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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	4620
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	73920
Total RAM Bits	4257792
Number of I/O	290
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.16V ~ 1.24V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep4cgx75cf23c7n

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Cyclone IV E industrial devices I7 are offered with extended operating temperature range.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings define the maximum operating conditions for Cyclone IV devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the device and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms. The functional operation of the device is not implied at these conditions. Table 1–1 lists the absolute maximum ratings for Cyclone IV devices.



Conditions beyond those listed in Table 1–1 cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time have adverse effects on the device.

Table 1–1. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CCINT}	Core voltage, PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP block, and transceiver physical coding sublayer (PCS) power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCA}	Phase-locked loop (PLL) analog power supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCD_PLL}	PLL digital power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCIO}	I/O banks power supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CC_CLKIN}	Differential clock input pins power supply	-0.5	4.5	V
V _{CCH_GXB}	Transceiver output buffer power supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GXB}	Transceiver physical medium attachment (PMA) and auxiliary power supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCL_GXB}	Transceiver PMA and auxiliary power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
VI	DC input voltage	-0.5	4.2	V
I _{OUT}	DC output current, per pin	-25	40	mA
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C
T _J	Operating junction temperature	-40	125	°C

Note to Table 1-1:

Maximum Allowed Overshoot or Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 1–2 and undershoot to -2.0 V for a magnitude of currents less than 100 mA and for periods shorter than 20 ns. Table 1-2 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage over the lifetime of the device. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high-time over the lifetime of the device.

⁽¹⁾ Supply voltage specifications apply to voltage readings taken at the device pins with respect to ground, not at the power supply.

Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operation limits for AC and DC parameters for Cyclone IV devices. Table 1–3 and Table 1–4 list the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Cyclone IV E and Cyclone IV GX devices. All supplies must be strictly monotonic without plateaus.

Table 1–3. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV E Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{CCINT} (3)	Supply voltage for internal logic, 1.2-V operation	_	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
VCCINT 19	Supply voltage for internal logic, 1.0-V operation	_	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.3-V operation	_	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{CCIO} (3), (4)	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.0-V operation	_	2.85	3	3.15	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 2.5-V operation	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.8-V operation	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.5-V operation	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.2-V operation	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V _{CCA} (3)	Supply (analog) voltage for PLL regulator	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V (3)	Supply (digital) voltage for PLL, 1.2-V operation	_	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
V _{CCD_PLL} (3)	Supply (digital) voltage for PLL, 1.0-V operation	_	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
V _I	Input voltage	_	-0.5	_	3.6	V
V_0	Output voltage	_	0	_	V _{CCIO}	V
		For commercial use	0	_	85	°C
т	Operating junction temperature	For industrial use	-40	_	100	°C
T_J	Operating junction temperature	For extended temperature	-40	_	125	°C
		For automotive use	-40	_	125	°C
t _{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard power-on reset (POR) (5)	50 μs	_	50 ms	_
		Fast POR (6)	50 μs	_	3 ms	_

Table 1–3. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV E Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{Diode}	Magnitude of DC current across PCI-clamp diode when enable	_	_	_	10	mA

Notes to Table 1-3:

- (1) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades.
- (2) V_{CCIO} for all I/O banks must be powered up during device operation. All VCCA pins must be powered to 2.5 V (even when PLLs are not used) and must be powered up and powered down at the same time.
- (3) V_{CC} must rise monotonically.
- (4) V_{CCIO} powers all input buffers.
- (5) The POR time for Standard POR ranges between 50 and 200 ms. Each individual power supply must reach the recommended operating range within 50 ms.
- (6) The POR time for Fast POR ranges between 3 and 9 ms. Each individual power supply must reach the recommended operating range within 3 ms.

Table 1-4. Recommended Operating Conditions for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{CCINT} (3)	Core voltage, PCIe hard IP block, and transceiver PCS power supply	_	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V _{CCA} (1), (3)	PLL analog power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCD_PLL} (2)	PLL digital power supply	_	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
V _{CCIO} (3), (4)	I/O banks power supply for 3.3-V operation	_	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	I/O banks power supply for 3.0-V operation	_	2.85	3	3.15	V
	I/O banks power supply for 2.5-V operation	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.8-V operation	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.5-V operation	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O banks power supply for 1.2-V operation	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 3.3-V operation	_	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 3.0-V operation	_	2.85	3	3.15	V
V _{CC_CLKIN}	Differential clock input pins power supply for 2.5-V operation	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
(3), (5), (6)	Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.8-V operation	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.5-V operation	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	Differential clock input pins power supply for 1.2-V operation	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
$V_{\text{CCH_GXB}}$	Transceiver output buffer power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V

The OCT resistance may vary with the variation of temperature and voltage after calibration at device power-up. Use Table 1–10 and Equation 1–1 to determine the final OCT resistance considering the variations after calibration at device power-up. Table 1–10 lists the change percentage of the OCT resistance with voltage and temperature.

Table 1–10. OCT Variation After Calibration at Device Power-Up for Cyclone IV Devices

Nominal Voltage	dR/dT (%/°C)	dR/dV (%/mV)
3.0	0.262	-0.026
2.5	0.234	-0.039
1.8	0.219	-0.086
1.5	0.199	-0.136
1.2	0.161	-0.288

Equation 1-1. Final OCT Resistance (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

Notes to Equation 1-1:

- (1) T_2 is the final temperature.
- (2) T_1 is the initial temperature.
- (3) MF is multiplication factor.
- (4) R_{final} is final resistance.
- (5) R_{initial} is initial resistance.
- (6) Subscript $_{\rm X}$ refers to both $_{\rm V}$ and $_{\rm T}$.
- (7) ΔR_V is a variation of resistance with voltage.
- (8) ΔR_T is a variation of resistance with temperature.
- (9) dR/dT is the change percentage of resistance with temperature after calibration at device power-up.
- (10) dR/dV is the change percentage of resistance with voltage after calibration at device power-up.
- (11) V2 is final voltage.
- (12) V_1 is the initial voltage.

Operating Conditions

Example 1–1 shows how to calculate the change of 50- Ω I/O impedance from 25°C at 3.0 V to 85°C at 3.15 V.

Example 1-1. Impedance Change

$$\Delta R_V = (3.15 - 3) \times 1000 \times -0.026 = -3.83$$

$$\Delta R_T = (85 - 25) \times 0.262 = 15.72$$

Because ΔR_V is negative,

$$MF_V = 1 / (3.83/100 + 1) = 0.963$$

Because ΔR_T is positive,

$$MF_T = 15.72/100 + 1 = 1.157$$

$$MF = 0.963 \times 1.157 = 1.114$$

$$R_{final} = 50 \times 1.114 = 55.71 \Omega$$

Pin Capacitance

Table 1–11 lists the pin capacitance for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–11. Pin Capacitance for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical – Quad Flat Pack (QFP)	Typical – Quad Flat No Leads (QFN)	Typical – Ball-Grid Array (BGA)	Unit
C _{IOTB}	Input capacitance on top and bottom I/O pins	7	7	6	pF
C _{IOLR}	Input capacitance on right I/O pins	7	7	5	pF
C _{LVDSLR}	Input capacitance on right I/O pins with dedicated LVDS output	8	8	7	pF
C _{VREFLR} (2)	Input capacitance on right dual-purpose $\ensuremath{\mathtt{VREF}}$ pin when used as V_{REF} or user I/O pin	21	21	21	pF
C _{VREFTB} (2)	Input capacitance on top and bottom dual-purpose ${\tt VREF}$ pin when used as $V_{{\tt REF}}$ or user I/O pin	23 (3)	23	23	pF
C _{CLKTB}	Input capacitance on top and bottom dedicated clock input pins	7	7	6	pF
C _{CLKLR}	Input capacitance on right dedicated clock input pins	6	6	5	pF

Notes to Table 1-11:

- (1) The pin capacitance applies to FBGA, UBGA, and MBGA packages.
- (2) When you use the VREF pin as a regular input or output, you can expect a reduced performance of toggle rate and t_{CO} because of higher pin capacitance.
- (3) C_{VREFTB} for the EP4CE22 device is 30 pF.

Power Consumption

Use the following methods to estimate power for a design:

- the Excel-based EPE
- the Quartus® II PowerPlay power analyzer feature

The interactive Excel-based EPE is used prior to designing the device to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay power analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete. The PowerPlay power analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, combined with detailed circuit models, can yield very accurate power estimates.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in volume 3 of the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of Cyclone IV core and periphery blocks for commercial grade devices.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The upper-right hand corner of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary".
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

Table 1–21 lists the Cyclone IV GX transceiver specifications.

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 1 of 4)

Symbol/	Conditions	C6			C7, I7			C8			II-a:A
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards		1.2 V F	PCML, 1.5	V PCML, 3.	3 V PCN	1L, Differe	ntial LVPE	CL, LVD	S, HCSL		
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	_	50	_	156.25	50	_	156.25	50	_	156.25	MHz
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	Physical interface for PCI Express (PIPE) mode	30	_	33	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PIPE mode	_	0 to -0.5%	_	_	0 to -0.5%	_	_	0 to -0.5%	_	_
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	0.1	_	1.6	0.1	_	1.6	0.1	_	1.6	V
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	_	1100 ± 5%		1100 ± 5% 1100 ± 5%		1100 ± 5%		1100 ± 5%		%	mV
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (1)	Frequency offset	_	_	-123	_	_	-123	_	_	-123	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Total Jitter (1)	= 1 MHz – 8 MHZ	_	_	42.3	_	_	42.3	_	_	42.3	ps
R _{ref}	_	_	2000 ± 1%	_	_	2000 ± 1%	_	_	2000 ± 1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clock											
cal_blk_clk clock frequency	_	10	_	125	10	_	125	10	_	125	MHz
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	125	_	_	125	_	_	125	_	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfiguration clock frequency	2.5/ 37.5 <i>(2)</i>	_	50	2.5/ 37.5 (2)	_	50	2.5/ 37.5 (2)	_	50	MHz
Delta time between reconfig_clk	_	_	_	2	_	_	2	_	_	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down pulse width	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	μs

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 2 of 4)

Symbol/	Oanditions		C6		C7, I7				C8		11!4
Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Receiver			•				•			<u> </u>	
Supported I/O Standards	1.4 V PCML, 1.5 V PCML, 2.5 V PCML, LVPECL, LVDS										
Data rate (F324 and smaller package) (15)	_	600	_	2500	600	_	2500	600	_	2500	Mbps
Data rate (F484 and larger package) (15)	_	600	_	3125	600	_	3125	600	_	2500	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin (3)	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Operational V _{MAX} for a receiver pin	_	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p)	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting, Data Rate = 600 Mbps to 3.125 Gbps	0.1	_	2.7	0.1	_	2.7	0.1	_	2.7	V
V _{ICM}	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	_	820 ± 10%	_	_	820 ± 10%	_	_	820 ± 10%	_	mV
Differential on-chip	100–Ω setting	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
termination resistors	150– Ω setting	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PIPE, Serial Rapid I/O SR, SATA, CPRI LV, SDI, XAUI					Compliant	i				_
Programmable ppm detector ⁽⁴⁾	_				± 62.5	, 100, 125 250, 300	5, 200,				ppm
Clock data recovery (CDR) ppm tolerance (without spread-spectrum clocking enabled)	_		_	±300 (5), ±350 (6), (7)		_	±300 (5), ±350 (6), (7)	_	_	±300 (5), ±350 (6), (7)	ppm
CDR ppm tolerance (with synchronous spread-spectrum clocking enabled) (8)	_	_	_	350 to -5350 (7), (9)	_	_	350 to -5350 (7), (9)	_	_	350 to -5350 (7), (9)	ppm
Run length	_		80	_	_	80	_		80		UI
	No Equalization	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	_	_	1.5	dB
Programmable	Medium Low	_	_	4.5	_	_	4.5		_	4.5	dB
equalization	Medium High	_	_	5.5	_	_	5.5		_	5.5	dB
	High	_	_	7	_	_	7	_		7	dB

Table 1–21. Transceiver Specification for Cyclone IV GX Devices (Part 4 of 4)

Symbol/	Conditions	C6			C7, I7			C8			Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
PLD-Transceiver Interface											
Interface speed (F324 and smaller package)	_	25	_	125	25	_	125	25	_	125	MHz
Interface speed (F484 and larger package)	_	25	_	156.25	25	_	156.25	25	_	156.25	MHz
Digital reset pulse width	_		Minimum is 2 parallel clock cycles								

Notes to Table 1-21:

- (1) This specification is valid for transmitter output jitter specification with a maximum total jitter value of 112 ps, typically for 3.125 Gbps SRIO and XAUI protocols.
- (2) The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 2.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Transmitter Only** mode. The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 37.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Receiver Only** or **Receiver and Transmitter** mode.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The rate matcher supports only up to ±300 parts per million (ppm).
- (5) Supported for the F169 and F324 device packages only.
- (6) Supported for the F484, F672, and F896 device packages only. Pending device characterization.
- (7) To support CDR ppm tolerance greater than ±300 ppm, implement ppm detector in user logic and configure CDR to Manual Lock Mode.
- (8) Asynchronous spread-spectrum clocking is not supported.
- (9) For the EP4CGX30 (F484 package only), EP4CGX50, and EP4CGX75 devices, the CDR ppl tolerance is ±200 ppm.
- (10) Time taken until pll locked goes high after pll powerdown deasserts.
- (11) Time that the CDR must be kept in lock-to-reference mode after rx analogreset deasserts and before rx locktodata is asserted in manual mode.
- (12) Time taken to recover valid data after the rx_locktodata signal is asserted in manual mode (Figure 1–2), or after rx_freqlocked signal goes high in automatic mode (Figure 1–3).
- (13) Time taken to recover valid data after the $rx_locktodata$ signal is asserted in manual mode.
- (14) Time taken to recover valid data after the $rx_freqlocked$ signal goes high in automatic mode.
- (15) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Davisa	Performance											
Device	C6	C 7	C8	C8L (1)	C9L (1)	17	I8L (1)	A7	Unit			
EP4CE55	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	_	MHz			
EP4CE75	500	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	_	MHz			
EP4CE115	_	437.5	402	362	265	437.5	362	_	MHz			
EP4CGX15	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz			
EP4CGX22	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz			
EP4CGX30	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz			
EP4CGX50	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz			
EP4CGX75	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz			
EP4CGX110	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz			
EP4CGX150	500	437.5	402	_	_	437.5	_	_	MHz			

Note to Table 1-24:

PLL Specifications

Table 1–25 lists the PLL specifications for Cyclone IV devices when operating in the commercial junction temperature range (0°C to 85°C), the industrial junction temperature range (-40°C to 100°C), the extended industrial junction temperature range (-40°C to 125°C), and the automotive junction temperature range (-40°C to 125°C). For more information about the PLL block, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.

Table 1–25. PLL Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input clock frequency (-6, -7, -8 speed grades)	5	_	472.5	MHz
f _{IN} (3)	Input clock frequency (-8L speed grade)	5	_	362	MHz
	Input clock frequency (-9L speed grade)	5	_	265	MHz
f _{INPFD}	PFD input frequency	5	_	325	MHz
f _{VCO} (4)	PLL internal VCO operating range	600	_	1300	MHz
f _{INDUTY}	Input clock duty cycle	40	_	60	%
t _{INJITTER_CCJ} (5)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter F _{REF} ≥ 100 MHz	_	_	0.15	UI
NJITTER_CCJ ⁽³⁾	F _{REF} < 100 MHz	_	_	±750	ps
f _{OUT_EXT} (external clock output) (3)	PLL output frequency	_	_	472.5	MHz
	PLL output frequency (-6 speed grade)	_	_	472.5	MHz
	PLL output frequency (-7 speed grade)	_	_	450	MHz
f _{OUT} (to global clock)	PLL output frequency (-8 speed grade)	_	_	402.5	MHz
	PLL output frequency (-8L speed grade)	_	_	362	MHz
	PLL output frequency (-9L speed grade)	_	_	265	MHz
toutduty	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t _{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end of device configuration	_	_	1	ms

⁽¹⁾ Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades.

Table 1–25. PLL Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover, reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays or areset is deasserted)	_	_	1	ms
toutjitter_period_dedclk (6)	Dedicated clock output period jitter $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$	_	_	300	ps
	F _{OUT} < 100 MHz	_	_	30	mUI
toutjitter_ccj_dedclk (6)	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$	_	_	300	ps
	F _{OUT} < 100 MHz	_	_	30	mUI
toutjitter_period_io (6)	Regular I/O period jitter $F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$	_	_	650	ps
	F _{OUT} < 100 MHz	_	_	75	mUI
toutjitter_ccj_io <i>(6)</i>	Regular I/O cycle-to-cycle jitter F _{OUT} ≥ 100 MHz	_	_	650	ps
	F _{OUT} < 100 MHz	_	_	75	mUI
t _{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	_	_	±50	ps
t _{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on areset signal.	10	_	_	ns
t _{CONFIGPLL}	Time required to reconfigure scan chains for PLLs	_	3.5 (7)		SCANCLK cycles
f _{SCANCLK}	scanclk frequency	_	_	100	MHz
CASC_OUTJITTER_PERIOD_DEDCLK	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	425	ps
(8), (9)	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (F _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	42.5	mUI

Notes to Table 1-25:

- (1) This table is applicable for general purpose PLLs and multipurpose PLLs.
- (2) You must connect $V_{CCD\ PLL}$ to V_{CCINT} through the decoupling capacitor and ferrite bead.
- (3) This parameter is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (4) The V_{CO} frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the V_{CO} post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- (5) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source that is less than 200 ps.
- (6) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10⁻¹² (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.
- (7) With 100-MHz scanclk frequency.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} (8) & The cascaded PLLs specification is applicable only with the following conditions: \end{tabular}$
 - Upstream PLL—0.59 MHz \leq Upstream PLL bandwidth < 1 MHz
 - Downstream PLL—Downstream PLL bandwidth > 2 MHz
- (9) PLL cascading is not supported for transceiver applications.

Embedded Multiplier Specifications

Table 1–26 lists the embedded multiplier specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–26. Embedded Multiplier Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

Mode	Resources Used		I	Performance)		llmit
	Number of Multipliers	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	Unit
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	340	300	260	240	175	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	287	250	200	185	135	MHz

Memory Block Specifications

Table 1–27 lists the M9K memory block specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1-27. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices

		Resou	rces Used		Per	forman	ice		
Memory	Mode	LEs	M9K Memory	C6	C7, I7, A7	C8	C8L, I8L	C9L	Unit
	FIFO 256 × 36	47	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
MOV Plook	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
M9K Block 🕒	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	315	274	238	200	157	MHz

Configuration and JTAG Specifications

Table 1–28 lists the configuration mode specifications for Cyclone IV devices.

Table 1–28. Passive Configuration Mode Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1)

Programming Mode	V _{CCINT} Voltage Level (V)	DCLK f _{max}	Unit
Passive Serial (PS)	1.0 ⁽³⁾	66	MHz
rassive serial (FS)	1.2	133	MHz
Fast Passive Parallel (FPP) (2)	1.0 ⁽³⁾	66	MHz
rasi Passive Parallel (FPP) (2)	1.2 (4)	100	MHz

Notes to Table 1-28:

- (1) For more information about PS and FPP configuration timing parameters, refer to the *Configuration and Remote System Upgrades in Cyclone IV Devices* chapter.
- (2) FPP configuration mode supports all Cyclone IV E devices (except for E144 package devices) and EP4CGX50, EP4CGX75, EP4CGX110, and EP4CGX150 only.
- (3) $V_{CCINT} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ is only supported for Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices.
- (4) Cyclone IV E devices support 1.2 V V_{CCINT}. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices support 133 MHz DCLK f_{MAX} for EP4CE6, EP4CE10, EP4CE15, EP4CE22, EP4CE30, and EP4CE40 only.

For more information about the supported maximum clock rate, device and pin planning, IP implementation, and device termination, refer to Section III: System Performance Specifications of the External Memory Interfaces Handbook.



Actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specifications

Table 1–31 through Table 1–36 list the high-speed I/O timing for Cyclone IV devices. For definitions of high-speed timing specifications, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–37.

Table 1–31. RSDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2), (4) (Part 1 of 2)

			C6			C7, I	7		C8, A	7		C8L, I	BL		C9L		
Symbol	Modes	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	×10	5	_	180	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
	×8	5		180	5		155.5	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
f _{HSCLK} (input clock	×7	5		180	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
frequency)	×4	5	_	180	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
1 37	×2	5	_	180	5		155.5	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
	×1	5		360	5	_	311	5	_	311	5		311	5	_	265	MHz
	×10	100	_	360	100		311	100	_	311	100		311	100	_	265	Mbps
	×8	80	_	360	80		311	80	_	311	80		311	80	_	265	Mbps
Device	×7	70	_	360	70	_	311	70		311	70	_	311	70	_	265	Mbps
operation in Mbps	×4	40	_	360	40		311	40	_	311	40		311	40	_	265	Mbps
'	×2	20	_	360	20		311	20	_	311	20		311	20	_	265	Mbps
	×1	10	_	360	10	_	311	10		311	10	_	311	10	_	265	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	_	45	_	55	45		55	45	_	55	45		55	45	_	55	%
Transmitter channel-to- channel skew (TCCS)	_	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	_	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	550	_	_	600	_	_	700	ps
t _{RISE}	$20 - 80\%$, $C_{LOAD} = 5 pF$	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	ps
t _{FALL}	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	_	500	_	_	500	1		500	_	_	500	ı	_	500		ps

Table 1–31. RSDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2), (4) (Part 2 of 2)

Cumbol	Modos		C6			C7, I	7		C8, A	7		C8L, I	BL		C9L		Unit
Symbol Modes	Mones	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
t _{LOCK} (3)	_	_		1	_	_	1	_		1	_	_	1	_		1	ms

Notes to Table 1-31:

- (1) Applicable for true RSDS and emulated RSDS_E_3R transmitter.
- (2) Cyclone IV E devices—true RSDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 1, 2, 5, and 6. Emulated RSDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks.

 Cyclone IV GX devices—true RSDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6. Emulated RSDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (3) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (4) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–32. Emulated RSDS_E_1R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (3) (Part 1 of 2)

Ob.al	Madaa		C6			C7, 17	'		C8, A7	7	(C8L, 18	BL		C9L		11!4
Symbol	Modes	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	×10	5	_	85	5		85	5		85	5		85	5	_	72.5	MHz
	×8	5	_	85	5	_	85	5	_	85	5		85	5	_	72.5	MHz
f _{HSCLK} (input clock	×7	5	_	85	5	_	85	5	_	85	5	_	85	5	_	72.5	MHz
frequency)	×4	5	_	85	5	_	85	5		85	5		85	5	_	72.5	MHz
	×2	5		85	5	_	85	5	_	85	5		85	5	_	72.5	MHz
	×1	5	_	170	5	_	170	5	_	170	5		170	5	_	145	MHz
	×10	100	_	170	100	_	170	100	_	170	100	_	170	100		145	Mbps
	×8	80	_	170	80	_	170	80	_	170	80	_	170	80	_	145	Mbps
Device operation in	×7	70	_	170	70	_	170	70	_	170	70		170	70	_	145	Mbps
Mbps	×4	40	_	170	40		170	40	_	170	40	_	170	40	_	145	Mbps
	×2	20	1	170	20	_	170	20		170	20		170	20		145	Mbps
	×1	10	-	170	10		170	10		170	10		170	10	_	145	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	_	45	_	55	45		55	45	_	55	45	_	55	45	_	55	%
TCCS	_	_	1	200	_	_	200	_		200	_		200			200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	_	_		500	_	_	500	_		550	_	_	600	_		700	ps
	20 – 80%,																
t _{RISE}	C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	ps
	20 – 80%,																
t _{FALL}	C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_		500	_	ps

Table 1–32. Emulated RSDS_E_1R Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (3) (Part 2 of 2)

	Symbol	Modos		C6			C7, 17	1		C8, A7	7	(C8L, 18	L		C9L		Unit
Symbol Modes	Mones	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
t_{LOO}	CK <i>(2)</i>	_		_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	ms

Notes to Table 1-32:

- (1) Emulated RSDS_E_1R transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O Banks of Cyclone IV E devices and I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of Cyclone IV GX devices.
- (2) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (3) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–33. Mini-LVDS Transmitter Timing Specifications for Cyclone IV Devices (1), (2), (4)

0			C6			C7, I	7		C8, A	7		C8L, I	8L		C9L		
Symbol	Modes	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	×10	5	_	200	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
	×8	5	_	200	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
f _{HSCLK} (input clock	×7	5		200	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
frequency)	×4	5		200	5		155.5	5		155.5	5		155.5	5		132.5	MHz
1 37	×2	5		200	5	_	155.5	5	_	155.5	5		155.5	5	_	132.5	MHz
	×1	5		400	5		311	5		311	5		311	5		265	MHz
	×10	100		400	100	_	311	100		311	100		311	100	_	265	Mbps
	×8	80		400	80		311	80		311	80		311	80		265	Mbps
Device operation in	×7	70	_	400	70	_	311	70	_	311	70	_	311	70	_	265	Mbps
Mbps	×4	40		400	40	_	311	40		311	40		311	40	_	265	Mbps
•	×2	20		400	20	_	311	20	_	311	20		311	20		265	Mbps
	×1	10	_	400	10	_	311	10	_	311	10	_	311	10	_	265	Mbps
t _{DUTY}	_	45		55	45	_	55	45		55	45		55	45	_	55	%
TCCS	_	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
Output jitter (peak to peak)	_	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	550	_	_	600	_	_	700	ps
t _{RISE}	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	ps
t _{FALL}	20 – 80%, C _{LOAD} = 5 pF	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	ps
t _{LOCK} (3)	_	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	ms

Notes to Table 1-33:

- (1) Applicable for true and emulated mini-LVDS transmitter.
- (2) Cyclone IV E—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 1, 2, 5, and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of all I/O banks.

 Cyclone IV GX—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the
 - Cyclone IV GX—true mini-LVDS transmitter is only supported at the output pin of Row I/O Banks 5 and 6. Emulated mini-LVDS transmitter is supported at the output pin of I/O Banks 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- (3) t_{LOCK} is the time required for the PLL to lock from the end-of-device configuration.
- (4) Cyclone IV E 1.0 V core voltage devices only support C8L, C9L, and I8L speed grades. Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices only support C6, C7, C8, I7, and A7 speed grades. Cyclone IV GX devices only support C6, C7, C8, and I7 speed grades.

Table 1–44 and Table 1–45 list the IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV GX devices.

Table 1–44. IOE Programmable Delay on Column Pins for Cyclone IV GX Devices (1), (2)

_		Number				Max (Offset			
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fast (Corner		Slow (Corner		Unit
		Settings		C6	17	C6	C7	C8	17	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.313	1.209	2.184	2.336	2.451	2.387	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.312	1.208	2.200	2.399	2.554	2.446	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.438	0.404	0.751	0.825	0.886	0.839	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.713	0.682	1.228	1.41	1.566	1.424	ns

Notes to Table 1-44:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For exact values of each setting, use the latest version of the Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting 0 as available in the Quartus II software.

Table 1-45. IOE Programmable Delay on Row Pins for Cyclone IV GX Devices (1), (2)

		Number				Max (Offset			
Parameter	Paths Affected	of	Min Offset	Fast (Corner		Slow (Corner		Unit
		Settings		C6	17	C6	C 7	C8	17	
Input delay from pin to internal cells	Pad to I/O dataout to core	7	0	1.314	1.210	2.209	2.398	2.526	2.443	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	Pad to I/O input register	8	0	1.313	1.208	2.205	2.406	2.563	2.450	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	I/O output register to pad	2	0	0.461	0.421	0.789	0.869	0.933	0.884	ns
Input delay from dual-purpose clock pin to fan-out destinations	Pad to global clock network	12	0	0.712	0.682	1.225	1.407	1.562	1.421	ns

Notes to Table 1-45:

- (1) The incremental values for the settings are generally linear. For exact values of each setting, use the latest version of Quartus II software.
- (2) The minimum and maximum offset timing numbers are in reference to setting 0 as available in the Quartus II software

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 2 of 5)

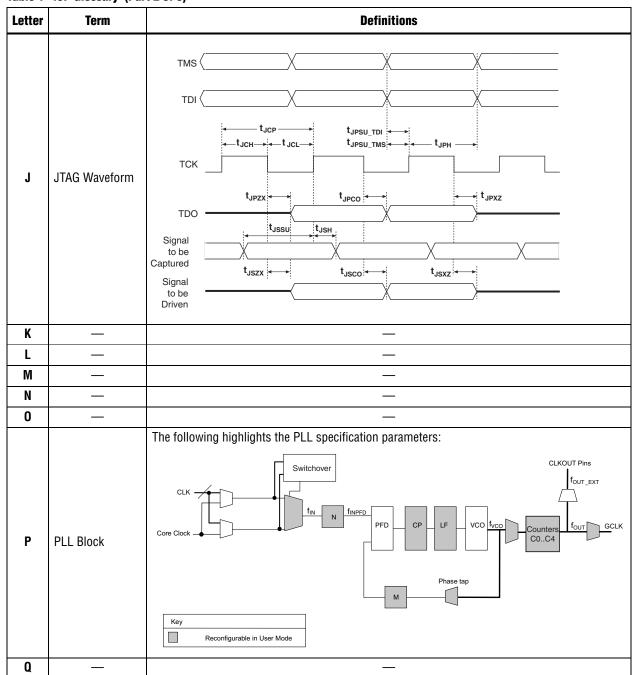


Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 3 of 5)

Letter	Term	Definitions		
R	R_L	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to Cyclone IV devices).		
	Receiver Input Waveform	Receiver input waveform for LVDS and LVPECL differential standards: Single-Ended Waveform		
		Positive Channel (p) = V _{IH}		
		Negative Channel (n) = V _{IL}		
		Ground		
		Differential Waveform (Mathematical Function of Positive & Negative Channel)		
		V _{ID} 0 V		
		V _{ID} p-n		
	Receiver input skew margin (RSKM)	High-speed I/O block: The total margin left after accounting for the sampling window and TCCS. RSKM = (TUI – SW – TCCS) / 2.		
	Single-ended voltage- referenced I/O Standard	V _{CGIO}		
		V _{IH(DC)}		
		V_{REF} $V_{IL(DC)}$		
S		Vil(AC)		
		$\overline{V_{ ext{OL}}}$		
		The JEDEC standard for SSTI and HSTL I/O standards defines both the AC and DC input signal values. The AC values indicate the voltage levels at which the receiver must meet its timing specifications. The DC values indicate the voltage levels at which the final logic state of the receiver is unambiguously defined. After the receiver input crosses the AC value, the receiver changes to the new logic state. The new logic state is then maintained as long as the input stays beyond the DC threshold. This approach is intended to provide predictable receiver timing in the presence of input waveform <i>ringing</i> .		
	SW (Sampling Window)	High-speed I/O block: The period of time during which the data must be valid to capture it correctly. The setup and hold times determine the ideal strobe position in the sampling window		

Table 1-46. Glossary (Part 4 of 5)

ter	Term	Definitions			
	t _C	High-speed receiver and transmitter input and output clock period.			
	Channel-to- channel-skew (TCCS)	High-speed I/O block: The timing difference between the fastest and slowest output edges, including $t_{\rm CO}$ variation and clock skew. The clock is included in the TCCS measurement.			
	t _{cin}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O input register.			
	t _{co}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O output.			
	t _{cout}	Delay from the clock pad to the I/O output register.			
	t _{DUTY}	High-speed I/O block: Duty cycle on high-speed transmitter output clock.			
	t _{FALL}	Signal high-to-low transition time (80–20%).			
	t _H	Input register hold time.			
	Timing Unit Interval (TUI)	High-speed I/O block: The timing budget allowed for skew, propagation delays, and data sampling window. (TUI = $1/(Receiver\ Input\ Clock\ Frequency\ Multiplication\ Factor) = t_C/w)$.			
	t _{INJITTER}	Period jitter on the PLL clock input.			
	t _{OUTJITTER_DEDCLK}	Period jitter on the dedicated clock output driven by a PLL.			
	t _{OUTJITTER_IO}	Period jitter on the general purpose I/O driven by a PLL.			
Т	t _{pllcin}	Delay from the PLL inclk pad to the I/O input register.			
	t _{pllcout}	Delay from the PLL inclk pad to the I/O output register.			
	Transmitter Output Waveform	Transmitter output waveforms for the LVDS, mini-LVDS, PPDS and RSDS Differential I/O Standards: Single-Ended Waveform Positive Channel (p) = V _{OH} Negative Channel (n) = V _{OL} Ground Differential Waveform (Mathematical Function of Positive & Negative Channel)			
	t _{RISE}	Signal low-to-high transition time (20–80%).			
	t _{SU}	Input register setup time.			
J	_	_			

Document Revision History

Table 1–47 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 1–47. Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
March 2016	2.0	Updated note (5) in Table 1–21 to remove support for the N148 package.
October 2014	1.9	Updated maximum value for V _{CCD_PLL} in Table 1–1.
October 2014		Removed extended temperature note in Table 1–3.
December 2013	1.8	Updated Table 1–21 by adding Note (15).
May 2013	1.7	Updated Table 1–15 by adding Note (4).
	1.6	■ Updated the maximum value for V _I , V _{CCD_PLL} , V _{CCIO} , V _{CC_CLKIN} , V _{CCH_GXB} , and V _{CCA_GXB} Table 1–1.
		■ Updated Table 1–11 and Table 1–22.
October 2012		 Updated Table 1–21 to include peak-to-peak differential input voltage for the Cyclone IV GX transceiver input reference clock.
		■ Updated Table 1–29 to include the typical DCLK value.
		■ Updated the minimum f _{HSCLK} value in Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, and Table 1–35.
	1.5	 Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot or Undershoot Voltage", "Operating Conditions", and "PLL Specifications" sections.
November 2011		■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–5, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–15, Table 1–18, Table 1–19, and Table 1–21.
		■ Updated Figure 1–1.
	1.4	■ Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.1 release.
December 2010		■ Updated Table 1–21 and Table 1–25.
		■ Minor text edits.
	1.3	Updated for the Quartus II software version 10.0 release:
		■ Updated Table 1–3, Table 1–4, Table 1–21, Table 1–25, Table 1–28, Table 1–30, Table 1–40, Table 1–41, Table 1–42, Table 1–43, Table 1–44, and Table 1–45.
July 2010		■ Updated Figure 1–2 and Figure 1–3.
		 Removed SW Requirement and TCCS for Cyclone IV Devices tables.
		■ Minor text edits.
		Updated to include automotive devices:
	1.2	Updated the "Operating Conditions" and "PLL Specifications" sections.
March 2010		■ Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–8, Table 1–9, Table 1–21, Table 1–26, Table 1–27, Table 1–31, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, Table 1–35, Table 1–36, Table 1–37, Table 1–38, Table 1–40, Table 1–42, and Table 1–43.
		■ Added Table 1–5 to include ESD for Cyclone IV devices GPIOs and HSSI I/Os.
		 Added Table 1–44 and Table 1–45 to include IOE programmable delay for Cyclone IV E 1.2 V core voltage devices.
		Minor text edits.