

Welcome to **E-XFL.COM** 

**Embedded - System On Chip (SoC):** The Heart of Modern Embedded Systems

Embedded - System On Chip (SoC) refers to an integrated circuit that consolidates all the essential components of a computer system into a single chip. This includes a microprocessor, memory, and other peripherals, all packed into one compact and efficient package. SoCs are designed to provide a complete computing solution, optimizing both space and power consumption, making them ideal for a wide range of embedded applications.

What are **Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)?** 

**System On Chip (SoC)** integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions. SoCs combine a central

Details	
Product Status	Active
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	Single ARM® Cortex®-A9 MPCore™ with CoreSight™
Flash Size	-
RAM Size	64KB
Peripherals	DMA, POR, WDT
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I <sup>2</sup> C, MMC/SD/SDIO, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Speed	800MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 40K Logic Elements
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	672-FBGA
Supplier Device Package	672-UBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5cseba4u23i7sn

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



# **Contents**

Cyclone	V Device Overview	. 3
Ke	ey Advantages of Cyclone V Devices	. 3
Su	ummary of Cyclone V Features	.4
	vclone V Device Variants and Packages	
•	Cyclone V E	
	Cyclone V GX	. 7
	Cyclone V GT	
	Cyclone V SE	
	Cyclone V SX	
	Cyclone V ST	
I/0	O Vertical Migration for Cyclone V Devices	
-	daptive Logic Module	
	riable-Precision DSP Block	
En	nbedded Memory Blocks	21
	Types of Embedded Memory	
	Embedded Memory Capacity in Cyclone V Devices	
	Embedded Memory Configurations	22
Cle	ock Networks and PLL Clock Sources	22
FP	PGA General Purpose I/O	23
PC	CIe Gen1 and Gen2 Hard IP	24
Ex	ternal Memory Interface	24
	Hard and Soft Memory Controllers	
	External Memory Performance	
	HPS External Memory Performance	
Lo	w-Power Serial Transceivers	
	Transceiver Channels	
	PMA Features	
	PCS Features	
Sc	oC with HPS	
	HPS Features	
	FPGA Configuration and Processor Booting	
	Hardware and Software Development	
Dy	namic and Partial Reconfiguration	
	Dynamic Reconfiguration	
	Partial Reconfiguration	
	hanced Configuration and Configuration via Protocol	
	wer Management	
Do	ocument Revision History for Cyclone V Device Overview	33



Feature	Description
	<ul> <li>HPS-FPGA bridges—include the FPGA-to-HPS, HPS-to-FPGA, and lightweight HPS-to-FPGA bridges that allow the FPGA fabric to issue transactions to slaves in the HPS, and vice versa</li> <li>FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM controller subsystem—provides a configurable interface to the multiport front end (MPFE) of the HPS SDRAM controller</li> <li>Arm CoreSight™ JTAG debug access port, trace port, and on-chip trace storage</li> </ul>
Configuration	<ul> <li>Tamper protection—comprehensive design protection to protect your valuable IP investments</li> <li>Enhanced advanced encryption standard (AES) design security features</li> <li>CvP</li> <li>Dynamic reconfiguration of the FPGA</li> <li>Active serial (AS) x1 and x4, passive serial (PS), JTAG, and fast passive parallel (FPP) x8 and x16 configuration options</li> <li>Internal scrubbing (2)</li> <li>Partial reconfiguration (3)</li> </ul>

# **Cyclone V Device Variants and Packages**

Table 3. Device Variants for the Cyclone V Device Family

Variant	Description
Cyclone V E	Optimized for the lowest system cost and power requirement for a wide spectrum of general logic and DSP applications
Cyclone V GX	Optimized for the lowest cost and power requirement for 614 Mbps to 3.125 Gbps transceiver applications
Cyclone V GT	The FPGA industry's lowest cost and lowest power requirement for 6.144 Gbps transceiver applications
Cyclone V SE	SoC with integrated Arm-based HPS
Cyclone V SX	SoC with integrated Arm-based HPS and 3.125 Gbps transceivers
Cyclone V ST	SoC with integrated Arm-based HPS and 6.144 Gbps transceivers

## Cyclone V E

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V E devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the Product Selector Guide.

#### **Related Information**

Product Selector Guide

Provides the latest information about Intel products.

<sup>(2)</sup> The SEU internal scrubbing feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.

<sup>(3)</sup> The partial reconfiguration feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel® sales representatives.



#### **Related Information**

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices
Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

## **Package Plan**

**Table 5.** Package Plan for Cyclone V E Devices

Member Code	M383 (13 mm)	M484 (15 mm)	U324 (15 mm)	F256 (17 mm)	U484 (19 mm)	F484 (23 mm)	F672 (27 mm)	F896 (31 mm)
	GPIO							
A2	223	_	176	128	224	224	_	_
A4	223	_	176	128	224	224	_	_
A5	175	_	_	_	224	240	_	_
A7	_	240	_	_	240	240	336	480
A9	_	_	_	_	240	224	336	480

# **Cyclone V GX**

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V GX devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the *Product Selector Guide*.

# **Related Information**

**Product Selector Guide** 

Provides the latest information about Intel products.

#### CV-51001 | 2018.05.07



Resource		Member Code				
		D5	D7	D9		
	Receiver	84	120	140		
PCIe Hard IP Block		2	2	2		
Hard Memory Controller		2	2	2		

#### **Related Information**

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

# **Package Plan**

## **Table 9.** Package Plan for Cyclone V GT Devices

Transceiver counts shown are for transceiver  $\leq 5$  Gbps . 6 Gbps transceiver channel count support depends on the package and channel usage. For more information about the 6 Gbps transceiver channel count, refer to the Cyclone V Device Handbook Volume 2: Transceivers.

Member Code	M3 (11 i		M3 (13 i		M4 (15 i		U4: (19 r	
	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR
D5	129	4	175	6	_	_	224	6
D7	_	_	_	_	240	3	240	6
D9	_	_	_	_	_	_	240	5

Member Code	F484 (23 mm)				F896 F1152 31 mm) (35 mm)			
	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR	GPIO	XCVR
D5	240	6	336	6	_	_	_	_
D7	240	6	336	9 (6)	480	9 (6)	_	_
D9	224	6	336	9 (6)	480	12 <sup>(7)</sup>	560	12 <sup>(7)</sup>

### **Related Information**

6.144-Gbps Support Capability in Cyclone V GT Devices, Cyclone V Device Handbook Volume 2: Transceivers

Provides more information about 6 Gbps transceiver channel count.

<sup>(6)</sup> If you require CPRI (at 6.144 Gbps) and PCIe Gen2 transmit jitter compliance, Intel recommends that you use only up to three full-duplex transceiver channels for CPRI, and up to six full-duplex channels for PCIe Gen2. The CMU channels are not considered full-duplex channels.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(7)</sup> If you require CPRI (at 6.144 Gbps) and PCIe Gen2 transmit jitter compliance, Intel recommends that you use only up to three full-duplex transceiver channels for CPRI, and up to eight full-duplex channels for PCIe Gen2. The CMU channels are not considered full-duplex channels.



# **Maximum Resources**

Table 10. **Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V SE Devices** 

Res	ource		Member Code						
		A2	A4	A5	A6				
Logic Elements (	LE) (K)	25	40	85	110				
ALM		9,430	15,880	32,070	41,910				
Register		37,736	60,376	128,300	166,036				
Memory (Kb)	M10K	1,400	2,700	3,970	5,570				
	MLAB	138	231	480	621				
Variable-precisio	n DSP Block	36	84	87	112				
18 x 18 Multiplier		72	168	174	224				
FPGA PLL		5	5	6	6				
HPS PLL		3	3	3	3				
FPGA GPIO		145	145	288	288				
HPS I/O		181	181	181	181				
LVDS	Transmitter	32	32	72	72				
	Receiver	37	37	72	72				
FPGA Hard Memo	ory Controller	1	1	1	1				
HPS Hard Memory Controller		1	1	1	1				
Arm Cortex-A9 M	1PCore Processor	Single- or dual- core	Single- or dual- core	Single- or dual-core	Single- or dual-core				

#### **Related Information**

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

# **Package Plan**

#### **Package Plan for Cyclone V SE Devices** Table 11.

The HPS I/O counts are the number of I/Os in the HPS and does not correlate with the number of HPS-specific I/O pins in the FPGA. Each HPS-specific pin in the FPGA may be mapped to several HPS I/Os.

Member Code	U484 (19 mm)				F896 (31 mm)	
	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O
A2	66	151	145	181	_	_
A4	66	151	145	181	_	_
A5	66	151	145	181	288	181
A6	66	151	145	181	288	181



# **Cyclone V SX**

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V SX devices.

The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the *Product Selector Guide*.

#### **Related Information**

#### **Product Selector Guide**

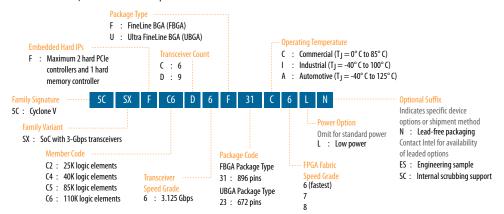
Provides the latest information about Intel products.

### **Available Options**

## Figure 5. Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V SX Devices

The SEU internal scrubbing feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.

Cyclone V SE and SX low-power devices (L power option) offer 30% static power reduction for devices with 25K LE and 40K LE, and 20% static power reduction for devices with 85K LE and 110K LE.



#### **Maximum Resources**

**Table 12.** Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V SX Devices

Resource		Member Code					
		C2	C4	C5	C6		
Logic Elements (LE) (K)		25	40	85	110		
ALM		9,430	15,880	32,070	41,910		
Register		37,736	60,376	128,300	166,036		
Memory (Kb)	M10K	1,400	2,700	3,970	5,570		
	MLAB	138	231	480	621		
Variable-precision [	DSP Block	36	84	87	112		
18 x 18 Multiplier		72	168	174	224		
FPGA PLL		5	5	6	6		
					continued		



Resource		Member Code					
		C2	C4	C5	C6		
HPS PLL		3	3	3	3		
3 Gbps Transceiver		6	6	9	9		
FPGA GPIO (8)	FPGA GPIO <sup>(8)</sup>		145	288	288		
HPS I/O	HPS I/O		181	181	181		
LVDS	Transmitter	32	32	72	72		
	Receiver	37	37	72	72		
PCIe Hard IP Block		2	2	2 (9)	2 (9)		
FPGA Hard Memory	FPGA Hard Memory Controller		1	1	1		
HPS Hard Memory	HPS Hard Memory Controller		1	1	1		
Arm Cortex-A9 MP0	Core Processor	Dual-core	Dual-core	Dual-core	Dual-core		

#### **Related Information**

True LVDS Buffers in Devices, I/O Features in Cyclone V Devices

Provides the number of LVDS channels in each device package.

### **Package Plan**

**Table 13.** Package Plan for Cyclone V SX Devices

The HPS I/O counts are the number of I/Os in the HPS and does not correlate with the number of HPS-specific I/O pins in the FPGA. Each HPS-specific pin in the FPGA may be mapped to several HPS I/Os.

Member Code	U672 (23 mm)			F896 (31 mm)		
	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR	FPGA GPIO	HPS I/O	XCVR
C2	145	181	6	_	_	_
C4	145	181	6	_	_	_
C5	145	181	6	288	181	9
C6	145	181	6	288	181	9

# **Cyclone V ST**

This section provides the available options, maximum resource counts, and package plan for the Cyclone V ST devices.

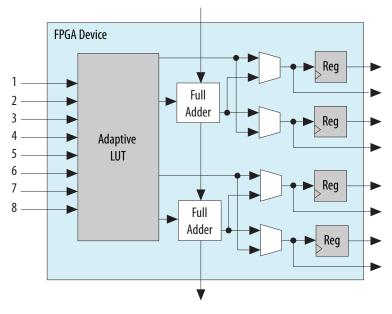
The information in this section is correct at the time of publication. For the latest information and to get more details, refer to the *Product Selector Guide*.

<sup>(8)</sup> The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os.

<sup>(9) 1</sup> PCIe Hard IP Block in U672 package.



Figure 8. ALM for Cyclone V Devices



You can configure up to 25% of the ALMs in the Cyclone V devices as distributed memory using MLABs.

#### **Related Information**

Embedded Memory Capacity in Cyclone V Devices on page 21 Lists the embedded memory capacity for each device.

# **Variable-Precision DSP Block**

Cyclone V devices feature a variable-precision DSP block that supports these features:

- Configurable to support signal processing precisions ranging from 9 x 9, 18 x 18 and 27 x 27 bits natively
- A 64-bit accumulator
- A hard preadder that is available in both 18- and 27-bit modes
- Cascaded output adders for efficient systolic finite impulse response (FIR) filters
- Internal coefficient register banks, 8 deep, for each multiplier in 18- or 27-bit mode
- Fully independent multiplier operation
- A second accumulator feedback register to accommodate complex multiplyaccumulate functions
- Fully independent Efficient support for single-precision floating point arithmetic
- The inferability of all modes by the Intel Quartus Prime design software



Table 16. Variable-Precision DSP Block Configurations for Cyclone V Devices

Usage Example	Multiplier Size (Bit)	DSP Block Resource
Low precision fixed point for video applications	Three 9 x 9	1
Medium precision fixed point in FIR filters	Two 18 x 18	1
FIR filters and general DSP usage	Two 18 x 18 with accumulate	1
High precision fixed- or floating-point implementations	One 27 x 27 with accumulate	1

You can configure each DSP block during compilation as independent three 9  $\times$  9, two 18  $\times$  18, or one 27  $\times$  27 multipliers. With a dedicated 64 bit cascade bus, you can cascade multiple variable-precision DSP blocks to implement even higher precision DSP functions efficiently.

**Table 17.** Number of Multipliers in Cyclone V Devices

The table lists the variable-precision DSP resources by bit precision for each Cyclone V device.

Variant	Member Code	Variable- precision DSP Block		dent Input and plications Ope		18 x 18 Multiplier Adder Mode	18 x 18 Multiplier Adder
		DSP Block	9 x 9 Multiplier	18 x 18 Multiplier	27 x 27 Multiplier	Adder Mode	Summed with 36 bit Input
Cyclone V E	A2	25	75	50	25	25	25
	A4	66	198	132	66	66	66
	A5	150	450	300	150	150	150
	A7	156	468	312	156	156	156
	A9	342	1,026	684	342	342	342
Cyclone V	C3	57	171	114	57	57	57
GX	C4	70	210	140	70	70	70
	C5	150	450	300	150	150	150
	C7	156	468	312	156	156	156
	C9	342	1,026	684	342	342	342
Cyclone V GT	D5	150	450	300	150	150	150
	D7	156	468	312	156	156	156
	D9	342	1,026	684	342	342	342
Cyclone V SE	A2	36	108	72	36	36	36
	A4	84	252	168	84	84	84
	A5	87	261	174	87	87	87
	A6	112	336	224	112	112	112
Cyclone V SX	C2	36	108	72	36	36	36
	C4	84	252	168	84	84	84
	C5	87	261	174	87	87	87
							continued



Variant	Member Code	Variable- precision		dent Input and plications Ope	18 x 18 Multiplier	18 x 18 Multiplier	
		DSP Block	9 x 9 Multiplier	18 x 18 Multiplier	27 x 27 Multiplier	Adder Mode	Adder Summed with 36 bit Input
	C6	112	336	224	112	112	112
Cyclone V ST	D5	87	261	174	87	87	87
	D6	112	336	224	112	112	112

# **Embedded Memory Blocks**

The embedded memory blocks in the devices are flexible and designed to provide an optimal amount of small- and large-sized memory arrays to fit your design requirements.

# **Types of Embedded Memory**

The Cyclone V devices contain two types of memory blocks:

- 10 Kb M10K blocks—blocks of dedicated memory resources. The M10K blocks are ideal for larger memory arrays while still providing a large number of independent ports.
- 640 bit memory logic array blocks (MLABs)—enhanced memory blocks that are configured from dual-purpose logic array blocks (LABs). The MLABs are ideal for wide and shallow memory arrays. The MLABs are optimized for implementation of shift registers for digital signal processing (DSP) applications, wide shallow FIFO buffers, and filter delay lines. Each MLAB is made up of ten adaptive logic modules (ALMs). In the Cyclone V devices, you can configure these ALMs as ten 32 x 2 blocks, giving you one 32 x 20 simple dual-port SRAM block per MLAB.

# **Embedded Memory Capacity in Cyclone V Devices**

Table 18. Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Cyclone V Devices

	Member	M10K		ML	Total RAM Bit	
Variant	Code	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	(Kb)
Cyclone V E	A2	176	1,760	314	196	1,956
	A4	308	3,080	485	303	3,383
	A5	446	4,460	679	424	4,884
	A7	686	6,860	1338	836	7,696
	A9	1,220	12,200	2748	1,717	13,917
Cyclone V GX	C3	135	1,350	291	182	1,532
	C4	250	2,500	678	424	2,924
	C5	446	4,460	678	424	4,884
	C7	686	6,860	1338	836	7,696
	C9	1,220	12,200	2748	1,717	13,917
						continued



	Member	M10K		ML	Total RAM Bit	
Variant	Code	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	Block	RAM Bit (Kb)	(Kb)
Cyclone V GT	D5	446	4,460	679	424	4,884
	D7	686	6,860	1338	836	7,696
	D9	1,220	12,200	2748	1,717	13,917
Cyclone V SE	A2	140	1,400	221	138	1,538
	A4	270	2,700	370	231	2,460
	A5	397	3,970	768	480	4,450
	A6	553	5,530	994	621	6,151
Cyclone V SX	C2	140	1,400	221	138	1,538
	C4	270	2,700	370	231	2,460
	C5	397	3,970	768	480	4,450
	C6	553	5,530	994	621	6,151
Cyclone V ST	D5	397	3,970	768	480	4,450
	D6	553	5,530	994	621	6,151

# **Embedded Memory Configurations**

#### Table 19. Supported Embedded Memory Block Configurations for Cyclone V Devices

This table lists the maximum configurations supported for the embedded memory blocks. The information is applicable only to the single-port RAM and ROM modes.

Memory Block	Depth (bits)	Programmable Width
MLAB	32	x16, x18, or x20
M10K	256	x40 or x32
	512	x20 or x16
	1K	x10 or x8
	2K	x5 or x4
	4K	x2
	8K	×1

# **Clock Networks and PLL Clock Sources**

550 MHz Cyclone V devices have 16 global clock networks capable of up to operation. The clock network architecture is based on Intel's global, quadrant, and peripheral clock structure. This clock structure is supported by dedicated clock input pins and fractional PLLs.

Note:

To reduce power consumption, the Intel Quartus Prime software identifies all unused sections of the clock network and powers them down.



#### **PLL Features**

The PLLs in the Cyclone V devices support the following features:

- Frequency synthesis
- On-chip clock deskew
- Jitter attenuation
- Programmable output clock duty cycles
- PLL cascading
- Reference clock switchover
- Programmable bandwidth
- User-mode reconfiguration of PLLs
- Low power mode for each fractional PLL
- Dynamic phase shift
- Direct, source synchronous, zero delay buffer, external feedback, and LVDS compensation modes

#### **Fractional PLL**

In addition to integer PLLs, the Cyclone V devices use a fractional PLL architecture. The devices have up to eight PLLs, each with nine output counters. You can use the output counters to reduce PLL usage in two ways:

- Reduce the number of oscillators that are required on your board by using fractional PLLs
- Reduce the number of clock pins that are used in the device by synthesizing multiple clock frequencies from a single reference clock source

If you use the fractional PLL mode, you can use the PLLs for precision fractional-N frequency synthesis—removing the need for off-chip reference clock sources in your design.

The transceiver fractional PLLs that are not used by the transceiver I/Os can be used as general purpose fractional PLLs by the FPGA fabric.

# FPGA General Purpose I/O

Cyclone V devices offer highly configurable GPIOs. The following list describes the features of the GPIOs:

- Programmable bus hold and weak pull-up
- $\bullet$  LVDS output buffer with programmable differential output voltage (V $_{\text{OD}}$  ) and programmable pre-emphasis
- ullet On-chip parallel termination (R<sub>T</sub> OCT) for all I/O banks with OCT calibration to limit the termination impedance variation
- On-chip dynamic termination that has the ability to swap between series and parallel termination, depending on whether there is read or write on a common bus for signal integrity
- Easy timing closure support using the hard read FIFO in the input register path, and delay-locked loop (DLL) delay chain with fine and coarse architecture



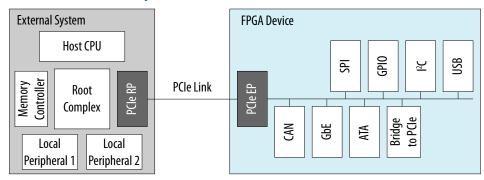
## PCIe Gen1 and Gen2 Hard IP

Cyclone V GX, GT, SX, and ST devices contain PCIe hard IP that is designed for performance and ease-of-use. The PCIe hard IP consists of the MAC, data link, and transaction layers.

The PCIe hard IP supports PCIe Gen2 and Gen1 end point and root port for up to x4 lane configuration. The PCIe Gen2 x4 support is PCIe-compatible.

The PCIe endpoint support includes multifunction support for up to eight functions, as shown in the following figure. The integrated multifunction support reduces the FPGA logic requirements by up to 20,000 LEs for PCIe designs that require multiple peripherals.

Figure 9. PCIe Multifunction for Cyclone V Devices



The Cyclone V PCIe hard IP operates independently from the core logic. This independent operation allows the PCIe link to wake up and complete link training in less than 100 ms while the Cyclone V device completes loading the programming file for the rest of the device.

In addition, the PCIe hard IP in the Cyclone V device provides improved end-to-end datapath protection using ECC.

# **External Memory Interface**

This section provides an overview of the external memory interface in Cyclone V devices.

# **Hard and Soft Memory Controllers**

Cyclone V devices support up to two hard memory controllers for DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 SDRAM devices. Each controller supports 8 to 32 bit components of up to 4 gigabits (Gb) in density with two chip selects and optional ECC. For the Cyclone V SoC devices, an additional hard memory controller in the HPS supports DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 SDRAM devices.

All Cyclone V devices support soft memory controllers for DDR3, DDR2, and LPDDR2 SDRAM devices for maximum flexibility.



# **External Memory Performance**

## Table 20. External Memory Interface Performance in Cyclone V Devices

The maximum and minimum operating frequencies depend on the memory interface standards and the supported delay-locked loop (DLL) frequency listed in the device datasheet.

Interface	Voltage	Maximum Fre	Minimum Frequency	
	(V)	Hard Controller	Soft Controller	(MHz)
DDR3 SDRAM	1.5	400	303	303
	1.35	400	303	303
DDR2 SDRAM	1.8	400	300	167
LPDDR2 SDRAM	1.2	333	300	167

#### **Related Information**

### External Memory Interface Spec Estimator

For the latest information and to estimate the external memory system performance specification, use Intel's External Memory Interface Spec Estimator tool.

# **HPS External Memory Performance**

## **Table 21. HPS External Memory Interface Performance**

The hard processor system (HPS) is available in Cyclone V SoC devices only.

Interface	Voltage (V)	HPS Hard Controller (MHz)
DDR3 SDRAM	1.5	400
	1.35	400
DDR2 SDRAM	1.8	400
LPDDR2 SDRAM	1.2	333

#### **Related Information**

## External Memory Interface Spec Estimator

For the latest information and to estimate the external memory system performance specification, use Intel's External Memory Interface Spec Estimator tool.

## **Low-Power Serial Transceivers**

Cyclone V devices deliver the industry's lowest power 6.144 Gbps transceivers at an estimated 88 mW maximum power consumption per channel. Cyclone V transceivers are designed to be compliant with a wide range of protocols and data rates.

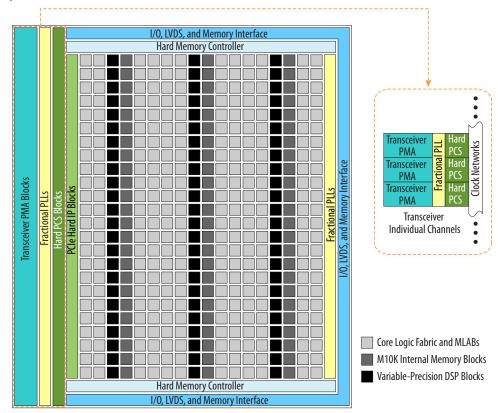
## **Transceiver Channels**

The transceivers are positioned on the left outer edge of the device. The transceiver channels consist of the physical medium attachment (PMA), physical coding sublayer (PCS), and clock networks.



Figure 10. Device Chip Overview for Cyclone V GX and GT Devices

The figure shows a Cyclone V FPGA with transceivers. Different Cyclone V devices may have a different floorplans than the one shown here.



## **PMA Features**

To prevent core and I/O noise from coupling into the transceivers, the PMA block is isolated from the rest of the chip—ensuring optimal signal integrity. For the transceivers, you can use the channel PLL of an unused receiver PMA as an additional transmit PLL.

Table 22. PMA Features of the Transceivers in Cyclone V Devices

Features	Capability
Backplane support	Driving capability up to 6.144 Gbps
PLL-based clock recovery	Superior jitter tolerance
Programmable deserialization and word alignment	Flexible deserialization width and configurable word alignment pattern
Equalization and pre-emphasis	<ul> <li>Up to 14.37 dB of pre-emphasis and up to 4.7 dB of equalization</li> <li>No decision feedback equalizer (DFE)</li> </ul>
Ring oscillator transmit PLLs	614 Mbps to 6.144 Gbps
Input reference clock range	20 MHz to 400 MHz
Transceiver dynamic reconfiguration	Allows the reconfiguration of a single channel without affecting the operation of other channels



### **HPS-FPGA AXI Bridges**

The HPS-FPGA bridges, which support the Advanced Microcontroller Bus Architecture (AMBA®) Advanced eXtensible Interface (AXI™) specifications, consist of the following bridges:

- FPGA-to-HPS AXI bridge—a high-performance bus supporting 32, 64, and 128 bit data widths that allows the FPGA fabric to issue transactions to slaves in the HPS.
- HPS-to-FPGA AXI bridge—a high-performance bus supporting 32, 64, and 128 bit data widths that allows the HPS to issue transactions to slaves in the FPGA fabric.
- Lightweight HPS-to-FPGA AXI bridge—a lower latency 32 bit width bus that allows
  the HPS to issue transactions to slaves in the FPGA fabric. This bridge is primarily
  used for control and status register (CSR) accesses to peripherals in the FPGA
  fabric.

The HPS-FPGA AXI bridges allow masters in the FPGA fabric to communicate with slaves in the HPS logic, and vice versa. For example, the HPS-to-FPGA AXI bridge allows you to share memories instantiated in the FPGA fabric with one or both microprocessors in the HPS, while the FPGA-to-HPS AXI bridge allows logic in the FPGA fabric to access the memory and peripherals in the HPS.

Each HPS-FPGA bridge also provides asynchronous clock crossing for data transferred between the FPGA fabric and the HPS.

## **HPS SDRAM Controller Subsystem**

The HPS SDRAM controller subsystem contains a multiport SDRAM controller and DDR PHY that are shared between the FPGA fabric (through the FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM interface), the level 2 (L2) cache, and the level 3 (L3) system interconnect. The FPGA-to-HPS SDRAM interface supports AMBA AXI and Avalon® Memory-Mapped (Avalon-MM) interface standards, and provides up to six individual ports for access by masters implemented in the FPGA fabric.

To maximize memory performance, the SDRAM controller subsystem supports command and data reordering, deficit round-robin arbitration with aging, and high-priority bypass features. The SDRAM controller subsystem supports DDR2, DDR3, or LPDDR2 devices up to 4 Gb in density operating at up to 400 MHz (800 Mbps data rate).

## **FPGA Configuration and Processor Booting**

The FPGA fabric and HPS in the SoC are powered independently. You can reduce the clock frequencies or gate the clocks to reduce dynamic power, or shut down the entire FPGA fabric to reduce total system power.

You can configure the FPGA fabric and boot the HPS independently, in any order, providing you with more design flexibility:

- You can boot the HPS independently. After the HPS is running, the HPS can fully or
  partially reconfigure the FPGA fabric at any time under software control. The HPS
  can also configure other FPGAs on the board through the FPGA configuration
  controller.
- You can power up both the HPS and the FPGA fabric together, configure the FPGA fabric first, and then boot the HPS from memory accessible to the FPGA fabric.



Apart from lowering cost and power consumption, partial reconfiguration increases the effective logic density of the device because placing device functions that do not operate simultaneously is not necessary. Instead, you can store these functions in external memory and load them whenever the functions are required. This capability reduces the size of the device because it allows multiple applications on a single device—saving the board space and reducing the power consumption.

Intel simplifies the time-intensive task of partial reconfiguration by building this capability on top of the proven incremental compile and design flow in the Intel Quartus Prime design software. With the Intel solution, you do not need to know all the intricate device architecture details to perform a partial reconfiguration.

Partial reconfiguration is supported through the FPP x16 configuration interface. You can seamlessly use partial reconfiguration in tandem with dynamic reconfiguration to enable simultaneous partial reconfiguration of both the device core and transceivers.

# **Enhanced Configuration and Configuration via Protocol**

Cyclone V devices support  $1.8\ V$ ,  $2.5\ V$ ,  $3.0\ V$ , and  $3.3\ V$  programming voltages and several configuration schemes.

Table 24. Configuration Schemes and Features Supported by Cyclone V Devices

Mode	Data Width	Max Clock Rate (MHz)	Max Data Rate (Mbps)	Decompressi on	Design Security	Partial Reconfigurat ion <sup>(18)</sup>	Remote System Update
AS through the EPCS and EPCQ serial configuration device	1 bit, 4 bits	100	_	Yes	Yes	_	Yes
PS through CPLD or external microcontroller	1 bit	125	125	Yes	Yes	_	_
FPP	8 bits	125	_	Yes	Yes	_	Parallel flash
	16 bits	125	_	Yes	Yes	Yes	loader
CvP (PCIe)	x1, x2, and x4 lanes	_	_	Yes	Yes	Yes	_
JTAG	1 bit	33	33	_	_	_	_

Instead of using an external flash or ROM, you can configure the Cyclone V devices through PCIe using CvP. The CvP mode offers the fastest configuration rate and flexibility with the easy-to-use PCIe hard IP block interface. The Cyclone V CvP implementation conforms to the PCIe 100 ms power-up-to-active time requirement.

## **Related Information**

Configuration via Protocol (CvP) Implementation in Intel FPGAs User Guide Provides more information about CvP.

<sup>(18)</sup> The partial reconfiguration feature is available for Cyclone V E, GX, SE, and SX devices with the "SC" suffix in the part number. For device availability and ordering, contact your local Intel sales representatives.



Date	Version	Changes
		<ul> <li>Updated MLAB RAM Bit (Kb) in Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Cyclone V Devices table as follows:         <ul> <li>Cyclone V GX C3: Updated from 181 to 182</li> <li>Cyclone V GX C4: Updated from 295 to 424</li> </ul> </li> <li>Updated Total RAM Bit (Kb) in Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Cyclone V Devices table as follows:         <ul> <li>Cyclone V GX C3: Updated from 1,531 to 1,532</li> <li>Cyclone V GX C4: Updated from 2,795 to 2,924</li> </ul> </li> <li>Updated MLAB Block count in Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Cyclone V Devices table as follows:         <ul> <li>Cyclone V GX C4: Updated from 472 to 678</li> <li>Cyclone V GX C5: Updated from 679 to 678</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
March 2015	2015.03.31	Added internal scrubbing feature under configuration in Summary of Features for Cyclone V Devices table.     Added optional suffix "SC: Internal scrubbing support" to the following diagrams:     — Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V E Devices     — Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V GX Devices     — Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V SE Devices     — Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V SX Devices
January 2015	2015.01.23	<ul> <li>Updated Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V ST Devices figure because Cyclone V ST devices are only available in I temperature grade and -7 speed grade.</li> <li>Operating Temperature: Removed C and A temperature grades</li> <li>FPGA Fabric Speed Grade: Removed -6 and -8 speed grades</li> <li>Updated the transceiver specification for Cyclone V ST from 5 Gbps to 6.144 Gbps:         <ul> <li>Device Variants for the Cyclone V Device Family table</li> <li>Sample Ordering Code and Available Options for Cyclone V ST Devices figure</li> <li>Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V ST Devices</li> </ul> </li> <li>Updated Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V GX Devices table for Cyclone V GX G3 devices.         <ul> <li>Logic elements (LE) (K): Updated from 35.7 to 35.5</li> <li>Variable-precision DSP block: Updated from 51 to 57</li> <li>18 x 18 multiplier: Updated from 102 to 114</li> </ul> </li> <li>Updated Number of Multipliers in Cyclone V Devices table for Cyclone V GX G3 devices.         <ul> <li>Variableprecision DSP Block: Updated from 51 to 57</li> <li>9 x 9 Multiplier: Updated from 153 to 171</li> <li>18 x 18 Multiplier: Updated from 153 to 171</li> <li>18 x 18 Multiplier: Updated from 51 to 57</li> <li>18 x 18 Multiplier Adder Mode: Updated from 51 to 57</li> <li>18 x 18 Multiplier Adder Summed with 36 bit Input: Updated from 51 to 57</li> <li>18 x 18 Multiplier Adder Summed with 36 bit Input: Updated from 51 to 57</li> </ul> </li> <li>Updated Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution in Cyclone V Devices table for Cyclone V GX G3 devices.         <ul> <li>M10K Block: Updated from 119 to 135</li> <li>M10K RAM bit (Kb): Updated from 1,190 to 1,350</li> <li>MLAB RAM bit (Kb): Updated from 159 to 181</li> <li>Total RAM b</li></ul></li></ul>
October 2014	2014.10.06	Added a footnote to the "Transceiver PCS Features for Cyclone V Devices" table to show that PCIe Gen2 is supported for Cyclone V GT and ST devices.
		continued



Date	Version	Changes
July 2014	2014.07.07	Updated the I/O vertical migration figure to clarify the migration capability of Cyclone V SE and SX devices.
December 2013	2013.12.26	<ul> <li>Cyclone V SE and SX devices.</li> <li>Corrected single or dual-core ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore processor-up to 925 MHz from 800 MHz.</li> <li>Removed "Preliminary" texts from Ordering Code figures, Maximum Resources, Package Plan and I/O Vertical Migration tables.</li> <li>Removed the note "The number of GPIOs does not include transceiver I/Os. In the Quartus II software, the number of user I/Os includes transceiver I/Os." for GPIOs in the Maximum Resource Counts table for Cyclone V E and SE.</li> <li>Added link to Altera Product Selector for each device variant.</li> <li>Updated Embedded Hard IPs for Cyclone V GT devices to indicate Maximum 2 hard PCIe and 2 hard memory controllers.</li> <li>Added leaded package options.</li> <li>Removed the note "The number of PLLs includes general-purpose fractional PLLs and transceiver fractional PLLs." for all PLLs in the Maximum Resource Counts table.</li> <li>Corrected max LVDS counts for transmitter and receiver for Cyclone V E A5 device from 84 to 60.</li> <li>Corrected max LVDS counts for transmitter and receiver for Cyclone V E A9 device from 140 to 120.</li> <li>Corrected variable-precision DSP block, 27 x 27 multiplier, 18 x 18 multiplier adder mode and 18 x 18 multiplier adder summed with 36 bit input for Cyclone V SE devices from 58 to 84.</li> <li>Corrected 18 x 18 multiplier for Cyclone V SE devices from 174 to 252.</li> <li>Corrected LVDS transmitter for Cyclone V SE A2 and A4 as well as SX C2 and C4 devices from 31 to 32.</li> <li>Corrected LVDS receiver for Cyclone V SE A2 and A4 as well as SX C2 and C4 devices from 35 to 37.</li> <li>Corrected transceiver speed grade for Cyclone V ST devices ordering code from 4 to 5.</li> <li>Updated the DDR3 SDRAM for the maximum frequency's soft controller and the minimum frequency from 300 to 303 for voltage 1.35v.</li> <li>Added links to Altera's External Memory Spec Estimator tool to the topics</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>listing the external memory interface performance.</li> <li>Corrected XAUI is supported through the soft PCS in the PCS features for Cyclone V.</li> <li>Added decompression support for the CvP configuration mode.</li> </ul>
		Added decompression support for the CVF configuration mode.
May 2013	2013.05.06	<ul> <li>Added link to the known document issues in the Knowledge Base.</li> <li>Moved all links to the Related Information section of respective topics for easy reference.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Corrected the title to the PCIe hard IP topic. Cyclone V devices support only PCIe Gen1 and Gen2.</li> <li>Updated Supporting Feature in Table 1 of Increased bandwidth capacity to</li> </ul>
		'6.144 Gbps'.  • Updated Description in Table 2 of Low-power high-speed serial interface to
		'6.144 Gbps'.
		<ul> <li>Updated Description in Table 3 of Cyclone V GT to '6.144 Gbps'.</li> <li>Updated the M386 package to M383 for Figure 1, Figure 2 and Figure 3.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated Figure 2 and Figure 3 for Transceiver Count by adding 'F : 4'.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated LVDS in the Maximum Resource Counts tables to include Transmitter and Receiver values.</li> </ul>
		Updated the package plan with M383 for the Cyclone V E device.
		<ul> <li>Removed the M301 and M383 packages from the Cyclone V GX C4 device.</li> <li>Updated the GPIO count to '129' for the M301 package of the Cyclone V GX C5 device.</li> </ul>
		Updated 5 Gbps to '6.144 Gbps' forCyclone V GT device.
	<b>'</b>	continued



Date	Version	Changes
		<ul> <li>Updated HPS I/O for U484 (19 mm) in Table 11 with '151' for A2, A4, A5 and A6.</li> <li>Updated Memory (Kb) for Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V SE A4 and A6, SX C4 and C6, ST D6 devices.</li> <li>Updated FPGA PLL for Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V SE A2, SX C2, devices.</li> <li>Removed '36 x 36' from the Variable-Precision DSP Block.</li> <li>Updated Variable-precision DSP Blocks and 18 x 18 Multiplier for Maximum Resource Counts for Cyclone V SX C4 device.</li> <li>Updated the HPS I/O counts for Cyclone V SE, SX, and ST devices.</li> <li>Updated Figure 7 which shows the I/O vertical migration table.</li> <li>Updated Table 17 for Cyclone V SX C4 device.</li> <li>Updated Embedded Memory Capacity and Distribution table for Cyclone V SE A4 and A6, SX C4 and C6, ST D6 devices.</li> <li>Removed 'Counter reconfiguration' from the PLL Features.</li> <li>Updated Low-Power Serial Transceivers by replacing 5 Gbps with 6.144 Gbps.</li> <li>Removed 'Distributed Memory' symbol.</li> <li>Updated the Capability in Table 22 of Backplane support to '6.144 Gbps'.</li> <li>Updated Capability in Table 22 of Ring oscillator transmit PLLs with 6.144 Gbps.</li> <li>Updated the PCS Support in Table 23 from 5 Gbps to '6 Gbps'.</li> <li>Updated the Data Rates (Gbps) in Table 23 of CPRI 4.1 to '6.144 Gbps'.</li> <li>Updated the Data Rates (Gbps) in Table 23 of CPRI 4.1 to '6.144 Gbps'.</li> <li>Clarified that partial reconfiguration is an advanced feature. Contact Altera for support of the feature.</li> </ul>
December 2012	2012.12.28	<ul> <li>Updated the pin counts for the MBGA packages.</li> <li>Updated the GPIO and transceiver counts for the MBGA packages.</li> <li>Updated the GPIO counts for the U484 package of the Cyclone V E A9, GX C9, and GT D9 devices.</li> <li>Updated the vertical migration table for vertical migration of the U484 packages.</li> <li>Updated the MLAB supported programmable widths at 32 bits depth.</li> </ul>
November 2012	2012.11.19	<ul> <li>Added new MBGA packages and additional U484 packages for Cyclone V E, GX, and GT.</li> <li>Added ordering code for five-transceiver devices for Cyclone V GT and ST.</li> <li>Updated the vertical migration table to add MBGA packages.</li> <li>Added performance information for HPS memory controller.</li> <li>Removed DDR3U support.</li> <li>Updated Cyclone V ST speed grade information.</li> <li>Added information on maximum transceiver channel usage restrictions for PCI Gen2 and CPRI at 4.9152 Gbps transmit jitter compliance.</li> <li>Added note on the differences between GPIO reported in Overview with User I/O numbers shown in the Quartus II software.</li> <li>Updated template.</li> </ul>
July 2012	2.1	Added support for PCIe Gen2 x4 lane configuration (PCIe-compatible)
June 2012	2.0	<ul> <li>Restructured the document.</li> <li>Added the "Embedded Memory Capacity" and "Embedded Memory Configurations" sections.</li> <li>Added Table 1, Table 3, Table 16, Table 19, and Table 20.</li> <li>Updated Table 2, Table 4, Table 5, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 9, Table 10, Table 11, Table 12, Table 13, Table 14, Table 17, and Table 18.</li> </ul>