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Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	109000
Total RAM Bits	7782400
Number of I/O	284
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.97V ~ 1.08V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 100°C (Tj)
Package / Case	484-BFBGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (19x19)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/mpf100tl-fcvg484e

Note: The following dedicated pins do not support hot socketing: TMS, TDI, TRSTB, DEVRST_N, and FF_EXIT_N. Weak pull-up (as specified in GPIO) is always enabled.

6.3 Input and Output

The following section describes:

- DC I/O levels
- Differential and complementary differential DC I/O levels
- HSIO and GPIO on-die termination specifications
- LVDS specifications

6.3.1 DC Input and Output Levels

The following tables list the DC I/O levels.

Table 12 • DC Input Levels

I/O Standard	V _{DDI} Min (V)	V _{DDI} Typ (V)	V _{DDI} Max (V)	V _{IL} Min (V)	V _{IL} Max (V)	V _{IH} Min (V)	V _{IH} ¹ Max (V)
PCI	3.15	3.3	3.45	-0.3	0.3 x V _{DDI}	0.5 x V _{DDI}	3.45
LVTTTL	3.15	3.3	3.45	-0.3	0.8	2	3.45
LVC MOS33	3.15	3.3	3.45	-0.3	0.8	2	3.45
LVC MOS25	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	2.625
LVC MOS18	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 x V _{DDI}	0.65 x V _{DDI}	1.89
LVC MOS15	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 x V _{DDI}	0.65 x V _{DDI}	1.575
LVC MOS12	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 x V _{DDI}	0.65 x V _{DDI}	1.26
SSTL25I ²	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	V _{REF} - 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	2.625
SSTL25II ²	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	V _{REF} - 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	2.625
SSTL18I ²	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	V _{REF} - 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	1.89
SSTL18II ²	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	V _{REF} - 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	1.89
SSTL15I	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	1.575
SSTL15II	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	1.575

Min (%)	Typ	Max (%)	Unit	Condition
-20	60	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.2\text{ V}$
-20	120	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.2\text{ V}$

Note: Thevenin impedance is calculated based on independent P and N as measured at 50% of V_{DDI} . For 50 Ω /75 Ω /150 Ω cases, nearest supported values of 40 Ω /60 Ω /120 Ω are used.

Table 19 • Single-Ended Termination to VDDI (Internal Parallel Termination to VDDI)

Min (%)	Typ	Max (%)	Unit	Condition
-20	34	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.2\text{ V}$
-20	40	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.2\text{ V}$
-20	48	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.2\text{ V}$
-20	60	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.2\text{ V}$
-20	80	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.2\text{ V}$
-20	120	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.2\text{ V}$
-20	240	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.2\text{ V}$

Note: Measured at 80% of V_{DDI} .

Table 20 • Single-Ended Termination to VSS (Internal Parallel Termination to VSS)

Min (%)	Typ	Max (%)	Unit	Condition
-20	120	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.8\text{ V}/1.5\text{ V}$
-20	240	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.8\text{ V}/1.5\text{ V}$
-20	120	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.2\text{ V}$
-20	240	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.2\text{ V}$

Note: Measured at 50% of V_{DDI} .

6.3.5 GPIO On-Die Termination

The following table lists the on-die termination calibration accuracy specifications for GPIO bank.

Table 21 • On-Die Termination Calibration Accuracy Specifications for GPIO Bank

Parameter	Description	Min (%)	Typ	Max (%)	Unit	Condition
Differential termination ¹	Internal differential termination	-20	100	20	Ω	$V_{ICM} < 0.8\text{ V}$
		-20	100	40	Ω	$0.6\text{ V} < V_{ICM} < 1.65\text{ V}$
		-20	100	80	Ω	$1.4\text{ V} < V_{ICM}$
Single-ended thevenin termination ^{2,3}	Internal parallel thevenin termination	-40	50	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.8\text{ V}/1.5\text{ V}$
		-40	75	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.8\text{ V}$
		-40	150	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.8\text{ V}$
		-20	20	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.5\text{ V}$
		-20	30	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.5\text{ V}$
		-20	40	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.5\text{ V}$
		-20	60	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.5\text{ V}$
		-20	120	20	Ω	$V_{DDI} = 1.5\text{ V}$

Standard	STD	-1	Unit
HSTL15I	900	1100	Mbps
HSTL15II	900	1100	Mbps
HSTL135I	1066	1066	Mbps
HSTL135II	1066	1066	Mbps
HSUL18I	400	400	Mbps
HSUL18II	400	400	Mbps
HSUL12	1066	1333	Mbps
HSTL12	1066	1266	Mbps
POD12I	1333	1600	Mbps
POD12II	1333	1600	Mbps
LVC MOS18 (12 mA)	500	500	Mbps
LVC MOS15 (10 mA)	500	500	Mbps
LVC MOS12 (8 mA)	300	300	Mbps

1. Performance is achieved with $V_{ID} \geq 200$ mV.

Table 25 • GPIO Maximum Input Buffer Speed

Standard	STD	-1	Unit
LVDS25/LVDS33/LCMD25/LCMD33	1250	1600	Mbps
RS25/RS33	800	800	Mbps
MINILVDS25/MINILVDS33	800	800	Mbps
SUBLVDS25/SUBLVDS33	800	800	Mbps
PPDS25/PPDS33	800	800	Mbps
SLVS25/SLVS33	800	800	Mbps
SLVSE15	800	800	Mbps
HCSL25/HCSL33	800	800	Mbps
BUSLVDS25	800	800	Mbps
MLVDS25	800	800	Mbps
LVPECL33	800	800	Mbps
SSTL25I	800	800	Mbps
SSTL25II	800	800	Mbps
SSTL18I	800	800	Mbps
SSTL18II	800	800	Mbps
SSTL15I	800	1066	Mbps
SSTL15II	800	1066	Mbps
HSTL15I	800	900	Mbps
HSTL15II	800	900	Mbps
HSUL18I	400	400	Mbps
HSUL18II	400	400	Mbps
PCI	500	500	Mbps
LVTTTL33 (20 mA)	500	500	Mbps
LVC MOS33 (20 mA)	500	500	Mbps
LVC MOS25 (16 mA)	500	500	Mbps

7.1.6 User I/O Switching Characteristics

The following section describes characteristics for user I/O switching.

For more information about user I/O timing, see the *PolarFire I/O Timing Spreadsheet* (to be released).

7.1.6.1 I/O Digital

The following tables provide information about I/O digital.

Table 30 • I/O Digital Receive Single-Data Rate Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Interface Name	Topology	STD Min	STD Typ	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Typ	-1 Max	Unit	Clock-to-Data Condition
F _{MAX}	RX_SDR_G_A	Rx SDR							MHz	From a global clock source, aligned
F _{MAX}	RX_SDR_L_A	Rx SDR							MHz	From a lane clock source, aligned
F _{MAX}	RX_SDR_G_C	Rx SDR							MHz	From a global clock source, centered
F _{MAX}	RX_SDR_L_C	Rx SDR							MHz	From a lane clock source, centered

Table 31 • I/O Digital Receive Double-Data Rate Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Interface Name	Topology	STD Min	STD Typ	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Typ	-1 Max	Unit	Clock-to-Data Condition
F _{MAX}	RX_DDR_G_A	Rx DDR		335			335		MHz	From a global clock source, aligned
F _{MAX}	RX_DDR_L_A	Rx DDR		250			250		MHz	From a lane clock source, aligned
F _{MAX}	RX_DDR_G_C	Rx DDR		335			335		MHz	From a global clock source, centered
F _{MAX}	RX_DDR_L_C	Rx DDR		250			250		MHz	From a lane clock source, centered
F _{MAX} 2:1	RX_DDRX_B_A	Rx DDR digital mode							MHz	From a HS_IO_CLK clock source, aligned

Parameter	Interface Name	Topology	STD Min	STD Typ	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Typ	-1 Max	Unit	Clock-to-Data Condition
F _{MAX} 8:1	RX_DDRX_BL_C	Rx DDR digital mode							MHz	From a HS_IO_CLK clock source, centered

Table 32 • I/O Digital Transmit Single-Data Rate Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Interface Name	Topology	STD Min	STD Typ	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Typ	-1 Max	Unit	Forwarded Clock-to-Data Skew
Output F _{MAX}	TX_SDR_G_A	Tx SDR							MHz	From a global clock source, aligned ¹
	TX_SDR_G_C	Tx SDR							MHz	From a global clock source, centered ¹

1. A centered clock-to-data interface can be created with a negedge launch of the data.

Table 33 • I/O Digital Transmit Double-Data Rate Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Interface Name	Topology	STD Min	STD Typ	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Typ	-1 Max	Unit	Forwarded Clock-to-Data Skew
Output F _{MAX}	TX_DDR_G_A	Tx DDR			335			335	MHz	From a global clock source, aligned
	TX_DDR_G_C	Tx DDR			335			335	MHz	From a global clock source, centered
	TX_DDR_L_A	Tx DDR			250			250	MHz	From a lane clock source, aligned
	TX_DDR_L_C	Tx DDR			250			250	MHz	From a lane clock source, centered
Output F _{MAX} 2:1	TX_DDRX_B_A	Tx DDR digital mode							MHz	From a HS_IO_CLK clock source, aligned
Output F _{MAX} 4:1	TX_DDRX_B_A	Tx DDR digital mode							MHz	From a HS_IO_CLK clock source, aligned
Output F _{MAX} 8:1	TX_DDRX_B_A	Tx DDR digital mode							MHz	From a HS_IO_CLK clock source, aligned

Parameter	Symbol	V _{DD} = 1.0 V STD	V _{DD} = 1.0 V -1	V _{DD} = 1.05 V STD	V _{DD} = 1.05 V -1	Unit	Condition
Regional clock duty cycle distortion	T _{DCCR}	120	120	120	120	ps	At 250 MHz

The following table provides clocking specifications from -40 °C to 100 °C.

Table 36 • High-Speed I/O Clock Characteristics (-40 °C to 100 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	V _{DD} = 1.0 V STD	V _{DD} = 1.0 V -1	V _{DD} = 1.05 V STD	V _{DD} = 1.05 V -1	Unit	Condition
High-speed I/O clock F _{MAX}	F _{MAXB}	1000	1250	1000	1250	MHz	HSIO and GPIO
High-speed I/O clock skew ¹	F _{SKEWB}	30	20	30	20	ps	HSIO without bridging
	F _{SKEWB}	600	500	600	500	ps	HSIO with bridging
	F _{SKEWB}	45	35	45	35	ps	GPIO without bridging
	F _{SKEWB}	75	60	75	60	ps	GPIO with bridging
High-speed I/O clock duty cycle distortion ²	T _{DCB}	90	90	90	90	ps	HSIO without bridging
	T _{DCB}	115	115	115	115	ps	HSIO with bridging
	T _{DCB}	90	90	90	90	ps	GPIO without bridging
	T _{DCB}	115	115	115	115	ps	GPIO with bridging

1. F_{SKEWB} is the worst-case clock-tree skew observable between sequential I/O elements. Clock-tree skew is significantly smaller at I/O registers close to each other and fed by the same or adjacent clock-tree branches. Use the Microsemi Timing Analyzer tool to evaluate clock skew specific to the design.
2. Parameters listed in this table correspond to the worst-case duty cycle distortion observable at the I/O flip flops. IBIS should be used to calculate any additional duty cycle distortion that might be caused by asymmetrical rise/fall times for any I/O standard.

7.2.2

PLL

The following table provides information about PLL.

Table 37 • PLL Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input clock frequency (integer mode)	F _{INI}	1		1250	MHz
Input clock frequency (fractional mode)	F _{INF}	10		1250	MHz
Minimum reference or feedback pulse width ¹	F _{INPULSE}	200			ps
Frequency at the Frequency Phase Detector (PFD) (integer mode)	F _{PHDETI}	1		312	MHz
Frequency at the PFD (fractional mode)	F _{PHDETF}	10	50	125	MHz
Allowable input duty cycle	F _{INDUTY}	25		75	%

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Maximum input period clock jitter (reference and feedback clocks) ²	F _{MAXINJ}		120	1000	ps
PLL VCO frequency	F _{VCO}	800		5000	MHz
Loop bandwidth (Int) ³	F _{BW}	F _{PHDET} /55	F _{PHDET} /44	F _{PHDET} /30	MHz
Loop bandwidth (FRAC) ³	F _{BW}	F _{PHDET} /91	F _{PHDET} /77	F _{PHDET} /56	MHz
Static phase offset of the PLL outputs ⁴	T _{SPO}			Max (±60 ps, ±0.5 degrees)	ps
	T _{OUTJITTER}				ps
PLL output duty cycle precision	T _{OUTDUTY}	48		54	%
PLL lock time ⁵	T _{LOCK}			Max (6.0 μs, 625 PFD cycles)	μs
PLL unlock time ⁶	T _{UNLOCK}	2		8	PFD cycles
PLL output frequency	F _{OUT}	0.050		1250	MHz
Minimum reset pulse width	T _{MRPW}				μs
Maximum delay in the feedback path ⁷	F _{MAXDFB}			1.5	PFD cycles
Spread spectrum modulation spread ⁸	Mod_Spread	0.1		3.1	%
Spread spectrum modulation frequency ⁹	Mod_Freq	F _{PHDET} /(128x63)	32	F _{PHDET} /(128)	KHz

1. Minimum time for high or low pulse width.
2. Maximum jitter the PLL can tolerate without losing lock.
3. Default bandwidth setting of BW_PROP_CTRL = "01" for Integer and Fraction modes leads to the typical estimated bandwidth. This bandwidth can be lowered by setting BW_PROP_CTRL = "00" and can be increased if BW_PROP_CTRL = "10" and will be at the highest value if BW_PROP_CTRL = "11".
4. Maximum (±3-Sigma) phase error between any two outputs with nominally aligned phases.
5. Input clock cycle is REFDIV/F_{REF}. For example, F_{REF} = 25 MHz, REFDIV = 1, lock time = 10.0 (assumes LOCKCOUNTSEL setting = 4'd8 (256 cycles)).
6. Unlock occurs if two cycle slip within LOCKCOUNT/4 PFD cycles.
7. Maximum propagation delay of external feedback path in deskew mode.
8. Programmable capability for depth of down spread or center spread modulation.
9. Programmable modulation rate based on the modulation divider setting (1 to 63).

Note: In order to meet all data sheet specifications, the PLL must be programmed such that the PLL Loop Bandwidth < (0.0017 * VCO Frequency) – 0.4863 MHz. The Libero PLL configuration tool will enforce this rule when creating PLL configurations.

7.2.3

DLL

The following table provides information about DLL.

Table 38 • DLL Electrical Characteristics

Parameter ¹	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input reference clock frequency	F _{INF}	133		800	MHz
Input feedback clock frequency	F _{INFDBF}	133		800	MHz
Primary output clock frequency	F _{OUTPF}	133		800	MHz

Parameter ¹	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Secondary output clock frequency ²	F _{OUTSF}	33.3		800	MHz
Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter	F _{INJ}			200	ps
Output clock period cycle-to-cycle jitter (w/clean input)	T _{OUTJITTERP}			300	ps
Output clock-to-clock skew between two outputs with the same phase settings	T _{SKEW}			±200	ps
DLL lock time	T _{LOCK}	16		16K	Reference clock cycles
Minimum reset pulse width	T _{MRPW}	3			ns
Minimum input pulse width ³	T _{MIPW}	20			ns
Minimum input clock pulse width high	T _{MPWH}	400			ps
Minimum input clock pulse width low	T _{MPWL}	400			ps
Delay step size	T _{DEL}	12.7	30	35	ps
Maximum delay block delay ⁴	T _{DELMAX}	1.8		4.8	ns
Output clock duty cycle (with 50% duty cycle input) ⁵	T _{DUTY}	40		60	%
Output clock duty cycle (in phase reference mode) ⁵	T _{DUTY50}	45		55	%

1. For all DLL modes.
2. Secondary output clock divided by four option.
3. On load, direction, move, hold, and update input signals.
4. 128 delay taps in one delay block.
5. Without duty cycle correction enabled.

7.2.4 RC Oscillators

The following tables provide internal RC clock resources for user designs and additional information about designing systems with RF front end information about emitters generated on-chip to support programming operations.

Table 39 • 2 MHz RC Oscillator Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating frequency	RC _{2FREQ}		2		MHz
Accuracy	RC _{2FACC}	-4		4	%
Duty cycle	RC _{2DC}	46		54	%
Peak-to-peak output period jitter	RC _{2PJIT}		5	10	ns
Peak-to-peak output cycle-to-cycle jitter	RC _{2CJIT}		5	10	ns
Operating current (V _{DD25})	RC _{2IVPPA}			60	μA
Operating current (V _{DD})	RC _{2IVDD}			2.6	μA

Table 40 • 160 MHz RC Oscillator Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating frequency	RC _{SCFREQ}		160		MHz
Accuracy	RC _{SCFACC}	-4		4	%
Duty cycle	RC _{SCDC}	47		52	%
Peak-to-peak output period jitter	RC _{SCPJIT}			600	ps
Peak-to-peak output cycle-to-cycle jitter	RC _{SCCJIT}			172	ps
Operating current (V _{DD25})	RC _{SCVPPA}			599	μA

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating current (V_{DD18})	RC _{SCVPP}			0.1	μ A
Operating current (V_{DD})	RC _{SCVDD}			60.7	μ A

Table 48 • Transceiver Differential Reference Clock I/O Standards

I/O Standard	Comment
LVDS25	For DC input levels, see table Differential DC Input and Output Levels .
HCSL25 (for PCIe)	

Note: The transceiver reference clock differential receiver supports V_{CM} common mode.

7.4.4 Transceiver Interface Performance

The following table describes the single-ended I/O standards supported as transceiver reference clocks.

Table 49 • Transceiver Single-Ended Reference Clock I/O Standards

I/O Standard	Comment
LVC MOS25	For DC input levels, see table DC Input and Output Levels .

7.4.5 Transmitter Performance

The following tables describe performance of the transmitter.

Table 50 • Transceiver Reference Clock Input Termination

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Single-ended termination	RefTerm		50		Ω
Single-ended termination	RefTerm		75		Ω
Single-ended termination	RefTerm		150		Ω
Differential termination	RefDiffTerm		115 ¹		Ω
Power-up termination			>50K		Ω

1. Measured at V_{CM} = 1.2 V and V_{ID} = 350 mV.

Note: All pull-ups are disabled at power-up to allow hot plug capability.

Table 51 • PolarFire Transceiver User Interface Clocks

Parameter	Modes ¹	STD	STD	-1	-1	Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Transceiver TX_CLK range (non-deterministic PCS mode with global or regional fabric clocks)	8-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps		200		200	MHz
	10-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps		160		160	MHz
	16-bit, max data rate = 4.8 Gbps		300		300	MHz
	20-bit, max data rate = 6.0 Gbps		300		300	MHz
	32-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (-STD) / 12.7 Gbps (-1) ¹		325		325	MHz
	40-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (-STD) / 12.7 Gbps (-1) ¹		260		320	MHz
	64-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (-STD) / 12.7 Gbps (-1) ¹		165		160	MHz
	80-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps(-STD) / 12.7 Gbps (-1) ¹		130		130	MHz
	Fabric pipe mode 32-bit, max data rate = 6.0 Gbps		150		150	MHz
	8-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps		200		200	MHz

Table 60 • 10GbE (RXAUI)

	Data Rate	Min	Max	Unit
Total transmit jitter	6.25 Gbps			UI
Receiver jitter tolerance	6.25 Gbps			UI

7.5.4 1GbE (1000BASE-T)

The following table describes 1GbE (1000BASE-T).

Table 61 • 1GbE (1000BASE-T)

	Data Rate	Min	Max	Unit
Total transmit jitter	1.25 Gbps			UI
Receiver jitter tolerance	1.25 Gbps			UI

The following table describes 1GbE (1000BASE-X).

Table 62 • 1GbE (1000BASE-X)

	Data Rate	Min	Max	Unit
Total transmit jitter	1.25 Gbps			UI
Receiver jitter tolerance	1.25 Gbps			UI

7.5.5 SGMII and QSGMII

The following table describes SGMII.

Table 63 • SGMII

Parameter	Data Rate	Min	Max	Unit
Total transmit jitter	1.25 Gbps		0.24	UI
Receiver jitter tolerance	1.25 Gbps	0.749		UI

The following table describes QSGMII.

Table 64 • QSGMII

Parameter	Data Rate	Min	Max	Unit
Total transmit jitter	5.0 Gbps		0.3	UI
Receiver jitter tolerance	5.0 Gbps	0.65		UI

7.5.6 SDI

The following table describes SDI.

Table 65 • SDI

Parameter	Data Rate	Min	Max	Unit
Total transmit jitter				UI
Receiver jitter tolerance				UI

7.6.3 FPGA Bitstream Sizes

The following table describes FPGA bitstream sizes.

Table 72 • Initialization Client Sizes

Device	Plaintext	Ciphertext
MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS		
MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	2916 KB	3006 KB
MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	4265 KB	4403 KB
MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS		

Note: Worst case initializing all fabric LSRAM, USRAM, and UPROM.

Table 73 • Bitstream Sizes

File	Devices	FPGA	Security	SNVM (all pages)	FPGA+ SNVM	FPGA+ Sec	SNVM+ Sec	FPGA+ SNVM+ Sec
SPI	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS							
DAT	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS							
SPI	MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	5.9 MB	3.4 KB	59.7 KB	5.9 MB	5.9 MB	62.2 KB	6.0 MB
DAT	MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	5.9 MB	7.3 KB	61.2 KB	6.0 MB	5.9 MB	66.3 KB	6.0 MB
SPI	MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	9.3 MB	3.5 KB	59.7 KB	9.6 MB	9.5 MB	62.2 KB	9.6 MB
DAT	MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	9.3 MB	7.6 KB	61.2 KB	9.6 MB	9.5 MB	66.3 KB	9.6 MB
SPI	MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS							
DAT	MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS							

7.6.4 Digest Cycles

Digests verify the integrity of the programmed non-volatile data. Digests are a cryptographic hash of various data areas. Any digest that reports back an error raises the digest tamper flag.

Table 74 • Maximum Number of Digest Cycles

Digest T _i	Storage and Operating T _i	Retention Since Programmed (N = Number Digests During that Time) ¹							Unit	Retention
		N ≤300	N = 500	N = 1000	N = 1500	N = 2000	N = 4000	N = 6000		
-40 to 100	-40 to 100	20 ×	17 ×	12 ×	10 ×	8 ×	4 ×	2 ×	°C	Years
		LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF		
-40 to 100	0 to 100	20 ×	17 ×	12 ×	10 ×	8 ×	4 ×	2 ×	°C	Years
		LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF		
-40 to 85	-40 to 85	20 ×	20 ×	20 ×	20 ×	16 ×	8 ×	4 ×	°C	Years
		LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF		
-40 to 55	-40 to 55	20 ×	20 ×	20 ×	20 ×	20 ×	20 ×	20 ×	°C	Years
		LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF		

1. LF = Lifetime factor as defined by the number of programming cycles the device has seen under the conditions listed in the following table.

Parameter	Devices	Typ	Max	Unit
UFS UPERM digest run time	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			μs
	MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	33.2	34.9	μs
	MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	33.2	34.9	μs
	MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			μs
Factory digest run time	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			μs
	MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	493.6	510.1	μs
	MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	493.6	510.1	μs
	MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			μs

1. The entire sNVM is used as ROM.
2. Valid for user key 0 through 6.

Note: These times do not include the power-up to functional timing overhead when using digest checks on power-up.

7.6.6 Zeroization Time

The following tables describe zeroization time. A zeroization operation is counted as one programming cycle.

Table 77 • Zeroization Times for MPF100T, TL, TS, and TLS Devices

Parameter	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Time to enter zeroization			ms	Zip flag set
Time to destroy the fabric data ¹			ms	Data erased
Time to destroy data in non-volatile memory (like new) ^{1,2}			ms	One iteration of scrubbing
Time to destroy data in non-volatile memory (recoverable) ^{1,3}			ms	One iteration of scrubbing
Time to destroy data in non-volatile memory (non-recoverable) ^{1,4}			ms	One iteration of scrubbing
Time to scrub the fabric data ¹			s	Full scrubbing
Time to scrub the pNVM data (like new) ^{1,2}			s	Full scrubbing
Time to scrub the pNVM data (recoverable) ^{1,3}			s	Full scrubbing
Time to scrub the fabric data pNVM data (non-recoverable) ^{1,4}			s	Full scrubbing
Time to verify ⁵			s	

1. Total completion time after entering zeroization.
2. Like new mode—zeroizes user design security setting and sNVM content.
3. Recoverable mode—zeroizes user design security setting, sNVM and factory keys.
4. Non-recoverable mode—zeroizes user design security setting, sNVM and factory keys, and factory data required for programming.
5. Time to verify after scrubbing completes.

Table 78 • Zeroization Times for MPF200T, TL, TS, and TLS Devices

Parameter	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Time to enter zeroization			ms	Zip flag set
Time to destroy the fabric data ¹			ms	Data erased
Time to destroy data in non-volatile memory (like new) ^{1,2}			ms	One iteration of scrubbing

Parameter	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Time to destroy data in non-volatile memory (non-recoverable) ^{1,4}			ms	One iteration of scrubbing
Time to scrub the fabric data ¹			s	Full scrubbing
Time to scrub the pNVM data (like new) ^{1,2}			s	Full scrubbing
Time to scrub the pNVM data (recoverable) ^{1,3}			s	Full scrubbing
Time to scrub the fabric data pNVM data (non-recoverable) ¹			s	Full scrubbing
Time to verify ⁵			s	

1. Total completion time after entering zeroization.
2. Like new mode—zeroizes user design security setting and sNVM content.
3. Recoverable mode—zeroizes user design security setting, sNVM and factory keys.
4. Non-recoverable mode—zeroizes user design security setting, sNVM and factory keys, and factory data required for programming.
5. Time to verify after scrubbing completes.

7.6.7 Verify Time

The following tables describe verify time.

Table 81 • Standalone Fabric Verify Times

Parameter	Devices	Max	Unit
Standalone verification over JTAG	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS		s
	MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	53 ¹	s
	MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	90 ¹	s
	MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS		s
Standalone verification over SPI	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS		s
	MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	37 ²	s
	MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	55 ²	s
	MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS		s

1. Programmer: FlashPro5, TCK 10 MHz; PC configuration: Intel i7 at 3.6 GHz, 32 GB RAM, Windows 10.
2. SmartFusion2 with MSS running at 100 MHz, MSS_SPI_0 port running at 6.67 MHz. DirectC version 4.1.

Notes:

- Standalone verify is limited to 2,000 total device hours over the industrial –40 °C to 100 °C temperature.
- Use the digest system service, for verify device time more than 2,000 hours.
- Standalone verify checks the programming margin on both the P and N gates of the push-pull cell.
- Digest checks only the P side of the push-pull gate. However, the push-pull gates work in tandem. Digest check is recommended if users believe they will exceed the 2,000-hour verify time specification.

Table 82 • Verify Time by Programming Hardware

Devices	IAP	FlashPro4	FlashPro5	BP	Silicon Sculptor	Units
MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS						
MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	9	67	53			s
MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	14	95	90			s

Devices	IAP	FlashPro4	FlashPro5	BP	Silicon Sculptor	Units
MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS						

Notes:

- FlashPro4 4 MHz TCK.
- FlashPro5 10 MHz TCK.
- PC configuration: Intel i7 at 3.6 GHz, 32 GB RAM, Windows 10.

Table 83 • Verify System Services

Parameter	Symbol	ServiceID	Devices	Typ	Max	Unit
In application verify by index	T _{IAP_Ver_Index}	44H	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			s
			MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	8.2	9	s
			MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	12.4	13	s
			MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			s
In application verify by SPI address	T _{IAP_Ver_Addr}	45H	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			s
			MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	8.2	9	s
			MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	12.4	13	s
			MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			s

7.6.8 Authentication Time

The following tables describe authentication system service time.

Table 84 • Authentication Services

Parameter	Symbol	ServiceID	Devices	Typ	Max	Unit
Bitstream Authentication	T _{BIT_AUTH}	22H	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			s
			MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	3.3	3.7	s
			MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	4.9	5.4	s
			MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			s
IAP Image Authentication	T _{IAP_AUTH}	23H	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			s
			MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	3.3	3.7	s
			MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	4.9	5.4	s
			MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			s

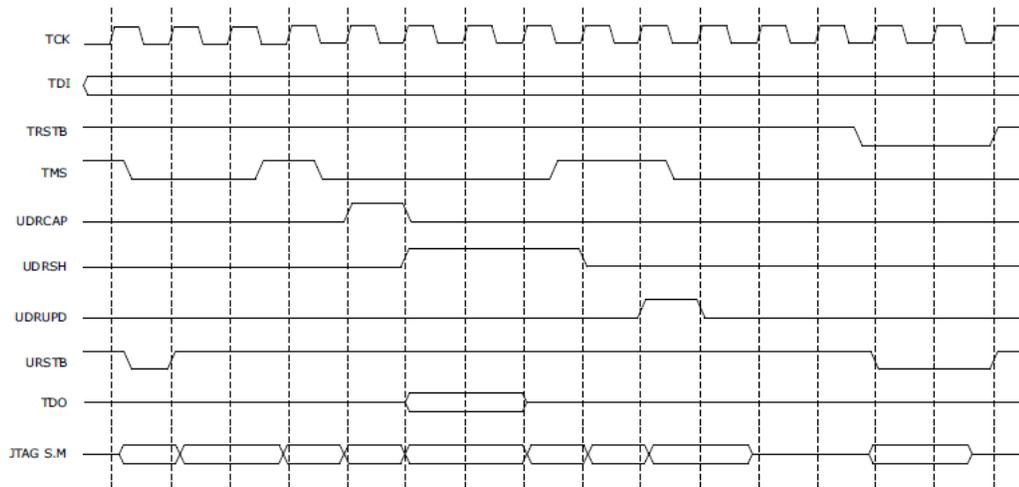
7.6.9 Secure NVM Performance

The following table describes secure NVM performance.

Table 85 • sNVM Read/Write Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Plain text programming		7.0	7.2	7.9	ms	
Authenticated text programming		7.2	7.4	9.4	ms	
Authenticated and encrypted text programming		7.2	7.4	9.4	ms	
Authentication R/W 1st access from power-up overhead	T _{PUF_OVHD}		100	111	ms	From T _{FAB_READY}
Plain text read		7.67	7.79	8.2	μs	

Figure 3 • UJTAG Timing Diagram



7.8.2 UJTAG_SEC Switching Characteristics

The following table describes characteristics of UJTAG_SEC switching.

Table 89 • UJTAG Security Performance Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
TCK frequency	F_{TCK}				MHz	

7.8.3 USPI Switching Characteristics

The following section describes characteristics of USPI switching.

Table 90 • SPI Macro Interface Timing Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{DD1} = 3.3\text{ V}$ Max	$V_{DD1} = 2.5\text{ V}$ Max	$V_{DD1} = 1.8\text{ V}$ Max	$V_{DD1} = 1.5\text{ V}$ Max	$V_{DD1} = 1.2\text{ V}$ Max	Unit
Propagation delay from the fabric to pins ¹	TPD_MOSI	0.8	1	1.2	1.4	1.6	ns
	TPD_MISO	3.5	3.75	4	4.25	4.5	ns
	TPD_SS	3.5	3.75	4	4.25	4.5	ns
	TPD_SCK	3.5	3.75	4	4.25	4.5	ns
	TPD_MOSI_OE	3.5	3.75	4	4.25	4.5	ns
	TPD_SS_OE	3.5	3.75	4	4.25	4.5	ns
	TPD_SCK_OE	3.5	3.75	4	4.25	4.5	ns

1. Assumes CL of the relevant I/O standard as described in the input and output delay measurement tables.

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
Voltage sensing range	0.9		2.8	V	
Voltage sensing accuracy	-1.5		1.5	%	

Table 93 • Tamper Macro Timing Characteristics—Flags and Clearing

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
From event detection to flag generation	T _{JTAG_ACTIVE} ^{1, 2}	45	52	ns
	T _{MESH_ERR} ²	1.8	2.2	μs
	T _{CLK_GLITCH} ^{1, 2}			ns
	T _{CLK_FREQ} ^{1, 2}			μs
	T _{LOW_1P05} ²	70	108	μs
	T _{HIGH_1P8} ²	85	120	μs
	T _{HIGH_2P5} ²	130	520	μs
	T _{GLITCH_1P05} ²			μs
	T _{SECDEC} ^{1, 2}			μs
	T _{DRI_ERR} ²	14	18	μs
	T _{WDOG} ^{1, 2}			μs
	T _{LOCK_ERR} ²			μs
Time from system controller instruction execution to flag generation	T _{INST_BUF_ACCESS} ^{2, 3}	4	5	μs
	T _{INST_DEBUG} ^{2, 3}	3.3	4	μs
	T _{INST_CHK_DIGEST} ^{2, 3}	1.8	3	μs
	T _{INST_EC_SETUP} ^{2, 3}	1.8	2	μs
	T _{INST_FACT_PRIV} ^{2, 3}	3.8	5	μs
	T _{INST_KEY_VAL} ^{2, 3}	2.5	3.1	μs
	T _{INST_MISC} ^{2, 3}	1.5	2	μs
	T _{INST_PASSCODE_MATCH} ^{2, 3}	2.5	3	μs
	T _{INST_PASSCODE_SETUP} ^{2, 3}	4.2	5	μs
	T _{INST_PROG} ^{2, 3}	3.8	4.1	μs
	T _{INST_PUB_INFO} ^{2, 3}	4	4.5	μs
	T _{INST_ZERO_RECO} ^{2, 3}	2.5	3	μs
	T _{INST_PASSCODE_FAIL} ^{2, 3}	170	180	μs
	T _{INST_KEY_VAL_FAIL} ^{2, 3}	92	110	μs
T _{INST_UNUSED} ^{2, 3}	4	5	μs	
Time from sending the CLEAR to deassertion on FLAG	T _{CLEAR_FLAG}	17	23	ns

1. Not available during Flash*Freeze.
2. The timing does not impact the user design, but it is useful for security analysis.
3. System service requests from the fabric will interrupt the system controller delaying the generation of the flag.

Table 94 • Tamper Macro Response Timing Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
Time from triggering the response to all I/Os disabled	T _{IO_DISABLE}	40	50	ns

Table 107 • SPI Master Mode (PolarFire Master) During Device Initialization

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
SCK frequency	F _{MCK}			40	MHz	

Table 108 • SPI Slave Mode (PolarFire Slave)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
SCK frequency	F _{SCK}			80	MHz	

7.10.3 SmartDebug Probe Switching Characteristics

The following table describes characteristics of SmartDebug probe switching.

Table 109 • SmartDebug Probe Performance Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	V _{DD} = 1.0 V STD	V _{DD} = 1.0 V – 1	V _{DD} = 1.05 V STD	V _{DD} = 1.05 V – 1	Unit
Maximum frequency of probe signal	F _{MAX}	100	100	100	100	MHz
Minimum delay of probe signal	T _{Min_delay}	13	12	13	12	ns
Maximum delay of probe signal	T _{Max_delay}	13	12	13	12	ns

7.10.4 DEVRST_N Switching Characteristics

The following table describes characteristics of DEVRST_N switching.

Table 110 • DEVRST_N Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
DEVRST_N ramp rate	DR _{RAMP}		10		μs	It must be a normal clean digital signal, with typical rise and fall times
DEVRST_N assert time	DR _{ASSERT}	1			μs	The minimum time for DEVRST_N assertion to be recognized
DEVRST_N de-assert time	DR _{DEASSERT}	2.75			ms	The minimum time DEVRST_N needs to be de-asserted before assertion

7.10.5 FF_EXIT Switching Characteristics

The following table describes characteristics of FF_EXIT switching.

Table 111 • FF_EXIT Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
FF_EXIT_N ramp rate	FF _{RAMP}		10		μs	
Minimum FF_EXIT_N assert time	FF _{ASSERT}	1			μs	The minimum time for FF_EXIT_N to be recognized
Minimum FF_EXIT_N de-assert time	FF _{DEASSERT}	170			μs	The minimum time FF_EXIT_N needs to be de-asserted before assertion

1. With DPA counter measures.

Table 115 • HMAC

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
HMAC-SHA-256 ¹ , 256-bit key	512	7477	2361
	64K	88367	2099
HMAC-SHA-384 ¹ , 384-bit key	1024	13049	2257
	64K	106103	2153

1. With DPA counter measures.

Table 116 • CMAC

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
AES-CMAC-256 ¹ (message is only authenticated)	128	446	9058
	64K	45494	111053

1. With DPA counter measures.

Table 117 • KEY TREE

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
128-bit nonce + 8-bit optype		102457	2751
256-bit nonce + 8-bit optype		103218	2089

Table 118 • SHA

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
SHA-1 ¹	512	2386	1579
	64K	77576	990
SHA-256 ¹	512	2516	884
	64K	84752	938
SHA-384 ¹	1024	4154	884
	64K	100222	938
SHA-512 ¹	1024	4154	881
	64K	100222	935

1. With DPA counter measures.

Table 119 • ECC

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
ECDSA SigGen, P-384/SHA-384 ¹	1024	12528912	6944
	8K	12540448	5643
ECDSA SigGen, P-384/SHA-384	1024	5502928	6155

SigVer, DSA-2048/SHA-256	1024	9810527	10884
	8K	9597000	10719
Key Agreement (KAS), DH-3072 (p=3072, security=256)		4920705	9338
Key Agreement (KAS), DH-3072 (p=3072, security=256) ¹		78914533	9083

1. With DPA counter measures.

Table 122 • NRBG

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
Instantiate: strength, s=256, 384-bit nonce, 384-bit personalization string		18221	2841
Reseed: no additional input, s=256		13585	1180
Reseed: 384-bit additional input, s=256		15922	1342
Generate: (no additional input), prediction resistance enabled, s= 256	128	15262	1755
	8K	27169	8223
Generate: (no additional input), prediction resistance disabled, s= 256	128	2138	1167
	8K	14045	8223
Generate: (384-bit additional input), prediction resistance enabled, s= 256	128	21299	1944
	8K	33206	8949
Generate: (384-bit additional input), prediction resistance disabled, s= 256	128	11657	1894
	8K	23564	8950
Un-instantiate		761	666

1. With DPA counter measures.