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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	109000
Total RAM Bits	7782400
Number of I/O	170
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.97V ~ 1.08V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	325-LFBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	325-FCBGA (11x11)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/mpf100t-1fcsg325i

1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 1.3

Revision 1.3 was published in June 2018. The following is a summary of changes.

- The System Services section was updated. For more information, see [System Services \(see page 59\)](#).
- The Non-Volatile Characteristics section was updated. For more information, see [Non-Volatile Characteristics \(see page 51\)](#).
- The Fabric Macros section was updated. For more information, see [Fabric Macros \(see page 60\)](#).
- The Transceiver Switching Characteristics section was updated. For more information, see [Transceiver Switching Characteristics \(see page 42\)](#).

1.2 Revision 1.2

Revision 1.2 was published in June 2018. The following is a summary of changes.

- The datasheet has moved to preliminary status. Every table has been updated.

1.3 Revision 1.1

Revision 1.1 was published in August 2017. The following is a summary of changes.

- LVDS specifications changed to 1.25G. For more information, see [HSIO Maximum Input Buffer Speed](#) and [HSIO Maximum Output Buffer Speed](#).
- LVDS18, LVDS25/LVDS33, and LVDS25 specifications changed to 800 Mbps. For more information, see [I/O Standards Specifications](#).
- A note was added indicting a zeroization cycle counts as a programming cycle. For more information, see [Non-Volatile Characteristics](#).
- A note was added defining power down conditions for programming recovery conditions. For more information, see [Power-Supply Ramp Times](#).

1.4 Revision 1.0

Revision 1.0 was the first publication of this document.

3 References

The following documents are recommended references. For more information about PolarFire static and dynamic power data, see the [PolarFire Power Estimator Spreadsheet](#).

- [PO0137](#): PolarFire FPGA Product Overview
- [ER0217](#): PolarFire FPGA Pre-Production Device Errata
- [UG0722](#): PolarFire FPGA Packaging and Pin Descriptions Users Guide
- [UG0726](#): PolarFire FPGA Board Design User Guide
- [UG0686](#): PolarFire FPGA User I/O User Guide
- [UG0680](#): PolarFire FPGA Fabric User Guide
- [UG0714](#): PolarFire FPGA Programming User Guide
- [UG0684](#): PolarFire FPGA Clocking Resources User Guide
- [UG0687](#): PolarFire FPGA 1G Ethernet Solutions User Guide
- [UG0727](#): PolarFire FPGA 10G Ethernet Solutions User Guide
- [UG0748](#): PolarFire FPGA Low Power User Guide
- [UG0676](#): PolarFire FPGA DDR Memory Controller User Guide
- [UG0743](#): PolarFire FPGA Debugging User Guide
- [UG0725](#): PolarFire FPGA Device Power-Up and Resets User Guide
- [UG0677](#): PolarFire FPGA Transceiver User Guide
- [UG0685](#): PolarFire FPGA PCI Express User Guide
- [UG0753](#): PolarFire FPGA Security User Guide
- [UG0752](#): PolarFire FPGA Power Estimator User Guide

6 DC Characteristics

This section lists the DC characteristics of the PolarFire FPGA device.

6.1 Absolute Maximum Rating

The following table lists the absolute maximum ratings for PolarFire devices.

Table 3 • Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
FPGA core power supply	V _{DD}	−0.5	1.13	V
Transceiver Tx and Rx lanes supply	V _{DDA}	−0.5	1.13	V
Programming and HSIO receiver supply	V _{DD18}	−0.5	2.0	V
FPGA core and FPGA PLL high-voltage supply	V _{DD25}	−0.5	2.7	V
Transceiver PLL high-voltage supply	V _{DDA25}	−0.5	2.7	V
Transceiver reference clock supply	V _{DD_XCVR_CLK}	−0.5	3.6	V
Global V _{REF} for transceiver reference clocks	XCVR _{VREF}	−0.5	3.6	V
HSIO DC I/O supply ²	V _{DDIx}	−0.5	2.0	V
GPIO DC I/O supply ²	V _{DDIx}	−0.5	3.6	V
Dedicated I/O DC supply for JTAG and SPI	V _{DDI3}	−0.5	3.6	V
GPIO auxiliary power supply for I/O bank x ²	V _{DDAUXx}	−0.5	3.6	V
Maximum DC input voltage on GPIO	V _{IN}	−0.5	3.8	V
Maximum DC input voltage on HSIO	V _{IN}	−0.5	2.2	V
Transceiver Receiver absolute input voltage	Transceiver V _{IN}	−0.5	1.26	V
Transceiver Reference clock absolute input voltage	Transceiver REFCLK V _{IN}	−0.5	3.6	V
Storage temperature (ambient) ¹	T _{STG}	−65	150	°C
Junction temperature ¹	T _J	−55	135	°C
Maximum soldering temperature RoHS	T _{SOLROHS}		260	°C
Maximum soldering temperature leaded	T _{SOLPB}		220	°C

1. See [FPGA Programming Cycles vs Retention Characteristics](#) for retention time vs. temperature. The total time used in calculating the device retention includes storage time and the device stored temperature.
2. The power supplies for a given I/O bank x are shown as V_{DDIx} and V_{DDAUXx}.

6.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

The following table lists the recommended operating conditions.

Table 4 • Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
FPGA core supply at 1.0 V mode ¹	V _{DD}	0.97	1.00	1.03	V
FPGA core supply at 1.05 V mode ¹	V _{DD}	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
Transceiver TX and RX lanes supply at 1.0 V mode (when all lane rates are 10.3125 Gbps or less) ¹	V _{DDA}	0.97	1.00	1.03	V

6.2.1 DC Characteristics over Recommended Operating Conditions

The following table lists the DC characteristics over recommended operating conditions.

Table 5 • DC Characteristics over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Condition
Input pin capacitance ¹	C _{IN} (dedicated GPIO)		5.6	pf	
	C _{IN} (GPIO)		5.6	pf	
	C _{IN} (HSIO)		2.8	pf	
Input or output leakage current per pin	I _L (GPIO)		10	μA	I/O disabled, high – Z
	I _L (HSIO)		10	μA	I/O disabled, high – Z
Input rise time (10%–90% of V _{DDIX}) ^{2, 3, 4}	T _{RISE}	0.66	2.64	ns	V _{DDIX} = 3.3 V
Input rise time (10%–90% of V _{DDIX}) ^{2, 3, 4}		0.50	2.00	ns	V _{DDIX} = 2.5 V
Input rise time (10%–90% of V _{DDIX}) ^{2, 3, 4}		0.36	1.44	ns	V _{DDIX} = 1.8 V
Input rise time (10%–90% of V _{DDIX}) ^{2, 3, 4}		0.30	1.20	ns	V _{DDIX} = 1.5 V
Input rise time (10%–90% of V _{DDIX}) ^{2, 3, 4}		0.24	0.96	ns	V _{DDIX} = 1.2 V
Input fall time (90%–10% of V _{DDIX}) ^{2, 3, 4}	T _{FALL}	0.66	2.64	ns	V _{DDIX} = 3.3 V
Input fall time (90%–10% of V _{DDIX}) ^{2, 3, 4}		0.50	2.00	ns	V _{DDIX} = 2.5 V
Input fall time (90%–10% of V _{DDIX}) ^{2, 3, 4}		0.36	1.44	ns	V _{DDIX} = 1.8 V
Input fall time (90%–10% of V _{DDIX}) ^{2, 3, 4}		0.30	1.20	ns	V _{DDIX} = 1.5 V
Input fall time (90%–10% of V _{DDIX}) ^{2, 3, 4}		0.24	0.96	ns	V _{DDIX} = 1.2 V
Pad pull-up when V _{IN} = 0 ⁵	I _{PU}	137	220	μA	V _{DDIX} = 3.3 V
Pad pull-up when V _{IN} = 0 ⁵		102	166	μA	V _{DDIX} = 2.5 V
Pad pull-up when V _{IN} = 0		68	115	μA	V _{DDIX} = 1.8 V
Pad pull-up when V _{IN} = 0		51	88	μA	V _{DDIX} = 1.5 V
Pad pull-up when V _{IN} = 0 ⁶		29	73	μA	V _{DDIX} = 1.35 V
Pad pull-up when V _{IN} = 0	I _{PD}	16	46	μA	V _{DDIX} = 1.2 V
Pad pull-down when V _{IN} = 3.3 V ⁵		65	187	μA	V _{DDIX} = 3.3 V
Pad pull-down when V _{IN} = 2.5 V ⁵		63	160	μA	V _{DDIX} = 2.5 V
Pad pull-down when V _{IN} = 1.8 V		60	117	μA	V _{DDIX} = 1.8 V
Pad pull-down when V _{IN} = 1.5 V		57	95	μA	V _{DDIX} = 1.5 V
Pad pull-down when V _{IN} = 1.35 V		52	86	μA	V _{DDIX} = 1.35 V
Pad pull-down when V _{IN} = 1.2 V		47	79	μA	V _{DDIX} = 1.2 V

1. Represents the die input capacitance at the pad not the package.
2. Voltage ramp must be monotonic.
3. Numbers based on rail-to-rail input signal swing and minimum 1 V/ns and maximum 4 V/ns. These are to be used for input delay measurement consistency.
4. I/O signal standards with smaller than rail-to-rail input swings can use a nominal value of 200 ps 20%–80% of swing and maximum value of 500 ps 20%–80% of swing.
5. GPIO only.

6.2.2 Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot

During transitions, input signals may overshoot and undershoot the voltage shown in the following table. Input currents must be limited to less than 100 mA per latch-up specifications.

Table 8 • Maximum Overshoot During Transitions for GPIO

AC (V _{IN}) Overshoot Duration as % at T _J = 100 °C	Condition (V)
100	3.8
100	3.85
100	3.9
100	3.95
70	4
50	4.05
33	4.1
22	4.15
14	4.2
9.8	4.25
6.5	4.3
4.4	4.35
3	4.4
2	4.45
1.4	4.5
0.9	4.55
0.6	4.6

Note: Overshoot level is for V_{DDI} at 3.3 V.

The following table shows the maximum AC input voltage (V_{IN}) undershoot duration for GPIO.

Table 9 • Maximum Undershoot During Transitions for GPIO

AC (V _{IN}) Undershoot Duration as % at T _J = 100 °C	Condition (V)
100	-0.5
100	-0.55
100	-0.6
100	-0.65
100	-0.7
100	-0.75
100	-0.8
100	-0.85
100	-0.9
100	-0.95
100	-1
100	-1.05
100	-1.1
100	-1.15
100	-1.2
69	-1.25
45	-1.3

I/O Standard	V _{DDI} Min (V)	V _{DDI} Typ (V)	V _{DDI} Max (V)	V _{IL} Min (V)	V _{IL} Max (V)	V _{IH} Min (V)	V _{IH} ¹ Max (V)
SSTL135I	1.283	1.35	1.418	−0.3	V _{REF} − 0.09	V _{REF} + 0.09	1.418
SSTL135II	1.283	1.35	1.418	−0.3	V _{REF} − 0.09	V _{REF} + 0.09	1.418
HSTL15I	1.425	1.5	1.575	−0.3	V _{REF} − 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	1.575
HSTL15II	1.425	1.5	1.575	−0.3	V _{REF} − 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	1.575
HSTL135I	1.283	1.35	1.418	−0.3	V _{REF} − 0.09	V _{REF} + 0.09	1.418
HSTL135II	1.283	1.35	1.418	−0.3	V _{REF} − 0.09	V _{REF} + 0.09	1.418
HSTL12I	1.14	1.2	1.26	−0.3	V _{REF} − 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	1.26
HSTL12II	1.14	1.2	1.26	−0.3	V _{REF} − 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	1.26
HSUL18I	1.71	1.8	1.89	−0.3	0.3 × V _{DDI}	0.7 × V _{DDI}	1.89
HSUL18II	1.71	1.8	1.89	−0.3	0.3 × V _{DDI}	0.7 × V _{DDI}	1.89
HSUL12I	1.14	1.2	1.26	−0.3	V _{REF} − 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	1.26
POD12I	1.14	1.2	1.26	−0.3	V _{REF} − 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	1.26
POD12II	1.14	1.2	1.26	−0.3	V _{REF} − 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	1.26

1. GPIO V_{IH} max is 3.45 V with PCI clamp diode turned off regardless of mode, that is, over-voltage tolerant.

2. For external stub-series resistance. This resistance is on-die for GPIO.

Note: 3.3 V and 2.5 V are only supported in GPIO banks.

I/O Standard	Bank Type	VICM_RANGE Libero Setting	V _{ICM} ^{1,3} Min (V)	V _{ICM} ^{1,3} Typ (V)	V _{ICM} ^{1,3} Max (V)	V _{ID} ² Min (V)	V _{ID} Typ (V)	V _{ID} Max (V)
LVDS18	HSIO	Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.35	0.6
		Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	1.65	0.1	0.35	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.35	0.6
LCMDS33	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	2.35	0.1	0.35	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.35	0.6
LCMDS18	HSIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	1.65	0.1	0.35	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.35	0.6
LCMDS25	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	2.35	0.1	0.35	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.35	0.6
RSDS33	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	2.35	0.1	0.2	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.6
RSDS25	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	2.35	0.1	0.2	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.6
RSDS18 ⁵	HSIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	1.65	0.1	0.2	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.6
MINILVDS33	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	2.35	0.1	0.3	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.3	0.6
MINILVDS25	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	2.35	0.1	0.3	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.3	0.6
MINILVDS18 ⁵	HSIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	1.65	0.1	0.3	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.3	0.6
SUBLVDS33	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	0.9	2.35	0.1	0.15	0.3
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.15	0.3
SUBLVDS25	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	0.9	2.35	0.1	0.15	0.3
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.15	0.3
SUBLVDS18 ⁵	HSIO	Mid (default)	0.6	0.9	1.65	0.1	0.15	0.3
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.15	0.3
PPDS33	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	0.8	2.35	0.1	0.2	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.6
PPDS25	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	0.8	2.35	0.1	0.2	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.6
PPDS18 ⁵	HSIO	Mid (default)	0.6	0.8	1.65	0.1	0.2	0.6
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.6
SLVS33 ⁶	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	2.35	0.1	0.2	0.3
		Low	0.05	0.2	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.3
SLVS25 ⁶	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	2.35	0.1	0.2	0.3
		Low	0.05	0.2	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.3
SLVS18 ⁵	HSIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.00	1.65	0.1	0.2	0.3
		Low	0.05	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.3
HCSL33 ⁶	GPIO	Mid (default)	0.6	1.25	2.35	0.1	0.55	1.1
		Low	0.05	0.35	0.8	0.1	0.55	1.1

7 AC Switching Characteristics

This section contains the AC switching characteristics of the PolarFire FPGA device.

7.1 I/O Standards Specifications

This section describes I/O delay measurement methodology, buffer speed, switching characteristics, digital latency, gearing training calibration, and maximum physical interface (PHY) rate for memory interface IP.

7.1.1 Input Delay Measurement Methodology Maximum PHY Rate for Memory Interface IP

The following table provides information about the methodology for input delay measurement.

Table 22 • Input Delay Measurement Methodology

Standard	Description	$V_L^{1,1}$	$V_H^{1,1}$	$V_{ID}^{2,2}$	$V_{ICM}^{2,2}$	$V_{MEAS}^{3,4}$	$V_{REF}^{1,5}$	Unit
PCI	PCIE 3.3 V	0	VDDI			VDDI/2		V
LVTTTL33	LVTTTL 3.3 V	0	VDDI			VDDI/2		V
LVCNOS33	LVCNOS 3.3 V	0	VDDI			VDDI/2		V
LVCNOS25	LVCNOS 2.5 V	0	VDDI			VDDI/2		V
LVCNOS18	LVCNOS 1.8 V	0	VDDI			VDDI/2		V
LVCNOS15	LVCNOS 1.5 V	0	VDDI			VDDI/2		V
LVCNOS12	LVCNOS 1.2 V	0	VDDI			VDDI/2		V
SSTL25I	SSTL 2.5 V Class I	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$			V_{REF}	1.25	V
SSTL25II	SSTL 2.5 V Class II	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$			V_{REF}	1.25	V
SSTL18I	SSTL 1.8 V Class I	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$			V_{REF}	0.90	V
SSTL18II	SSTL 1.8 V Class II	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$			V_{REF}	0.90	V
SSTL15I	SSTL 1.5 V Class I	$V_{REF} - .175$	$V_{REF} + .175$			V_{REF}	0.75	V
SSTL15II	SSTL 1.5 V Class II	$V_{REF} - .175$	$V_{REF} + .175$			V_{REF}	0.75	V
SSTL135I	SSTL 1.35 V Class I	$V_{REF} - .16$	$V_{REF} + .16$			V_{REF}	0.675	V
SSTL135II	SSTL 1.35 V Class II	$V_{REF} - .16$	$V_{REF} + .16$			V_{REF}	0.675	V
HSTL15I	HSTL 1.5 V Class I	$V_{REF} - .5$	$V_{REF} + .5$			V_{REF}	0.75	V
HSTL15II	HSTL 1.5 V Class II	$V_{REF} - .5$	$V_{REF} + .5$			V_{REF}	0.75	V
HSTL135I	HSTL 1.35 V Class I	$V_{REF} - 0.45$	$V_{REF} + .45$			V_{REF}	0.675	V
HSTL135II	HSTL 1.35 V Class II	$V_{REF} - .45$	$V_{REF} + .45$			V_{REF}	0.675	V
HSTL12	HSTL 1.2 V	$V_{REF} - .4$	$V_{REF} + .4$			V_{REF}	0.60	V

Standard	Description	V_L^1	V_H^1	V_{ID}^2	V_{ICM}^2	$V_{MEAS}^{3,4}$	$V_{REF}^{1,5}$	Unit
HSUL18I	HSUL 1.8 V Class I	$V_{REF} -$ 0.54	$V_{REF} +$ 0.54			V_{REF}	0.90	V
HSUL18II	HSUL 1.8 V Class II	$V_{REF} -$ 0.54	$V_{REF} +$ 0.54			V_{REF}	0.90	V
HSUL12	HSUL 1.2 V	$V_{REF} -$.22	$V_{REF} +$.22			V_{REF}	0.60	V
POD12I	Pseudo open drain (POD) logic 1.2 V Class I	$V_{REF} -$.15	$V_{REF} +$.15			V_{REF}	0.84	V
POD12II	POD 1.2 V Class II	$V_{REF} -$.15	$V_{REF} +$.15			V_{REF}	0.84	V
LVDS33	Low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) 3.3 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	1.250	0		V
LVDS25	LVDS 2.5 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	1.250	0		V
LVDS18	LVDS 1.8 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	0.900	0		V
RSDS33	RSDS 3.3 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	1.250	0		V
RSDS25	RSDS 2.5 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	1.250	0		V
RSDS18	RSDS 1.8 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	1.250	0		V
MINILVDS33	Mini-LVDS 3.3 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	1.250	0		V
MINILVDS25	Mini-LVDS 2.5 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	1.250	0		V
MINILVDS18	Mini-LVDS 1.8 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	1.250	0		V
SUBLVDS33	Sub-LVDS 3.3 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	0.900	0		V
SUBLVDS25	Sub-LVDS 2.5 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	0.900	0		V
SUBLVDS18	Sub-LVDS 1.8 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	0.900	0		V
PPDS33	Point-to-point differential signaling 3.3 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	0.800	0		V
PPDS25	PPDS 2.5 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	0.800	0		V
PPDS18	PPDS 1.8 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	0.800	0		V
SLVS33	Scalable low- voltage signaling 3.3 V	$V_{ICM} -$.125	$V_{ICM} +$.125	0.250	0.200	0		V

7.1.6 User I/O Switching Characteristics

The following section describes characteristics for user I/O switching.

For more information about user I/O timing, see the *PolarFire I/O Timing Spreadsheet* (to be released).

7.1.6.1 I/O Digital

The following tables provide information about I/O digital.

Table 30 • I/O Digital Receive Single-Data Rate Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Interface Name	Topology	STD Min	STD Typ	STD Max	–1 Min	–1 Typ	–1 Max	Unit	Clock-to-Data Condition
F _{MAX}	RX_SDR_G_A	Rx SDR							MHz	From a global clock source, aligned
F _{MAX}	RX_SDR_L_A	Rx SDR							MHz	From a lane clock source, aligned
F _{MAX}	RX_SDR_G_C	Rx SDR							MHz	From a global clock source, centered
F _{MAX}	RX_SDR_L_C	Rx SDR							MHz	From a lane clock source, centered

Table 31 • I/O Digital Receive Double-Data Rate Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Interface Name	Topology	STD Min	STD Typ	STD Max	–1 Min	–1 Typ	–1 Max	Unit	Clock-to-Data Condition
F _{MAX}	RX_DDR_G_A	Rx DDR		335			335	MHz	MHz	From a global clock source, aligned
F _{MAX}	RX_DDR_L_A	Rx DDR		250			250		MHz	From a lane clock source, aligned
F _{MAX}	RX_DDR_G_C	Rx DDR		335			335		MHz	From a global clock source, centered
F _{MAX}	RX_DDR_L_C	Rx DDR		250			250		MHz	From a lane clock source, centered
F _{MAX} 2:1	RX_DDRX_B_A	Rx DDR digital mode							MHz	From a HS_IO_CLK clock source, aligned

Parameter	Symbol	V _{DD} = 1.0 V STD	V _{DD} = 1.0 V –1	V _{DD} = 1.05 V STD	V _{DD} = 1.05 V –1	Unit	Condition
Regional clock duty cycle distortion	T _{DCDR}	120	120	120	120	ps	At 250 MHz

The following table provides clocking specifications from –40 °C to 100 °C.

Table 36 • High-Speed I/O Clock Characteristics (–40 °C to 100 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	V _{DD} = 1.0 V STD	V _{DD} = 1.0 V –1	V _{DD} = 1.05 V STD	V _{DD} = 1.05 V –1	Unit	Condition
High-speed I/O clock F _{MAX}	F _{MAXB}	1000	1250	1000	1250	MHz	HSIO and GPIO
High-speed I/O clock skew ¹	F _{SKEWB}	30	20	30	20	ps	HSIO without bridging
	F _{SKEWB}	600	500	600	500	ps	HSIO with bridging
	F _{SKEWB}	45	35	45	35	ps	GPIO without bridging
	F _{SKEWB}	75	60	75	60	ps	GPIO with bridging
High-speed I/O clock duty cycle distortion ²	T _{DCB}	90	90	90	90	ps	HSIO without bridging
	T _{DCB}	115	115	115	115	ps	HSIO with bridging
	T _{DCB}	90	90	90	90	ps	GPIO without bridging
	T _{DCB}	115	115	115	115	ps	GPIO with bridging

1. F_{SKEWB} is the worst-case clock-tree skew observable between sequential I/O elements. Clock-tree skew is significantly smaller at I/O registers close to each other and fed by the same or adjacent clock-tree branches. Use the Microsemi Timing Analyzer tool to evaluate clock skew specific to the design.
2. Parameters listed in this table correspond to the worst-case duty cycle distortion observable at the I/O flip flops. IBIS should be used to calculate any additional duty cycle distortion that might be caused by asymmetrical rise/fall times for any I/O standard.

7.2.2

PLL

The following table provides information about PLL.

Table 37 • PLL Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input clock frequency (integer mode)	F _{INI}	1		1250	MHz
Input clock frequency (fractional mode)	F _{INF}	10		1250	MHz
Minimum reference or feedback pulse width ¹	F _{INPULSE}	200			ps
Frequency at the Frequency Phase Detector (PFD) (integer mode)	F _{PHDET1}	1		312	MHz
Frequency at the PFD (fractional mode)	F _{PHDET2}	10	50	125	MHz
Allowable input duty cycle	F _{INDUTY}	25		75	%

7.3.2 SRAM Blocks

The following tables describe the LSRAM blocks' performance.

Table 43 • LSRAM Performance Industrial Temperature Range (–40 °C to 100 °C)

Parameter	V _{DD} = 1.0 V – STD	V _{DD} = 1.0 V – 1	V _{DD} = 1.05 V – STD	V _{DD} = 1.05 V – 1	Unit	Condition
Operating frequency	343	428	343	428	MHz	Two-port, all supported widths, pipelined, simple-write, and write-feed-through
	309	428	309	428	MHz	Two-port, all supported widths, non-pipelined, simple-write, and write-feed-through
	343	428	343	428	MHz	Dual-port, all supported widths, pipelined, simple-write, and write-feed-through
	309	428	309	428	MHz	Dual-port, all supported widths, non-pipelined, simple-write, and write-feed-through
	343	428	343	428	MHz	Two-port pipelined ECC mode, pipelined, simple-write, and write-feed-through
	279	295	279	295	MHz	Two-port non-pipelined ECC mode, pipelined, simple-write, and write-feed-through
	343	428	343	428	MHz	Two-port pipelined ECC mode, non-pipelined, simple-write, and write-feed-through
	196	285	196	285	MHz	Two-port non-pipelined ECC mode, non-pipelined, simple-write, and write-feed-through
	274	285	274	285	MHz	Two-port, all supported widths, pipelined, and read-before-write
	274	285	274	285	MHz	Two-port, all supported widths, non-pipelined, and read-before-write
	274	285	274	285	MHz	Dual-port, all supported widths, pipelined, and read-before-write
	274	285	274	285	MHz	Dual-port, all supported widths, non-pipelined, and read-before-write
	274	285	274	285	MHz	Two-port pipelined ECC mode, pipelined, and read-before-write
	274	285	274	285	MHz	Two-port non-pipelined ECC mode, pipelined, and read-before-write
	274	285	274	285	MHz	Two-port pipelined ECC mode, non-pipelined, and read-before-write
	193	285	193	285	MHz	Two-port non-pipelined ECC mode, non-pipelined, and read-before-write

Table 44 • μ SRAM Performance

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{DD} = 1.0\text{ V} - \text{STD}$	$V_{DD} = 1.0\text{ V} - 1$	$V_{DD} = 1.05\text{ V} - \text{STD}$	$V_{DD} = 1.05\text{ V} - 1$	Unit	Condition
Operating frequency	F_{MAX}	400	415	450	480	MHz	Write-port
Read access time	T_{ac}		2		2	ns	Read-port

Table 45 • μ PROM Performance

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{DD} = 1.0\text{ V} - \text{STD}$	$V_{DD} = 1.0\text{ V} - 1$	$V_{DD} = 1.05\text{ V} - \text{STD}$	$V_{DD} = 1.05\text{ V} - 1$	Unit
Read access time	T_{ac}	10	10	10	10	ns

7.4 Transceiver Switching Characteristics

This section describes transceiver switching characteristics.

7.4.1 Transceiver Performance

The following table describes transceiver performance.

Table 46 • PolarFire Transceiver and TXPLL Performance

Parameter	Symbol	STD Min	STD Typ	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Typ	-1 Max	Unit
Tx data rate ^{1,2}	F_{TXRate}	0.25		10.3125	0.25		12.7	Gbps
Tx OOB (serializer bypass) data rate	$F_{TXRateOOB}$	DC		1.5	DC		1.5	Gbps
Rx data rate when AC coupled ²	$F_{RxRateAC}$	0.25		10.3125	0.25		12.7	Gbps
Rx data rate when DC coupled	$F_{RxRateDC}$	0.25		3.2	0.25		3.2	Gbps
Rx OOB (deserializer bypass) data rate	$F_{TXRateOOB}$	DC		1.25	DC		1.25	Gbps
TXPLL output frequency ³	F_{TXPLL}	1.6		6.35	1.6		6.35	GHz
Rx CDR mode	F_{RXCDR}	0.25		10.3125	0.25		10.3125	Gbps
Rx DFE mode ²	F_{RXDFE}	3.0		10.3125	3.0		12.7	Gbps
Rx Eye Monitor mode ²	$F_{RXEyeMon}$	3.0		10.3125	3.0		12.7	Gbps

1. The reference clock is required to be a minimum of 75 MHz for data rates of 10 Gbps and above.
2. For data rates greater than 10.3125 Gbps, VDDA must be set to 1.05 V mode. See supply tolerance in the section [Recommended Operating Conditions](#) (see page 6).
3. The Tx PLL rate is between 0.5x to 5.5x the Tx data rate. The Tx data rate depends on per XCVR lane Tx post-divider settings.

7.4.2 Transceiver Reference Clock Performance

The following table describes performance of the transceiver reference clock.

Table 47 • PolarFire Transceiver Reference Clock AC Requirements

Parameter	Symbol	STD Min	STD Typ	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Typ	-1 Max	Unit
Reference clock input rate ^{1,2}	$F_{TXREFCLK}$	20		800	20		800	MHz

Table 48 • Transceiver Differential Reference Clock I/O Standards

I/O Standard	Comment
LVDS25	For DC input levels, see table Differential DC Input and Output Levels .
HCSL25 (for PCIe)	

Note: The transceiver reference clock differential receiver supports V_{CM} common mode.

7.4.4 Transceiver Interface Performance

The following table describes the single-ended I/O standards supported as transceiver reference clocks.

Table 49 • Transceiver Single-Ended Reference Clock I/O Standards

I/O Standard	Comment
LVC MOS25	For DC input levels, see table DC Input and Output Levels .

7.4.5 Transmitter Performance

The following tables describe performance of the transmitter.

Table 50 • Transceiver Reference Clock Input Termination

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Single-ended termination	RefTerm		50		Ω
Single-ended termination	RefTerm		75		Ω
Single-ended termination	RefTerm		150		Ω
Differential termination	RefDiffTerm		115 ¹		Ω
Power-up termination			>50K		Ω

1. Measured at V_{CM} = 1.2 V and V_{ID} = 350 mV.

Note: All pull-ups are disabled at power-up to allow hot plug capability.

Table 51 • PolarFire Transceiver User Interface Clocks

Parameter	Modes ¹	STD Min	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Max	Unit
Transceiver TX_CLK range (non- deterministic PCS mode with global or regional fabric clocks)	8-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps		200		200	MHz
	10-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps		160		160	MHz
	16-bit, max data rate = 4.8 Gbps		300		300	MHz
	20-bit, max data rate = 6.0 Gbps		300		300	MHz
	32-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (–STD) / 12.7 Gbps (–1) ¹		325		325	MHz
	40-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (–STD) / 12.7 Gbps (–1) ¹		260		320	MHz
	64-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (–STD) / 12.7 Gbps (–1) ¹		165		160	MHz
	80-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (–STD) / 12.7 Gbps (–1) ¹		130		130	MHz
	Fabric pipe mode 32-bit, max data rate = 6.0 Gbps		150		150	MHz
	8-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps		200		200	MHz

Parameter	Modes ¹	STD Min	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Max	Unit
Transceiver RX_CLK range (non- deterministic PCS mode with global or regional fabric clocks)	10-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps		160		160	MHz
	16-bit, max data rate = 4.8 Gbps		300		300	MHz
	20-bit, max data rate = 6.0 Gbps		300		300	MHz
	32-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps		325		325	MHz
	40-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (–STD) / 12.7 Gbps (–1) ¹		260		320	MHz
	64-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (–STD) / 12.7 Gbps (–1) ¹		165		200	MHz
	80-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (–STD) / 12.7 Gbps (–1) ¹		130		160	MHz
	Fabric pipe mode 32-bit, max data rate = 6.0 Gbps		150		150	MHz
Transceiver TX_CLK range (deterministic PCS mode with regional fabric clocks)	8-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps		200		200	MHz
	10-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps		160		160	MHz
	16-bit, max data rate = 3.6 Gbps (–STD) / 4.25 Gbps (–1)		225		266	MHz
	20-bit, max data rate = 4.5 Gbps (–STD) / 5.32 Gbps (–1)		225		266	MHz
	32-bit, max data rate = 7.2 Gbps (–STD) / 8.5 Gbps (–1)		225		266	MHz
	40-bit, max data rate = 9.0 Gbps (–STD) / 10.6 Gbps (–1) ¹		225		266	MHz
	64-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (–STD) / 12.7 Gbps (–1) ¹		165		200	MHz
	80-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (–STD) / 12.7 Gbps (–1) ¹		130		160	MHz
Transceiver RX_CLK range (deterministic PCS mode with regional fabric clocks)	8-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps		200		200	MHz
	10-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps		160		160	MHz
	16-bit, max data rate = 3.6 Gbps (–STD) / 4.25 Gbps (–1)		225		266	MHz
	20-bit, max data rate = 4.5 Gbps (–STD) / 5.32 Gbps (–1)		225		266	MHz
	32-bit, max data rate = 7.2 Gbps (–STD) / 8.5 Gbps (–1)		225		266	MHz
	40-bit, max data rate = 9.0 Gbps (–STD) / 10.6 Gbps (–1) ¹		225		266	MHz
	64-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (–STD) / 12.7 Gbps (–1) ¹		165		200	MHz
	80-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (–STD) / 12.7 Gbps (–1) ¹		130		160	MHz

1. For data rates greater than 10.3125 Gbps, VDDA must be set to 1.05 V mode. See supply tolerance in the section [Recommended Operating Conditions](#) (see page 6).

Note: Until specified, all modes are non-deterministic. For more information, see [UG0677: PolarFire FPGA Transceiver User Guide](#).

7.5.7 CPRI

The following table describes CPRI.

Table 66 • CPRI

	Data Rate	Min	Max	Unit
Total transmit jitter	0.6144 Gbps			UI
	1.2288 Gbps			UI
	2.4576 Gbps			UI
	3.0720 Gbps			UI
	4.9152 Gbps			UI
	6.1440 Gbps			UI
	9.8304 Gbps			UI
	10.1376 Gbps			UI
	12.16512 Gbps ¹			UI
Receive jitter tolerance	0.6144 Gbps			UI
	1.2288 Gbps			UI
	2.4576 Gbps			UI
	3.0720 Gbps			UI
	4.9152 Gbps			UI
	6.1440 Gbps			UI
	9.8304 Gbps			UI
	10.1376 Gbps			UI
	12.16512 Gbps ¹			UI

1. For data rates greater than 10.3125 Gbps, VDDA must be set to 1.05 V mode. See supply tolerance in the section [Recommended Operating Conditions \(see page 6\)](#).

7.5.8 JESD204B

The following table describes JESD204B.

Table 67 • JESD204B

Parameter	Data Rate	Min	Max	Unit
Total transmit jitter	3.125 Gbps		0.35	UI
	6.25 Gbps		0.3	UI
	12.5 Gbps ¹			UI
Receive jitter tolerance	3.125 Gbps	0.56		UI
	6.25 Gbps	0.6		UI
	12.5 Gbps ¹			UI

1. For data rates greater than 10.3125 Gbps, VDDA must be set to 1.05V mode. See supply tolerance in the section [Recommended Operating Conditions \(see page 6\)](#).

7.6 Non-Volatile Characteristics

The following section describes non-volatile characteristics.

Devices	IAP	FlashPro4	FlashPro5	BP	Silicon Sculptor	Units
MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS						

Notes:

- FlashPro4 4 MHz TCK.
- FlashPro5 10 MHz TCK.
- PC configuration: Intel i7 at 3.6 GHz, 32 GB RAM, Windows 10.

Table 83 • Verify System Services

Parameter	Symbol	ServiceID	Devices	Typ	Max	Unit
In application verify by index	T _{IAP_Ver_Index}	44H	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			s
			MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	8.2	9	s
			MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	12.4	13	s
			MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			s
In application verify by SPI address	T _{IAP_Ver_Addr}	45H	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			s
			MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	8.2	9	s
			MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	12.4	13	s
			MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			s

7.6.8 Authentication Time

The following tables describe authentication system service time.

Table 84 • Authentication Services

Parameter	Symbol	ServiceID	Devices	Typ	Max	Unit
Bitstream Authentication	T _{BIT_AUTH}	22H	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			s
			MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	3.3	3.7	s
			MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	4.9	5.4	s
			MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			s
IAP Image Authentication	T _{IAP_AUTH}	23H	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			s
			MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	3.3	3.7	s
			MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	4.9	5.4	s
			MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			s

7.6.9 Secure NVM Performance

The following table describes secure NVM performance.

Table 85 • sNVM Read/Write Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Plain text programming		7.0	7.2	7.9	ms	
Authenticated text programming		7.2	7.4	9.4	ms	
Authenticated and encrypted text programming		7.2	7.4	9.4	ms	
Authentication R/W 1st access from power-up overhead	T _{PUF_OVHD}		100	111	ms	From T _{FAB_READY}
Plain text read		7.67	7.79	8.2	μs	

Parameter	Symbol	Service ID	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Secure NVM read	T _{SNVM_Rd}	18H				Note 1
Digital signature service raw	T _{SIG_RAW}	19H	174	187	ms	
Digital signature service DER	T _{SIG_DER}	1AH	174	187	ms	
Reserved		1BH–1FH				
PUF emulation	T _{Challenge}	20H	1.8	2.0	ms	
Nonce service	T _{Nonce}	21H	1.2	1.4	ms	
Bitstream authentication	T _{BIT_AUTH}	22H				Note 4
IAP Image authentication	T _{IAP_AUTH}	23H				Note 4
Reserved		26H–3FH				
In application programming by index	T _{IAP_Prg_Index}	42H				Note 2
In application programming by SPI address	T _{IAP_Prg_Addr}	43H				Note 2
In application verify by index	T _{IAP_Ver_Index}	44H				Note 5
In application verify by SPI address	T _{IAP_Ver_Addr}	45H				Note 5
Auto update	T _{AutoUpdate}	46H				Note 2
Digest check	T _{digest_chk}	47H				Note 3

1. See [sNVM Read/Write Characteristics](#) (see page 58).
2. See [SPI Master Programming Time](#) (see page 52).
3. See [Digest Times](#) (see page 54).
4. See [Authentication Services Time](#) (see page 58).
5. See [Verify Services Time](#) (see page 58).
6. Throughputs described are measured from SS_REQ assertion to BUSY de-assertion.

7.8 Fabric Macros

This section describes switching characteristics of UJTAG, UJTAG_SEC, USPI, system controller, and temper detectors and dynamic reconfiguration details.

7.8.1 UJTAG Switching Characteristics

The following section describes characteristics of UJTAG switching.

Table 88 • UJTAG Performance Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
TCK frequency	F _{TCK}			25	MHz	

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
Voltage sensing range	0.9		2.8	V	
Voltage sensing accuracy	–1.5		1.5	%	

Table 93 • Tamper Macro Timing Characteristics—Flags and Clearing

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
From event detection to flag generation	T _{JTAG_ACTIVE} ^{1, 2}	45	52	ns
	T _{MESH_ERR} ²	1.8	2.2	μs
	T _{CLK_GLITCH} ^{1, 2}			ns
	T _{CLK_FREQ} ^{1, 2}			μs
	T _{LOW_1P05} ²	70	108	μs
	T _{HIGH_1P8} ²	85	120	μs
	T _{HIGH_2P5} ²	130	520	μs
	T _{GLITCH_1P05} ²			μs
	T _{SECDEC} ^{1, 2}			μs
	T _{DRI_ERR} ²	14	18	μs
	T _{WDOG} ^{1, 2}			μs
	T _{LOCK_ERR} ²			μs
Time from system controller instruction execution to flag generation	T _{INST_BUF_ACCESS} ^{2, 3}	4	5	μs
	T _{INST_DEBUG} ^{2, 3}	3.3	4	μs
	T _{INST_CHK_DIGEST} ^{2, 3}	1.8	3	μs
	T _{INST_EC_SETUP} ^{2, 3}	1.8	2	μs
	T _{INST_FACT_PRIV} ^{2, 3}	3.8	5	μs
	T _{INST_KEY_VAL} ^{2, 3}	2.5	3.1	μs
	T _{INST_MISC} ^{2, 3}	1.5	2	μs
	T _{INST_PASSCODE_MATCH} ^{2, 3}	2.5	3	μs
	T _{INST_PASSCODE_SETUP} ^{2, 3}	4.2	5	μs
	T _{INST_PROG} ^{2, 3}	3.8	4.1	μs
	T _{INST_PUB_INFO} ^{2, 3}	4	4.5	μs
	T _{INST_ZERO_RECO} ^{2, 3}	2.5	3	μs
	T _{INST_PASSCODE_FAIL} ^{2, 3}	170	180	μs
	T _{INST_KEY_VAL_FAIL} ^{2, 3}	92	110	μs
	T _{INST_UNUSED} ^{2, 3}	4	5	μs
Time from sending the CLEAR to deassertion on FLAG	T _{CLEAR_FLAG}	17	23	ns

1. Not available during Flash*Freeze.
2. The timing does not impact the user design, but it is useful for security analysis.
3. System service requests from the fabric will interrupt the system controller delaying the generation of the flag.

Table 94 • Tamper Macro Response Timing Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
Time from triggering the response to all I/Os disabled	T _{IO_DISABLE}	40	50	ns

1. With DPA counter measures.

Table 115 • HMAC

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
HMAC-SHA-256 ¹ , 256-bit key	512	7477	2361
	64K	88367	2099
HMAC-SHA-384 ¹ , 384-bit key	1024	13049	2257
	64K	106103	2153

1. With DPA counter measures.

Table 116 • CMAC

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
AES-CMAC-256 ¹ (message is only authenticated)	128	446	9058
	64K	45494	111053

1. With DPA counter measures.

Table 117 • KEY TREE

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
128-bit nonce + 8-bit optype		102457	2751
256-bit nonce + 8-bit optype		103218	2089

Table 118 • SHA

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
SHA-1 ¹	512	2386	1579
	64K	77576	990
SHA-256 ¹	512	2516	884
	64K	84752	938
SHA-384 ¹	1024	4154	884
	64K	100222	938
SHA-512 ¹	1024	4154	881
	64K	100222	935

1. With DPA counter measures.

Table 119 • ECC

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
ECDSA SigGen, P-384/SHA-384 ¹	1024	12528912	6944
	8K	12540448	5643
ECDSA SigGen, P-384/SHA-384	1024	5502928	6155