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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	300000
Total RAM Bits	21094400
Number of I/O	284
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.97V ~ 1.08V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FCBGA (19x19)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/mpf300tl-fcvg484i

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6.2.1 DC Characteristics over Recommended Operating Conditions

The following table lists the DC characteristics over recommended operating conditions.

Table 5 • DC Characteristics over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Condition
Input pin capacitance ¹	C _{IN} (dedicated GPIO)	5.6		pf	
	C _{IN} (GPIO)	5.6		pf	
	C _{IN} (HSIO)	2.8		pf	
Input or output leakage current per pin	I _L (GPIO)	10		µA	I/O disabled, high – Z
	I _L (HSIO)	10		µA	I/O disabled, high – Z
Input rise time (10%–90% of V _{DDI_x}) ^{2, 3, 4}	T _{RISE}	0.66	2.64	ns	V _{DDI_x} = 3.3 V
		0.50	2.00	ns	V _{DDI_x} = 2.5 V
		0.36	1.44	ns	V _{DDI_x} = 1.8 V
		0.30	1.20	ns	V _{DDI_x} = 1.5 V
		0.24	0.96	ns	V _{DDI_x} = 1.2 V
Input fall time (90%–10% of V _{DDI_x}) ^{2, 3, 4}	T _{FALL}	0.66	2.64	ns	V _{DDI_x} = 3.3 V
		0.50	2.00	ns	V _{DDI_x} = 2.5 V
		0.36	1.44	ns	V _{DDI_x} = 1.8 V
		0.30	1.20	ns	V _{DDI_x} = 1.5 V
		0.24	0.96	ns	V _{DDI_x} = 1.2 V
Pad pull-up when V _{IN} = 0 ⁵	I _{PU}	137	220	µA	V _{DDI_x} = 3.3 V
Pad pull-up when V _{IN} = 0 ⁵		102	166	µA	V _{DDI_x} = 2.5 V
Pad pull-up when V _{IN} = 0		68	115	µA	V _{DDI_x} = 1.8 V
Pad pull-up when V _{IN} = 0		51	88	µA	V _{DDI_x} = 1.5 V
Pad pull-up when V _{IN} = 0 ⁶		29	73	µA	V _{DDI_x} = 1.35 V
Pad pull-up when V _{IN} = 0		16	46	µA	V _{DDI_x} = 1.2 V
Pad pull-down when V _{IN} = 3.3 V ⁵	I _{PD}	65	187	µA	V _{DDI_x} = 3.3 V
Pad pull-down when V _{IN} = 2.5 V ⁵		63	160	µA	V _{DDI_x} = 2.5 V
Pad pull-down when V _{IN} = 1.8 V		60	117	µA	V _{DDI_x} = 1.8 V
Pad pull-down when V _{IN} = 1.5 V		57	95	µA	V _{DDI_x} = 1.5 V
Pad pull-down when V _{IN} = 1.35 V		52	86	µA	V _{DDI_x} = 1.35 V
Pad pull-down when V _{IN} = 1.2 V		47	79	µA	V _{DDI_x} = 1.2 V

1. Represents the die input capacitance at the pad not the package.
2. Voltage ramp must be monotonic.
3. Numbers based on rail-to-rail input signal swing and minimum 1 V/ns and maximum 4 V/ns. These are to be used for input delay measurement consistency.
4. I/O signal standards with smaller than rail-to-rail input swings can use a nominal value of 200 ps 20%–80% of swing and maximum value of 500 ps 20%–80% of swing.
5. GPIO only.

6.2.2 Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot

During transitions, input signals may overshoot and undershoot the voltage shown in the following table. Input currents must be limited to less than 100 mA per latch-up specifications.

The maximum overshoot duration is specified as a high-time percentage over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty-cycle.

The following table shows the maximum AC input voltage (V_{IN}) overshoot duration for HSIO.

Table 6 • Maximum Overshoot During Transitions for HSIO

AC (V_{IN}) Overshoot Duration as % at $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Condition (V)
100	1.8
100	1.85
100	1.9
100	1.95
100	2
100	2.05
100	2.1
100	2.15
100	2.2
90	2.25
30	2.3
7.5	2.35
1.9	2.4

Note: Overshoot level is for VDDI at 1.8 V.

The following table shows the maximum AC input voltage (V_{IN}) undershoot duration for HSIO.

Table 7 • Maximum Undershoot During Transitions for HSIO

AC (V_{IN}) Undershoot Duration as % at $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Condition (V)
100	-0.05
100	-0.1
100	-0.15
100	-0.2
100	-0.25
100	-0.3
100	-0.35
100	-0.4
44	-0.45
14	-0.5
4.8	-0.55
1.6	-0.6

The following table shows the maximum AC input voltage (V_{IN}) overshoot duration for GPIO.

Table 8 • Maximum Overshoot During Transitions for GPIO

AC (V_{IN}) Overshoot Duration as % at $T_J = 100^\circ C$	Condition (V)
100	3.8
100	3.85
100	3.9
100	3.95
70	4
50	4.05
33	4.1
22	4.15
14	4.2
9.8	4.25
6.5	4.3
4.4	4.35
3	4.4
2	4.45
1.4	4.5
0.9	4.55
0.6	4.6

Note: Overshoot level is for V_{DDI} at 3.3 V.

The following table shows the maximum AC input voltage (V_{IN}) undershoot duration for GPIO.

Table 9 • Maximum Undershoot During Transitions for GPIO

AC (V_{IN}) Undershoot Duration as % at $T_J = 100^\circ C$	Condition (V)
100	-0.5
100	-0.55
100	-0.6
100	-0.65
100	-0.7
100	-0.75
100	-0.8
100	-0.85
100	-0.9
100	-0.95
100	-1
100	-1.05
100	-1.1
100	-1.15
100	-1.2
69	-1.25
45	-1.3

Standard	Description	V _L ¹	V _H ¹	V _{ID} ²	V _{ICM} ²	V _{MEAS} ^{3, 4}	V _{REF} ^{1, 5}	Unit
HSTL135II	Differential HSTL 1.35 V Class II	V _{ICM} – .125	V _{ICM} + .125	0.250	0.675	0		V
HSTL12	Differential HSTL 1.2 V	V _{ICM} – .125	V _{ICM} + .125	0.250	0.600	0		V
HSUL18I	Differential HSUL 1.8 V Class I	V _{ICM} – .125	V _{ICM} + .125	0.250	0.900	0		V
HSUL18II	Differential HSUL 1.8 V Class II	V _{ICM} – .125	V _{ICM} + .125	0.250	0.900	0		V
HSUL12	Differential HSUL 1.2 V	V _{ICM} – .125	V _{ICM} + .125	0.250	0.600	0		V
POD12I	Differential POD 1.2 V Class I	V _{ICM} – .125	V _{ICM} + .125	0.250	0.600	0		V
POD12II	Differential POD 1.2 V Class II	V _{ICM} – .125	V _{ICM} + .125	0.250	0.600	0		V
MIPI25	Mobile Industry Processor Interface	V _{ICM} – .125	V _{ICM} + .125	0.250	0.200	0		V

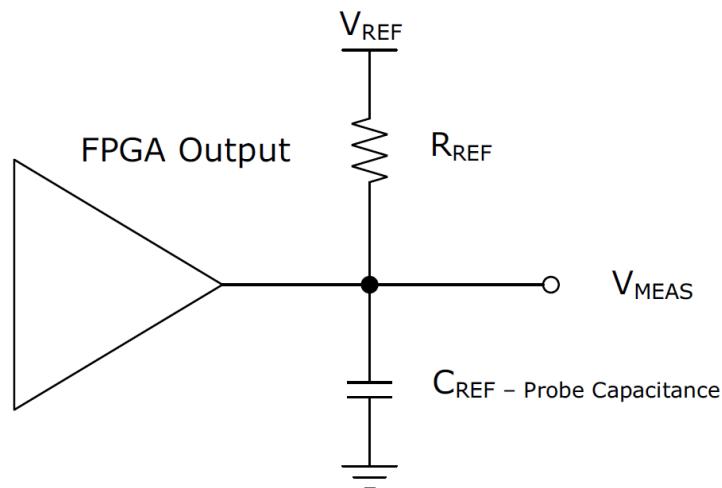
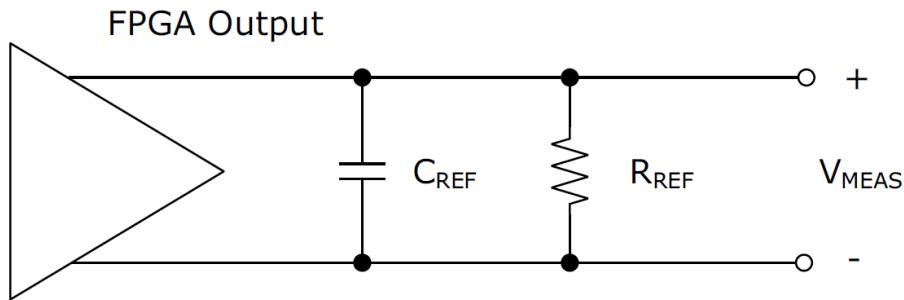
1. Measurements are made at typical, minimum, and maximum V_{REF} values. Reported delays reflect worst-case of these measurements. V_{REF} values listed are typical. Input waveform switches between V_L and V_H. All rise and fall times must be 1 V/ns.
2. Differential receiver standards all use 250 mV V_{ID} for timing. V_{CM} is different between different standards.
3. Input voltage level from which measurement starts.
4. The value given is the differential input voltage.
5. This is an input voltage reference that bears no relation to the V_{REF}/V_{MEAS} parameters found in IBIS models or shown in [Output Delay Measurement—Single-Ended Test Setup \(see page 27\)](#).
6. Emulated bi-directional interface.

7.1.2 Output Delay Measurement Methodology

The following section provides information about the methodology for output delay measurement.

Table 23 • Output Delay Measurement Methodology

Standard	Description	R _{REF} (Ω)	C _{REF} (pF)	V _{MEAS} (V)	V _{REF} (V)
PCI	PCIE 3.3 V	25	10	1.65	
LVTTL33	LVTTL 3.3 V	1M	0	1.65	
LVCMOS33	LVCMOS 3.3 V	1M	0	1.65	
LVCMOS25	LVCMOS 2.5 V	1M	0	1.25	
LVCMOS18	LVCMOS 1.8 V	1M	0	0.90	
LVCMOS15	LVCMOS 1.5 V	1M	0	0.75	
LVCMOS12	LVCMOS 1.2 V	1M	0	0.60	
SSTL25I	Stub-series terminated logic 2.5 V Class I	50	0	V _{REF}	1.25
SSTL25II	SSTL 2.5 V Class II	50	0	V _{REF}	1.25

Figure 1 • Output Delay Measurement—Single-Ended Test Setup**Figure 2 • Output Delay Measurement—Differential Test Setup**

7.1.3 Input Buffer Speed

The following tables provide information about input buffer speed.

Table 24 • HSIO Maximum Input Buffer Speed

Standard	STD	-1	Unit
LVDS18	1250	1250	Mbps
RSDS18	800	800	Mbps
MINILVDS18	800	800	Mbps
SUBLVDS18	800	800	Mbps
PPDS18	800	800	Mbps
SLVS18	800	800	Mbps
SSTL18I	800	1066	Mbps
SSTL18II	800	1066	Mbps
SSTL15I	1066	1333	Mbps
SSTL15II	1066	1333	Mbps
SSTL135I	1066	1333	Mbps
SSTL135II	1066	1333	Mbps

Standard	STD	-1	Unit
LVC MOS12 (8 mA)	250	300	Mbps

Table 27 • GPIO Maximum Output Buffer Speed

Standard	STD	-1	Unit
LVDS25/LCMDS25	1250	1250	Mbps
LVDS33/LCMDS33	1250	1600	Mbps
RS DS25	800	800	Mbps
MINILVDS25	800	800	Mbps
SUBLVDS25	800	800	Mbps
PP DS25	800	800	Mbps
SLVSE15	500	500	Mbps
BUSLVDSE25	500	500	Mbps
MLVDSE25	500	500	Mbps
LVPECL E33	500	500	Mbps
SSTL25I	800	800	Mbps
SSTL25II	800	800	Mbps
SSTL25I (differential)	800	800	Mbps
SSTL25II (differential)	800	800	Mbps
SSTL18I	800	800	Mbps
SSTL18II	800	800	Mbps
SSTL18I (differential)	800	800	Mbps
SSTL18II (differential)	800	800	Mbps
SSTL15I	800	1066	Mbps
SSTL15II	800	1066	Mbps
SSTL15I (differential)	800	1066	Mbps
SSTL15II (differential)	800	1066	Mbps
HSTL15I	900	900	Mbps
HSTL15II	900	900	Mbps
HSTL15I (differential)	900	900	Mbps
HSTL15II (differential)	900	900	Mbps
HSUL18I	400	400	Mbps
HSUL18II	400	400	Mbps
HSUL18I (differential)	400	400	Mbps
HSUL18II (differential)	400	400	Mbps
PCI	500	500	Mbps
LV TTL33 (20 mA)	500	500	Mbps
LVC MOS33 (20 mA)	500	500	Mbps
LVC MOS25 (16 mA)	500	500	Mbps
LVC MOS18 (12 mA)	500	500	Mbps
LVC MOS15 (10 mA)	500	500	Mbps
LVC MOS12 (8 mA)	250	300	Mbps
MIPIE25	500	500	Mbps

7.1.5

Maximum PHY Rate for Memory Interface IP

The following tables provide information about the maximum PHY rate for memory interface IP.

Table 28 • Maximum PHY Rate for Memory Interfaces IP for HSIO Banks

Memory Standard	Gearing Ratio	V _{DDAUX}	V _{DDI}	STD (Mbps)	-1 (Mbps)	Fabric STD (MHz)	Fabric -1 (MHz)
DDR4	8:1	1.8 V	1.2 V	1333	1600	167	200
DDR3	8:1	1.8 V	1.5 V	1067	1333	133	167
DDR3L	8:1	1.8 V	1.35 V	1067	1333	133	167
LPDDR3	8:1	1.8 V	1.2 V	1067	1333	133	167
QDRII+	8:1	1.8 V	1.5 V	900	1100	112.5	137.5
RLDRAM3 ¹	8:1	1.8 V	1.35 V	1067	1067	133	133
RLDRAM3 ¹	4:1	1.8 V	1.35 V	667	800	167	200
RLDRAM3 ¹	2:1	1.8 V	1.35 V	333	400	167	200
RLDRAM2 ²	8:1	1.8 V	1.8 V	800	1067	100	133
RLDRAM2 ²	4:1	1.8 V	1.8 V	667	800	167	200
RLDRAM2 ²	2:1	1.8 V	1.8 V	333	400	167	200

1. RLDARAM2 and RLDRAM3 are not supported with a soft IP controller currently.

Table 29 • Maximum PHY Rate for Memory Interfaces IP for GPIO Banks

Memory Standard	Gearing Ratio	V _{DDAUX}	V _{DDI}	STD (Mbps)	-1 (Mbps)	Fabric STD (MHz)	Fabric -1 (MHz)
DDR3	8:1	2.5 V	1.5 V	800	1067	100	133
QDRII+	8:1	2.5 V	1.5 V	900	900	113	113
RLDRAM2 ¹	4:1	2.5 V	1.8 V	800	800	200	200
RLDRAM2 ¹	2:1	2.5 V	1.8 V	400	400	200	200

1. RLDRAM2 is currently not supported with a soft IP controller.

Parameter	Interface Name	Topology	STD Min	STD Typ	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Typ	-1 Max	Unit	Clock-to- Data Condition
F_{MAX} 8:1	RX_DDRX_BL_C	Rx DDR digital mode							MHz	From a HS_IO_CLK clock source, centered

Table 32 • I/O Digital Transmit Single-Data Rate Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Interface Name	Topology	STD Min	STD Typ	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Typ	-1 Max	Unit	Forwarded Clock-to-Data Skew
Output F_{MAX}	TX_SDR_G_A	Tx SDR							MHz	From a global clock source, aligned ¹
	TX_SDR_G_C	Tx SDR							MHz	From a global clock source, centered ¹

1. A centered clock-to-data interface can be created with a negedge launch of the data.

Table 33 • I/O Digital Transmit Double-Data Rate Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Interface Name	Topology	STD Min	STD Typ	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Typ	-1 Max	Unit	Forwarded Clock-to- Data Skew
Output F_{MAX}	TX_DDR_G_A	Tx DDR			335			335	MHz	From a global clock source, aligned
	TX_DDR_G_C	Tx DDR			335			335	MHz	From a global clock source, centered
	TX_DDR_L_A	Tx DDR			250			250	MHz	From a lane clock source, aligned
	TX_DDR_L_C	Tx DDR			250			250	MHz	From a lane clock source, centered
Output F_{MAX} 2:1	TX_DDRX_B_A	Tx DDR digital mode							MHz	From a HS_IO_CLK clock source, aligned
Output F_{MAX} 4:1	TX_DDRX_B_A	Tx DDR digital mode							MHz	From a HS_IO_CLK clock source, aligned
Output F_{MAX} 8:1	TX_DDRX_B_A	Tx DDR digital mode							MHz	From a HS_IO_CLK clock source, aligned

Table 48 • Transceiver Differential Reference Clock I/O Standards

I/O Standard	Comment
LVDS25	For DC input levels, see table Differential DC Input and Output Levels .
HCSL25 (for PCIe)	

Note: The transceiver reference clock differential receiver supports V_{CM} common mode.

7.4.4 Transceiver Interface Performance

The following table describes the single-ended I/O standards supported as transceiver reference clocks.

Table 49 • Transceiver Single-Ended Reference Clock I/O Standards

I/O Standard	Comment
LVCMS25	For DC input levels, see table DC Input and Output Levels .

7.4.5 Transmitter Performance

The following tables describe performance of the transmitter.

Table 50 • Transceiver Reference Clock Input Termination

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Single-ended termination	RefTerm	50		Ω	
Single-ended termination	RefTerm	75		Ω	
Single-ended termination	RefTerm	150		Ω	
Differential termination	RefDiffTerm	115 ¹		Ω	
Power-up termination		>50K		Ω	

1. Measured at V_{CM}= 1.2 V and VID= 350 mV.

Note: All pull-ups are disabled at power-up to allow hot plug capability.

Table 51 • PolarFire Transceiver User Interface Clocks

Parameter	Modes ¹	STD Min	STD Max	-1 Min	-1 Max	Unit
Transceiver TX_CLK range (non-deterministic PCS mode with global or regional fabric clocks)	8-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps	200	200	MHz		
	10-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps	160	160	MHz		
	16-bit, max data rate = 4.8 Gbps	300	300	MHz		
	20-bit, max data rate = 6.0 Gbps	300	300	MHz		
	32-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (-STD) / 12.7 Gbps (-1) ¹	325	325	MHz		
	40-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (-STD) / 12.7 Gbps (-1) ¹	260	320	MHz		
	64-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps (-STD) / 12.7 Gbps (-1) ¹	165	160	MHz		
	80-bit, max data rate = 10.3125 Gbps(-STD) / 12.7 Gbps (-1) ¹	130	130	MHz		
	Fabric pipe mode 32-bit, max data rate = 6.0 Gbps	150	150	MHz		
	8-bit, max data rate = 1.6 Gbps	200	200	MHz		

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
		0.41			UI	>3.2–8.5 Gbps ⁵
		0.41			UI	>1.6 to 3.2 Gbps ⁵
		0.41			UI	>0.8 to 1.6 Gbps ⁵
		0.41			UI	250 to 800 Mpbs ⁵
Total jitter tolerance with stressed eye	T _{JTOLSE}	0.65			UI	3.125 Gbps ⁵
		0.65			UI	6.25 Gbps ⁶
		0.7			UI	10.3125 Gbps ⁶
					UI	12.7 Gbps ^{6, 10}
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance with stressed eye	T _{SJOLSE}	0.1			UI	3.125 Gbps ⁵
		0.05			UI	6.25 Gbps ⁶
		0.05			UI	10.3125 Gbps ⁶
					UI	12.7 Gbps ^{6, 10}
CTLE DC gain (all stages, max settings)				10	dB	
CTLE AC gain (all stages, max settings)				16	dB	
DFE AC gain (per 5 stages, max settings)				7.5	dB	

1. Valid at 3.2 Gbps and below.
2. Data vs. Rx reference clock frequency.
3. Achieves compliance with PCIe electrical idle detection.
4. Achieves compliance with SATA OOB specification.
5. Rx jitter values based on bit error ratio (BER) of 10–12, AC coupled input with 400 mV V_{ID}, all stages of Rx CTLE enabled, DFE disabled, 80 MHz sinusoidal jitter injected to Rx data.
6. Rx jitter values based on bit error ratio (BER) of 10–12, AC coupled input with 400 mV V_{ID}, all stages of Rx CTLE enabled, DFE enabled, 80 MHz sinusoidal jitter injected to Rx data.
7. For PCIe: Low Threshold Setting = 1, High Threshold Setting = 2.
8. For SATA: Low Threshold Setting = 2, High Threshold Setting = 3.
9. Loss of signal detection is valid for input signals that transition at a density ≥ 1 Gbps for PRBS7 data or 6 Gbps for PRBS31 data.
10. For data rates greater than 10.3125 Gbps, VDDA must be set to 1.05 V mode. See supply tolerance in the section [Recommended Operating Conditions \(see page 6\)](#).

7.5 Transceiver Protocol Characteristics

The following section describes transceiver protocol characteristics.

7.5.1 PCI Express

The following tables describe the PCI express.

Table 54 • PCI Express Gen1

Parameter	Data Rate	Min	Max	Unit
Total transmit jitter	2.5 Gbps	0.25		UI
Receiver jitter tolerance	2.5 Gbps	0.4		UI

Note: With add-in card, as specified in PCI Express CEM Rev 2.0.

7.6.3 FPGA Bitstream Sizes

The following table describes FPGA bitstream sizes.

Table 72 • Initialization Client Sizes

Device	Plaintext	Ciphertext
MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS		
MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	2916 KB	3006 KB
MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	4265 KB	4403 KB
MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS		

Note: Worst case initializing all fabric LSRAM, USRAM, and UPROM.

Table 73 • Bitstream Sizes

File	Devices	FPGA	Security	SNVM (all pages)	FPGA+ SNVM	FPGA+ Sec	SNVM+ Sec	FPGA+ SNVM+ Sec
SPI	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS							
DAT	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS							
SPI	MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	5.9 MB	3.4 KB	59.7 KB	5.9 MB	5.9 MB	62.2 KB	6.0 MB
DAT	MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	5.9 MB	7.3 KB	61.2 KB	6.0 MB	5.9 MB	66.3 KB	6.0 MB
SPI	MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	9.3 MB	3.5 KB	59.7 KB	9.6 MB	9.5 MB	62.2 KB	9.6 MB
DAT	MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	9.3 MB	7.6 KB	61.2 KB	9.6 MB	9.5 MB	66.3 KB	9.6 MB
SPI	MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS							
DAT	MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS							

7.6.4 Digest Cycles

Digests verify the integrity of the programmed non-volatile data. Digests are a cryptographic hash of various data areas. Any digest that reports back an error raises the digest tamper flag.

Table 74 • Maximum Number of Digest Cycles

Retention Since Programmed (N = Number Digests During that Time) ¹										
Digest T_J	Storage and Operating T_J	N ≤ 300	N = 500	N = 1000	N = 1500	N = 2000	N = 4000	N = 6000	Unit	Retention
-40 to 100	-40 to 100	20 × LF	17 × LF	12 × LF	10 × LF	8 × LF	4 × LF	2 × LF	°C	Years
-40 to 100	0 to 100	20 × LF	17 × LF	12 × LF	10 × LF	8 × LF	4 × LF	2 × LF	°C	Years
-40 to 85	-40 to 85	20 × LF	20 × LF	20 × LF	20 × LF	16 × LF	8 × LF	4 × LF	°C	Years
-40 to 55	-40 to 55	20 × LF	20 × LF	20 × LF	20 × LF	20 × LF	20 × LF	20 × LF	°C	Years

1. LF = Lifetime factor as defined by the number of programming cycles the device has seen under the conditions listed in the following table.

Parameter	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Time to destroy data in non-volatile memory (recoverable) ^{1,3}			ms	One iteration of scrubbing
Time to destroy data in non-volatile memory (non-recoverable) ^{1,4}			ms	One iteration of scrubbing
Time to scrub the fabric data ¹			s	Full scrubbing
Time to scrub the pNVM data (like new) ^{1,2}			s	Full scrubbing
Time to scrub the pNVM data (recoverable) ^{1,3}			s	Full scrubbing
Time to scrub the fabric data pNVM data (non-recoverable) ^{1,4}			s	Full scrubbing
Time to verify ⁵			s	

1. Total completion time after interning zeroization.
2. Like new mode—zeroizes user design security setting and sNVM content.
3. Recoverable mode—zeroizes user design security setting, sNVM and factory keys.
4. Non-recoverable mode—zeroizes user design security setting, sNVM and factory keys, and factory data required for programming.
5. Time to verify after scrubbing completes.

Table 79 • Zeroization Times for MPF300T, TL, TS, and TLS Devices

Parameter	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Time to enter zeroization			ms	Zip flag set
Time to destroy the fabric data ¹			ms	Data erased
Time to destroy data in non-volatile memory (like new) ^{1,2}			ms	One iteration of scrubbing
Time to destroy data in non-volatile memory (recoverable) ^{1,3}			ms	One iteration of scrubbing
Time to destroy data in non-volatile memory (non-recoverable) ^{1,4}			ms	One iteration of scrubbing
Time to scrub the fabric data ¹			s	Full scrubbing
Time to scrub the pNVM data (like new) ^{1,2}			s	Full scrubbing
Time to scrub the pNVM data (recoverable) ^{1,3}			s	Full scrubbing
Time to scrub the fabric data pNVM data (non-recoverable) ^{1,4}			s	Full scrubbing
Time to verify ⁵			s	

1. Total completion time after interning zeroization.
2. Like new mode—zeroizes user design security setting and sNVM content.
3. Recoverable mode—zeroizes user design security setting, sNVM and factory keys.
4. Non-recoverable mode—zeroizes user design security setting, sNVM and factory keys, and factory data required for programming.
5. Time to verify after scrubbing completes.

Table 80 • Zeroization Times for MPF500T, TL, TS, and TLS Devices

Parameter	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Time to enter zeroization			ms	Zip flag set
Time to destroy the fabric data ¹			ms	Data erased
Time to destroy data in non-volatile memory (like new) ^{1,2}			ms	One iteration of scrubbing
Time to destroy data in non-volatile memory (recoverable) ^{1,3}			ms	One iteration of scrubbing

Devices	IAP	FlashPro4	FlashPro5	BP	Silicon Sculptor	Units
MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS						

Notes:

- FlashPro4 4 MHz TCK.
- FlashPro5 10 MHz TCK.
- PC configuration: Intel i7 at 3.6 GHz, 32 GB RAM, Windows 10.

Table 83 • Verify System Services

Parameter	Symbol	ServiceID	Devices	Typ	Max	Unit
In application verify by index	T _{IAP_Ver_Index}	44H	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			s
			MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	8.2	9	s
			MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	12.4	13	s
			MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			s
In application verify by SPI address	T _{IAP_Ver_Addr}	45H	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			s
			MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	8.2	9	s
			MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	12.4	13	s
			MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			s

7.6.8 Authentication Time

The following tables describe authentication system service time.

Table 84 • Authentication Services

Parameter	Symbol	ServiceID	Devices	Typ	Max	Unit
Bitstream Authentication	T _{BIT_AUTH}	22H	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			s
			MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	3.3	3.7	s
			MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	4.9	5.4	s
			MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			s
IAP Image Authentication	T _{IAP_AUTH}	23H	MPF100T, TL, TS, TLS			s
			MPF200T, TL, TS, TLS	3.3	3.7	s
			MPF300T, TL, TS, TLS	4.9	5.4	s
			MPF500T, TL, TS, TLS			s

7.6.9 Secure NVM Performance

The following table describes secure NVM performance.

Table 85 • sNVM Read/Write Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Plain text programming		7.0	7.2	7.9	ms	
Authenticated text programming		7.2	7.4	9.4	ms	
Authenticated and encrypted text programming		7.2	7.4	9.4	ms	
Authentication R/W 1st access from power-up overhead	T _{PUF_OVHD}		100	111	ms	From T _{FAB_READY}
Plain text read		7.67	7.79	8.2	μs	

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
Voltage sensing range	0.9	2.8	V		
Voltage sensing accuracy	-1.5	1.5	%		

Table 93 • Tamper Macro Timing Characteristics—Flags and Clearing

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
From event detection to flag generation				
	T _{JTAG_ACTIVE} ^{1, 2}	45	52	ns
	T _{MESH_ERR} ²	1.8	2.2	μs
	T _{CLK_GLITCH} ^{1, 2}			ns
	T _{CLK_FREQ} ^{1, 2}			μs
	T _{LOW_1P05} ²	70	108	μs
	T _{HIGH_1P8} ²	85	120	μs
	T _{HIGH_2P5} ²	130	520	μs
	T _{GLITCH_1P05} ²			μs
	T _{SECDEC} ^{1, 2}			μs
	T _{DRI_ERR} ²	14	18	μs
	T _{WDOG} ^{1, 2}			μs
	T _{LOCK_ERR} ²			μs
Time from system controller instruction execution to flag generation				
	T _{INST_BUF_ACCESS} ^{2, 3}	4	5	μs
	T _{INST_DEBUG} ^{2, 3}	3.3	4	μs
	T _{INST_CHK_DIGEST} ^{2, 3}	1.8	3	μs
	T _{INST_EC_SETUP} ^{2, 3}	1.8	2	μs
	T _{INST_FACT_PRIV} ^{2, 3}	3.8	5	μs
	T _{INST_KEY_VAL} ^{2, 3}	2.5	3.1	μs
	T _{INST_MISC} ^{2, 3}	1.5	2	μs
	T _{INST_PASSCODE_MATCH} ^{2, 3}	2.5	3	μs
	T _{INST_PASSCODE_SETUP} ^{2, 3}	4.2	5	μs
	T _{INST_PROG} ^{2, 3}	3.8	4.1	μs
	T _{INST_PUB_INFO} ^{2, 3}	4	4.5	μs
	T _{INST_ZERO_RECO} ^{2, 3}	2.5	3	μs
	T _{INST_PASSCODE_FAIL} ^{2, 3}	170	180	μs
	T _{INST_KEY_VAL_FAIL} ^{2, 3}	92	110	μs
	T _{INST_UNUSED} ^{2, 3}	4	5	μs
Time from sending the CLEAR to deassertion on FLAG	T _{CLEAR_FLAG}	17	23	ns

1. Not available during Flash*Freeze.
2. The timing does not impact the user design, but it is useful for security analysis.
3. System service requests from the fabric will interrupt the system controller delaying the generation of the flag.

Table 94 • Tamper Macro Response Timing Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
Time from triggering the response to all I/Os disabled	T _{I_O_DISABLE}	40	50	ns

Table 107 • SPI Master Mode (PolarFire Master) During Device Initialization

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
SCK frequency	F _M SCK			40	MHz	

Table 108 • SPI Slave Mode (PolarFire Slave)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
SCK frequency	F _S SCK			80	MHz	

7.10.3 SmartDebug Probe Switching Characteristics

The following table describes characteristics of SmartDebug probe switching.

Table 109 • SmartDebug Probe Performance Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	V _{DD} = 1.0 V STD	V _{DD} = 1.0 V – 1	V _{DD} = 1.05 V STD	V _{DD} = 1.05 V – 1	Unit
Maximum frequency of probe signal	F _{MAX}	100	100	100	100	MHz
Minimum delay of probe signal	T _{Min_delay}	13	12	13	12	ns
Maximum delay of probe signal	T _{Max_delay}	13	12	13	12	ns

7.10.4 DEVRST_N Switching Characteristics

The following table describes characteristics of DEVRST_N switching.

Table 110 • DEVRST_N Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
DEVRST_N ramp rate	DR _{RAMP}		10		μs	It must be a normal clean digital signal, with typical rise and fall times
DEVRST_N assert time	DR _{ASSERT}	1			μs	The minimum time for DEVRST_N assertion to be recognized
DEVRST_N de-assert time	DR _{DEASSERT}		2.75		ms	The minimum time DEVRST_N needs to be de-asserted before assertion

7.10.5 FF_EXIT Switching Characteristics

The following table describes characteristics of FF_EXIT switching.

Table 111 • FF_EXIT Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
FF_EXIT_N ramp rate	FF _{RAMP}		10		μs	
Minimum FF_EXIT_N assert time	FF _{ASSERT}	1			μs	The minimum time for FF_EXIT_N to be recognized
Minimum FF_EXIT_N de-assert time	FF _{DEASSERT}	170			μs	The minimum time FF_EXIT_N needs to be de-asserted before assertion

7.11 User Crypto

The following section describes user crypto.

7.11.1 TeraFire 5200B Switching Characteristics

The following table describes TeraFire 5200B switching characteristics.

Table 112 • TeraFire F5200B Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	VDD = 1.0 V STD	VDD = 1.0 V – 1	VDD = 1.05 V STD	VDD = 1.05 V – 1	Unit	Condition
Operating frequency	F _{MAX}	189		189		MHz	–40 °C to 100 °C

7.11.2 TeraFire 5200B Throughput Characteristics

The following tables for each algorithm describe the TeraFire 5200B throughput characteristics.

Note: Throughput cycle count collected with Athena TeraFire Core and RISCV running at 100 MHz.

Table 113 • AES

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
AES-ECB-128 encrypt ¹	128	515	1095
	64K	50157	933
AES-ECB-128 decrypt ¹	128	557	1760
	64K	48385	1524
AES-ECB-256 encrypt ¹	128	531	1203
	64K	58349	1203
AES-ECB-256 decrypt ¹	128	589	1676
	64K	56673	1671
AES-CBC-256 encrypt ¹	128	576	1169
	64K	52547	1169
AES-CBC-256 decrypt ¹	128	585	1744
	64K	48565	1652
AES-GCM-128 encrypt ¹ , 128-bit tag, (full message encrypted/authenticated)	128	1925	2740
	64K	60070	2158
AES-GCM-256 encrypt ¹ , 128-bit tag, (full message encrypted/authenticated)	128	1973	2268
	64K	60102	2151

- With DPA counter measures.

Table 114 • GMAC

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
AES-GCM-256 ¹ , 128-bit tag, (message is only authenticated)	128	1863	2211

ECDSA SigVer, P-384/SHA-384	1024 8K	6421841 6273510	5759 5759
Key Agreement (KAS), P-384		5039125	6514
Point Multiply, P-256 ¹		5176923	4482
Point Multiply, P-384 ¹		12043199	5319
Point Multiply, P-521 ¹		26887187	6698
Point Addition, P-384		3018067	5779
KeyGen (PKG), P-384		12055368	6908
Point Verification, P-384		5091	3049

1. With DPA counter measures.

Table 120 • IFC (RSA)

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
Encrypt, RSA-2048, e=65537	2048	436972	8,972
Encrypt, RSA-3072, e=65537	3072	962162	12,583
Decrypt, RSA-2048 ¹ , CRT	2048	26862392	15900
Decrypt, RSA-3072 ¹ , CRT	3072	75153782	22015
Decrypt, RSA-4096, CRT	4096	89235615	23710
Decrypt, RSA-3072, CRT	3072	37880180	18638
SigGen, RSA-3072/SHA-384 ¹ ,CRT, PKCS #1 V 1.5	1024 8K	75197644 75213653	20032 19303
SigGen, RSA-3072/SHA-384, PKCS #1, V 1.5	1024 8K	148090970 148102576	14642 13936
SigVer, RSA-3072/SHA-384, e = 65537, PKCS #1 V 1.5	1024 8K	970991 982011	12000 11769
SigVer, RSA-2048/SHA-256, e = 65537, PKCS #1 V 1.5	1024 8K	443493 453007	8436 8436
SigGen, RSA-3072/SHA-384, ANSI X9.31	1024 8K	147138254 147155896	13945 13523
SigVer, RSA-3072/SHA-384, e = 65537, ANSI X9.31	1024 8K	973269 983255	11313 11146

1. With DPA counter measures.

Table 121 • FFC (DH)

Modes	Message Size (bits)	Athena TeraFire Crypto Core Clock-Cycles	CAL Delay In CPU Clock-Cycles
SigGen, DSA-3072/SHA-384 ¹	1024 8K	27932907 27942415	13969 13501
SigGen, DSA-3072/SHA-384	1024	12086356	13602
SigVer, DSA-3072/SHA-384	1024 8K	24597916 24229420	15662 15133



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