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Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	6839
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	109424
Total RAM Bits	5621760
Number of I/O	270
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.16V ~ 1.24V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep4cgx110cf23i7n

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Cyclone IV E industrial devices I7 are offered with extended operating temperature range.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings define the maximum operating conditions for Cyclone IV devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the device and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms. The functional operation of the device is not implied at these conditions. Table 1–1 lists the absolute maximum ratings for Cyclone IV devices.



Conditions beyond those listed in Table 1–1 cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time have adverse effects on the device.

Table 1–1. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CCINT}	Core voltage, PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP block, and transceiver physical coding sublayer (PCS) power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCA}	Phase-locked loop (PLL) analog power supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCD_PLL}	PLL digital power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCIO}	I/O banks power supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CC_CLKIN}	Differential clock input pins power supply	-0.5	4.5	V
V _{CCH_GXB}	Transceiver output buffer power supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GXB}	Transceiver physical medium attachment (PMA) and auxiliary power supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCL_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
VI	DC input voltage	-0.5	4.2	V
I _{OUT}	DC output current, per pin	-25	40	mA
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C
T _J	Operating junction temperature	-40	125	°C

Note to Table 1-1:

Maximum Allowed Overshoot or Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 1–2 and undershoot to -2.0 V for a magnitude of currents less than 100 mA and for periods shorter than 20 ns. Table 1-2 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage over the lifetime of the device. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high-time over the lifetime of the device.

⁽¹⁾ Supply voltage specifications apply to voltage readings taken at the device pins with respect to ground, not at the power supply.

Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operation limits for AC and DC parameters for Cyclone IV devices. Table 1–3 and Table 1–4 list the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Cyclone IV E and Cyclone IV GX devices. All supplies must be strictly monotonic without plateaus.

Table 1–3. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV E Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{CCINT} (3)	Supply voltage for internal logic, 1.2-V operation	_	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
VCCINT 19	Supply voltage for internal logic, 1.0-V operation	_	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.3-V operation	_	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.0-V operation	_	2.85	3	3.15	V
V _{CCIO} (3), (4)	Supply voltage for output buffers, 2.5-V operation	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
VCCIO (5% (5)	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.8-V operation	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.5-V operation	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.2-V operation	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V _{CCA} (3)	Supply (analog) voltage for PLL regulator	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V (3)	Supply (digital) voltage for PLL, 1.2-V operation	_	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
V _{CCD_PLL} (3)	Supply (digital) voltage for PLL, 1.0-V operation	_	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
V _I	Input voltage	_	-0.5	_	3.6	V
V_0	Output voltage	_	0	_	V _{CCIO}	V
		For commercial use	0	_	85	°C
т	Operating junction temperature	For industrial use	-40	_	100	°C
T_J	Operating junction temperature	For extended temperature	-40	_	125	°C
		For automotive use	-40	_	125	°C
t _{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard power-on reset (POR) (5)	50 μs	_	50 ms	_
		Fast POR (6)	50 μs	_	3 ms	_

DC Characteristics

This section lists the I/O leakage current, pin capacitance, on-chip termination (OCT) tolerance, and bus hold specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Supply Current

The device supply current requirement is the minimum current drawn from the power supply pins that can be used as a reference for power size planning. Use the Excel-based early power estimator (EPE) to get the supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources used. Table 1–6 lists the I/O pin leakage current for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-6. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Device	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _I	Input pin leakage current	$V_I = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CCIOMAX}$		-10	_	10	μΑ
I _{OZ}	Tristated I/O pin leakage current	$V_0 = 0 \text{ V to } V_{\text{CCIOMAX}}$		-10	_	10	μΑ

Notes to Table 1-6:

- This value is specified for normal device operation. The value varies during device power-up. This applies for all V_{CCIO} settings (3.3, 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 V).
- (2) The 10 μ A I/O leakage current limit is applicable when the internal clamping diode is off. A higher current can be observed when the diode is on.

Bus Hold

The bus hold retains the last valid logic state after the source driving it either enters the high impedance state or is removed. Each I/O pin has an option to enable bus hold in user mode. Bus hold is always disabled in configuration mode.

Table 1–7 lists bus hold specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–7. Bus Hold Parameter for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 1 of 2) (1)

							V _{CCIO}	(V)						
Parameter	Condition	1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus hold low, sustaining current	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (maximum)	8	_	12	_	30	_	50	_	70	_	70	_	μА
Bus hold high, sustaining current	V _{IN} < V _{IL} (minimum)	-8	_	-12	_	-30	_	-50	_	-70	_	-70	_	μА
Bus hold low, overdrive current	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	_	125	_	175	_	200	_	300	_	500	_	500	μА
Bus hold high, overdrive current	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	_	-125	_	-175	_	-200	_	-300	_	-500	_	-500	μА

The OCT resistance may vary with the variation of temperature and voltage after calibration at device power-up. Use Table 1–10 and Equation 1–1 to determine the final OCT resistance considering the variations after calibration at device power-up. Table 1–10 lists the change percentage of the OCT resistance with voltage and temperature.

Table 1–10. OCT Variation After Calibration at Device Power-Up for Cyclone IV Devices

Nominal Voltage	dR/dT (%/°C)	dR/dV (%/mV)
3.0	0.262	-0.026
2.5	0.234	-0.039
1.8	0.219	-0.086
1.5	0.199	-0.136
1.2	0.161	-0.288

Equation 1-1. Final OCT Resistance (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

Notes to Equation 1-1:

- (1) T_2 is the final temperature.
- (2) T_1 is the initial temperature.
- (3) MF is multiplication factor.
- (4) R_{final} is final resistance.
- (5) R_{initial} is initial resistance.
- (6) Subscript $_{\rm X}$ refers to both $_{\rm V}$ and $_{\rm T}$.
- (7) ΔR_V is a variation of resistance with voltage.
- (8) ΔR_T is a variation of resistance with temperature.
- (9) dR/dT is the change percentage of resistance with temperature after calibration at device power-up.
- (10) dR/dV is the change percentage of resistance with voltage after calibration at device power-up.
- (11) V2 is final voltage.
- (12) V_1 is the initial voltage.

Schmitt Trigger Input

Cyclone IV devices support Schmitt trigger input on the TDI, TMS, TCK, nSTATUS, nCONFIG, nCE, CONF_DONE, and DCLK pins. A Schmitt trigger feature introduces hysteresis to the input signal for improved noise immunity, especially for signals with slow edge rate. Table 1–14 lists the hysteresis specifications across the supported $V_{\rm CCIO}$ range for Schmitt trigger inputs in Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–14. Hysteresis Specifications for Schmitt Trigger Input in Cyclone IV Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions (V)	Minimum	Unit
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.3$	200	mV
V	Hysteresis for Schmitt trigger	V _{CCIO} = 2.5	200	mV
V _{SCHMITT}	input	V _{CCIO} = 1.8	140	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 1.5	110	mV

I/O Standard Specifications

The following tables list input voltage sensitivities (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}), for various I/O standards supported by Cyclone IV devices. Table 1–15 through Table 1–20 provide the I/O standard specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–15. Single-Ended I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2)

I/O Ctondovd		V _{CCIO} (V)	V	_{IL} (V)	V	/ _{IH} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL}	I _{OH}
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	(mA) <i>(4)</i>	(mA) (4)
3.3-V LVTTL (3)	3.135	3.3	3.465	_	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.45	2.4	4	-4
3.3-V LVCMOS (3)	3.135	3.3	3.465	_	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	2	-2
3.0-V LVTTL (3)	2.85	3.0	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	2.4	4	-4
3.0-V LVCMOS (3)	2.85	3.0	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V ⁽³⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.4	2.0	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 x V _{CCIO}	0.65 x V _{CCIO}	2.25	0.45	V _{CCIO} – 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 x V _{CCIO}	0.65 x V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 x V _{CCIO}	0.75 x V _{CCIO}	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 x V _{CCIO}	0.65 x V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 x V _{CCIO}	0.75 x V _{CCIO}	2	-2
3.0-V PCI	2.85	3.0	3.15	_	0.3 x V _{CCIO}	0.5 x V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.1 x V _{CCIO}	0.9 x V _{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5
3.0-V PCI-X	2.85	3.0	3.15	_	0.35 x V _{CCIO}	0.5 x V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.1 x V _{CCIO}	0.9 x V _{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5

Notes to Table 1-15:

- (1) For voltage-referenced receiver input waveform and explanation of terms used in Table 1-15, refer to "Glossary" on page 1-37.
- (2) AC load CL = 10 pF
- (3) For more information about interfacing Cyclone IV devices with 3.3/3.0/2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS I/O standards, refer to AN 447: Interfacing Cyclone III and Cyclone IV Devices with 3.3/3.0/2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS I/O Systems.
- (4) To meet the loL and loH specifications, you must set the current strength settings accordingly. For example, to meet the 3.3-V LVTTL specification (4 mA), set the current strength settings to 4 mA or higher. Setting at lower current strength may not meet the loL and loH specifications in the handbook.

Table 1–16. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

1/0	,	V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{REF} (V)		V _{TT} (V) (2)			
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.19	1.25	1.31	V _{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04	
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04	
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	0.85	0.9	0.95	
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.71	0.75	0.79	0.71	0.75	0.79	
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.48 x V _{CCIO} (3) 0.47 x V _{CCIO} (4)	0.5 x V _{CCIO} (3) 0.5 x V _{CCIO} (4)	0.52 x V _{CCIO} (3) 0.53 x V _{CCIO} (4)	_	0.5 x V _{CCIO}	_	

Notes to Table 1-16:

- (1) For an explanation of terms used in Table 1–16, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.
- (2) V_{TT} of the transmitting device must track V_{REF} of the receiving device.
- (3) Value shown refers to DC input reference voltage, $V_{REF(DC)}$.
- (4) Value shown refers to AC input reference voltage, $V_{REF(AC)}$.

Table 1-17. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

I/O	V _{IL(}	_{DC)} (V)	VIH	_{I(DC)} (V)	V _{IL(}	_(AC) (V)	V _{IH}	(AC) (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL}	I _{OH}
Standard	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	(mĀ)	(mÄ)
SSTL-2 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.18	V _{REF} + 0.18	_	_	V _{REF} – 0.35	V _{REF} + 0.35	_	V _{ττ} – 0.57	V _{TT} + 0.57	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.18	V _{REF} + 0.18	_		V _{REF} – 0.35	V _{REF} + 0.35	_	V _{TT} – 0.76	V _{TT} + 0.76	16.4	-16.4
SSTL-18 Class I		V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	_		V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	_	V _{TT} – 0.475	V _{TT} + 0.475	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	_		V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	_	0.28	V _{CCIO} - 0.28	13.4	-13.4
HSTL-18 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_		V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	_	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_		V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	_	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	_	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	_	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	_	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	_	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	-0.24	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.24	0.25 × V _{CCIO}	0.75 × V _{CCIO}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	-0.24	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.24	0.25 × V _{CCIO}	0.75 × V _{CCIO}	14	-14

For more information about receiver input and transmitter output waveforms, and for other differential I/O standards, refer to the I/O Features in Cyclone IV Devices chapter.

Table 1–18. Differential SSTL I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{Swing(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{Swi}	ng(AC) /)	V _{OX(AC)} (V)		
	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min Max		Min	Тур	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.36	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.2	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.7	V _{CCI}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.125	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.125
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.7	1.8	1.90	0.25	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.175	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCI}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.125	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.125

Note to Table 1-18:

Table 1–19. Differential HSTL I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

	V	V _{CCIO} (V)			_{DC)} (V)	V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)				_{F(AC)} (V)
I/O Standard			Max	Min Max		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Mi n	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.85		0.95	0.85	_	0.95	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	_	0.71		0.79	0.71	_	0.79	0.4	_
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO}	0.48 x V _{CCIO}		0.52 x V _{CCIO}	0.48 x V _{CCIO}		0.52 x V _{CCIO}	0.3	0.48 x V _{CCIO}

Note to Table 1-19:

Table 1–20. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1) (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{ID}	(mV)		V _{ICM} (V) ⁽²⁾		Vo	_D (mV)	(3)	1	ا (۷) (۵	3)
i/O Stanuaru	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Condition	Condition Max		Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
L) (DEOL						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \; Mbps$	1.80						
LVPECL (Row I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; \text{Mbps} \leq D_{\text{MAX}} \\ \leq 700 \; \text{Mbps} \end{array}$	1.80	_	_		_	_	_
						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						
IV/DEOL						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \text{ Mbps}$	1.80						
LVPECL (Column I/Os) (6)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; \text{Mbps} \leq D_{\text{MAX}} \\ \leq 700 \; \text{Mbps} \end{array}$	1.80	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,00)						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						
						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \; Mbps$	1.80						
LVDS (Row I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; \text{Mbps} \leq D_{\text{MAX}} \\ \leq \; 700 \; \text{Mbps} \end{array}$	1.80	247	_	600	1.125	1.25	1.375
						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						

⁽¹⁾ Differential SSTL requires a V_{REF} input.

⁽¹⁾ Differential HSTL requires a V_{REF} input.

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 2 of 4)

Symbol/	Conditions		C6			C7, I7			C8		11!4
Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Receiver			•				•			<u> </u>	
Supported I/O Standards	1.4 V PCML, 1.5 V PCML, 2.5 V PCML, LVPECL, LVDS										
Data rate (F324 and smaller package) (15)	_	600	_	2500	600	_	2500	600	_	2500	Mbps
Data rate (F484 and larger package) (15)	_	600	_	3125	600	_	3125	600	_	2500	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin (3)	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Operational V _{MAX} for a receiver pin	_	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p)	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting, Data Rate = 600 Mbps to 3.125 Gbps	0.1	_	2.7	0.1	_	2.7	0.1	_	2.7	V
V _{ICM}	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	_	820 ± 10%	_	_	820 ± 10%	_	_	820 ± 10%	_	mV
Differential on-chip	100–Ω setting	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
termination resistors	150– Ω setting	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PIPE, Serial Rapid I/O SR, SATA, CPRI LV, SDI, XAUI					Compliant	i				_
Programmable ppm detector ⁽⁴⁾	_				± 62.5	, 100, 125 250, 300	5, 200,				ppm
Clock data recovery (CDR) ppm tolerance (without spread-spectrum clocking enabled)	_		_	±300 (5), ±350 (6), (7)		_	±300 (5), ±350 (6), (7)	_	_	±300 (5), ±350 (6), (7)	ppm
CDR ppm tolerance (with synchronous spread-spectrum clocking enabled) (8)	_	_	_	350 to -5350 (7), (9)	_	_	350 to -5350 (7), (9)	_	_	350 to -5350 (7), (9)	ppm
Run length	_		80	_	_	80	_		80		UI
	No Equalization	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	dB
Programmable	Medium Low	_	_	4.5	_	_	4.5		_	4.5	dB
equalization	Medium High	_	_	5.5	_	_	5.5		_	5.5	dB
	High	_	_	7	_	_	7	_		7	dB

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 4 of 4)

Symbol/	Conditions		C6			C7, I7			C8		Unit
Description	Collultions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
PLD-Transceiver Inte	rface										
Interface speed (F324 and smaller package)	_	25	_	125	25	_	125	25	_	125	MHz
Interface speed (F484 and larger package)	_	25	_	156.25	25	_	156.25	25	_	156.25	MHz
Digital reset pulse width	_				Minimu	m is 2 pa	rallel clock	cycles			

Notes to Table 1-21:

- (1) This specification is valid for transmitter output jitter specification with a maximum total jitter value of 112 ps, typically for 3.125 Gbps SRIO and XAUI protocols.
- (2) The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 2.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Transmitter Only** mode. The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 37.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Receiver Only** or **Receiver and Transmitter** mode.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The rate matcher supports only up to ±300 parts per million (ppm).
- (5) Supported for the F169 and F324 device packages only.
- (6) Supported for the F484, F672, and F896 device packages only. Pending device characterization.
- (7) To support CDR ppm tolerance greater than ±300 ppm, implement ppm detector in user logic and configure CDR to Manual Lock Mode.
- (8) Asynchronous spread-spectrum clocking is not supported.
- (9) For the EP4CGX30 (F484 package only), EP4CGX50, and EP4CGX75 devices, the CDR ppl tolerance is ±200 ppm.
- (10) Time taken until pll locked goes high after pll powerdown deasserts.
- (11) Time that the CDR must be kept in lock-to-reference mode after rx analogreset deasserts and before rx locktodata is asserted in manual mode.
- (12) Time taken to recover valid data after the rx_locktodata signal is asserted in manual mode (Figure 1–2), or after rx_freqlocked signal goes high in automatic mode (Figure 1–3).
- (13) Time taken to recover valid data after the $rx_locktodata$ signal is asserted in manual mode.
- (14) Time taken to recover valid data after the $rx_freqlocked$ signal goes high in automatic mode.
- (15) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Table 1–25. PLL Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover, reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays or areset is deasserted)	_	_	1	ms
toutjitter_period_dedclk (6)	Dedicated clock output period jitter $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$	_	_	300	ps
	F _{OUT} < 100 MHz	_	_	30	mUI
toutjitter_ccj_dedclk (6)	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$	_	_	300	ps
	F _{OUT} < 100 MHz	_	_	30	mUI
toutjitter_period_io (6)	Regular I/O period jitter $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$	_	_	650	ps
	F _{OUT} < 100 MHz	_	_	75	mUI
toutjitter_ccj_io <i>(6)</i>	Regular I/O cycle-to-cycle jitter F _{OUT} ≥ 100 MHz	_	_	650	ps
	F _{OUT} < 100 MHz	_	_	75	mUI
t _{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	_	_	±50	ps
t _{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on areset signal.	10	_	_	ns
t _{CONFIGPLL}	Time required to reconfigure scan chains for PLLs	_	3.5 (7)		SCANCLK cycles
f _{SCANCLK}	scanclk frequency	_	_	100	MHz
t _{CASC_OUTJITTER_PERIOD_DEDCLK}	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	425	ps
(8), (9)	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (F _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	42.5	mUI

Notes to Table 1-25:

- (1) This table is applicable for general purpose PLLs and multipurpose PLLs.
- (2) You must connect $V_{CCD\ PLL}$ to V_{CCINT} through the decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.
- (3) This parameter is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (4) The V_{CO} frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the V_{CO} post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- (5) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source that is less than 200 ps.
- (6) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10⁻¹² (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.
- (7) With 100-MHz scanclk frequency.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} (8) & The cascaded PLLs specification is applicable only with the following conditions: \end{tabular}$
 - Upstream PLL—0.59 MHz \leq Upstream PLL bandwidth < 1 MHz
 - Downstream PLL—Downstream PLL bandwidth > 2 MHz
- (9) PLL cascading is not supported for transceiver applications.

Embedded Multiplier Specifications

Table 1–26 lists the embedded multiplier specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–26. Embedded Multiplier Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Mode	Resources Used		Performance									
Mode	Number of Multipliers	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	Unit					
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	340	300	260	240	175	MHz					
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	287	250	200	185	135	MHz					

Memory Block Specifications

Table 1–27 lists the M9K memory block specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-27. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

		Resources Used Performan						ance					
Memory	Mode	LEs	M9K Memory	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	Unit				
	FIFO 256 × 36	47	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz				
M9K Block	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz				
INISK DIOCK	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz				
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz				

Configuration and JTAG Specifications

Table 1–28 lists the configuration mode specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–28. Passive Configuration Mode Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Programming Mode	V _{CCINT} Voltage Level (V)	DCLK f _{max}	Unit
Passive Serial (PS)	1.0 <i>(3)</i>	66	MHz
rassive serial (rs)	1.2	133	MHz
Fast Passive Parallel (FPP) (2)	1.0 ⁽³⁾	66	MHz
Tast rassive ratallel (FFF) 1-7	1.2 (4)	100	MHz

Notes to Table 1-28:

- (1) For more information about PS and FPP configuration timing parameters, refer to the *Configuration and Remote System Upgrades in Cyclone IV Devices* chapter.
- (2) FPP configuration mode supports all Cyclone IV E devices (except for E144 package devices) and EP4CGX50, EP4CGX75, EP4CGX110, and EP4CGX150 only.
- (3) $V_{CCINT} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ is only supported for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices.
- (4) Cyclone IV E devices support 1.2 V V_{CCINT}. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices support 133 MHz DCLK f_{MAX} for EP4CE6, EP4CE10, EP4CE15, EP4CE22, EP4CE30, and EP4CE40 only.

Table 1–29 lists the active configuration mode specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–29. Active Configuration Mode Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Programming Mode	DCLK Range	Typical DCLK	Unit
Active Parallel (AP) (1)	20 to 40	33	MHz
Active Serial (AS)	20 to 40	33	MHz

Note to Table 1-29:

(1) AP configuration mode is only supported for Cyclone IV E devices.

Table 1–30 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–30. JTAG Timing Parameters for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period	40	_	ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time	19	_	ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time	19	_	ns
t _{JPSU_TDI}	JTAG port setup time for TDI	1	_	ns
t _{JPSU_TMS}	JTAG port setup time for TMS	3	_	ns
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	10	_	ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output (2), (3)	_	15	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output (2), (3)	_	15	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance (2), (3)	_	15	ns
t _{JSSU}	Capture register setup time	5	_	ns
t _{JSH}	Capture register hold time	10	_	ns
t _{JSCO}	Update register clock to output	_	25	ns
t _{JSZX}	Update register high impedance to valid output	_	25	ns
t _{JSXZ}	Update register valid output to high impedance		25	ns

Notes to Table 1-30:

- (1) For more information about JTAG waveforms, refer to "JTAG Waveform" in "Glossary" on page 1-37.
- (2) The specification is shown for 3.3-, 3.0-, and 2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS operation of JTAG pins. For 1.8-V LVTTL/LVCMOS and 1.5-V LVCMOS, the output time specification is 16 ns.
- (3) For EP4CGX22, EP4CGX30 (F324 and smaller package), EP4CGX110, and EP4CGX150 devices, the output time specification for 3.3-, 3.0-, and 2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS operation of JTAG pins is 16 ns. For 1.8-V LVTTL/LVCMOS and 1.5-V LVCMOS, the output time specification is 18 ns.

Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the PCI/PCI-X bus interface. I/Os using the SSTL-18 Class I termination standard can achieve up to the stated DDR2 SDRAM interfacing speeds. I/Os using general-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 3.0-, 2.5-, 1.8-, or 1.5-LVTTL/LVCMOS are capable of a typical 200 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

Table 1–31. RSDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2), (4) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Modes		C6			C7, I	7		C8, A	7		C8L, I	BL		C9L		Unit
Syllibul	Mones	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{LOCK} (3)	_	_		1	_	_	1	_		1	_	_	1	_		1	ms

Notes to Table 1-31:

- (1) Applicable for true RSDS and emulated RSDS_E_3R transmitter.
- (2) Cyclone IV E devices—true RSDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 1, 2, 5, and 6. Emulated RSDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks.

 Cyclone IV GX devices—true RSDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6. Emulated RSDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (3) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (4) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–32. Emulated RSDS_E_1R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (3) (Part 1 of 2)

Ob.al	Madaa		C6			C7, 17	'		C8, A7	7	(C8L, 18	BL		C9L		11!4
Symbol	Modes	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	×10	5	_	85	5		85	5		85	5		85	5	_	72.5	MHz
	×8	5	_	85	5	_	85	5	_	85	5		85	5	_	72.5	MHz
f _{HSCLK} (input clock	×7	5	_	85	5	_	85	5	_	85	5	_	85	5	_	72.5	MHz
frequency)	×4	5	_	85	5	_	85	5		85	5		85	5	_	72.5	MHz
	×2	5		85	5	_	85	5	_	85	5		85	5	_	72.5	MHz
	×1	5	_	170	5	_	170	5	_	170	5		170	5	_	145	MHz
	×10	100	_	170	100	_	170	100	_	170	100	_	170	100		145	Mbps
	×8	80	_	170	80	_	170	80	_	170	80	_	170	80	_	145	Mbps
Device operation in	×7	70	_	170	70	_	170	70	_	170	70		170	70	_	145	Mbps
Mbps	×4	40	_	170	40		170	40	_	170	40	_	170	40	_	145	Mbps
	×2	20	1	170	20	_	170	20		170	20		170	20		145	Mbps
	×1	10	-	170	10		170	10		170	10		170	10	_	145	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	_	45	_	55	45		55	45	_	55	45	_	55	45	_	55	%
TCCS	_	_	1	200	_	_	200	_		200	_		200			200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	_	_		500	_	_	500	_		550	_	_	600	_		700	ps
	20 – 80%,																
t _{RISE}	C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	ps
	20 – 80%,																
t _{FALL}	C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_		500	_	ps

Table 1–34. True LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (3	ue LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications	for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (3)
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Cumbal	Madaa	C	6	C7	, I7	C8,	, A7	C8L	, I8L	C	9L	Unit
Symbol	Modes	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	UIIIL
	×10	5	420	5	370	5	320	5	320	5	250	MHz
	×8	5	420	5	370	5	320	5	320	5	250	MHz
f _{HSCLK} (input	×7	5	420	5	370	5	320	5	320	5	250	MHz
clock frequency)	×4	5	420	5	370	5	320	5	320	5	250	MHz
, ,,,	×2	5	420	5	370	5	320	5	320	5	250	MHz
	×1	5	420	5	402.5	5	402.5	5	362	5	265	MHz
	×10	100	840	100	740	100	640	100	640	100	500	Mbps
	×8	80	840	80	740	80	640	80	640	80	500	Mbps
HSIODR	×7	70	840	70	740	70	640	70	640	70	500	Mbps
nolubh	×4	40	840	40	740	40	640	40	640	40	500	Mbps
	×2	20	840	20	740	20	640	20	640	20	500	Mbps
	×1	10	420	10	402.5	10	402.5	10	362	10	265	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	_	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%
TCCS	_	_	200	_	200	_	200	_	200	_	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	_	_	500	_	500	_	550	_	600	_	700	ps
t _{LOCK} (2)	_	_	1	_	1	_	1	_	1	_	1	ms

Notes to Table 1-34:

- (1) Cyclone IV E—true LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 1, 2, 5, and 6. Cyclone IV GX—true LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6.
- (2) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–35. Emulated LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (3) (Part 1 of 2)

Combal	Madaa	C	6	C7,	, I7	C8,	A7	C8L,	, I8L	C	9L	Unit
Symbol	Modes	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	×10	5	320	5	320	5	275	5	275	5	250	MHz
	×8	5	320	5	320	5	275	5	275	5	250	MHz
f _{HSCLK} (input clock	×7	5	320	5	320	5	275	5	275	5	250	MHz
frequency)	×4	5	320	5	320	5	275	5	275	5	250	MHz
, ,,	×2	5	320	5	320	5	275	5	275	5	250	MHz
	×1	5	402.5	5	402.5	5	402.5	5	362	5	265	MHz
	×10	100	640	100	640	100	550	100	550	100	500	Mbps
	×8	80	640	80	640	80	550	80	550	80	500	Mbps
HSIODR	×7	70	640	70	640	70	550	70	550	70	500	Mbps
HOIODI	×4	40	640	40	640	40	550	40	550	40	500	Mbps
	×2	20	640	20	640	20	550	20	550	20	500	Mbps
	×1	10	402.5	10	402.5	10	402.5	10	362	10	265	Mbps

IOE Programmable Delay

Table 1–40 and Table 1–41 list the IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices.

Table 1–40. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V Core Voltage Devices (1), (2)

		Numbor	umber Min of Offset	Max Offset						
Parameter	Paths Affected	of		Fast Corner		S	Unit			
		Setting		C8L	I8L	C8L	C9L	I8L		
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	2.054	1.924	3.387	4.017	3.411	ns	
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	2.010	1.875	3.341	4.252	3.367	ns	
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.641	0.631	1.111	1.377	1.124	ns	
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.971	0.931	1.684	2.298	1.684	ns	

Notes to Table 1-40:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting **0** as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–41. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V Core Voltage Devices (1), (2)

		Number			ı	Vax Offse	t		
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fast Corner		Slow Corner			Unit
		Setting		C8L	I8L	C8L	C9L	I8L	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	2.057	1.921	3.389	4.146	3.412	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	2.059	1.919	3.420	4.374	3.441	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.670	0.623	1.160	1.420	1.168	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.960	0.919	1.656	2.258	1.656	ns

Notes to Table 1-41:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting $\bf 0$ as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–42 and Table 1–43 list the IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices.

Table 1-42. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V Core Voltage Devices (1), (2)

		Number					Max (Offset				
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fa	ast Corn	er	Slow Corner					
		Setting		C6	17	A7	C6	C 7	C8	17	A7	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.314	1.211	1.211	2.177	2.340	2.433	2.388	2.508	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.307	1.203	1.203	2.19	2.387	2.540	2.430	2.545	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.437	0.402	0.402	0.747	0.820	0.880	0.834	0.873	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.693	0.665	0.665	1.200	1.379	1.532	1.393	1.441	ns

Notes to Table 1-42:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting **0** as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–43. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V Core Voltage Devices (1), (2)

		Number					Max (Offset					
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fa	Fast Corner			Slow Corner					
		Setting		C6	17	A7	C6	C 7	C8	17	A7		
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.314	1.209	1.209	2.201	2.386	2.510	2.429	2.548	ns	
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.312	1.207	1.207	2.202	2.402	2.558	2.447	2.557	ns	
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.458	0.419	0.419	0.783	0.861	0.924	0.875	0.915	ns	
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.686	0.657	0.657	1.185	1.360	1.506	1.376	1.422	ns	

Notes to Table 1-43:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting 0 as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–44 and Table 1–45 list the IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV GX devices.

Table 1-44. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Cyclone IV GX Devices (1), (2)

		Number				Max (Offset			
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fast Corner				Unit		
		Settings		C6	17	C6	C7	C8	17	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.313	1.209	2.184	2.336	2.451	2.387	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.312	1.208	2.200	2.399	2.554	2.446	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.438	0.404	0.751	0.825	0.886	0.839	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.713	0.682	1.228	1.41	1.566	1.424	ns

Notes to Table 1-44:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For exact values of each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting 0 as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1-45. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Cyclone IV GX Devices (1), (2)

		Number				Max (Offset			
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fast Corner				Unit		
		Settings		C6	17	C6	C 7	C8	17	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.314	1.210	2.209	2.398	2.526	2.443	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.313	1.208	2.205	2.406	2.563	2.450	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.461	0.421	0.789	0.869	0.933	0.884	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.712	0.682	1.225	1.407	1.562	1.421	ns

Notes to Table 1-45:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For exact values of each setting, use the latest version of Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting 0 as available in the Quartus II software

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 2 of 5)

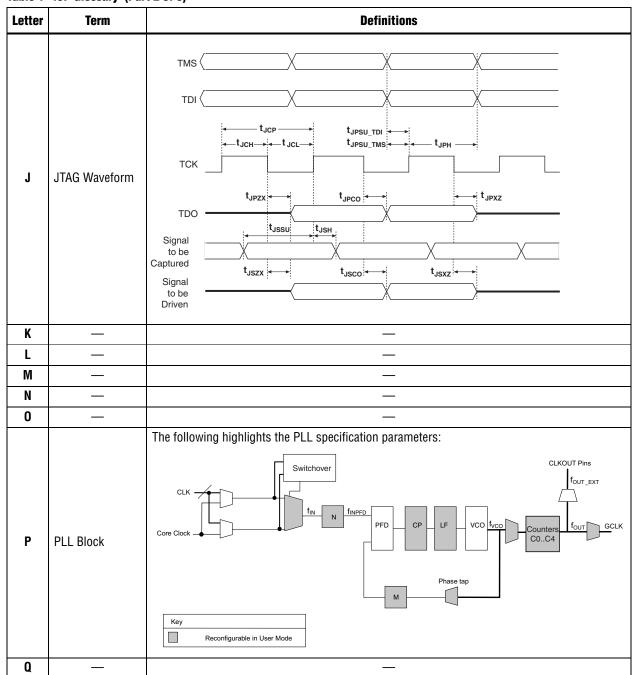


Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 3 of 5)

Letter	Term	Definitions
	R_L	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to Cyclone IV devices).
		Receiver input waveform for LVDS and LVPECL differential standards: Single-Ended Waveform
		Positive Channel (p) = V _{IH}
		Negative Channel (n) = V _{IL}
R	Receiver Input Waveform	Ground
		Differential Waveform (Mathematical Function of Positive & Negative Channel)
		V _{ID} 0 V
		V _{ID} p-n
	Receiver input skew margin (RSKM)	High-speed I/O block: The total margin left after accounting for the sampling window and TCCS. RSKM = (TUI – SW – TCCS) / 2.
		V _{CGIO}
		V _{IH(DC)}
		V_{REF} $V_{IL(DC)}$
	Single-ended voltage-	Vil(AC)
S	referenced I/O Standard	$\overline{V_{ ext{OL}}}$
		The JEDEC standard for SSTI and HSTL I/O standards defines both the AC and DC input signal values. The AC values indicate the voltage levels at which the receiver must meet its timing specifications. The DC values indicate the voltage levels at which the final logic state of the receiver is unambiguously defined. After the receiver input crosses the AC value, the receiver changes to the new logic state. The new logic state is then maintained as long as the input stays beyond the DC threshold. This approach is intended to provide predictable receiver timing in the presence of input waveform <i>ringing</i> .
	SW (Sampling Window)	High-speed I/O block: The period of time during which the data must be valid to capture it correctly. The setup and hold times determine the ideal strobe position in the sampling window

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 5 of 5)

Letter	Term	Definitions
	V _{CM(DC)}	DC common mode input voltage.
	V _{DIF(AC)}	AC differential input voltage: The minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{DIF(DC)}	DC differential input voltage: The minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{ICM}	Input common mode voltage: The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V _{ID}	Input differential voltage swing: The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	V _{IH}	Voltage input high: The minimum positive voltage applied to the input that is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	V _{IH(AC)}	High-level AC input voltage.
	V _{IH(DC)}	High-level DC input voltage.
	V _{IL}	Voltage input low: The maximum positive voltage applied to the input that is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	V _{IL (AC)}	Low-level AC input voltage.
	V _{IL (DC)}	Low-level DC input voltage.
	V _{IN}	DC input voltage.
	V _{OCM}	Output common mode voltage: The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
v	V _{OD}	Output differential voltage swing: The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter. $V_{OD} = V_{OH} - V_{OL}$.
	V _{OH}	Voltage output high: The maximum positive voltage from an output that the device considers is accepted as the minimum positive high level.
	V _{OL}	Voltage output low: The maximum positive voltage from an output that the device considers is accepted as the maximum positive low level.
	V _{OS}	Output offset voltage: $V_{OS} = (V_{OH} + V_{OL}) / 2$.
	V _{OX (AC)}	AC differential output cross point voltage: the voltage at which the differential output signals must cross.
	V_{REF}	Reference voltage for the SSTL and HSTL I/O standards.
	V _{REF (AC)}	AC input reference voltage for the SSTL and HSTL I/O standards. $V_{REF(AC)} = V_{REF(DC)} + noise$. The peak-to-peak AC noise on V_{REF} must not exceed 2% of $V_{REF(DC)}$.
	V _{REF (DC)}	DC input reference voltage for the SSTL and HSTL I/O standards.
	V _{SWING (AC)}	AC differential input voltage: AC input differential voltage required for switching. For the SSTL differential I/O standard, refer to Input Waveforms.
	V _{SWING (DC)}	DC differential input voltage: DC input differential voltage required for switching. For the SSTL differential I/O standard, refer to Input Waveforms.
	V _{TT}	Termination voltage for the SSTL and HSTL I/O standards.
	V _{X (AC)}	AC differential input cross point voltage: The voltage at which the differential input signals must cross.
W	_	
X	_	_
Υ	_	_
Z		_