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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	29080
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	77000
Total RAM Bits	5001216
Number of I/O	175
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.07V ~ 1.13V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	383-TFBGA
Supplier Device Package	383-MBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5cefa5m13c8n">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5cefa5m13c8n</a>



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## Cyclone V Device Overview

The Cyclone® V devices are designed to simultaneously accommodate the shrinking power consumption, cost, and time-to-market requirements; and the increasing bandwidth requirements for high-volume and cost-sensitive applications.

Enhanced with integrated transceivers and hard memory controllers, the Cyclone V devices are suitable for applications in the industrial, wireless and wireline, military, and automotive markets.

### Related Information

[Cyclone V Device Handbook: Known Issues](#)

Lists the planned updates to the Cyclone V Device Handbook chapters.

## Key Advantages of Cyclone V Devices

**Table 1. Key Advantages of the Cyclone V Device Family**

Advantage	Supporting Feature
Lower power consumption	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Built on TSMC's 28 nm low-power (28LP) process technology and includes an abundance of hard intellectual property (IP) blocks</li> <li>Up to 40% lower power consumption than the previous generation device</li> </ul>
Improved logic integration and differentiation capabilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>8-input adaptive logic module (ALM)</li> <li>Up to 13.59 megabits (Mb) of embedded memory</li> <li>Variable-precision digital signal processing (DSP) blocks</li> </ul>
Increased bandwidth capacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3.125 gigabits per second (Gbps) and 6.144 Gbps transceivers</li> <li>Hard memory controllers</li> </ul>
Hard processor system (HPS) with integrated Arm* Cortex*-A9 MPCore* processor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tight integration of a dual-core Arm Cortex-A9 MPCore processor, hard IP, and an FPGA in a single Cyclone V system-on-a-chip (SoC)</li> <li>Supports over 128 Gbps peak bandwidth with integrated data coherency between the processor and the FPGA fabric</li> </ul>
Lowest system cost	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Requires only two core voltages to operate</li> <li>Available in low-cost wirebond packaging</li> <li>Includes innovative features such as Configuration via Protocol (CvP) and partial reconfiguration</li> </ul>

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Feature	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HPS-FPGA bridges—include the FPGA-to-HPS, HPS-to-FPGA, and lightweight HPS-to-FPGA bridges that allow the FPGA fabric to issue transactions to slaves in the HPS, and vice versa</li> <li>FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM controller subsystem—provides a configurable interface to the multiport front end (MPFE) of the HPS SDRAM controller</li> <li>Arm CoreSight™ JTAG debug access port, trace port, and on-chip trace storage</li> </ul>
Configuration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tamper protection—comprehensive design protection to protect your valuable IP investments</li> <li>Enhanced advanced encryption standard (AES) design security features</li> <li>CvP</li> <li>Dynamic reconfiguration of the FPGA</li> <li>Active serial (AS) x1 and x4, passive serial (PS), JTAG, and fast passive parallel (FPP) x8 and x16 configuration options</li> <li>Internal scrubbing <sup>(2)</sup></li> <li>Partial reconfiguration <sup>(3)</sup></li> </ul>

## Cyclone V Device Variants and Packages

**Table 3. Device Variants for the Cyclone V Device Family**

Variant	Description
Cyclone V E	Optimized for the lowest system cost and power requirement for a wide spectrum of general logic and DSP applications
Cyclone V GX	Optimized for the lowest cost and power requirement for 614 Mbps to 3.125 Gbps transceiver applications
Cyclone V GT	The FPGA industry's lowest cost and lowest power requirement for 6.144 Gbps transceiver applications
Cyclone V SE	SoC with integrated Arm-based HPS
Cyclone V SX	SoC with integrated Arm-based HPS and 3.125 Gbps transceivers
Cyclone V ST	SoC with integrated Arm-based HPS and 6.144 Gbps transceivers

## Cyclone V E

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V E devices.

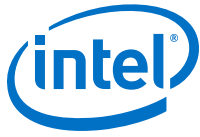
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### Related Information

#### [Product Selector Guide](#)

Provides the latest information about Intel products.

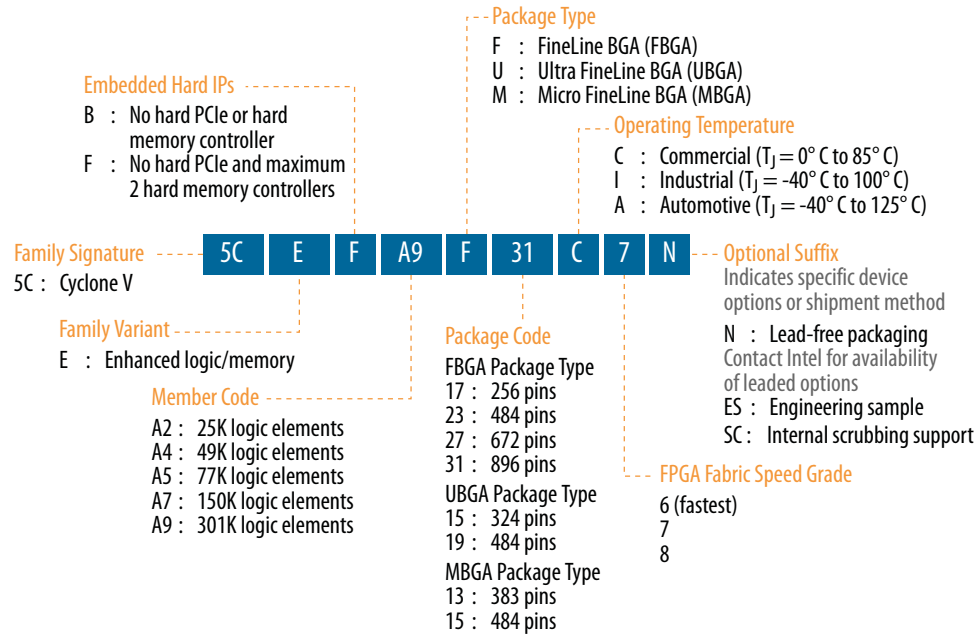
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- <sup>(2)</sup> The SEU internal scrubbing feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.
- <sup>(3)</sup> The partial reconfiguration feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel® sales representatives.



## Available Options

**Figure 1. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V E Devices**

The SEU internal scrubbing feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.



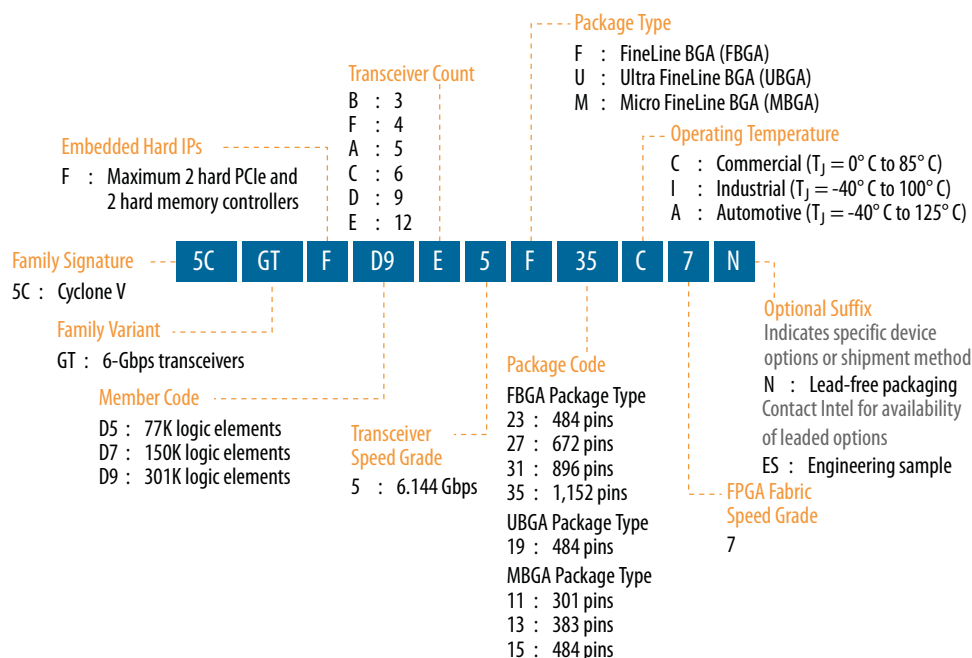
## Maximum Resources

**Table 4. Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V E Devices**

Resource		Member Code				
		A2	A4	A5	A7	A9
Logic Elements (LE) (K)		25	49	77	150	301
ALM		9,430	18,480	29,080	56,480	113,560
Register		37,736	73,920	116,320	225,920	454,240
Memory (Kb)	M10K	1,760	3,080	4,460	6,860	12,200
	MLAB	196	303	424	836	1,717
Variable-precision DSP Block		25	66	150	156	342
18 x 18 Multiplier		50	132	300	312	684
PLL		4	4	6	7	8
GPIO		224	224	240	480	480
LVDS	Transmitter	56	56	60	120	120
	Receiver	56	56	60	120	120
Hard Memory Controller		1	1	2	2	2

## Available Options

**Figure 3. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V GT Devices**



## Maximum Resources

**Table 8. Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V GT Devices**

Resource		Member Code		
		D5	D7	D9
Logic Elements (LE) (K)		77	150	301
ALM		29,080	56,480	113,560
Register		116,320	225,920	454,240
Memory (Kb)	M10K	4,460	6,860	12,200
	MLAB	424	836	1,717
Variable-precision DSP Block		150	156	342
18 x 18 Multiplier		300	312	684
PLL		6	7	8
6 Gbps Transceiver		6	9	12
GPIO <sup>(5)</sup>		336	480	560
LVDS	Transmitter	84	120	140

**continued...**

<sup>(5)</sup> The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.



## Cyclone V SE

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V SE devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the *Product Selector Guide*.

### Related Information

#### Product Selector Guide

Provides the latest information about Intel products.

## Available Options

### Figure 4. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V SE Devices

The SEU internal scrubbing feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.

Cyclone V SE and SX low-power devices (L power option) offer 30% static power reduction for devices with 25K LE and 40K LE, and 20% static power reduction for devices with 85K LE and 110K LE.





Resource		Member Code			
		C2	C4	C5	C6
HPS PLL		3	3	3	3
3 Gbps Transceiver		6	6	9	9
FPGA GPIO <sup>(8)</sup>		145	145	288	288
HPS I/O		181	181	181	181
LVDS	Transmitter	32	32	72	72
	Receiver	37	37	72	72
PCIe Hard IP Block		2	2	2 <sup>(9)</sup>	2 <sup>(9)</sup>
FPGA Hard Memory Controller		1	1	1	1
HPS Hard Memory Controller		1	1	1	1
Arm Cortex-A9 MPCore Processor		Dual-core	Dual-core	Dual-core	Dual-core

### Related Information

#### True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

## Package Plan

**Table 13. Package Plan for Cyclone V SX Devices**

The HPS I/O counts are the number of I/Os in the HPS and does not correlate with the number of HPS-specific I/O pins in the FPGA. Each HPS-specific pin in the FPGA may be mapped to several HPS I/Os.

Member Code	U672 (23 mm)			F896 (31 mm)		
	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR
C2	145	181	6	—	—	—
C4	145	181	6	—	—	—
C5	145	181	6	288	181	9
C6	145	181	6	288	181	9

## Cyclone V ST

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V ST devices.

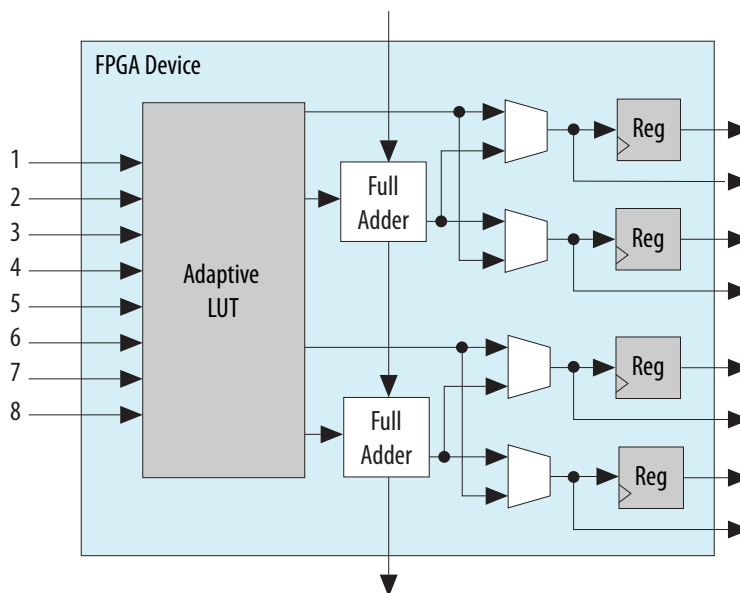
The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the *Product Selector Guide*.

<sup>(8)</sup> The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

<sup>(9)</sup> 1 PCIe Hard IP Block in U672 package.



**Figure 8. ALM for Cyclone V Devices**



You can configure up to 25% of the ALMs in the Cyclone V devices as distributed memory using MLABs.

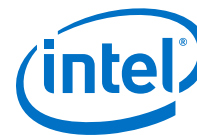
#### Related Information

[Embedded Memory Capacity in Cyclone V Devices](#) on page 21  
Lists the embedded memory capacity for each device.

## Variable-Precision DSP Block

Cyclone V devices feature a variable-precision DSP block that supports these features:

- Configurable to support signal processing precisions ranging from 9 x 9, 18 x 18 and 27 x 27 bits natively
- A 64-bit accumulator
- A hard preadder that is available in both 18- and 27-bit modes
- Cascaded output adders for efficient systolic finite impulse response (FIR) filters
- Internal coefficient register banks, 8 deep, for each multiplier in 18- or 27-bit mode
- Fully independent multiplier operation
- A second accumulator feedback register to accommodate complex multiply-accumulate functions
- Fully independent Efficient support for single-precision floating point arithmetic
- The inferability of all modes by the Intel Quartus Prime design software



Variant	Member Code	Variable-precision DSP Block	Independent Input and Output Multiplications Operator			18 x 18 Multiplier Adder Mode	18 x 18 Multiplier Adder Summed with 36 bit Input
			9 x 9 Multiplier	18 x 18 Multiplier	27 x 27 Multiplier		
	C6	112	336	224	112	112	112
Cyclone V ST	D5	87	261	174	87	87	87
	D6	112	336	224	112	112	112

## Embedded Memory Blocks

The embedded memory blocks in the devices are flexible and designed to provide an optimal amount of small- and large-sized memory arrays to fit your design requirements.

## Types of Embedded Memory

The Cyclone V devices contain two types of memory blocks:

- 10 Kb M10K blocks—blocks of dedicated memory resources. The M10K blocks are ideal for larger memory arrays while still providing a large number of independent ports.
- 640 bit memory logic array blocks (MLABs)—enhanced memory blocks that are configured from dual-purpose logic array blocks (LABs). The MLABs are ideal for wide and shallow memory arrays. The MLABs are optimized for implementation of shift registers for digital signal processing (DSP) applications, wide shallow FIFO buffers, and filter delay lines. Each MLAB is made up of ten adaptive logic modules (ALMs). In the Cyclone V devices, you can configure these ALMs as ten 32 x 2 blocks, giving you one 32 x 20 simple dual-port SRAM block per MLAB.

## Embedded Memory Capacity in Cyclone V Devices

**Table 18. Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Cyclone V Devices**

Variant	Member Code	M10K		MLAB		Total RAM Bit (Kb)
		Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	
Cyclone V E	A2	176	1,760	314	196	1,956
	A4	308	3,080	485	303	3,383
	A5	446	4,460	679	424	4,884
	A7	686	6,860	1338	836	7,696
	A9	1,220	12,200	2748	1,717	13,917
Cyclone V GX	C3	135	1,350	291	182	1,532
	C4	250	2,500	678	424	2,924
	C5	446	4,460	678	424	4,884
	C7	686	6,860	1338	836	7,696
	C9	1,220	12,200	2748	1,717	13,917
continued...						



## PLL Features

The PLLs in the Cyclone V devices support the following features:

- Frequency synthesis
- On-chip clock deskew
- Jitter attenuation
- Programmable output clock duty cycles
- PLL cascading
- Reference clock switchover
- Programmable bandwidth
- User-mode reconfiguration of PLLs
- Low power mode for each fractional PLL
- Dynamic phase shift
- Direct, source synchronous, zero delay buffer, external feedback, and LVDS compensation modes

## Fractional PLL

In addition to integer PLLs, the Cyclone V devices use a fractional PLL architecture. The devices have up to eight PLLs, each with nine output counters. You can use the output counters to reduce PLL usage in two ways:

- Reduce the number of oscillators that are required on your board by using fractional PLLs
- Reduce the number of clock pins that are used in the device by synthesizing multiple clock frequencies from a single reference clock source

If you use the fractional PLL mode, you can use the PLLs for precision fractional-N frequency synthesis—removing the need for off-chip reference clock sources in your design.

The transceiver fractional PLLs that are not used by the transceiver I/Os can be used as general purpose fractional PLLs by the FPGA fabric.

## FPGA General Purpose I/O

Cyclone V devices offer highly configurable GPIOs. The following list describes the features of the GPIOs:

- Programmable bus hold and weak pull-up
- LVDS output buffer with programmable differential output voltage ( $V_{OD}$ ) and programmable pre-emphasis
- On-chip parallel termination ( $R_T$  OCT) for all I/O banks with OCT calibration to limit the termination impedance variation
- On-chip dynamic termination that has the ability to swap between series and parallel termination, depending on whether there is read or write on a common bus for signal integrity
- Easy timing closure support using the hard read FIFO in the input register path, and delay-locked loop (DLL) delay chain with fine and coarse architecture

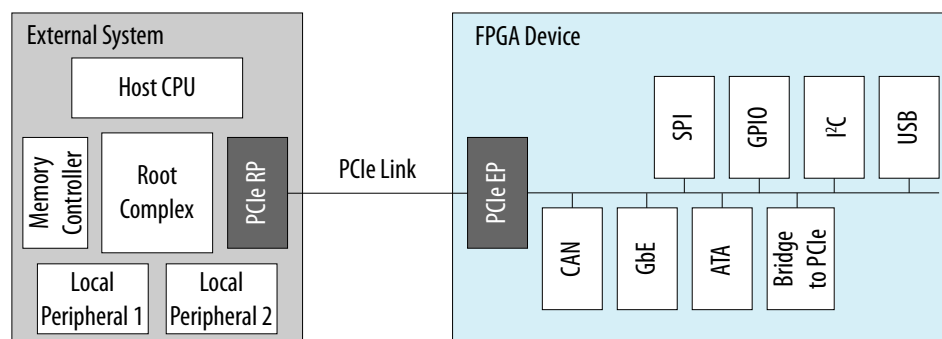
## PCIe Gen1 and Gen2 Hard IP

Cyclone V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices contain PCIe hard IP that is designed for performance and ease-of-use. The PCIe hard IP consists of the MAC, data link, and transaction layers.

The PCIe hard IP supports PCIe Gen2 and Gen1 end point and root port for up to x4 lane configuration. The PCIe Gen2 x4 support is PCIe-compatible.

The PCIe endpoint support includes multifunction support for up to eight functions, as shown in the following figure. The integrated multifunction support reduces the FPGA logic requirements by up to 20,000 LEs for PCIe designs that require multiple peripherals.

**Figure 9. PCIe Multifunction for Cyclone V Devices**



The Cyclone V PCIe hard IP operates independently from the core logic. This independent operation allows the PCIe link to wake up and complete link training in less than 100 ms while the Cyclone V device completes loading the programming file for the rest of the device.

In addition, the PCIe hard IP in the Cyclone V device provides improved end-to-end datapath protection using ECC.

## External Memory Interface

This section provides an overview of the external memory interface in Cyclone V devices.

### Hard and Soft Memory Controllers

Cyclone V devices support up to two hard memory controllers for DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 SDRAM devices. Each controller supports 8 to 32 bit components of up to 4 gigabits (Gb) in density with two chip selects and optional ECC. For the Cyclone V SoC devices, an additional hard memory controller in the HPS supports DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 SDRAM devices.

All Cyclone V devices support soft memory controllers for DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 SDRAM devices for maximum flexibility.



## External Memory Performance

**Table 20. External Memory Interface Performance in Cyclone V Devices**

The maximum and minimum operating frequencies depend on the memory interface standards and the supported delay-locked loop (DLL) frequency listed in the device datasheet.

Interface	Voltage (V)	Maximum Frequency (MHz)		Minimum Frequency (MHz)
		Hard Controller	Soft Controller	
DDR3 SDRAM	1.5	400	303	303
	1.35	400	303	303
DDR2 SDRAM	1.8	400	300	167
LPDDR2 SDRAM	1.2	333	300	167

### Related Information

#### External Memory Interface Spec Estimator

For the latest information and to estimate the external memory system performance specification, use Intel's External Memory Interface Spec Estimator tool.

## HPS External Memory Performance

**Table 21. HPS External Memory Interface Performance**

The hard processor system (HPS) is available in Cyclone V SoC devices only.

Interface	Voltage (V)	HPS Hard Controller (MHz)
DDR3 SDRAM	1.5	400
	1.35	400
DDR2 SDRAM	1.8	400
LPDDR2 SDRAM	1.2	333

### Related Information

#### External Memory Interface Spec Estimator

For the latest information and to estimate the external memory system performance specification, use Intel's External Memory Interface Spec Estimator tool.

## Low-Power Serial Transceivers

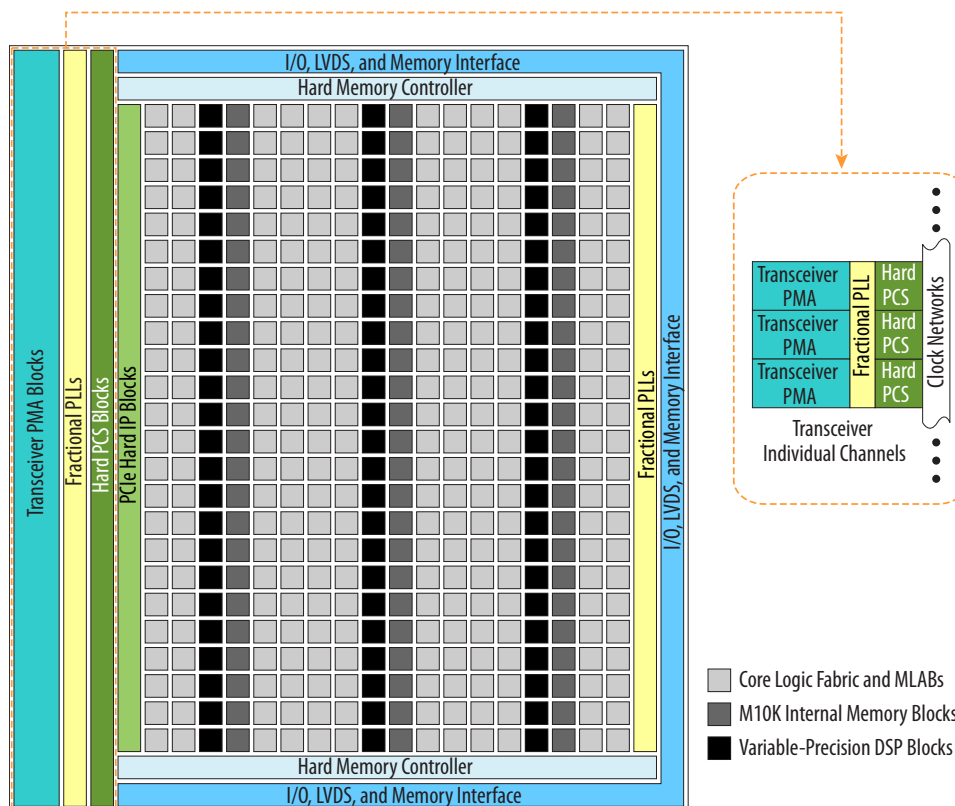
Cyclone V devices deliver the industry's lowest power 6.144 Gbps transceivers at an estimated 88 mW maximum power consumption per channel. Cyclone V transceivers are designed to be compliant with a wide range of protocols and data rates.

## Transceiver Channels

The transceivers are positioned on the left outer edge of the device. The transceiver channels consist of the physical medium attachment (PMA), physical coding sublayer (PCS), and clock networks.

**Figure 10. Device Chip Overview for Cyclone V GX and GT Devices**

The figure shows a Cyclone V FPGA with transceivers. Different Cyclone V devices may have a different floorplans than the one shown here.



## PMA Features

To prevent core and I/O noise from coupling into the transceivers, the PMA block is isolated from the rest of the chip—ensuring optimal signal integrity. For the transceivers, you can use the channel PLL of an unused receiver PMA as an additional transmit PLL.

**Table 22. PMA Features of the Transceivers in Cyclone V Devices**

Features	Capability
Backplane support	Driving capability up to 6.144 Gbps
PLL-based clock recovery	Superior jitter tolerance
Programmable deserialization and word alignment	Flexible deserialization width and configurable word alignment pattern
Equalization and pre-emphasis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Up to 14.37 dB of pre-emphasis and up to 4.7 dB of equalization</li> <li>No decision feedback equalizer (DFE)</li> </ul>
Ring oscillator transmit PLLs	614 Mbps to 6.144 Gbps
Input reference clock range	20 MHz to 400 MHz
Transceiver dynamic reconfiguration	Allows the reconfiguration of a single channel without affecting the operation of other channels



## PCS Features

The Cyclone V core logic connects to the PCS through an 8, 10, 16, 20, 32, or 40 bit interface, depending on the transceiver data rate and protocol. Cyclone V devices contain PCS hard IP to support PCIe Gen1 and Gen2, Gbps Ethernet (GbE), Serial RapidIO® (SRIO), and Common Public Radio Interface (CPRI).

Most of the standard and proprietary protocols from 614 Mbps to 6.144 Gbps are supported.

**Table 23. Transceiver PCS Features for Cyclone V Devices**

PCS Support	Data Rates (Gbps)	Transmitter Data Path Feature	Receiver Data Path Feature
3-Gbps and 6-Gbps Basic	0.614 to 6.144	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Phase compensation FIFO</li> <li>Byte serializer</li> <li>8B/10B encoder</li> <li>Transmitter bit-slip</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Word aligner</li> <li>Deskew FIFO</li> <li>Rate-match FIFO</li> <li>8B/10B decoder</li> <li>Byte deserializer</li> <li>Byte ordering</li> <li>Receiver phase compensation FIFO</li> </ul>
PCIe Gen1 (x1, x2, x4)	2.5 and 5.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dedicated PCIe PHY IP core</li> <li>PIPE 2.0 interface to the core logic</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dedicated PCIe PHY IP core</li> <li>PIPE 2.0 interface to the core logic</li> </ul>
PCIe Gen2 (x1, x2, x4) <sup>(12)</sup>			
GbE	1.25	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Custom PHY IP core with preset feature</li> <li>GbE transmitter synchronization state machine</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Custom PHY IP core with preset feature</li> <li>GbE receiver synchronization state machine</li> </ul>
XAUI <sup>(13)</sup>	3.125	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dedicated XAUI PHY IP core</li> <li>XAUI synchronization state machine for bonding four channels</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dedicated XAUI PHY IP core</li> <li>XAUI synchronization state machine for realigning four channels</li> </ul>
HiGig	3.75		
SRIO 1.3 and 2.1	1.25 to 3.125	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Custom PHY IP core with preset feature</li> <li>SRIO version 2.1-compliant x2 and x4 channel bonding</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Custom PHY IP core with preset feature</li> <li>SRIO version 2.1-compliant x2 and x4 deskew state machine</li> </ul>
SDI, SD/HD, and 3G-SDI	0.27 <sup>(14)</sup> , 1.485, and 2.97	Custom PHY IP core with preset feature	Custom PHY IP core with preset feature
JESD204A	0.3125 <sup>(15)</sup> to 3.125		

*continued...*

<sup>(12)</sup> PCIe Gen2 is supported for Cyclone V GT and ST devices. The PCIe Gen2 x4 support is PCIe-compatible.

<sup>(13)</sup> XAUI is supported through the soft PCS.

<sup>(14)</sup> The 0.27-Gbps data rate is supported using oversampling user logic that you must implement in the FPGA fabric.

<sup>(15)</sup> The 0.3125-Gbps data rate is supported using oversampling user logic that you must implement in the FPGA fabric.

**Figure 11. HPS with Dual-Core Arm Cortex-A9 MPCore Processor**



## System Peripherals and Debug Access Port

Each Ethernet MAC, USB OTG, NAND flash controller, and SD/MMC controller module has an integrated DMA controller. For modules without an integrated DMA controller, an additional DMA controller module provides up to eight channels of high-bandwidth data transfers. Peripherals that communicate off-chip are multiplexed with other peripherals at the HPS pin level. This allows you to choose which peripherals to interface with other devices on your PCB.

The debug access port provides interfaces to industry standard JTAG debug probes and supports Arm CoreSight debug and core traces to facilitate software development.



## **HPS-FPGA AXI Bridges**

The HPS-FPGA bridges, which support the Advanced Microcontroller Bus Architecture (AMBA®) Advanced eXtensible Interface (AXI™) specifications, consist of the following bridges:

- FPGA-to-HPS AXI bridge—a high-performance bus supporting 32, 64, and 128 bit data widths that allows the FPGA fabric to issue transactions to slaves in the HPS.
- HPS-to-FPGA AXI bridge—a high-performance bus supporting 32, 64, and 128 bit data widths that allows the HPS to issue transactions to slaves in the FPGA fabric.
- Lightweight HPS-to-FPGA AXI bridge—a lower latency 32 bit width bus that allows the HPS to issue transactions to slaves in the FPGA fabric. This bridge is primarily used for control and status register (CSR) accesses to peripherals in the FPGA fabric.

The HPS-FPGA AXI bridges allow masters in the FPGA fabric to communicate with slaves in the HPS logic, and vice versa. For example, the HPS-to-FPGA AXI bridge allows you to share memories instantiated in the FPGA fabric with one or both microprocessors in the HPS, while the FPGA-to-HPS AXI bridge allows logic in the FPGA fabric to access the memory and peripherals in the HPS.

Each HPS-FPGA bridge also provides asynchronous clock crossing for data transferred between the FPGA fabric and the HPS.

## **HPS SDRAM Controller Subsystem**

The HPS SDRAM controller subsystem contains a multiport SDRAM controller and DDR PHY that are shared between the FPGA fabric (through the FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM interface), the level 2 (L2) cache, and the level 3 (L3) system interconnect. The FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM interface supports AMBA AXI and Avalon® Memory-Mapped (Avalon-MM) interface standards, and provides up to six individual ports for access by masters implemented in the FPGA fabric.

To maximize memory performance, the SDRAM controller subsystem supports command and data reordering, deficit round-robin arbitration with aging, and high-priority bypass features. The SDRAM controller subsystem supports DDR2, DDR3, or LPDDR2 devices up to 4 Gb in density operating at up to 400 MHz (800 Mbps data rate).

## **FPGA Configuration and Processor Booting**

The FPGA fabric and HPS in the SoC are powered independently. You can reduce the clock frequencies or gate the clocks to reduce dynamic power, or shut down the entire FPGA fabric to reduce total system power.

You can configure the FPGA fabric and boot the HPS independently, in any order, providing you with more design flexibility:

- You can boot the HPS independently. After the HPS is running, the HPS can fully or partially reconfigure the FPGA fabric at any time under software control. The HPS can also configure other FPGAs on the board through the FPGA configuration controller.
- You can power up both the HPS and the FPGA fabric together, configure the FPGA fabric first, and then boot the HPS from memory accessible to the FPGA fabric.

Apart from lowering cost and power consumption, partial reconfiguration increases the effective logic density of the device because placing device functions that do not operate simultaneously is not necessary. Instead, you can store these functions in external memory and load them whenever the functions are required. This capability reduces the size of the device because it allows multiple applications on a single device—saving the board space and reducing the power consumption.

Intel simplifies the time-intensive task of partial reconfiguration by building this capability on top of the proven incremental compile and design flow in the Intel Quartus Prime design software. With the Intel solution, you do not need to know all the intricate device architecture details to perform a partial reconfiguration.

Partial reconfiguration is supported through the FPP x16 configuration interface. You can seamlessly use partial reconfiguration in tandem with dynamic reconfiguration to enable simultaneous partial reconfiguration of both the device core and transceivers.

## Enhanced Configuration and Configuration via Protocol

Cyclone V devices support 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.0 V, and 3.3 V programming voltages and several configuration schemes.

**Table 24. Configuration Schemes and Features Supported by Cyclone V Devices**

Mode	Data Width	Max Clock Rate (MHz)	Max Data Rate (Mbps)	Decompression	Design Security	Partial Reconfiguration <sup>(18)</sup>	Remote System Update
AS through the EPCS and EPCQ serial configuration device	1 bit, 4 bits	100	—	Yes	Yes	—	Yes
PS through CPLD or external microcontroller	1 bit	125	125	Yes	Yes	—	—
FPP	8 bits	125	—	Yes	Yes	—	Parallel flash loader
	16 bits	125	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	
CvP (PCIe)	x1, x2, and x4 lanes	—	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—
JTAG	1 bit	33	33	—	—	—	—

Instead of using an external flash or ROM, you can configure the Cyclone V devices through PCIe using CvP. The CvP mode offers the fastest configuration rate and flexibility with the easy-to-use PCIe hard IP block interface. The Cyclone V CvP implementation conforms to the PCIe 100 ms power-up-to-active time requirement.

### Related Information

[Configuration via Protocol \(CvP\) Implementation in Intel FPGAs User Guide](#)

Provides more information about CvP.

<sup>(18)</sup> The partial reconfiguration feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.



## Power Management

Leveraging the FPGA architectural features, process technology advancements, and transceivers that are designed for power efficiency, the Cyclone V devices consume less power than previous generation Cyclone FPGAs:

- Total device core power consumption—less by up to 40%.
- Transceiver channel power consumption—less by up to 50%.

Additionally, Cyclone V devices contain several hard IP blocks that reduce logic resources and deliver substantial power savings of up to 25% less power than equivalent soft implementations.

## Document Revision History for Cyclone V Device Overview

Document Version	Changes
2018.05.07	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added the low power option ("L" suffix) for Cyclone V SE and Cyclone V SX devices in the <i>Sample Ordering Code and Available Options</i> diagrams.</li> <li>• Rebranded as Intel.</li> </ul>

Date	Version	Changes
December 2017	2017.12.18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated ALM resources for Cyclone V E, Cyclone V SE, Cyclone V SX, and Cyclone V ST devices.</li> </ul>
June 2016	2016.06.10	Updated Cyclone V GT speed grade to -7 in Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V GT Devices diagram.
December 2015	2015.12.21	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Added descriptions to package plan tables for Cyclone V GT and ST devices.</li> <li>• Changed instances of <i>Quartus II</i> to <i>Quartus Prime</i>.</li> </ul>
June 2015	2015.06.12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Replaced a note to partial reconfiguration feature. Note: The partial reconfiguration feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Altera sales representatives.</li> <li>• Updated logic elements (LE) (K) for the following devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Cyclone V E A7: Updated from 149.5 to 150</li> <li>— Cyclone V GX C3: Updated from 35.5 to 36</li> <li>— Cyclone V GX C7: Updated from 149.7 to 150</li> <li>— Cyclone V GT D7: Updated from 149.5 to 150</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Updated MLAB (Kb) in Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V GX Devices table as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Cyclone V GX C3: Updated from 291 to 182</li> <li>— Cyclone V GX C4: Updated from 678 to 424</li> <li>— Cyclone V GX C5: Updated from 678 to 424</li> <li>— Cyclone V GX C7: Updated from 1,338 to 836</li> <li>— Cyclone V GX C9: Updated from 2,748 to 1,717</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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Date	Version	Changes
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated MLAB RAM Bit (Kb) in Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Cyclone V Devices table as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cyclone V GX C3: Updated from 181 to 182</li> <li>Cyclone V GX C4: Updated from 295 to 424</li> </ul> </li> <li>Updated Total RAM Bit (Kb) in Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Cyclone V Devices table as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cyclone V GX C3: Updated from 1,531 to 1,532</li> <li>Cyclone V GX C4: Updated from 2,795 to 2,924</li> </ul> </li> <li>Updated MLAB Block count in Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Cyclone V Devices table as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cyclone V GX C4: Updated from 472 to 678</li> <li>Cyclone V GX C5: Updated from 679 to 678</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
March 2015	2015.03.31	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added internal scrubbing feature under configuration in Summary of Features for Cyclone V Devices table.</li> <li>Added optional suffix "SC: Internal scrubbing support" to the following diagrams: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V E Devices</li> <li>Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V GX Devices</li> <li>Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V SE Devices</li> <li>Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V SX Devices</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
January 2015	2015.01.23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V ST Devices figure because Cyclone V ST devices are only available in I temperature grade and -7 speed grade. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operating Temperature: Removed C and A temperature grades</li> <li>FPGA Fabric Speed Grade: Removed -6 and -8 speed grades</li> </ul> </li> <li>Updated the transceiver specification for Cyclone V ST from 5 Gbps to 6.144 Gbps: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Device Variants for the Cyclone V Device Family table</li> <li>Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V ST Devices figure</li> <li>Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V ST Devices</li> </ul> </li> <li>Updated Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V GX Devices table for Cyclone V GX G3 devices. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Logic elements (LE) (K): Updated from 35.7 to 35.5</li> <li>Variable-precision DSP block: Updated from 51 to 57</li> <li>18 x 18 multiplier: Updated from 102 to 114</li> </ul> </li> <li>Updated Number of Multipliers in Cyclone V Devices table for Cyclone V GX G3 devices. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Variableprecision DSP Block: Updated from 51 to 57</li> <li>9 x 9 Multiplier: Updated from 153 to 171</li> <li>18 x 18 Multiplier: Updated from 102 to 114</li> <li>27 x 27 Multiplier: Updated from 51 to 57</li> <li>18 x 18 Multiplier Adder Mode: Updated from 51 to 57</li> <li>18 x 18 Multiplier Adder Summed with 36 bit Input: Updated from 51 to 57</li> </ul> </li> <li>Updated Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Cyclone V Devices table for Cyclone V GX G3 devices. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>M10K block: Updated from 119 to 135</li> <li>M10K RAM bit (Kb): Updated from 1,190 to 1,350</li> <li>MLAB block: Updated from 255 to 291</li> <li>MLAB RAM bit (Kb): Updated from 159 to 181</li> <li>Total RAM bit (Kb): Updated from 1,349 to 1,531</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
October 2014	2014.10.06	Added a footnote to the "Transceiver PCS Features for Cyclone V Devices" table to show that PCIe Gen2 is supported for Cyclone V GT and ST devices.
<b>continued...</b>		



Date	Version	Changes
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3, Figure 4, Figure 5, Figure 6, and Figure 10.</li> <li>Updated the "FPGA Configuration and Processor Booting" and "Hardware and Software Development" sections.</li> <li>Text edits throughout the document.</li> </ul>
February 2012	1.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated Table 1-2, Table 1-3, and Table 1-6.</li> <li>Updated "Cyclone V Family Plan" on page 1-4 and "Clock Networks and PLL Clock Sources" on page 1-15.</li> <li>Updated Figure 1-1 and Figure 1-6.</li> </ul>
November 2011	1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-2, Table 1-3, Table 1-4, Table 1-5, and Table 1-6.</li> <li>Updated Figure 1-4, Figure 1-5, Figure 1-6, Figure 1-7, and Figure 1-8.</li> <li>Updated "System Peripherals" on page 1-18, "HPS-FPGA AXI Bridges" on page 1-19, "HPS SDRAM Controller Subsystem" on page 1-19, "FPGA Configuration and Processor Booting" on page 1-19, and "Hardware and Software Development" on page 1-20.</li> <li>Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
October 2011	1.0	Initial release.