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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	1803
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	28848
Total RAM Bits	608256
Number of I/O	193
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.15V ~ 1.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TJ)
Package / Case	324-BGA
Supplier Device Package	324-FBGA (19x19)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep4ce30f19a7n

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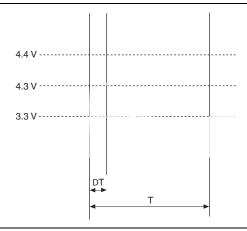
A DC signal is equivalent to 100% duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 4.3 V can only be at 4.3 V for 65% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, this amounts to 65/10ths of a year.

Table 1–2. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions over a 10-Year Time Frame for Cyclone IV Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % of High Time	Unit
		V _I = 4.20	100	%
		V _I = 4.25	98	%
		V _I = 4.30	65	%
	40 1	V _I = 4.35	43	%
V _i	AC Input Voltage	V _I = 4.40	29	%
	l	V _I = 4.45	20	%
		V _I = 4.50	13	%
		V _I = 4.55	9	%
		V _I = 4.60	6	%

Figure 1–1 shows the methodology to determine the overshoot duration. The overshoot voltage is shown in red and is present on the input pin of the Cyclone IV device at over 4.3 V but below 4.4 V. From Table 1–2, for an overshoot of 4.3 V, the percentage of high time for the overshoot can be as high as 65% over a 10-year period. Percentage of high time is calculated as ([delta T]/T) \times 100. This 10-year period assumes that the device is always turned on with 100% I/O toggle rate and 50% duty cycle signal. For lower I/O toggle rates and situations in which the device is in an idle state, lifetimes are increased.

Figure 1-1. Cyclone IV Devices Overshoot Duration



Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{CCA_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCL_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	_	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V _I	DC input voltage	_	-0.5		3.6	V
V ₀	DC output voltage	_	0	_	V _{CCIO}	V
т	Operating junction temperature	For commercial use	0		85	°C
T _J	operating junction temperature	For industrial use	-40	_	100	°C
t _{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard power-on reset (POR) (7)	50 μs	_	50 ms	_
		Fast POR (8)	50 μs	_	3 ms	_
I _{Diode}	Magnitude of DC current across PCI-clamp diode when enabled	_	_	ı	10	mA

Notes to Table 1-4:

- (1) All VCCA pins must be powered to 2.5 V (even when PLLs are not used) and must be powered up and powered down at the same time.
- (2) You must connect V_{CCD PLL} to V_{CCINT} through a decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.
- (3) Power supplies must rise monotonically.
- (4) V_{CCIO} for all I/O banks must be powered up during device operation. Configurations pins are powered up by V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 where I/O Banks 3 and 9 only support V_{CCIO} of 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, and 3.3 V. For fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration mode, the V_{CCIO} level of I/O Bank 8 must be powered up to 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, and 3.3 V.
- (5) You must set $V_{\text{CC_CLKIN}}$ to 2.5 V if you use CLKIN as a high-speed serial interface (HSSI) refclk or as a DIFFCLK input.
- (6) The CLKIN pins in I/O Banks 3B and 8B can support single-ended I/O standard when the pins are used to clock left PLLs in non-transceiver applications.
- (7) The POR time for Standard POR ranges between 50 and 200 ms. V_{CCINT}, V_{CCA}, and V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 must reach the recommended operating range within 50 ms.
- (8) The POR time for Fast POR ranges between 3 and 9 ms. V_{CCINT}, V_{CCA}, and V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 must reach the recommended operating range within 3 ms.

ESD Performance

This section lists the electrostatic discharge (ESD) voltages using the human body model (HBM) and charged device model (CDM) for Cyclone IV devices general purpose I/Os (GPIOs) and high-speed serial interface (HSSI) I/Os. Table 1–5 lists the ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os.

Table 1-5. ESD for Cyclone IV Devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os

Symbol	Parameter	Passing Voltage	Unit
V	ESD voltage using the HBM (GPIOs) (1)	± 2000	V
VESDHBM	ESD using the HBM (HSSI I/Os) (2)	± 1000	V
V	ESD using the CDM (GPIOs)	± 500	V
VESDCDM	ESD using the CDM (HSSI I/Os) (2)	± 250	V

Notes to Table 1-5:

- (1) The passing voltage for EP4CGX15 and EP4CGX30 row I/Os is ±1000V.
- (2) This value is applicable only to Cyclone IV GX devices.

DC Characteristics

This section lists the I/O leakage current, pin capacitance, on-chip termination (OCT) tolerance, and bus hold specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Supply Current

The device supply current requirement is the minimum current drawn from the power supply pins that can be used as a reference for power size planning. Use the Excel-based early power estimator (EPE) to get the supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources used. Table 1–6 lists the I/O pin leakage current for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-6. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Device	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _I	Input pin leakage current	$V_I = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CCIOMAX}$		-10	_	10	μΑ
I _{OZ}	Tristated I/O pin leakage current	$V_0 = 0 \text{ V to } V_{\text{CCIOMAX}}$		-10	_	10	μΑ

Notes to Table 1-6:

- This value is specified for normal device operation. The value varies during device power-up. This applies for all V_{CCIO} settings (3.3, 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 V).
- (2) The 10 μ A I/O leakage current limit is applicable when the internal clamping diode is off. A higher current can be observed when the diode is on.

Bus Hold

The bus hold retains the last valid logic state after the source driving it either enters the high impedance state or is removed. Each I/O pin has an option to enable bus hold in user mode. Bus hold is always disabled in configuration mode.

Table 1–7 lists bus hold specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–7. Bus Hold Parameter for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 1 of 2) (1)

		V _{CCIO} (V)												
Parameter	Condition	1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus hold low, sustaining current	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (maximum)	8	_	12	_	30	_	50	_	70	_	70	_	μА
Bus hold high, sustaining current	V _{IN} < V _{IL} (minimum)	-8	_	-12	_	-30	_	-50	_	-70	_	-70	_	μА
Bus hold low, overdrive current	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	_	125	_	175	_	200	_	300	_	500	_	500	μА
Bus hold high, overdrive current	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	_	-125	_	-175	_	-200	_	-300	_	-500	_	-500	μА

The OCT resistance may vary with the variation of temperature and voltage after calibration at device power-up. Use Table 1–10 and Equation 1–1 to determine the final OCT resistance considering the variations after calibration at device power-up. Table 1–10 lists the change percentage of the OCT resistance with voltage and temperature.

Table 1–10. OCT Variation After Calibration at Device Power-Up for Cyclone IV Devices

Nominal Voltage	dR/dT (%/°C)	dR/dV (%/mV)
3.0	0.262	-0.026
2.5	0.234	-0.039
1.8	0.219	-0.086
1.5	0.199	-0.136
1.2	0.161	-0.288

Equation 1-1. Final OCT Resistance (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

Notes to Equation 1-1:

- (1) T_2 is the final temperature.
- (2) T_1 is the initial temperature.
- (3) MF is multiplication factor.
- (4) R_{final} is final resistance.
- (5) R_{initial} is initial resistance.
- (6) Subscript $_{\rm X}$ refers to both $_{\rm V}$ and $_{\rm T}$.
- (7) ΔR_V is a variation of resistance with voltage.
- (8) ΔR_T is a variation of resistance with temperature.
- (9) dR/dT is the change percentage of resistance with temperature after calibration at device power-up.
- (10) dR/dV is the change percentage of resistance with voltage after calibration at device power-up.
- (11) V2 is final voltage.
- (12) V_1 is the initial voltage.

Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistor

Table 1-12 lists the weak pull-up and pull-down resistor values for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–12. Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistor Values for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	7	25	41	kΩ
	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	7	28	47	kΩ
D	before and during configuration, as	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	8	35	61	kΩ
R _{_PU}	well as user mode if you enable the programmable pull-up resistor option	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	10	57	108	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	13	82	163	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	19	143	351	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	6	19	30	kΩ
	Velocities I/O discoull decomposition	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	6	22	36	kΩ
R_PD	Value of the I/O pin pull-down resistor before and during configuration	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	6	25	43	kΩ
	201010 and daring bonnigaration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	7	35	71	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	8	50	112	kΩ

Notes to Table 1-12:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins. The weak pull-down feature is only available for JTAG TCK.
- (2) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.
- (3) $R_{PU} = (V_{CC10} V_1)/I_{R_PU}$ Minimum condition: $-40^{\circ}C$; $V_{CC10} = V_{CC} + 5\%$, $V_1 = V_{CC} + 5\% 50$ mV; Typical condition: $25^{\circ}C$; $V_{CC10} = V_{CC}$, $V_1 = 0$ V; $V_2 = 0$ V; $V_3 = 0$ V; $V_4 = 0$ V and $V_5 = 0$ V and $V_6 = 0$ V and $V_7 = 0$ V and $V_8 = 0$ V and $V_$

Maximum condition: 100°C ; $V_{\text{CCIO}} = V_{\text{CC}} - 5\%$, $V_{\text{I}} = 0$ V; in which V_{I} refers to the input voltage at the I/O pin.

(4) $R_{PD} = V_I/I_{RPD}$

Minimum condition: -40°C; $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC} + 5\%$, $V_I = 50$ mV;

Typical condition: 25°C; $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC}$, $V_1 = V_{CC} - 5\%$; Maximum condition: 100°C; $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC} - 5\%$, $V_1 = V_{CC} - 5\%$; in which V_1 refers to the input voltage at the I/O pin.

Hot-Socketing

Table 1–13 lists the hot-socketing specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–13. Hot-Socketing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Maximum
I _{IOPIN(DC)}	DC current per I/O pin	300 μΑ
I _{IOPIN(AC)}	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA (1)
I _{XCVRTX(DC)}	DC current per transceiver TX pin	100 mA
I _{XCVRRX(DC)}	DC current per transceiver RX pin	50 mA

Note to Table 1-13:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|IIOPIN| = C \frac{dv}{dt}$, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

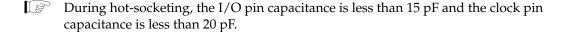


Table 1–16. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

1/0	,	V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{REF} (V)	V _{TT} (V) ⁽²⁾			
Standard	Min Ty		Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.19	1.25	1.31	V _{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	0.85	0.9	0.95
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.71	0.75	0.79	0.71	0.75	0.79
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.48 x V _{CCIO} (3) 0.47 x V _{CCIO} (4)	0.5 x V _{CCIO} (3) 0.5 x V _{CCIO} (4)	0.52 x V _{CCIO} (3) 0.53 x V _{CCIO} (4)	_	0.5 x V _{CCIO}	_

Notes to Table 1-16:

- (1) For an explanation of terms used in Table 1–16, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.
- (2) V_{TT} of the transmitting device must track V_{REF} of the receiving device.
- (3) Value shown refers to DC input reference voltage, $V_{REF(DC)}$.
- (4) Value shown refers to AC input reference voltage, $V_{REF(AC)}$.

Table 1-17. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

I/O			VIH	_{I(DC)} (V)	V _{IL(}	_(AC) (V)	V _{IH}	(AC) (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL}	I _{OH}
Standard	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	(mĀ)	(mÄ)
SSTL-2 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.18	V _{REF} + 0.18	_	_	V _{REF} – 0.35	V _{REF} + 0.35	_	V _{ττ} – 0.57	V _{TT} + 0.57	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.18	V _{REF} + 0.18	_	_	V _{REF} – 0.35	V _{REF} + 0.35	_	V _{TT} – 0.76	V _{TT} + 0.76	16.4	-16.4
SSTL-18 Class I		V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	_		V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	_	V _{TT} – 0.475	V _{TT} + 0.475	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	_	_	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	_	0.28	V _{CCIO} - 0.28	13.4	-13.4
HSTL-18 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	_	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	_	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	_	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	_	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	_	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	_	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	_	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	_	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	-0.24	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.24	0.25 × V _{CCIO}	0.75 × V _{CCIO}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	-0.24	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.24	0.25 × V _{CCIO}	0.75 × V _{CCIO}	14	-14

For more information about receiver input and transmitter output waveforms, and for other differential I/O standards, refer to the I/O Features in Cyclone IV Devices chapter.

Table 1–18. Differential SSTL I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

I/O Standard	V	_{CC10} (V	')	V _{Swing}	_{J(DC)} (V)	V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{Swi}	ng(AC) /)	V _{OX(AC)} (V)			
	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.36	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.2	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.7	V _{CCI}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.125	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.125	
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.7	1.8	1.90	0.25	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.175	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCI}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.125	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.125	

Note to Table 1-18:

Table 1–19. Differential HSTL I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

	V	_{CCIO} (V)	V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V	СМ(DC)	V)	V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Mi n	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.85		0.95	0.85	_	0.95	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	_	0.71		0.79	0.71	_	0.79	0.4	_
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO}	0.48 x V _{CCIO}		0.52 x V _{CCIO}	0.48 x V _{CCIO}		0.52 x V _{CCIO}	0.3	0.48 x V _{CCIO}

Note to Table 1-19:

Table 1–20. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1) (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{ID}	(mV)		V _{ICM} (V) ⁽²⁾		Vo	_D (mV)	(3)	1	ا (۷) (۵	3)
i/O Stanuaru	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
L) (DEOL						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \; Mbps$	1.80						
LVPECL (Row I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; \text{Mbps} \leq D_{\text{MAX}} \\ \leq 700 \; \text{Mbps} \end{array}$	1.80	_	_		_	_	_
						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						
IV/DEOL						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \text{ Mbps}$	1.80						
LVPECL (Column I/Os) (6)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; \text{Mbps} \leq D_{\text{MAX}} \\ \leq 700 \; \text{Mbps} \end{array}$	1.80	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,00)						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						
						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \; Mbps$	1.80						
LVDS (Row I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; \text{Mbps} \leq D_{\text{MAX}} \\ \leq \; 700 \; \text{Mbps} \end{array}$	1.80	247	_	600	1.125	1.25	1.375
						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						

⁽¹⁾ Differential SSTL requires a V_{REF} input.

⁽¹⁾ Differential HSTL requires a V_{REF} input.

Table 1–20. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1) (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V))	V _{ID} (mV)		V _{IcM} (V) ⁽²⁾		Vo	_D (mV)	(3)	1	ا (۱۵ (۷)	3)
i/U Stanuaru	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
LVDS						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \text{ Mbps}$	1.80						
(Column I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; Mbps \leq D_{MAX} \\ \leq \; 700 \; Mbps \end{array}$	1.80	247	_	600	1.125	1.25	1.375
1,00)						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						
BLVDS (Row I/Os) (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100		_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
BLVDS (Column I/Os) (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100		_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
mini-LVDS (Row I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_	_	_	300	_	600	1.0	1.2	1.4
mini-LVDS (Column I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_		_	_	300	_	600	1.0	1.2	1.4
RSDS® (Row I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	_		_	_	_	100	200	600	0.5	1.2	1.5
RSDS (Column I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	_			_		100	200	600	0.5	1.2	1.5
PPDS (Row I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_	_	_	100	200	600	0.5	1.2	1.4
PPDS (Column I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_	_	_	100	200	600	0.5	1.2	1.4

Notes to Table 1-20:

- (1) For an explanation of terms used in Table 1–20, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.
- (2) V_{IN} range: $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 1.85 \text{ V}.$
- (3) $R_L \text{ range: } 90 \leq R_L \leq 110 \ \Omega$.
- (4) There are no fixed V_{IN} , V_{OD} , and V_{OS} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (5) The Mini-LVDS, RSDS, and PPDS standards are only supported at the output pins.
- (6) The LVPECL I/O standard is only supported on dedicated clock input pins. This I/O standard is not supported for output pins.

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 2 of 4)

Symbol/	Oanditions		C6			C7, I7			C8		11!4
Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Receiver			•				•			<u> </u>	
Supported I/O Standards	1.4 V PCML, 1.5 V PCML, 2.5 V PCML, LVPECL, LVDS										
Data rate (F324 and smaller package) (15)	_	600	_	2500	600	_	2500	600	_	2500	Mbps
Data rate (F484 and larger package) (15)	_	600	_	3125	600	_	3125	600	_	2500	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin (3)	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Operational V _{MAX} for a receiver pin	_	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p)	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting, Data Rate = 600 Mbps to 3.125 Gbps	0.1	_	2.7	0.1	_	2.7	0.1	_	2.7	V
V _{ICM}	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	_	820 ± 10%	_	_	820 ± 10%	_	_	820 ± 10%	_	mV
Differential on-chip	100–Ω setting	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
termination resistors	150– Ω setting	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PIPE, Serial Rapid I/O SR, SATA, CPRI LV, SDI, XAUI					Compliant	i				_
Programmable ppm detector ⁽⁴⁾	_				± 62.5	, 100, 125 250, 300	5, 200,				ppm
Clock data recovery (CDR) ppm tolerance (without spread-spectrum clocking enabled)	_		_	±300 (5), ±350 (6), (7)		_	±300 (5), ±350 (6), (7)	_	_	±300 (5), ±350 (6), (7)	ppm
CDR ppm tolerance (with synchronous spread-spectrum clocking enabled) (8)	_	_	_	350 to -5350 (7), (9)	_	_	350 to -5350 (7), (9)	_	_	350 to -5350 (7), (9)	ppm
Run length	_		80	_	_	80	_		80		UI
	No Equalization	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	dB
Programmable	Medium Low	_	_	4.5	_	_	4.5		_	4.5	dB
equalization	Medium High	_	_	5.5	_	_	5.5		_	5.5	dB
	High	_	_	7	_	_	7	_		7	dB

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 4 of 4)

Symbol/	Conditions		C6			C7, I7		C8			Unit
Description	Collultions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
PLD-Transceiver Inte	rface										
Interface speed (F324 and smaller package)	_	25	_	125	25	_	125	25	_	125	MHz
Interface speed (F484 and larger package)	_	25	_	156.25	25	_	156.25	25	_	156.25	MHz
Digital reset pulse width	_				Minimu	m is 2 pa	rallel clock	cycles			

Notes to Table 1-21:

- (1) This specification is valid for transmitter output jitter specification with a maximum total jitter value of 112 ps, typically for 3.125 Gbps SRIO and XAUI protocols.
- (2) The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 2.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Transmitter Only** mode. The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 37.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Receiver Only** or **Receiver and Transmitter** mode.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The rate matcher supports only up to ±300 parts per million (ppm).
- (5) Supported for the F169 and F324 device packages only.
- (6) Supported for the F484, F672, and F896 device packages only. Pending device characterization.
- (7) To support CDR ppm tolerance greater than ±300 ppm, implement ppm detector in user logic and configure CDR to Manual Lock Mode.
- (8) Asynchronous spread-spectrum clocking is not supported.
- (9) For the EP4CGX30 (F484 package only), EP4CGX50, and EP4CGX75 devices, the CDR ppl tolerance is ±200 ppm.
- (10) Time taken until pll locked goes high after pll powerdown deasserts.
- (11) Time that the CDR must be kept in lock-to-reference mode after rx analogreset deasserts and before rx locktodata is asserted in manual mode.
- (12) Time taken to recover valid data after the rx_locktodata signal is asserted in manual mode (Figure 1–2), or after rx_freqlocked signal goes high in automatic mode (Figure 1–3).
- (13) Time taken to recover valid data after the $rx_locktodata$ signal is asserted in manual mode.
- (14) Time taken to recover valid data after the $rx_freqlocked$ signal goes high in automatic mode.
- (15) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Figure 1–2 shows the lock time parameters in manual mode.

LTD = lock-to-data. LTR = lock-to-reference.

Figure 1–2. Lock Time Parameters for Manual Mode

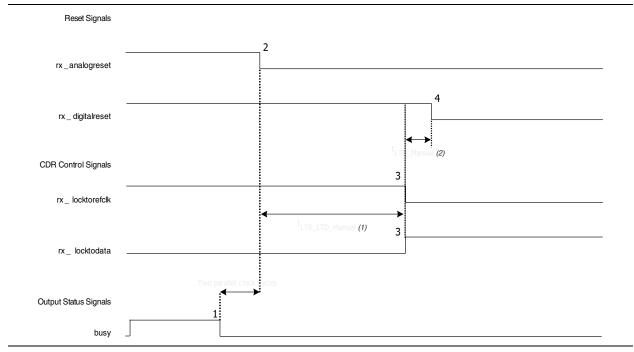


Figure 1–3 shows the lock time parameters in automatic mode.

Figure 1-3. Lock Time Parameters for Automatic Mode

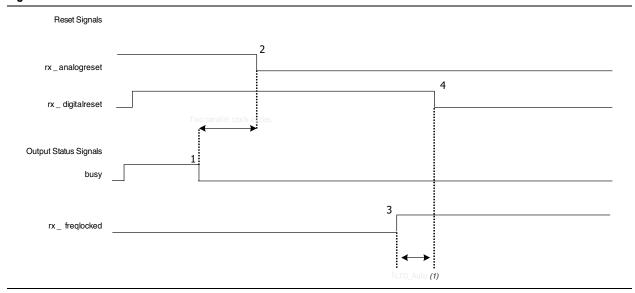


Figure 1–4 shows the differential receiver input waveform.

Figure 1-4. Receiver Input Waveform

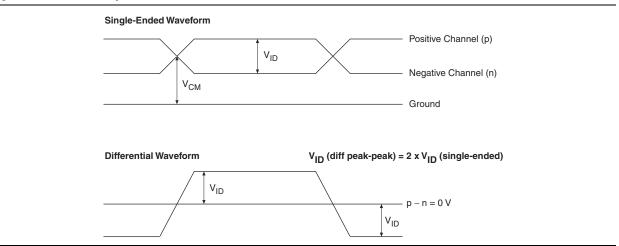


Figure 1–5 shows the transmitter output waveform.

Figure 1-5. Transmitter Output Waveform

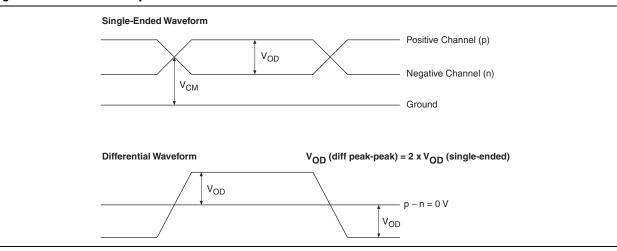


Table 1–22 lists the typical V_{OD} for Tx term that equals 100 Ω .

Table 1–22. Typical V_{OD} Setting, Tx Term = 100 Ω

Symbol		V _{OD} Setting (mV)											
Symbol	1	2	3	4 (1)	5	6							
V _{OD} differential peak to peak typical (mV)	400	600	800	900	1000	1200							

Note to Table 1-22:

(1) This setting is required for compliance with the PCle protocol.

Embedded Multiplier Specifications

Table 1–26 lists the embedded multiplier specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–26. Embedded Multiplier Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Mode	Resources Used		Performance							
Mode	Number of Multipliers	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	Unit			
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	340	300	260	240	175	MHz			
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	287	250	200	185	135	MHz			

Memory Block Specifications

Table 1–27 lists the M9K memory block specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-27. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

		Resou	rces Used						
Memory	Mode	LEs	M9K Memory	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	Unit
	FIFO 256 × 36	47	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
M9K Block	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
INISK DIOCK	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz

Configuration and JTAG Specifications

Table 1–28 lists the configuration mode specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–28. Passive Configuration Mode Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Programming Mode	V _{CCINT} Voltage Level (V)	DCLK f _{max}	Unit
Passive Serial (PS)	1.0 <i>(3)</i>	66	MHz
rassive serial (FS)	1.2	133	MHz
Fast Passive Parallel (FPP) (2)	1.0 ⁽³⁾	66	MHz
Tast rassive ratallel (FFF) 1-7	1.2 (4)	100	MHz

Notes to Table 1-28:

- (1) For more information about PS and FPP configuration timing parameters, refer to the *Configuration and Remote System Upgrades in Cyclone IV Devices* chapter.
- (2) FPP configuration mode supports all Cyclone IV E devices (except for E144 package devices) and EP4CGX50, EP4CGX75, EP4CGX110, and EP4CGX150 only.
- (3) $V_{CCINT} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ is only supported for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices.
- (4) Cyclone IV E devices support 1.2 V V_{CCINT}. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices support 133 MHz DCLK f_{MAX} for EP4CE6, EP4CE10, EP4CE15, EP4CE22, EP4CE30, and EP4CE40 only.

Table 1–29 lists the active configuration mode specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–29. Active Configuration Mode Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Programming Mode	DCLK Range	Typical DCLK	Unit
Active Parallel (AP) (1)	20 to 40	33	MHz
Active Serial (AS)	20 to 40	33	MHz

Note to Table 1-29:

(1) AP configuration mode is only supported for Cyclone IV E devices.

Table 1–30 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–30. JTAG Timing Parameters for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period	40	_	ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time	19	_	ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time	19	_	ns
t _{JPSU_TDI}	JTAG port setup time for TDI	1	_	ns
t _{JPSU_TMS}	JTAG port setup time for TMS	3	_	ns
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	10	_	ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output (2), (3)	_	15	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output (2), (3)	_	15	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance (2), (3)	_	15	ns
t _{JSSU}	Capture register setup time	5	_	ns
t _{JSH}	Capture register hold time	10	_	ns
t _{JSCO}	Update register clock to output	_	25	ns
t _{JSZX}	Update register high impedance to valid output	_	25	ns
t _{JSXZ}	Update register valid output to high impedance		25	ns

Notes to Table 1-30:

- (1) For more information about JTAG waveforms, refer to "JTAG Waveform" in "Glossary" on page 1-37.
- (2) The specification is shown for 3.3-, 3.0-, and 2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS operation of JTAG pins. For 1.8-V LVTTL/LVCMOS and 1.5-V LVCMOS, the output time specification is 16 ns.
- (3) For EP4CGX22, EP4CGX30 (F324 and smaller package), EP4CGX110, and EP4CGX150 devices, the output time specification for 3.3-, 3.0-, and 2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS operation of JTAG pins is 16 ns. For 1.8-V LVTTL/LVCMOS and 1.5-V LVCMOS, the output time specification is 18 ns.

Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the PCI/PCI-X bus interface. I/Os using the SSTL-18 Class I termination standard can achieve up to the stated DDR2 SDRAM interfacing speeds. I/Os using general-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 3.0-, 2.5-, 1.8-, or 1.5-LVTTL/LVCMOS are capable of a typical 200 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

For more information about the supported maximum clock rate, device and pin planning, IP implementation, and device termination, refer to Section III: System Performance Specifications of the External Memory Interfaces Handbook.



Actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specifications

Table 1–31 through Table 1–36 list the high-speed I/O timing for Cyclone IV devices. For definitions of high-speed timing specifications, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.

Table 1–31. RSDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2), (4) (Part 1 of 2)

	Ohal Madaa		C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L		
Symbol	Modes	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	×10	5	_	180	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
	×8	5		180	5		155.5	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
f _{HSCLK} (input clock	×7	5	_	180	5		155.5	5		155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
frequency)	×4	5		180	5		155.5	5		155.5	5		155.5	5	-	132.5	MHz
,	×2	5	_	180	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
	×1	5		360	5		311	5		311	5	_	311	5	1	265	MHz
	×10	100	_	360	100	_	311	100	_	311	100	_	311	100	_	265	Mbps
	×8	80	_	360	80		311	80	_	311	80		311	80	_	265	Mbps
Device operation in Mbps	×7	70	_	360	70		311	70	_	311	70		311	70	_	265	Mbps
	×4	40	_	360	40	_	311	40	_	311	40	_	311	40	_	265	Mbps
·	×2	20	_	360	20		311	20	_	311	20		311	20	_	265	Mbps
	×1	10	_	360	10		311	10	_	311	10		311	10	_	265	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	_	45		55	45		55	45	_	55	45		55	45	_	55	%
Transmitter channel-to- channel skew (TCCS)	_	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	_	_	_	500	_		500	_	_	550			600	_	_	700	ps
t _{RISE}	$20 - 80\%$, $C_{LOAD} = 5 pF$	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	—	_	500	_	ps
t _{FALL}	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	_	500	_	_	500	1	_	500	_	_	500	ı	_	500		ps



For more information about the supported maximum clock rate, device and pin planning, IP implementation, and device termination, refer to *Section III: System Performance Specifications* of the *External Memory Interface Handbook*.

Table 1–37 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–37. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Clock period jitter	t _{JIT(per)}	-125	125	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t _{JIT(cc)}	-200	200	ps
Duty cycle jitter	t _{JIT(duty)}	-150	150	ps

Notes to Table 1-37:

- Memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2 standard.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a global clock (GCLK) network.

Duty Cycle Distortion Specifications

Table 1–38 lists the worst case duty cycle distortion for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–38. Duty Cycle Distortion on Cyclone IV Devices I/O Pins (1), (2), (3)

Symbol	C6		C7	, 1 7	C8, I8	BL, A7	C	Unit	
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Ullit
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Notes to Table 1-38:

- (1) The duty cycle distortion specification applies to clock outputs from the PLLs, global clock tree, and IOE driving the dedicated and general purpose I/O pins.
- (2) Cyclone IV devices meet the specified duty cycle distortion at the maximum output toggle rate for each combination of I/O standard and current strength.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

OCT Calibration Timing Specification

Table 1–39 lists the duration of calibration for series OCT with calibration at device power-up for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–39. Timing Specification for Series OCT with Calibration at Device Power-Up for Cyclone IV Devices $^{(1)}$

Symbol	Description	Maximum	Units
t _{OCTCAL}	Duration of series OCT with calibration at device power-up	20	μs

Note to Table 1-39:

(1) OCT calibration takes place after device configuration and before entering user mode.

Table 1–44 and Table 1–45 list the IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV GX devices.

Table 1–44. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Cyclone IV GX Devices (1), (2)

		Number		Max Offset						
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fast (Corner	Slow Corner				Unit
		Settings		C6	17	C6	C7	C8	17	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.313	1.209	2.184	2.336	2.451	2.387	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.312	1.208	2.200	2.399	2.554	2.446	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.438	0.404	0.751	0.825	0.886	0.839	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.713	0.682	1.228	1.41	1.566	1.424	ns

Notes to Table 1-44:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For exact values of each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting 0 as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1-45. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Cyclone IV GX Devices (1), (2)

		Number		Max Offset						
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fast (Corner	Slow Corner				Unit
	Settings			C6	17	C6	C 7	C8	17	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.314	1.210	2.209	2.398	2.526	2.443	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.313	1.208	2.205	2.406	2.563	2.450	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.461	0.421	0.789	0.869	0.933	0.884	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.712	0.682	1.225	1.407	1.562	1.421	ns

Notes to Table 1-45:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For exact values of each setting, use the latest version of Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting 0 as available in the Quartus II software

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 3 of 5)

Letter	Term	Definitions
	R_L	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to Cyclone IV devices).
		Receiver input waveform for LVDS and LVPECL differential standards: Single-Ended Waveform
		Positive Channel (p) = V _{IH}
		Negative Channel (n) = V _{IL}
R	Receiver Input Waveform	Ground
		Differential Waveform (Mathematical Function of Positive & Negative Channel)
		V _{ID} 0 V
		V _{ID} p-n
	Receiver input skew margin (RSKM)	High-speed I/O block: The total margin left after accounting for the sampling window and TCCS. RSKM = (TUI – SW – TCCS) / 2.
		V _{CGIO}
		V _{IH(DC)}
		V_{REF} $V_{IL(DC)}$
	Single-ended voltage-	Vil(AC)
S	referenced I/O Standard	$\overline{V_{ ext{OL}}}$
		The JEDEC standard for SSTI and HSTL I/O standards defines both the AC and DC input signal values. The AC values indicate the voltage levels at which the receiver must meet its timing specifications. The DC values indicate the voltage levels at which the final logic state of the receiver is unambiguously defined. After the receiver input crosses the AC value, the receiver changes to the new logic state. The new logic state is then maintained as long as the input stays beyond the DC threshold. This approach is intended to provide predictable receiver timing in the presence of input waveform <i>ringing</i> .
	SW (Sampling Window)	High-speed I/O block: The period of time during which the data must be valid to capture it correctly. The setup and hold times determine the ideal strobe position in the sampling window

Document Revision History

Table 1–47 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 1–47. Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
March 2016	2.0	Updated note (5) in Table 1–21 to remove support for the N148 package.
October 2014	1.0	Updated maximum value for V _{CCD_PLL} in Table 1–1.
October 2014 1.9		Removed extended temperature note in Table 1–3.
December 2013	1.8	Updated Table 1–21 by adding Note (15).
May 2013	1.7	Updated Table 1–15 by adding Note (4).
		■ Updated the maximum value for V _I , V _{CCD_PLL} , V _{CCIO} , V _{CC_CLKIN} , V _{CCH_GXB} , and V _{CCA_GXB} Table 1–1.
		■ Updated Table 1–11 and Table 1–22.
October 2012	1.6	 Updated Table 1–21 to include peak-to-peak differential input voltage for the Cyclone IV GX transceiver input reference clock.
		■ Updated Table 1–29 to include the typical DCLK value.
		■ Updated the minimum f _{HSCLK} value in Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, and Table 1–35.
	1.5	 Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot or Undershoot Voltage", "Operating Conditions", and "PLL Specifications" sections.
November 2011		■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–5, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–15, Table 1–18, Table 1–19, and Table 1–21.
		■ Updated Figure 1–1.
		■ Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.1 release.
December 2010	1.4	■ Updated Table 1–21 and Table 1–25.
		■ Minor text edits.
		Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.0 release:
		■ Updated Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–21, Table 1–25, Table 1–28, Table 1–30, Table 1–40, Table 1–41, Table 1–42, Table 1–43, Table 1–44, and Table 1–45.
July 2010	1.3	■ Updated Figure 1–2 and Figure 1–3.
		 Removed SW Requirement and TCCS for Cyclone IV Devices tables.
		■ Minor text edits.
		Updated to include automotive devices:
		Updated the "Operating Conditions" and "PLL Specifications" sections.
March 2010	1.2	■ Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–21, Table 1–26, Table 1–27, Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–35, Table 1–36, Table 1–37, Table 1–38, Table 1–40, Table 1–42, and Table 1–43.
		■ Added Table 1–5 to include ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os.
		 Added Table 1–44 and Table 1–45 to include IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices.
		Minor text edits.

Table 1-47. Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
February 2010	1.1	 Updated Table 1–3 through Table 1–44 to include information for Cyclone IV E devices and Cyclone IV GX devices for Quartus II software version 9.1 SP1 release. Minor text edits.
November 2009	1.0	Initial release.