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# Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	3118
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	49888
Total RAM Bits	2562048
Number of I/O	310
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.16V ~ 1.24V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	672-BGA
Supplier Device Package	672-FBGA (27x27)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep4cgx50df27c8n

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Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Table 1–3. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV E Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I <sub>Diode</sub>	Magnitude of DC current across PCI-clamp diode when enable	_	_	_	10	mA

### Notes to Table 1-3:

- (1) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades.
- (2) V<sub>CCIO</sub> for all I/O banks must be powered up during device operation. All VCCA pins must be powered to 2.5 V (even when PLLs are not used) and must be powered up and powered down at the same time.
- (3) V<sub>CC</sub> must rise monotonically.
- (4)  $V_{CCIO}$  powers all input buffers.
- (5) The POR time for Standard POR ranges between 50 and 200 ms. Each individual power supply must reach the recommended operating range within 50 ms.
- (6) The POR time for Fast POR ranges between 3 and 9 ms. Each individual power supply must reach the recommended operating range within 3 ms.

Table 1-4. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>CCINT</sub> (3)	Core voltage, PCIe hard IP block, and transceiver PCS power supply	_	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V <sub>CCA</sub> (1), (3)	PLL analog power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCD_PLL</sub> (2)	PLL digital power supply	_	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
	I/O banks power supply for 3.3-V operation	_	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	I/O banks power supply for 3.0-V operation	_	2.85	3	3.15	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub> (3), (4)	I/O banks power supply for 2.5-V operation	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
vccio (2)	I/O banks power supply for 1.8-V operation	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.5-V operation	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.2-V operation	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 3.3-V operation	_	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 3.0-V operation	_	2.85	3	3.15	V
V <sub>CC_CLKIN</sub>	Differential clock input pins power supply for 2.5-V operation	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
(3), (5), (6)	Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.8-V operation	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.5-V operation	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.2-V operation	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
$V_{CCH\_GXB}$	Transceiver output buffer power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>CCA_GXB</sub>	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCL_GXB</sub>	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	_	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V <sub>I</sub>	DC input voltage	_	-0.5		3.6	V
V <sub>0</sub>	DC output voltage	_	0	_	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V
т	Operating junction temperature	For commercial use	0		85	°C
T <sub>J</sub>	operating junction temperature	For industrial use	-40	_	100	°C
t <sub>RAMP</sub>	Power supply ramp time	Standard power-on reset (POR) (7)	50 μs	_	50 ms	_
		Fast POR (8)	50 μs	_	3 ms	_
I <sub>Diode</sub>	Magnitude of DC current across PCI-clamp diode when enabled	_	_	ı	10	mA

### Notes to Table 1-4:

- (1) All VCCA pins must be powered to 2.5 V (even when PLLs are not used) and must be powered up and powered down at the same time.
- (2) You must connect V<sub>CCD PLL</sub> to V<sub>CCINT</sub> through a decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.
- (3) Power supplies must rise monotonically.
- (4) V<sub>CCIO</sub> for all I/O banks must be powered up during device operation. Configurations pins are powered up by V<sub>CCIO</sub> of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 where I/O Banks 3 and 9 only support V<sub>CCIO</sub> of 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, and 3.3 V. For fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration mode, the V<sub>CCIO</sub> level of I/O Bank 8 must be powered up to 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 3.0, and 3.3 V.
- (5) You must set  $V_{\text{CC\_CLKIN}}$  to 2.5 V if you use CLKIN as a high-speed serial interface (HSSI) refclk or as a DIFFCLK input.
- (6) The CLKIN pins in I/O Banks 3B and 8B can support single-ended I/O standard when the pins are used to clock left PLLs in non-transceiver applications.
- (7) The POR time for Standard POR ranges between 50 and 200 ms. V<sub>CCINT</sub>, V<sub>CCA</sub>, and V<sub>CCIO</sub> of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 must reach the recommended operating range within 50 ms.
- (8) The POR time for Fast POR ranges between 3 and 9 ms. V<sub>CCINT</sub>, V<sub>CCA</sub>, and V<sub>CCIO</sub> of I/O Banks 3, 8, and 9 must reach the recommended operating range within 3 ms.

### **ESD Performance**

This section lists the electrostatic discharge (ESD) voltages using the human body model (HBM) and charged device model (CDM) for Cyclone IV devices general purpose I/Os (GPIOs) and high-speed serial interface (HSSI) I/Os. Table 1–5 lists the ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os.

Table 1-5. ESD for Cyclone IV Devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os

Symbol	Parameter	Passing Voltage	Unit
V	ESD voltage using the HBM (GPIOs) (1)	± 2000	V
VESDHBM	ESD using the HBM (HSSI I/Os) (2)	± 1000	V
V	ESD using the CDM (GPIOs)	± 500	V
VESDCDM	ESD using the CDM (HSSI I/Os) (2)	± 250	V

#### Notes to Table 1-5:

- (1) The passing voltage for EP4CGX15 and EP4CGX30 row I/Os is ±1000V.
- (2) This value is applicable only to Cyclone IV GX devices.

Table 1–7. Bus Hold Parameter for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 2 of 2) (1)

		V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)												
Parameter	Condition	1	.2	1	.5	1	.8	2	.5	3	.0	3	.3	Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus hold trip point	_	0.3	0.9	0.375	1.125	0.68	1.07	0.7	1.7	0.8	2	0.8	2	V

### Note to Table 1-7:

(1) Bus hold trip points are based on the calculated input voltages from the JEDEC standard.

## **OCT Specifications**

Table 1–8 lists the variation of OCT without calibration across process, temperature, and voltage (PVT).

Table 1-8. Series OCT Without Calibration Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

		Resistance		
Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	Commercial Maximum	Industrial, Extended industrial, and Automotive Maximum	Unit
	3.0	±30	±40	%
0 · 00 <del>T</del> ···	2.5	±30	±40	%
Series OCT without calibration	1.8	±40	±50	%
	1.5	±50	±50	%
	1.2	±50	±50	%

OCT calibration is automatically performed at device power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os.

Table 1–9 lists the OCT calibration accuracy at device power-up.

Table 1–9. Series OCT with Calibration at Device Power-Up Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

		Calibration	n Accuracy	
Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	Commercial Maximum	Industrial, Extended industrial, and Automotive Maximum	Unit
	3.0	±10	±10	%
Series OCT with	2.5	±10	±10	%
calibration at device	1.8	±10	±10	%
power-up	1.5	±10	±10	%
	1.2	±10	±10	%

The OCT resistance may vary with the variation of temperature and voltage after calibration at device power-up. Use Table 1–10 and Equation 1–1 to determine the final OCT resistance considering the variations after calibration at device power-up. Table 1–10 lists the change percentage of the OCT resistance with voltage and temperature.

Table 1–10. OCT Variation After Calibration at Device Power-Up for Cyclone IV Devices

Nominal Voltage	dR/dT (%/°C)	dR/dV (%/mV)
3.0	0.262	-0.026
2.5	0.234	-0.039
1.8	0.219	-0.086
1.5	0.199	-0.136
1.2	0.161	-0.288

## Equation 1-1. Final OCT Resistance (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

### Notes to Equation 1-1:

- (1)  $T_2$  is the final temperature.
- (2)  $T_1$  is the initial temperature.
- (3) MF is multiplication factor.
- (4) R<sub>final</sub> is final resistance.
- (5) R<sub>initial</sub> is initial resistance.
- (6) Subscript  $_{\rm X}$  refers to both  $_{\rm V}$  and  $_{\rm T}$ .
- (7)  $\Delta R_V$  is a variation of resistance with voltage.
- (8)  $\Delta R_T$  is a variation of resistance with temperature.
- (9) dR/dT is the change percentage of resistance with temperature after calibration at device power-up.
- (10) dR/dV is the change percentage of resistance with voltage after calibration at device power-up.
- (11) V2 is final voltage.
- (12)  $V_1$  is the initial voltage.

### Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistor

Table 1-12 lists the weak pull-up and pull-down resistor values for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–12. Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistor Values for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	7	25	41	kΩ
	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	7	28	47	kΩ
D	before and during configuration, as	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	8	35	61	kΩ
R_ <sub>PU</sub>	well as usel illoue il you ellable the	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	10	57	108	kΩ
	programmable pull-up resistor option	$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	13	82	163	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2), (3)	19	143	351	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	6	19	30	kΩ
	Value of the 1/O air well decreased as	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	6	22	36	kΩ
R_PD	Value of the I/O pin pull-down resistor before and during configuration	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	6	25	43	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	7	35	71	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (4)	8	50	112	kΩ

### Notes to Table 1-12:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins. The weak pull-down feature is only available for JTAG TCK.
- (2) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V<sub>CCIO</sub>.
- (3)  $R_{PU} = (V_{CC10} V_1)/I_{R_PU}$ Minimum condition:  $-40^{\circ}C$ ;  $V_{CC10} = V_{CC} + 5\%$ ,  $V_1 = V_{CC} + 5\% 50$  mV; Typical condition:  $25^{\circ}C$ ;  $V_{CC10} = V_{CC}$ ,  $V_1 = 0$  V;  $V_2 = 0$  V;  $V_3 = 0$  V;  $V_4 = 0$  V and  $V_5 = 0$  V and  $V_6 = 0$  V and  $V_7 = 0$  V and  $V_8 = 0$  V and  $V_$

Maximum condition:  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $V_{\text{CCIO}} = V_{\text{CC}} - 5\%$ ,  $V_{\text{I}} = 0$  V; in which  $V_{\text{I}}$  refers to the input voltage at the I/O pin.

(4)  $R_{PD} = V_I/I_{RPD}$ 

Minimum condition: -40°C;  $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC} + 5\%$ ,  $V_I = 50$  mV;

Typical condition: 25°C;  $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC}$ ,  $V_1 = V_{CC} - 5\%$ ; Maximum condition: 100°C;  $V_{CCIO} = V_{CC} - 5\%$ ,  $V_1 = V_{CC} - 5\%$ ; in which  $V_1$  refers to the input voltage at the I/O pin.

### **Hot-Socketing**

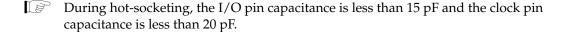
Table 1–13 lists the hot-socketing specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–13. Hot-Socketing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Maximum
I <sub>IOPIN(DC)</sub>	DC current per I/O pin	300 μΑ
I <sub>IOPIN(AC)</sub>	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA (1)
I <sub>XCVRTX(DC)</sub>	DC current per transceiver TX pin	100 mA
I <sub>XCVRRX(DC)</sub>	DC current per transceiver RX pin	50 mA

#### Note to Table 1-13:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns,  $|IIOPIN| = C \frac{dv}{dt}$ , in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.



## **Power Consumption**

Use the following methods to estimate power for a design:

- the Excel-based EPE
- the Quartus® II PowerPlay power analyzer feature

The interactive Excel-based EPE is used prior to designing the device to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay power analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete. The PowerPlay power analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, combined with detailed circuit models, can yield very accurate power estimates.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in volume 3 of the *Quartus II Handbook*.

# **Switching Characteristics**

This section provides performance characteristics of Cyclone IV core and periphery blocks for commercial grade devices.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The upper-right hand corner of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary".
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

# **Transceiver Performance Specifications**

Table 1–21 lists the Cyclone IV GX transceiver specifications.

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 1 of 4)

Symbol/	Oouditions.		C6			C7, I7					
Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards		1.2 V F	PCML, 1.5	V PCML, 3.	3 V PCN	1L, Differe	ntial LVPE	CL, LVD	S, HCSL		
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	_	50	_	156.25	50	_	156.25	50	_	156.25	MHz
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	Physical interface for PCI Express (PIPE) mode	30	_	33	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PIPE mode	_	0 to -0.5%	_	_	0 to -0.5%	_	_	0 to -0.5%	_	_
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	0.1	_	1.6	0.1	_	1.6	0.1	_	1.6	V
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	_		1100 ± 5	5%		1100 ± 5%	%		1100 ± 5	%	mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (1)	Frequency offset	_	_	-123	_	_	-123	_	_	-123	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Total Jitter (1)	= 1 MHz – 8 MHZ	_	_	42.3	_	_	42.3	_	_	42.3	ps
R <sub>ref</sub>	_	_	2000 ± 1%	_	_	2000 ± 1%	_	_	2000 ± 1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clock											
cal_blk_clk clock frequency	_	10	_	125	10	_	125	10	_	125	MHz
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	125	_	_	125	_	_	125	_	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfiguration clock frequency	2.5/ 37.5 <i>(2)</i>	_	50	2.5/ 37.5 (2)	_	50	2.5/ 37.5 (2)	_	50	MHz
Delta time between reconfig_clk	_	_	_	2	_	_	2	_	_	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down pulse width	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	μs

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 3 of 4)

Symbol/	0 1111		C6			C7, I7			<b>C8</b>		
Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Signal detect/loss threshold	PIPE mode	65	_	175	65	_	175	65	_	175	mV
t <sub>LTR</sub> (10)	_	_	_	75	_	_	75	_	_	75	μs
t <sub>LTR-LTD_Manual</sub> (11)	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	μs
t <sub>LTD</sub> (12)	_	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	ns
t <sub>LTD_Manual</sub> (13)	_		_	4000	_		4000	_		4000	ns
t <sub>LTD_Auto</sub> (14)	_		_	4000	_		4000	_		4000	ns
Receiver buffer and CDR offset cancellation time (per channel)	_		_	17000	_	_	17000	_	_	17000	recon fig_c lk cycles
	DC Gain Setting = 0	_	0	_	_	0	_	_	0	_	dB
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 1	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	3	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	_	6	_	_	6	_	_	6	_	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	1.5 V PCML										
Data rate (F324 and smaller package)	_	600	_	2500	600	_	2500	600	_	2500	Mbps
Data rate (F484 and larger package)	_	600	_	3125	600	_	3125	600	_	2500	Mbps
V <sub>OCM</sub>	0.65 V setting	_	650	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
Differential on-chip	100–Ω setting	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
termination resistors	150– $\Omega$ setting	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PIPE, CPRI LV, Serial Rapid I/O SR, SDI, XAUI, SATA					Complian	į			,	_
Rise time	_	50	_	200	50	_	200	50	_	200	ps
Fall time	_	50	_	200	50	_	200	50	_	200	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	_	_	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block skew	_	_	_	120	_	_	120	_	_	120	ps

Table 1–23 lists the Cyclone IV GX transceiver block AC specifications.

Table 1–23. Transceiver Block AC Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (1), (2)

Symbol/	Conditions		C6			C7, I7	7		C8		Unit
Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation (3)											
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	_		0.25	_	_	0.25	_	_	0.25	UI
PCIe Receiver Jitter Toler	ance <sup>(3)</sup>										
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern		> 0.6	6		> 0.6			> 0.6	6	UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Gene	ration <sup>(4)</sup>										
Deterministic jitter	Pattern = CRPAT		_	0.14		_	0.14			0.14	UI
(peak-to-peak)	Tattom = On 70			0.14			0.14			0.14	O1
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	_	_	0.279		_	0.279	_	_	0.279	UI
GIGE Receiver Jitter Toler	ance <sup>(4)</sup>										
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4				> 0.4	,		> 0.4		
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66	6		> 0.60	6	UI	

### Notes to Table 1-23:

- (1) Dedicated refclk pins were used to drive the input reference clocks.
- (2) The jitter numbers specified are valid for the stated conditions only.
- (3) The jitter numbers for PIPE are compliant to the PCle Base Specification 2.0.
- (4) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.

## **Core Performance Specifications**

The following sections describe the clock tree specifications, PLLs, embedded multiplier, memory block, and configuration specifications for Cyclone IV Devices.

## **Clock Tree Specifications**

Table 1–24 lists the clock tree specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–24. Clock Tree Performance for Cyclone IV Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Davis				Perfor	mance				11-14
Device	C6	<b>C</b> 7	C8	C8L (1)	C9L (1)	17	I8L <sup>(1)</sup>	A7	Unit
EP4CE6	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE10	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE15	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE22	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE30	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz
EP4CE40	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	402	MHz

Table 1–25. PLL Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>DLOCK</sub>	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover, reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays or areset is deasserted)	_	_	1	ms
toutjitter_period_dedclk (6)	Dedicated clock output period jitter $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$	_	_	300	ps
	F <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz	_	_	30	mUI
toutjitter_ccj_dedclk (6)	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$	_	_	300	ps
	F <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz	_	_	30	mUI
toutjitter_period_io (6)	Regular I/O period jitter $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$	_	_	650	ps
	F <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz	_	_	75	mUI
toutjitter_ccj_io <i>(6)</i>	Regular I/O cycle-to-cycle jitter F <sub>OUT</sub> ≥ 100 MHz	_	_	650	ps
	F <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz	_	_	75	mUI
t <sub>PLL_PSERR</sub>	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	_	_	±50	ps
t <sub>ARESET</sub>	Minimum pulse width on areset signal.	10	_	_	ns
tconfigpll	Time required to reconfigure scan chains for PLLs	_	3.5 (7)		SCANCLK cycles
f <sub>SCANCLK</sub>	scanclk frequency	_	_	100	MHz
t <sub>CASC_OUTJITTER_PERIOD_DEDCLK</sub>	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ( $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_		425	ps
(8), (9)	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (F <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)	_	_	42.5	mUI

### Notes to Table 1-25:

- (1) This table is applicable for general purpose PLLs and multipurpose PLLs.
- (2) You must connect  $V_{CCD\ PLL}$  to  $V_{CCINT}$  through the decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.
- (3) This parameter is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (4) The  $V_{CO}$  frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the  $V_{CO}$  post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the  $f_{VCO}$  specification.
- (5) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source that is less than 200 ps.
- (6) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10<sup>-12</sup> (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.
- (7) With 100-MHz scanclk frequency.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} (8) & The cascaded PLLs specification is applicable only with the following conditions: \end{tabular}$ 
  - Upstream PLL—0.59 MHz  $\leq$  Upstream PLL bandwidth < 1 MHz
  - Downstream PLL—Downstream PLL bandwidth > 2 MHz
- (9) PLL cascading is not supported for transceiver applications.

Table 1–29 lists the active configuration mode specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–29. Active Configuration Mode Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Programming Mode	DCLK Range	Typical DCLK	Unit
Active Parallel (AP) (1)	20 to 40	33	MHz
Active Serial (AS)	20 to 40	33	MHz

### Note to Table 1-29:

(1) AP configuration mode is only supported for Cyclone IV E devices.

Table 1–30 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–30. JTAG Timing Parameters for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>JCP</sub>	TCK clock period	40	_	ns
t <sub>JCH</sub>	TCK clock high time	19	_	ns
t <sub>JCL</sub>	TCK clock low time	19	_	ns
t <sub>JPSU_TDI</sub>	JTAG port setup time for TDI	1	_	ns
t <sub>JPSU_TMS</sub>	JTAG port setup time for TMS	3	_	ns
t <sub>JPH</sub>	JTAG port hold time	10	_	ns
t <sub>JPCO</sub>	JTAG port clock to output (2), (3)	_	15	ns
t <sub>JPZX</sub>	JTAG port high impedance to valid output (2), (3)	_	15	ns
t <sub>JPXZ</sub>	JTAG port valid output to high impedance (2), (3)	_	15	ns
t <sub>JSSU</sub>	Capture register setup time	5	_	ns
t <sub>JSH</sub>	Capture register hold time	10	_	ns
t <sub>JSCO</sub>	Update register clock to output	_	25	ns
t <sub>JSZX</sub>	Update register high impedance to valid output	_	25	ns
t <sub>JSXZ</sub>	Update register valid output to high impedance	_	25	ns

### Notes to Table 1-30:

- (1) For more information about JTAG waveforms, refer to "JTAG Waveform" in "Glossary" on page 1-37.
- (2) The specification is shown for 3.3-, 3.0-, and 2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS operation of JTAG pins. For 1.8-V LVTTL/LVCMOS and 1.5-V LVCMOS, the output time specification is 16 ns.
- (3) For EP4CGX22, EP4CGX30 (F324 and smaller package), EP4CGX110, and EP4CGX150 devices, the output time specification for 3.3-, 3.0-, and 2.5-V LVTTL/LVCMOS operation of JTAG pins is 16 ns. For 1.8-V LVTTL/LVCMOS and 1.5-V LVCMOS, the output time specification is 18 ns.

## **Periphery Performance**

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the PCI/PCI-X bus interface. I/Os using the SSTL-18 Class I termination standard can achieve up to the stated DDR2 SDRAM interfacing speeds. I/Os using general-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 3.0-, 2.5-, 1.8-, or 1.5-LVTTL/LVCMOS are capable of a typical 200 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

For more information about the supported maximum clock rate, device and pin planning, IP implementation, and device termination, refer to Section III: System Performance Specifications of the External Memory Interfaces Handbook.



Actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

### **High-Speed I/O Specifications**

Table 1–31 through Table 1–36 list the high-speed I/O timing for Cyclone IV devices. For definitions of high-speed timing specifications, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.

Table 1–31. RSDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2), (4) (Part 1 of 2)

			C6			C7, I	7		C8, A	7		C8L, I	BL		C9L		
Symbol	Modes	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	×10	5	_	180	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
	×8	5		180	5		155.5	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK</sub> (input clock	×7	5	_	180	5		155.5	5		155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
frequency)	×4	5		180	5		155.5	5		155.5	5		155.5	5	-	132.5	MHz
,	×2	5		180	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5		155.5	5		132.5	MHz
	×1	5	_	360	5	_	311	5	_	311	5		311	5	_	265	MHz
	×10	100	_	360	100		311	100	l	311	100		311	100	_	265	Mbps
	×8	80		360	80		311	80		311	80		311	80	_	265	Mbps
Device operation in	×7	70		360	70	_	311	70		311	70	_	311	70	1	265	Mbps
Mbps	×4	40	_	360	40	_	311	40	_	311	40	_	311	40	_	265	Mbps
·	×2	20	_	360	20	_	311	20	_	311	20	_	311	20	_	265	Mbps
	×1	10		360	10		311	10		311	10		311	10		265	Mbps
t <sub>DUTY</sub>	_	45	_	55	45	_	55	45	_	55	45	_	55	45	_	55	%
Transmitter channel-to- channel skew (TCCS)	_	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	_	_	_	500			500	_	_	550			600	_	_	700	ps
t <sub>RISE</sub>	$20 - 80\%$ , $C_{LOAD} = 5 pF$	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	ps
t <sub>FALL</sub>	20 – 80%, C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 5 pF	_	500	_	_	500	1		500	_	_	500	ı	_	500		ps

Symbol Modes		C	6	C7,	, <b>17</b>	C8,	A7	C8L, I8L		C	9L	Ilmit
Symbol	Minnes	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>DUTY</sub>	_	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%
TCCS	_	_	200	_	200	_	200	_	200	_	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	_	_	500	_	500	_	550	_	600	_	700	ps
t <sub>LOCK</sub> (2)	_	_	1	_	1	_	1	_	1	_	1	ms

### Notes to Table 1-35:

- (1) Cyclone IV E—emulated LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks. Cyclone IV GX—emulated LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (2)  $t_{LOCK}$  is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–36. LVDS Receiver Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (3)

0	80	C	6	<b>C</b> 7,	, <b>17</b>	C8,	A7	C8L	, I8L	C	9L	1111
Symbol	Modes	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
	×10	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
	×8	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK</sub> (input clock	×7	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
frequency)	×4	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
1 3,	×2	10	437.5	10	370	10	320	10	320	10	250	MHz
	×1	10	437.5	10	402.5	10	402.5	10	362	10	265	MHz
	×10	100	875	100	740	100	640	100	640	100	500	Mbps
	×8	80	875	80	740	80	640	80	640	80	500	Mbps
HSIODR	×7	70	875	70	740	70	640	70	640	70	500	Mbps
חטוטח	×4	40	875	40	740	40	640	40	640	40	500	Mbps
	×2	20	875	20	740	20	640	20	640	20	500	Mbps
	×1	10	437.5	10	402.5	10	402.5	10	362	10	265	Mbps
SW	_	_	400	_	400	_	400	_	550	_	640	ps
Input jitter tolerance	_	_	500	_	500	_	550	_	600	_	700	ps
t <sub>LOCK</sub> (2)	_	_	1	_	1	_	1		1		1	ms

### Notes to Table 1-36:

- Cyclone IV E—LVDS receiver is supported at all I/O Banks.
   Cyclone IV GX—LVDS receiver is supported at I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (2)  $t_{LOCK}$  is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

## **External Memory Interface Specifications**

The external memory interfaces for Cyclone IV devices are auto-calibrating and easy to implement.



For more information about the supported maximum clock rate, device and pin planning, IP implementation, and device termination, refer to *Section III: System Performance Specifications* of the *External Memory Interface Handbook*.

Table 1–37 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–37. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-125	125	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t <sub>JIT(cc)</sub>	-200	200	ps
Duty cycle jitter	t <sub>JIT(duty)</sub>	-150	150	ps

#### Notes to Table 1-37:

- Memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2 standard.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a global clock (GCLK) network.

### **Duty Cycle Distortion Specifications**

Table 1–38 lists the worst case duty cycle distortion for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–38. Duty Cycle Distortion on Cyclone IV Devices I/O Pins (1), (2), (3)

Symbol	C	<b>C6</b>		, <b>1</b> 7	C8, I8	BL, A7	C	Unit	
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Ullit
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

### Notes to Table 1-38:

- (1) The duty cycle distortion specification applies to clock outputs from the PLLs, global clock tree, and IOE driving the dedicated and general purpose I/O pins.
- (2) Cyclone IV devices meet the specified duty cycle distortion at the maximum output toggle rate for each combination of I/O standard and current strength.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

## **OCT Calibration Timing Specification**

Table 1–39 lists the duration of calibration for series OCT with calibration at device power-up for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–39. Timing Specification for Series OCT with Calibration at Device Power-Up for Cyclone IV Devices  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol	Description	Maximum	Units
t <sub>OCTCAL</sub>	Duration of series OCT with calibration at device power-up	20	μs

### Note to Table 1-39:

(1) OCT calibration takes place after device configuration and before entering user mode.

## **IOE Programmable Delay**

Table 1–40 and Table 1–41 list the IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices.

Table 1–40. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V Core Voltage Devices (1), (2)

		Number		Max Offset									
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	of	of	of	of	Min Offset	Fast (	Corner	Slow Corner			
		Setting	Setting   Oliset		I8L	C8L	C9L	I8L					
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	2.054	1.924	3.387	4.017	3.411	ns				
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	2.010	1.875	3.341	4.252	3.367	ns				
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.641	0.631	1.111	1.377	1.124	ns				
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.971	0.931	1.684	2.298	1.684	ns				

### Notes to Table 1-40:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting **0** as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–41. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V Core Voltage Devices (1), (2)

	Numbe		Numbor		Max Offset						
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fast (	Corner	S	Unit				
		Setting		C8L	I8L	C8L	C9L	I8L			
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	2.057	1.921	3.389	4.146	3.412	ns		
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	2.059	1.919	3.420	4.374	3.441	ns		
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.670	0.623	1.160	1.420	1.168	ns		
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.960	0.919	1.656	2.258	1.656	ns		

### Notes to Table 1-41:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting  $\bf 0$  as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–42 and Table 1–43 list the IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices.

Table 1-42. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V Core Voltage Devices (1), (2)

		Number					Max (	Offset				
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fa	Fast Corner			Slow Corner				
		Setting		C6	17	A7	C6	<b>C</b> 7	C8	17	A7	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.314	1.211	1.211	2.177	2.340	2.433	2.388	2.508	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.307	1.203	1.203	2.19	2.387	2.540	2.430	2.545	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.437	0.402	0.402	0.747	0.820	0.880	0.834	0.873	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.693	0.665	0.665	1.200	1.379	1.532	1.393	1.441	ns

### Notes to Table 1-42:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting **0** as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1–43. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V Core Voltage Devices (1), (2)

		Number					Max (	Offset				
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fa	ast Corn	er		SI	ow Corn	er		Unit
		Setting		C6	17	A7	C6	<b>C</b> 7	C8	17	A7	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.314	1.209	1.209	2.201	2.386	2.510	2.429	2.548	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.312	1.207	1.207	2.202	2.402	2.558	2.447	2.557	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.458	0.419	0.419	0.783	0.861	0.924	0.875	0.915	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.686	0.657	0.657	1.185	1.360	1.506	1.376	1.422	ns

### Notes to Table 1-43:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For the exact values for each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting 0 as available in the Quartus II software.

## I/O Timing

Use the following methods to determine I/O timing:

- the Excel-based I/O Timing
- the Quartus II timing analyzer

The Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get a timing budget estimation as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II timing analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete.

The Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet is downloadable from Cyclone IV Devices Literature website.

## **Glossary**

Table 1–46 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 1 of 5)

Letter	Term	Definitions
Α	_	_
В	_	_
С	_	_
D	_	_
E	_	_
F	f <sub>HSCLK</sub>	High-speed I/O block: High-speed receiver/transmitter input and output clock frequency.
G	GCLK	Input pin directly to Global Clock network.
u	GCLK PLL	Input pin to Global Clock network through the PLL.
Н	HSIODR	High-speed I/O block: Maximum/minimum LVDS data transfer rate (HSIODR = 1/TUI).
ı	Input Waveforms for the SSTL Differential I/O Standard	V <sub>IH</sub> V <sub>REF</sub> V <sub>IL</sub>

# **Document Revision History**

Table 1–47 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 1–47. Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
March 2016	2.0	Updated note (5) in Table 1–21 to remove support for the N148 package.
October 2014	1.0	Updated maximum value for V <sub>CCD_PLL</sub> in Table 1–1.
October 2014	1.9	Removed extended temperature note in Table 1–3.
December 2013	1.8	Updated Table 1–21 by adding Note (15).
May 2013	1.7	Updated Table 1–15 by adding Note (4).
		■ Updated the maximum value for V <sub>I</sub> , V <sub>CCD_PLL</sub> , V <sub>CCIO</sub> , V <sub>CC_CLKIN</sub> , V <sub>CCH_GXB</sub> , and V <sub>CCA_GXB</sub> Table 1–1.
		■ Updated Table 1–11 and Table 1–22.
October 2012	1.6	<ul> <li>Updated Table 1–21 to include peak-to-peak differential input voltage for the Cyclone IV GX transceiver input reference clock.</li> </ul>
		■ Updated Table 1–29 to include the typical DCLK value.
		■ Updated the minimum f <sub>HSCLK</sub> value in Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, and Table 1–35.
		<ul> <li>Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot or Undershoot Voltage", "Operating Conditions", and "PLL Specifications" sections.</li> </ul>
November 2011	11 1.5	■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–5, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–15, Table 1–18, Table 1–19, and Table 1–21.
		■ Updated Figure 1–1.
		■ Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.1 release.
December 2010	1.4	■ Updated Table 1–21 and Table 1–25.
		■ Minor text edits.
		Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.0 release:
		■ Updated Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–21, Table 1–25, Table 1–28, Table 1–30, Table 1–40, Table 1–41, Table 1–42, Table 1–43, Table 1–44, and Table 1–45.
July 2010	1.3	■ Updated Figure 1–2 and Figure 1–3.
		<ul> <li>Removed SW Requirement and TCCS for Cyclone IV Devices tables.</li> </ul>
		■ Minor text edits.
		Updated to include automotive devices:
		<ul><li>Updated the "Operating Conditions" and "PLL Specifications" sections.</li></ul>
March 2010	1.2	■ Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–21, Table 1–26, Table 1–27, Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–35, Table 1–36, Table 1–37, Table 1–38, Table 1–40, Table 1–42, and Table 1–43.
		■ Added Table 1–5 to include ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os.
		<ul> <li>Added Table 1–44 and Table 1–45 to include IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices.</li> </ul>
		Minor text edits.

## Table 1-47. Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
February 2010	1.1	<ul> <li>Updated Table 1–3 through Table 1–44 to include information for Cyclone IV E devices and Cyclone IV GX devices for Quartus II software version 9.1 SP1 release.</li> <li>Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
November 2009	1.0	Initial release.