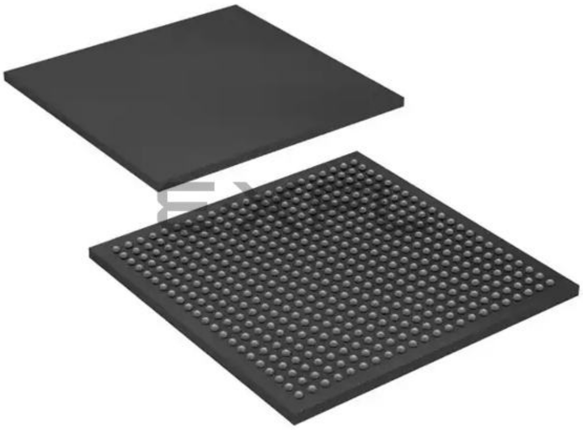
Intel - EP4CE30F23A7N Datasheet



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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	1803
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	28848
Total RAM Bits	608256
Number of I/O	328
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.15V ~ 1.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep4ce30f23a7n

A DC signal is equivalent to 100% duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 4.3 V can only be at 4.3 V for 65% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, this amounts to 65/10ths of a year.

Table 1–2. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions over a 10-Year Time Frame for Cyclone IV Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % of High Time	Unit
V_i	AC Input Voltage	$V_I = 4.20$	100	%
		$V_I = 4.25$	98	%
		$V_I = 4.30$	65	%
		$V_I = 4.35$	43	%
		$V_I = 4.40$	29	%
		$V_I = 4.45$	20	%
		$V_I = 4.50$	13	%
		$V_I = 4.55$	9	%
		$V_I = 4.60$	6	%

Figure 1–1 shows the methodology to determine the overshoot duration. The overshoot voltage is shown in red and is present on the input pin of the Cyclone IV device at over 4.3 V but below 4.4 V. From Table 1–2, for an overshoot of 4.3 V, the percentage of high time for the overshoot can be as high as 65% over a 10-year period. Percentage of high time is calculated as ([delta T]/T) × 100. This 10-year period assumes that the device is always turned on with 100% I/O toggle rate and 50% duty cycle signal. For lower I/O toggle rates and situations in which the device is in an idle state, lifetimes are increased.

Figure 1–1. Cyclone IV Devices Overshoot Duration

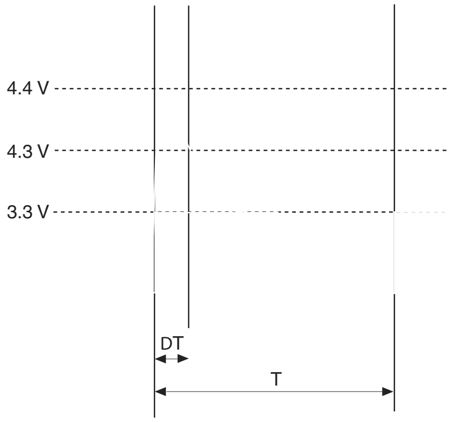


Table 1–3. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV E Devices *(1), (2)* (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{Diode}	Magnitude of DC current across PCI-clamp diode when enable	—	—	—	10	mA

Notes to Table 1–3:

(1) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades.

(2) V_{CCIO} for all I/O banks must be powered up during device operation. All `VCCA` pins must be powered to 2.5 V (even when PLLs are not used) and must be powered up and powered down at the same time.

(3) V_{CC} must rise monotonically.

(4) V_{CCIO} powers all input buffers.

(5) The POR time for Standard POR ranges between 50 and 200 ms. Each individual power supply must reach the recommended operating range within 50 ms.

(6) The POR time for Fast POR ranges between 3 and 9 ms. Each individual power supply must reach the recommended operating range within 3 ms.

Table 1–4. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{CCINT} *(3)*	Core voltage, PCIe hard IP block, and transceiver PCS power supply	—	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V_{CCA} *(1), (3)*	PLL analog power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCD_PLL} *(2)*	PLL digital power supply	—	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V_{CCIO} *(3), (4)*	I/O banks power supply for 3.3-V operation	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	I/O banks power supply for 3.0-V operation	—	2.85	3	3.15	V
	I/O banks power supply for 2.5-V operation	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.8-V operation	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.5-V operation	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.2-V operation	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V_{CC_CLKIN} *(3), (5), (6)*	Differential clock input pins power supply for 3.3-V operation	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 3.0-V operation	—	2.85	3	3.15	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 2.5-V operation	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.8-V operation	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.5-V operation	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.2-V operation	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V_{CCH_GXB}	Transceiver output buffer power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

Table 1–4. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{CCA_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCL_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	—	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V_I	DC input voltage	—	–0.5	—	3.6	V
V_O	DC output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	For commercial use	0	—	85	°C
		For industrial use	–40	—	100	°C
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard power-on reset (POR) *(7)*	50 µs	—	50 ms	—
		Fast POR *(8)*	50 µs	—	3 ms	—
I_{Diode}	Magnitude of DC current across PCI-clamp diode when enabled	—	—	—	10	mA

Notes to Table 1–4:

(1) All `VCCA` pins must be powered to 2.5 V (even when PLLs are not used) and must be powered up and powered down at the same time.

(2) You must connect V_{CCD_PLL} to V_{CCINT} through a decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.

(3) Power supplies must rise monotonically.

(4) V_{CCIO} for all I/O banks must be powered up during device operation. Configurations pins are powered up by V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 where I/O Banks 3 and 9 only support V_{CCIO} of 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, and 3.3 V. For fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration mode, the V_{CCIO} level of I/O Bank 8 must be powered up to 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, and 3.3 V.

(5) You must set V_{CC_CLKIN} to 2.5 V if you use `CLKIN` as a high-speed serial interface (HSSI) `refclk` or as a `DIFFCLK` input.

(6) The `CLKIN` pins in I/O Banks 3B and 8B can support single-ended I/O standard when the pins are used to clock left PLLs in non-transceiver applications.

(7) The POR time for Standard POR ranges between 50 and 200 ms. V_{CCINT}, V_{CCA}, and V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 must reach the recommended operating range within 50 ms.

(8) The POR time for Fast POR ranges between 3 and 9 ms. V_{CCINT}, V_{CCA}, and V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 must reach the recommended operating range within 3 ms.

ESD Performance

This section lists the electrostatic discharge (ESD) voltages using the human body model (HBM) and charged device model (CDM) for Cyclone IV devices general purpose I/Os (GPIOs) and high-speed serial interface (HSSI) I/Os. Table 1–5 lists the ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os.

Table 1–5. ESD for Cyclone IV Devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os

Symbol	Parameter	Passing Voltage	Unit
V_{ESDHBM}	ESD voltage using the HBM (GPIOs) *(1)*	± 2000	V
	ESD using the HBM (HSSI I/Os) *(2)*	± 1000	V
V_{ESDCDM}	ESD using the CDM (GPIOs)	± 500	V
	ESD using the CDM (HSSI I/Os) *(2)*	± 250	V

Notes to Table 1–5:

(1) The passing voltage for EP4CGX15 and EP4CGX30 row I/Os is ±1000V.

(2) This value is applicable only to Cyclone IV GX devices.

DC Characteristics

This section lists the I/O leakage current, pin capacitance, on-chip termination (OCT) tolerance, and bus hold specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Supply Current

The device supply current requirement is the minimum current drawn from the power supply pins that can be used as a reference for power size planning. Use the Excel-based early power estimator (EPE) to get the supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources used. Table 1–6 lists the I/O pin leakage current for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–6. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Device	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin leakage current	V_I = 0 V to $V_{CCIOMAX}$	—	–10	—	10	µA
I_{OZ}	Tristated I/O pin leakage current	V_O = 0 V to $V_{CCIOMAX}$	—	–10	—	10	µA

Notes to Table 1–6:

(1) This value is specified for normal device operation. The value varies during device power-up. This applies for all V_{CCIO} settings (3.3, 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 V).

(2) The 10 µA I/O leakage current limit is applicable when the internal clamping diode is off. A higher current can be observed when the diode is on.

Bus Hold

The bus hold retains the last valid logic state after the source driving it either enters the high impedance state or is removed. Each I/O pin has an option to enable bus hold in user mode. Bus hold is always disabled in configuration mode.

Table 1–7 lists bus hold specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–7. Bus Hold Parameter for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 1 of 2) (1)

Parameter	Condition	V_{CCIO} (V)												Unit
		1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus hold low, sustaining current	$V_{IN} > V_{IL}$ (maximum)	8	—	12	—	30	—	50	—	70	—	70	—	µA
Bus hold high, sustaining current	$V_{IN} < V_{IL}$ (minimum)	–8	—	–12	—	–30	—	–50	—	–70	—	–70	—	µA
Bus hold low, overdrive current	0 V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}	—	125	—	175	—	200	—	300	—	500	—	500	µA
Bus hold high, overdrive current	0 V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}	—	–125	—	–175	—	–200	—	–300	—	–500	—	–500	µA

Table 1–7. Bus Hold Parameter for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 2 of 2) *(1)*

Parameter	Condition	V_{CCIO} (V)												Unit
		1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus hold trip point	—	0.3	0.9	0.375	1.125	0.68	1.07	0.7	1.7	0.8	2	0.8	2	V

Note to Table 1–7:

(1) Bus hold trip points are based on the calculated input voltages from the JEDEC standard.

OCT Specifications

Table 1–8 lists the variation of OCT without calibration across process, temperature, and voltage (PVT).

Table 1–8. Series OCT Without Calibration Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Description	V_{CCIO} (V)	Resistance Tolerance		Unit
		Commercial Maximum	Industrial, Extended industrial, and Automotive Maximum	
Series OCT without calibration	3.0	±30	±40	%
	2.5	±30	±40	%
	1.8	±40	±50	%
	1.5	±50	±50	%
	1.2	±50	±50	%

OCT calibration is automatically performed at device power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os.

Table 1–9 lists the OCT calibration accuracy at device power-up.

Table 1–9. Series OCT with Calibration at Device Power-Up Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Description	V_{CCIO} (V)	Calibration Accuracy		Unit
		Commercial Maximum	Industrial, Extended industrial, and Automotive Maximum	
Series OCT with calibration at device power-up	3.0	±10	±10	%
	2.5	±10	±10	%
	1.8	±10	±10	%
	1.5	±10	±10	%
	1.2	±10	±10	%

Example 1–1 shows how to calculate the change of 50-Ω I/O impedance from 25°C at 3.0 V to 85°C at 3.15 V.

Example 1–1. Impedance Change

$\Delta R_V = (3.15 - 3) \times 1000 \times -0.026 = -3.83$

$\Delta R_T = (85 - 25) \times 0.262 = 15.72$

Because ΔR_V is negative,

$MF_V = 1 / (3.83/100 + 1) = 0.963$

Because ΔR_T is positive,

$MF_T = 15.72/100 + 1 = 1.157$

$MF = 0.963 \times 1.157 = 1.114$

$R_{final} = 50 \times 1.114 = 55.71\ \Omega$

Pin Capacitance

Table 1–11 lists the pin capacitance for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–11. Pin Capacitance for Cyclone IV Devices *(1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Typical – Quad Flat Pack (QFP)	Typical – Quad Flat No Leads (QFN)	Typical – Ball-Grid Array (BGA)	Unit
C_{IOTB}	Input capacitance on top and bottom I/O pins	7	7	6	pF
C_{IOLR}	Input capacitance on right I/O pins	7	7	5	pF
C_{LVDSLR}	Input capacitance on right I/O pins with dedicated LVDS output	8	8	7	pF
C_{VREFLR} *(2)*	Input capacitance on right dual-purpose `VREF` pin when used as V_{REF} or user I/O pin	21	21	21	pF
C_{VREFTB} *(2)*	Input capacitance on top and bottom dual-purpose `VREF` pin when used as V_{REF} or user I/O pin	23 *(3)*	23	23	pF
C_{CLKTB}	Input capacitance on top and bottom dedicated clock input pins	7	7	6	pF
C_{CLKLR}	Input capacitance on right dedicated clock input pins	6	6	5	pF

Notes to Table 1–11:

(1) The pin capacitance applies to FBGA, UBGA, and MBGA packages.

(2) When you use the `VREF` pin as a regular input or output, you can expect a reduced performance of toggle rate and t_{CO} because of higher pin capacitance.

(3) C_{VREFTB} for the EP4CE22 device is 30 pF.

Schmitt Trigger Input

Cyclone IV devices support Schmitt trigger input on the `TDI`, `TMS`, `TCK`, `nSTATUS`, `nCONFIG`, `nCE`, `CONF_DONE`, and `DCLK` pins. A Schmitt trigger feature introduces hysteresis to the input signal for improved noise immunity, especially for signals with slow edge rate. Table 1–14 lists the hysteresis specifications across the supported V_{CCIO} range for Schmitt trigger inputs in Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–14. Hysteresis Specifications for Schmitt Trigger Input in Cyclone IV Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions (V)	Minimum	Unit
$V_{SCHMITT}$	Hysteresis for Schmitt trigger input	V_{CCIO} = 3.3	200	mV
		V_{CCIO} = 2.5	200	mV
		V_{CCIO} = 1.8	140	mV
		V_{CCIO} = 1.5	110	mV

I/O Standard Specifications

The following tables list input voltage sensitivities (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}), for various I/O standards supported by Cyclone IV devices. Table 1–15 through Table 1–20 provide the I/O standard specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–15. Single-Ended I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices *(1), (2)*

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{IL} (V)		V_{IH} (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA) *(4)*	I_{OH} (mA) *(4)*
	Min	**Typ**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Max**	**Min**		
3.3-V LVTTL *(3)*	3.135	3.3	3.465	—	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.45	2.4	4	–4
3.3-V LVCMOS *(3)*	3.135	3.3	3.465	—	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V_{CCIO} – 0.2	2	–2
3.0-V LVTTL *(3)*	2.85	3.0	3.15	–0.3	0.8	1.7	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	2.4	4	–4
3.0-V LVCMOS *(3)*	2.85	3.0	3.15	–0.3	0.8	1.7	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.2	V_{CCIO} – 0.2	0.1	–0.1
2.5 V *(3)*	2.375	2.5	2.625	–0.3	0.7	1.7	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.4	2.0	1	–1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	–0.3	0.35 x V_{CCIO}	0.65 x V_{CCIO}	2.25	0.45	V_{CCIO} – 0.45	2	–2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	–0.3	0.35 x V_{CCIO}	0.65 x V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 x V_{CCIO}	0.75 x V_{CCIO}	2	–2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	–0.3	0.35 x V_{CCIO}	0.65 x V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 x V_{CCIO}	0.75 x V_{CCIO}	2	–2
3.0-V PCI	2.85	3.0	3.15	—	0.3 x V_{CCIO}	0.5 x V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.1 x V_{CCIO}	0.9 x V_{CCIO}	1.5	–0.5
3.0-V PCI-X	2.85	3.0	3.15	—	0.35 x V_{CCIO}	0.5 x V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.1 x V_{CCIO}	0.9 x V_{CCIO}	1.5	–0.5

Notes to Table 1–15:

(1) For voltage-referenced receiver input waveform and explanation of terms used in Table 1–15, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.

(2) AC load CL = 10 pF

(3) For more information about interfacing Cyclone IV devices with 3.3/3.0/2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS I/O standards, refer to *AN 447: Interfacing Cyclone III and Cyclone IV Devices with 3.3/3.0/2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS I/O Systems*.

(4) To meet the I_{OL} and I_{OH} specifications, you must set the current strength settings accordingly. For example, to meet the **3.3-V LVTTL** specification (4 mA), set the current strength settings to 4 mA or higher. Setting at lower current strength may not meet the I_{OL} and I_{OH} specifications in the handbook.

Table 1–16. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices *(1)*

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)			V_{TT} (V) *(2)*		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.19	1.25	1.31	V_{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.833	0.9	0.969	V_{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	0.85	0.9	0.95
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.71	0.75	0.79	0.71	0.75	0.79
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.48 x V_{CCIO} *(3)*	0.5 x V_{CCIO} *(3)*	0.52 x V_{CCIO} *(3)*	—	0.5 x V_{CCIO}	—
				0.47 x V_{CCIO} *(4)*	0.5 x V_{CCIO} *(4)*	0.53 x V_{CCIO} *(4)*			

Notes to Table 1–16:

(1) For an explanation of terms used in Table 1–16, refer to “Glossary” on page 1–37.

(2) V_{TT} of the transmitting device must track V_{REF} of the receiving device.

(3) Value shown refers to DC input reference voltage, $V_{REF(DC)}$.

(4) Value shown refers to AC input reference voltage, $V_{REF(AC)}$.

Table 1–17. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.18	V_{REF} + 0.18	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.35	V_{REF} + 0.35	—	V_{TT} – 0.57	V_{TT} + 0.57	8.1	–8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.18	V_{REF} + 0.18	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.35	V_{REF} + 0.35	—	V_{TT} – 0.76	V_{TT} + 0.76	16.4	–16.4
SSTL-18 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.25	V_{REF} + 0.25	—	V_{TT} – 0.475	V_{TT} + 0.475	6.7	–6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.25	V_{REF} + 0.25	—	0.28	V_{CCIO} – 0.28	13.4	–13.4
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	8	–8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	16	–16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	8	–8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	16	–16
HSTL-12 Class I	–0.15	V_{REF} – 0.08	V_{REF} + 0.08	V_{CCIO} + 0.15	–0.24	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	V_{CCIO} + 0.24	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	8	–8
HSTL-12 Class II	–0.15	V_{REF} – 0.08	V_{REF} + 0.08	V_{CCIO} + 0.15	–0.24	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	V_{CCIO} + 0.24	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	14	–14

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 2 of 4)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	C6			C7, I7			C8			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	1.4 V PCML, 1.5 V PCML, 2.5 V PCML, LVPECL, LVDS										
Data rate (F324 and smaller package) *(15)*	—	600	—	2500	600	—	2500	600	—	2500	Mbps
Data rate (F484 and larger package) *(15)*	—	600	—	3125	600	—	3125	600	—	2500	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin *(3)*	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Operational V_{MAX} for a receiver pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	–0.4	—	—	–0.4	—	—	–0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p)	V_{ICM} = 0.82 V setting, Data Rate = 600 Mbps to 3.125 Gbps	0.1	—	2.7	0.1	—	2.7	0.1	—	2.7	V
V_{ICM}	V_{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	—	820 ± 10%	—	—	820 ± 10%	—	—	820 ± 10%	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100–Ω setting	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	150–Ω setting	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PIPE, Serial Rapid I/O SR, SATA, CPRI LV, SDI, XAUI	Compliant									—
Programmable ppm detector *(4)*	—	± 62.5, 100, 125, 200, 250, 300									ppm
Clock data recovery (CDR) ppm tolerance (without spread-spectrum clocking enabled)	—	—	—	±300 *(5)*, ±350 *(6)*, *(7)*	—	—	±300 *(5)*, ±350 *(6)*, *(7)*	—	—	±300 *(5)*, ±350 *(6)*, *(7)*	ppm
CDR ppm tolerance (with synchronous spread-spectrum clocking enabled) *(8)*	—	—	—	350 to –5350 *(7)*, *(9)*	—	—	350 to –5350 *(7)*, *(9)*	—	—	350 to –5350 *(7)*, *(9)*	ppm
Run length	—	—	80	—	—	80	—	—	80	—	UI
Programmable equalization	No Equalization	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	dB
	Medium Low	—	—	4.5	—	—	4.5	—	—	4.5	dB
	Medium High	—	—	5.5	—	—	5.5	—	—	5.5	dB
	High	—	—	7	—	—	7	—	—	7	dB

Figure 1–2 shows the lock time parameters in manual mode.

LTD = lock-to-data. LTR = lock-to-reference.

Figure 1–2. Lock Time Parameters for Manual Mode

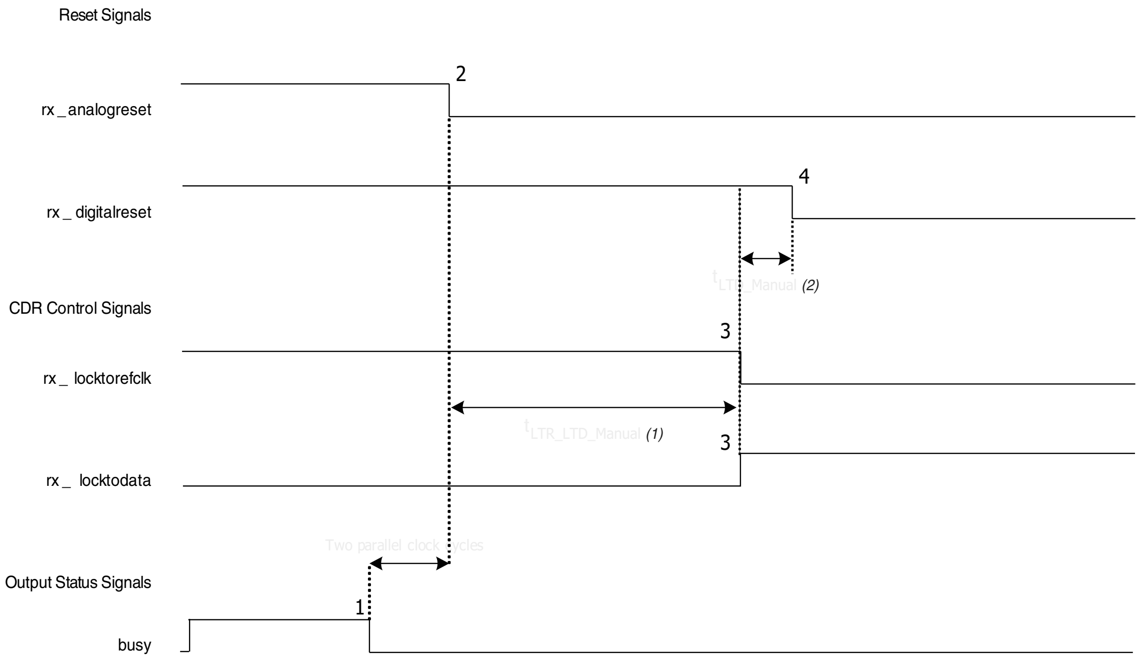


Figure 1–3 shows the lock time parameters in automatic mode.

Figure 1–3. Lock Time Parameters for Automatic Mode

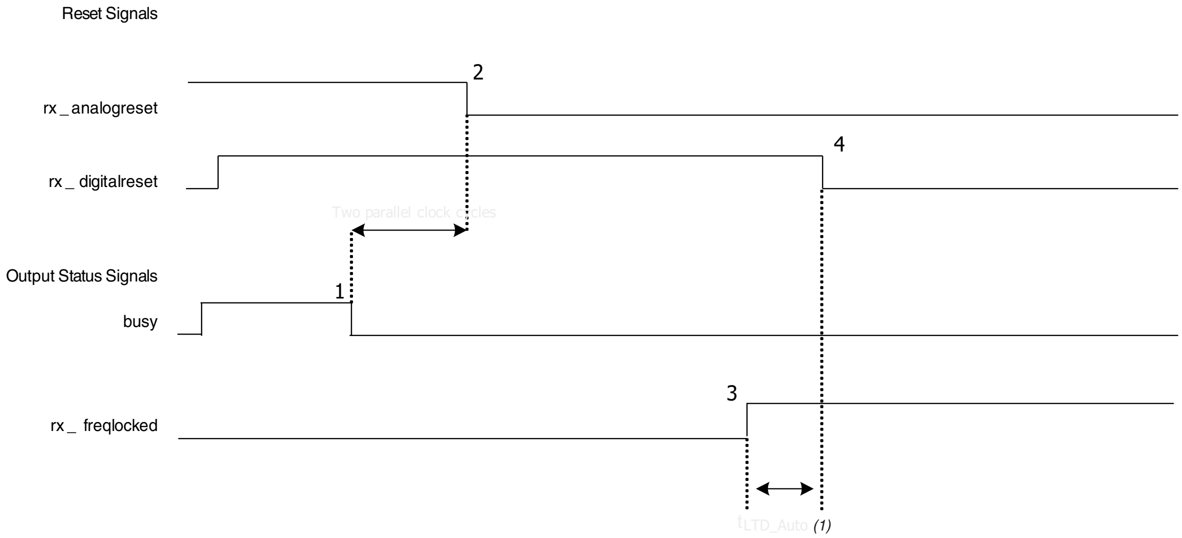


Figure 1–4 shows the differential receiver input waveform.

Figure 1–4. Receiver Input Waveform

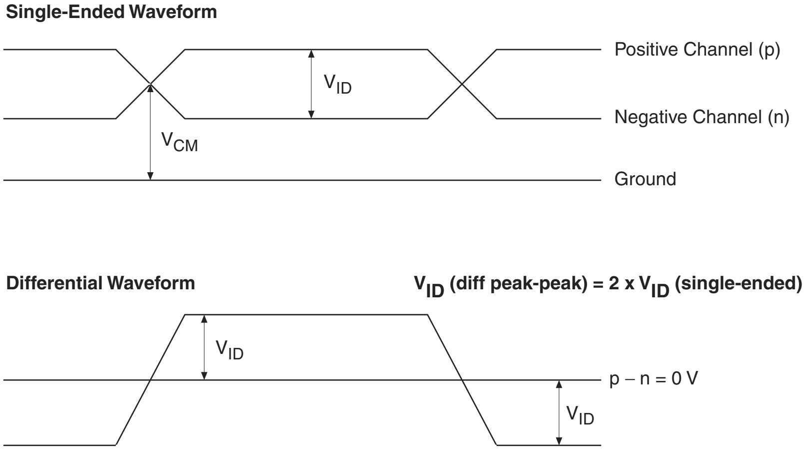


Figure 1–5 shows the transmitter output waveform.

Figure 1–5. Transmitter Output Waveform

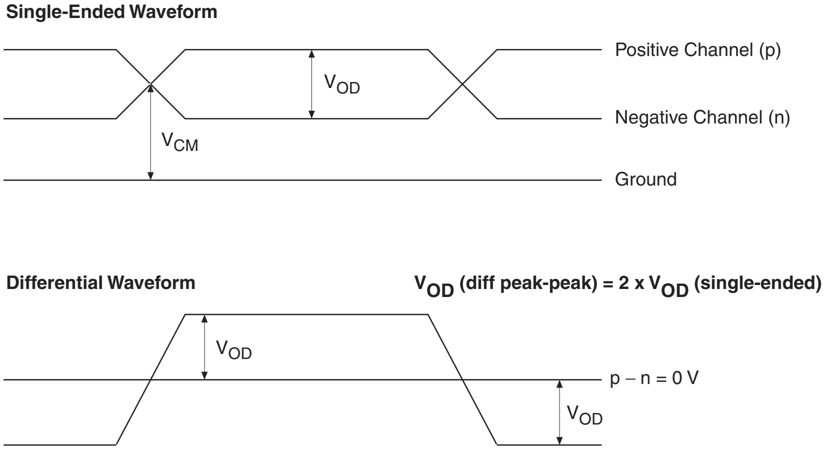


Table 1–22 lists the typical V_{OD} for Tx term that equals 100 Ω.

Table 1–22. Typical V_{OD} Setting, Tx Term = 100 Ω

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting (mV)					
	1	2	3	4 (1)	5	6
V_{OD} differential peak to peak typical (mV)	400	600	800	900	1000	1200

Note to Table 1–22:

(1) This setting is required for compliance with the PCIe protocol.

Table 1–23 lists the Cyclone IV GX transceiver block AC specifications.

Table 1–23. Transceiver Block AC Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (1), (2)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	C6			C7, I7			C8			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation (3)											
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
PCIe Receiver Jitter Tolerance (3)											
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	> 0.6			> 0.6			> 0.6			UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation (4)											
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance (4)											
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI

Notes to Table 1–23:

(1) Dedicated `refclk` pins were used to drive the input reference clocks.

(2) The jitter numbers specified are valid for the stated conditions only.

(3) The jitter numbers for PIPE are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.

(4) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.

Core Performance Specifications

The following sections describe the clock tree specifications, PLLs, embedded multiplier, memory block, and configuration specifications for Cyclone IV Devices.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 1–24 lists the clock tree specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–24. Clock Tree Performance for Cyclone IV Devices *(Part 1 of 2)*

Device	Performance								Unit
	C6	C7	C8	C8L (1)	C9L (1)	I7	I8L (1)	A7	
EP4CE6	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE10	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE15	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE22	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE30	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE40	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz

Table 1–24. Clock Tree Performance for Cyclone IV Devices ***(Part 2 of 2)***

Device	Performance								Unit
	C6	C7	C8	C8L (1)	C9L (1)	I7	I8L (1)	A7	
EP4CE55	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	—	MHz
EP4CE75	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	—	MHz
EP4CE115	—	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	—	MHz
EP4CGX15	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX22	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX30	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX50	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX75	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX110	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX150	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz

Note to Table 1–24:

(1) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades.

PLL Specifications

Table 1–25 lists the PLL specifications for Cyclone IV devices when operating in the commercial junction temperature range (0°C to 85°C), the industrial junction temperature range (–40°C to 100°C), the extended industrial junction temperature range (–40°C to 125°C), and the automotive junction temperature range (–40°C to 125°C). For more information about the PLL block, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.

Table 1–25. PLL Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices *(1), (2)* **(Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN} *(3)*	Input clock frequency (–6, –7, –8 speed grades)	5	—	472.5	MHz
	Input clock frequency (–8L speed grade)	5	—	362	MHz
	Input clock frequency (–9L speed grade)	5	—	265	MHz
f_{INPFD}	PFD input frequency	5	—	325	MHz
f_{VCO} *(4)*	PLL internal VCO operating range	600	—	1300	MHz
f_{INDUTY}	Input clock duty cycle	40	—	60	%
$t_{INJITTER\_CCJ}$ *(5)*	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter $F_{REF} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	0.15	UI
	$F_{REF} < 100$ MHz	—	—	±750	ps
f_{OUT_EXT} (external clock output) *(3)*	PLL output frequency	—	—	472.5	MHz
f_{OUT} (to global clock)	PLL output frequency (–6 speed grade)	—	—	472.5	MHz
	PLL output frequency (–7 speed grade)	—	—	450	MHz
	PLL output frequency (–8 speed grade)	—	—	402.5	MHz
	PLL output frequency (–8L speed grade)	—	—	362	MHz
	PLL output frequency (–9L speed grade)	—	—	265	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end of device configuration	—	—	1	ms

Table 1–25. PLL Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices *(1), (2)* **(Part 2 of 2)**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover, reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays or `areset` is deasserted)	—	—	1	ms
$t_{OUTJITTER\_PERIOD\_DEDCLK}$ *(6)*	Dedicated clock output period jitter $F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	300	ps
	$F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	—	30	mUI
$t_{OUTJITTER\_CCJ\_DEDCLK}$ *(6)*	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter $F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	300	ps
	$F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	—	30	mUI
$t_{OUTJITTER\_PERIOD\_IO}$ *(6)*	Regular I/O period jitter $F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	650	ps
	$F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	—	75	mUI
$t_{OUTJITTER\_CCJ\_IO}$ *(6)*	Regular I/O cycle-to-cycle jitter $F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	650	ps
	$F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	—	75	mUI
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on `areset` signal.	10	—	—	ns
$t_{CONFIGPLL}$	Time required to reconfigure scan chains for PLLs	—	3.5 *(7)*	—	`SCANCLK` cycles
$f_{SCANCLK}$	`scanclk` frequency	—	—	100	MHz
$t_{CASC\_OUTJITTER\_PERIOD\_DEDCLK}$ *(8), (9)*	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	425	ps
	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	42.5	mUI

Notes to Table 1–25:

(1) This table is applicable for general purpose PLLs and multipurpose PLLs.

(2) You must connect V_{CCD_PLL} to V_{CCINT} through the decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.

(3) This parameter is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.

(4) The V_{CO} frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the V_{CO} post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.

(5) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source that is less than 200 ps.

(6) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.99999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.

(7) With 100-MHz `scanclk` frequency.

(8) The cascaded PLLs specification is applicable only with the following conditions:

- Upstream PLL—0.59 MHz ≤ Upstream PLL bandwidth < 1 MHz
- Downstream PLL—Downstream PLL bandwidth > 2 MHz

(9) PLL cascading is not supported for transceiver applications.

Table 1–31. RSDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2), (4) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t_{LOCK} (3)	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–31:

(1) Applicable for true RSDS and emulated RSDS_E_3R transmitter.

(2) Cyclone IV E devices—true RSDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 1, 2, 5, and 6. Emulated RSDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks.
Cyclone IV GX devices—true RSDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6. Emulated RSDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.

(3) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.

(4) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–32. Emulated RSDS_E_1R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (3) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSCLK} (input clock frequency)	×10	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	72.5	MHz
	×8	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	72.5	MHz
	×7	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	72.5	MHz
	×4	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	72.5	MHz
	×2	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	72.5	MHz
	×1	5	—	170	5	—	170	5	—	170	5	—	170	5	—	145	MHz
Device operation in Mbps	×10	100	—	170	100	—	170	100	—	170	100	—	170	100	—	145	Mbps
	×8	80	—	170	80	—	170	80	—	170	80	—	170	80	—	145	Mbps
	×7	70	—	170	70	—	170	70	—	170	70	—	170	70	—	145	Mbps
	×4	40	—	170	40	—	170	40	—	170	40	—	170	40	—	145	Mbps
	×2	20	—	170	20	—	170	20	—	170	20	—	170	20	—	145	Mbps
	×1	10	—	170	10	—	170	10	—	170	10	—	170	10	—	145	Mbps
t_{DUTY}	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
TCCS	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	—	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	550	—	—	600	—	—	700	ps
t_{RISE}	20 – 80%, C_{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t_{FALL}	20 – 80%, C_{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps

Table 1–32. Emulated RSDS_E_1R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (3) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t_{LOCK} (2)	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–32:

(1) Emulated RSDS_E_1R transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks of Cyclone IV E devices and I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of Cyclone IV GX devices.

(2) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.

(3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–33. Mini-LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2), (4)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSCLK} (input clock frequency)	×10	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×8	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×7	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×4	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×2	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×1	5	—	400	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	265	MHz
Device operation in Mbps	×10	100	—	400	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	265	Mbps
	×8	80	—	400	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	265	Mbps
	×7	70	—	400	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	265	Mbps
	×4	40	—	400	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	265	Mbps
	×2	20	—	400	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	265	Mbps
	×1	10	—	400	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	265	Mbps
t_{DUTY}	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
TCCS	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	—	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	550	—	—	600	—	—	700	ps
t_{RISE}	20 – 80%, C_{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t_{FALL}	20 – 80%, C_{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t_{LOCK} (3)	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–33:

(1) Applicable for true and emulated mini-LVDS transmitter.

(2) Cyclone IV E—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 1, 2, 5, and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O banks.
Cyclone IV GX—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.

(3) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.

(4) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

For more information about the supported maximum clock rate, device and pin planning, IP implementation, and device termination, refer to *Section III: System Performance Specifications* of the *External Memory Interface Handbook*.

Table 1–37 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–37. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices *(1), (2)*

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	–125	125	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	–200	200	ps
Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	–150	150	ps

Notes to Table 1–37:

(1) Memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2 standard.

(2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a global clock (GCLK) network.

Duty Cycle Distortion Specifications

Table 1–38 lists the worst case duty cycle distortion for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–38. Duty Cycle Distortion on Cyclone IV Devices I/O Pins *(1), (2), (3)*

Symbol	C6		C7, I7		C8, I8L, A7		C9L		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Notes to Table 1–38:

(1) The duty cycle distortion specification applies to clock outputs from the PLLs, global clock tree, and IOE driving the dedicated and general purpose I/O pins.

(2) Cyclone IV devices meet the specified duty cycle distortion at the maximum output toggle rate for each combination of I/O standard and current strength.

(3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

OCT Calibration Timing Specification

Table 1–39 lists the duration of calibration for series OCT with calibration at device power-up for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–39. Timing Specification for Series OCT with Calibration at Device Power-Up for Cyclone IV Devices *(1)*

Symbol	Description	Maximum	Units
t_{OCTCAL}	Duration of series OCT with calibration at device power-up	20	µs

Note to Table 1–39*:*

(1) OCT calibration takes place after device configuration and before entering user mode.

IOE Programmable Delay

Table 1–40 and Table 1–41 list the IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices.

Table 1–40. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V Core Voltage Devices (1), (2)

Parameter	Paths Affected	Number of Setting	Min Offset	Max Offset					Unit
				Fast Corner		Slow Corner			
				C8L	I8L	C8L	C9L	I8L	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	2.054	1.924	3.387	4.017	3.411	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	2.010	1.875	3.341	4.252	3.367	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.641	0.631	1.111	1.377	1.124	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.971	0.931	1.684	2.298	1.684	ns

Notes to Table 1–40:

(1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.

(2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting **0** as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–41. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V Core Voltage Devices (1), (2)

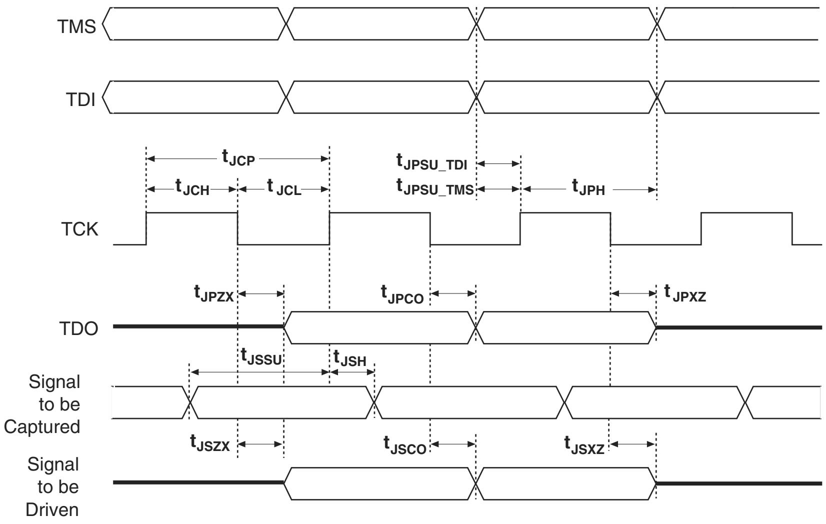
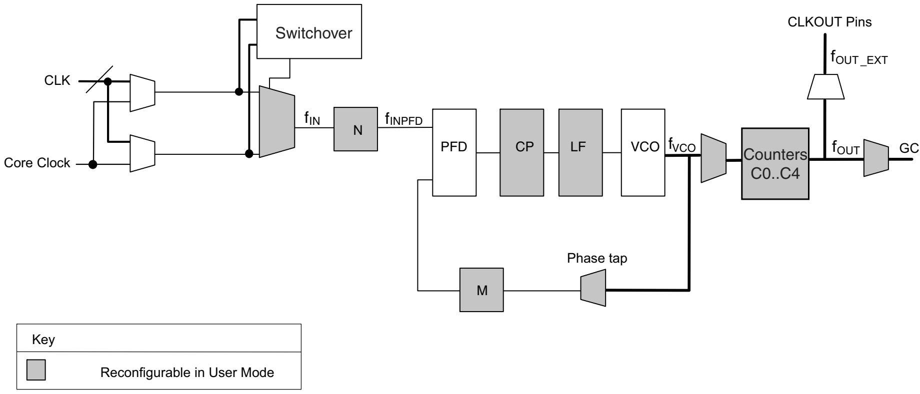
Parameter	Paths Affected	Number of Setting	Min Offset	Max Offset					Unit
				Fast Corner		Slow Corner			
				C8L	I8L	C8L	C9L	I8L	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	2.057	1.921	3.389	4.146	3.412	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	2.059	1.919	3.420	4.374	3.441	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.670	0.623	1.160	1.420	1.168	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.960	0.919	1.656	2.258	1.656	ns

Notes to Table 1–41:

(1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.

(2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting **0** as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–46. Glossary (Part 2 of 5)

Letter	Term	Definitions
J	JTAG Waveform	
K	—	—
L	—	—
M	—	—
N	—	—
O	—	—
P	PLL Block	The following highlights the PLL specification parameters: 
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Document Revision History

Table 1–47 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 1–47. Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
March 2016	2.0	Updated note (5) in Table 1–21 to remove support for the N148 package.
October 2014	1.9	Updated maximum value for V_{CCD_PLL} in Table 1–1. Removed extended temperature note in Table 1–3.
December 2013	1.8	Updated Table 1–21 by adding Note (15).
May 2013	1.7	Updated Table 1–15 by adding Note (4).
October 2012	1.6	■ Updated the maximum value for V_I, V_{CCD_PLL}, V_{CCIO}, V_{CC_CLKIN}, V_{CCH_GXB}, and V_{CCA_GXB} Table 1–1. ■ Updated Table 1–11 and Table 1–22. ■ Updated Table 1–21 to include peak-to-peak differential input voltage for the Cyclone IV GX transceiver input reference clock. ■ Updated Table 1–29 to include the typical `DCLK` value. ■ Updated the minimum f_{HSCLK} value in Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, and Table 1–35.
November 2011	1.5	■ Updated “Maximum Allowed Overshoot or Undershoot Voltage”, “Operating Conditions”, and “PLL Specifications” sections. ■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–5, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–15, Table 1–18, Table 1–19, and Table 1–21. ■ Updated Figure 1–1.
December 2010	1.4	■ Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.1 release. ■ Updated Table 1–21 and Table 1–25. ■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.3	Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.0 release: ■ Updated Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–21, Table 1–25, Table 1–28, Table 1–30, Table 1–40, Table 1–41, Table 1–42, Table 1–43, Table 1–44, and Table 1–45. ■ Updated Figure 1–2 and Figure 1–3. ■ Removed SW Requirement and TCCS for Cyclone IV Devices tables. ■ Minor text edits.
March 2010	1.2	Updated to include automotive devices: ■ Updated the “Operating Conditions” and “PLL Specifications” sections. ■ Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–21, Table 1–26, Table 1–27, Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, Table 1–35, Table 1–36, Table 1–37, Table 1–38, Table 1–40, Table 1–42, and Table 1–43. ■ Added Table 1–5 to include ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os. ■ Added Table 1–44 and Table 1–45 to include IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices. ■ Minor text edits.