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Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	9360
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	149760
Total RAM Bits	6635520
Number of I/O	475
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.16V ~ 1.24V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	896-BGA
Supplier Device Package	896-FBGA (31x31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep4cgx150df31c7

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Cyclone IV E industrial devices I7 are offered with extended operating temperature range.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings define the maximum operating conditions for Cyclone IV devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the device and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms. The functional operation of the device is not implied at these conditions. Table 1–1 lists the absolute maximum ratings for Cyclone IV devices.



Conditions beyond those listed in Table 1–1 cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time have adverse effects on the device.

Table 1–1. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CCINT}	Core voltage, PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP block, and transceiver physical coding sublayer (PCS) power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCA}	Phase-locked loop (PLL) analog power supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCD_PLL}	PLL digital power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCIO}	I/O banks power supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CC_CLKIN}	Differential clock input pins power supply	-0.5	4.5	V
V _{CCH_GXB}	Transceiver output buffer power supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GXB}	Transceiver physical medium attachment (PMA) and auxiliary power supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCL_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
VI	DC input voltage	-0.5	4.2	V
I _{OUT}	DC output current, per pin	-25	40	mA
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C
T _J	Operating junction temperature	-40	125	°C

Note to Table 1-1:

Maximum Allowed Overshoot or Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 1–2 and undershoot to -2.0 V for a magnitude of currents less than 100 mA and for periods shorter than 20 ns. Table 1-2 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage over the lifetime of the device. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high-time over the lifetime of the device.

⁽¹⁾ Supply voltage specifications apply to voltage readings taken at the device pins with respect to ground, not at the power supply.

Table 1–7. Bus Hold Parameter for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 2 of 2) (1)

Parameter	Condition		V _{CCIO} (V)											
		1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus hold trip point	_	0.3	0.9	0.375	1.125	0.68	1.07	0.7	1.7	0.8	2	0.8	2	V

Note to Table 1-7:

(1) Bus hold trip points are based on the calculated input voltages from the JEDEC standard.

OCT Specifications

Table 1–8 lists the variation of OCT without calibration across process, temperature, and voltage (PVT).

Table 1-8. Series OCT Without Calibration Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

		Resistance	Tolerance	
Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Commercial Maximum	Industrial, Extended industrial, and Automotive Maximum	Unit
	3.0	±30	±40	%
0 · 00 T ···	2.5	±30	±40	%
Series OCT without calibration	1.8	±40	±50	%
- Cambration	1.5	±50	±50	%
	1.2	±50	±50	%

OCT calibration is automatically performed at device power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os.

Table 1–9 lists the OCT calibration accuracy at device power-up.

Table 1–9. Series OCT with Calibration at Device Power-Up Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

		Calibration	n Accuracy	
Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Commercial Maximum	Industrial, Extended industrial, and Automotive Maximum	Unit
	3.0	±10	±10	%
Series OCT with	2.5	±10	±10	%
calibration at device	1.8	±10	±10	%
power-up	1.5	±10	±10	%
	1.2	±10	±10	%

The OCT resistance may vary with the variation of temperature and voltage after calibration at device power-up. Use Table 1–10 and Equation 1–1 to determine the final OCT resistance considering the variations after calibration at device power-up. Table 1–10 lists the change percentage of the OCT resistance with voltage and temperature.

Table 1–10. OCT Variation After Calibration at Device Power-Up for Cyclone IV Devices

Nominal Voltage	dR/dT (%/°C)	dR/dV (%/mV)
3.0	0.262	-0.026
2.5	0.234	-0.039
1.8	0.219	-0.086
1.5	0.199	-0.136
1.2	0.161	-0.288

Equation 1-1. Final OCT Resistance (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

Notes to Equation 1-1:

- (1) T_2 is the final temperature.
- (2) T_1 is the initial temperature.
- (3) MF is multiplication factor.
- (4) R_{final} is final resistance.
- (5) R_{initial} is initial resistance.
- (6) Subscript $_{\rm X}$ refers to both $_{\rm V}$ and $_{\rm T}$.
- (7) ΔR_V is a variation of resistance with voltage.
- (8) ΔR_T is a variation of resistance with temperature.
- (9) dR/dT is the change percentage of resistance with temperature after calibration at device power-up.
- (10) dR/dV is the change percentage of resistance with voltage after calibration at device power-up.
- (11) V2 is final voltage.
- (12) V_1 is the initial voltage.

Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistor

Table 1-12 lists the weak pull-up and pull-down resistor values for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–12. Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistor Values for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	7	25	41	kΩ
	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	7	28	47	kΩ
D	before and during configuration, as	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	8	35	61	kΩ
R_ _{PU}	well as user mode if you enable the programmable pull-up resistor option	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	10	57	108	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	13	82	163	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	19	143	351	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	6	19	30	kΩ
	Value of the 1/O air well decreased as	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	6	22	36	kΩ
R_PD	Value of the I/O pin pull-down resistor before and during configuration	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	6	25	43	kΩ
	201010 and daring bonnigaration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	7	35	71	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	8	50	112	kΩ

Notes to Table 1-12:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins. The weak pull-down feature is only available for JTAG TCK.
- (2) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.
- (3) $R_{PU} = (V_{CC10} V_1)/I_{R_PU}$ Minimum condition: $-40^{\circ}C$; $V_{CC10} = V_{CC} + 5\%$, $V_1 = V_{CC} + 5\% 50$ mV; Typical condition: $25^{\circ}C$; $V_{CC10} = V_{CC}$, $V_1 = 0$ V; $V_2 = 0$ V; $V_3 = 0$ V; $V_4 = 0$ V and $V_5 = 0$ V and $V_6 = 0$ V and $V_7 = 0$ V and $V_8 = 0$ V and $V_$

Maximum condition: 100°C ; $V_{\text{CCIO}} = V_{\text{CC}} - 5\%$, $V_{\text{I}} = 0$ V; in which V_{I} refers to the input voltage at the I/O pin.

(4) $R_{PD} = V_I/I_{RPD}$

Minimum condition: -40°C; $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC} + 5\%$, $V_I = 50$ mV;

Typical condition: 25°C; $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC}$, $V_1 = V_{CC} - 5\%$; Maximum condition: 100°C; $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC} - 5\%$, $V_1 = V_{CC} - 5\%$; in which V_1 refers to the input voltage at the I/O pin.

Hot-Socketing

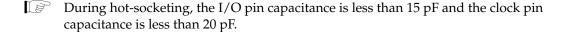
Table 1–13 lists the hot-socketing specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–13. Hot-Socketing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Maximum
I _{IOPIN(DC)}	DC current per I/O pin	300 μΑ
I _{IOPIN(AC)}	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA (1)
I _{XCVRTX(DC)}	DC current per transceiver TX pin	100 mA
I _{XCVRRX(DC)}	DC current per transceiver RX pin	50 mA

Note to Table 1-13:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|IIOPIN| = C \frac{dv}{dt}$, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.



Schmitt Trigger Input

Cyclone IV devices support Schmitt trigger input on the TDI, TMS, TCK, nSTATUS, nCONFIG, nCE, CONF_DONE, and DCLK pins. A Schmitt trigger feature introduces hysteresis to the input signal for improved noise immunity, especially for signals with slow edge rate. Table 1–14 lists the hysteresis specifications across the supported $V_{\rm CCIO}$ range for Schmitt trigger inputs in Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–14. Hysteresis Specifications for Schmitt Trigger Input in Cyclone IV Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions (V)	Minimum	Unit
V _{SCHMITT}		$V_{CCIO} = 3.3$	200	mV
	Hysteresis for Schmitt trigger	V _{CCIO} = 2.5	200	mV
	input	V _{CCIO} = 1.8	140	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 1.5	110	mV

I/O Standard Specifications

The following tables list input voltage sensitivities (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}), for various I/O standards supported by Cyclone IV devices. Table 1–15 through Table 1–20 provide the I/O standard specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–15. Single-Ended I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2)

I/O Ctondovd		V _{CCIO} (V)	V	_{IL} (V)	V	/ _{IH} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL}	I _{OH}
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	(mA) <i>(4)</i>	(mA) (4)
3.3-V LVTTL (3)	3.135	3.3	3.465	_	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.45	2.4	4	-4
3.3-V LVCMOS (3)	3.135	3.3	3.465	_	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	2	-2
3.0-V LVTTL (3)	2.85	3.0	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	2.4	4	-4
3.0-V LVCMOS (3)	2.85	3.0	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V ⁽³⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.4	2.0	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 x V _{CCIO}	0.65 x V _{CCIO}	2.25	0.45	V _{CCIO} – 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 x V _{CCIO}	0.65 x V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 x V _{CCIO}	0.75 x V _{CCIO}	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 x V _{CCIO}	0.65 x V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 x V _{CCIO}	0.75 x V _{CCIO}	2	-2
3.0-V PCI	2.85	3.0	3.15	_	0.3 x V _{CCIO}	0.5 x V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.1 x V _{CCIO}	0.9 x V _{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5
3.0-V PCI-X	2.85	3.0	3.15	_	0.35 x V _{CCIO}	0.5 x V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.1 x V _{CCIO}	0.9 x V _{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5

Notes to Table 1-15:

- (1) For voltage-referenced receiver input waveform and explanation of terms used in Table 1-15, refer to "Glossary" on page 1-37.
- (2) AC load CL = 10 pF
- (3) For more information about interfacing Cyclone IV devices with 3.3/3.0/2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS I/O standards, refer to AN 447: Interfacing Cyclone III and Cyclone IV Devices with 3.3/3.0/2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS I/O Systems.
- (4) To meet the loL and loH specifications, you must set the current strength settings accordingly. For example, to meet the 3.3-V LVTTL specification (4 mA), set the current strength settings to 4 mA or higher. Setting at lower current strength may not meet the loL and loH specifications in the handbook.

For more information about receiver input and transmitter output waveforms, and for other differential I/O standards, refer to the I/O Features in Cyclone IV Devices chapter.

Table 1–18. Differential SSTL I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{Swing(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{Swi}	ng(AC) /)	V _{OX(AC)} (V)		
	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.36	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.2	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.7	V _{CCI}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.125	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.125
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.7	1.8	1.90	0.25	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.175	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCI}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.125	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.125

Note to Table 1-18:

Table 1–19. Differential HSTL I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

I/O Standard	V	V _{CCIO} (V)			_{DC)} (V)	V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Mi n	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.85		0.95	0.85	_	0.95	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	_	0.71		0.79	0.71	_	0.79	0.4	_
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO}	0.48 x V _{CCIO}		0.52 x V _{CCIO}	0.48 x V _{CCIO}		0.52 x V _{CCIO}	0.3	0.48 x V _{CCIO}

Note to Table 1-19:

Table 1–20. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1) (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{ID} (mV)		V _{ICM} (V) ⁽²⁾			V _{OD} (mV) ⁽³⁾			V _{0S} (V) ⁽³⁾		
i/O Stanuaru	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
L) (DEOL						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \; Mbps$	1.80						
LVPECL (Row I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; \text{Mbps} \leq D_{\text{MAX}} \\ \leq 700 \; \text{Mbps} \end{array}$	1.80	_	_	_	_	_	_
						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						
IV/DEQL						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \text{ Mbps}$	1.80						
LVPECL (Column I/Os) (6)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; \text{Mbps} \leq D_{\text{MAX}} \\ \leq 700 \; \text{Mbps} \end{array}$	1.80	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,00)						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						
						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \; Mbps$	1.80						
LVDS (Row I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; \text{Mbps} \leq D_{\text{MAX}} \\ \leq \; 700 \; \text{Mbps} \end{array}$	1.80	247	_	600	1.125	1.25	1.375
						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						

⁽¹⁾ Differential SSTL requires a V_{REF} input.

⁽¹⁾ Differential HSTL requires a V_{REF} input.

Table 1–20. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1) (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V))	V _{ID} (mV)		V _{ICM} (V) ⁽²⁾		Vo	_D (mV)	(3)	1	ا V _{os} (V)	3)
i/U Stanuaru	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
LVDS						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \text{ Mbps}$	1.80						
(Column I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; Mbps \leq D_{MAX} \\ \leq \; 700 \; Mbps \end{array}$	1.80	247	_	600	1.125	1.25	1.375
1,00)						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						
BLVDS (Row I/Os) (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100		_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
BLVDS (Column I/Os) (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100		_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
mini-LVDS (Row I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_	_	_	300	_	600	1.0	1.2	1.4
mini-LVDS (Column I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_		_	_	300	_	600	1.0	1.2	1.4
RSDS® (Row I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	_		_	_	_	100	200	600	0.5	1.2	1.5
RSDS (Column I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	_			_		100	200	600	0.5	1.2	1.5
PPDS (Row I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_	_	_	100	200	600	0.5	1.2	1.4
PPDS (Column I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_	_	_	100	200	600	0.5	1.2	1.4

Notes to Table 1-20:

- (1) For an explanation of terms used in Table 1–20, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.
- (2) V_{IN} range: $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 1.85 \text{ V}$.
- (3) $R_L \text{ range: } 90 \leq R_L \leq 110 \ \Omega$.
- (4) There are no fixed V_{IN} , V_{OD} , and V_{OS} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (5) The Mini-LVDS, RSDS, and PPDS standards are only supported at the output pins.
- (6) The LVPECL I/O standard is only supported on dedicated clock input pins. This I/O standard is not supported for output pins.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

Table 1–21 lists the Cyclone IV GX transceiver specifications.

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 1 of 4)

Symbol/	Oouditions.		C6			C7, I7					
Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards		1.2 V F	PCML, 1.5	V PCML, 3.	3 V PCN	1L, Differe	ntial LVPE	CL, LVD	S, HCSL		
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	_	50	_	156.25	50	_	156.25	50	_	156.25	MHz
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	Physical interface for PCI Express (PIPE) mode	30	_	33	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PIPE mode	_	0 to -0.5%	_	_	0 to -0.5%	_	_	0 to -0.5%	_	_
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	0.1	_	1.6	0.1	_	1.6	0.1	_	1.6	V
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	_		1100 ± 5	5%		1100 ± 5%	%		1100 ± 5	%	mV
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (1)	Frequency offset	_	_	-123	_	_	-123	_	_	-123	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Total Jitter (1)	= 1 MHz – 8 MHZ	_	_	42.3	_	_	42.3	_	_	42.3	ps
R _{ref}	_	_	2000 ± 1%	_	_	2000 ± 1%	_	_	2000 ± 1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clock											
cal_blk_clk clock frequency	_	10	_	125	10	_	125	10	_	125	MHz
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	125	_	_	125	_	_	125	_	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfiguration clock frequency	2.5/ 37.5 <i>(2)</i>	_	50	2.5/ 37.5 (2)	_	50	2.5/ 37.5 (2)	_	50	MHz
Delta time between reconfig_clk	_	_	_	2	_	_	2	_	_	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down pulse width	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	μs

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 3 of 4)

Symbol/	0 1111		C6			C7, I7			C8		11-14
Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Signal detect/loss threshold	PIPE mode	65	_	175	65	_	175	65	_	175	mV
t _{LTR} (10)	_	_	_	75	_	_	75	_	_	75	μs
t _{LTR-LTD_Manual} (11)	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	μs
t _{LTD} (12)	_	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	ns
t _{LTD_Manual} (13)	_		_	4000	_		4000	_		4000	ns
t _{LTD_Auto} (14)	_		_	4000	_		4000	_		4000	ns
Receiver buffer and CDR offset cancellation time (per channel)	_		_	17000	_	_	17000	_	_	17000	recon fig_c lk cycles
	DC Gain Setting = 0	_	0	_	_	0	_	_	0	_	dB
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 1	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	3	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	_	6	_	_	6	_	_	6	_	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	1.5 V PCML										
Data rate (F324 and smaller package)	_	600	_	2500	600	_	2500	600	_	2500	Mbps
Data rate (F484 and larger package)	_	600	_	3125	600	_	3125	600	_	2500	Mbps
V _{OCM}	0.65 V setting	_	650	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
Differential on-chip	100–Ω setting	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
termination resistors	150– Ω setting	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PIPE, CPRI LV, Serial Rapid I/O SR, SDI, XAUI, SATA					Complian	į			,	_
Rise time	_	50	_	200	50	_	200	50	_	200	ps
Fall time	_	50	_	200	50	_	200	50	_	200	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	_	_	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block skew	_	_	_	120	_	_	120	_	_	120	ps

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 4 of 4)

Symbol/	Conditions		C6		C7, I7			C8			Unit
Description	Collultions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
PLD-Transceiver Inte	rface										
Interface speed (F324 and smaller package)	_	25	_	125	25	_	125	25	_	125	MHz
Interface speed (F484 and larger package)	_	25	_	156.25	25	_	156.25	25	_	156.25	MHz
Digital reset pulse width	_	Minimum is 2 parallel clock cycles									

Notes to Table 1-21:

- (1) This specification is valid for transmitter output jitter specification with a maximum total jitter value of 112 ps, typically for 3.125 Gbps SRIO and XAUI protocols.
- (2) The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 2.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Transmitter Only** mode. The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 37.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Receiver Only** or **Receiver and Transmitter** mode.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The rate matcher supports only up to ±300 parts per million (ppm).
- (5) Supported for the F169 and F324 device packages only.
- (6) Supported for the F484, F672, and F896 device packages only. Pending device characterization.
- (7) To support CDR ppm tolerance greater than ±300 ppm, implement ppm detector in user logic and configure CDR to Manual Lock Mode.
- (8) Asynchronous spread-spectrum clocking is not supported.
- (9) For the EP4CGX30 (F484 package only), EP4CGX50, and EP4CGX75 devices, the CDR ppl tolerance is ±200 ppm.
- (10) Time taken until pll locked goes high after pll powerdown deasserts.
- (11) Time that the CDR must be kept in lock-to-reference mode after rx analogreset deasserts and before rx locktodata is asserted in manual mode.
- (12) Time taken to recover valid data after the rx_locktodata signal is asserted in manual mode (Figure 1–2), or after rx_freqlocked signal goes high in automatic mode (Figure 1–3).
- (13) Time taken to recover valid data after the $rx_locktodata$ signal is asserted in manual mode.
- (14) Time taken to recover valid data after the $rx_freqlocked$ signal goes high in automatic mode.
- (15) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Figure 1–2 shows the lock time parameters in manual mode.

LTD = lock-to-data. LTR = lock-to-reference.

Figure 1–2. Lock Time Parameters for Manual Mode

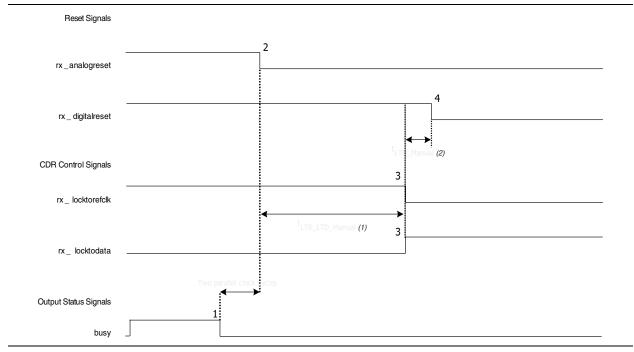


Figure 1–3 shows the lock time parameters in automatic mode.

Figure 1-3. Lock Time Parameters for Automatic Mode

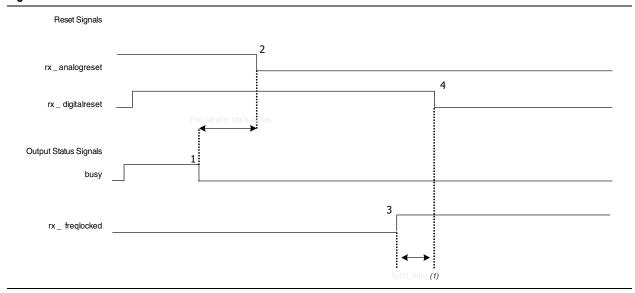


Figure 1–4 shows the differential receiver input waveform.

Figure 1-4. Receiver Input Waveform

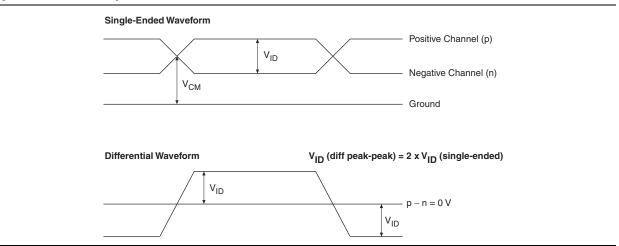


Figure 1–5 shows the transmitter output waveform.

Figure 1-5. Transmitter Output Waveform

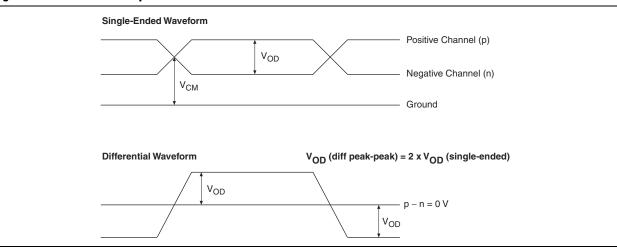


Table 1–22 lists the typical V_{OD} for Tx term that equals 100 Ω .

Table 1–22. Typical V_{OD} Setting, Tx Term = 100 Ω

Cumbal		V _{OD} Setting (mV)										
Symbol	1	2	3	4 (1)	5	6						
V _{OD} differential peak to peak typical (mV)	400	600	800	900	1000	1200						

Note to Table 1-22:

(1) This setting is required for compliance with the PCle protocol.

Table 1–23 lists the Cyclone IV GX transceiver block AC specifications.

Table 1–23. Transceiver Block AC Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (1), (2)

Symbol/	Conditions		C6		C7, I7			C8			Unit
Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
PCIe Transmit Jitter Gene	ration ⁽³⁾										
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	_	_	0.25	_	_	0.25	_	_	0.25	UI
PCIe Receiver Jitter Toler	ance ⁽³⁾										
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern		> 0.6	;		> 0.6	i		> 0.6	;	UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Gene	ration ⁽⁴⁾										
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	_	_	0.14	_	_	0.14	_	_	0.14	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	_	_	0.279	_	_	0.279	_	_	0.279	UI
GIGE Receiver Jitter Toler	ance ⁽⁴⁾										
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.4	1		> 0.4			> 0.4		UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66		> 0.66		6	UI	

Notes to Table 1-23:

- (1) Dedicated refclk pins were used to drive the input reference clocks.
- (2) The jitter numbers specified are valid for the stated conditions only.
- (3) The jitter numbers for PIPE are compliant to the PCle Base Specification 2.0.
- (4) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.

Core Performance Specifications

The following sections describe the clock tree specifications, PLLs, embedded multiplier, memory block, and configuration specifications for Cyclone IV Devices.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 1–24 lists the clock tree specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–24. Clock Tree Performance for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Davisa	Performance												
Device	C6	C7	C8	C8L (1)	C9L (1)	17	I8L ⁽¹⁾	A7	Unit				
EP4CE6	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz				
EP4CE10	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz				
EP4CE15	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz				
EP4CE22	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz				
EP4CE30	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz				
EP4CE40	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz				

Embedded Multiplier Specifications

Table 1–26 lists the embedded multiplier specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–26. Embedded Multiplier Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Mode	Resources Used			llmit			
Mode	Number of Multipliers	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	Unit
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	340	300	260	240	175	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	287	250	200	185	135	MHz

Memory Block Specifications

Table 1–27 lists the M9K memory block specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-27. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

		Resou	rces Used	Performance					
Memory	Mode	LEs	M9K Memory	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	Unit
	FIFO 256 × 36	47	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
M9K Block	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
INISK DIOCK	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz

Configuration and JTAG Specifications

Table 1–28 lists the configuration mode specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–28. Passive Configuration Mode Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Programming Mode	V _{CCINT} Voltage Level (V)	DCLK f _{max}	Unit	
Passive Serial (PS)	1.0 <i>(3)</i>	66	MHz	
rassive serial (FS)	1.2	133	MHz	
Fast Passive Parallel (FPP) (2)	1.0 ⁽³⁾	66	MHz	
Tast rassive ratallel (FFF) 1-7	1.2 (4)	100	MHz	

Notes to Table 1-28:

- (1) For more information about PS and FPP configuration timing parameters, refer to the *Configuration and Remote System Upgrades in Cyclone IV Devices* chapter.
- (2) FPP configuration mode supports all Cyclone IV E devices (except for E144 package devices) and EP4CGX50, EP4CGX75, EP4CGX110, and EP4CGX150 only.
- (3) $V_{CCINT} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ is only supported for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices.
- (4) Cyclone IV E devices support 1.2 V V_{CCINT}. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices support 133 MHz DCLK f_{MAX} for EP4CE6, EP4CE10, EP4CE15, EP4CE22, EP4CE30, and EP4CE40 only.



For more information about the supported maximum clock rate, device and pin planning, IP implementation, and device termination, refer to *Section III: System Performance Specifications* of the *External Memory Interface Handbook*.

Table 1–37 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–37. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Clock period jitter	t _{JIT(per)}	-125	125	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t _{JIT(cc)}	-200	200	ps
Duty cycle jitter	t _{JIT(duty)}	-150	150	ps

Notes to Table 1-37:

- Memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2 standard.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a global clock (GCLK) network.

Duty Cycle Distortion Specifications

Table 1–38 lists the worst case duty cycle distortion for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–38. Duty Cycle Distortion on Cyclone IV Devices I/O Pins (1), (2), (3)

Symbol	C	6	C7	, 1 7	C8, I8L, A7		C9L		llmit
Syllibul	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Notes to Table 1-38:

- (1) The duty cycle distortion specification applies to clock outputs from the PLLs, global clock tree, and IOE driving the dedicated and general purpose I/O pins.
- (2) Cyclone IV devices meet the specified duty cycle distortion at the maximum output toggle rate for each combination of I/O standard and current strength.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

OCT Calibration Timing Specification

Table 1–39 lists the duration of calibration for series OCT with calibration at device power-up for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–39. Timing Specification for Series OCT with Calibration at Device Power-Up for Cyclone IV Devices $^{(1)}$

Symbol	Description	Maximum	Units
t _{OCTCAL}	Duration of series OCT with calibration at device power-up	20	μs

Note to Table 1-39:

(1) OCT calibration takes place after device configuration and before entering user mode.

Table 1–44 and Table 1–45 list the IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV GX devices.

Table 1–44. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Cyclone IV GX Devices (1), (2)

		Number		Max Offset						
Parameter	Paths Afforded	of	Min Offset	Fast Corner		Slow Corner				Unit
Amoutou		Settings		C6	17	C6	C 7	C8	17	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.313	1.209	2.184	2.336	2.451	2.387	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.312	1.208	2.200	2.399	2.554	2.446	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.438	0.404	0.751	0.825	0.886	0.839	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.713	0.682	1.228	1.41	1.566	1.424	ns

Notes to Table 1-44:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For exact values of each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting 0 as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1-45. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Cyclone IV GX Devices (1), (2)

		Number		Max Offset						
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fast Corner		Slow Corner				Unit
		Settings		C6	17	C6	C 7	C8	17	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.314	1.210	2.209	2.398	2.526	2.443	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.313	1.208	2.205	2.406	2.563	2.450	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.461	0.421	0.789	0.869	0.933	0.884	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.712	0.682	1.225	1.407	1.562	1.421	ns

Notes to Table 1-45:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For exact values of each setting, use the latest version of Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting 0 as available in the Quartus II software

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 2 of 5)

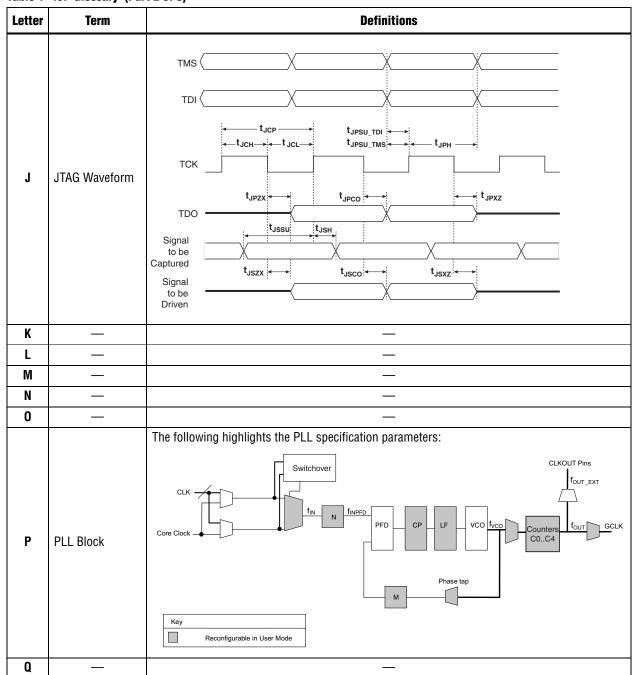


Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 3 of 5)

Letter	Term	Definitions								
	R_L	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to Cyclone IV devices).								
		Receiver input waveform for LVDS and LVPECL differential standards: Single-Ended Waveform								
		Positive Channel (p) = V _{IH}								
		Negative Channel (n) = V _{IL}								
R	Receiver Input Waveform	Ground								
		Differential Waveform (Mathematical Function of Positive & Negative Channel)								
		V _{ID} 0 V								
		V _{ID} p-n								
	Receiver input skew margin (RSKM)	High-speed I/O block: The total margin left after accounting for the sampling window and TCCS. RSKM = (TUI – SW – TCCS) / 2.								
		V _{CGIO}								
		V _{IH(DC)}								
		V_{REF} $V_{IL(DC)}$								
	Single-ended voltage- referenced I/O Standard	Vil(AC)								
S		$\overline{V_{ ext{OL}}}$								
		The JEDEC standard for SSTI and HSTL I/O standards defines both the AC and DC input signal values. The AC values indicate the voltage levels at which the receiver must meet its timing specifications. The DC values indicate the voltage levels at which the final logic state of the receiver is unambiguously defined. After the receiver input crosses the AC value, the receiver changes to the new logic state. The new logic state is then maintained as long as the input stays beyond the DC threshold. This approach is intended to provide predictable receiver timing in the presence of input waveform <i>ringing</i> .								
	SW (Sampling Window)	High-speed I/O block: The period of time during which the data must be valid to capture it correctly. The setup and hold times determine the ideal strobe position in the sampling window								

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 4 of 5)

ter	Term	Definitions							
	t _C	High-speed receiver and transmitter input and output clock period.							
	Channel-to- channel-skew (TCCS)	High-speed I/O block: The timing difference between the fastest and slowest output edges, including t_{CO} variation and clock skew. The clock is included in the TCCS measurement.							
	t _{cin}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O input register.							
	t _{co}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O output.							
	t _{cout}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O output register.							
	t _{DUTY}	High-speed I/O block: Duty cycle on high-speed transmitter output clock.							
	t _{FALL}	Signal high-to-low transition time (80–20%).							
	t _H	Input register hold time.							
	Timing Unit Interval (TUI)	High-speed I/O block: The timing budget allowed for skew, propagation delays, and data sampling window. (TUI = $1/(Receiver\ Input\ Clock\ Frequency\ Multiplication\ Factor) = t_C/w)$.							
	t _{INJITTER}	Period jitter on the PLL clock input.							
	t _{OUTJITTER_DEDCLK}	Period jitter on the dedicated clock output driven by a PLL.							
	t _{OUTJITTER_IO}	Period jitter on the general purpose I/O driven by a PLL.							
	t _{pllcin}	Delay from the PLL inclk pad to the I/O input register.							
-	t _{pllcout}	Delay from the PLL inclk pad to the I/O output register.							
	Transmitter Output Waveform	Transmitter output waveforms for the LVDS, mini-LVDS, PPDS and RSDS Differential I/O Standards: Single-Ended Waveform Positive Channel (p) = V _{OH} Negative Channel (n) = V _{OL} Ground Differential Waveform (Mathematical Function of Positive & Negative Channel) V _{OD} 0 V p - n							
	t _{RISE}	Signal low-to-high transition time (20–80%).							
	t _{SU}	Input register setup time.							
J	_	_							

Document Revision History

Table 1–47 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 1–47. Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes				
March 2016	2.0	Updated note (5) in Table 1–21 to remove support for the N148 package.				
October 2014	1.0	Updated maximum value for V _{CCD_PLL} in Table 1–1.				
October 2014 1.9		Removed extended temperature note in Table 1–3.				
December 2013	1.8	Updated Table 1–21 by adding Note (15).				
May 2013	1.7	Updated Table 1–15 by adding Note (4).				
		■ Updated the maximum value for V _I , V _{CCD_PLL} , V _{CCIO} , V _{CC_CLKIN} , V _{CCH_GXB} , and V _{CCA_GXB} Table 1–1.				
		■ Updated Table 1–11 and Table 1–22.				
October 2012	1.6	 Updated Table 1–21 to include peak-to-peak differential input voltage for the Cyclone IV GX transceiver input reference clock. 				
		■ Updated Table 1–29 to include the typical DCLK value.				
		■ Updated the minimum f _{HSCLK} value in Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, and Table 1–35.				
		 Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot or Undershoot Voltage", "Operating Conditions", and "PLL Specifications" sections. 				
November 2011	1.5	■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–5, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–15, Table 1–18, Table 1–19, and Table 1–21.				
		■ Updated Figure 1–1.				
		■ Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.1 release.				
December 2010	1.4	■ Updated Table 1–21 and Table 1–25.				
		■ Minor text edits.				
		Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.0 release:				
		■ Updated Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–21, Table 1–25, Table 1–28, Table 1–30, Table 1–40, Table 1–41, Table 1–42, Table 1–43, Table 1–44, and Table 1–45.				
July 2010	1.3	■ Updated Figure 1–2 and Figure 1–3.				
		 Removed SW Requirement and TCCS for Cyclone IV Devices tables. 				
		■ Minor text edits.				
		Updated to include automotive devices:				
		Updated the "Operating Conditions" and "PLL Specifications" sections.				
March 2010	Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, Table 1–35, Tab	■ Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–21, Table 1–26, Table 1–27, Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–35, Table 1–36, Table 1–37, Table 1–38, Table 1–40, Table 1–42, and Table 1–43.				
		■ Added Table 1–5 to include ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os.				
		 Added Table 1–44 and Table 1–45 to include IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices. 				
		Minor text edits.				