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Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	6839
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	109424
Total RAM Bits	5621760
Number of I/O	270
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.16V ~ 1.24V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep4cgx110cf23c8

Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operation limits for AC and DC parameters for Cyclone IV devices. Table 1–3 and Table 1–4 list the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Cyclone IV E and Cyclone IV GX devices. All supplies must be strictly monotonic without plateaus.

Table 1–3. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV E Devices ⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CCINT}^{(3)}$	Supply voltage for internal logic, 1.2-V operation	—	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
	Supply voltage for internal logic, 1.0-V operation	—	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
$V_{CCIO}^{(3), (4)}$	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.3-V operation	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.0-V operation	—	2.85	3	3.15	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 2.5-V operation	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.8-V operation	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.5-V operation	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.2-V operation	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
$V_{CCA}^{(3)}$	Supply (analog) voltage for PLL regulator	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
$V_{CCD_PLL}^{(3)}$	Supply (digital) voltage for PLL, 1.2-V operation	—	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
	Supply (digital) voltage for PLL, 1.0-V operation	—	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
V_I	Input voltage	—	–0.5	—	3.6	V
V_O	Output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	For commercial use	0	—	85	°C
		For industrial use	–40	—	100	°C
		For extended temperature	–40	—	125	°C
		For automotive use	–40	—	125	°C
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard power-on reset (POR) ⁽⁵⁾	50 μ s	—	50 ms	—
		Fast POR ⁽⁶⁾	50 μ s	—	3 ms	—

Table 1-4. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{CCA_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCL_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	—	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V_I	DC input voltage	—	-0.5	—	3.6	V
V_O	DC output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	For commercial use	0	—	85	°C
		For industrial use	-40	—	100	°C
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard power-on reset (POR) ⁽⁷⁾	50 μ s	—	50 ms	—
		Fast POR ⁽⁸⁾	50 μ s	—	3 ms	—
I_{Diode}	Magnitude of DC current across PCI-clamp diode when enabled	—	—	—	10	mA

Notes to Table 1-4:

- (1) All V_{CCA} pins must be powered to 2.5 V (even when PLLs are not used) and must be powered up and powered down at the same time.
- (2) You must connect V_{CCD_PLL} to V_{CCINT} through a decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.
- (3) Power supplies must rise monotonically.
- (4) V_{CCIO} for all I/O banks must be powered up during device operation. Configurations pins are powered up by V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 where I/O Banks 3 and 9 only support V_{CCIO} of 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, and 3.3 V. For fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration mode, the V_{CCIO} level of I/O Bank 8 must be powered up to 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, and 3.3 V.
- (5) You must set V_{CC_CLKIN} to 2.5 V if you use $CLKIN$ as a high-speed serial interface (HSSI) $refclk$ or as a $DIFFCLK$ input.
- (6) The $CLKIN$ pins in I/O Banks 3B and 8B can support single-ended I/O standard when the pins are used to clock left PLLs in non-transceiver applications.
- (7) The POR time for Standard POR ranges between 50 and 200 ms. V_{CCINT} , V_{CCA} , and V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 must reach the recommended operating range within 50 ms.
- (8) The POR time for Fast POR ranges between 3 and 9 ms. V_{CCINT} , V_{CCA} , and V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 must reach the recommended operating range within 3 ms.

ESD Performance

This section lists the electrostatic discharge (ESD) voltages using the human body model (HBM) and charged device model (CDM) for Cyclone IV devices general purpose I/Os (GPIOs) and high-speed serial interface (HSSI) I/Os. Table 1-5 lists the ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os.

Table 1-5. ESD for Cyclone IV Devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os

Symbol	Parameter	Passing Voltage	Unit
V_{ESDHBM}	ESD voltage using the HBM (GPIOs) ⁽¹⁾	± 2000	V
	ESD using the HBM (HSSI I/Os) ⁽²⁾	± 1000	V
V_{ESDCDM}	ESD using the CDM (GPIOs)	± 500	V
	ESD using the CDM (HSSI I/Os) ⁽²⁾	± 250	V

Notes to Table 1-5:

- (1) The passing voltage for EP4CGX15 and EP4CGX30 row I/Os is ± 1000 V.
- (2) This value is applicable only to Cyclone IV GX devices.

DC Characteristics

This section lists the I/O leakage current, pin capacitance, on-chip termination (OCT) tolerance, and bus hold specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Supply Current

The device supply current requirement is the minimum current drawn from the power supply pins that can be used as a reference for power size planning. Use the Excel-based early power estimator (EPE) to get the supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources used. Table 1-6 lists the I/O pin leakage current for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-6. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (2)}

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Device	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin leakage current	$V_I = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	—	-10	—	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tristated I/O pin leakage current	$V_O = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	—	-10	—	10	μA

Notes to Table 1-6:

- (1) This value is specified for normal device operation. The value varies during device power-up. This applies for all V_{CCIO} settings (3.3, 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 V).
- (2) The 10 μA I/O leakage current limit is applicable when the internal clamping diode is off. A higher current can be observed when the diode is on.

Bus Hold

The bus hold retains the last valid logic state after the source driving it either enters the high impedance state or is removed. Each I/O pin has an option to enable bus hold in user mode. Bus hold is always disabled in configuration mode.

Table 1-7 lists bus hold specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-7. Bus Hold Parameter for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 1 of 2) ⁽¹⁾

Parameter	Condition	V _{CCIO} (V)												Unit
		1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus hold low, sustaining current	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (maximum)	8	—	12	—	30	—	50	—	70	—	70	—	μA
Bus hold high, sustaining current	V _{IN} < V _{IL} (minimum)	−8	—	−12	—	−30	—	−50	—	−70	—	−70	—	μA
Bus hold low, overdrive current	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	125	—	175	—	200	—	300	—	500	—	500	μA
Bus hold high, overdrive current	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	−125	—	−175	—	−200	—	−300	—	−500	—	−500	μA

Example 1–1 shows how to calculate the change of 50-Ω I/O impedance from 25°C at 3.0 V to 85°C at 3.15 V.

Example 1–1. Impedance Change

$$\Delta R_V = (3.15 - 3) \times 1000 \times -0.026 = -3.83$$

$$\Delta R_T = (85 - 25) \times 0.262 = 15.72$$

Because ΔR_V is negative,

$$MF_V = 1 / (3.83/100 + 1) = 0.963$$

Because ΔR_T is positive,

$$MF_T = 15.72/100 + 1 = 1.157$$

$$MF = 0.963 \times 1.157 = 1.114$$

$$R_{\text{final}} = 50 \times 1.114 = 55.71 \, \Omega$$

Pin Capacitance

Table 1–11 lists the pin capacitance for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–11. Pin Capacitance for Cyclone IV Devices ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Typical – Quad Flat Pack (QFP)	Typical – Quad Flat No Leads (QFN)	Typical – Ball-Grid Array (BGA)	Unit
C _{IOTB}	Input capacitance on top and bottom I/O pins	7	7	6	pF
C _{IOLR}	Input capacitance on right I/O pins	7	7	5	pF
C _{LVDSLR}	Input capacitance on right I/O pins with dedicated LVDS output	8	8	7	pF
C _{VREFLR} (2)	Input capacitance on right dual-purpose V _{REF} pin when used as V _{REF} or user I/O pin	21	21	21	pF
C _{VREFTB} (2)	Input capacitance on top and bottom dual-purpose V _{REF} pin when used as V _{REF} or user I/O pin	23 (3)	23	23	pF
C _{CLKTB}	Input capacitance on top and bottom dedicated clock input pins	7	7	6	pF
C _{CLKLR}	Input capacitance on right dedicated clock input pins	6	6	5	pF

Notes to Table 1–11:

- (1) The pin capacitance applies to FBGA, UBGA, and MBGA packages.
- (2) When you use the V_{REF} pin as a regular input or output, you can expect a reduced performance of toggle rate and t_{CO} because of higher pin capacitance.
- (3) C_{VREFTB} for the EP4CE22 device is 30 pF.

Table 1-16. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ⁽¹⁾

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V) ⁽²⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.19	1.25	1.31	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	0.85	0.9	0.95
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.71	0.75	0.79	0.71	0.75	0.79
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.48 × V _{CCIO} ⁽³⁾	0.5 × V _{CCIO} ⁽³⁾	0.52 × V _{CCIO} ⁽³⁾	—	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	—
				0.47 × V _{CCIO} ⁽⁴⁾	0.5 × V _{CCIO} ⁽⁴⁾	0.53 × V _{CCIO} ⁽⁴⁾			

Notes to Table 1-16:

- (1) For an explanation of terms used in Table 1-16, refer to “Glossary” on page 1-37.
- (2) V_{TT} of the transmitting device must track V_{REF} of the receiving device.
- (3) Value shown refers to DC input reference voltage, V_{REF(DC)}.
- (4) Value shown refers to AC input reference voltage, V_{REF(AC)}.

Table 1-17. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

I/O Standard	V _{IL(DC)} (V)		V _{IH(DC)} (V)		V _{IL(AC)} (V)		V _{IH(AC)} (V)		V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL} (mA)	I _{OH} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	—	V _{REF} - 0.18	V _{REF} + 0.18	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.35	V _{REF} + 0.35	—	V _{TT} - 0.57	V _{TT} + 0.57	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.18	V _{REF} + 0.18	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.35	V _{REF} + 0.35	—	V _{TT} - 0.76	V _{TT} + 0.76	16.4	-16.4
SSTL-18 Class I	—	V _{REF} - 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	—	V _{TT} - 0.475	V _{TT} + 0.475	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	—	0.28	V _{CCIO} - 0.28	13.4	-13.4
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} - 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	-0.24	V _{REF} - 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.24	0.25 × V _{CCIO}	0.75 × V _{CCIO}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} - 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	-0.24	V _{REF} - 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.24	0.25 × V _{CCIO}	0.75 × V _{CCIO}	14	-14

Power Consumption

Use the following methods to estimate power for a design:

- the Excel-based EPE
- the Quartus® II PowerPlay power analyzer feature

The interactive Excel-based EPE is used prior to designing the device to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay power analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete. The PowerPlay power analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, combined with detailed circuit models, can yield very accurate power estimates.



For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in volume 3 of the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of Cyclone IV core and periphery blocks for commercial grade devices.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The upper-right hand corner of these tables show the designation as “Preliminary”.
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

Table 1-21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 3 of 4)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	C6			C7, I7			C8			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Signal detect/loss threshold	PIPE mode	65	—	175	65	—	175	65	—	175	mV
t_{LTR} ⁽¹⁰⁾	—	—	—	75	—	—	75	—	—	75	μs
$t_{LTR-LTD_Manual}$ ⁽¹¹⁾	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μs
t_{LTD} ⁽¹²⁾	—	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	ns
t_{LTD_Manual} ⁽¹³⁾	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
t_{LTD_Auto} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
Receiver buffer and CDR offset cancellation time (per channel)	—	—	—	17000	—	—	17000	—	—	17000	recon fig_c lk cycles
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	1.5 V PCML										
Data rate (F324 and smaller package)	—	600	—	2500	600	—	2500	600	—	2500	Mbps
Data rate (F484 and larger package)	—	600	—	3125	600	—	3125	600	—	2500	Mbps
V_{OCM}	0.65 V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PIPE, CPRI LV, Serial Rapid I/O SR, SDI, XAUI, SATA	Compliant									—
Rise time	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Fall time	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	—	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block skew	—	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps

Figure 1-4 shows the differential receiver input waveform.

Figure 1-4. Receiver Input Waveform

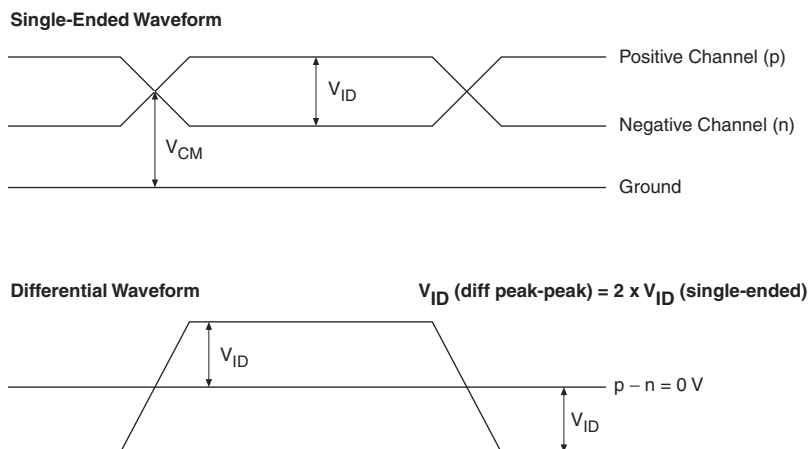


Figure 1-5 shows the transmitter output waveform.

Figure 1-5. Transmitter Output Waveform

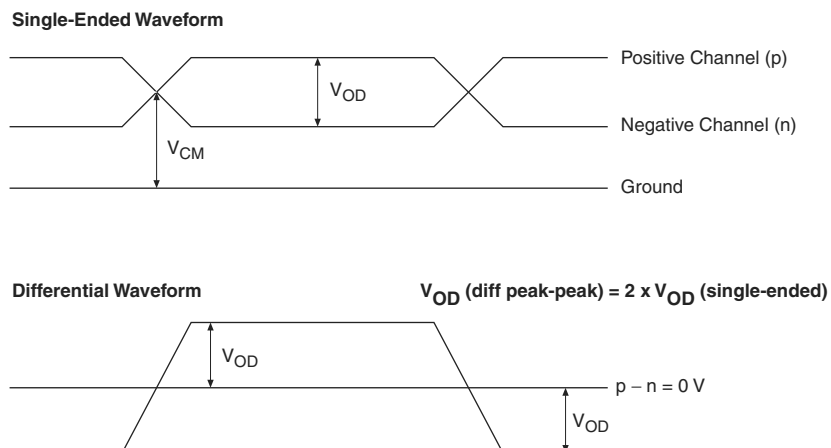


Table 1-22 lists the typical V_{OD} for Tx term that equals 100 Ω .

Table 1-22. Typical V_{OD} Setting, Tx Term = 100 Ω

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting (mV)					
	1	2	3	4 (1)	5	6
V_{OD} differential peak to peak typical (mV)	400	600	800	900	1000	1200

Note to Table 1-22:

(1) This setting is required for compliance with the PCIe protocol.

Table 1–23 lists the Cyclone IV GX transceiver block AC specifications.

Table 1–23. Transceiver Block AC Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices ^{(1), (2)}

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	C6			C7, I7			C8			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation ⁽³⁾											
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
PCIe Receiver Jitter Tolerance ⁽³⁾											
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	> 0.6			> 0.6			> 0.6			UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation ⁽⁴⁾											
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance ⁽⁴⁾											
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI

Notes to Table 1–23:

- (1) Dedicated `refclk` pins were used to drive the input reference clocks.
- (2) The jitter numbers specified are valid for the stated conditions only.
- (3) The jitter numbers for PIPE are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.
- (4) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.

Core Performance Specifications

The following sections describe the clock tree specifications, PLLs, embedded multiplier, memory block, and configuration specifications for Cyclone IV Devices.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 1–24 lists the clock tree specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–24. Clock Tree Performance for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Device	Performance								Unit
	C6	C7	C8	C8L ⁽¹⁾	C9L ⁽¹⁾	I7	I8L ⁽¹⁾	A7	
EP4CE6	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE10	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE15	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE22	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE30	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE40	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz

Table 1–24. Clock Tree Performance for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Device	Performance								Unit
	C6	C7	C8	C8L ⁽¹⁾	C9L ⁽¹⁾	I7	I8L ⁽¹⁾	A7	
EP4CE55	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	—	MHz
EP4CE75	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	—	MHz
EP4CE115	—	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	—	MHz
EP4CGX15	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX22	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX30	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX50	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX75	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX110	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX150	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz

Note to Table 1–24:

(1) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades.

PLL Specifications

Table 1–25 lists the PLL specifications for Cyclone IV devices when operating in the commercial junction temperature range (0°C to 85°C), the industrial junction temperature range (–40°C to 100°C), the extended industrial junction temperature range (–40°C to 125°C), and the automotive junction temperature range (–40°C to 125°C). For more information about the PLL block, refer to “Glossary” on page 1–37.

Table 1–25. PLL Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN} ⁽³⁾	Input clock frequency (–6, –7, –8 speed grades)	5	—	472.5	MHz
	Input clock frequency (–8L speed grade)	5	—	362	MHz
	Input clock frequency (–9L speed grade)	5	—	265	MHz
f_{INPFD}	PFD input frequency	5	—	325	MHz
f_{VCO} ⁽⁴⁾	PLL internal VCO operating range	600	—	1300	MHz
f_{INDUTY}	Input clock duty cycle	40	—	60	%
$t_{INJITTER_CCJ}$ ⁽⁵⁾	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter $F_{REF} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	0.15	UI
	$F_{REF} < 100$ MHz	—	—	±750	ps
f_{OUT_EXT} (external clock output) ⁽³⁾	PLL output frequency	—	—	472.5	MHz
f_{OUT} (to global clock)	PLL output frequency (–6 speed grade)	—	—	472.5	MHz
	PLL output frequency (–7 speed grade)	—	—	450	MHz
	PLL output frequency (–8 speed grade)	—	—	402.5	MHz
	PLL output frequency (–8L speed grade)	—	—	362	MHz
	PLL output frequency (–9L speed grade)	—	—	265	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end of device configuration	—	—	1	ms

Table 1–25. PLL Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover, reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays or $\overline{areset}$ is deasserted)	—	—	1	ms
$t_{OUTJITTER_PERIOD_DEDCLK}^{(6)}$	Dedicated clock output period jitter $F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	300	ps
	$F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	—	30	mUI
$t_{OUTJITTER_CCJ_DEDCLK}^{(6)}$	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter $F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	300	ps
	$F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	—	30	mUI
$t_{OUTJITTER_PERIOD_IO}^{(6)}$	Regular I/O period jitter $F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	650	ps
	$F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	—	75	mUI
$t_{OUTJITTER_CCJ_IO}^{(6)}$	Regular I/O cycle-to-cycle jitter $F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	650	ps
	$F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	—	75	mUI
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	± 50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on $\overline{areset}$ signal.	10	—	—	ns
$t_{CONFIGPLL}$	Time required to reconfigure scan chains for PLLs	—	3.5 ⁽⁷⁾	—	SCANCLK cycles
$f_{SCANCLK}$	scanclk frequency	—	—	100	MHz
$t_{CASC_OUTJITTER_PERIOD_DEDCLK}^{(8), (9)}$	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	425	ps
	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	42.5	mUI

Notes to Table 1–25:

- (1) This table is applicable for general purpose PLLs and multipurpose PLLs.
- (2) You must connect V_{CCD_PLL} to V_{CCINT} through the decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.
- (3) This parameter is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (4) The V_{CO} frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the V_{CO} post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- (5) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source that is less than 200 ps.
- (6) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.
- (7) With 100-MHz scanclk frequency.
- (8) The cascaded PLLs specification is applicable only with the following conditions:
 - Upstream PLL— $0.59 \text{ MHz} \leq \text{Upstream PLL bandwidth} < 1 \text{ MHz}$
 - Downstream PLL—Downstream PLL bandwidth $> 2 \text{ MHz}$
- (9) PLL cascading is not supported for transceiver applications.

Table 1–29 lists the active configuration mode specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–29. Active Configuration Mode Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Programming Mode	DCLK Range	Typical DCLK	Unit
Active Parallel (AP) ⁽¹⁾	20 to 40	33	MHz
Active Serial (AS)	20 to 40	33	MHz

Note to Table 1–29:

(1) AP configuration mode is only supported for Cyclone IV E devices.

Table 1–30 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–30. JTAG Timing Parameters for Cyclone IV Devices ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period	40	—	ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time	19	—	ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time	19	—	ns
t _{JPSU_TDI}	JTAG port setup time for TDI	1	—	ns
t _{JPSU_TMS}	JTAG port setup time for TMS	3	—	ns
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	10	—	ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output ^{(2), (3)}	—	15	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output ^{(2), (3)}	—	15	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance ^{(2), (3)}	—	15	ns
t _{JSSU}	Capture register setup time	5	—	ns
t _{JSH}	Capture register hold time	10	—	ns
t _{JSCO}	Update register clock to output	—	25	ns
t _{JSZX}	Update register high impedance to valid output	—	25	ns
t _{JSXZ}	Update register valid output to high impedance	—	25	ns

Notes to Table 1–30:

(1) For more information about JTAG waveforms, refer to “JTAG Waveform” in “Glossary” on page 1–37.

(2) The specification is shown for 3.3-, 3.0-, and 2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS operation of JTAG pins. For 1.8-V LVTTL/LVCMOS and 1.5-V LVCMOS, the output time specification is 16 ns.

(3) For EP4CGX22, EP4CGX30 (F324 and smaller package), EP4CGX110, and EP4CGX150 devices, the output time specification for 3.3-, 3.0-, and 2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS operation of JTAG pins is 16 ns. For 1.8-V LVTTL/LVCMOS and 1.5-V LVCMOS, the output time specification is 18 ns.

Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the PCI/PCI-X bus interface. I/Os using the SSTL-18 Class I termination standard can achieve up to the stated DDR2 SDRAM interfacing speeds. I/Os using general-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 3.0-, 2.5-, 1.8-, or 1.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS are capable of a typical 200 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

 For more information about the supported maximum clock rate, device and pin planning, IP implementation, and device termination, refer to *Section III: System Performance Specifications* of the *External Memory Interfaces Handbook*.

 Actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specifications

Table 1–31 through Table 1–36 list the high-speed I/O timing for Cyclone IV devices. For definitions of high-speed timing specifications, refer to “Glossary” on page 1–37.

Table 1–31. RSDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾, ⁽⁴⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSCLK} (input clock frequency)	×10	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×8	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×7	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×4	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×2	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×1	5	—	360	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	265	MHz
Device operation in Mbps	×10	100	—	360	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	265	Mbps
	×8	80	—	360	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	265	Mbps
	×7	70	—	360	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	265	Mbps
	×4	40	—	360	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	265	Mbps
	×2	20	—	360	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	265	Mbps
	×1	10	—	360	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	265	Mbps
t_{DUTY}	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Transmitter channel-to-channel skew (TCCS)	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	—	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	550	—	—	600	—	—	700	ps
t_{RISE}	20 – 80%, $C_{\text{LOAD}} = 5 \text{ pF}$	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t_{FALL}	20 – 80%, $C_{\text{LOAD}} = 5 \text{ pF}$	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps

Table 1–31. RSDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (2), (4)} (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t _{LOCK} ⁽³⁾	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–31:

- (1) Applicable for true RSDS and emulated RSDS_E_3R transmitter.
- (2) Cyclone IV E devices—true RSDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 1, 2, 5, and 6. Emulated RSDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks.
Cyclone IV GX devices—true RSDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6. Emulated RSDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (3) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (4) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–32. Emulated RSDS_E_1R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (3)} (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f _{HCLK} (input clock frequency)	×10	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	72.5	MHz
	×8	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	72.5	MHz
	×7	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	72.5	MHz
	×4	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	72.5	MHz
	×2	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	85	5	—	72.5	MHz
	×1	5	—	170	5	—	170	5	—	170	5	—	170	5	—	145	MHz
Device operation in Mbps	×10	100	—	170	100	—	170	100	—	170	100	—	170	100	—	145	Mbps
	×8	80	—	170	80	—	170	80	—	170	80	—	170	80	—	145	Mbps
	×7	70	—	170	70	—	170	70	—	170	70	—	170	70	—	145	Mbps
	×4	40	—	170	40	—	170	40	—	170	40	—	170	40	—	145	Mbps
	×2	20	—	170	20	—	170	20	—	170	20	—	170	20	—	145	Mbps
	×1	10	—	170	10	—	170	10	—	170	10	—	170	10	—	145	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
TCCS	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	—	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	550	—	—	600	—	—	700	ps
t _{RISE}	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{FALL}	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps

Table 1–32. Emulated RSDS_E_1R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (3)} (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t_{LOCK} ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–32:

- (1) Emulated RSDS_E_1R transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks of Cyclone IV E devices and I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of Cyclone IV GX devices.
- (2) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–33. Mini-LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (2), (4)}

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSCLK} (input clock frequency)	×10	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×8	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×7	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×4	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×2	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×1	5	—	400	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	265	MHz
Device operation in Mbps	×10	100	—	400	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	265	Mbps
	×8	80	—	400	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	265	Mbps
	×7	70	—	400	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	265	Mbps
	×4	40	—	400	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	265	Mbps
	×2	20	—	400	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	265	Mbps
	×1	10	—	400	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	265	Mbps
t_{DUTY}	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
TCCS	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	—	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	550	—	—	600	—	—	700	ps
t_{RISE}	20 – 80%, $C_{\text{LOAD}} = 5 \text{ pF}$	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t_{FALL}	20 – 80%, $C_{\text{LOAD}} = 5 \text{ pF}$	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t_{LOCK} ⁽³⁾	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–33:

- (1) Applicable for true and emulated mini-LVDS transmitter.
- (2) Cyclone IV E—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 1, 2, 5, and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O banks.
Cyclone IV GX—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (3) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (4) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–35. Emulated LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (3)} (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6		C7, I7		C8, A7		C8L, I8L		C9L		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{DUTY}	—	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%
TCCS	—	—	200	—	200	—	200	—	200	—	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	—	—	500	—	500	—	550	—	600	—	700	ps
t _{LOCK} ⁽²⁾	—	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–35:

- (1) Cyclone IV E—emulated LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks.
Cyclone IV GX—emulated LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (2) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–36. LVDS Receiver Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (3)}

Symbol	Modes	C6		C7, I7		C8, A7		C8L, I8L		C9L		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f _{HCLK} (input clock frequency)	×10	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
	×8	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
	×7	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
	×4	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
	×2	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
	×1	10	437.5	10	402.5	10	402.5	10	362	10	265	MHz
HSIODR	×10	100	875	100	740	100	640	100	640	100	500	Mbps
	×8	80	875	80	740	80	640	80	640	80	500	Mbps
	×7	70	875	70	740	70	640	70	640	70	500	Mbps
	×4	40	875	40	740	40	640	40	640	40	500	Mbps
	×2	20	875	20	740	20	640	20	640	20	500	Mbps
	×1	10	437.5	10	402.5	10	402.5	10	362	10	265	Mbps
SW	—	—	400	—	400	—	400	—	550	—	640	ps
Input jitter tolerance	—	—	500	—	500	—	550	—	600	—	700	ps
t _{LOCK} ⁽²⁾	—	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–36:

- (1) Cyclone IV E—LVDS receiver is supported at all I/O Banks.
Cyclone IV GX—LVDS receiver is supported at I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (2) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

External Memory Interface Specifications

The external memory interfaces for Cyclone IV devices are auto-calibrating and easy to implement.

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 2 of 5)

Letter	Term	Definitions
J	JTAG Waveform	The diagram illustrates the JTAG waveform with the following timing parameters: t_{JCP}: Time from TCK rising edge to TDI setup. t_{JCH}: Time from TCK rising edge to TDI hold. t_{JCL}: Time from TCK falling edge to TDI setup. t_{JPH}: Time from TCK falling edge to TDI hold. t_{JPSU_TDI}: Setup time for TDI before TCK rising edge. t_{JPSU_TMS}: Setup time for TMS before TCK rising edge. t_{JPCO}: Time from TCK rising edge to TDO output. t_{JPXZ}: Time from TCK rising edge to TDO output. t_{JSSU}: Setup time for Signal to be Captured before TCK rising edge. t_{JSH}: Hold time for Signal to be Captured after TCK rising edge. t_{JSXZ}: Time from TCK rising edge to Signal to be Driven. t_{JSCO}: Time from TCK rising edge to Signal to be Driven.
K	—	—
L	—	—
M	—	—
N	—	—
O	—	—
P	PLL Block	The following highlights the PLL specification parameters: The diagram shows the internal structure of the PLL block, including the following components and signals: Inputs: CLK, Core Clock. Internal Blocks: Switchover, PFD (Phase-Frequency Divider), CP (Charge Pump), LF (Loop Filter), VCO (Voltage-Controlled Oscillator), Counters C0..C4, GCLK (Global Clock). Outputs: CLKOUT Pins, f_{OUT_EXT}. Parameters: f_{IN}, f_{INPFD}, f_{VCO}, f_{OUT}. Key: Reconfigurable in User Mode (indicated by a grey box).
Q	—	—

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 4 of 5)

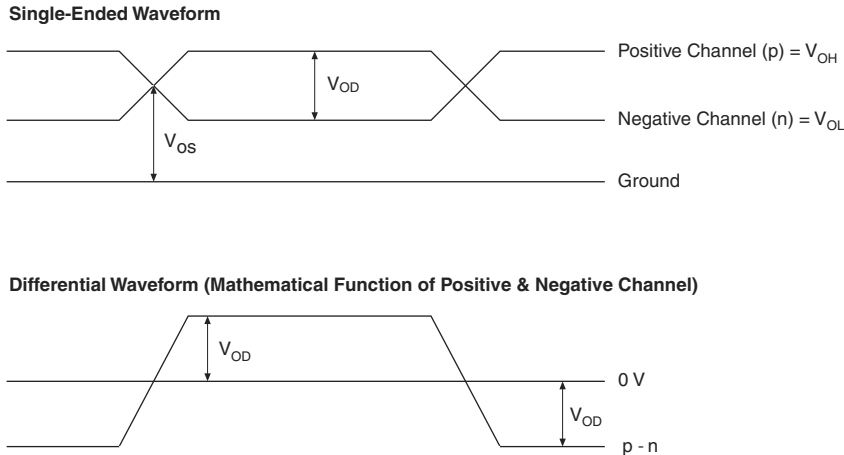
Letter	Term	Definitions
T	t_C	High-speed receiver and transmitter input and output clock period.
	Channel-to-channel-skew (TCCS)	High-speed I/O block: The timing difference between the fastest and slowest output edges, including t_{CO} variation and clock skew. The clock is included in the TCCS measurement.
	t_{cin}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O input register.
	t_{CO}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O output.
	t_{cout}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O output register.
	t_{DUTY}	High-speed I/O block: Duty cycle on high-speed transmitter output clock.
	t_{FALL}	Signal high-to-low transition time (80–20%).
	t_H	Input register hold time.
	Timing Unit Interval (TUI)	High-speed I/O block: The timing budget allowed for skew, propagation delays, and data sampling window. (TUI = $1/(\text{Receiver Input Clock Frequency Multiplication Factor}) = t_C/w$).
	$t_{INJITTER}$	Period jitter on the PLL clock input.
	$t_{OUTJITTER_DEDCLK}$	Period jitter on the dedicated clock output driven by a PLL.
	$t_{OUTJITTER_IO}$	Period jitter on the general purpose I/O driven by a PLL.
	t_{pllcin}	Delay from the PLL inclk pad to the I/O input register.
	$t_{pllcout}$	Delay from the PLL inclk pad to the I/O output register.
	Transmitter Output Waveform	Transmitter output waveforms for the LVDS, mini-LVDS, PPDS and RSDS Differential I/O Standards: 
	t_{RISE}	Signal low-to-high transition time (20–80%).
	t_{SU}	Input register setup time.
U	—	—

Table 1–47. Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
February 2010	1.1	■ Updated Table 1–3 through Table 1–44 to include information for Cyclone IV E devices and Cyclone IV GX devices for Quartus II software version 9.1 SP1 release. ■ Minor text edits.
November 2009	1.0	Initial release.

