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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	1840
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	29440
Total RAM Bits	1105920
Number of I/O	150
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.16V ~ 1.24V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	324-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	324-FBGA (19x19)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep4cgx30cf19c8n

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Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Table 1–3. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV E Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{Diode}	Magnitude of DC current across PCI-clamp diode when enable	_	_	_	10	mA

Notes to Table 1-3:

- (1) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades.
- (2) V_{CCIO} for all I/O banks must be powered up during device operation. All VCCA pins must be powered to 2.5 V (even when PLLs are not used) and must be powered up and powered down at the same time.
- (3) V_{CC} must rise monotonically.
- (4) V_{CCIO} powers all input buffers.
- (5) The POR time for Standard POR ranges between 50 and 200 ms. Each individual power supply must reach the recommended operating range within 50 ms.
- (6) The POR time for Fast POR ranges between 3 and 9 ms. Each individual power supply must reach the recommended operating range within 3 ms.

Table 1-4. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{CCINT} (3)	Core voltage, PCIe hard IP block, and transceiver PCS power supply	_	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V _{CCA} (1), (3)	PLL analog power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCD_PLL} (2)	PLL digital power supply	_	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V _{CCIO} (3). (4) Ope I/O ope I/O ope	I/O banks power supply for 3.3-V operation	_	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	I/O banks power supply for 3.0-V operation	_	2.85	3	3.15	V
	I/O banks power supply for 2.5-V operation	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.8-V operation	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.5-V operation	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.2-V operation	_	2.375 2.5 2.625 0 1.16 1.2 1.24 0 3.135 3.3 3.465 0 2.85 3 3.15 0 2.375 2.5 2.625 0 1.71 1.8 1.89 0 1.425 1.5 1.575 0 1.14 1.2 1.26 0 3.135 3.3 3.465 0 2.85 3 3.15 0 2.375 2.5 2.625 0 1.71 1.8 1.89 0 1.425 1.5 1.575 0 1.14 1.2 1.26 0	V		
	transceiver PCS power supply PLL analog power supply I/O banks power supply for 3.3-V operation I/O banks power supply for 3.0-V operation I/O banks power supply for 2.5-V operation I/O banks power supply for 1.8-V operation I/O banks power supply for 1.5-V operation I/O banks power supply for 1.5-V operation I/O banks power supply for 1.2-V operation Differential clock input pins power supply for 3.3-V operation Differential clock input pins power supply for 3.0-V operation Differential clock input pins power supply for 2.5-V operation Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.8-V operation Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.8-V operation Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.5-V operation Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.5-V operation Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.5-V operation Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.5-V operation	_	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{CCA} (1), (3) PLL V _{CCD_PLL} (2) PLL V _{CCD_PLL} (2) PLL V _{CCD_PLL} (2) PLL V _{CCIO} (3), (4) PLL V _{CCIO} (3), (4) PLL V _{CC_CLKIN} (3), (5), (6) Differ suppose supp		_	2.85	3	3.15	V
V _{CC_CLKIN}		_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CC_CLKIN} (3), (5), (6)		_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
		_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
		_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V_{CCH_GXB}	Transceiver output buffer power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{CCA_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCL_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	_	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V _I	DC input voltage	_	-0.5		3.6	V
V ₀	DC output voltage	_	0	_	V _{CCIO}	V
т	Operating junction temperature	For commercial use	0		85	°C
T _J	operating junction temperature	For industrial use	-40	_	100	°C
t _{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard power-on reset (POR) (7)	50 μs	_	50 ms	_
		— 2.375 2.5 3.6 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7	3 ms	_		
I _{Diode}	Magnitude of DC current across PCI-clamp diode when enabled	_	_	ı	10	mA

Notes to Table 1-4:

- (1) All VCCA pins must be powered to 2.5 V (even when PLLs are not used) and must be powered up and powered down at the same time.
- (2) You must connect V_{CCD PLL} to V_{CCINT} through a decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.
- (3) Power supplies must rise monotonically.
- (4) V_{CCIO} for all I/O banks must be powered up during device operation. Configurations pins are powered up by V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 where I/O Banks 3 and 9 only support V_{CCIO} of 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, and 3.3 V. For fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration mode, the V_{CCIO} level of I/O Bank 8 must be powered up to 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, and 3.3 V.
- (5) You must set $V_{\text{CC_CLKIN}}$ to 2.5 V if you use CLKIN as a high-speed serial interface (HSSI) refclk or as a DIFFCLK input.
- (6) The CLKIN pins in I/O Banks 3B and 8B can support single-ended I/O standard when the pins are used to clock left PLLs in non-transceiver applications.
- (7) The POR time for Standard POR ranges between 50 and 200 ms. V_{CCINT}, V_{CCA}, and V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 must reach the recommended operating range within 50 ms.
- (8) The POR time for Fast POR ranges between 3 and 9 ms. V_{CCINT}, V_{CCA}, and V_{CCIO} of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 must reach the recommended operating range within 3 ms.

ESD Performance

This section lists the electrostatic discharge (ESD) voltages using the human body model (HBM) and charged device model (CDM) for Cyclone IV devices general purpose I/Os (GPIOs) and high-speed serial interface (HSSI) I/Os. Table 1–5 lists the ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os.

Table 1-5. ESD for Cyclone IV Devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os

Symbol	Parameter	Passing Voltage	Unit
V	ESD voltage using the HBM (GPIOs) (1)	± 2000	V
V _{ESDHBM}	ESD using the HBM (HSSI I/Os) (2)	± 1000	V
V	ESD using the CDM (GPIOs)	± 500	V
VESDCDM	ESD using the CDM (HSSI I/Os) (2)	± 250	V

Notes to Table 1-5:

- (1) The passing voltage for EP4CGX15 and EP4CGX30 row I/Os is ±1000V.
- (2) This value is applicable only to Cyclone IV GX devices.

Table 1–7. Bus Hold Parameter for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 2 of 2) (1)

Parameter							V _{CCIO}	(V)						
	Condition	1	.2	1	.5	1	.8	2	.5	3	.0	3	.3	Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus hold trip point	_	0.3	0.9	0.375	1.125	0.68	1.07	0.7	1.7	0.8	2	0.8	2	V

Note to Table 1-7:

(1) Bus hold trip points are based on the calculated input voltages from the JEDEC standard.

OCT Specifications

Table 1–8 lists the variation of OCT without calibration across process, temperature, and voltage (PVT).

Table 1-8. Series OCT Without Calibration Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

		Resistance	Resistance Tolerance					
Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Commercial Maximum	Industrial, Extended industrial, and Automotive Maximum	\(\text{\tinx{\text{\ti}\xititt{\texi\text{\tetx{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\\\ \ti}}\\ \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tin}}\\ \tittt{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\tiliz}{\text{\texi}\tiint{\text{\texit{\text{\ti}\tinttit{\texi}\til\text{\text{\texi}\texit{\text{\tet				
	3.0	±30	±40	%				
0 · 00 T ···	2.5	±30	±40	%				
Series OCT without calibration	1.8	±40	±50	%				
oundration	1.5	±50	±50	%				
	1.2	±50	±50	%				

OCT calibration is automatically performed at device power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os.

Table 1–9 lists the OCT calibration accuracy at device power-up.

Table 1–9. Series OCT with Calibration at Device Power-Up Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

		Calibration	n Accuracy	
Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Commercial Maximum	Industrial, Extended industrial, and Automotive Maximum	Unit
	3.0	±10	±10	%
Series OCT with	2.5	±10	±10	%
calibration at device	1.8	±10	±10	%
power-up	1.5	±10	±10	%
	1.2	±10	±10	%

The OCT resistance may vary with the variation of temperature and voltage after calibration at device power-up. Use Table 1–10 and Equation 1–1 to determine the final OCT resistance considering the variations after calibration at device power-up. Table 1–10 lists the change percentage of the OCT resistance with voltage and temperature.

Table 1–10. OCT Variation After Calibration at Device Power-Up for Cyclone IV Devices

Nominal Voltage	dR/dT (%/°C)	dR/dV (%/mV)
3.0	0.262	-0.026
2.5	0.234	-0.039
1.8	0.219	-0.086
1.5	0.199	-0.136
1.2	0.161	-0.288

Equation 1-1. Final OCT Resistance (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

Notes to Equation 1-1:

- (1) T_2 is the final temperature.
- (2) T_1 is the initial temperature.
- (3) MF is multiplication factor.
- (4) R_{final} is final resistance.
- (5) R_{initial} is initial resistance.
- (6) Subscript $_{\rm X}$ refers to both $_{\rm V}$ and $_{\rm T}$.
- (7) ΔR_V is a variation of resistance with voltage.
- (8) ΔR_T is a variation of resistance with temperature.
- (9) dR/dT is the change percentage of resistance with temperature after calibration at device power-up.
- (10) dR/dV is the change percentage of resistance with voltage after calibration at device power-up.
- (11) V2 is final voltage.
- (12) V_1 is the initial voltage.

For more information about receiver input and transmitter output waveforms, and for other differential I/O standards, refer to the I/O Features in Cyclone IV Devices chapter.

Table 1–18. Differential SSTL I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

I/O Standard	V	_{CC10} (V	')	V _{Swing}	_{J(DC)} (V)	V _{x(} ,	_{AC)} (V)		V _{Swi}	ng(AC) /)	V _{ox}	V _{OX(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.36	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.2	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.7	V _{CCI}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.125	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.125
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.7	1.8	1.90	0.25	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.175	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCI}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.125	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.125

Note to Table 1-18:

Table 1–19. Differential HSTL I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

I/O Standard	V	_{CCIO} (V)	V _{DIF(}	_{DC)} (V)	V _x	_(AC) (V)		V	СМ(DC)	V)	V _{DII}	_{F(AC)} (V)
	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Mi n	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.85		0.95	0.85	_	0.95	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	_	0.71		0.79	0.71	_	0.79	0.4	_
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO}	0.48 x V _{CCIO}		0.52 x V _{CCIO}	0.48 x V _{CCIO}		0.52 x V _{CCIO}	0.3	0.48 x V _{CCIO}

Note to Table 1-19:

Table 1–20. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1) (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{ID}	(mV)		V _{ICM} (V) ⁽²⁾		Vo	_D (mV)	(3)	,	ا (۷) (۵	3)
i/O Stanuaru	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min		Max
L) (DEOL						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \; Mbps$	1.80						
LVPECL (Row I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; \text{Mbps} \leq D_{\text{MAX}} \\ \leq 700 \; \text{Mbps} \end{array}$	1.80	_	_				_
						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						
IV/DEOL						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \text{ Mbps}$	1.80						
LVPECL (Column I/Os) (6)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; \text{Mbps} \leq D_{\text{MAX}} \\ \leq 700 \; \text{Mbps} \end{array}$	1.80	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,00)						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						
						0.05	$D_{MAX} \leq 500 \; Mbps$	1.80						
LVDS (Row I/Os)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	0.55	$\begin{array}{l} 500 \; Mbps \leq D_{MAX} \\ \leq \; 700 \; Mbps \end{array}$	1.80	247	_	600	1.125	1.25	1.375
						1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55						

⁽¹⁾ Differential SSTL requires a V_{REF} input.

⁽¹⁾ Differential HSTL requires a V_{REF} input.

Power Consumption

Use the following methods to estimate power for a design:

- the Excel-based EPE
- the Quartus® II PowerPlay power analyzer feature

The interactive Excel-based EPE is used prior to designing the device to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay power analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete. The PowerPlay power analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, combined with detailed circuit models, can yield very accurate power estimates.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in volume 3 of the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of Cyclone IV core and periphery blocks for commercial grade devices.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The upper-right hand corner of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary".
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

Table 1–21 lists the Cyclone IV GX transceiver specifications.

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 1 of 4)

Symbol/	Oouditions.		C6			C7, I7					
Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards		1.2 V F	PCML, 1.5	V PCML, 3.	3 V PCN	1L, Differe	ntial LVPE	CL, LVD	S, HCSL		
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	_	50	_	156.25	50	_	156.25	50	_	156.25	MHz
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	Physical interface for PCI Express (PIPE) mode	30	_	33	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PIPE mode	_	0 to -0.5%	_	_	0 to -0.5%	_	_	0 to -0.5%	_	_
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	0.1	_	1.6	0.1	_	1.6	0.1	_	1.6	V
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	_		1100 ± 5	5%		1100 ± 5%	%		1100 ± 5%		
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (1)	Frequency offset	_	_	-123	_	_	-123	_	_	-123	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Total Jitter (1)	= 1 MHz – 8 MHZ	_	_	42.3	_	_	42.3	_	_	42.3	ps
R _{ref}	_	_	2000 ± 1%	_	_	2000 ± 1%	_	_	2000 ± 1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clock											
cal_blk_clk clock frequency	_	10	_	125	10	_	125	10	_	125	MHz
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	125	_	_	125	_	_	125	_	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfiguration clock frequency	2.5/ 37.5 <i>(2)</i>	_	50	2.5/ 37.5 (2)	_	50	2.5/ 37.5 (2)	_	50	MHz
Delta time between reconfig_clk	_	_	_	2	_	_	2	_	_	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down pulse width	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	μs

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 2 of 4)

Symbol/	Oanditions		C6			C7, I7			C8		11!4
Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Receiver			•				•			<u> </u>	
Supported I/O Standards	1.4 V PCML, 1.5 V PCML, 2.5 V PCML, LVPECL, LVDS										
Data rate (F324 and smaller package) (15)	_	600	_	2500	600	_	2500	600	_	2500	Mbps
Data rate (F484 and larger package) (15)	_	600	_	3125	600	_	3125	600	_	2500	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin (3)	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Operational V _{MAX} for a receiver pin	_	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p)	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting, Data Rate = 600 Mbps to 3.125 Gbps	0.1	_	2.7	0.1	_	2.7	0.1	_	2.7	V
V _{ICM}	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	_	820 ± 10%	_	_	820 ± 10%	_	_	820 ± 10%	_	mV
Differential on-chip	100–Ω setting	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
termination resistors	150– Ω setting	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PIPE, Serial Rapid I/O SR, SATA, CPRI LV, SDI, XAUI					Compliant	i				_
Programmable ppm detector ⁽⁴⁾	_				± 62.5	, 100, 125 250, 300	5, 200,				ppm
Clock data recovery (CDR) ppm tolerance (without spread-spectrum clocking enabled)	_		_	±300 (5), ±350 (6), (7)		_	±300 (5), ±350 (6), (7)	_	_	±300 (5), ±350 (6), (7)	ppm
CDR ppm tolerance (with synchronous spread-spectrum clocking enabled) (8)	_	_	_	350 to -5350 (7), (9)	_	_	350 to -5350 (7), (9)	_	_	350 to -5350 (7), (9)	ppm
Run length	_		80	_	_	80	_		80		UI
	No Equalization	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	dB
Programmable	Medium Low	_	_	4.5	_	_	4.5		_	4.5	dB
equalization	Medium High	_	_	5.5	_	_	5.5		_	5.5	dB
	High	_	_	7	_	_	7	_		7	dB

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 4 of 4)

Symbol/	Conditions		C6			C7, I7			C8		Unit
Description	Collultions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
PLD-Transceiver Inte	rface										
Interface speed (F324 and smaller package)	_	25	_	125	25	_	125	25	_	125	MHz
Interface speed (F484 and larger package)	_	25	_	156.25	25	_	156.25	25	_	156.25	MHz
Digital reset pulse width	_		Minimum is 2 parallel clock cycles								

Notes to Table 1-21:

- (1) This specification is valid for transmitter output jitter specification with a maximum total jitter value of 112 ps, typically for 3.125 Gbps SRIO and XAUI protocols.
- (2) The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 2.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Transmitter Only** mode. The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 37.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Receiver Only** or **Receiver and Transmitter** mode.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The rate matcher supports only up to ±300 parts per million (ppm).
- (5) Supported for the F169 and F324 device packages only.
- (6) Supported for the F484, F672, and F896 device packages only. Pending device characterization.
- (7) To support CDR ppm tolerance greater than ±300 ppm, implement ppm detector in user logic and configure CDR to Manual Lock Mode.
- (8) Asynchronous spread-spectrum clocking is not supported.
- (9) For the EP4CGX30 (F484 package only), EP4CGX50, and EP4CGX75 devices, the CDR ppl tolerance is ±200 ppm.
- (10) Time taken until pll locked goes high after pll powerdown deasserts.
- (11) Time that the CDR must be kept in lock-to-reference mode after rx analogreset deasserts and before rx locktodata is asserted in manual mode.
- (12) Time taken to recover valid data after the rx_locktodata signal is asserted in manual mode (Figure 1–2), or after rx_freqlocked signal goes high in automatic mode (Figure 1–3).
- (13) Time taken to recover valid data after the $rx_locktodata$ signal is asserted in manual mode.
- (14) Time taken to recover valid data after the $rx_freqlocked$ signal goes high in automatic mode.
- (15) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Table 1–23 lists the Cyclone IV GX transceiver block AC specifications.

Table 1–23. Transceiver Block AC Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (1), (2)

Symbol/	Conditions		C6			C7, I7	7		C8		Unit
Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
PCIe Transmit Jitter Gene	ration ⁽³⁾										
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	_		0.25	_	_	0.25	_	_	0.25	UI
PCIe Receiver Jitter Toler	ance ⁽³⁾										
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	ern > 0.6		6	> 0.6			> 0.6			UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation (4)											
Deterministic jitter	Pattern = CRPAT		_	0.14			0.14			0.14	UI
(peak-to-peak)	Tattom - On 70			0.11			0.11			0.11	01
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	_	_	0.279	_	_	0.279	_	_	0.279	UI
GIGE Receiver Jitter Toler	ance ⁽⁴⁾										
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4		> 0.4			> 0.4			UI	
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66		6	> 0.66				> 0.60	UI	

Notes to Table 1-23:

- (1) Dedicated refclk pins were used to drive the input reference clocks.
- (2) The jitter numbers specified are valid for the stated conditions only.
- (3) The jitter numbers for PIPE are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.
- (4) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.

Core Performance Specifications

The following sections describe the clock tree specifications, PLLs, embedded multiplier, memory block, and configuration specifications for Cyclone IV Devices.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 1–24 lists the clock tree specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–24. Clock Tree Performance for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Device				Perfor	mance				11-14
Device	C6	C 7	C8	C8L (1)	C9L (1)	17	I8L ⁽¹⁾	A7	Unit
EP4CE6	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE10	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE15	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE22	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE30	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE40	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz

Davisa				Perfor	mance				11!4
Device	C6	C 7	C8	C8L (1)	C9L (1)	17	I8L (1)	A7	Unit
EP4CE55	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	_	MHz
EP4CE75	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	_	MHz
EP4CE115	_	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	_	MHz
EP4CGX15	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz
EP4CGX22	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz
EP4CGX30	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz
EP4CGX50	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz
EP4CGX75	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz
EP4CGX110	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz
EP4CGX150	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz

Note to Table 1-24:

PLL Specifications

Table 1–25 lists the PLL specifications for Cyclone IV devices when operating in the commercial junction temperature range (0°C to 85°C), the industrial junction temperature range (-40°C to 100°C), the extended industrial junction temperature range (-40°C to 125°C), and the automotive junction temperature range (-40°C to 125°C). For more information about the PLL block, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.

Table 1–25. PLL Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
	Input clock frequency (-6, -7, -8 speed grades)	5	_	472.5	MHz	
f _{IN} (3)	Input clock frequency (-8L speed grade)	5	_	362	MHz	
	Input clock frequency (-9L speed grade)	5	_	265	MHz	
f _{INPFD}	PFD input frequency	5	_	325	MHz	
f _{VCO} (4)	PLL internal VCO operating range	5 — 325 600 — 1300 40 — 60 — — 0.15 — ±750				
f _{INDUTY}	Input clock duty cycle	40	_	60	%	
t _{INJITTER_CCJ} (5)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter F _{REF} ≥ 100 MHz	_	_	0.15	UI	
	F _{REF} < 100 MHz	_	_	±750	ps	
f _{OUT_EXT} (external clock output) (3)	PLL output frequency	_	_	472.5	MHz	
	PLL output frequency (-6 speed grade)	_	_	472.5	MHz	
	PLL output frequency (-7 speed grade)	_	_	450	MHz	
f _{OUT} (to global clock)	PLL output frequency (-8 speed grade)	_	_	402.5	MHz	
	PLL output frequency (-8L speed grade)	_	_	362	MHz	
	PLL output frequency (-9L speed grade)	_	_	265	MHz	
toutduty	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%	
t _{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end of device configuration	_	_	1	ms	

⁽¹⁾ Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades.

Table 1–25. PLL Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover, reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays or areset is deasserted)	_	_	1	ms
toutjitter_period_dedclk (6)	Dedicated clock output period jitter $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$	_	_	300	ps
	F _{OUT} < 100 MHz	_	_	30	mUI
toutjitter_ccj_dedclk (6)	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$	_	_	300	ps
	F _{OUT} < 100 MHz	_	_	30	mUI
toutjitter_period_io (6)	Regular I/O period jitter $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$	_	_	650	ps
	F _{OUT} < 100 MHz	_	_	75	mUI
toutjitter_ccj_io <i>(6)</i>	Regular I/O cycle-to-cycle jitter F _{OUT} ≥ 100 MHz	_	_	650	ps
	F _{OUT} < 100 MHz	_	_	75	mUI
t _{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	_	_	±50	ps
t _{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on areset signal.	10	_	_	ns
t _{CONFIGPLL}	Time required to reconfigure scan chains for PLLs	_	3.5 (7)		SCANCLK cycles
f _{SCANCLK}	scanclk frequency	_	_	100	MHz
t _{CASC_OUTJITTER_PERIOD_DEDCLK}	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	425	ps
(8), (9)	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (F _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	42.5	mUI

Notes to Table 1-25:

- (1) This table is applicable for general purpose PLLs and multipurpose PLLs.
- (2) You must connect $V_{CCD\ PLL}$ to V_{CCINT} through the decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.
- (3) This parameter is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (4) The V_{CO} frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the V_{CO} post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- (5) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source that is less than 200 ps.
- (6) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10⁻¹² (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.
- (7) With 100-MHz scanclk frequency.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} (8) & The cascaded PLLs specification is applicable only with the following conditions: \end{tabular}$
 - Upstream PLL—0.59 MHz \leq Upstream PLL bandwidth < 1 MHz
 - Downstream PLL—Downstream PLL bandwidth > 2 MHz
- (9) PLL cascading is not supported for transceiver applications.

Embedded Multiplier Specifications

Table 1–26 lists the embedded multiplier specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–26. Embedded Multiplier Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Mode	Resources Used		I	Performance)		llmit
	Number of Multipliers	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	Unit
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	340	300	260	240	175	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	287	250	200	185	135	MHz

Memory Block Specifications

Table 1–27 lists the M9K memory block specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-27. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Memory		Resou	rces Used		Per	forman	ice		
	Mode	LEs	M9K Memory	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	Unit
	FIFO 256 × 36	47	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
M9K Block	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
INIAK DIOCK	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz

Configuration and JTAG Specifications

Table 1–28 lists the configuration mode specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–28. Passive Configuration Mode Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Programming Mode	V _{CCINT} Voltage Level (V)	DCLK f _{max}	Unit
Passive Serial (PS)	1.0 <i>(3)</i>	66	MHz
Passive Seliai (PS)	1.2	133	MHz
Fast Passive Parallel (FPP) (2)	1.0 ⁽³⁾	66	MHz
Tast rassive ratallel (FFF) 1-7	1.2 (4)	100	MHz

Notes to Table 1-28:

- (1) For more information about PS and FPP configuration timing parameters, refer to the *Configuration and Remote System Upgrades in Cyclone IV Devices* chapter.
- (2) FPP configuration mode supports all Cyclone IV E devices (except for E144 package devices) and EP4CGX50, EP4CGX75, EP4CGX110, and EP4CGX150 only.
- (3) $V_{CCINT} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ is only supported for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices.
- (4) Cyclone IV E devices support 1.2 V V_{CCINT}. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices support 133 MHz DCLK f_{MAX} for EP4CE6, EP4CE10, EP4CE15, EP4CE22, EP4CE30, and EP4CE40 only.

Table 1–32. Emulated RSDS_E_1R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (3) (Part 2 of 2)

	Symbol	Modes		C6			C7, 17	1		C8, A7	7	(C8L, 18	L		C9L		Unit
	Symbol Modes		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{LO0}	CK <i>(2)</i>	_		_	1	_	_	1		_	1	_		1	_	_	1	ms

Notes to Table 1-32:

- (1) Emulated RSDS_E_1R transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks of Cyclone IV E devices and I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of Cyclone IV GX devices.
- (2) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–33. Mini-LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2), (4)

0			C6			C7, I	7		C8, A	7		C8L, I	8L		C9L		
Symbol Modes		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	×10	5	_	200	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
	×8	5	_	200	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
f _{HSCLK} (input clock	×7	5		200	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
frequency)	×4	5		200	5		155.5	5		155.5	5		155.5	5		132.5	MHz
1 37	×2	5		200	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
	×1	5		400	5		311	5		311	5		311	5		265	MHz
	×10	100		400	100	_	311	100		311	100		311	100	_	265	Mbps
	×8	80		400	80		311	80		311	80		311	80		265	Mbps
Device operation in	×7	70	_	400	70	_	311	70	_	311	70	_	311	70	_	265	Mbps
Mbps	×4	40		400	40	_	311	40	_	311	40		311	40	_	265	Mbps
•	×2	20		400	20	_	311	20	_	311	20		311	20		265	Mbps
	×1	10	_	400	10	_	311	10	_	311	10	_	311	10	_	265	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	_	45		55	45	_	55	45		55	45		55	45	_	55	%
TCCS	_	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	_	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	550	_	_	600	_	_	700	ps
t _{RISE}	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	ps
t _{FALL}	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	ps
t _{LOCK} (3)	_	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	ms

Notes to Table 1-33:

- (1) Applicable for true and emulated mini-LVDS transmitter.
- (2) Cyclone IV E—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 1, 2, 5, and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O banks.

 Cyclone IV GX—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the
 - Cyclone IV GX—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (3) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (4) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.



For more information about the supported maximum clock rate, device and pin planning, IP implementation, and device termination, refer to *Section III: System Performance Specifications* of the *External Memory Interface Handbook*.

Table 1–37 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–37. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Clock period jitter	t _{JIT(per)}	-125	125	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t _{JIT(cc)}	-200	200	ps
Duty cycle jitter	t _{JIT(duty)}	-150	150	ps

Notes to Table 1-37:

- Memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2 standard.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a global clock (GCLK) network.

Duty Cycle Distortion Specifications

Table 1–38 lists the worst case duty cycle distortion for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–38. Duty Cycle Distortion on Cyclone IV Devices I/O Pins (1), (2), (3)

Symbol	C	6	C7	, 1 7	C8, I8	BL, A7	C	9L	Unit
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Ullit
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Notes to Table 1-38:

- (1) The duty cycle distortion specification applies to clock outputs from the PLLs, global clock tree, and IOE driving the dedicated and general purpose I/O pins.
- (2) Cyclone IV devices meet the specified duty cycle distortion at the maximum output toggle rate for each combination of I/O standard and current strength.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

OCT Calibration Timing Specification

Table 1–39 lists the duration of calibration for series OCT with calibration at device power-up for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–39. Timing Specification for Series OCT with Calibration at Device Power-Up for Cyclone IV Devices $^{(1)}$

Symbol	Description	Maximum	Units
t _{OCTCAL}	Duration of series OCT with calibration at device power-up	20	μs

Note to Table 1-39:

(1) OCT calibration takes place after device configuration and before entering user mode.

I/O Timing

Use the following methods to determine I/O timing:

- the Excel-based I/O Timing
- the Quartus II timing analyzer

The Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get a timing budget estimation as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II timing analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete.

The Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet is downloadable from Cyclone IV Devices Literature website.

Glossary

Table 1–46 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 1 of 5)

Letter	Term	Definitions
Α	_	_
В	_	_
С	_	_
D	_	_
E	_	_
F	f _{HSCLK}	High-speed I/O block: High-speed receiver/transmitter input and output clock frequency.
G	GCLK	Input pin directly to Global Clock network.
u	GCLK PLL	Input pin to Global Clock network through the PLL.
Н	HSIODR	High-speed I/O block: Maximum/minimum LVDS data transfer rate (HSIODR = 1/TUI).
ı	Input Waveforms for the SSTL Differential I/O Standard	V _{IH} V _{REF} V _{IL}

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 2 of 5)

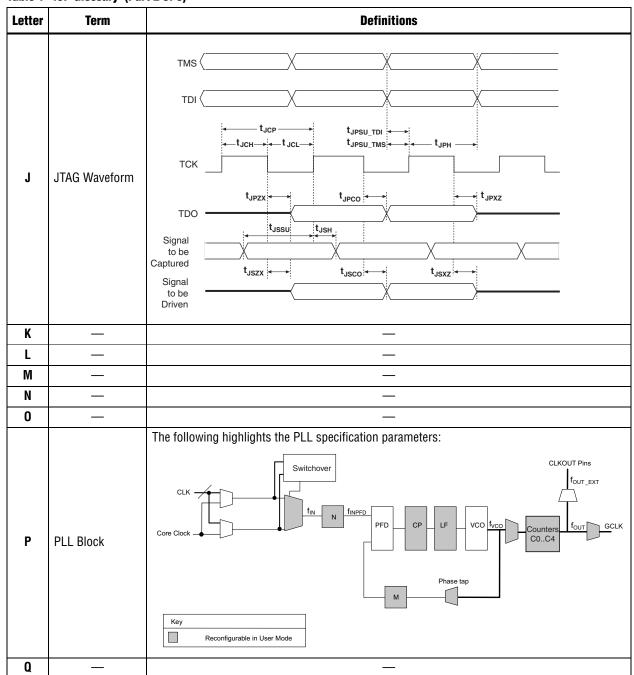


Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 4 of 5)

ter	Term	Definitions								
	t _C	High-speed receiver and transmitter input and output clock period.								
	Channel-to- channel-skew (TCCS)	High-speed I/O block: The timing difference between the fastest and slowest output edges, ncluding t_{CO} variation and clock skew. The clock is included in the TCCS measurement.								
	t _{cin}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O input register.								
	t _{co}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O output.								
	t _{cout}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O output register.								
	t _{DUTY}	High-speed I/O block: Duty cycle on high-speed transmitter output clock.								
	t _{FALL}	Signal high-to-low transition time (80–20%).								
	t _H	Input register hold time.								
	Timing Unit Interval (TUI)	High-speed I/O block: The timing budget allowed for skew, propagation delays, and data sampling window. (TUI = $1/(Receiver\ Input\ Clock\ Frequency\ Multiplication\ Factor) = t_c/w).$								
	t _{INJITTER}	Period jitter on the PLL clock input.								
	t _{OUTJITTER_DEDCLK}	Period jitter on the dedicated clock output driven by a PLL.								
	t _{OUTJITTER_IO}	Period jitter on the general purpose I/O driven by a PLL.								
	t _{pllcin}	Delay from the PLL inclk pad to the I/O input register.								
	t _{pllcout}	Delay from the PLL inclk pad to the I/O output register.								
Т	Transmitter Output Waveform	Transmitter output waveforms for the LVDS, mini-LVDS, PPDS and RSDS Differential I/O Standards: Single-Ended Waveform Positive Channel (p) = V _{OH} Negative Channel (n) = V _{OL} Ground Differential Waveform (Mathematical Function of Positive & Negative Channel) V _{OD} 0 V p - n								
	t _{RISE}	Signal low-to-high transition time (20–80%).								
	t _{SU}	Input register setup time.								
J	_	_								

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 5 of 5)

Letter	Term	Definitions
	V _{CM(DC)}	DC common mode input voltage.
	V _{DIF(AC)}	AC differential input voltage: The minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{DIF(DC)}	DC differential input voltage: The minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{ICM}	Input common mode voltage: The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V _{ID}	Input differential voltage swing: The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	V _{IH}	Voltage input high: The minimum positive voltage applied to the input that is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	V _{IH(AC)}	High-level AC input voltage.
	V _{IH(DC)}	High-level DC input voltage.
	V _{IL}	Voltage input low: The maximum positive voltage applied to the input that is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	V _{IL (AC)}	Low-level AC input voltage.
	V _{IL (DC)}	Low-level DC input voltage.
	V _{IN}	DC input voltage.
	V _{OCM}	Output common mode voltage: The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
v	V _{OD}	Output differential voltage swing: The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter. $V_{OD} = V_{OH} - V_{OL}$.
	V _{OH}	Voltage output high: The maximum positive voltage from an output that the device considers is accepted as the minimum positive high level.
	V _{OL}	Voltage output low: The maximum positive voltage from an output that the device considers is accepted as the maximum positive low level.
	V _{OS}	Output offset voltage: $V_{OS} = (V_{OH} + V_{OL}) / 2$.
	V _{OX (AC)}	AC differential output cross point voltage: the voltage at which the differential output signals must cross.
	V_{REF}	Reference voltage for the SSTL and HSTL I/O standards.
	V _{REF (AC)}	AC input reference voltage for the SSTL and HSTL I/O standards. $V_{REF(AC)} = V_{REF(DC)} + noise$. The peak-to-peak AC noise on V_{REF} must not exceed 2% of $V_{REF(DC)}$.
	V _{REF (DC)}	DC input reference voltage for the SSTL and HSTL I/O standards.
	V _{SWING (AC)}	AC differential input voltage: AC input differential voltage required for switching. For the SSTL differential I/O standard, refer to Input Waveforms.
	V _{SWING (DC)}	DC differential input voltage: DC input differential voltage required for switching. For the SSTL differential I/O standard, refer to Input Waveforms.
	V _{TT}	Termination voltage for the SSTL and HSTL I/O standards.
	V _{X (AC)}	AC differential input cross point voltage: The voltage at which the differential input signals must cross.
W	_	
X	_	_
Υ	_	_
Z		_

Document Revision History

Table 1–47 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 1–47. Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
March 2016	2.0	Updated note (5) in Table 1–21 to remove support for the N148 package.
October 2014	1.0	Updated maximum value for V _{CCD_PLL} in Table 1–1.
October 2014	1.9	Removed extended temperature note in Table 1–3.
December 2013	1.8	Updated Table 1–21 by adding Note (15).
May 2013	1.7	Updated Table 1–15 by adding Note (4).
		■ Updated the maximum value for V _I , V _{CCD_PLL} , V _{CCIO} , V _{CC_CLKIN} , V _{CCH_GXB} , and V _{CCA_GXB} Table 1–1.
		■ Updated Table 1–11 and Table 1–22.
October 2012	1.6	 Updated Table 1–21 to include peak-to-peak differential input voltage for the Cyclone IV GX transceiver input reference clock.
		■ Updated Table 1–29 to include the typical DCLK value.
		■ Updated the minimum f _{HSCLK} value in Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, and Table 1–35.
	1 1.5	 Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot or Undershoot Voltage", "Operating Conditions", and "PLL Specifications" sections.
November 2011		■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–5, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–15, Table 1–18, Table 1–19, and Table 1–21.
		■ Updated Figure 1–1.
		■ Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.1 release.
December 2010	1.4	■ Updated Table 1–21 and Table 1–25.
		■ Minor text edits.
		Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.0 release:
		■ Updated Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–21, Table 1–25, Table 1–28, Table 1–30, Table 1–40, Table 1–41, Table 1–42, Table 1–43, Table 1–44, and Table 1–45.
July 2010	1.3	■ Updated Figure 1–2 and Figure 1–3.
		Removed SW Requirement and TCCS for Cyclone IV Devices tables.
		■ Minor text edits.
		Updated to include automotive devices:
		Updated the "Operating Conditions" and "PLL Specifications" sections.
March 2010	1.2	■ Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–21, Table 1–26, Table 1–27, Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–35, Table 1–36, Table 1–37, Table 1–38, Table 1–40, Table 1–42, and Table 1–43.
		■ Added Table 1–5 to include ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os.
		 Added Table 1–44 and Table 1–45 to include IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices.
		Minor text edits.