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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	56480
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	149500
Total RAM Bits	7880704
Number of I/O	480
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.07V ~ 1.13V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	896-BGA
Supplier Device Package	896-FBGA (31x31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5cefa7f31c7n

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Summary of Cyclone V Features

Summary of Features for Cyclone V Devices Table 2.

Feature		Description					
Technology	TSMC's 28-nm low-p 1.1 V core voltage	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Packaging	Multiple device densi different device densi	Multiple device densities with compatible package footprints for seamless migration between different device densities					
High-performance FPGA fabric	Enhanced 8-input ALM v	vith four registers					
Internal memory blocks	•	(b) memory blocks with soft error correction code (ECC) block (MLAB)—640-bit distributed LUTRAM where you can use up to 25% memory					
Embedded Hard IP blocks	Variable-precision DSP	 Native support for up to three signal processing precision levels (three 9 x 9, two 18 x 18, or one 27 x 27 multiplier) in the same variable-precision DSP block 64-bit accumulator and cascade Embedded internal coefficient memory Preadder/subtractor for improved efficiency 					
	Memory controller DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 with 16 and 32 bit ECC support						
	Embedded transceiver I/O PCI Express* (PCIe*) Gen2 and Gen1 (x1, x2, or x4) hard IP with multifunction support, endpoint, and root port						
Clock networks		ol clock network d peripheral clock networks are not used can be powered down to reduce dynamic power					
Phase-locked loops (PLLs)	Precision clock synthInteger mode and from	esis, clock delay compensation, and zero delay buffering (ZDB) actional mode					
FPGA General-purpose I/Os (GPIOs)	400 MHz/800 Mbps 6 On-chip termination	cond (Mbps) LVDS receiver and 840 Mbps LVDS transmitter external memory interface (OCT) p to 16 mA drive strength					
Low-power high-speed serial interface	Transmit pre-emphase	Sbps integrated transceiver speed sis and receiver equalization infiguration of individual channels					
HPS (Cyclone V SE, SX, and ST devices only)	 Single or dual-core Arm Cortex-A9 MPCore processor-up to 925 MHz maximum frequency with support for symmetric and asymmetric multiprocessing Interface peripherals—10/100/1000 Ethernet media access control (EMAC), USB 2.0 On-The-GO (OTG) controller, quad serial peripheral interface (QSPI) flash controller, NAND flash controller, Secure Digital/MultiMediaCard (SD/MMC) controller, UART, controller area network (CAN), serial peripheral interface (SPI), I²C interface, and up to 85 HPS GPIO interfaces 						
		-general-purpose timers, watchdog timers, direct memory access (DMA) iguration manager, and clock and reset managers ot ROM					
	·	continued					

⁽¹⁾ Contact Intel for availability.



Feature	Description
	 HPS-FPGA bridges—include the FPGA-to-HPS, HPS-to-FPGA, and lightweight HPS-to-FPGA bridges that allow the FPGA fabric to issue transactions to slaves in the HPS, and vice versa FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM controller subsystem—provides a configurable interface to the multiport front end (MPFE) of the HPS SDRAM controller Arm CoreSight™ JTAG debug access port, trace port, and on-chip trace storage
Configuration	 Tamper protection—comprehensive design protection to protect your valuable IP investments Enhanced advanced encryption standard (AES) design security features CvP Dynamic reconfiguration of the FPGA Active serial (AS) x1 and x4, passive serial (PS), JTAG, and fast passive parallel (FPP) x8 and x16 configuration options Internal scrubbing (2) Partial reconfiguration (3)

Cyclone V Device Variants and Packages

Table 3. Device Variants for the Cyclone V Device Family

Variant	Description
Cyclone V E	Optimized for the lowest system cost and power requirement for a wide spectrum of general logic and DSP applications
Cyclone V GX	Optimized for the lowest cost and power requirement for 614 Mbps to 3.125 Gbps transceiver applications
Cyclone V GT	The FPGA industry's lowest cost and lowest power requirement for 6.144 Gbps transceiver applications
Cyclone V SE	SoC with integrated Arm-based HPS
Cyclone V SX	SoC with integrated Arm-based HPS and 3.125 Gbps transceivers
Cyclone V ST	SoC with integrated Arm-based HPS and 6.144 Gbps transceivers

Cyclone V E

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V E devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Product Selector Guide.

Related Information

Product Selector Guide

Provides the latest information about Intel products.

⁽²⁾ The SEU internal scrubbing feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.

⁽³⁾ The partial reconfiguration feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel® sales representatives.



Available Options

Figure 1. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V E Devices

The SEU internal scrubbing feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.



Maximum Resources

Table 4. Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V E Devices

Resource			Member Code						
		A2	A4	A5	A7	А9			
Logic Elements	(LE) (K)	25	49	77	150	301			
ALM		9,430	18,480	29,080	56,480	113,560			
Register		37,736	73,920	116,320	225,920	454,240			
Memory (Kb)	M10K	1,760	3,080	4,460	6,860	12,200			
	MLAB	196	303	424	836	1,717			
Variable-precisi	on DSP Block	25	66	150	156	342			
18 x 18 Multipli	er	50	132	300	312	684			
PLL		4	4	6	7	8			
GPIO		224	224	240	480	480			
LVDS	Transmitter	56	56	60	120	120			
	Receiver	56	56	60	120	120			
Hard Memory C	ontroller	1	1	2	2	2			



Related Information

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices
Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

Package Plan

Table 5. Package Plan for Cyclone V E Devices

Member Code	M383 (13 mm)	M484 (15 mm)	U324 (15 mm)	F256 (17 mm)	U484 (19 mm)	F484 (23 mm)	F672 (27 mm)	F896 (31 mm)
	GPIO							
A2	223	_	176	128	224	224	_	_
A4	223	_	176	128	224	224	_	_
A5	175	_	_	_	224	240	_	_
A7	_	240	_	_	240	240	336	480
A9	_	_	_	_	240	224	336	480

Cyclone V GX

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V GX devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the *Product Selector Guide*.

Related Information

Product Selector Guide

Provides the latest information about Intel products.

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Resource		Member Code				
		D5	D7	D9		
	Receiver	84	120	140		
PCIe Hard IP Block		2	2	2		
Hard Memory Controller		2	2	2		

Related Information

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

Package Plan

Table 9. Package Plan for Cyclone V GT Devices

Transceiver counts shown are for transceiver ≤ 5 Gbps . 6 Gbps transceiver channel count support depends on the package and channel usage. For more information about the 6 Gbps transceiver channel count, refer to the Cyclone V Device Handbook Volume 2: Transceivers.

Member Code	M301 (11 mm)		M383 (13 mm)		M484 (15 mm)		U484 (19 mm)	
	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR
D5	129	4	175	6	_	_	224	6
D7	_	_	_	_	240	3	240	6
D9	_	_	_	_	_	_	240	5

Member Code	F484 (23 mm)		F672 (27 mm)		F896 (31 mm)		F1152 (35 mm)	
	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR
D5	240	6	336	6	_	_	_	_
D7	240	6	336	9 (6)	480	9 (6)	_	_
D9	224	6	336	9 (6)	480	12 ⁽⁷⁾	560	12 ⁽⁷⁾

Related Information

6.144-Gbps Support Capability in Cyclone V GT Devices, Cyclone V Device Handbook Volume 2: Transceivers

Provides more information about 6 Gbps transceiver channel count.

⁽⁶⁾ If you require CPRI (at 6.144 Gbps) and PCIe Gen2 transmit jitter compliance, Intel recommends that you use only up to three full-duplex transceiver channels for CPRI, and up to six full-duplex channels for PCIe Gen2. The CMU channels are not considered full-duplex channels.

⁽⁷⁾ If you require CPRI (at 6.144 Gbps) and PCIe Gen2 transmit jitter compliance, Intel recommends that you use only up to three full-duplex transceiver channels for CPRI, and up to eight full-duplex channels for PCIe Gen2. The CMU channels are not considered full-duplex channels.



Maximum Resources

Table 10. **Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V SE Devices**

Res	ource		Member Code					
		A2	A4	A5	A6			
Logic Elements (LE) (K)	25	40	85	110			
ALM		9,430	15,880	32,070	41,910			
Register		37,736	60,376	128,300	166,036			
Memory (Kb)	M10K	1,400	2,700	3,970	5,570			
	MLAB	138	231	480	621			
Variable-precisio	n DSP Block	36	84	87	112			
18 x 18 Multiplier		72	168	174	224			
FPGA PLL		5	5	6	6			
HPS PLL		3	3	3	3			
FPGA GPIO		145	145	288	288			
HPS I/O		181	181	181	181			
LVDS	Transmitter	32	32	72	72			
	Receiver	37	37	72	72			
FPGA Hard Memo	ory Controller	1	1	1	1			
HPS Hard Memory Controller		1	1	1	1			
Arm Cortex-A9 M	1PCore Processor	Single- or dual- core	Single- or dual- core	Single- or dual-core	Single- or dual-core			

Related Information

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

Package Plan

Package Plan for Cyclone V SE Devices Table 11.

The HPS I/O counts are the number of I/Os in the HPS and does not correlate with the number of HPS-specific I/O pins in the FPGA. Each HPS-specific pin in the FPGA may be mapped to several HPS I/Os.

Member Code	U484 (19 mm)		U672 (23 mm)		F896 (31 mm)	
	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O
A2	66	151	145	181	_	_
A4	66	151	145	181	_	_
A5	66	151	145	181	288	181
A6	66	151	145	181	288	181



Cyclone V SX

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V SX devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the *Product Selector Guide*.

Related Information

Product Selector Guide

Provides the latest information about Intel products.

Available Options

Figure 5. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V SX Devices

The SEU internal scrubbing feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.

Cyclone V SE and SX low-power devices (L power option) offer 30% static power reduction for devices with 25K LE and 40K LE, and 20% static power reduction for devices with 85K LE and 110K LE.



Maximum Resources

Table 12. Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V SX Devices

Resource		Member Code				
		C2	C4	C5	C6	
Logic Elements (LE) (K)		25	40	85	110	
ALM		9,430	15,880	32,070	41,910	
Register		37,736	60,376	128,300	166,036	
Memory (Kb)	M10K	1,400	2,700	3,970	5,570	
	MLAB	138	231	480	621	
Variable-precision [DSP Block	36	84	87	112	
18 x 18 Multiplier		72	168	174	224	
FPGA PLL		5	5	6	6	
					continued	



Resource		Member Code					
		C2	C4	C5	C6		
HPS PLL		3	3	3	3		
3 Gbps Transceiver		6	6	9	9		
FPGA GPIO ⁽⁸⁾		145	145	288	288		
HPS I/O	HPS I/O		181	181	181		
LVDS	Transmitter	32	32	72	72		
	Receiver	37	37	72	72		
PCIe Hard IP Block		2	2	2 (9)	2 (9)		
FPGA Hard Memory Controller		1	1	1	1		
HPS Hard Memory Controller		1	1	1	1		
Arm Cortex-A9 MP0	Core Processor	Dual-core	Dual-core	Dual-core	Dual-core		

Related Information

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

Package Plan

Table 13. Package Plan for Cyclone V SX Devices

The HPS I/O counts are the number of I/Os in the HPS and does not correlate with the number of HPS-specific I/O pins in the FPGA. Each HPS-specific pin in the FPGA may be mapped to several HPS I/Os.

Member Code	U672 (23 mm)			F896 (31 mm)		
	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR
C2	145	181	6	_	_	_
C4	145	181	6	_	_	_
C5	145	181	6	288	181	9
C6	145	181	6	288	181	9

Cyclone V ST

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V ST devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the *Product Selector Guide*.

⁽⁸⁾ The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

^{(9) 1} PCIe Hard IP Block in U672 package.

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Reso	urce	Member Code		
		D5	D6	
	Receiver	72	72	
PCIe Hard IP Block	PCIe Hard IP Block		2	
FPGA Hard Memory Controller	FPGA Hard Memory Controller		1	
HPS Hard Memory Controller		1	1	
Arm Cortex-A9 MPCore Proces	sor	Dual-core	Dual-core	

Related Information

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

Package Plan

Table 15. Package Plan for Cyclone V ST Devices

- The HPS I/O counts are the number of I/Os in the HPS and does not correlate with the number of HPS-specific I/O pins in the FPGA. Each HPS-specific pin in the FPGA may be mapped to several HPS I/Os.
- Transceiver counts shown are for transceiver ≤5 Gbps . 6 Gbps transceiver channel count support depends on the package and channel usage. For more information about the 6 Gbps transceiver channel count, refer to the Cyclone V Device Handbook Volume 2: Transceivers.

Member Code	F896 (31 mm)					
	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR			
D5	288	181	9 (11)			
D6	288	181	9 (11)			

Related Information

6.144-Gbps Support Capability in Cyclone V GT Devices, Cyclone V Device Handbook Volume 2: Transceivers

Provides more information about 6 Gbps transceiver channel count.

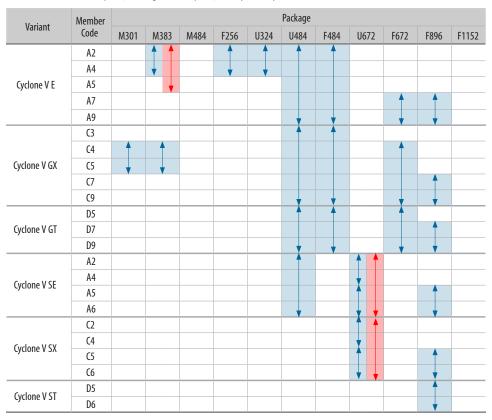
⁽¹¹⁾ If you require CPRI (at 4.9152 Gbps) and PCIe Gen2 transmit jitter compliance, Intel recommends that you use only up to seven full-duplex transceiver channels for CPRI, and up to six full-duplex channels for PCIe Gen2. The CMU channels are not considered full-duplex channels.



I/O Vertical Migration for Cyclone V Devices

Figure 7. Vertical Migration Capability Across Cyclone V Device Packages and Densities

The arrows indicate the vertical migration paths. The devices included in each vertical migration path are shaded. You can also migrate your design across device densities in the same package option if the devices have the same dedicated pins, configuration pins, and power pins.



You can achieve the vertical migration shaded in red if you use only up to 175 GPIOs for the M383 package, and 138 GPIOs for the U672 package. These migration paths are not shown in the Intel Quartus Prime software Pin Migration View.

Note:

To verify the pin migration compatibility, use the Pin Migration View window in the Intel Quartus Prime software Pin Planner.

Adaptive Logic Module

Cyclone V devices use a 28 nm ALM as the basic building block of the logic fabric.

The ALM, as shown in following figure, uses an 8-input fracturable look-up table (LUT) with four dedicated registers to help improve timing closure in register-rich designs and achieve an even higher design packing capability than previous generations.



Table 16. Variable-Precision DSP Block Configurations for Cyclone V Devices

Usage Example	Multiplier Size (Bit)	DSP Block Resource
Low precision fixed point for video applications	Three 9 x 9	1
Medium precision fixed point in FIR filters	Two 18 x 18	1
FIR filters and general DSP usage	Two 18 x 18 with accumulate	1
High precision fixed- or floating-point implementations	One 27 x 27 with accumulate	1

You can configure each DSP block during compilation as independent three 9 \times 9, two 18 \times 18, or one 27 \times 27 multipliers. With a dedicated 64 bit cascade bus, you can cascade multiple variable-precision DSP blocks to implement even higher precision DSP functions efficiently.

Table 17. Number of Multipliers in Cyclone V Devices

The table lists the variable-precision DSP resources by bit precision for each Cyclone V device.

Variant	Member Variable- Code precision DSP Block			dent Input and plications Ope	18 x 18 Multiplier Adder Mode	18 x 18 Multiplier Adder	
		DSP Block	9 x 9 Multiplier	18 x 18 Multiplier	27 x 27 Multiplier	Adder Mode	Summed with 36 bit Input
Cyclone V E	A2	25	75	50	25	25	25
	A4	66	198	132	66	66	66
	A5	150	450	300	150	150	150
	A7	156	468	312	156	156	156
	A9	342	1,026	684	342	342	342
Cyclone V	C3	57	171	114	57	57	57
GX	C4	70	210	140	70	70	70
	C5	150	450	300	150	150	150
	C7	156	468	312	156	156	156
	C9	342	1,026	684	342	342	342
Cyclone V GT	D5	150	450	300	150	150	150
	D7	156	468	312	156	156	156
	D9	342	1,026	684	342	342	342
Cyclone V SE	A2	36	108	72	36	36	36
	A4	84	252	168	84	84	84
	A5	87	261	174	87	87	87
	A6	112	336	224	112	112	112
Cyclone V SX	C2	36	108	72	36	36	36
	C4	84	252	168	84	84	84
	C5	87	261	174	87	87	87
							continued



Variant	Member Code	Variable- precision DSP Block		dent Input and plications Ope	18 x 18 Multiplier	18 x 18 Multiplier	
		DSP Block	9 x 9 Multiplier	18 x 18 Multiplier	27 x 27 Multiplier	Adder Mode	Adder Summed with 36 bit Input
	C6	112	336	224	112	112	112
Cyclone V ST	D5	87	261	174	87	87	87
	D6	112	336	224	112	112	112

Embedded Memory Blocks

The embedded memory blocks in the devices are flexible and designed to provide an optimal amount of small- and large-sized memory arrays to fit your design requirements.

Types of Embedded Memory

The Cyclone V devices contain two types of memory blocks:

- 10 Kb M10K blocks—blocks of dedicated memory resources. The M10K blocks are ideal for larger memory arrays while still providing a large number of independent ports.
- 640 bit memory logic array blocks (MLABs)—enhanced memory blocks that are configured from dual-purpose logic array blocks (LABs). The MLABs are ideal for wide and shallow memory arrays. The MLABs are optimized for implementation of shift registers for digital signal processing (DSP) applications, wide shallow FIFO buffers, and filter delay lines. Each MLAB is made up of ten adaptive logic modules (ALMs). In the Cyclone V devices, you can configure these ALMs as ten 32 x 2 blocks, giving you one 32 x 20 simple dual-port SRAM block per MLAB.

Embedded Memory Capacity in Cyclone V Devices

Table 18. Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Cyclone V Devices

	Member	M10K		ML	Total RAM Bit	
Variant	Code	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	(Kb)
Cyclone V E	A2	176	1,760	314	196	1,956
	A4	308	3,080	485	303	3,383
	A5	446	4,460	679	424	4,884
	A7	686	6,860	1338	836	7,696
	A9	1,220	12,200	2748	1,717	13,917
Cyclone V GX	C3	135	1,350	291	182	1,532
	C4	250	2,500	678	424	2,924
	C5	446	4,460	678	424	4,884
	C7	686	6,860	1338	836	7,696
	C9	1,220	12,200	2748	1,717	13,917
						continued



	Member		M10K		MLAB		
Variant	Code	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Total RAM Bit (Kb)	
Cyclone V GT	D5	446	4,460	679	424	4,884	
	D7	686	6,860	1338	836	7,696	
	D9	1,220	12,200	2748	1,717	13,917	
Cyclone V SE	A2	140	1,400	221	138	1,538	
	A4	270	2,700	370	231	2,460	
	A5	397	3,970	768	480	4,450	
	A6	553	5,530	994	621	6,151	
Cyclone V SX	C2	140	1,400	221	138	1,538	
	C4	270	2,700	370	231	2,460	
	C5	397	3,970	768	480	4,450	
	C6	553	5,530	994	621	6,151	
Cyclone V ST	D5	397	3,970	768	480	4,450	
	D6	553	5,530	994	621	6,151	

Embedded Memory Configurations

Table 19. Supported Embedded Memory Block Configurations for Cyclone V Devices

This table lists the maximum configurations supported for the embedded memory blocks. The information is applicable only to the single-port RAM and ROM modes.

Memory Block	Depth (bits)	Programmable Width
MLAB	32	x16, x18, or x20
M10K	256	x40 or x32
	512	x20 or x16
	1K	x10 or x8
	2K	x5 or x4
	4K	x2
	8K	×1

Clock Networks and PLL Clock Sources

550 MHz Cyclone V devices have 16 global clock networks capable of up to operation. The clock network architecture is based on Intel's global, quadrant, and peripheral clock structure. This clock structure is supported by dedicated clock input pins and fractional PLLs.

Note:

To reduce power consumption, the Intel Quartus Prime software identifies all unused sections of the clock network and powers them down.



PLL Features

The PLLs in the Cyclone V devices support the following features:

- Frequency synthesis
- On-chip clock deskew
- Jitter attenuation
- Programmable output clock duty cycles
- PLL cascading
- Reference clock switchover
- Programmable bandwidth
- User-mode reconfiguration of PLLs
- Low power mode for each fractional PLL
- Dynamic phase shift
- Direct, source synchronous, zero delay buffer, external feedback, and LVDS compensation modes

Fractional PLL

In addition to integer PLLs, the Cyclone V devices use a fractional PLL architecture. The devices have up to eight PLLs, each with nine output counters. You can use the output counters to reduce PLL usage in two ways:

- Reduce the number of oscillators that are required on your board by using fractional PLLs
- Reduce the number of clock pins that are used in the device by synthesizing multiple clock frequencies from a single reference clock source

If you use the fractional PLL mode, you can use the PLLs for precision fractional-N frequency synthesis—removing the need for off-chip reference clock sources in your design.

The transceiver fractional PLLs that are not used by the transceiver I/Os can be used as general purpose fractional PLLs by the FPGA fabric.

FPGA General Purpose I/O

Cyclone V devices offer highly configurable GPIOs. The following list describes the features of the GPIOs:

- Programmable bus hold and weak pull-up
- \bullet LVDS output buffer with programmable differential output voltage (V $_{\text{OD}}$) and programmable pre-emphasis
- ullet On-chip parallel termination (R_T OCT) for all I/O banks with OCT calibration to limit the termination impedance variation
- On-chip dynamic termination that has the ability to swap between series and parallel termination, depending on whether there is read or write on a common bus for signal integrity
- Easy timing closure support using the hard read FIFO in the input register path, and delay-locked loop (DLL) delay chain with fine and coarse architecture



PCS Features

The Cyclone V core logic connects to the PCS through an 8, 10, 16, 20, 32, or 40 bit interface, depending on the transceiver data rate and protocol. Cyclone V devices contain PCS hard IP to support PCIe Gen1 and Gen2, Gbps Ethernet (GbE), Serial RapidIO[®] (SRIO), and Common Public Radio Interface (CPRI).

Most of the standard and proprietary protocols from 614 Mbps to 6.144 Gbps are supported.

Table 23. Transceiver PCS Features for Cyclone V Devices

PCS Support	Data Rates (Gbps)	Transmitter Data Path Feature	Receiver Data Path Feature
3-Gbps and 6-Gbps Basic	0.614 to 6.144	 Phase compensation FIFO Byte serializer 8B/10B encoder Transmitter bit-slip 	 Word aligner Deskew FIFO Rate-match FIFO 8B/10B decoder Byte deserializer Byte ordering Receiver phase compensation FIFO
PCIe Gen1 (x1, x2, x4)	2.5 and 5.0	Dedicated PCIe PHY IP core PIPE 2.0 interface to the core logic	Dedicated PCIe PHY IP core PIPE 2.0 interface to the core logic
PCIe Gen2 (x1, x2, x4) ⁽¹²⁾		logic	logic
GbE	1.25	Custom PHY IP core with preset feature GbE transmitter synchronization state machine	Custom PHY IP core with preset feature GbE receiver synchronization state machine
XAUI (13)	3.125	Dedicated XAUI PHY IP core	Dedicated XAUI PHY IP core
HiGig	3.75	XAUI synchronization state machine for bonding four channels	XAUI synchronization state machine for realigning four channels
SRIO 1.3 and 2.1	1.25 to 3.125	Custom PHY IP core with preset feature SRIO version 2.1-compliant x2 and x4 channel bonding	Custom PHY IP core with preset feature SRIO version 2.1-compliant x2 and x4 deskew state machine
SDI, SD/HD, and 3G-SDI	0.27 ⁽¹⁴⁾ , 1.485, and 2.97	Custom PHY IP core with preset feature	Custom PHY IP core with preset feature
JESD204A	0.3125 ⁽¹⁵⁾ to 3.125		
	,		continued

⁽¹²⁾ PCIe Gen2 is supported for Cyclone V GT and ST devices. The PCIe Gen2 x4 support is PCIe-compatible.

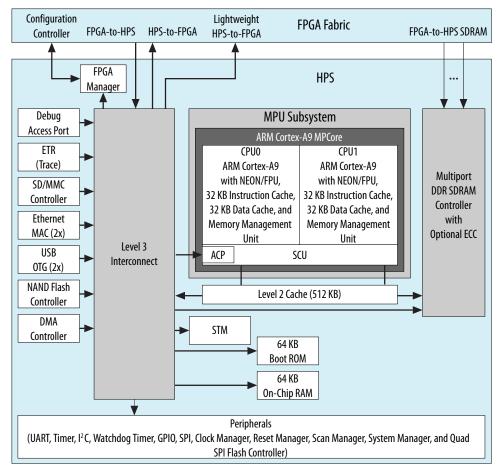
⁽¹³⁾ XAUI is supported through the soft PCS.

 $^{^{(14)}}$ The 0.27-Gbps data rate is supported using oversampling user logic that you must implement in the FPGA fabric.

⁽¹⁵⁾ The 0.3125-Gbps data rate is supported using oversampling user logic that you must implement in the FPGA fabric.



Figure 11. HPS with Dual-Core Arm Cortex-A9 MPCore Processor



System Peripherals and Debug Access Port

Each Ethernet MAC, USB OTG, NAND flash controller, and SD/MMC controller module has an integrated DMA controller. For modules without an integrated DMA controller, an additional DMA controller module provides up to eight channels of high-bandwidth data transfers. Peripherals that communicate off-chip are multiplexed with other peripherals at the HPS pin level. This allows you to choose which peripherals to interface with other devices on your PCB.

The debug access port provides interfaces to industry standard JTAG debug probes and supports Arm CoreSight debug and core traces to facilitate software development.



HPS-FPGA AXI Bridges

The HPS-FPGA bridges, which support the Advanced Microcontroller Bus Architecture (AMBA®) Advanced eXtensible Interface (AXI™) specifications, consist of the following bridges:

- FPGA-to-HPS AXI bridge—a high-performance bus supporting 32, 64, and 128 bit data widths that allows the FPGA fabric to issue transactions to slaves in the HPS.
- HPS-to-FPGA AXI bridge—a high-performance bus supporting 32, 64, and 128 bit data widths that allows the HPS to issue transactions to slaves in the FPGA fabric.
- Lightweight HPS-to-FPGA AXI bridge—a lower latency 32 bit width bus that allows
 the HPS to issue transactions to slaves in the FPGA fabric. This bridge is primarily
 used for control and status register (CSR) accesses to peripherals in the FPGA
 fabric.

The HPS-FPGA AXI bridges allow masters in the FPGA fabric to communicate with slaves in the HPS logic, and vice versa. For example, the HPS-to-FPGA AXI bridge allows you to share memories instantiated in the FPGA fabric with one or both microprocessors in the HPS, while the FPGA-to-HPS AXI bridge allows logic in the FPGA fabric to access the memory and peripherals in the HPS.

Each HPS-FPGA bridge also provides asynchronous clock crossing for data transferred between the FPGA fabric and the HPS.

HPS SDRAM Controller Subsystem

The HPS SDRAM controller subsystem contains a multiport SDRAM controller and DDR PHY that are shared between the FPGA fabric (through the FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM interface), the level 2 (L2) cache, and the level 3 (L3) system interconnect. The FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM interface supports AMBA AXI and Avalon® Memory-Mapped (Avalon-MM) interface standards, and provides up to six individual ports for access by masters implemented in the FPGA fabric.

To maximize memory performance, the SDRAM controller subsystem supports command and data reordering, deficit round-robin arbitration with aging, and high-priority bypass features. The SDRAM controller subsystem supports DDR2, DDR3, or LPDDR2 devices up to 4 Gb in density operating at up to 400 MHz (800 Mbps data rate).

FPGA Configuration and Processor Booting

The FPGA fabric and HPS in the SoC are powered independently. You can reduce the clock frequencies or gate the clocks to reduce dynamic power, or shut down the entire FPGA fabric to reduce total system power.

You can configure the FPGA fabric and boot the HPS independently, in any order, providing you with more design flexibility:

- You can boot the HPS independently. After the HPS is running, the HPS can fully or
 partially reconfigure the FPGA fabric at any time under software control. The HPS
 can also configure other FPGAs on the board through the FPGA configuration
 controller.
- You can power up both the HPS and the FPGA fabric together, configure the FPGA fabric first, and then boot the HPS from memory accessible to the FPGA fabric.



Date	Version	Changes
July 2014	2014.07.07	Updated the I/O vertical migration figure to clarify the migration capability of Cyclone V SE and SX devices.
December 2013	2013.12.26	 Cyclone V SE and SX devices. Corrected single or dual-core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor-up to 925 MHz from 800 MHz. Removed "Preliminary" texts from Ordering Code figures, Maximum Resources, Package Plan and I/O Vertical Migration tables. Removed the note "The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Quartus II software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os." for GPIOs in the Maximum Resource Counts table for Cyclone V E and SE. Added link to Altera Product Selector for each device variant. Updated Embedded Hard IPs for Cyclone V GT devices to indicate Maximum 2 hard PCIe and 2 hard memory controllers. Added leaded package options. Removed the note "The number of PLLs includes general-purpose fractional PLLs and transceiver fractional PLLs." for all PLLs in the Maximum Resource Counts table. Corrected max LVDS counts for transmitter and receiver for Cyclone V E A5 device from 84 to 60. Corrected max LVDS counts for transmitter and receiver for Cyclone V E A9 device from 140 to 120. Corrected variable-precision DSP block, 27 x 27 multiplier, 18 x 18 multiplier adder mode and 18 x 18 multiplier adder summed with 36 bit input for Cyclone V SE devices from 58 to 84. Corrected 18 x 18 multiplier for Cyclone V SE devices from 174 to 252. Corrected LVDS transmitter for Cyclone V SE A2 and A4 as well as SX C2 and C4 devices from 31 to 32. Corrected LVDS receiver for Cyclone V SE A2 and A4 as well as SX C2 and C4 devices from 35 to 37. Corrected transceiver speed grade for Cyclone V ST devices ordering code from 4 to 5. Updated the DDR3 SDRAM for the maximum frequency's soft controller and the minimum frequency from 300 to 303 for voltage 1.35v. Added links to Altera's External Memory Spec Estimator tool to the topics
		 listing the external memory interface performance. Corrected XAUI is supported through the soft PCS in the PCS features for Cyclone V. Added decompression support for the CvP configuration mode.
		Added decompression support for the CVF configuration mode.
May 2013	2013.05.06	 Added link to the known document issues in the Knowledge Base. Moved all links to the Related Information section of respective topics for easy reference.
		 Corrected the title to the PCIe hard IP topic. Cyclone V devices support only PCIe Gen1 and Gen2. Updated Supporting Feature in Table 1 of Increased bandwidth capacity to
		'6.144 Gbps'. • Updated Description in Table 2 of Low-power high-speed serial interface to
		'6.144 Gbps'.
		 Updated Description in Table 3 of Cyclone V GT to '6.144 Gbps'. Updated the M386 package to M383 for Figure 1, Figure 2 and Figure 3.
		 Updated Figure 2 and Figure 3 for Transceiver Count by adding 'F : 4'.
		 Updated LVDS in the Maximum Resource Counts tables to include Transmitter and Receiver values.
		Updated the package plan with M383 for the Cyclone V E device.
		 Removed the M301 and M383 packages from the Cyclone V GX C4 device. Updated the GPIO count to '129' for the M301 package of the Cyclone V GX C5 device.
		Updated 5 Gbps to '6.144 Gbps' forCyclone V GT device.
	'	continued



Date	Version	Changes
		 Updated HPS I/O for U484 (19 mm) in Table 11 with '151' for A2, A4, A5 and A6. Updated Memory (Kb) for Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V SE A4 and A6, SX C4 and C6, ST D6 devices. Updated FPGA PLL for Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V SE A2, SX C2, devices. Removed '36 x 36' from the Variable-Precision DSP Block. Updated Variable-precision DSP Blocks and 18 x 18 Multiplier for Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V SX C4 device. Updated the HPS I/O counts for Cyclone V SE, SX, and ST devices. Updated Figure 7 which shows the I/O vertical migration table. Updated Table 17 for Cyclone V SX C4 device. Updated Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution table for Cyclone V SE A4 and A6, SX C4 and C6, ST D6 devices. Removed 'Counter reconfiguration' from the PLL Features. Updated Low-Power Serial Transceivers by replacing 5 Gbps with 6.144 Gbps. Removed 'Distributed Memory' symbol. Updated the Capability in Table 22 of Backplane support to '6.144 Gbps'. Updated Capability in Table 22 of Ring oscillator transmit PLLs with 6.144 Gbps. Updated the PCS Support in Table 23 from 5 Gbps to '6 Gbps'. Updated the Data Rates (Gbps) in Table 23 of CPRI 4.1 to '6.144 Gbps'. Updated the Data Rates (Gbps) in Table 23 of CPRI 4.1 to '6.144 Gbps'. Clarified that partial reconfiguration is an advanced feature. Contact Altera for support of the feature.
December 2012	2012.12.28	 Updated the pin counts for the MBGA packages. Updated the GPIO and transceiver counts for the MBGA packages. Updated the GPIO counts for the U484 package of the Cyclone V E A9, GX C9, and GT D9 devices. Updated the vertical migration table for vertical migration of the U484 packages. Updated the MLAB supported programmable widths at 32 bits depth.
November 2012	2012.11.19	 Added new MBGA packages and additional U484 packages for Cyclone V E, GX, and GT. Added ordering code for five-transceiver devices for Cyclone V GT and ST. Updated the vertical migration table to add MBGA packages. Added performance information for HPS memory controller. Removed DDR3U support. Updated Cyclone V ST speed grade information. Added information on maximum transceiver channel usage restrictions for PCI Gen2 and CPRI at 4.9152 Gbps transmit jitter compliance. Added note on the differences between GPIO reported in Overview with User I/O numbers shown in the Quartus II software. Updated template.
July 2012	2.1	Added support for PCIe Gen2 x4 lane configuration (PCIe-compatible)
June 2012	2.0	 Restructured the document. Added the "Embedded Memory Capacity" and "Embedded Memory Configurations" sections. Added Table 1, Table 3, Table 16, Table 19, and Table 20. Updated Table 2, Table 4, Table 5, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 9, Table 10, Table 11, Table 12, Table 13, Table 14, Table 17, and Table 18.