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Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	89520
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	1566600
Total RAM Bits	90726400
Number of I/O	702
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.922V ~ 0.979V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	2104-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	2104-FCBGA (47.5x47.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xcvu125-2flvb2104i

Summary of Features

Processing System Overview

UltraScale+ MPSoCs feature dual and quad core variants of the ARM Cortex-A53 (APU) with dual-core ARM Cortex-R5 (RPU) processing system (PS). Some devices also include a dedicated ARM Mali™-400 MP2 graphics processing unit (GPU). See [Table 2](#).

Table 2: Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC Device Features

	CG Devices	EG Devices	EV Devices
APU	Dual-core ARM Cortex-A53	Quad-core ARM Cortex-A53	Quad-core ARM Cortex-A53
RPU	Dual-core ARM Cortex-R5	Dual-core ARM Cortex-R5	Dual-core ARM Cortex-R5
GPU	–	Mali-400MP2	Mali-400MP2
VCU	–	–	H.264/H.265

To support the processors' functionality, a number of peripherals with dedicated functions are included in the PS. For interfacing to external memories for data or configuration storage, the PS includes a multi-protocol dynamic memory controller, a DMA controller, a NAND controller, an SD/eMMC controller and a Quad SPI controller. In addition to interfacing to external memories, the APU also includes a Level-1 (L1) and Level-2 (L2) cache hierarchy; the RPU includes an L1 cache and Tightly Coupled memory subsystem. Each has access to a 256KB on-chip memory.

For high-speed interfacing, the PS includes 4 channels of transmit (TX) and receive (RX) pairs of transceivers, called PS-GTR transceivers, supporting data rates of up to 6.0Gb/s. These transceivers can interface to the high-speed peripheral blocks to support PCIe Gen2 root complex or end point in x1, x2, or x4 configurations; Serial-ATA (SATA) at 1.5Gb/s, 3.0Gb/s, or 6.0Gb/s data rates; and up to two lanes of Display Port at 1.62Gb/s, 2.7Gb/s, or 5.4Gb/s data rates. The PS-GTR transceivers can also interface to components over USB 3.0 and Serial Gigabit Media Independent Interface (SGMII).

For general connectivity, the PS includes: a pair of USB 2.0 controllers, which can be configured as host, device, or On-The-Go (OTG); an I2C controller; a UART; and a CAN2.0B controller that conforms to ISO11898-1. There are also four triple speed Ethernet MACs and 128 bits of GPIO, of which 78 bits are available through the MIO and 96 through the EMIO.

High-bandwidth connectivity based on the ARM AMBA® AXI4 protocol connects the processing units with the peripherals and provides interface between the PS and the programmable logic (PL).

For additional information, go to: [DS891](#), *Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC Overview*.

Kintex UltraScale FPGA Feature Summary

Table 3: Kintex UltraScale FPGA Feature Summary

	KU025 ⁽¹⁾	KU035	KU040	KU060	KU085	KU095	KU115
System Logic Cells	318,150	444,343	530,250	725,550	1,088,325	1,176,000	1,451,100
CLB Flip-Flops	290,880	406,256	484,800	663,360	995,040	1,075,200	1,326,720
CLB LUTs	145,440	203,128	242,400	331,680	497,520	537,600	663,360
Maximum Distributed RAM (Mb)	4.1	5.9	7.0	9.1	13.4	4.7	18.3
Block RAM Blocks	360	540	600	1,080	1,620	1,680	2,160
Block RAM (Mb)	12.7	19.0	21.1	38.0	56.9	59.1	75.9
CMTs (1 MMCM, 2 PLLs)	6	10	10	12	22	16	24
I/O DLLs	24	40	40	48	56	64	64
Maximum HP I/Os ⁽²⁾	208	416	416	520	572	650	676
Maximum HR I/Os ⁽³⁾	104	104	104	104	104	52	156
DSP Slices	1,152	1,700	1,920	2,760	4,100	768	5,520
System Monitor	1	1	1	1	2	1	2
PCIe Gen3 x8	1	2	3	3	4	4	6
150G Interlaken	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
100G Ethernet	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
GTH 16.3Gb/s Transceivers ⁽⁴⁾	12	16	20	32	56	32	64
GTY 16.3Gb/s Transceivers ⁽⁵⁾	0	0	0	0	0	32	0
Transceiver Fractional PLLs	0	0	0	0	0	16	0

Notes:

1. Certain advanced configuration features are not supported in the KU025. Refer to the [Configuring FPGAs](#) section for details.
2. HP = High-performance I/O with support for I/O voltage from 1.0V to 1.8V.
3. HR = High-range I/O with support for I/O voltage from 1.2V to 3.3V.
4. GTH transceivers in SF/FB packages support data rates up to 12.5Gb/s. See [Table 4](#).
5. GTY transceivers in Kintex UltraScale devices support data rates up to 16.3Gb/s. See [Table 4](#).

Kintex UltraScale Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Table 4: Kintex UltraScale Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Package (1)(2)(3)	Package Dimensions (mm)	KU025	KU035	KU040	KU060	KU085	KU095	KU115
		HR, HP GTH	HR, HP GTH	HR, HP GTH	HR, HP GTH	HR, HP GTH	HR, HP GTH, GTY ⁽⁴⁾	HR, HP GTH
SFVA784 ⁽⁵⁾	23x23		104, 364 8	104, 364 8				
FBVA676 ⁽⁵⁾	27x27		104, 208 16	104, 208 16				
FBVA900 ⁽⁵⁾	31x31		104, 364 16	104, 364 16				
FFVA1156	35x35	104, 208 12	104, 416 16	104, 416 20	104, 416 28		52, 468 20, 8	
FFVA1517	40x40				104, 520 32			
FLVA1517	40x40					104, 520 48		104, 520 48
FFVC1517	40x40						52, 468 20, 20	
FLVD1517	40x40							104, 234 64
FFVB1760	42.5x42.5						52, 650 32, 16	
FLVB1760	42.5x42.5					104, 572 44		104, 598 52
FLVD1924	45x45							156, 676 52
FLVF1924	45x45					104, 520 56		104, 624 64
FLVA2104	47.5x47.5							156, 676 52
FFVB2104	47.5x47.5						52, 650 32, 32	
FLVB2104	47.5x47.5							104, 598 64

Notes:

- Go to [Ordering Information](#) for package designation details.
- FB/FF/FL packages have 1.0mm ball pitch. SF packages have 0.8mm ball pitch.
- Packages with the same last letter and number sequence, e.g., A2104, are footprint compatible with all other UltraScale architecture-based devices with the same sequence. The footprint compatible devices within this family are outlined. See the [UltraScale Architecture Product Selection Guide](#) for details on inter-family migration.
- GTY transceivers in Kintex UltraScale devices support data rates up to 16.3Gb/s.
- GTH transceivers in SF/FB packages support data rates up to 12.5Gb/s.

Kintex UltraScale+ Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Table 6: Kintex UltraScale+ Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Package (1)(2)(4)	Package Dimensions (mm)	KU3P	KU5P	KU9P	KU11P	KU13P	KU15P
		HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY
SFVB784(3)	23x23	96, 208 0, 16	96, 208 0, 16				
FFVA676(3)	27x27	48, 208 0, 16	48, 208 0, 16				
FFVB676	27x27	72, 208 0, 16	72, 208 0, 16				
FFVD900(3)	31x31	96, 208 0, 16	96, 208 0, 16		96, 312 16, 0		
FFVE900	31x31			96, 208 28, 0		96, 208 28, 0	
FFVA1156(3)	35x35				48, 416 20, 8		48, 468 20, 8
FFVE1517	40x40				96, 416 32, 20		96, 416 32, 24
FFVA1760	42.5x42.5						96, 416 44, 32
FFVE1760	42.5x42.5						96, 572 32, 24

Notes:

1. Go to [Ordering Information](#) for package designation details.
2. FF packages have 1.0mm ball pitch. SF packages have 0.8mm ball pitch.
3. GTY transceiver line rates are package limited: SFVB784 to 12.5Gb/s; FFVA676, FFVD900, and FFVA1156 to 16.3Gb/s.
4. Packages with the same last letter and number sequence, e.g., A676, are footprint compatible with all other UltraScale architecture-based devices with the same sequence. The footprint compatible devices within this family are outlined. See the [UltraScale Architecture Product Selection Guide](#) for details on inter-family migration.

Virtex UltraScale Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Table 8: Virtex UltraScale Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Package ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Package Dimensions (mm)	VU065	VU080	VU095	VU125	VU160	VU190	VU440
		HR, HP GTH, GTY	HR, HP GTH, GTY	HR, HP GTH, GTY	HR, HP GTH, GTY	HR, HP GTH, GTY	HR, HP GTH, GTY	HR, HP GTH, GTY
FFVC1517	40x40	52, 468 20, 20	52, 468 20, 20	52, 468 20, 20				
FFVD1517	40x40		52, 286 32, 32	52, 286 32, 32				
FLVD1517	40x40				52, 286 40, 32			
FFVB1760	42.5x42.5		52, 650 32, 16	52, 650 32, 16				
FLVB1760	42.5x42.5				52, 650 36, 16			
FFVA2104	47.5x47.5		52, 780 28, 24	52, 780 28, 24				
FLVA2104	47.5x47.5				52, 780 28, 24			
FFVB2104	47.5x47.5		52, 650 32, 32	52, 650 32, 32				
FLVB2104	47.5x47.5				52, 650 40, 36			
FLGB2104	47.5x47.5					52, 650 40, 36	52, 650 40, 36	
FFVC2104	47.5x47.5			52, 364 32, 32				
FLVC2104	47.5x47.5				52, 364 40, 40			
FLGC2104	47.5x47.5					52, 364 52, 52	52, 364 52, 52	
FLGB2377	50x50							52, 1248 36, 0
FLGA2577	52.5x52.5						0, 448 60, 60	
FLGA2892	55x55							52, 1404 48, 0

Notes:

- Go to [Ordering Information](#) for package designation details.
- All packages have 1.0mm ball pitch.
- Packages with the same last letter and number sequence, e.g., A2104, are footprint compatible with all other UltraScale architecture-based devices with the same sequence. The footprint compatible devices within this family are outlined. See the [UltraScale Architecture Product Selection Guide](#) for details on inter-family migration.

Virtex UltraScale+ FPGA Feature Summary

Table 9: Virtex UltraScale+ FPGA Feature Summary

	VU3P	VU5P	VU7P	VU9P	VU11P	VU13P	VU31P	VU33P	VU35P	VU37P
System Logic Cells	862,050	1,313,763	1,724,100	2,586,150	2,835,000	3,780,000	961,800	961,800	1,906,800	2,851,800
CLB Flip-Flops	788,160	1,201,154	1,576,320	2,364,480	2,592,000	3,456,000	879,360	879,360	1,743,360	2,607,360
CLB LUTs	394,080	600,577	788,160	1,182,240	1,296,000	1,728,000	439,680	439,680	871,680	1,303,680
Max. Distributed RAM (Mb)	12.0	18.3	24.1	36.1	36.2	48.3	12.5	12.5	24.6	36.7
Block RAM Blocks	720	1,024	1,440	2,160	2,016	2,688	672	672	1,344	2,016
Block RAM (Mb)	25.3	36.0	50.6	75.9	70.9	94.5	23.6	23.6	47.3	70.9
UltraRAM Blocks	320	470	640	960	960	1,280	320	320	640	960
UltraRAM (Mb)	90.0	132.2	180.0	270.0	270.0	360.0	90.0	90.0	180.0	270.0
HBM DRAM (GB)	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	8	8	8
CMTs (1 MMCM and 2 PLLs)	10	20	20	30	12	16	4	4	8	12
Max. HP I/O ⁽¹⁾	520	832	832	832	624	832	208	208	416	624
DSP Slices	2,280	3,474	4,560	6,840	9,216	12,288	2,880	2,880	5,952	9,024
System Monitor	1	2	2	3	3	4	1	1	2	3
GTY Transceivers 32.75Gb/s ⁽²⁾	40	80	80	120	96	128	32	32	64	96
Transceiver Fractional PLLs	20	40	40	60	48	64	16	16	32	48
PCIe Gen3 x16 and Gen4 x8	2	4	4	6	3	4	4	4	5	6
CCIX Ports ⁽³⁾	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	4	4	4
150G Interlaken	3	4	6	9	6	8	0	0	2	4
100G Ethernet w/RS-FEC	3	4	6	9	9	12	2	2	5	8

Notes:

1. HP = High-performance I/O with support for I/O voltage from 1.0V to 1.8V.
2. GTY transceivers in the FLGF1924 package support data rates up to 16.3Gb/s. See [Table 10](#).
3. A CCIX port requires the use of a PCIe Gen3 x16 / Gen4 x8 block.

Virtex UltraScale+ Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Table 10: Virtex UltraScale+ Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Package (1)(2)(3)	Package Dimensions (mm)	VU3P	VU5P	VU7P	VU9P	VU11P	VU13P	VU31P	VU33P	VU35P	VU37P
		HP, GTY	HP, GTY	HP, GTY	HP, GTY	HP, GTY	HP, GTY	HP, GTY	HP, GTY	HP, GTY	HP, GTY
FFVC1517	40x40	520, 40									
FLGF1924(4)	45x45					624, 64					
FLVA2104	47.5x47.5		832, 52	832, 52							
FLGA2104	47.5x47.5				832, 52						
FHGA2104	52.5x52.5(5)						832, 52				
FLVB2104	47.5x47.5		702, 76	702, 76							
FLGB2104	47.5x47.5				702, 76	572, 76					
FHGB2104	52.5x52.5(5)						702, 76				
FLVC2104	47.5x47.5		416, 80	416, 80							
FLGC2104	47.5x47.5				416, 104	416, 96					
FHGC2104	52.5x52.5(5)						416, 104				
FSGD2104	47.5x47.5				676, 76	572, 76					
FIGD2104	52.5x52.5(5)						676, 76				
FLGA2577	52.5x52.5				448, 120	448, 96	448, 128				
FSVH1924	45x45							208, 32			
FSVH2104	47.5x47.5								208, 32	416, 64	
FSVH2892	55x55									416, 64	624, 96

Notes:

- Go to [Ordering Information](#) for package designation details.
- All packages have 1.0mm ball pitch.
- Packages with the same last letter and number sequence, e.g., A2104, are footprint compatible with all other UltraScale architecture-based devices with the same sequence. The footprint compatible devices within this family are outlined. See the [UltraScale Architecture Product Selection Guide](#) for details on inter-family migration.
- GTY transceivers in the FLGF1924 package support data rates up to 16.3Gb/s.
- These 52.5x52.5mm overhang packages have the same PCB ball footprint as the corresponding 47.5x47.5mm packages (i.e., the same last letter and number sequence) and are footprint compatible.

Zynq UltraScale+: EG Device Feature Summary

Table 13: Zynq UltraScale+: EG Device Feature Summary

	ZU2EG	ZU3EG	ZU4EG	ZU5EG	ZU6EG	ZU7EG	ZU9EG	ZU11EG	ZU15EG	ZU17EG	ZU19EG
Application Processing Unit	Quad-core ARM Cortex-A53 MPCore with CoreSight; NEON & Single/Double Precision Floating Point; 32KB/32KB L1 Cache, 1MB L2 Cache										
Real-Time Processing Unit	Dual-core ARM Cortex-R5 with CoreSight; Single/Double Precision Floating Point; 32KB/32KB L1 Cache, and TCM										
Embedded and External Memory	256KB On-Chip Memory w/ECC; External DDR4; DDR3; DDR3L; LPDDR4; LPDDR3; External Quad-SPI; NAND; eMMC										
General Connectivity	214 PS I/O; UART; CAN; USB 2.0; I2C; SPI; 32b GPIO; Real Time Clock; WatchDog Timers; Triple Timer Counters										
High-Speed Connectivity	4 PS-GTR; PCIe Gen1/2; Serial ATA 3.1; DisplayPort 1.2a; USB 3.0; SGMII										
Graphic Processing Unit	ARM Mali-400 MP2; 64KB L2 Cache										
System Logic Cells	103,320	154,350	192,150	256,200	469,446	504,000	599,550	653,100	746,550	926,194	1,143,450
CLB Flip-Flops	94,464	141,120	175,680	234,240	429,208	460,800	548,160	597,120	682,560	846,806	1,045,440
CLB LUTs	47,232	70,560	87,840	117,120	214,604	230,400	274,080	298,560	341,280	423,403	522,720
Distributed RAM (Mb)	1.2	1.8	2.6	3.5	6.9	6.2	8.8	9.1	11.3	8.0	9.8
Block RAM Blocks	150	216	128	144	714	312	912	600	744	796	984
Block RAM (Mb)	5.3	7.6	4.5	5.1	25.1	11.0	32.1	21.1	26.2	28.0	34.6
UltraRAM Blocks	0	0	48	64	0	96	0	80	112	102	128
UltraRAM (Mb)	0	0	14.0	18.0	0	27.0	0	22.5	31.5	28.7	36.0
DSP Slices	240	360	728	1,248	1,973	1,728	2,520	2,928	3,528	1,590	1,968
CMTs	3	3	4	4	4	8	4	8	4	11	11
Max. HP I/O ⁽¹⁾	156	156	156	156	208	416	208	416	208	572	572
Max. HD I/O ⁽²⁾	96	96	96	96	120	48	120	96	120	96	96
System Monitor	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
GTH Transceiver 16.3Gb/s ⁽³⁾	0	0	16	16	24	24	24	32	24	44	44
GTY Transceivers 32.75Gb/s	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	28	28
Transceiver Fractional PLLs	0	0	8	8	12	12	12	24	12	36	36
PCIe Gen3 x16 and Gen4 x8	0	0	2	2	0	2	0	4	0	4	5
150G Interlaken	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	4
100G Ethernet w/ RS-FEC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	4

Notes:

1. HP = High-performance I/O with support for I/O voltage from 1.0V to 1.8V.
2. HD = High-density I/O with support for I/O voltage from 1.2V to 3.3V.
3. GTH transceivers in the SFVC784 package support data rates up to 12.5Gb/s. See [Table 14](#).

Zynq UltraScale+: EG Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Table 14: Zynq UltraScale+: EG Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Package (1)(2)(3)(4)(5)	Package Dimensions (mm)	ZU2EG	ZU3EG	ZU4EG	ZU5EG	ZU6EG	ZU7EG	ZU9EG	ZU11EG	ZU15EG	ZU17EG	ZU19EG
		HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY
SBVA484(6)	19x19	24, 58 0, 0	24, 58 0, 0									
SFVA625	21x21	24, 156 0, 0	24, 156 0, 0									
SFVC784(7)	23x23	96, 156 0, 0	96, 156 0, 0	96, 156 4, 0	96, 156 4, 0							
FBVB900	31x31			48, 156 16, 0	48, 156 16, 0		48, 156 16, 0					
FFVC900	31x31					48, 156 16, 0		48, 156 16, 0		48, 156 16, 0		
FFVB1156	35x35					120, 208 24, 0		120, 208 24, 0		120, 208 24, 0		
FFVC1156	35x35						48, 312 20, 0		48, 312 20, 0			
FFVB1517	40x40								72, 416 16, 0		72, 572 16, 0	72, 572 16, 0
FFVF1517	40x40						48, 416 24, 0		48, 416 32, 0			
FFVC1760	42.5x42.5								96, 416 32, 16		96, 416 32, 16	96, 416 32, 16
FFVD1760	42.5x42.5										48, 260 44, 28	48, 260 44, 28
FFVE1924	45x45										96, 572 44, 0	96, 572 44, 0

Notes:

- Go to [Ordering Information](#) for package designation details.
- FB/FF packages have 1.0mm ball pitch. SB/SF packages have 0.8mm ball pitch.
- All device package combinations bond out 4 PS-GTR transceivers.
- All device package combinations bond out 214 PS I/O except ZU2EG and ZU3EG in the SBVA484 and SFVA625 packages, which bond out 170 PS I/Os.
- Packages with the same last letter and number sequence, e.g., A484, are footprint compatible with all other UltraScale architecture-based devices with the same sequence. The footprint compatible devices within this family are outlined.
- All 58 HP I/O pins are powered by the same V_{CCO} supply.
- GTH transceivers in the SFVC784 package support data rates up to 12.5Gb/s.

Zynq UltraScale+: EG Device Feature Summary

Table 15: Zynq UltraScale+: EV Device Feature Summary

	ZU4EV	ZU5EV	ZU7EV
Application Processing Unit	Quad-core ARM Cortex-A53 MPCore with CoreSight; NEON & Single/Double Precision Floating Point; 32KB/32KB L1 Cache, 1MB L2 Cache		
Real-Time Processing Unit	Dual-core ARM Cortex-R5 with CoreSight; Single/Double Precision Floating Point; 32KB/32KB L1 Cache, and TCM		
Embedded and External Memory	256KB On-Chip Memory w/ECC; External DDR4; DDR3; DDR3L; LPDDR4; LPDDR3; External Quad-SPI; NAND; eMMC		
General Connectivity	214 PS I/O; UART; CAN; USB 2.0; I2C; SPI; 32b GPIO; Real Time Clock; WatchDog Timers; Triple Timer Counters		
High-Speed Connectivity	4 PS-GTR; PCIe Gen1/2; Serial ATA 3.1; DisplayPort 1.2a; USB 3.0; SGMII		
Graphic Processing Unit	ARM Mali-400 MP2; 64KB L2 Cache		
Video Codec	1	1	1
System Logic Cells	192,150	256,200	504,000
CLB Flip-Flops	175,680	234,240	460,800
CLB LUTs	87,840	117,120	230,400
Distributed RAM (Mb)	2.6	3.5	6.2
Block RAM Blocks	128	144	312
Block RAM (Mb)	4.5	5.1	11.0
UltraRAM Blocks	48	64	96
UltraRAM (Mb)	14.0	18.0	27.0
DSP Slices	728	1,248	1,728
CMTs	4	4	8
Max. HP I/O ⁽¹⁾	156	156	416
Max. HD I/O ⁽²⁾	96	96	48
System Monitor	2	2	2
GTH Transceiver 16.3Gb/s ⁽³⁾	16	16	24
GTY Transceivers 32.75Gb/s	0	0	0
Transceiver Fractional PLLs	8	8	12
PCIe Gen3 x16 and Gen4 x8	2	2	2
150G Interlaken	0	0	0
100G Ethernet w/ RS-FEC	0	0	0

Notes:

1. HP = High-performance I/O with support for I/O voltage from 1.0V to 1.8V.
2. HD = High-density I/O with support for I/O voltage from 1.2V to 3.3V.
3. GTH transceivers in the SFVC784 package support data rates up to 12.5Gb/s. See [Table 16](#).

Zynq UltraScale+: EG Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Table 16: Zynq UltraScale+: EV Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

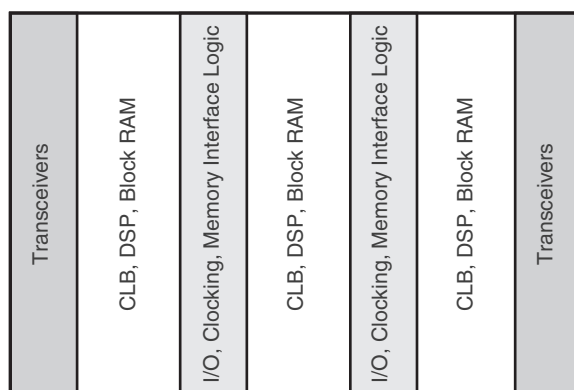
Package (1)(2)(3)(4)	Package Dimensions (mm)	ZU4EV	ZU5EV	ZU7EV
		HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY	HD, HP GTH, GTY
SFVC784 ⁽⁵⁾	23x23	96, 156 4, 0	96, 156 4, 0	
FBVB900	31x31	48, 156 16, 0	48, 156 16, 0	48, 156 16, 0
FFVC1156	35x35			48, 312 20, 0
FFVF1517	40x40			48, 416 24, 0

Notes:

1. Go to [Ordering Information](#) for package designation details.
2. FB/FF packages have 1.0mm ball pitch. SF packages have 0.8mm ball pitch.
3. All device package combinations bond out 4 PS-GTR transceivers.
4. GTH transceivers in the SFVC784 package support data rates up to 12.5Gb/s.
5. Packages with the same last letter and number sequence, e.g., B900, are footprint compatible with all other UltraScale architecture-based devices with the same sequence. The footprint compatible devices within this family are outlined.

Device Layout

UltraScale devices are arranged in a column-and-grid layout. Columns of resources are combined in different ratios to provide the optimum capability for the device density, target market or application, and device cost. At the core of UltraScale+ MPSoCs is the processing system that displaces some of the full or partial columns of programmable logic resources. [Figure 1](#) shows a device-level view with resources grouped together. For simplicity, certain resources such as the processing system, integrated blocks for PCIe, configuration logic, and System Monitor are not shown.



DS890_01_101712

Figure 1: FPGA with Columnar Resources

Resources within the device are divided into segmented clock regions. The height of a clock region is 60 CLBs. A bank of 52 I/Os, 24 DSP slices, 12 block RAMs, or 4 transceiver channels also matches the height of a clock region. The width of a clock region is essentially the same in all cases, regardless of device size or the mix of resources in the region, enabling repeatable timing results. Each segmented clock region

contains vertical and horizontal clock routing that span its full height and width. These horizontal and vertical clock routes can be segmented at the clock region boundary to provide a flexible, high-performance, low-power clock distribution architecture. Figure 2 is a representation of an FPGA divided into regions.

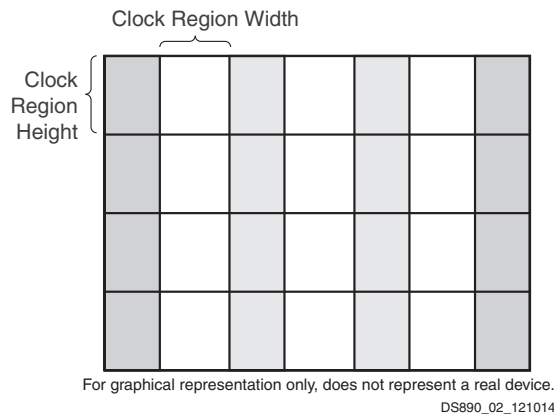


Figure 2: Column-Based FPGA Divided into Clock Regions

Processing System (PS)

Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoCs consist of a PS coupled with programmable logic. The contents of the PS varies between the different Zynq UltraScale+ devices. All devices contain an APU, an RPU, and many peripherals for connecting the multiple processing engines to external components. The EG and EV devices contain a GPU and the EV devices contain a video codec unit (VCU). The components of the PS are connected together and to the PL through a multi-layered ARM AMBA AXI non-blocking interconnect that supports multiple simultaneous master-slave transactions. Traffic through the interconnect can be regulated by the quality of service (QoS) block in the interconnect. Twelve dedicated AXI 32-bit, 64-bit, or 128-bit ports connect the PL to high-speed interconnect and DDR in the PS via a FIFO interface.

There are four independently controllable power domains: the PL plus three within the PS (full power, lower power, and battery power domains). Additionally, many peripherals support clock gating and power gating to further reduce dynamic and static power consumption.

Application Processing Unit (APU)

The APU has a feature-rich dual-core or quad-core ARM Cortex-A53 processor. Cortex-A53 cores are 32-bit/64-bit application processors based on ARM-v8A architecture, offering the best performance-to-power ratio. The ARMv8 architecture supports hardware virtualization. Each of the Cortex-A53 cores has: 32KB of instruction and data L1 caches, with parity and ECC protection respectively; a NEON SIMD engine; and a single and double precision floating point unit. In addition to these blocks, the APU consists of a snoop control unit and a 1MB L2 cache with ECC protection to enhance system-level performance. The snoop control unit keeps the L1 caches coherent thus eliminating the need of spending software bandwidth for coherency. The APU also has a built-in interrupt controller supporting virtual interrupts. The APU communicates to the rest of the PS through 128-bit AXI coherent extension (ACE) port via Cache Coherent Interconnect (CCI) block, using the System Memory Management Unit (SMMU). The APU is also connected to the Programmable Logic (PL), through the 128-bit accelerator coherency port

(ACP), providing a low latency coherent port for accelerators in the PL. To support real-time debug and trace, each core also has an Embedded Trace Macrocell (ETM) that communicates with the ARM CoreSight™ Debug System.

Real-Time Processing Unit (RPU)

The RPU in the PS contains a dual-core ARM Cortex-R5 PS. Cortex-R5 cores are 32-bit real-time processor cores based on ARM-v7R architecture. Each of the Cortex-R5 cores has 32KB of level-1 (L1) instruction and data cache with ECC protection. In addition to the L1 caches, each of the Cortex-R5 cores also has a 128KB tightly coupled memory (TCM) interface for real-time single cycle access. The RPU also has a dedicated interrupt controller. The RPU can operate in either split or lock-step mode. In split mode, both processors run independently of each other. In lock-step mode, they run in parallel with each other, with integrated comparator logic, and the TCMs are used as 256KB unified memory. The RPU communicates with the rest of the PS via the 128-bit AXI-4 ports connected to the low power domain switch. It also communicates directly with the PL through 128-bit low latency AXI-4 ports. To support real-time debug and trace each core also has an embedded trace macrocell (ETM) that communicates with the ARM CoreSight Debug System.

External Memory

The PS can interface to many types of external memories through dedicated memory controllers. The dynamic memory controller supports DDR3, DDR3L, DDR4, LPDDR3, and LPDDR4 memories. The multi-protocol DDR memory controller can be configured to access a 2GB address space in 32-bit addressing mode and up to 32GB in 64-bit addressing mode using a single or dual rank configuration of 8-bit, 16-bit, or 32-bit DRAM memories. Both 32-bit and 64-bit bus access modes are protected by ECC using extra bits.

The SD/eMMC controller supports 1 and 4 bit data interfaces at low, default, high-speed, and ultra-high-speed (UHS) clock rates. This controller also supports 1-, 4-, or 8-bit-wide eMMC interfaces that are compliant to the eMMC 4.51 specification. eMMC is one of the primary boot and configuration modes for Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoCs and supports boot from managed NAND devices. The controller has a built-in DMA for enhanced performance.

The Quad-SPI controller is one of the primary boot and configuration devices. It supports 4-byte and 3-byte addressing modes. In both addressing modes, single, dual-stacked, and dual-parallel configurations are supported. Single mode supports a quad serial NOR flash memory, while in double stacked and double parallel modes, it supports two quad serial NOR flash memories.

The NAND controller is based on ONFI3.1 specification. It has an 8-pin interface and provides 200Mb/s of bandwidth in synchronous mode. It supports 24 bits of ECC thus enabling support for SLC NAND memories. It has two chip-selects to support deeper memory and a built-in DMA for enhanced performance.

General Connectivity

There are many peripherals in the PS for connecting to external devices over industry standard protocols, including CAN2.0B, USB, Ethernet, I2C, and UART. Many of the peripherals support clock gating and power gating modes to reduce dynamic and static power consumption.

USB 3.0/2.0

The pair of USB controllers can be configured as host, device, or On-The-Go (OTG). The core is compliant to USB 3.0 specification and supports super, high, full, and low speed modes in all configurations. In host mode, the USB controller is compliant with the Intel XHCI specification. In device mode, it supports up to 12 end points. While operating in USB 3.0 mode, the controller uses the serial transceiver and operates up to 5.0Gb/s. In USB 2.0 mode, the Universal Low Peripheral Interface (ULPI) is used to connect the controller to an external PHY operating up to 480Mb/s. The ULPI is also connected in USB 3.0 mode to support high-speed operations.

Ethernet MAC

The four tri-speed ethernet MACs support 10Mb/s, 100Mb/s, and 1Gb/s operations. The MACs support jumbo frames and time stamping through the interfaces based on IEEE Std 1588v2. The ethernet MACs can be connected through the serial transceivers (SGMII), the MIO (RGMII), or through EMIO (GMII). The GMII interface can be converted to a different interface within the PL.

High-Speed Connectivity

The PS includes four PS-GTR transceivers (transmit and receive), supporting data rates up to 6.0Gb/s and can interface to the peripherals for communication over PCIe, SATA, USB 3.0, SGMII, and DisplayPort.

PCIe

The integrated block for PCIe is compliant with PCI Express base specification 2.1 and supports x1, x2, and x4 configurations as root complex or end point, compliant to transaction ordering rules in both configurations. It has built-in DMA, supports one virtual channel and provides fully configurable base address registers.

SATA

Users can connect up to two external devices using the two SATA host port interfaces compliant to the SATA 3.1 specification. The SATA interfaces can operate at 1.5Gb/s, 3.0Gb/s, or 6.0Gb/s data rates and are compliant with advanced host controller interface (AHCI) version 1.3 supporting partial and slumber power modes.

DisplayPort

The DisplayPort controller supports up to two lanes of source-only DisplayPort compliant with VESA DisplayPort v1.2a specification (source only) at 1.62Gb/s, 2.7Gb/s, and 5.4Gb/s data rates. The controller supports single stream transport (SST); video resolution up to 4Kx2K at a 30Hz frame rate; video formats Y-only, YCbCr444, YCbCr422, YCbCr420, RGB, YUV444, YUV422, xvYCC, and pixel color depth of 6, 8, 10, and 12 bits per color component.

Cache Coherent Interconnect for Accelerators (CCIX)

CCIX is a chip-to-chip interconnect operating at data rates up to 25Gb/s that allows two or more devices to share memory in a cache coherent manner. Using PCIe for the transport layer, CCIX can operate at several standard data rates (2.5, 5, 8, and 16Gb/s) with an additional high-speed 25Gb/s option. The specification employs a subset of full coherency protocols and ensures that FPGAs used as accelerators can coherently share data with processors using different instruction set architectures.

Virtex UltraScale+ HBM devices support CCIX data rates up to 16Gb/s and contain four CCIX ports and at least four integrated blocks for PCIe. Each CCIX port requires the use of one integrated block for PCIe. If not used with a CCIX port, the integrated blocks for PCIe can still be used for PCIe communication.

Integrated Block for Interlaken

Some UltraScale architecture-based devices include integrated blocks for Interlaken. Interlaken is a scalable chip-to-chip interconnect protocol designed to enable transmission speeds from 10Gb/s to 150Gb/s. The Interlaken integrated block in the UltraScale architecture is compliant to revision 1.2 of the Interlaken specification with data striping and de-striping across 1 to 12 lanes. Permitted configurations are: 1 to 12 lanes at up to 12.5Gb/s and 1 to 6 lanes at up to 25.78125Gb/s, enabling flexible support for up to 150Gb/s per integrated block. With multiple Interlaken blocks, certain UltraScale devices enable easy, reliable Interlaken switches and bridges.

Integrated Block for 100G Ethernet

Compliant to the IEEE Std 802.3ba, the 100G Ethernet integrated blocks in the UltraScale architecture provide low latency 100Gb/s Ethernet ports with a wide range of user customization and statistics gathering. With support for 10 x 10.3125Gb/s (CAUI) and 4 x 25.78125Gb/s (CAUI-4) configurations, the integrated block includes both the 100G MAC and PCS logic with support for IEEE Std 1588v2 1-step and 2-step hardware timestamping.

In UltraScale+ devices, the 100G Ethernet blocks contain a Reed Solomon Forward Error Correction (RS-FEC) block, compliant to IEEE Std 802.3bj, that can be used with the Ethernet block or stand alone in user applications. These families also support OTN mapping mode in which the PCS can be operated without using the MAC.

Ordering Information

Table 21 shows the speed and temperature grades available in the different device families. V_{CCINT} supply voltage is listed in parentheses.

Table 21: Speed Grade and Temperature Grade

Device Family	Devices	Speed Grade and Temperature Grade			
		Commercial (C)	Extended (E)		Industrial (I)
		0°C to +85°C	0°C to +100°C	0°C to +110°C	–40°C to +100°C
Kintex UltraScale	All		-3E ⁽¹⁾ (1.0V)		
			-2E (0.95V)		-2I (0.95V)
		-1C (0.95V)			-1I (0.95V)
					-1LI ⁽¹⁾ (0.95V or 0.90V)
Kintex UltraScale+	All		-3E (0.90V)		
			-2E (0.85V)		-2I (0.85V)
				-2LE ⁽²⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)	
			-1E (0.85V)		-1I (0.85V)
					-1LI (0.85V or 0.72V)
Virtex UltraScale	VU065 VU080 VU095 VU125 VU160 VU190		-3E (1.0V)		
			-2E (0.95V)		-2I (0.95V)
			-1HE (0.95V or 1.0V)		-1I (0.95V)
	VU440		-3E (1.0V)		
			-2E (0.95V)		-2I (0.95V)
Virtex UltraScale+	VU3P VU5P VU7P VU9P VU11P VU13P		-3E (0.90V)		
			-2E (0.85V)		-2I (0.85V)
				-2LE ⁽²⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)	
			-1E (0.85V)		-1I (0.85V)
	VU31P VU33P VU35P VU37P		-3E (0.90V)		
			-2E (0.85V)		
				-2LE ⁽²⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)	
			-1E (0.85V)		

Table 21: Speed Grade and Temperature Grade (Cont'd)

Device Family	Devices	Speed Grade and Temperature Grade			
		Commercial (C)	Extended (E)		Industrial (I)
		0°C to +85°C	0°C to +100°C	0°C to +110°C	–40°C to +100°C
Zynq UltraScale+	CG Devices		-2E (0.85V)		-2I (0.85V)
				-2LE ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)	
			-1E (0.85V)		-1I (0.85V)
					-1LI ⁽³⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)
	ZU2EG ZU3EG		-2E (0.85V)		-2I (0.85V)
				-2LE ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)	
			-1E (0.85V)		-1I (0.85V)
					-1LI ⁽³⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)
	ZU4EG ZU5EG ZU6EG ZU7EG ZU9EG ZU11EG ZU15EG ZU17EG ZU19EG		-3E (0.90V)		
			-2E (0.85V)		-2I (0.85V)
				-2LE ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)	
			-1E (0.85V)		-1I (0.85V)
					-1LI ⁽³⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)
			-3E (0.90V)		
			-2E (0.85V)		-2I (0.85V)
				-2LE ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)	
			-1E (0.85V)		-1I (0.85V)
					-1LI ⁽³⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)
	EV Devices		-3E (0.90V)		
			-2E (0.85V)		-2I (0.85V)
				-2LE ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)	
			-1E (0.85V)		-1I (0.85V)
					-1LI ⁽³⁾ (0.85V or 0.72V)

Notes:

- KU025 and KU095 are not available in -3E or -1LI speed/temperature grades.
- In -2LE speed/temperature grade, devices can operate for a limited time with junction temperature of 110°C. Timing parameters adhere to the same speed file at 110°C as they do below 110°C, regardless of operating voltage (nominal at 0.85V or low voltage at 0.72V). Operation at 110°C Tj is limited to 1% of the device lifetime and can occur sequentially or at regular intervals as long as the total time does not exceed 1% of device lifetime.
- In Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoCs, when operating the PL at low voltage (0.72V), the PS operates at nominal voltage (0.85V).

The ordering information shown in [Figure 3](#) applies to all packages in the Kintex UltraScale and Virtex UltraScale FPGAs. Refer to the Package Marking section of [UG575, UltraScale and UltraScale+ FPGAs Packaging and Pinouts User Guide](#) for a more detailed explanation of the device markings.



Figure 3: Kintex UltraScale and Virtex UltraScale FPGA Ordering Information

The ordering information shown in Figure 4 applies to all packages in the Kintex UltraScale+ and Virtex UltraScale+ FPGAs, and Figure 5 applies to Zynq UltraScale+.

The -1L and -2L speed grades in the UltraScale+ families can run at one of two different V_{CCINT} operating voltages. At 0.72V, they operate at similar performance to the Kintex UltraScale and Virtex UltraScale devices with up to 30% reduction in power consumption. At 0.85V, they consume similar power to the Kintex UltraScale and Virtex UltraScale devices, but operate over 30% faster.

For UltraScale+ devices, the information in this document is pre-release, provided ahead of silicon ordering availability. Please contact your Xilinx sales representative for more information on Early Access Programs.

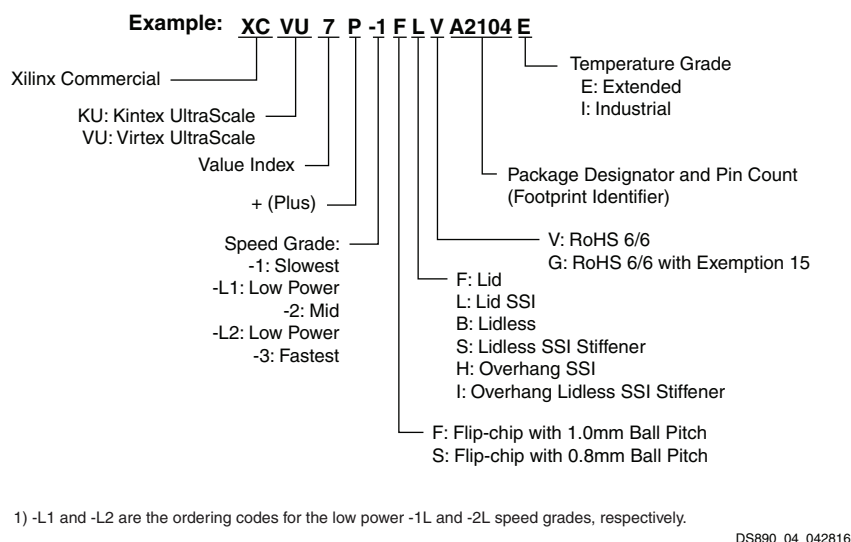


Figure 4: UltraScale+ FPGA Ordering Information



Figure 5: Zynq UltraScale+ Ordering Information

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