



Welcome to **E-XFL.COM** 

# Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	56480
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	149500
Total RAM Bits	7880704
Number of I/O	240
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.07V ~ 1.13V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-FBGA
Supplier Device Package	484-UBGA (19x19)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5cgtfd7c5u19a7n

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



# **Contents**

Cyclone	V Device Overview	. 3
Ke	ey Advantages of Cyclone V Devices	. 3
Su	ummary of Cyclone V Features	.4
	vclone V Device Variants and Packages	
•	Cyclone V E	
	Cyclone V GX	. 7
	Cyclone V GT	
	Cyclone V SE	
	Cyclone V SX	
	Cyclone V ST	
I/0	O Vertical Migration for Cyclone V Devices	
-	daptive Logic Module	
	riable-Precision DSP Block	
En	nbedded Memory Blocks	21
	Types of Embedded Memory	
	Embedded Memory Capacity in Cyclone V Devices	
	Embedded Memory Configurations	22
Cle	ock Networks and PLL Clock Sources	22
FP	PGA General Purpose I/O	23
PC	CIe Gen1 and Gen2 Hard IP	24
Ex	ternal Memory Interface	24
	Hard and Soft Memory Controllers	
	External Memory Performance	
	HPS External Memory Performance	
Lo	w-Power Serial Transceivers	
	Transceiver Channels	
	PMA Features	
	PCS Features	
Sc	oC with HPS	
	HPS Features	
	FPGA Configuration and Processor Booting	
	Hardware and Software Development	
Dy	namic and Partial Reconfiguration	
	Dynamic Reconfiguration	
	Partial Reconfiguration	
	hanced Configuration and Configuration via Protocol	
	wer Management	
Do	ocument Revision History for Cyclone V Device Overview	33



# **Cyclone V Device Overview**

The Cyclone® V devices are designed to simultaneously accommodate the shrinking power consumption, cost, and time-to-market requirements; and the increasing bandwidth requirements for high-volume and cost-sensitive applications.

Enhanced with integrated transceivers and hard memory controllers, the Cyclone V devices are suitable for applications in the industrial, wireless and wireline, military, and automotive markets.

#### **Related Information**

Cyclone V Device Handbook: Known Issues

Lists the planned updates to the Cyclone V Device Handbook chapters.

### **Key Advantages of Cyclone V Devices**

Table 1. Key Advantages of the Cyclone V Device Family

Advantage	Supporting Feature
Lower power consumption	Built on TSMC's 28 nm low-power (28LP) process technology and includes an abundance of hard intellectual property (IP) blocks     Up to 40% lower power consumption than the previous generation device
Improved logic integration and differentiation capabilities	8-input adaptive logic module (ALM)     Up to 13.59 megabits (Mb) of embedded memory     Variable-precision digital signal processing (DSP) blocks
Increased bandwidth capacity	3.125 gigabits per second (Gbps) and 6.144 Gbps transceivers     Hard memory controllers
Hard processor system (HPS) with integrated Arm* Cortex*-A9 MPCore* processor	<ul> <li>Tight integration of a dual-core Arm Cortex-A9 MPCore processor, hard IP, and an FPGA in a single Cyclone V system-on-a-chip (SoC)</li> <li>Supports over 128 Gbps peak bandwidth with integrated data coherency between the processor and the FPGA fabric</li> </ul>
Lowest system cost	Requires only two core voltages to operate  Available in low-cost wirebond packaging  Includes innovative features such as Configuration via Protocol (CvP) and partial reconfiguration



# **Summary of Cyclone V Features**

**Summary of Features for Cyclone V Devices** Table 2.

Feature		Description					
Technology	TSMC's 28-nm low-p 1.1 V core voltage						
Packaging	Multiple device densi different device densi	Multiple device densities with compatible package footprints for seamless migration between different device densities					
High-performance FPGA fabric	Enhanced 8-input ALM v	vith four registers					
Internal memory blocks	•	(b) memory blocks with soft error correction code (ECC) block (MLAB)—640-bit distributed LUTRAM where you can use up to 25% memory					
Embedded Hard IP blocks	<ul> <li>Variable-precision DSP</li> <li>Native support for up to three signal processing precision levels (three 9 x 9, two 18 x 18, or one 27 x 27 multiplier) in the sam variable-precision DSP block</li> <li>64-bit accumulator and cascade</li> <li>Embedded internal coefficient memory</li> <li>Preadder/subtractor for improved efficiency</li> </ul>						
	Memory controller DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 with 16 and 32 bit ECC support						
	Embedded transceiver I/O PCI Express* (PCIe*) Gen2 and Gen1 (x1, x2, or x4) hard IP with multifunction support, endpoint, and root port						
Clock networks		ol clock network d peripheral clock networks are not used can be powered down to reduce dynamic power					
Phase-locked loops (PLLs)	Precision clock synth     Integer mode and from	esis, clock delay compensation, and zero delay buffering (ZDB) actional mode					
FPGA General-purpose I/Os (GPIOs)	<ul> <li>875 megabits per second (Mbps) LVDS receiver and 840 Mbps LVDS transmitter</li> <li>400 MHz/800 Mbps external memory interface</li> <li>On-chip termination (OCT)</li> <li>3.3 V support with up to 16 mA drive strength</li> </ul>						
Low-power high-speed serial interface	Transmit pre-emphase	Sbps integrated transceiver speed sis and receiver equalization infiguration of individual channels					
HPS (Cyclone V SE, SX, and ST devices only)	Single or dual-core Arm Cortex-A9 MPCore processor-up to 925 MHz maximum frequency with support for symmetric and asymmetric multiprocessing  Interface peripherals—10/100/1000 Ethernet media access control (EMAC), USB 2.0 On-The-GO (OTG) controller, quad serial peripheral interface (QSPI) flash controller, NAND flash controller, Secure Digital/MultiMediaCard (SD/MMC) controller, UART, controller area network (CAN), serial peripheral interface (SPI), I <sup>2</sup> C interface, and up to 85 HPS GPIO interfaces						
		-general-purpose timers, watchdog timers, direct memory access (DMA) iguration manager, and clock and reset managers ot ROM					
	·	continued					

<sup>(1)</sup> Contact Intel for availability.



Feature	Description
	<ul> <li>HPS-FPGA bridges—include the FPGA-to-HPS, HPS-to-FPGA, and lightweight HPS-to-FPGA bridges that allow the FPGA fabric to issue transactions to slaves in the HPS, and vice versa</li> <li>FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM controller subsystem—provides a configurable interface to the multiport front end (MPFE) of the HPS SDRAM controller</li> <li>Arm CoreSight™ JTAG debug access port, trace port, and on-chip trace storage</li> </ul>
Configuration	<ul> <li>Tamper protection—comprehensive design protection to protect your valuable IP investments</li> <li>Enhanced advanced encryption standard (AES) design security features</li> <li>CvP</li> <li>Dynamic reconfiguration of the FPGA</li> <li>Active serial (AS) x1 and x4, passive serial (PS), JTAG, and fast passive parallel (FPP) x8 and x16 configuration options</li> <li>Internal scrubbing (2)</li> <li>Partial reconfiguration (3)</li> </ul>

### **Cyclone V Device Variants and Packages**

Table 3. Device Variants for the Cyclone V Device Family

Variant	Description
Cyclone V E	Optimized for the lowest system cost and power requirement for a wide spectrum of general logic and DSP applications
Cyclone V GX	Optimized for the lowest cost and power requirement for 614 Mbps to 3.125 Gbps transceiver applications
Cyclone V GT	The FPGA industry's lowest cost and lowest power requirement for 6.144 Gbps transceiver applications
Cyclone V SE	SoC with integrated Arm-based HPS
Cyclone V SX	SoC with integrated Arm-based HPS and 3.125 Gbps transceivers
Cyclone V ST	SoC with integrated Arm-based HPS and 6.144 Gbps transceivers

### Cyclone V E

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V E devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Product Selector Guide.

#### **Related Information**

Product Selector Guide

Provides the latest information about Intel products.

<sup>(2)</sup> The SEU internal scrubbing feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.

<sup>(3)</sup> The partial reconfiguration feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel® sales representatives.



### **Available Options**

#### Figure 1. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V E Devices

The SEU internal scrubbing feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.



### **Maximum Resources**

**Table 4.** Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V E Devices

Resource				Member Code		
		A2	A4	A5	A7	А9
Logic Elements	(LE) (K)	25	49	77	150	301
ALM		9,430	18,480	29,080	56,480	113,560
Register		37,736	73,920	116,320	225,920	454,240
Memory (Kb)	M10K	1,760	3,080	4,460	6,860	12,200
	MLAB	196	303	424	836	1,717
Variable-precision	on DSP Block	25	66	150	156	342
18 x 18 Multipli	er	50	132	300	312	684
PLL		4	4	6	7	8
GPIO		224	224	224 240 480		480
LVDS Transmitter		56	56	60	120	120
	Receiver	56	56	60	120	120
Hard Memory C	ontroller	1	1	2	2	2



#### **Related Information**

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices
Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

### **Package Plan**

**Table 5.** Package Plan for Cyclone V E Devices

Member Code	M383 (13 mm)	M484 (15 mm)	U324 (15 mm)	F256 (17 mm)	U484 (19 mm)	F484 (23 mm)	F672 (27 mm)	F896 (31 mm)
	GPIO							
A2	223	_	176	128	224	224	_	_
A4	223	_	176	128	224	224	_	_
A5	175	_	_	_	224	240	_	_
A7	_	240	_	_	240	240	336	480
A9	_	_	_	_	240	224	336	480

### **Cyclone V GX**

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V GX devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the *Product Selector Guide*.

### **Related Information**

**Product Selector Guide** 

Provides the latest information about Intel products.

#### CV-51001 | 2018.05.07



Resource		Member Code							
		С3	C4	<b>C5</b>	С7	<b>C9</b>			
LVDS Transmitter		52	84	84	120	140			
	Receiver	52	84	84	120	140			
PCIe Hard IP Block		1	2	2	2	2			
Hard Memory Controller		1	2	2	2	2			

#### **Related Information**

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

### **Package Plan**

**Table 7.** Package Plan for Cyclone V GX Devices

Member Code	M3 (11)	801 mm)	M3 (13 i		M4 (15		U324 (15 mm)			
	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR
C3	_	_	_	_	_	_	144	3	208	3
C4	129	4	175	6	_	_	_	_	224	6
C5	129	4	175	6	_	_	_	_	224	6
C7	_	_	_	_	240	3	_	_	240	6
C9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	240	5

Member Code	F4 (23 i		F6 (27 I	72 mm)	F896 (31 mm)		F1152 (35 mm)	
	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR
C3	208	3	_	_	_	_	_	_
C4	240	6	336	6	_	_	_	_
C5	240	6	336	6	_	_	_	_
C7	240	6	336	9	480	9	_	_
С9	224	6	336	9	480	12	560	12

### **Cyclone V GT**

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V GT devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the *Product Selector Guide*.

#### **Related Information**

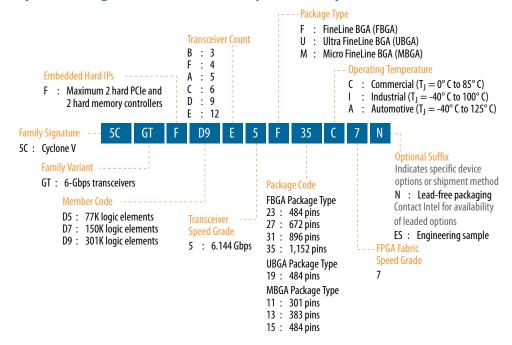
Product Selector Guide

Provides the latest information about Intel products.



### **Available Options**

Figure 3. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V GT Devices



#### **Maximum Resources**

**Table 8.** Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V GT Devices

Resource		Member Code					
		D5	D7	D9			
Logic Elements (LE) (	K)	77	150	301			
ALM		29,080	56,480	113,560			
Register		116,320	225,920	454,240			
Memory (Kb)	M10K	4,460	6,860	12,200			
	MLAB	424	836	1,717			
Variable-precision DS	P Block	150	156	342			
18 x 18 Multiplier		300	312	684			
PLL		6	7	8			
6 Gbps Transceiver		6	9	12			
GPIO <sup>(5)</sup>		336	480	560			
LVDS	Transmitter	84	120	140			
	,	•		continued			

<sup>(5)</sup> The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.



### **Cyclone V SE**

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V SE devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the *Product Selector Guide*.

#### **Related Information**

**Product Selector Guide** 

Provides the latest information about Intel products.

#### **Available Options**

#### Figure 4. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V SE Devices

The SEU internal scrubbing feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.

Cyclone V SE and SX low-power devices (L power option) offer 30% static power reduction for devices with 25K LE and 40K LE, and 20% static power reduction for devices with 85K LE and 110K LE.





Resource		Member Code					
		C2	C4	C5	C6		
HPS PLL		3	3	3	3		
3 Gbps Transceiver		6	6	9	9		
FPGA GPIO (8)	FPGA GPIO <sup>(8)</sup>		145	288	288		
HPS I/O		181	181	181	181		
LVDS	Transmitter	32	32	72	72		
	Receiver	37	37	72	72		
PCIe Hard IP Block	PCIe Hard IP Block		2	2 (9)	2 (9)		
FPGA Hard Memory Controller		1	1		1		
HPS Hard Memory Controller		1	1	1	1		
Arm Cortex-A9 MP0	Core Processor	Dual-core	Dual-core	Dual-core	Dual-core		

#### **Related Information**

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

#### **Package Plan**

**Table 13.** Package Plan for Cyclone V SX Devices

The HPS I/O counts are the number of I/Os in the HPS and does not correlate with the number of HPS-specific I/O pins in the FPGA. Each HPS-specific pin in the FPGA may be mapped to several HPS I/Os.

Member Code	U672 (23 mm)			F896 (31 mm)		
	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR
C2	145	181	6	_	_	_
C4	145	181	6	_	_	_
C5	145	181	6	288	181	9
C6	145	181	6	288	181	9

### **Cyclone V ST**

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V ST devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the *Product Selector Guide*.

<sup>(8)</sup> The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

<sup>(9) 1</sup> PCIe Hard IP Block in U672 package.

#### CV-51001 | 2018.05.07



Reso	urce	Member Code		
		D5	D6	
Receiver		72	72	
PCIe Hard IP Block		2	2	
FPGA Hard Memory Controller		1	1	
HPS Hard Memory Controller		1	1	
Arm Cortex-A9 MPCore Processor		Dual-core	Dual-core	

#### **Related Information**

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

#### **Package Plan**

#### **Table 15.** Package Plan for Cyclone V ST Devices

- The HPS I/O counts are the number of I/Os in the HPS and does not correlate with the number of HPS-specific I/O pins in the FPGA. Each HPS-specific pin in the FPGA may be mapped to several HPS I/Os.
- Transceiver counts shown are for transceiver ≤5 Gbps . 6 Gbps transceiver channel count support depends on the package and channel usage. For more information about the 6 Gbps transceiver channel count, refer to the Cyclone V Device Handbook Volume 2: Transceivers.

Member Code	F896 (31 mm)				
	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR		
D5	288	181	9 (11)		
D6	288	181	9 (11)		

#### **Related Information**

6.144-Gbps Support Capability in Cyclone V GT Devices, Cyclone V Device Handbook Volume 2: Transceivers

Provides more information about 6 Gbps transceiver channel count.

<sup>(11)</sup> If you require CPRI (at 4.9152 Gbps) and PCIe Gen2 transmit jitter compliance, Intel recommends that you use only up to seven full-duplex transceiver channels for CPRI, and up to six full-duplex channels for PCIe Gen2. The CMU channels are not considered full-duplex channels.



### I/O Vertical Migration for Cyclone V Devices

#### Figure 7. Vertical Migration Capability Across Cyclone V Device Packages and Densities

The arrows indicate the vertical migration paths. The devices included in each vertical migration path are shaded. You can also migrate your design across device densities in the same package option if the devices have the same dedicated pins, configuration pins, and power pins.



You can achieve the vertical migration shaded in red if you use only up to 175 GPIOs for the M383 package, and 138 GPIOs for the U672 package. These migration paths are not shown in the Intel Quartus Prime software Pin Migration View.

Note:

To verify the pin migration compatibility, use the Pin Migration View window in the Intel Quartus Prime software Pin Planner.

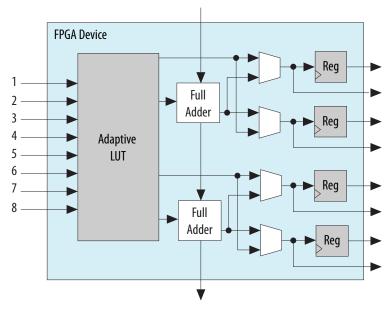
## **Adaptive Logic Module**

Cyclone V devices use a 28 nm ALM as the basic building block of the logic fabric.

The ALM, as shown in following figure, uses an 8-input fracturable look-up table (LUT) with four dedicated registers to help improve timing closure in register-rich designs and achieve an even higher design packing capability than previous generations.



Figure 8. ALM for Cyclone V Devices



You can configure up to 25% of the ALMs in the Cyclone V devices as distributed memory using MLABs.

#### **Related Information**

Embedded Memory Capacity in Cyclone V Devices on page 21 Lists the embedded memory capacity for each device.

### **Variable-Precision DSP Block**

Cyclone V devices feature a variable-precision DSP block that supports these features:

- Configurable to support signal processing precisions ranging from 9 x 9, 18 x 18 and 27 x 27 bits natively
- A 64-bit accumulator
- A hard preadder that is available in both 18- and 27-bit modes
- Cascaded output adders for efficient systolic finite impulse response (FIR) filters
- Internal coefficient register banks, 8 deep, for each multiplier in 18- or 27-bit mode
- Fully independent multiplier operation
- A second accumulator feedback register to accommodate complex multiplyaccumulate functions
- Fully independent Efficient support for single-precision floating point arithmetic
- The inferability of all modes by the Intel Quartus Prime design software



Table 16. Variable-Precision DSP Block Configurations for Cyclone V Devices

Usage Example	Multiplier Size (Bit)	DSP Block Resource
Low precision fixed point for video applications	Three 9 x 9	1
Medium precision fixed point in FIR filters	Two 18 x 18	1
FIR filters and general DSP usage	Two 18 x 18 with accumulate	1
High precision fixed- or floating-point implementations	One 27 x 27 with accumulate	1

You can configure each DSP block during compilation as independent three 9  $\times$  9, two 18  $\times$  18, or one 27  $\times$  27 multipliers. With a dedicated 64 bit cascade bus, you can cascade multiple variable-precision DSP blocks to implement even higher precision DSP functions efficiently.

**Table 17.** Number of Multipliers in Cyclone V Devices

The table lists the variable-precision DSP resources by bit precision for each Cyclone V device.

Variant	Member Variable- Code precision DSP Block	precision		dent Input and plications Ope	18 x 18 Multiplier Adder Mode	18 x 18 Multiplier Adder	
		DSP Block	9 x 9 Multiplier	18 x 18 Multiplier	27 x 27 Multiplier	Adder Mode	Summed with 36 bit Input
Cyclone V E	A2	25	75	50	25	25	25
	A4	66	198	132	66	66	66
	A5	150	450	300	150	150	150
	A7	156	468	312	156	156	156
	A9	342	1,026	684	342	342	342
Cyclone V	C3	57	171	114	57	57	57
GX	C4	70	210	140	70	70	70
	C5	150	450	300	150	150	150
	C7	156	468	312	156	156	156
	C9	342	1,026	684	342	342	342
Cyclone V GT	D5	150	450	300	150	150	150
	D7	156	468	312	156	156	156
	D9	342	1,026	684	342	342	342
Cyclone V SE	A2	36	108	72	36	36	36
	A4	84	252	168	84	84	84
	A5	87	261	174	87	87	87
	A6	112	336	224	112	112	112
Cyclone V SX	C2	36	108	72	36	36	36
	C4	84	252	168	84	84	84
	C5	87	261	174	87	87	87
							continued



Variant	Member Code	Variable- precision DSP Block	Independent Input and Output Multiplications Operator			18 x 18 Multiplier	18 x 18 Multiplier
		DSP Block	9 x 9 Multiplier	18 x 18 Multiplier	27 x 27 Multiplier	Adder Mode Summed with 36 bit Input	Summed with 36 bit
	C6	112	336	224	112	112	112
Cyclone V ST	D5	87	261	174	87	87	87
	D6	112	336	224	112	112	112

### **Embedded Memory Blocks**

The embedded memory blocks in the devices are flexible and designed to provide an optimal amount of small- and large-sized memory arrays to fit your design requirements.

### **Types of Embedded Memory**

The Cyclone V devices contain two types of memory blocks:

- 10 Kb M10K blocks—blocks of dedicated memory resources. The M10K blocks are ideal for larger memory arrays while still providing a large number of independent ports.
- 640 bit memory logic array blocks (MLABs)—enhanced memory blocks that are configured from dual-purpose logic array blocks (LABs). The MLABs are ideal for wide and shallow memory arrays. The MLABs are optimized for implementation of shift registers for digital signal processing (DSP) applications, wide shallow FIFO buffers, and filter delay lines. Each MLAB is made up of ten adaptive logic modules (ALMs). In the Cyclone V devices, you can configure these ALMs as ten 32 x 2 blocks, giving you one 32 x 20 simple dual-port SRAM block per MLAB.

### **Embedded Memory Capacity in Cyclone V Devices**

Table 18. Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Cyclone V Devices

	Member	M1	ОК	ML	Total RAM Bit		
Variant	Code	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	(Kb)	
Cyclone V E	A2	176	1,760	314	196	1,956	
	A4	308	3,080	485	303	3,383	
	A5	446	4,460	679	424	4,884	
	A7	686	6,860	1338	836	7,696	
	A9	1,220	12,200	2748	1,717	13,917	
Cyclone V GX	C3	135	1,350	291	182	1,532	
	C4	250	2,500	678	424	2,924	
	C5	446	4,460	678	424	4,884	
	C7	686	6,860	1338	836	7,696	
	C9	1,220	12,200	2748	1,717	13,917	
	continued						



#### **PLL Features**

The PLLs in the Cyclone V devices support the following features:

- Frequency synthesis
- On-chip clock deskew
- Jitter attenuation
- Programmable output clock duty cycles
- PLL cascading
- Reference clock switchover
- Programmable bandwidth
- User-mode reconfiguration of PLLs
- Low power mode for each fractional PLL
- Dynamic phase shift
- Direct, source synchronous, zero delay buffer, external feedback, and LVDS compensation modes

#### **Fractional PLL**

In addition to integer PLLs, the Cyclone V devices use a fractional PLL architecture. The devices have up to eight PLLs, each with nine output counters. You can use the output counters to reduce PLL usage in two ways:

- Reduce the number of oscillators that are required on your board by using fractional PLLs
- Reduce the number of clock pins that are used in the device by synthesizing multiple clock frequencies from a single reference clock source

If you use the fractional PLL mode, you can use the PLLs for precision fractional-N frequency synthesis—removing the need for off-chip reference clock sources in your design.

The transceiver fractional PLLs that are not used by the transceiver I/Os can be used as general purpose fractional PLLs by the FPGA fabric.

### FPGA General Purpose I/O

Cyclone V devices offer highly configurable GPIOs. The following list describes the features of the GPIOs:

- Programmable bus hold and weak pull-up
- $\bullet$  LVDS output buffer with programmable differential output voltage (V $_{\text{OD}}$  ) and programmable pre-emphasis
- ullet On-chip parallel termination (R<sub>T</sub> OCT) for all I/O banks with OCT calibration to limit the termination impedance variation
- On-chip dynamic termination that has the ability to swap between series and parallel termination, depending on whether there is read or write on a common bus for signal integrity
- Easy timing closure support using the hard read FIFO in the input register path, and delay-locked loop (DLL) delay chain with fine and coarse architecture



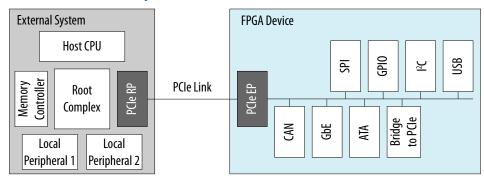
### PCIe Gen1 and Gen2 Hard IP

Cyclone V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices contain PCIe hard IP that is designed for performance and ease-of-use. The PCIe hard IP consists of the MAC, data link, and transaction layers.

The PCIe hard IP supports PCIe Gen2 and Gen1 end point and root port for up to x4 lane configuration. The PCIe Gen2 x4 support is PCIe-compatible.

The PCIe endpoint support includes multifunction support for up to eight functions, as shown in the following figure. The integrated multifunction support reduces the FPGA logic requirements by up to 20,000 LEs for PCIe designs that require multiple peripherals.

Figure 9. PCIe Multifunction for Cyclone V Devices



The Cyclone V PCIe hard IP operates independently from the core logic. This independent operation allows the PCIe link to wake up and complete link training in less than 100 ms while the Cyclone V device completes loading the programming file for the rest of the device.

In addition, the PCIe hard IP in the Cyclone V device provides improved end-to-end datapath protection using ECC.

### **External Memory Interface**

This section provides an overview of the external memory interface in Cyclone V devices.

### **Hard and Soft Memory Controllers**

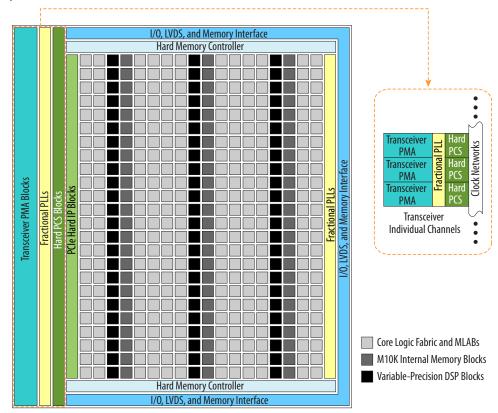
Cyclone V devices support up to two hard memory controllers for DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 SDRAM devices. Each controller supports 8 to 32 bit components of up to 4 gigabits (Gb) in density with two chip selects and optional ECC. For the Cyclone V SoC devices, an additional hard memory controller in the HPS supports DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 SDRAM devices.

All Cyclone V devices support soft memory controllers for DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 SDRAM devices for maximum flexibility.



Figure 10. Device Chip Overview for Cyclone V GX and GT Devices

The figure shows a Cyclone V FPGA with transceivers. Different Cyclone V devices may have a different floorplans than the one shown here.



#### **PMA Features**

To prevent core and I/O noise from coupling into the transceivers, the PMA block is isolated from the rest of the chip—ensuring optimal signal integrity. For the transceivers, you can use the channel PLL of an unused receiver PMA as an additional transmit PLL.

Table 22. PMA Features of the Transceivers in Cyclone V Devices

Features	Capability
Backplane support	Driving capability up to 6.144 Gbps
PLL-based clock recovery	Superior jitter tolerance
Programmable deserialization and word alignment	Flexible deserialization width and configurable word alignment pattern
Equalization and pre-emphasis	<ul> <li>Up to 14.37 dB of pre-emphasis and up to 4.7 dB of equalization</li> <li>No decision feedback equalizer (DFE)</li> </ul>
Ring oscillator transmit PLLs	614 Mbps to 6.144 Gbps
Input reference clock range	20 MHz to 400 MHz
Transceiver dynamic reconfiguration	Allows the reconfiguration of a single channel without affecting the operation of other channels



PCS Support	Data Rates (Gbps)	Transmitter Data Path Feature	Receiver Data Path Feature
Serial ATA Gen1 and Gen2	1.5 and 3.0	Custom PHY IP core with preset feature     Electrical idle	Custom PHY IP core with preset feature     Signal detect     Wider spread of asynchronous SSC
CPRI 4.1 <sup>(16)</sup>	0.6144 to 6.144	Dedicated deterministic latency     PHY IP core	Dedicated deterministic latency     PHY IP core
OBSAI RP3	0.768 to 3.072	Transmitter (TX) manual bit-slip mode	Receiver (RX) deterministic latency state machine
V-by-One HS	Up to 3.75	Custom PHY IP core	Custom PHY IP core
DisplayPort 1.2 <sup>(17)</sup>	1.62 and 2.7		Wider spread of asynchronous SSC

### **SoC with HPS**

Each SoC combines an FPGA fabric and an HPS in a single device. This combination delivers the flexibility of programmable logic with the power and cost savings of hard IP in these ways:

- Reduces board space, system power, and bill of materials cost by eliminating a discrete embedded processor
- Allows you to differentiate the end product in both hardware and software, and to support virtually any interface standard
- Extends the product life and revenue through in-field hardware and software updates

### **HPS Features**

The HPS consists of a dual-core Arm Cortex-A9 MPCore processor, a rich set of peripherals, and a shared multiport SDRAM memory controller, as shown in the following figure.

<sup>(16)</sup> High-voltage output mode (1000-BASE-CX) is not supported.

<sup>(17)</sup> Pending characterization.

### CV-51001 | 2018.05.07



Date	Version	Changes
		<ul> <li>Updated Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3, Figure 4, Figure 5, Figure 6, and Figure 10.</li> <li>Updated the "FPGA Configuration and Processor Booting" and "Hardware and Software Development" sections.</li> <li>Text edits throughout the document.</li> </ul>
February 2012	1.2	<ul> <li>Updated Table 1-2, Table 1-3, and Table 1-6.</li> <li>Updated "Cyclone V Family Plan" on page 1-4 and "Clock Networks and PLL Clock Sources" on page 1-15.</li> <li>Updated Figure 1-1 and Figure 1-6.</li> </ul>
November 2011	1.1	<ul> <li>Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-2, Table 1-3, Table 1-4, Table 1-5, and Table 1-6.</li> <li>Updated Figure 1-4, Figure 1-5, Figure 1-6, Figure 1-7, and Figure 1-8.</li> <li>Updated "System Peripherals" on page 1-18, "HPS-FPGA AXI Bridges" on page 1-19, "HPS SDRAM Controller Subsystem" on page 1-19, "FPGA Configuration and Processor Booting" on page 1-19, and "Hardware and Software Development" on page 1-20.</li> <li>Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
October 2011	1.0	Initial release.