4	DUAL
2	IO_L01P_2/M1	IO_L01P_2/M1	N4	DUAL
2	IO_L02N_2/CSO_B	IO_L02N_2/CSO_B	T2	DUAL
2	IO_L02P_2/M2	IO_L02P_2/M2	R2	DUAL
2	IO_L04P_2/VS2	IO_L03N_2/VS2	T3	DUAL
2	IO_L03P_2/RDWR_B	IO_L03P_2/RDWR_B	R3	DUAL
2	IO_L04N_2/VS0	IO_L04N_2/VS0	P5	DUAL
2	IO_L03N_2/VS1	IO_L04P_2/VS1	N6	DUAL
2	IO_L06P_2	IO_L05N_2	R5	I/O
2	IO_L05P_2	IO_L05P_2	T4	I/O
2	IO_L06N_2/D6	IO_L06N_2/D6	T6	DUAL
2	IO_L05N_2/D7	IO_L06P_2/D7	T5	DUAL
2	N.C.	IO_L07N_2	P6	I/O
2	N.C.	IO_L07P_2	N7	I/O
2	IO_L08N_2/D4	IO_L08N_2/D4	N8	DUAL
2	IO_L08P_2/D5	IO_L08P_2/D5	P7	DUAL
2	N.C.	IO_L09N_2/GCLK13	T7	GCLK
2	N.C.	IO_L09P_2/GCLK12	R7	GCLK
2	IO_L10N_2/GCLK15	IO_L10N_2/GCLK15	T8	GCLK
2	IO_L10P_2/GCLK14	IO_L10P_2/GCLK14	P8	GCLK
2	IO_L11N_2/GCLK1	IO_L11N_2/GCLK1	P9	GCLK
2	IO_L11P_2/GCLK0	IO_L11P_2/GCLK0	N9	GCLK
2	IO_L12N_2/GCLK3	IO_L12N_2/GCLK3	T9	GCLK
2	IO_L12P_2/GCLK2	IO_L12P_2/GCLK2	R9	GCLK
2	N.C.	IO_L13N_2	M10	I/O
2	N.C.	IO_L13P_2	N10	I/O
2	IO_L14P_2/MOSI/CSI_B	IO_L14N_2/MOSI/CSI_B	P10	DUAL
2	IO_L14N_2	IO_L14P_2	T10	I/O
2	IO_L15N_2/DOUT	IO_L15N_2/DOUT	R11	DUAL
2	IO_L15P_2/AWAKE	IO_L15P_2/AWAKE	T11	PWR MGMT
2	IO_L16N_2	IO_L16N_2	N11	I/O
2	IO_L16P_2	IO_L16P_2	P11	I/O
2	IO_L17N_2/D3	IO_L17N_2/D3	P12	DUAL
2	IO_L17P_2/INIT_B	IO_L17P_2/INIT_B	T12	DUAL
2	IO_L20P_2/D1	IO_L18N_2/D1	R13	DUAL
2	IO_L18P_2/D2	IO_L18P_2/D2	T13	DUAL
2	N.C.	IO_L19N_2	P13	I/O
2	N.C.	IO_L19P_2	N12	I/O
2	IO_L20N_2/CCLK	IO_L20N_2/CCLK	R14	DUAL
2	IO_L18N_2/D0/DIN/MISO	IO_L20P_2/D0/DIN/MISO	T14	DUAL

User I/Os by Bank

Table 71 and Table 72 indicate how the available user-I/O pins are distributed between the four I/O banks on the FTG256 package. The AWAKE pin is counted as a dual-purpose I/O. The XC3S50AN FPGA in the FTG256 package has 51 unconnected balls, labeled with an N.C. type. These pins are also indicated in Figure 20.

Table 71: **User I/Os Per Bank on XC3S50AN in the FTG256 Package**

Package Edge	I/O Bank	Maximum I/Os	All Possible I/O Pins by Type				
			I/O	INPUT	DUAL	VREF	CLK
Top	0	40	21	7	1	3	8
Right	1	32	12	5	4	3	8
Bottom	2	40	5	2	21	6	6
Left	3	32	15	6	0	3	8
Total		**144**	**53**	**20**	**26**	**15**	**30**

Table 72: **User I/Os Per Bank on XC3S200AN and XC3S400AN in the FTG256 Package**

Package Edge	I/O Bank	Maximum I/Os	All Possible I/O Pins by Type				
			I/O	INPUT	DUAL	VREF	CLK
Top	0	47	27	6	1	5	8
Right	1	50	1	6	30	5	8
Bottom	2	48	11	2	21	6	8
Left	3	50	30	7	0	5	8
Total		**195**	**69**	**21**	**52**	**21**	**32**

FTG256 Footprint (XC3S50AN)

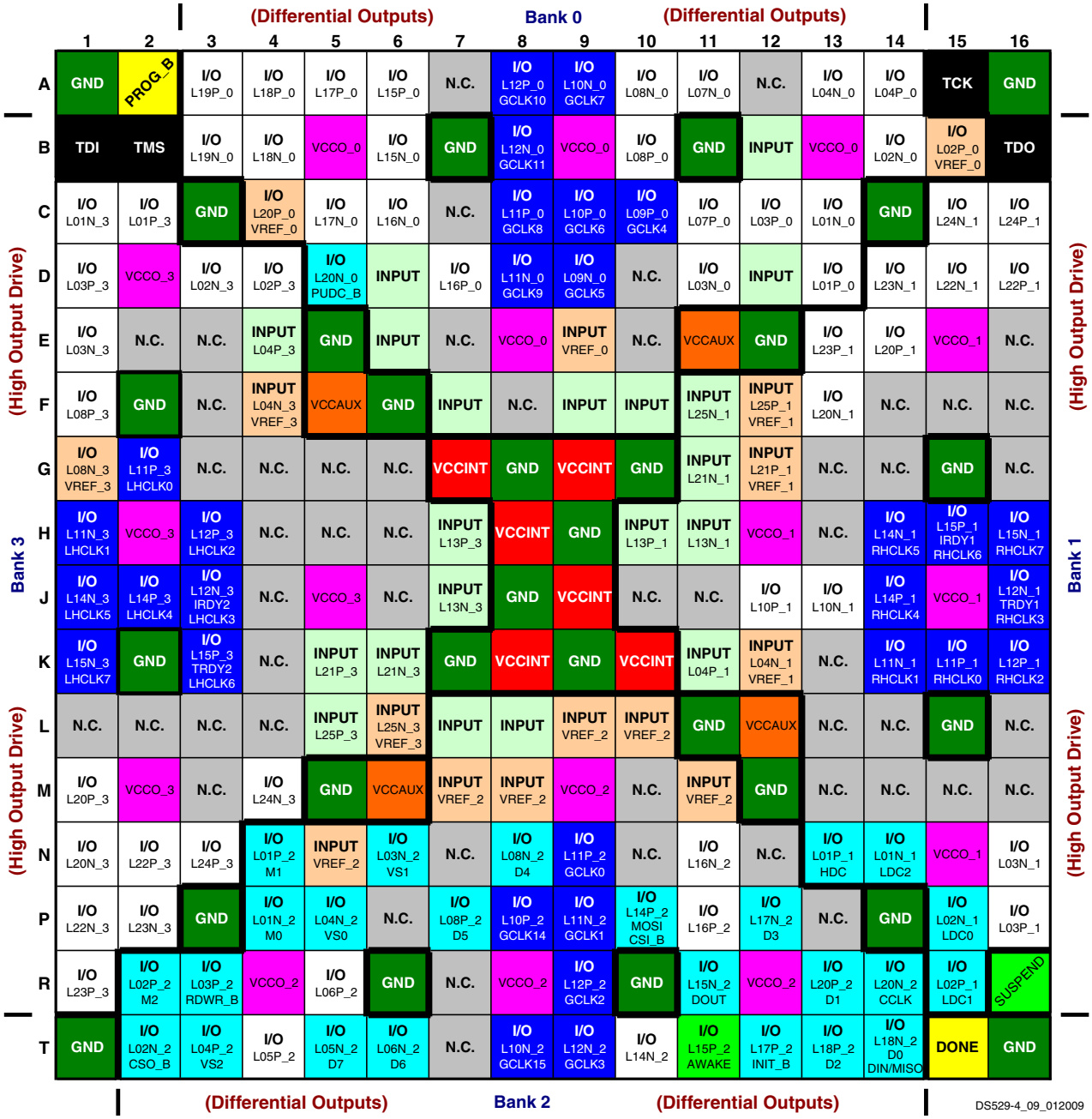

Figure 20: **XC3S50AN FTG256 Package Footprint (Top View)**

53	**I/O:** Unrestricted, general-purpose user I/O	25	**DUAL:** Configuration pins, then possible user I/O	15	**VREF:** User I/O or input voltage reference for bank	2	**SUSPEND:** Dedicated SUSPEND and dual-purpose AWAKE Power Management pins
20	**INPUT:** Unrestricted, general-purpose input pin	30	**CLK:** User I/O, input, or global buffer input	16	**VCCO:** Output voltage supply for bank		
2	**CONFIG:** Dedicated configuration pins	4	**JTAG:** Dedicated JTAG port pins	6	**VCCINT:** Internal core supply voltage (+1.2V)		
51	**N.C.:** Not connected (XC3S50AN only)	28	**GND:** Ground	4	**VCCAUX:** Auxiliary supply voltage		

FTG256 Footprint (XC3S200AN, XC3S400AN)

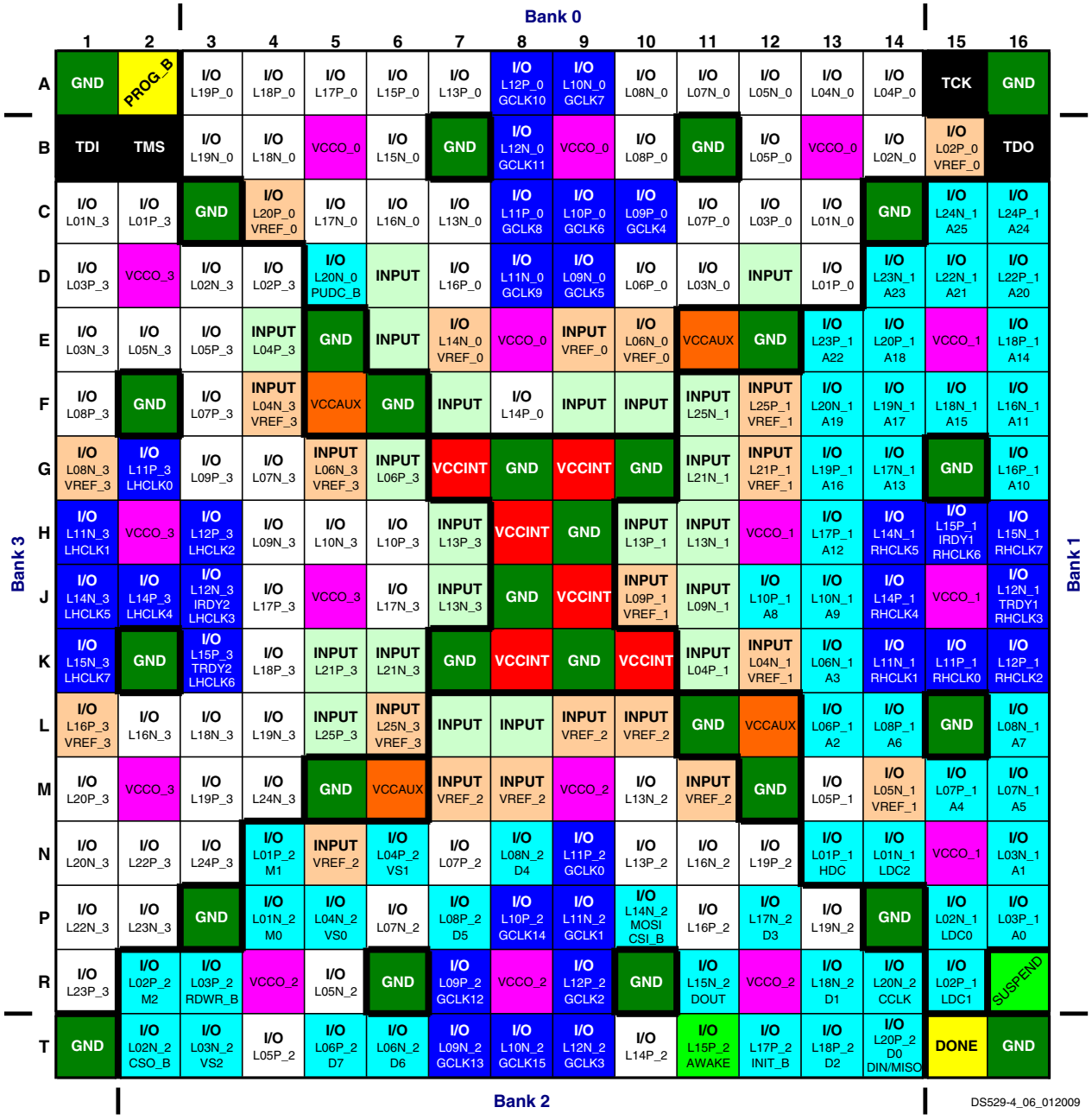

Figure 21: **XC3S200AN and XC3S400AN FPGA in FTG256 Package Footprint (Top View)**

69	**I/O:** Unrestricted, general-purpose user I/O	51	**DUAL:** Configuration pins, then possible user I/O	21	**VREF:** User I/O or input voltage reference for bank	2	**SUSPEND:** Dedicated SUSPEND and dual-purpose AWAKE Power Management pins
21	**INPUT:** Unrestricted, general-purpose input pin	32	**CLK:** User I/O, input, or global buffer input	16	**VCCO:** Output voltage supply for bank		
2	**CONFIG:** Dedicated configuration pins	4	**JTAG:** Dedicated JTAG port pins	6	**VCCINT:** Internal core supply voltage (+1.2V)		
0	**N.C.:** Not connected	28	**GND:** Ground	4	**VCCAUX:** Auxiliary supply voltage		

FGG400 Footprint

Left Half of FGG400 Package (Top View)

155 **I/O:** Unrestricted, general-purpose user I/O

46 **INPUT:** Unrestricted, general-purpose input pin

51 **DUAL:** Configuration pins, then possible user I/O

26 **VREF:** User I/O or input voltage reference for bank

32 **CLK:** User I/O, input, or clock buffer input

2 **CONFIG:** Dedicated configuration pins

4 **JTAG:** Dedicated JTAG port pins

2 **SUSPEND:** Dedicated SUSPEND and dual-purpose AWAKE Power Management pins

43 **GND:** Ground

22 **VCCO:** Output voltage supply for bank

9 **VCCINT:** Internal core supply voltage (+1.2V)

8 **VCCAUX:** Auxiliary supply voltage

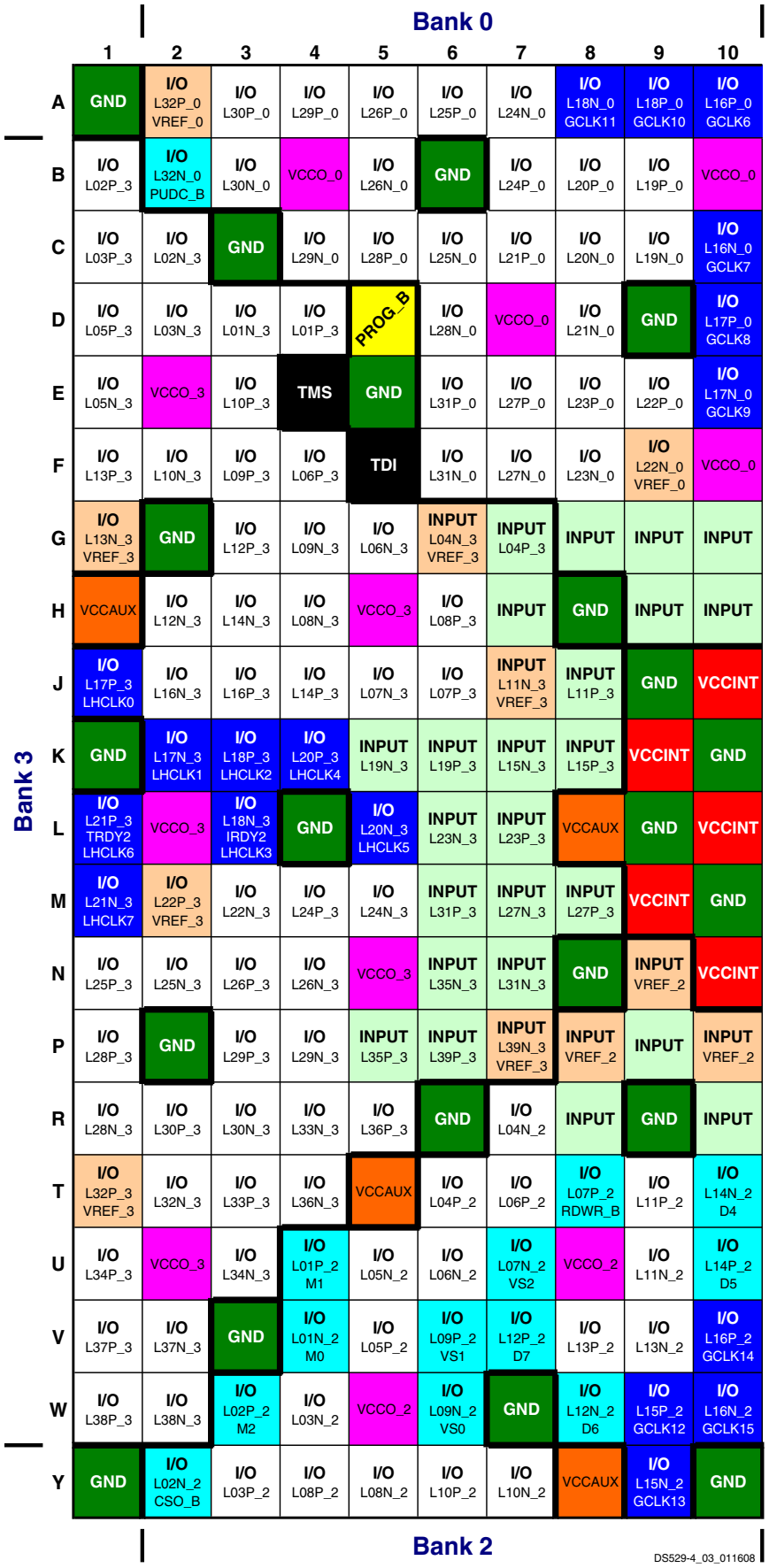

Figure 22: **FGG400 Package Footprint (Top View)**

Table 82: **Spartan-3AN FGG676 Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	Pin Name	FGG676 Ball	Type
1	IO_L51P_1	G23	I/O
1	IO_L53N_1	K20	I/O
1	IO_L53P_1	L20	I/O
1	IO_L54N_1	F24	I/O
1	IO_L54P_1	F25	I/O
1	IO_L55N_1	L17	I/O
1	IO_L55P_1	L18	I/O
1	IO_L56N_1	F23	I/O
1	IO_L56P_1	E24	I/O
1	IO_L57N_1	K18	I/O
1	IO_L57P_1	K19	I/O
1	IO_L58N_1	G22	I/O
1	IO_L58P_1/VREF_1	F22	VREF
1	IO_L59N_1	J20	I/O
1	IO_L59P_1	J19	I/O
1	IO_L60N_1	D26	I/O
1	IO_L60P_1	E26	I/O
1	IO_L61N_1	D24	I/O
1	IO_L61P_1	D25	I/O
1	IO_L62N_1/A21	H21	DUAL
1	IO_L62P_1/A20	J21	DUAL
1	IO_L63N_1/A23	C25	DUAL
1	IO_L63P_1/A22	C26	DUAL
1	IO_L64N_1/A25	G21	DUAL
1	IO_L64P_1/A24	H20	DUAL
1	IP_L16N_1	Y26	INPUT
1	IP_L16P_1	W25	INPUT
1	IP_L20N_1/VREF_1	V26	VREF
1	IP_L20P_1	W26	INPUT
1	IP_L24N_1/VREF_1	U26	VREF
1	IP_L24P_1	U25	INPUT
1	IP_L28N_1	R24	INPUT
1	IP_L28P_1/VREF_1	R23	VREF
1	IP_L32N_1	N25	INPUT
1	IP_L32P_1	N26	INPUT
1	IP_L36N_1	N23	INPUT
1	IP_L36P_1/VREF_1	M24	VREF
1	IP_L40N_1	L23	INPUT
1	IP_L40P_1	K24	INPUT
1	IP_L44N_1	H25	INPUT

Table 82: **Spartan-3AN FGG676 Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	Pin Name	FGG676 Ball	Type
1	IP_L44P_1/VREF_1	H26	VREF
1	IP_L48N_1	H24	INPUT
1	IP_L48P_1	H23	INPUT
1	IP_L52N_1/VREF_1	G25	VREF
1	IP_L52P_1	G26	INPUT
1	IP_L65N_1	B25	INPUT
1	IP_L65P_1/VREF_1	B26	VREF
1	VCCO_1	AB25	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	E25	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	H22	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	L19	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	L25	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	N22	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	T19	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	T25	VCCO
1	VCCO_1	W22	VCCO
2	IO_L01N_2/M0	AD4	DUAL
2	IO_L01P_2/M1	AC4	DUAL
2	IO_L02N_2/CSO_B	AA7	DUAL
2	IO_L02P_2/M2	Y7	DUAL
2	IO_L05N_2	Y9	I/O
2	IO_L05P_2	W9	I/O
2	IO_L06N_2	AF3	I/O
2	IO_L06P_2	AE3	I/O
2	IO_L07N_2	AF4	I/O
2	IO_L07P_2	AE4	I/O
2	IO_L08N_2	AD6	I/O
2	IO_L08P_2	AC6	I/O
2	IO_L09N_2	W10	I/O
2	IO_L09P_2	V10	I/O
2	IO_L10N_2	AE6	I/O
2	IO_L10P_2	AF5	I/O
2	IO_L11N_2	AE7	I/O
2	IO_L11P_2	AD7	I/O
2	IO_L12N_2	AA10	I/O
2	IO_L12P_2	Y10	I/O
2	IO_L13N_2	U11	I/O
2	IO_L13P_2	V11	I/O
2	IO_L14N_2	AB7	I/O
2	IO_L14P_2	AC8	I/O

Table 82: **Spartan-3AN FGG676 Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	Pin Name	FGG676 Ball	Type
GND	GND	T14	GND
GND	GND	T16	GND
GND	GND	T21	GND
GND	GND	T26	GND
GND	GND	U10	GND
GND	GND	U13	GND
GND	GND	U17	GND
GND	GND	V3	GND
GND	GND	W8	GND
GND	GND	W14	GND
GND	GND	W19	GND
GND	GND	W24	GND
VCCAUX	SUSPEND	V20	PWR MGMT
VCCAUX	DONE	AB21	CONFIG
VCCAUX	PROG_B	A2	CONFIG
VCCAUX	TCK	A25	JTAG
VCCAUX	TDI	G7	JTAG
VCCAUX	TDO	E23	JTAG
VCCAUX	TMS	D4	JTAG
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	AB5	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	AB11	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	AB22	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	E5	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	E16	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	E22	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	J18	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	K13	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	L5	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	N10	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	P17	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	T22	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	U14	VCCAUX
VCCAUX	VCCAUX	V9	VCCAUX
VCCINT	VCCINT	K15	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	L12	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	L14	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	L16	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	M11	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	M13	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	M15	VCCINT

Table 82: **Spartan-3AN FGG676 Pinout *(Cont'd)***

Bank	Pin Name	FGG676 Ball	Type
VCCINT	VCCINT	M17	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	N12	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	N13	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	N14	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	N16	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	P11	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	P13	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	P14	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	P15	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	R12	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	R14	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	R16	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	T11	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	T13	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	T15	VCCINT
VCCINT	VCCINT	U12	VCCINT