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Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	3118
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	49888
Total RAM Bits	2562048
Number of I/O	290
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.16V ~ 1.24V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep4cgx50cf23c7

Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operation limits for AC and DC parameters for Cyclone IV devices. Table 1–3 and Table 1–4 list the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Cyclone IV E and Cyclone IV GX devices. All supplies must be strictly monotonic without plateaus.

Table 1–3. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV E Devices ⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CCINT}^{(3)}$	Supply voltage for internal logic, 1.2-V operation	—	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
	Supply voltage for internal logic, 1.0-V operation	—	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
$V_{CCIO}^{(3), (4)}$	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.3-V operation	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.0-V operation	—	2.85	3	3.15	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 2.5-V operation	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.8-V operation	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.5-V operation	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.2-V operation	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
$V_{CCA}^{(3)}$	Supply (analog) voltage for PLL regulator	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
$V_{CCD_PLL}^{(3)}$	Supply (digital) voltage for PLL, 1.2-V operation	—	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
	Supply (digital) voltage for PLL, 1.0-V operation	—	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
V_I	Input voltage	—	–0.5	—	3.6	V
V_O	Output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	For commercial use	0	—	85	°C
		For industrial use	–40	—	100	°C
		For extended temperature	–40	—	125	°C
		For automotive use	–40	—	125	°C
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard power-on reset (POR) ⁽⁵⁾	50 μ s	—	50 ms	—
		Fast POR ⁽⁶⁾	50 μ s	—	3 ms	—

Table 1–3. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV E Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{Diode}	Magnitude of DC current across PCI-clamp diode when enable	—	—	—	10	mA

Notes to Table 1–3:

- (1) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades.
- (2) V_{CCIO} for all I/O banks must be powered up during device operation. All V_{CCA} pins must be powered to 2.5 V (even when PLLs are not used) and must be powered up and powered down at the same time.
- (3) V_{CC} must rise monotonically.
- (4) V_{CCIO} powers all input buffers.
- (5) The POR time for Standard POR ranges between 50 and 200 ms. Each individual power supply must reach the recommended operating range within 50 ms.
- (6) The POR time for Fast POR ranges between 3 and 9 ms. Each individual power supply must reach the recommended operating range within 3 ms.

Table 1–4. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{CCINT} ⁽³⁾	Core voltage, PCIe hard IP block, and transceiver PCS power supply	—	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V_{CCA} ^{(1), (3)}	PLL analog power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCD_PLL} ⁽²⁾	PLL digital power supply	—	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V_{CCIO} ^{(3), (4)}	I/O banks power supply for 3.3-V operation	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	I/O banks power supply for 3.0-V operation	—	2.85	3	3.15	V
	I/O banks power supply for 2.5-V operation	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.8-V operation	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.5-V operation	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.2-V operation	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V_{CC_CLKIN} ^{(3), (5), (6)}	Differential clock input pins power supply for 3.3-V operation	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 3.0-V operation	—	2.85	3	3.15	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 2.5-V operation	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.8-V operation	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.5-V operation	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.2-V operation	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V_{CCH_GXB}	Transceiver output buffer power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

DC Characteristics

This section lists the I/O leakage current, pin capacitance, on-chip termination (OCT) tolerance, and bus hold specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Supply Current

The device supply current requirement is the minimum current drawn from the power supply pins that can be used as a reference for power size planning. Use the Excel-based early power estimator (EPE) to get the supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources used. Table 1-6 lists the I/O pin leakage current for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-6. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (2)}

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Device	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin leakage current	$V_I = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	—	-10	—	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tristated I/O pin leakage current	$V_O = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	—	-10	—	10	μA

Notes to Table 1-6:

- (1) This value is specified for normal device operation. The value varies during device power-up. This applies for all V_{CCIO} settings (3.3, 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 V).
- (2) The 10 μA I/O leakage current limit is applicable when the internal clamping diode is off. A higher current can be observed when the diode is on.

Bus Hold

The bus hold retains the last valid logic state after the source driving it either enters the high impedance state or is removed. Each I/O pin has an option to enable bus hold in user mode. Bus hold is always disabled in configuration mode.

Table 1-7 lists bus hold specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-7. Bus Hold Parameter for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 1 of 2) ⁽¹⁾

Parameter	Condition	V _{CCIO} (V)												Unit
		1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus hold low, sustaining current	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (maximum)	8	—	12	—	30	—	50	—	70	—	70	—	μA
Bus hold high, sustaining current	V _{IN} < V _{IL} (minimum)	−8	—	−12	—	−30	—	−50	—	−70	—	−70	—	μA
Bus hold low, overdrive current	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	125	—	175	—	200	—	300	—	500	—	500	μA
Bus hold high, overdrive current	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	−125	—	−175	—	−200	—	−300	—	−500	—	−500	μA

Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistor

Table 1-12 lists the weak pull-up and pull-down resistor values for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-12. Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistor Values for Cyclone IV Devices ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
R _{PU}	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable pull-up resistor option	V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V ± 5% ^{(2), (3)}	7	25	41	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 3.0 V ± 5% ^{(2), (3)}	7	28	47	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V ± 5% ^{(2), (3)}	8	35	61	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V ± 5% ^{(2), (3)}	10	57	108	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 1.5 V ± 5% ^{(2), (3)}	13	82	163	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V ± 5% ^{(2), (3)}	19	143	351	kΩ
R _{PD}	Value of the I/O pin pull-down resistor before and during configuration	V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V ± 5% ⁽⁴⁾	6	19	30	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 3.0 V ± 5% ⁽⁴⁾	6	22	36	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V ± 5% ⁽⁴⁾	6	25	43	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V ± 5% ⁽⁴⁾	7	35	71	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 1.5 V ± 5% ⁽⁴⁾	8	50	112	kΩ

Notes to Table 1-12:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins. The weak pull-down feature is only available for JTAG TCK.
- (2) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.
- (3) $R_{PU} = (V_{CCIO} - V_I) / I_{R_{PU}}$
Minimum condition: -40°C; V_{CCIO} = V_{CC} + 5%, V_I = V_{CC} + 5% - 50 mV;
Typical condition: 25°C; V_{CCIO} = V_{CC}, V_I = 0 V;
Maximum condition: 100°C; V_{CCIO} = V_{CC} - 5%, V_I = 0 V; in which V_I refers to the input voltage at the I/O pin.
- (4) $R_{PD} = V_I / I_{R_{PD}}$
Minimum condition: -40°C; V_{CCIO} = V_{CC} + 5%, V_I = 50 mV;
Typical condition: 25°C; V_{CCIO} = V_{CC}, V_I = V_{CC} - 5%;
Maximum condition: 100°C; V_{CCIO} = V_{CC} - 5%, V_I = V_{CC} - 5%; in which V_I refers to the input voltage at the I/O pin.

Hot-Socketing

Table 1-13 lists the hot-socketing specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-13. Hot-Socketing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Maximum
I _{IOPIN(DC)}	DC current per I/O pin	300 μA
I _{IOPIN(AC)}	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA ⁽¹⁾
I _{XCVRTX(DC)}	DC current per transceiver TX pin	100 mA
I _{XCVRRX(DC)}	DC current per transceiver RX pin	50 mA

Note to Table 1-13:

- (1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, |I_{IOPIN}| = C dv/dt, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.



During hot-socketing, the I/O pin capacitance is less than 15 pF and the clock pin capacitance is less than 20 pF.

Table 1-16. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ⁽¹⁾

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V) ⁽²⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.19	1.25	1.31	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.7	1.8	1.9	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	0.85	0.9	0.95
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.71	0.75	0.79	0.71	0.75	0.79
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.48 x V _{CCIO} ⁽³⁾	0.5 x V _{CCIO} ⁽³⁾	0.52 x V _{CCIO} ⁽³⁾	—	0.5 x V _{CCIO}	—
				0.47 x V _{CCIO} ⁽⁴⁾	0.5 x V _{CCIO} ⁽⁴⁾	0.53 x V _{CCIO} ⁽⁴⁾			

Notes to Table 1-16:

- (1) For an explanation of terms used in Table 1-16, refer to “Glossary” on page 1-37.
- (2) V_{TT} of the transmitting device must track V_{REF} of the receiving device.
- (3) Value shown refers to DC input reference voltage, V_{REF(DC)}.
- (4) Value shown refers to AC input reference voltage, V_{REF(AC)}.

Table 1-17. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

I/O Standard	V _{IL(DC)} (V)		V _{IH(DC)} (V)		V _{IL(AC)} (V)		V _{IH(AC)} (V)		V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL} (mA)	I _{OH} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	—	V _{REF} - 0.18	V _{REF} + 0.18	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.35	V _{REF} + 0.35	—	V _{TT} - 0.57	V _{TT} + 0.57	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.18	V _{REF} + 0.18	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.35	V _{REF} + 0.35	—	V _{TT} - 0.76	V _{TT} + 0.76	16.4	-16.4
SSTL-18 Class I	—	V _{REF} - 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	—	V _{TT} - 0.475	V _{TT} + 0.475	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	—	0.28	V _{CCIO} - 0.28	13.4	-13.4
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	—	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} - 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	-0.24	V _{REF} - 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.24	0.25 x V _{CCIO}	0.75 x V _{CCIO}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} - 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	-0.24	V _{REF} - 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.24	0.25 x V _{CCIO}	0.75 x V _{CCIO}	14	-14

Power Consumption

Use the following methods to estimate power for a design:

- the Excel-based EPE
- the Quartus® II PowerPlay power analyzer feature

The interactive Excel-based EPE is used prior to designing the device to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay power analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete. The PowerPlay power analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, combined with detailed circuit models, can yield very accurate power estimates.



For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in volume 3 of the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of Cyclone IV core and periphery blocks for commercial grade devices.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The upper-right hand corner of these tables show the designation as “Preliminary”.
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

Table 1-21 lists the Cyclone IV GX transceiver specifications.

Table 1-21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 1 of 4)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	C6			C7, I7			C8			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards	1.2 V PCML, 1.5 V PCML, 3.3 V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, HCSL										
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	—	50	—	156.25	50	—	156.25	50	—	156.25	MHz
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	Physical interface for PCI Express (PIPE) mode	30	—	33	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PIPE mode	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	0.1	—	1.6	0.1	—	1.6	0.1	—	1.6	V
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			mV
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise ⁽¹⁾	Frequency offset = 1 MHz – 8 MHz	—	—	–123	—	—	–123	—	—	–123	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Total Jitter ⁽¹⁾		—	—	42.3	—	—	42.3	—	—	42.3	ps
R _{ref}	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	Ω
Transceiver Clock											
cal_blk_clk clock frequency	—	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	MHz
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	125	—	—	125	—	—	125	—	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfiguration clock frequency	2.5/37.5 ⁽²⁾	—	50	2.5/37.5 ⁽²⁾	—	50	2.5/37.5 ⁽²⁾	—	50	MHz
Delta time between reconfig_clk	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down pulse width	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	μs

Table 1-21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 2 of 4)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	C6			C7, I7			C8			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	1.4 V PCML, 1.5 V PCML, 2.5 V PCML, LVPECL, LVDS										
Data rate (F324 and smaller package) ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	600	—	2500	600	—	2500	600	—	2500	Mbps
Data rate (F484 and larger package) ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	600	—	3125	600	—	3125	600	—	2500	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽³⁾	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Operational V _{MAX} for a receiver pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	−0.4	—	—	−0.4	—	—	−0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p)	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting, Data Rate = 600 Mbps to 3.125 Gbps	0.1	—	2.7	0.1	—	2.7	0.1	—	2.7	V
V _{ICM}	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	—	820 ± 10%	—	—	820 ± 10%	—	—	820 ± 10%	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100−Ω setting	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	150−Ω setting	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PIPE, Serial Rapid I/O SR, SATA, CPRI LV, SDI, XAUI	Compliant									—
Programmable ppm detector ⁽⁴⁾	—	± 62.5, 100, 125, 200, 250, 300									ppm
Clock data recovery (CDR) ppm tolerance (without spread-spectrum clocking enabled)	—	—	—	±300 ⁽⁵⁾ , ±350 ^{(6), (7)}	—	—	±300 ⁽⁵⁾ , ±350 ^{(6), (7)}	—	—	±300 ⁽⁵⁾ , ±350 ^{(6), (7)}	ppm
CDR ppm tolerance (with synchronous spread-spectrum clocking enabled) ⁽⁸⁾	—	—	—	350 to −5350 ^{(7), (9)}	—	—	350 to −5350 ^{(7), (9)}	—	—	350 to −5350 ^{(7), (9)}	ppm
Run length	—	—	80	—	—	80	—	—	80	—	UI
Programmable equalization	No Equalization	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	dB
	Medium Low	—	—	4.5	—	—	4.5	—	—	4.5	dB
	Medium High	—	—	5.5	—	—	5.5	—	—	5.5	dB
	High	—	—	7	—	—	7	—	—	7	dB

Table 1-21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 3 of 4)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	C6			C7, I7			C8			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Signal detect/loss threshold	PIPE mode	65	—	175	65	—	175	65	—	175	mV
t_{LTR} ⁽¹⁰⁾	—	—	—	75	—	—	75	—	—	75	μs
$t_{LTR-LTD_Manual}$ ⁽¹¹⁾	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μs
t_{LTD} ⁽¹²⁾	—	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	ns
t_{LTD_Manual} ⁽¹³⁾	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
t_{LTD_Auto} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
Receiver buffer and CDR offset cancellation time (per channel)	—	—	—	17000	—	—	17000	—	—	17000	recon fig_c lk cycles
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	1.5 V PCML										
Data rate (F324 and smaller package)	—	600	—	2500	600	—	2500	600	—	2500	Mbps
Data rate (F484 and larger package)	—	600	—	3125	600	—	3125	600	—	2500	Mbps
V_{OCM}	0.65 V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PIPE, CPRI LV, Serial Rapid I/O SR, SDI, XAUI, SATA	Compliant									—
Rise time	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Fall time	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	—	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block skew	—	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps

Figure 1-4 shows the differential receiver input waveform.

Figure 1-4. Receiver Input Waveform

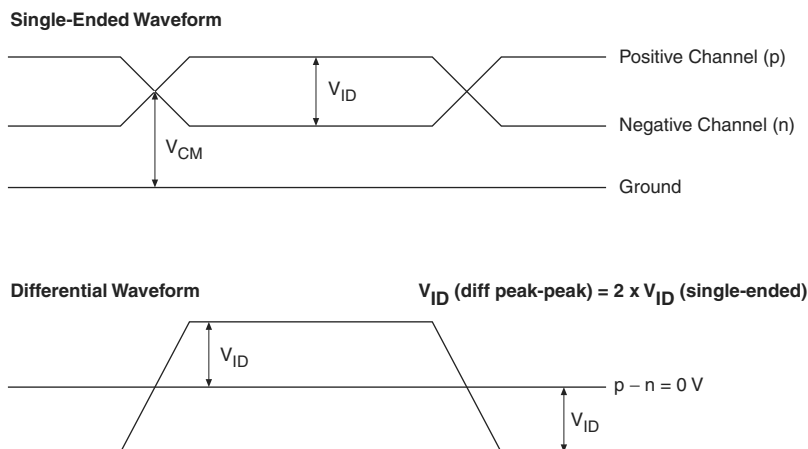


Figure 1-5 shows the transmitter output waveform.

Figure 1-5. Transmitter Output Waveform

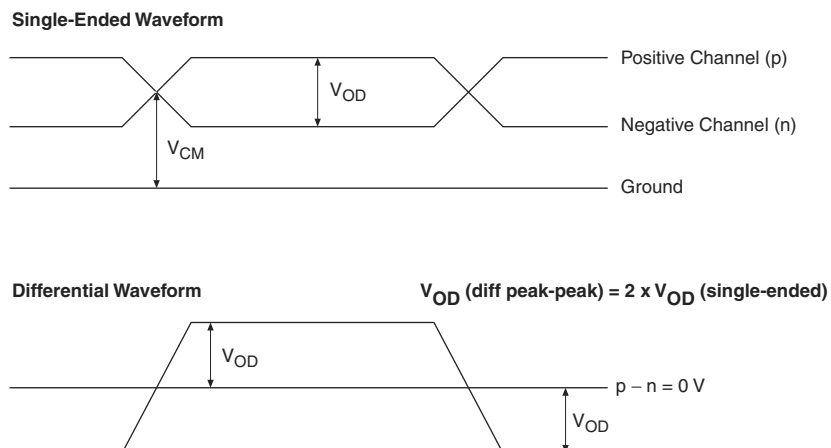


Table 1-22 lists the typical V_{OD} for Tx term that equals 100 Ω .

Table 1-22. Typical V_{OD} Setting, Tx Term = 100 Ω

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting (mV)					
	1	2	3	4 (1)	5	6
V_{OD} differential peak to peak typical (mV)	400	600	800	900	1000	1200

Note to Table 1-22:

(1) This setting is required for compliance with the PCIe protocol.

Table 1–23 lists the Cyclone IV GX transceiver block AC specifications.

Table 1–23. Transceiver Block AC Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices ^{(1), (2)}

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	C6			C7, I7			C8			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation ⁽³⁾											
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
PCIe Receiver Jitter Tolerance ⁽³⁾											
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	> 0.6			> 0.6			> 0.6			UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation ⁽⁴⁾											
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance ⁽⁴⁾											
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI

Notes to Table 1–23:

- (1) Dedicated `refclk` pins were used to drive the input reference clocks.
- (2) The jitter numbers specified are valid for the stated conditions only.
- (3) The jitter numbers for PIPE are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.
- (4) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.

Core Performance Specifications

The following sections describe the clock tree specifications, PLLs, embedded multiplier, memory block, and configuration specifications for Cyclone IV Devices.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 1–24 lists the clock tree specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–24. Clock Tree Performance for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Device	Performance								Unit
	C6	C7	C8	C8L ⁽¹⁾	C9L ⁽¹⁾	I7	I8L ⁽¹⁾	A7	
EP4CE6	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE10	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE15	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE22	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE30	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE40	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz

Embedded Multiplier Specifications

Table 1–26 lists the embedded multiplier specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–26. Embedded Multiplier Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Mode	Resources Used	Performance					Unit
	Number of Multipliers	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	340	300	260	240	175	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	287	250	200	185	135	MHz

Memory Block Specifications

Table 1–27 lists the M9K memory block specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–27. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance					Unit
		LEs	M9K Memory	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	
M9K Block	FIFO 256 × 36	47	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz

Configuration and JTAG Specifications

Table 1–28 lists the configuration mode specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–28. Passive Configuration Mode Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ⁽¹⁾

Programming Mode	V _{CCINT} Voltage Level (V)	DCLK f _{MAX}	Unit
Passive Serial (PS)	1.0 ⁽³⁾	66	MHz
	1.2	133	MHz
Fast Passive Parallel (FPP) ⁽²⁾	1.0 ⁽³⁾	66	MHz
	1.2 ⁽⁴⁾	100	MHz

Notes to Table 1–28:

- (1) For more information about PS and FPP configuration timing parameters, refer to the *Configuration and Remote System Upgrades in Cyclone IV Devices* chapter.
- (2) FPP configuration mode supports all Cyclone IV E devices (except for E144 package devices) and EP4CGX50, EP4CGX75, EP4CGX110, and EP4CGX150 only.
- (3) V_{CCINT} = 1.0 V is only supported for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices.
- (4) Cyclone IV E devices support 1.2 V V_{CCINT}. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices support 133 MHz DCLK f_{MAX} for EP4CE6, EP4CE10, EP4CE15, EP4CE22, EP4CE30, and EP4CE40 only.

 For more information about the supported maximum clock rate, device and pin planning, IP implementation, and device termination, refer to *Section III: System Performance Specifications* of the *External Memory Interfaces Handbook*.

 Actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specifications

Table 1–31 through Table 1–36 list the high-speed I/O timing for Cyclone IV devices. For definitions of high-speed timing specifications, refer to “Glossary” on page 1–37.

Table 1–31. RSDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾, ⁽⁴⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSCLK} (input clock frequency)	×10	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×8	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×7	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×4	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×2	5	—	180	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×1	5	—	360	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	265	MHz
Device operation in Mbps	×10	100	—	360	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	265	Mbps
	×8	80	—	360	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	265	Mbps
	×7	70	—	360	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	265	Mbps
	×4	40	—	360	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	265	Mbps
	×2	20	—	360	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	265	Mbps
	×1	10	—	360	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	265	Mbps
t_{DUTY}	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Transmitter channel-to-channel skew (TCCS)	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	—	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	550	—	—	600	—	—	700	ps
t_{RISE}	20 – 80%, $C_{\text{LOAD}} = 5 \text{ pF}$	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t_{FALL}	20 – 80%, $C_{\text{LOAD}} = 5 \text{ pF}$	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps

Table 1–32. Emulated RSDS_E_1R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (3)} (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t _{LOCK} ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–32:

- (1) Emulated RSDS_E_1R transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks of Cyclone IV E devices and I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of Cyclone IV GX devices.
- (2) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–33. Mini-LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (2), (4)}

Symbol	Modes	C6			C7, I7			C8, A7			C8L, I8L			C9L			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f _{HSCLK} (input clock frequency)	×10	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×8	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×7	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×4	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×2	5	—	200	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	155.5	5	—	132.5	MHz
	×1	5	—	400	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	311	5	—	265	MHz
Device operation in Mbps	×10	100	—	400	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	311	100	—	265	Mbps
	×8	80	—	400	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	311	80	—	265	Mbps
	×7	70	—	400	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	311	70	—	265	Mbps
	×4	40	—	400	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	311	40	—	265	Mbps
	×2	20	—	400	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	311	20	—	265	Mbps
	×1	10	—	400	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	311	10	—	265	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
TCCS	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	—	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	550	—	—	600	—	—	700	ps
t _{RISE}	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{FALL}	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	ps
t _{LOCK} ⁽³⁾	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–33:

- (1) Applicable for true and emulated mini-LVDS transmitter.
- (2) Cyclone IV E—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 1, 2, 5, and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O banks.
Cyclone IV GX—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (3) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (4) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–35. Emulated LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (3)} (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Modes	C6		C7, I7		C8, A7		C8L, I8L		C9L		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{DUTY}	—	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%
TCCS	—	—	200	—	200	—	200	—	200	—	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	—	—	500	—	500	—	550	—	600	—	700	ps
t _{LOCK} ⁽²⁾	—	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–35:

- (1) Cyclone IV E—emulated LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks.
Cyclone IV GX—emulated LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (2) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–36. LVDS Receiver Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices ^{(1), (3)}

Symbol	Modes	C6		C7, I7		C8, A7		C8L, I8L		C9L		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f _{HCLK} (input clock frequency)	×10	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
	×8	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
	×7	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
	×4	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
	×2	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
	×1	10	437.5	10	402.5	10	402.5	10	362	10	265	MHz
HSIODR	×10	100	875	100	740	100	640	100	640	100	500	Mbps
	×8	80	875	80	740	80	640	80	640	80	500	Mbps
	×7	70	875	70	740	70	640	70	640	70	500	Mbps
	×4	40	875	40	740	40	640	40	640	40	500	Mbps
	×2	20	875	20	740	20	640	20	640	20	500	Mbps
	×1	10	437.5	10	402.5	10	402.5	10	362	10	265	Mbps
SW	—	—	400	—	400	—	400	—	550	—	640	ps
Input jitter tolerance	—	—	500	—	500	—	550	—	600	—	700	ps
t _{LOCK} ⁽²⁾	—	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	ms

Notes to Table 1–36:

- (1) Cyclone IV E—LVDS receiver is supported at all I/O Banks.
Cyclone IV GX—LVDS receiver is supported at I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (2) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

External Memory Interface Specifications

The external memory interfaces for Cyclone IV devices are auto-calibrating and easy to implement.

Table 1–42 and Table 1–43 list the IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices.

Table 1–42. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V Core Voltage Devices ^{(1), (2)}

Parameter	Paths Affected	Number of Setting	Min Offset	Max Offset								Unit
				Fast Corner			Slow Corner					
				C6	I7	A7	C6	C7	C8	I7	A7	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.314	1.211	1.211	2.177	2.340	2.433	2.388	2.508	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.307	1.203	1.203	2.19	2.387	2.540	2.430	2.545	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.437	0.402	0.402	0.747	0.820	0.880	0.834	0.873	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.693	0.665	0.665	1.200	1.379	1.532	1.393	1.441	ns

Notes to Table 1–42:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting **0** as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–43. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V Core Voltage Devices ^{(1), (2)}

Parameter	Paths Affected	Number of Setting	Min Offset	Max Offset								Unit
				Fast Corner			Slow Corner					
				C6	I7	A7	C6	C7	C8	I7	A7	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.314	1.209	1.209	2.201	2.386	2.510	2.429	2.548	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.312	1.207	1.207	2.202	2.402	2.558	2.447	2.557	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.458	0.419	0.419	0.783	0.861	0.924	0.875	0.915	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.686	0.657	0.657	1.185	1.360	1.506	1.376	1.422	ns

Notes to Table 1–43:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting **0** as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 2 of 5)

Letter	Term	Definitions
J	JTAG Waveform	The diagram illustrates the JTAG waveform with the following timing parameters: t_{JCP}: Time from TCK rising edge to TMS falling edge. t_{JCH}: Time from TCK rising edge to TDI falling edge. t_{JCL}: Time from TCK rising edge to TDI rising edge. t_{JPSU_TDI}: Time from TCK rising edge to TDI setup time. t_{JPSU_TMS}: Time from TCK rising edge to TMS setup time. t_{JPH}: Time from TCK rising edge to TMS hold time. t_{JPZX}: Time from TCK rising edge to TDO setup time. t_{JPCO}: Time from TCK rising edge to TDO output delay. t_{JPXZ}: Time from TCK rising edge to TDO hold time. t_{JSSU}: Time from TCK rising edge to Signal to be Captured setup time. t_{JSH}: Time from TCK rising edge to Signal to be Captured hold time. t_{JSZX}: Time from TCK rising edge to Signal to be Driven setup time. t_{JSCO}: Time from TCK rising edge to Signal to be Driven output delay. t_{JSXZ}: Time from TCK rising edge to Signal to be Driven hold time.
K	—	—
L	—	—
M	—	—
N	—	—
O	—	—
P	PLL Block	The following highlights the PLL specification parameters: The diagram shows the PLL block structure. It includes a Core Clock input, a Switchover block, a Divider (N), a Phase-Frequency Detector (PFD), a Charge Pump (CP), a Low-Pass Filter (LF), a Voltage-Controlled Oscillator (VCO), and a Phase tap. The output of the VCO is divided by a counter (C0..C4) to produce the final output frequency f_{OUT_EXT} and $GCLK$. The output of the PFD is also divided by a counter (C0..C4) to produce the final output frequency f_{OUT_EXT} and $GCLK$. Key Reconfigurable in User Mode
Q	—	—

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 4 of 5)

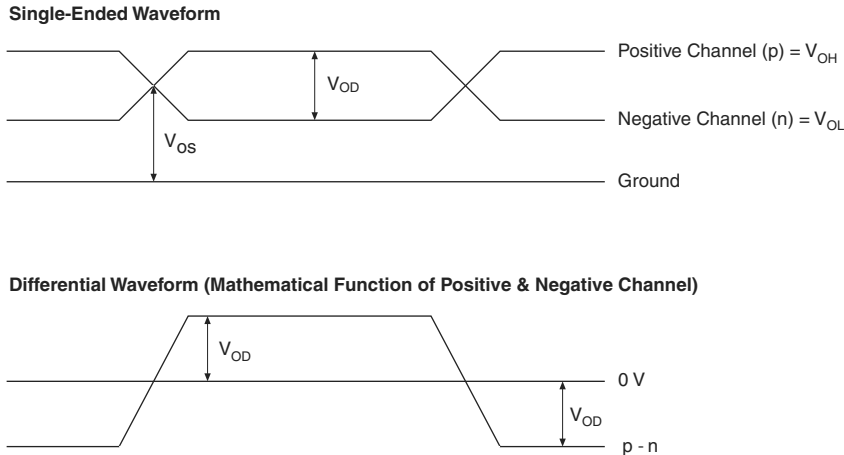
Letter	Term	Definitions
T	t_C	High-speed receiver and transmitter input and output clock period.
	Channel-to-channel-skew (TCCS)	High-speed I/O block: The timing difference between the fastest and slowest output edges, including t_{CO} variation and clock skew. The clock is included in the TCCS measurement.
	t_{cin}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O input register.
	t_{CO}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O output.
	t_{cout}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O output register.
	t_{DUTY}	High-speed I/O block: Duty cycle on high-speed transmitter output clock.
	t_{FALL}	Signal high-to-low transition time (80–20%).
	t_H	Input register hold time.
	Timing Unit Interval (TUI)	High-speed I/O block: The timing budget allowed for skew, propagation delays, and data sampling window. (TUI = $1/(\text{Receiver Input Clock Frequency Multiplication Factor}) = t_C/w$).
	$t_{INJITTER}$	Period jitter on the PLL clock input.
	$t_{OUTJITTER_DEDCLK}$	Period jitter on the dedicated clock output driven by a PLL.
	$t_{OUTJITTER_IO}$	Period jitter on the general purpose I/O driven by a PLL.
	t_{pllcin}	Delay from the PLL inclk pad to the I/O input register.
	$t_{pllcout}$	Delay from the PLL inclk pad to the I/O output register.
	Transmitter Output Waveform	Transmitter output waveforms for the LVDS, mini-LVDS, PPDS and RSDS Differential I/O Standards: 
	t_{RISE}	Signal low-to-high transition time (20–80%).
	t_{SU}	Input register setup time.
U	—	—

Table 1–47. Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
February 2010	1.1	■ Updated Table 1–3 through Table 1–44 to include information for Cyclone IV E devices and Cyclone IV GX devices for Quartus II software version 9.1 SP1 release. ■ Minor text edits.
November 2009	1.0	Initial release.

