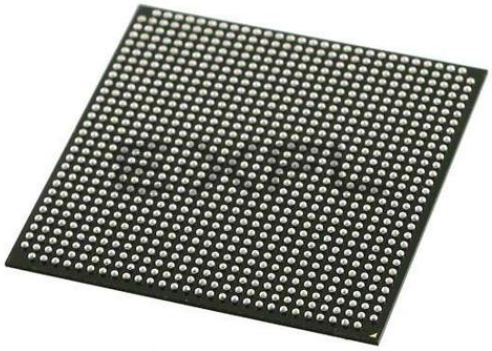

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The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	9360
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	149760
Total RAM Bits	6635520
Number of I/O	475
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.16V ~ 1.24V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	896-BGA
Supplier Device Package	896-FBGA (31x31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep4cgx150df31i7n

Cyclone IV E industrial devices I7 are offered with extended operating temperature range.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings define the maximum operating conditions for Cyclone IV devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the device and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms. The functional operation of the device is not implied at these conditions. Table 1–1 lists the absolute maximum ratings for Cyclone IV devices.

CAUTION

Conditions beyond those listed in Table 1–1 cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time have adverse effects on the device.

Table 1–1. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Cyclone IV Devices *(1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CCINT}	Core voltage, PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP block, and transceiver physical coding sublayer (PCS) power supply	–0.5	1.8	V
V_{CCA}	Phase-locked loop (PLL) analog power supply	–0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCD_PLL}	PLL digital power supply	–0.5	1.8	V
V_{CCIO}	I/O banks power supply	–0.5	3.75	V
V_{CC_CLKIN}	Differential clock input pins power supply	–0.5	4.5	V
V_{CCH_GXB}	Transceiver output buffer power supply	–0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCA_GXB}	Transceiver physical medium attachment (PMA) and auxiliary power supply	–0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCL_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	–0.5	1.8	V
V_I	DC input voltage	–0.5	4.2	V
I_{OUT}	DC output current, per pin	–25	40	mA
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	–65	150	°C
T_J	Operating junction temperature	–40	125	°C

Note to Table 1–1:

(1) Supply voltage specifications apply to voltage readings taken at the device pins with respect to ground, not at the power supply.

Maximum Allowed Overshoot or Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 1–2 and undershoot to –2.0 V for a magnitude of currents less than 100 mA and for periods shorter than 20 ns. Table 1–2 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage over the lifetime of the device. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high-time over the lifetime of the device.

Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operation limits for AC and DC parameters for Cyclone IV devices. Table 1–3 and Table 1–4 list the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Cyclone IV E and Cyclone IV GX devices. All supplies must be strictly monotonic without plateaus.

Table 1–3. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV E Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{CCINT} (3)	Supply voltage for internal logic, 1.2-V operation	—	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
	Supply voltage for internal logic, 1.0-V operation	—	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
V_{CCIO} (3), (4)	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.3-V operation	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.0-V operation	—	2.85	3	3.15	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 2.5-V operation	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.8-V operation	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.5-V operation	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.2-V operation	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V_{CCA} (3)	Supply (analog) voltage for PLL regulator	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCD_PLL} (3)	Supply (digital) voltage for PLL, 1.2-V operation	—	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
	Supply (digital) voltage for PLL, 1.0-V operation	—	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
V_I	Input voltage	—	–0.5	—	3.6	V
V_O	Output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	For commercial use	0	—	85	°C
		For industrial use	–40	—	100	°C
		For extended temperature	–40	—	125	°C
		For automotive use	–40	—	125	°C
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard power-on reset (POR) (5)	50 µs	—	50 ms	—
		Fast POR (6)	50 µs	—	3 ms	—

Table 1–4. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{CCA_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCL_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	—	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V_I	DC input voltage	—	–0.5	—	3.6	V
V_O	DC output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	For commercial use	0	—	85	°C
		For industrial use	–40	—	100	°C
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard power-on reset (POR) *(7)*	50 µs	—	50 ms	—
		Fast POR *(8)*	50 µs	—	3 ms	—
I_{Diode}	Magnitude of DC current across PCI-clamp diode when enabled	—	—	—	10	mA

Notes to Table 1–4:

(1) All VCCA pins must be powered to 2.5 V (even when PLLs are not used) and must be powered up and powered down at the same time.

(2) You must connect V_{CCD_PLL} to V_{CCINT} through a decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.

(3) Power supplies must rise monotonically.

(4) V_{CCIO} for all I/O banks must be powered up during device operation. Configurations pins are powered up by V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 where I/O Banks 3 and 9 only support V_{CCIO} of 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, and 3.3 V. For fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration mode, the V_{CCIO} level of I/O Bank 8 must be powered up to 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, and 3.3 V.

(5) You must set V_{CC_CLKIN} to 2.5 V if you use CLKIN as a high-speed serial interface (HSSI) refclk or as a DIFFCLK input.

(6) The CLKIN pins in I/O Banks 3B and 8B can support single-ended I/O standard when the pins are used to clock left PLLs in non-transceiver applications.

(7) The POR time for Standard POR ranges between 50 and 200 ms. V_{CCINT}, V_{CCA}, and V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 must reach the recommended operating range within 50 ms.

(8) The POR time for Fast POR ranges between 3 and 9 ms. V_{CCINT}, V_{CCA}, and V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 must reach the recommended operating range within 3 ms.

ESD Performance

This section lists the electrostatic discharge (ESD) voltages using the human body model (HBM) and charged device model (CDM) for Cyclone IV devices general purpose I/Os (GPIOs) and high-speed serial interface (HSSI) I/Os. Table 1–5 lists the ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os.

Table 1–5. ESD for Cyclone IV Devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os

Symbol	Parameter	Passing Voltage	Unit
V_{ESDHBM}	ESD voltage using the HBM (GPIOs) *(1)*	± 2000	V
	ESD using the HBM (HSSI I/Os) *(2)*	± 1000	V
V_{ESDCDM}	ESD using the CDM (GPIOs)	± 500	V
	ESD using the CDM (HSSI I/Os) *(2)*	± 250	V

Notes to Table 1–5:

(1) The passing voltage for EP4CGX15 and EP4CGX30 row I/Os is ±1000V.

(2) This value is applicable only to Cyclone IV GX devices.

DC Characteristics

This section lists the I/O leakage current, pin capacitance, on-chip termination (OCT) tolerance, and bus hold specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Supply Current

The device supply current requirement is the minimum current drawn from the power supply pins that can be used as a reference for power size planning. Use the Excel-based early power estimator (EPE) to get the supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources used. Table 1–6 lists the I/O pin leakage current for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–6. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Cyclone IV Devices *(1), (2)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Device	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin leakage current	V_I = 0 V to $V_{CCIOMAX}$	—	–10	—	10	µA
I_{OZ}	Tristated I/O pin leakage current	V_O = 0 V to $V_{CCIOMAX}$	—	–10	—	10	µA

Notes to Table 1–6:

(1) This value is specified for normal device operation. The value varies during device power-up. This applies for all V_{CCIO} settings (3.3, 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 V).

(2) The 10 µA I/O leakage current limit is applicable when the internal clamping diode is off. A higher current can be observed when the diode is on.

Bus Hold

The bus hold retains the last valid logic state after the source driving it either enters the high impedance state or is removed. Each I/O pin has an option to enable bus hold in user mode. Bus hold is always disabled in configuration mode.

Table 1–7 lists bus hold specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–7. Bus Hold Parameter for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 1 of 2) *(1)*

Parameter	Condition	V_{CCIO} (V)												Unit
		1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus hold low, sustaining current	$V_{IN} > V_{IL}$ (maximum)	8	—	12	—	30	—	50	—	70	—	70	—	µA
Bus hold high, sustaining current	$V_{IN} < V_{IL}$ (minimum)	–8	—	–12	—	–30	—	–50	—	–70	—	–70	—	µA
Bus hold low, overdrive current	0 V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}	—	125	—	175	—	200	—	300	—	500	—	500	µA
Bus hold high, overdrive current	0 V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}	—	–125	—	–175	—	–200	—	–300	—	–500	—	–500	µA

Example 1–1 shows how to calculate the change of 50-Ω I/O impedance from 25°C at 3.0 V to 85°C at 3.15 V.

Example 1–1. Impedance Change

$\Delta R_V = (3.15 – 3) \times 1000 \times –0.026 = –3.83$

$\Delta R_T = (85 – 25) \times 0.262 = 15.72$

Because ΔR_V is negative,

$MF_V = 1 / (3.83/100 + 1) = 0.963$

Because ΔR_T is positive,

$MF_T = 15.72/100 + 1 = 1.157$

$MF = 0.963 \times 1.157 = 1.114$

$R_{final} = 50 \times 1.114 = 55.71\ \Omega$

Pin Capacitance

Table 1–11 lists the pin capacitance for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–11. Pin Capacitance for Cyclone IV Devices *(1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Typical – Quad Flat Pack (QFP)	Typical – Quad Flat No Leads (QFN)	Typical – Ball-Grid Array (BGA)	Unit
C_{IOTB}	Input capacitance on top and bottom I/O pins	7	7	6	pF
C_{IOLR}	Input capacitance on right I/O pins	7	7	5	pF
C_{LVDSLR}	Input capacitance on right I/O pins with dedicated LVDS output	8	8	7	pF
C_{VREFLR} *(2)*	Input capacitance on right dual-purpose VREF pin when used as V_{REF} or user I/O pin	21	21	21	pF
C_{VREFTB} *(2)*	Input capacitance on top and bottom dual-purpose VREF pin when used as V_{REF} or user I/O pin	23 *(3)*	23	23	pF
C_{CLKTB}	Input capacitance on top and bottom dedicated clock input pins	7	7	6	pF
C_{CLKLR}	Input capacitance on right dedicated clock input pins	6	6	5	pF

Notes to Table 1–11:

(1) The pin capacitance applies to FBGA, UBGA, and MBGA packages.

(2) When you use the VREF pin as a regular input or output, you can expect a reduced performance of toggle rate and t_{CO} because of higher pin capacitance.

(3) C_{VREFTB} for the EP4CE22 device is 30 pF.

Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistor

Table 1–12 lists the weak pull-up and pull-down resistor values for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–12. Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistor Values for Cyclone IV Devices *(1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$R_{\_PU}$	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable pull-up resistor option	V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V ± 5% *(2), (3)*	7	25	41	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 3.0 V ± 5% *(2), (3)*	7	28	47	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V ± 5% *(2), (3)*	8	35	61	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 1.8 V ± 5% *(2), (3)*	10	57	108	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 1.5 V ± 5% *(2), (3)*	13	82	163	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 1.2 V ± 5% *(2), (3)*	19	143	351	kΩ
$R_{\_PD}$	Value of the I/O pin pull-down resistor before and during configuration	V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V ± 5% *(4)*	6	19	30	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 3.0 V ± 5% *(4)*	6	22	36	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V ± 5% *(4)*	6	25	43	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 1.8 V ± 5% *(4)*	7	35	71	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 1.5 V ± 5% *(4)*	8	50	112	kΩ

Notes to Table 1–12:

(1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins. The weak pull-down feature is only available for JTAG TCK.

(2) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.

(3) $R_{\_PU} = (V_{CCIO} – V_I)/I_{R\_PU}$
Minimum condition: –40°C; $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC}$ + 5%, $V_I = V_{CC}$ + 5% – 50 mV;
Typical condition: 25°C; $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC}$, V_I = 0 V;
Maximum condition: 100°C; $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC}$ – 5%, V_I = 0 V; in which V_I refers to the input voltage at the I/O pin.

(4) $R_{\_PD} = V_I/I_{R\_PD}$
Minimum condition: –40°C; $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC}$ + 5%, V_I = 50 mV;
Typical condition: 25°C; $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC}$, $V_I = V_{CC}$ – 5%;
Maximum condition: 100°C; $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC}$ – 5%, $V_I = V_{CC}$ – 5%; in which V_I refers to the input voltage at the I/O pin.

Hot-Socketing

Table 1–13 lists the hot-socketing specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–13. Hot-Socketing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Maximum
$I_{IOPIN(DC)}$	DC current per I/O pin	300 µA
$I_{IOPIN(AC)}$	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA *(1)*
$I_{XCVRTX(DC)}$	DC current per transceiver TX pin	100 mA
$I_{XCVRRX(DC)}$	DC current per transceiver RX pin	50 mA

Note to Table 1–13:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, |IIOPIN| = C dv/dt, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

☞ During hot-socketing, the I/O pin capacitance is less than 15 pF and the clock pin capacitance is less than 20 pF.

Schmitt Trigger Input

Cyclone IV devices support Schmitt trigger input on the TDI, TMS, TCK, nSTATUS, nCONFIG, nCE, CONF_DONE, and DCLK pins. A Schmitt trigger feature introduces hysteresis to the input signal for improved noise immunity, especially for signals with slow edge rate. Table 1–14 lists the hysteresis specifications across the supported V_{CCIO} range for Schmitt trigger inputs in Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–14. Hysteresis Specifications for Schmitt Trigger Input in Cyclone IV Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions (V)	Minimum	Unit
$V_{SCHMITT}$	Hysteresis for Schmitt trigger input	V_{CCIO} = 3.3	200	mV
		V_{CCIO} = 2.5	200	mV
		V_{CCIO} = 1.8	140	mV
		V_{CCIO} = 1.5	110	mV

I/O Standard Specifications

The following tables list input voltage sensitivities (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}), for various I/O standards supported by Cyclone IV devices. Table 1–15 through Table 1–20 provide the I/O standard specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–15. Single-Ended I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{IL} (V)		V_{IH} (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA) (4)	I_{OH} (mA) (4)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
3.3-V LVTTL (3)	3.135	3.3	3.465	—	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.45	2.4	4	–4
3.3-V LVCMOS (3)	3.135	3.3	3.465	—	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V_{CCIO} – 0.2	2	–2
3.0-V LVTTL (3)	2.85	3.0	3.15	–0.3	0.8	1.7	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	2.4	4	–4
3.0-V LVCMOS (3)	2.85	3.0	3.15	–0.3	0.8	1.7	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.2	V_{CCIO} – 0.2	0.1	–0.1
2.5 V (3)	2.375	2.5	2.625	–0.3	0.7	1.7	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.4	2.0	1	–1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	–0.3	0.35 x V_{CCIO}	0.65 x V_{CCIO}	2.25	0.45	V_{CCIO} – 0.45	2	–2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	–0.3	0.35 x V_{CCIO}	0.65 x V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 x V_{CCIO}	0.75 x V_{CCIO}	2	–2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	–0.3	0.35 x V_{CCIO}	0.65 x V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 x V_{CCIO}	0.75 x V_{CCIO}	2	–2
3.0-V PCI	2.85	3.0	3.15	—	0.3 x V_{CCIO}	0.5 x V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.1 x V_{CCIO}	0.9 x V_{CCIO}	1.5	–0.5
3.0-V PCI-X	2.85	3.0	3.15	—	0.35 x V_{CCIO}	0.5 x V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.1 x V_{CCIO}	0.9 x V_{CCIO}	1.5	–0.5

Notes to Table 1–15:

(1) For voltage-referenced receiver input waveform and explanation of terms used in Table 1–15, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.

(2) AC load CL = 10 pF

(3) For more information about interfacing Cyclone IV devices with 3.3/3.0/2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS I/O standards, refer to *AN 447: Interfacing Cyclone III and Cyclone IV Devices with 3.3/3.0/2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS I/O Systems*.

(4) To meet the I_{OL} and I_{OH} specifications, you must set the current strength settings accordingly. For example, to meet the **3.3-V LVTTL** specification (4 mA), set the current strength settings to 4 mA or higher. Setting at lower current strength may not meet the I_{OL} and I_{OH} specifications in the handbook.

Table 1–16. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices *(1)*

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)			V_{TT} (V) *(2)*		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.19	1.25	1.31	V_{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.833	0.9	0.969	V_{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	0.85	0.9	0.95
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.71	0.75	0.79	0.71	0.75	0.79
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.48 x V_{CCIO} *(3)*	0.5 x V_{CCIO} *(3)*	0.52 x V_{CCIO} *(3)*	—	0.5 x V_{CCIO}	—
				0.47 x V_{CCIO} *(4)*	0.5 x V_{CCIO} *(4)*	0.53 x V_{CCIO} *(4)*			

Notes to Table 1–16:

(1) For an explanation of terms used in Table 1–16, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.
(2) V_{TT} of the transmitting device must track V_{REF} of the receiving device.
(3) Value shown refers to DC input reference voltage, $V_{REF(DC)}$.
(4) Value shown refers to AC input reference voltage, $V_{REF(AC)}$.

Table 1–17. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.18	V_{REF} + 0.18	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.35	V_{REF} + 0.35	—	V_{TT} – 0.57	V_{TT} + 0.57	8.1	–8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.18	V_{REF} + 0.18	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.35	V_{REF} + 0.35	—	V_{TT} – 0.76	V_{TT} + 0.76	16.4	–16.4
SSTL-18 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.25	V_{REF} + 0.25	—	V_{TT} – 0.475	V_{TT} + 0.475	6.7	–6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.25	V_{REF} + 0.25	—	0.28	V_{CCIO} – 0.28	13.4	–13.4
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	8	–8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	16	–16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	8	–8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	16	–16
HSTL-12 Class I	–0.15	V_{REF} – 0.08	V_{REF} + 0.08	V_{CCIO} + 0.15	–0.24	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	V_{CCIO} + 0.24	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	8	–8
HSTL-12 Class II	–0.15	V_{REF} – 0.08	V_{REF} + 0.08	V_{CCIO} + 0.15	–0.24	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	V_{CCIO} + 0.24	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	14	–14

Table 1–20. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1) (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{ID} (mV)		V_{ICM} (V) (2)			V_{OD} (mV) (3)			V_{OS} (V) (3)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
LVDS (Column I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq$ 500 Mbps	1.80	247	—	600	1.125	1.25	1.375
						0.55	500 Mbps $\leq D_{MAX} \leq$ 700 Mbps	1.80						
						1.05	D_{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						
BLVDS (Row I/Os) (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
BLVDS (Column I/Os) (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
mini-LVDS (Row I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—	—	—	300	—	600	1.0	1.2	1.4
mini-LVDS (Column I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—	—	—	300	—	600	1.0	1.2	1.4
RSDS® (Row I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—	—	—	100	200	600	0.5	1.2	1.5
RSDS (Column I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—	—	—	100	200	600	0.5	1.2	1.5
PPDS (Row I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—	—	—	100	200	600	0.5	1.2	1.4
PPDS (Column I/Os) (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—	—	—	100	200	600	0.5	1.2	1.4

Notes to Table 1–20:

(1) For an explanation of terms used in Table 1–20, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.

(2) V_{IN} range: 0 V $\leq V_{IN} \leq$ 1.85 V.

(3) R_L range: 90 $\leq R_L \leq$ 110 Ω.

(4) There are no fixed V_{IN}, V_{OD}, and V_{OS} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.

(5) The Mini-LVDS, RSDS, and PPDS standards are only supported at the output pins.

(6) The LVPECL I/O standard is only supported on dedicated clock input pins. This I/O standard is not supported for output pins.

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 4 of 4)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	C6			C7, I7			C8			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
PLD-Transceiver Interface											
Interface speed (F324 and smaller package)	—	25	—	125	25	—	125	25	—	125	MHz
Interface speed (F484 and larger package)	—	25	—	156.25	25	—	156.25	25	—	156.25	MHz
Digital reset pulse width	—	Minimum is 2 parallel clock cycles									

Notes to Table 1–21:

(1) This specification is valid for transmitter output jitter specification with a maximum total jitter value of 112 ps, typically for 3.125 Gbps SRIO and XAUI protocols.

(2) The minimum `reconfig_clk` frequency is 2.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Transmitter Only** mode. The minimum `reconfig_clk` frequency is 37.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Receiver Only** or **Receiver and Transmitter** mode.

(3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.

(4) The rate matcher supports only up to ±300 parts per million (ppm).

(5) Supported for the F169 and F324 device packages only.

(6) Supported for the F484, F672, and F896 device packages only. Pending device characterization.

(7) To support CDR ppm tolerance greater than ±300 ppm, implement ppm detector in user logic and configure CDR to Manual Lock Mode.

(8) Asynchronous spread-spectrum clocking is not supported.

(9) For the EP4CGX30 (F484 package only), EP4CGX50, and EP4CGX75 devices, the CDR ppl tolerance is ±200 ppm.

(10) Time taken until `pll_locked` goes high after `pll_powerdown` deasserts.

(11) Time that the CDR must be kept in lock-to-reference mode after `rx_analogreset` deasserts and before `rx_locktodata` is asserted in manual mode.

(12) Time taken to recover valid data after the `rx_locktodata` signal is asserted in manual mode (Figure 1–2), or after `rx_freqlocked` signal goes high in automatic mode (Figure 1–3).

(13) Time taken to recover valid data after the `rx_locktodata` signal is asserted in manual mode.

(14) Time taken to recover valid data after the `rx_freqlocked` signal goes high in automatic mode.

(15) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Figure 1–2 shows the lock time parameters in manual mode.

LTD = lock-to-data. LTR = lock-to-reference.

Figure 1–2. Lock Time Parameters for Manual Mode

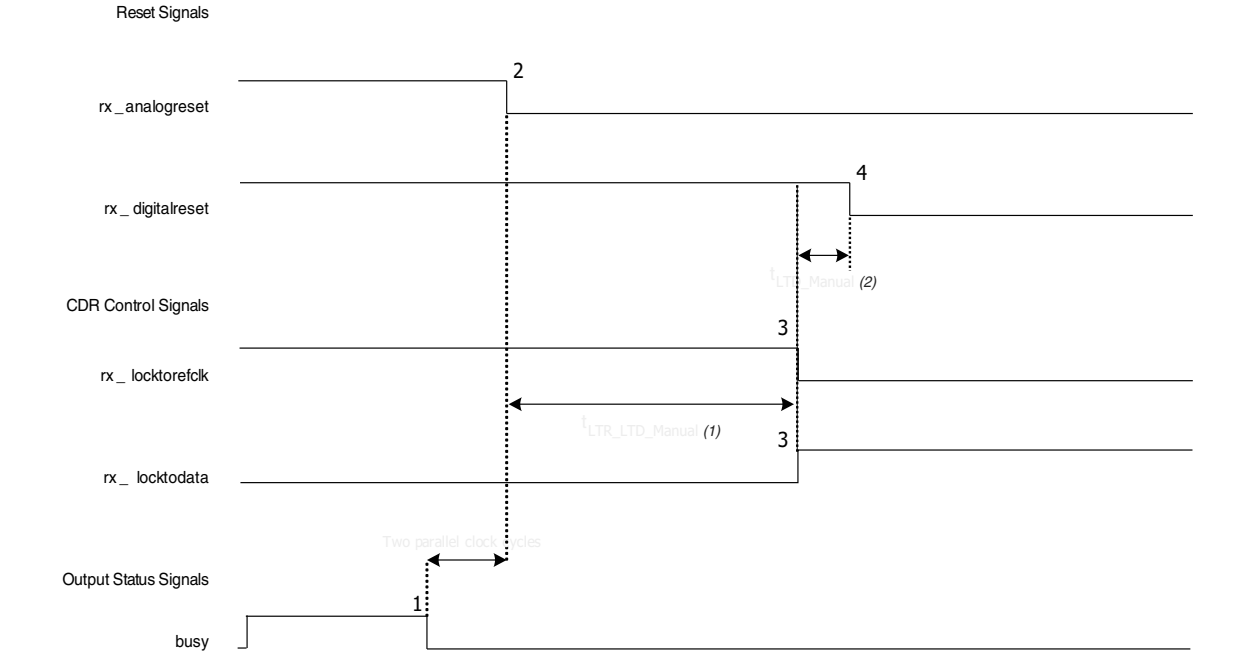

Figure 1–3 shows the lock time parameters in automatic mode.

Figure 1–3. Lock Time Parameters for Automatic Mode

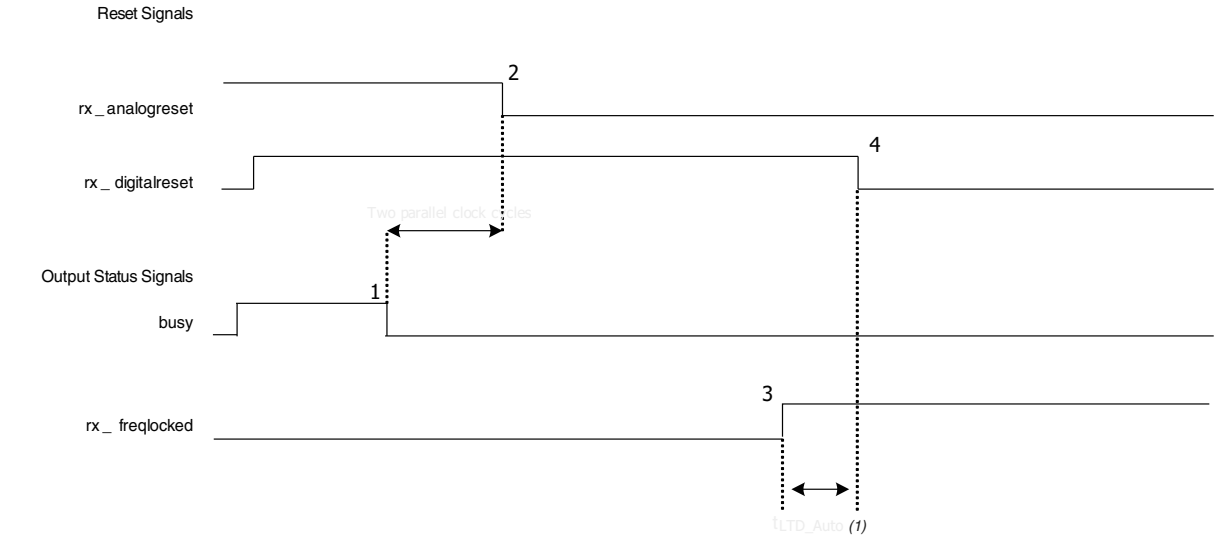

Table 1–23 lists the Cyclone IV GX transceiver block AC specifications.

Table 1–23. Transceiver Block AC Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices *(1), (2)*

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	C6			C7, I7			C8			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation *(3)*											
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
PCIe Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(3)*											
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	> 0.6			> 0.6			> 0.6			UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation *(4)*											
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(4)*											
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI

Notes to Table 1–23:

(1) Dedicated `refclk` pins were used to drive the input reference clocks.
(2) The jitter numbers specified are valid for the stated conditions only.
(3) The jitter numbers for PIPE are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.
(4) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.

Core Performance Specifications

The following sections describe the clock tree specifications, PLLs, embedded multiplier, memory block, and configuration specifications for Cyclone IV Devices.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 1–24 lists the clock tree specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–24. Clock Tree Performance for Cyclone IV Devices ***(Part 1 of 2)***

Device	Performance								Unit
	C6	C7	C8	C8L *(1)*	C9L *(1)*	I7	I8L *(1)*	A7	
EP4CE6	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE10	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE15	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE22	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE30	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE40	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz

Table 1–24. Clock Tree Performance for Cyclone IV Devices *(Part 2 of 2)*

Device	Performance								Unit
	C6	C7	C8	C8L (1)	C9L (1)	I7	I8L (1)	A7	
EP4CE55	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	—	MHz
EP4CE75	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	—	MHz
EP4CE115	—	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	—	MHz
EP4CGX15	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX22	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX30	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX50	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX75	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX110	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz
EP4CGX150	500	437.5	402	—	—	437.5	—	—	MHz

Note to Table 1–24:

(1) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades.

PLL Specifications

Table 1–25 lists the PLL specifications for Cyclone IV devices when operating in the commercial junction temperature range (0°C to 85°C), the industrial junction temperature range (–40°C to 100°C), the extended industrial junction temperature range (–40°C to 125°C), and the automotive junction temperature range (–40°C to 125°C). For more information about the PLL block, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.

Table 1–25. PLL Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN} (3)	Input clock frequency (–6, –7, –8 speed grades)	5	—	472.5	MHz
	Input clock frequency (–8L speed grade)	5	—	362	MHz
	Input clock frequency (–9L speed grade)	5	—	265	MHz
f_{INPFD}	PFD input frequency	5	—	325	MHz
f_{VCO} (4)	PLL internal VCO operating range	600	—	1300	MHz
f_{INDUTY}	Input clock duty cycle	40	—	60	%
$t_{INJITTER\_CCJ}$ (5)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter $F_{REF} \geq 100$ MHz	—	—	0.15	UI
	$F_{REF} < 100$ MHz	—	—	±750	ps
f_{OUT_EXT} (external clock output) (3)	PLL output frequency	—	—	472.5	MHz
f_{OUT} (to global clock)	PLL output frequency (–6 speed grade)	—	—	472.5	MHz
	PLL output frequency (–7 speed grade)	—	—	450	MHz
	PLL output frequency (–8 speed grade)	—	—	402.5	MHz
	PLL output frequency (–8L speed grade)	—	—	362	MHz
	PLL output frequency (–9L speed grade)	—	—	265	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end of device configuration	—	—	1	ms

Embedded Multiplier Specifications

Table 1–26 lists the embedded multiplier specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–26. Embedded Multiplier Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Mode	Resources Used	Performance					Unit
	Number of Multipliers	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	340	300	260	240	175	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	287	250	200	185	135	MHz

Memory Block Specifications

Table 1–27 lists the M9K memory block specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–27. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance					Unit
		LEs	M9K Memory	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	
M9K Block	FIFO 256 × 36	47	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz

Configuration and JTAG Specifications

Table 1–28 lists the configuration mode specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–28. Passive Configuration Mode Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Programming Mode	V_{CCINT} Voltage Level (V)	DCLK f_{MAX}	Unit
Passive Serial (PS)	1.0 (3)	66	MHz
	1.2	133	MHz
Fast Passive Parallel (FPP) (2)	1.0 (3)	66	MHz
	1.2 (4)	100	MHz

Notes to Table 1–28:

(1) For more information about PS and FPP configuration timing parameters, refer to the *Configuration and Remote System Upgrades in Cyclone IV Devices* chapter.

(2) FPP configuration mode supports all Cyclone IV E devices (except for E144 package devices) and EP4CGX50, EP4CGX75, EP4CGX110, and EP4CGX150 only.

(3) V_{CCINT} = 1.0 V is only supported for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices.

(4) Cyclone IV E devices support 1.2 V V_{CCINT}. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices support 133 MHz DCLK f_{MAX} for EP4CE6, EP4CE10, EP4CE15, EP4CE22, EP4CE30, and EP4CE40 only.

For more information about the supported maximum clock rate, device and pin planning, IP implementation, and device termination, refer to *Section III: System Performance Specifications* of the *External Memory Interfaces Handbook*.

Actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specifications

Table 1–31 through Table 1–36 list the high-speed I/O timing for Cyclone IV devices. For definitions of high-speed timing specifications, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.

Table 1–31. RSDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2), (4) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSCLK} (input clock frequency)	×10	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×8	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×7	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×4	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×2	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×1	5	—	360	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	265	MHz
Device operation in Mbps	×10	100	—	360	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	265	Mbps
	×8	80	—	360	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	265	Mbps
	×7	70	—	360	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	265	Mbps
	×4	40	—	360	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	265	Mbps
	×2	20	—	360	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	265	Mbps
	×1	10	—	360	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	265	Mbps
t_{DUTY}	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Transmitter channel-to-channel skew (TCCS)	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	—	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	550	—	—	600	—	—	700	ps
t_{RISE}	20 – 80%, C_{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t_{FALL}	20 – 80%, C_{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps

Table 1–32. Emulated RSDS_E_1R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (3) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t_{LOCK} (2)	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–32:

(1) Emulated RSDS_E_1R transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks of Cyclone IV E devices and I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of Cyclone IV GX devices.

(2) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.

(3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–33. Mini-LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2), (4)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSCLK} (input clock frequency)	×10	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×8	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×7	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×4	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×2	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×1	5	—	400	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	265	MHz
Device operation in Mbps	×10	100	—	400	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	265	Mbps
	×8	80	—	400	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	265	Mbps
	×7	70	—	400	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	265	Mbps
	×4	40	—	400	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	265	Mbps
	×2	20	—	400	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	265	Mbps
	×1	10	—	400	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	265	Mbps
t_{DUTY}	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
TCCS	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	—	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	550	—	—	600	—	—	700	ps
t_{RISE}	20 – 80%, C_{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t_{FALL}	20 – 80%, C_{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t_{LOCK} (3)	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–33:

(1) Applicable for true and emulated mini-LVDS transmitter.

(2) Cyclone IV E—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 1, 2, 5, and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O banks.
Cyclone IV GX—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.

(3) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.

(4) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

For more information about the supported maximum clock rate, device and pin planning, IP implementation, and device termination, refer to *Section III: System Performance Specifications* of the *External Memory Interface Handbook*.

Table 1–37 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–37. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices *(1), (2)*

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	–125	125	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	–200	200	ps
Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	–150	150	ps

Notes to Table 1–37:

(1) Memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2 standard.

(2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a global clock (GCLK) network.

Duty Cycle Distortion Specifications

Table 1–38 lists the worst case duty cycle distortion for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–38. Duty Cycle Distortion on Cyclone IV Devices I/O Pins *(1), (2), (3)*

Symbol	C6		C7, I7		C8, I8L, A7		C9L		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Notes to Table 1–38:

(1) The duty cycle distortion specification applies to clock outputs from the PLLs, global clock tree, and IOE driving the dedicated and general purpose I/O pins.

(2) Cyclone IV devices meet the specified duty cycle distortion at the maximum output toggle rate for each combination of I/O standard and current strength.

(3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

OCT Calibration Timing Specification

Table 1–39 lists the duration of calibration for series OCT with calibration at device power-up for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–39. Timing Specification for Series OCT with Calibration at Device Power-Up for Cyclone IV Devices *(1)*

Symbol	Description	Maximum	Units
t_{OCTCAL}	Duration of series OCT with calibration at device power-up	20	µs

Note to Table 1–39:

(1) OCT calibration takes place after device configuration and before entering user mode.

IOE Programmable Delay

Table 1–40 and Table 1–41 list the IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices.

Table 1–40. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V Core Voltage Devices *(1), (2)*

Parameter	Paths Affected	Number of Setting	Min Offset	Max Offset					Unit
				Fast Corner		Slow Corner			
				C8L	I8L	C8L	C9L	I8L	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	2.054	1.924	3.387	4.017	3.411	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	2.010	1.875	3.341	4.252	3.367	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.641	0.631	1.111	1.377	1.124	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.971	0.931	1.684	2.298	1.684	ns

Notes to Table 1–40:

(1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.

(2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting **0** as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–41. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V Core Voltage Devices *(1), (2)*

Parameter	Paths Affected	Number of Setting	Min Offset	Max Offset					Unit
				Fast Corner		Slow Corner			
				C8L	I8L	C8L	C9L	I8L	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	2.057	1.921	3.389	4.146	3.412	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	2.059	1.919	3.420	4.374	3.441	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.670	0.623	1.160	1.420	1.168	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.960	0.919	1.656	2.258	1.656	ns

Notes to Table 1–41:

(1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.

(2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting **0** as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–44 and Table 1–45 list the IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV GX devices.

Table 1–44. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Cyclone IV GX Devices *(1), (2)*

Parameter	Paths Affected	Number of Settings	Min Offset	Max Offset						Unit
				Fast Corner		Slow Corner				
				C6	I7	C6	C7	C8	I7	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.313	1.209	2.184	2.336	2.451	2.387	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.312	1.208	2.200	2.399	2.554	2.446	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.438	0.404	0.751	0.825	0.886	0.839	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.713	0.682	1.228	1.41	1.566	1.424	ns

Notes to Table 1–44:

(1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For exact values of each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.

(2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting **0** as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–45. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Cyclone IV GX Devices *(1), (2)*

Parameter	Paths Affected	Number of Settings	Min Offset	Max Offset						Unit
				Fast Corner		Slow Corner				
				C6	I7	C6	C7	C8	I7	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.314	1.210	2.209	2.398	2.526	2.443	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.313	1.208	2.205	2.406	2.563	2.450	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.461	0.421	0.789	0.869	0.933	0.884	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.712	0.682	1.225	1.407	1.562	1.421	ns

Notes to Table 1–45:

(1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For exact values of each setting, use the latest version of Quartus II software.

(2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting **0** as available in the Quartus II software

Document Revision History

Table 1–47 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 1–47. Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
March 2016	2.0	Updated note (5) in Table 1–21 to remove support for the N148 package.
October 2014	1.9	Updated maximum value for V_{CCD_PLL} in Table 1–1. Removed extended temperature note in Table 1–3.
December 2013	1.8	Updated Table 1–21 by adding Note (15).
May 2013	1.7	Updated Table 1–15 by adding Note (4).
October 2012	1.6	■ Updated the maximum value for V_I, V_{CCD_PLL}, V_{CCIO}, V_{CC_CLKIN}, V_{CCH_GXB}, and V_{CCA_GXB} Table 1–1. ■ Updated Table 1–11 and Table 1–22. ■ Updated Table 1–21 to include peak-to-peak differential input voltage for the Cyclone IV GX transceiver input reference clock. ■ Updated Table 1–29 to include the typical DCLK value. ■ Updated the minimum f_{HSCLK} value in Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, and Table 1–35.
November 2011	1.5	■ Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot or Undershoot Voltage", "Operating Conditions", and "PLL Specifications" sections. ■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–5, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–15, Table 1–18, Table 1–19, and Table 1–21. ■ Updated Figure 1–1.
December 2010	1.4	■ Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.1 release. ■ Updated Table 1–21 and Table 1–25. ■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.3	Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.0 release: ■ Updated Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–21, Table 1–25, Table 1–28, Table 1–30, Table 1–40, Table 1–41, Table 1–42, Table 1–43, Table 1–44, and Table 1–45. ■ Updated Figure 1–2 and Figure 1–3. ■ Removed SW Requirement and TCCS for Cyclone IV Devices tables. ■ Minor text edits.
March 2010	1.2	Updated to include automotive devices: ■ Updated the "Operating Conditions" and "PLL Specifications" sections. ■ Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–21, Table 1–26, Table 1–27, Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, Table 1–35, Table 1–36, Table 1–37, Table 1–38, Table 1–40, Table 1–42, and Table 1–43. ■ Added Table 1–5 to include ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os. ■ Added Table 1–44 and Table 1–45 to include IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices. ■ Minor text edits.