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## Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

## **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	6100
Total RAM Bits	94208
Number of I/O	224
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lfecp6e-3fn484c">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lfecp6e-3fn484c</a>

### Modes of Operation

Each Slice is capable of four modes of operation: Logic, Ripple, RAM and ROM. The Slice in the PFF is capable of all modes except RAM. Table 2-2 lists the modes and the capability of the Slice blocks.

**Table 2-2. Slice Modes**

	Logic	Ripple	RAM	ROM
PFU Slice	LUT 4x2 or LUT 5x1	2-bit Arithmetic Unit	SPR16x2	ROM16x1 x 2
PFF Slice	LUT 4x2 or LUT 5x1	2-bit Arithmetic Unit	N/A	ROM16x1 x 2

**Logic Mode:** In this mode, the LUTs in each Slice are configured as 4-input combinatorial lookup tables. A LUT4 can have 16 possible input combinations. Any logic function with four inputs can be generated by programming this lookup table. Since there are two LUT4s per Slice, a LUT5 can be constructed within one Slice. Larger lookup tables such as LUT6, LUT7 and LUT8 can be constructed by concatenating other Slices.

**Ripple Mode:** Ripple mode allows the efficient implementation of small arithmetic functions. In ripple mode, the following functions can be implemented by each Slice:

- Addition 2-bit
- Subtraction 2-bit
- Add/Subtract 2-bit using dynamic control
- Up counter 2-bit
- Down counter 2-bit
- Ripple mode multiplier building block
- Comparator functions of A and B inputs
  - A greater-than-or-equal-to B
  - A not-equal-to B
  - A less-than-or-equal-to B

Ripple Mode includes an optional configuration that performs arithmetic using fast carry chain methods. In this configuration (also referred to as CCU2 mode) two additional signals, Carry Generate and Carry Propagate, are generated on a per slice basis to allow fast arithmetic functions to be constructed by concatenating Slices.

**RAM Mode:** In this mode, distributed RAM can be constructed using each LUT block as a 16x1-bit memory. Through the combination of LUTs and Slices, a variety of different memories can be constructed.

The Lattice design tools support the creation of a variety of different size memories. Where appropriate, the software will construct these using distributed memory primitives that represent the capabilities of the PFU. Table 2-3 shows the number of Slices required to implement different distributed RAM primitives. Figure 2-5 shows the distributed memory primitive block diagrams. Dual port memories involve the pairing of two Slices, one Slice functions as the read-write port. The other companion Slice supports the read-only port. For more information about using RAM in LatticeECP/EC devices, please see the list of technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

**Table 2-3. Number of Slices Required For Implementing Distributed RAM**

	SPR16x2	DPR16x2
Number of slices	1	2

Note: SPR = Single Port RAM, DPR = Dual Port RAM

grammed during configuration or can be adjusted dynamically. In dynamic mode, the PLL may lose lock after adjustment and not relock until the  $t_{LOCK}$  parameter has been satisfied. Additionally, the phase and duty cycle block allows the user to adjust the phase and duty cycle of the CLKOS output.

The sysCLOCK PLLs provide the ability to synthesize clock frequencies. Each PLL has four dividers associated with it: input clock divider, feedback divider, post scalar divider and secondary clock divider. The input clock divider is used to divide the input clock signal, while the feedback divider is used to multiply the input clock signal. The post scalar divider allows the VCO to operate at higher frequencies than the clock output, thereby increasing the frequency range. The secondary divider is used to derive lower frequency outputs.

**Figure 2-11. PLL Diagram**

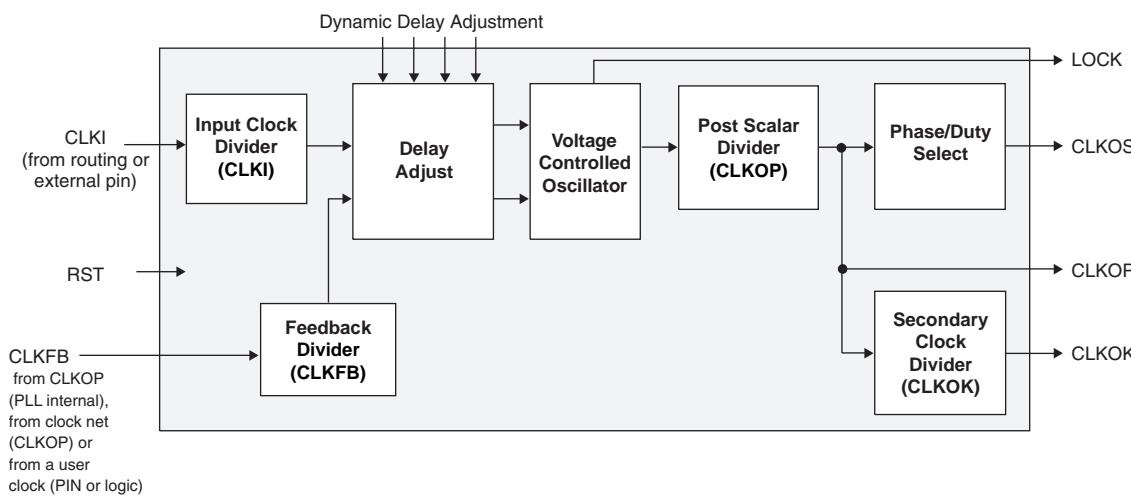
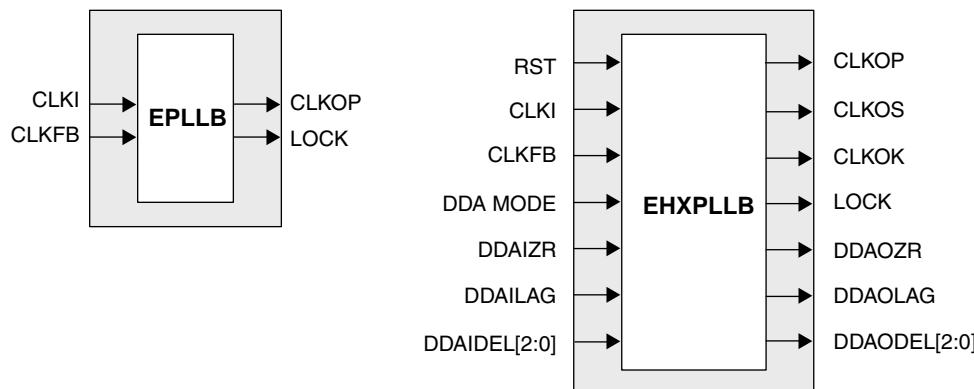


Figure 2-12 shows the available macros for the PLL. Table 2-5 provides signal description of the PLL Block.

**Figure 2-12. PLL Primitive**

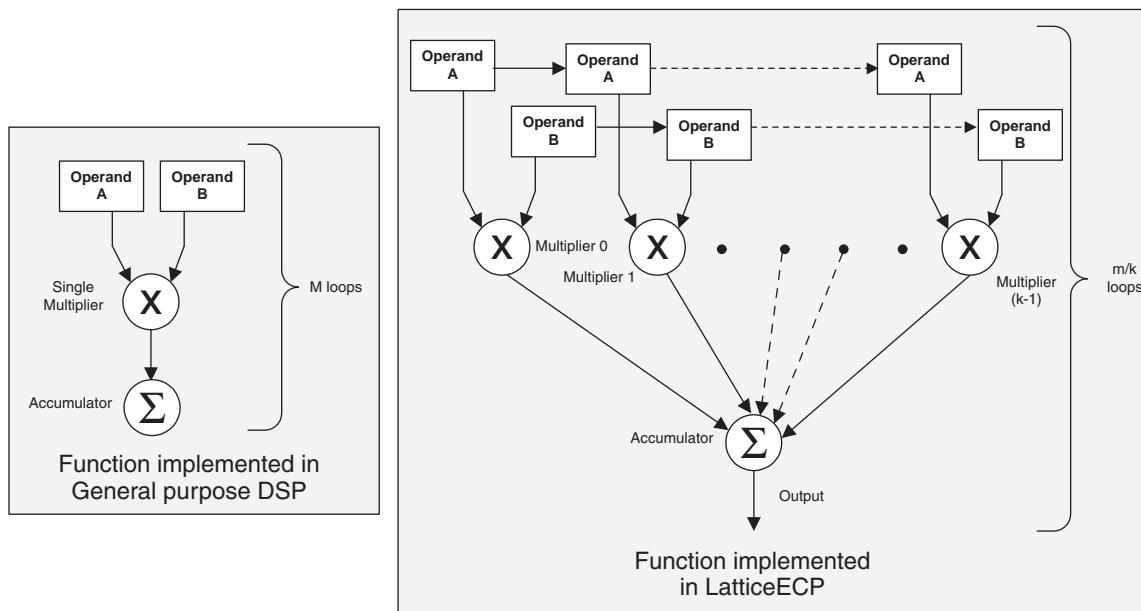


decoders. These complex signal processing functions use similar building blocks such as multiply-adders and multiply-accumulators.

### sysDSP Block Approach Compared to General DSP

Conventional general-purpose DSP chips typically contain one to four (Multiply and Accumulate) MAC units with fixed data-width multipliers; this leads to limited parallelism and limited throughput. Their throughput is increased by higher clock speeds. The LatticeECP, on the other hand, has many DSP blocks that support different data-widths. This allows the designer to use highly parallel implementations of DSP functions. The designer can optimize the DSP performance vs. area by choosing an appropriate level of parallelism. Figure 2-18 compares the serial and the parallel implementations.

**Figure 2-18. Comparison of General DSP and LatticeECP-DSP Approaches**



### sysDSP Block Capabilities

The sysDSP block in the LatticeECP-DSP family supports four functional elements in three 9, 18 and 36 data path widths. The user selects a function element for a DSP block and then selects the width and type (signed/unsigned) of its operands. The operands in the LatticeECP-DSP family sysDSP Blocks can be either signed or unsigned but not mixed within a function element. Similarly, the operand widths cannot be mixed within a block.

The resources in each sysDSP block can be configured to support the following four elements:

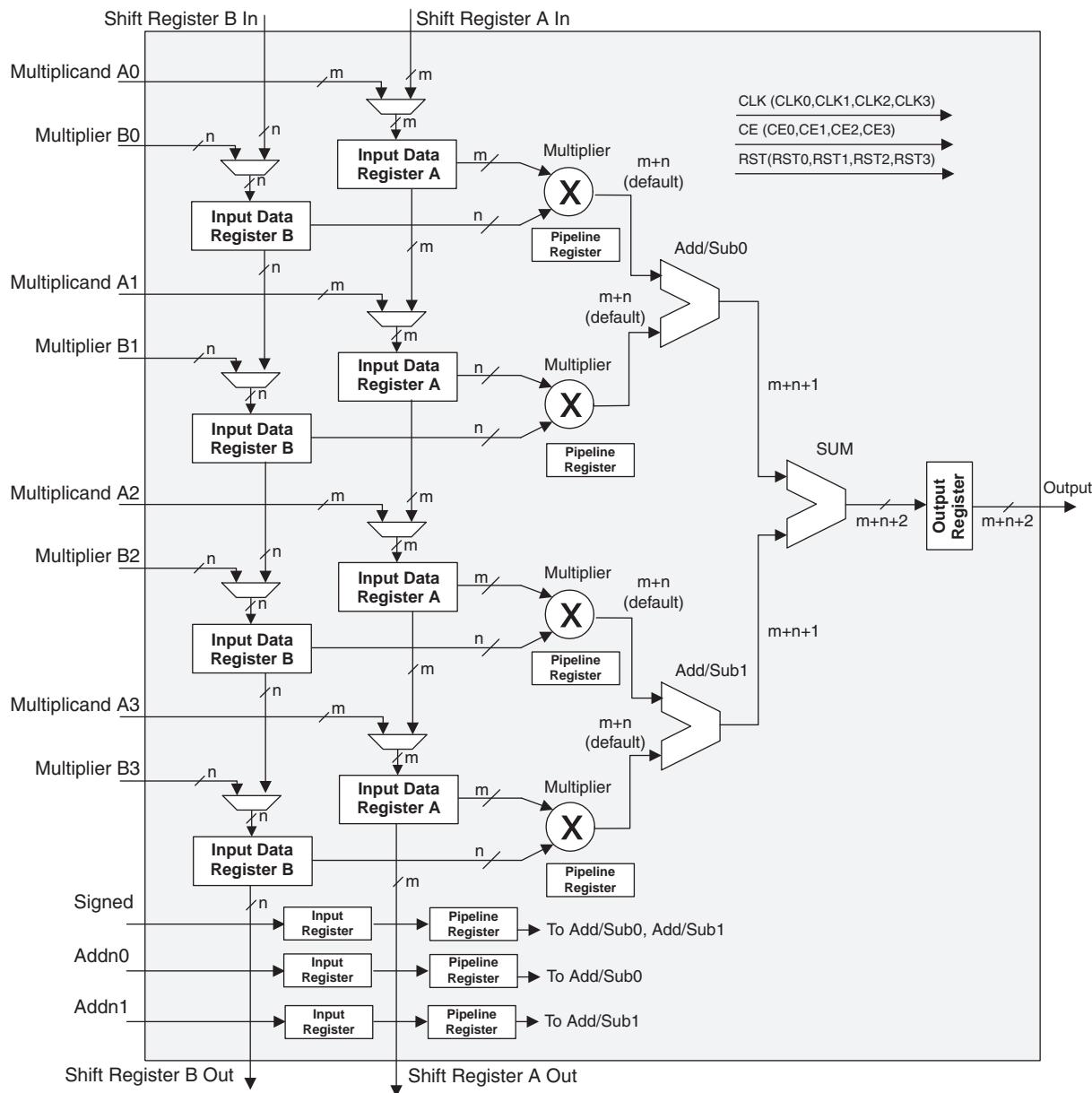
- MULT (Multiply)
- MAC (Multiply, Accumulate)
- MULTADD (Multiply, Addition/Subtraction)
- MULTADDSUM (Multiply, Addition/Subtraction, Accumulate)

The number of elements available in each block depends on the width selected from the three available options x9, x18, and x36. A number of these elements are concatenated for highly parallel implementations of DSP functions. Table 2-1 shows the capabilities of the block.

## MULTADD SUM sysDSP Element

In this case, the operands A0 and B0 are multiplied and the result is added/subtracted with the result of the multiplier operation of operands A1 and B1. Additionally the operands A2 and B2 are multiplied and the result is added/subtracted with the result of the multiplier operation of operands A3 and B3. The result of both addition/subtraction are added in a summation block. The user can enable the input, output and pipeline registers. Figure 2-22 shows the MULTADD SUM sysDSP element.

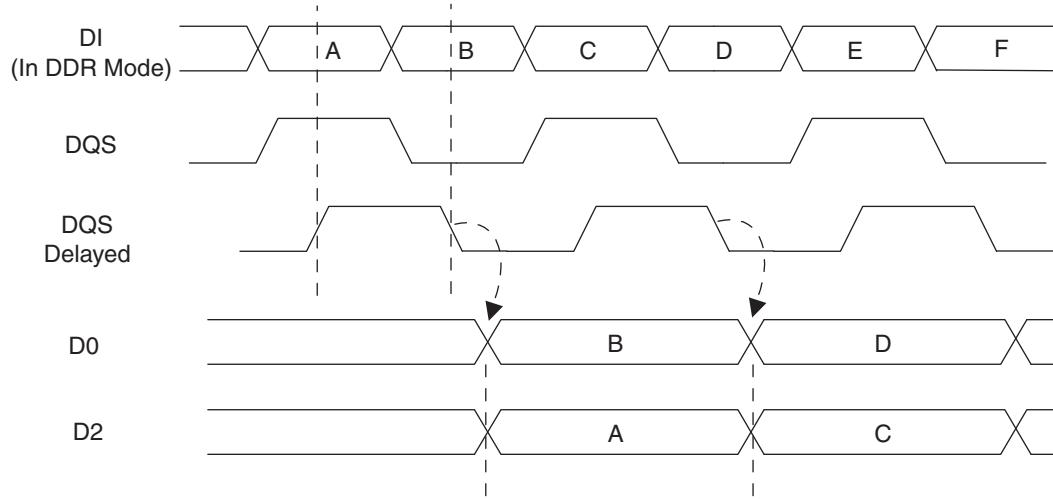
**Figure 2-22. MULTADD SUM**



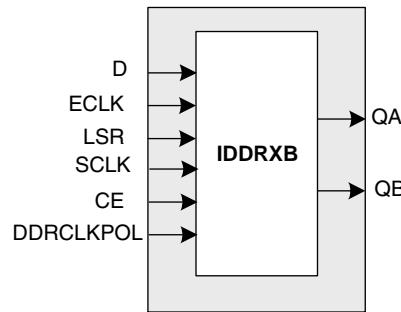
## Clock, Clock Enable and Reset Resources

Global Clock, Clock Enable and Reset signals from routing are available to every DSP block. Four Clock, Reset and Clock Enable signals are selected for the sysDSP block. From four clock sources (CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, CLK3) one clock is selected for each input register, pipeline register and output register. Similarly Clock enable (CE) and Reset (RST) are selected from their four respective sources (CE0, CE1, CE2, CE3 and RST0, RST1, RST2, RST3) at each input register, pipeline register and output register.

**Figure 2-27. Input Register DDR Waveforms**



**Figure 2-28. INDDRXB Primitive**



### Output Register Block

The output register block provides the ability to register signals from the core of the device before they are passed to the sys/I/O buffers. The block contains a register for SDR operation that is combined with an additional latch for DDR operation. Figure 2-29 shows the diagram of the Output Register Block.

In SDR mode, ONEG0 feeds one of the flip-flops that then feeds the output. The flip-flop can be configured a D-type or latch. In DDR mode, ONEG0 is fed into one register on the positive edge of the clock and OPOS0 is latched. A multiplexer running off the same clock selects the correct register for feeding to the output (D0).

Figure 2-30 shows the design tool DDR primitives. The SDR output register has reset and clock enable available. The additional register for DDR operation does not have reset or clock enable available.

be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test data to be captured and shifted out for verification. The test access port consists of dedicated I/Os: TDI, TDO, TCK and TMS. The test access port has its own supply voltage  $V_{CCJ}$  and can operate with LVCMOS3.3, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5 and 1.2 standards.

For more details on boundary scan test, please see information regarding additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

## Device Configuration

All LatticeECP/EC devices contain two possible ports that can be used for device configuration. The test access port (TAP), which supports bit-wide configuration, and the sysCONFIG port that supports both byte-wide and serial configuration.

The TAP supports both the IEEE Std. 1149.1 Boundary Scan specification and the IEEE Std. 1532 In-System Configuration specification. The sysCONFIG port is a 20-pin interface with six of the I/Os used as dedicated pins and the rest being dual-use pins (please refer to TN1053 for more information about using the dual-use pins as general purpose I/O). There are four configuration options for LatticeECP/EC devices:

1. Industry standard SPI memories.
2. Industry standard byte wide flash and ispMACH 4000 for control/addressing.
3. Configuration from system microprocessor via the configuration bus or TAP.
4. Industry standard FPGA board memory.

On power-up, the FPGA SRAM is ready to be configured with the sysCONFIG port active. The IEEE 1149.1 serial mode can be activated any time after power-up by sending the appropriate command through the TAP port. Once a configuration port is selected, that port is locked and another configuration port cannot be activated until the next power-up sequence.

For more information about device configuration, please see the list of technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

## Internal Logic Analyzer Capability (ispTRACY)

All LatticeECP/EC devices support an internal logic analyzer diagnostic feature. The diagnostic features provide capabilities similar to an external logic analyzer, such as programmable event and trigger condition and deep trace memory. This feature is enabled by Lattice's ispTRACY. The ispTRACY utility is added into the user design at compile time.

For more information about ispTRACY, please see information regarding additional technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

## External Resistor

LatticeECP/EC devices require a single external, 10K ohm +/- 1% value between the XRES pin and ground. Device configuration will not be completed if this resistor is missing. There is no boundary scan register on the external resistor pad.

## Oscillator

Every LatticeECP/EC device has an internal CMOS oscillator which is used to derive a master clock for configuration. The oscillator and the master clock run continuously. The default value of the master clock is 2.5MHz. Table 2-15 lists all the available Master Clock frequencies. When a different Master Clock is selected during the design process, the following sequence takes place:

1. User selects a different Master Clock frequency.
2. During configuration the device starts with the default (2.5MHz) Master Clock frequency.
3. The clock configuration settings are contained in the early configuration bit stream.
4. The Master Clock frequency changes to the selected frequency once the clock configuration bits are received.

For further information about the use of this oscillator for configuration, please see the list of technical documentation at the end of this data sheet.

**Table 2-15. Selectable Master Clock (CCLK) Frequencies During Configuration**

CCLK (MHz)	CCLK (MHz)	CCLK (MHz)
2.5*	13	45
4.3	15	51
5.4	20	55
6.9	26	60
8.1	30	130
9.2	34	—
10.0	41	—

## Density Shifting

The LatticeECP/EC family has been designed to ensure that different density devices in the same package have the same pin-out. Furthermore, the architecture ensures a high success rate when performing design migration from lower density parts to higher density parts. In many cases, it is also possible to shift a lower utilization design targeted for a high-density device to a lower density device. However, the exact details of the final resource utilization will impact the likely success in each case.

## Derating Timing Tables

Logic Timing provided in the following sections of the data sheet and the ispLEVER design tools are worst-case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays at nominal temperature and voltage for best-case process, can be much better than the values given in the tables. To calculate logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage multiply the noted numbers with the derating factors provided below.

The junction temperature for the FPGA depends on the power dissipation by the device, the package thermal characteristics ( $\Theta_{JA}$ ), and the ambient temperature, as calculated with the following equation:

$$T_{JMAX} = T_{AMAX} + (\text{Power} * \Theta_{JA})$$

The user must determine this temperature and then use it to determine the derating factor based on the following derating tables:  $T_J$  °C.

**Table 3-5. Delay Derating Table for Internal Blocks**

$T_J$ °C Commercial	$T_J$ °C Industrial	Power Supply Voltage		
		1.14V	1.2V	1.26V
—	-40	0.82	0.77	0.71
—	-25	0.82	0.76	0.71
0	20	0.89	0.83	0.78
25	45	0.93	0.87	0.81
85	105	1.00	0.94	0.89

## LatticeECP/EC External Switching Characteristics

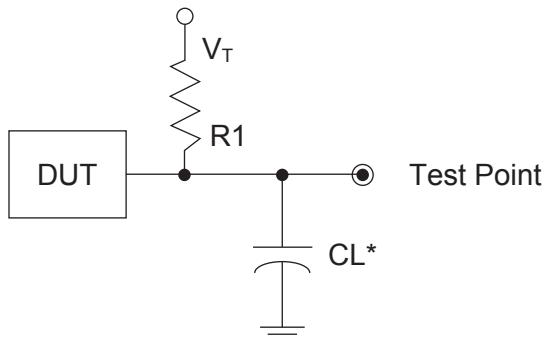
Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Device	-5		-4		-3		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Primary Clock without PLL)<sup>1</sup></b>									
$t_{CO}^7$	Clock to Output - PIO Output Register	LFEC1	—	5.09	—	6.11	—	7.13	ns
		LFEC3	—	5.71	—	6.85	—	7.99	ns
		LFEC6	—	5.60	—	6.72	—	7.84	ns
		LFEC10	—	5.47	—	6.57	—	7.66	ns
		LFEC15	—	5.67	—	6.81	—	7.94	ns
		LFEC20	—	5.89	—	7.07	—	8.25	ns
		LFEC33	—	6.19	—	7.42	—	8.66	ns
$t_{SU}^7$	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register	LFEC1	-0.08	—	-0.10	—	-0.12	—	ns
		LFEC3	-0.70	—	-0.84	—	-0.98	—	ns
		LFEC6	-0.63	—	-0.76	—	-0.89	—	ns
		LFEC10	-0.43	—	-0.52	—	-0.61	—	ns
		LFEC15	-0.70	—	-0.84	—	-0.98	—	ns
		LFEC20	-0.88	—	-1.06	—	-1.24	—	ns
		LFEC33	-1.12	—	-1.34	—	-1.56	—	ns
$t_H^7$	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register	LFEC1	2.19	—	2.62	—	3.06	—	ns
		LFEC3	2.80	—	3.36	—	3.92	—	ns
		LFEC6	2.69	—	3.23	—	3.77	—	ns
		LFEC10	2.56	—	3.08	—	3.59	—	ns
		LFEC15	2.76	—	3.32	—	3.87	—	ns
		LFEC20	2.99	—	3.58	—	4.18	—	ns
		LFEC33	3.28	—	3.93	—	4.59	—	ns
$t_{SU\_DEL}^7$	Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	LFEC1	3.36	—	4.03	—	4.70	—	ns
		LFEC3	2.74	—	3.29	—	3.84	—	ns
		LFEC6	2.81	—	3.37	—	3.93	—	ns
		LFEC10	3.01	—	3.61	—	4.21	—	ns
		LFEC15	2.74	—	3.29	—	3.83	—	ns
		LFEC20	2.56	—	3.07	—	3.58	—	ns
		LFEC33	2.32	—	2.79	—	3.25	—	ns
$t_{H\_DEL}^7$	Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	LFEC1	-1.31	—	-1.57	—	-1.83	—	ns
		LFEC3	-0.70	—	-0.83	—	-0.97	—	ns
		LFEC6	-0.80	—	-0.96	—	-1.12	—	ns
		LFEC10	-0.93	—	-1.12	—	-1.30	—	ns
		LFEC15	-0.73	—	-0.88	—	-1.02	—	ns
		LFEC20	-0.51	—	-0.61	—	-0.71	—	ns
		LFEC33	-0.22	—	-0.26	—	-0.30	—	ns
$f_{MAX\_IO}^2$	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	All	—	420	—	378	—	340	Mhz
<b>DDR I/O Pin Parameters<sup>3, 4, 5</sup></b>									
$t_{DVADQ}$	Data Valid After DQS (DDR Read)	All	—	0.19	—	0.19	—	0.19	UI
$t_{DVEDQ}$	Data Hold After DQS (DDR Read)	All	0.67	—	0.67	—	0.67	—	UI

## Switching Test Conditions

Figure 3-21 shows the output test load that is used for AC testing. The specific values for resistance, capacitance, voltage, and other test conditions are shown in Table 3-6.

**Figure 3-21. Output Test Load, LVTTL and LVC MOS Standards**



\*CL Includes Test Fixture and Probe Capacitance

**Table 3-6. Test Fixture Required Components, Non-Terminated Interfaces**

Test Condition	R <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>L</sub>	Timing Ref.	V <sub>T</sub>
LVTTL and other LVC MOS settings (L -> H, H -> L)	$\infty$	0pF	LVC MOS 3.3 = 1.5V	—
			LVC MOS 2.5 = V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
			LVC MOS 1.8 = V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
			LVC MOS 1.5 = V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
			LVC MOS 1.2 = V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
LVC MOS 2.5 I/O (Z -> H)	188 $\frac{3}{4}$	0pF	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>OL</sub>
LVC MOS 2.5 I/O (Z -> L)			V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>OH</sub>
LVC MOS 2.5 I/O (H -> Z)			V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.15	V <sub>OL</sub>
LVC MOS 2.5 I/O (L -> Z)			V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>OH</sub>

Note: Output test conditions for all other interfaces are determined by the respective standards.

**LFEC1, LFEC3 Logic Signal Connections: 100 TQFP**

Pin Number	LFEC1					LFEC3			
	Pin Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function		Pin Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function
1*	GND0 GND7	-				GND0 GND7	-		
2	VCCIO7	7				VCCIO7	7		
3	PL2A	7	T	VREF2_7		PL2A	7	T	VREF2_7
4	PL2B	7	C	VREF1_7		PL2B	7	C	VREF1_7
5	PL3A	7	T			PL7A	7	T	
6	PL3B	7	C			PL7B	7	C	
7	PL4A	7	T			PL8A	7	T	
8	PL4B	7	C			PL8B	7	C	
9	PL5A	7	T	PCLKT7_0		PL9A	7	T	PCLKT7_0
10	PL5B	7	C	PCLKC7_0		PL9B	7	C	PCLKC7_0
11	XRES	6				XRES	6		
12	VCC	-				VCC	-		
13	TCK	6				TCK	6		
14	GND	-				GND	-		
15	TDI	6				TDI	6		
16	TMS	6				TMS	6		
17	TDO	6				TDO	6		
18	VCCJ	6				VCCJ	6		
19	PL7A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A		PL11A	6	T	LUM0_PLLT_IN_A
20	PL7B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A		PL11B	6	C	LUM0_PLLC_IN_A
21	PL8A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A		PL12A	6	T	LUM0_PLLT_FB_A
22	PL8B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A		PL12B	6	C	LUM0_PLLC_FB_A
23	PL14A	6		VREF1_6		PL18A	6		VREF1_6
24	VCCIO6	6				VCCIO6	6		
25*	GND5 GND6	-				GND5 GND6	-		
26	VCCIO5	5				VCCIO5	5		
27	PB2A	5	T			PB10A	5	T	
28	PB2B	5	C			PB10B	5	C	
29	PB3A	5	T			PB11A	5	T	
30	PB3B	5	C			PB11B	5	C	
31	PB6A	5		BDQS6		PB14A	5		BDQS14
32	PB8A	5	T	VREF2_5		PB16A	5	T	VREF2_5
33	PB8B	5	C	VREF1_5		PB16B	5	C	VREF1_5
34	PB9A	5	T	PCLKT5_0		PB17A	5	T	PCLKT5_0
35	GND5	5				GND5	5		
36	PB9B	5	C	PCLKC5_0		PB17B	5	C	PCLKC5_0
37	VCCAUX	-				VCCAUX	-		
38	VCCIO4	4				VCCIO4	4		
39	PB10A	4	T	WRITEN		PB18A	4	T	WRITEN
40	PB10B	4	C	CS1N		PB18B	4	C	CS1N

**LFECP/EC6, LFECP/EC10 Logic Signal Connections: 208 PQFP (Cont.)**

Pin Number	LFECP6/LFEC6					LFECP10/LFEC10			
	Pin Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function		Pin Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function
169	PT21A	1	T			PT29A	1	T	
170	PT20B	1	C			PT28B	1	C	
171	PT20A	1	T			PT28A	1	T	
172	PT19B	1	C	VREF2_1		PT27B	1	C	VREF2_1
173	PT19A	1	T	VREF1_1		PT27A	1	T	VREF1_1
174	PT18B	1	C			PT26B	1	C	
175	PT18A	1	T			PT26A	1	T	
176	VCCIO1	1				VCCIO1	1		
177	VCCAUX	-				VCCAUX	-		
178	PT17B	0	C	PCLKC0_0		PT25B	0	C	PCLKC0_0
179	GND0	0				GND0	0		
180	PT17A	0	T	PCLKT0_0		PT25A	0	T	PCLKT0_0
181	PT16B	0	C	VREF1_0		PT24B	0	C	VREF1_0
182	PT16A	0	T	VREF2_0		PT24A	0	T	VREF2_0
183	PT15B	0	C			PT23B	0	C	
184	PT15A	0	T			PT23A	0	T	
185	PT14B	0	C			PT22B	0	C	
186	PT14A	0	T	TDQS14		PT22A	0	T	TDQS22
187	VCCIO0	0				VCCIO0	0		
188	PT13B	0	C			PT21B	0	C	
189	GND0	0				GND0	0		
190	PT13A	0	T			PT21A	0	T	
191	PT12B	0	C			PT20B	0	C	
192	PT12A	0	T			PT20A	0	T	
193	PT11B	0	C			PT19B	0	C	
194	PT11A	0	T			PT19A	0	T	
195	PT10B	0	C			PT18B	0	C	
196	PT10A	0	T			PT18A	0	T	
197	VCCIO0	0				VCCIO0	0		
198	PT6B	0	C			PT6B	0	C	
199	PT6A	0	T	TDQS6		PT6A	0	T	TDQS6
200	PT5B	0	C			PT5B	0	C	
201	PT5A	0	T			PT5A	0	T	
202	PT4B	0	C			PT4B	0	C	
203	PT4A	0	T			PT4A	0	T	
204	PT3B	0	C			PT3B	0	C	
205	PT3A	0	T			PT3A	0	T	
206	PT2B	0	C			PT2B	0	C	
207	PT2A	0	T			PT2A	0	T	
208	VCCIO0	0				VCCIO0	0		

\*Double bonded to the pin.

**LFECP/EC10 and LFECP/EC15 Logic Signal Connections: 256 fpBGA (Cont.)**

Ball Number	LFECP10/LFEC10				LFECP15/LFEC15			
	Ball Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function	Ball Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function
L3	TMS	6			TMS	6		
L5	TDO	6			TDO	6		
L4	VCCJ	6			VCCJ	6		
K2	PL29A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	PL37A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A
K1	PL29B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	PL37B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A
L2	PL30A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	PL38A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A
L1	PL30B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	PL38B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A
M2	PL31A	6	T		PL39A	6	T	
M1	PL31B	6	C		PL39B	6	C	
N1	PL32A	6	T		PL40A	6	T	
GND	GND6	6			GND6	6		
-	-	-			GND6	6		
N2	PL32B	6	C		PL40B	6	C	
M4	PL33A	6	T	LDQS33	PL41A	6	T	LDQS41
M3	PL33B	6	C		PL41B	6	C	
P1	PL34A	6	T		PL42A	6	T	
R1	PL34B	6	C		PL42B	6	C	
P2	PL35A	6	T		PL43A	6	T	
P3	PL35B	6	C		PL43B	6	C	
N3	PL36A	6	T	VREF1_6	PL44A	6	T	VREF1_6
N4	PL36B	6	C	VREF2_6	PL44B	6	C	VREF2_6
GND	GND6	6			GND6	6		
GND	GND5	5			GND5	5		
GND	GND5	5			GND5	5		
P4	PB10A	5	T		PB10A	5	T	
N5	PB10B	5	C		PB10B	5	C	
P5	PB11A	5	T		PB11A	5	T	
P6	PB11B	5	C		PB11B	5	C	
R4	PB12A	5	T		PB12A	5	T	
R3	PB12B	5	C		PB12B	5	C	
T2	PB13A	5	T		PB13A	5	T	
GND	GND5	5			GND5	5		
T3	PB13B	5	C		PB13B	5	C	
R5	PB14A	5	T	BDQS14	PB14A	5	T	BDQS14
R6	PB14B	5	C		PB14B	5	C	
T4	PB15A	5	T		PB15A	5	T	
T5	PB15B	5	C		PB15B	5	C	
N6	PB16A	5	T		PB16A	5	T	
M6	PB16B	5	C		PB16B	5	C	
T6	PB17A	5	T		PB17A	5	T	
GND	GND5	5			GND5	5		
T7	PB17B	5	C		PB17B	5	C	
P7	PB18A	5	T		PB18A	5	T	

**LFECP/EC6, LFECP/EC10, LFECP/EC15 Logic Signal Connections:  
484 fpBGA (Cont.)**

LFECP6/LFEC6					LFECP10/LFEC10					LFECP/LFEC15				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function
M4	PL13A	6	T		M4	PL22A	6	T		M4	PL26A	6	T	
M5	PL13B	6	C		M5	PL22B	6	C		M5	PL26B	6	C	
M1	PL14A	6	T		M1	PL23A	6	T		M1	PL27A	6	T	
GND	GND6	6			GND	GND6	6			GND	GND6	6		
M2	PL14B	6	C		M2	PL23B	6	C		M2	PL27B	6	C	
N3	PL15A	6	T	LDQS15	N3	PL24A	6	T	LDQS24	N3	PL28A	6	T	LDQS28
M3	PL15B	6	C		M3	PL24B	6	C		M3	PL28B	6	C	
N5	PL16A	6	T		N5	PL25A	6	T		N5	PL29A	6	T	
N4	PL16B	6	C		N4	PL25B	6	C		N4	PL29B	6	C	
N1	PL17A	6	T		N1	PL26A	6	T		N1	PL30A	6	T	
N2	PL17B	6	C		N2	PL26B	6	C		N2	PL30B	6	C	
P1	PL18A	6	T		P1	PL27A	6	T		P1	PL31A	6	T	
GND	GND6	6			GND	GND6	6			GND	GND6	6		
P2	PL18B	6	C		P2	PL27B	6	C		P2	PL31B	6	C	
R6	NC	-			R6	NC	-			R6	PL32A	6	T	
P5	NC	-			P5	NC	-			P5	PL32B	6	C	
P3	NC	-			P3	NC	-			P3	PL33A	6	T	
P4	NC	-			P4	NC	-			P4	PL33B	6	C	
R1	NC	-			R1	NC	-			R1	PL34A	6	T	
R2	NC	-			R2	NC	-			R2	PL34B	6	C	
R5	NC	-			R5	NC	-			R5	PL35A	6	T	
GND	-	-			-	-	-			GND	GND6	6		
R4	NC	-			R4	NC	-			R4	PL35B	6	C	
T1	NC	-			T1	NC	-			T1	NC	-		
T2	NC	-			T2	NC	-			T2	NC	-		
R3	NC	-			R3	NC	-			R3	NC	-		
T3	NC	-			T3	NC	-			T3	NC	-		
T5	TCK	6			T5	TCK	6			T5	TCK	6		
U5	TDI	6			U5	TDI	6			U5	TDI	6		
T4	TMS	6			T4	TMS	6			T4	TMS	6		
U1	TDO	6			U1	TDO	6			U1	TDO	6		
U2	VCCJ	6			U2	VCCJ	6			U2	VCCJ	6		
V1	PL20A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	V1	PL29A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A	V1	PL37A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_IN_A
V2	PL20B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	V2	PL29B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A	V2	PL37B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_IN_A
U3	PL21A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	U3	PL30A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A	U3	PL38A	6	T	LLM0_PLLT_FB_A
V3	PL21B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	V3	PL30B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A	V3	PL38B	6	C	LLM0_PLLC_FB_A
U4	PL22A	6	T		U4	PL31A	6	T		U4	PL39A	6	T	
V5	PL22B	6	C		V5	PL31B	6	C		V5	PL39B	6	C	
W1	PL23A	6	T		W1	PL32A	6	T		W1	PL40A	6	T	
GND	GND6	6			GND	GND6	6			GND	GND6	6		
W2	PL23B	6	C		W2	PL32B	6	C		W2	PL40B	6	C	
Y1	PL24A	6	T	LDQS24	Y1	PL33A	6	T	LDQS33	Y1	PL41A	6	T	LDQS41
Y2	PL24B	6	C		Y2	PL33B	6	C		Y2	PL41B	6	C	
AA1	PL25A	6	T		AA1	PL34A	6	T		AA1	PL42A	6	T	
AA2	PL25B	6	C		AA2	PL34B	6	C		AA2	PL42B	6	C	
W4	PL26A	6	T		W4	PL35A	6	T		W4	PL43A	6	T	
V4	PL26B	6	C		V4	PL35B	6	C		V4	PL43B	6	C	
W3	PL27A	6	T	VREF1_6	W3	PL36A	6	T	VREF1_6	W3	PL44A	6	T	VREF1_6
Y3	PL27B	6	C	VREF2_6	Y3	PL36B	6	C	VREF2_6	Y3	PL44B	6	C	VREF2_6
GND	GND6	6			GND	GND6	6			GND	GND6	6		

**LFECP/EC6, LFECP/EC10, LFECP/EC15 Logic Signal Connections:  
484 fpBGA (Cont.)**

LFECP6/LFEC6					LFECP10/LFEC10					LFECP/LFEC15				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function
A4	NC	-			A4	PT9B	0	C		A4	PT9B	0	C	
B4	NC	-			B4	PT9A	0	T		B4	PT9A	0	T	
C4	NC	-			C4	PT8B	0	C		C4	PT8B	0	C	
C5	NC	-			C5	PT8A	0	T		C5	PT8A	0	T	
D6	NC	-			D6	PT7B	0	C		D6	PT7B	0	C	
B5	NC	-			B5	PT7A	0	T		B5	PT7A	0	T	
E6	NC	-			E6	PT6B	0	C		E6	PT6B	0	C	
C6	NC	-			C6	PT6A	0	T	TDQS6	C6	PT6A	0	T	TDQS6
A3	NC	-			A3	PT5B	0	C		A3	PT5B	0	C	
B3	NC	-			B3	PT5A	0	T		B3	PT5A	0	T	
F6	NC	-			F6	PT4B	0	C		F6	PT4B	0	C	
D5	NC	-			D5	PT4A	0	T		D5	PT4A	0	T	
F7	NC	-			F7	PT3B	0	C		F7	PT3B	0	C	
E8	NC	-			E8	PT3A	0	T		E8	PT3A	0	T	
G6	NC	-			G6	PT2B	0	C		G6	PT2B	0	C	
E7	NC	-			E7	PT2A	0	T		E7	PT2A	0	T	
GND	-	-			GND	GND0	0			GND	GND0	0		
A1	GND	-			A1	GND	-			A1	GND	-		
A22	GND	-			A22	GND	-			A22	GND	-		
AB1	GND	-			AB1	GND	-			AB1	GND	-		
AB22	GND	-			AB22	GND	-			AB22	GND	-		
H15	GND	-			H15	GND	-			H15	GND	-		
H8	GND	-			H8	GND	-			H8	GND	-		
J10	GND	-			J10	GND	-			J10	GND	-		
J11	GND	-			J11	GND	-			J11	GND	-		
J12	GND	-			J12	GND	-			J12	GND	-		
J13	GND	-			J13	GND	-			J13	GND	-		
J14	GND	-			J14	GND	-			J14	GND	-		
J9	GND	-			J9	GND	-			J9	GND	-		
K10	GND	-			K10	GND	-			K10	GND	-		
K11	GND	-			K11	GND	-			K11	GND	-		
K12	GND	-			K12	GND	-			K12	GND	-		
K13	GND	-			K13	GND	-			K13	GND	-		
K14	GND	-			K14	GND	-			K14	GND	-		
K9	GND	-			K9	GND	-			K9	GND	-		
L10	GND	-			L10	GND	-			L10	GND	-		
L11	GND	-			L11	GND	-			L11	GND	-		
L12	GND	-			L12	GND	-			L12	GND	-		
L13	GND	-			L13	GND	-			L13	GND	-		
L14	GND	-			L14	GND	-			L14	GND	-		
L9	GND	-			L9	GND	-			L9	GND	-		
M10	GND	-			M10	GND	-			M10	GND	-		
M11	GND	-			M11	GND	-			M11	GND	-		
M12	GND	-			M12	GND	-			M12	GND	-		
M13	GND	-			M13	GND	-			M13	GND	-		
M14	GND	-			M14	GND	-			M14	GND	-		
M9	GND	-			M9	GND	-			M9	GND	-		
N10	GND	-			N10	GND	-			N10	GND	-		
N11	GND	-			N11	GND	-			N11	GND	-		
N12	GND	-			N12	GND	-			N12	GND	-		

**LFECP/EC20 and LFECP/EC33 Logic Signal Connections: 484 fpBGA (Cont.)**

LFECP20/LFEC20					LFECP/LFEC33				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	LVD S	Dual Function	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	LVD S	Dual Function
Y13	PB40A	4	T		Y13	PB40A	4	T	
V14	PB40B	4	C	D5/SPID2	V14	PB40B	4	C	D5/SPID2
AA13	PB41A	4	T		AA13	PB41A	4	T	
GND	GND4	4			GND	GND4	4		
AB13	PB41B	4	C	D6/SPID1	AB13	PB41B	4	C	D6/SPID1
AA14	PB42A	4	T		AA14	PB42A	4	T	
Y14	PB42B	4	C		Y14	PB42B	4	C	
Y15	PB43A	4	T		Y15	PB43A	4	T	
W15	PB43B	4	C		W15	PB43B	4	C	
V15	PB44A	4	T		V15	PB44A	4	T	
T14	PB44B	4	C		T14	PB44B	4	C	
AB14	PB45A	4	T		AB14	PB45A	4	T	
GND	GND4	4			GND	GND4	4		
AB15	PB45B	4	C		AB15	PB45B	4	C	
AB16	PB46A	4	T	BDQS46	AB16	PB46A	4	T	BDQS46
AA15	PB46B	4	C		AA15	PB46B	4	C	
AB17	PB47A	4	T		AB17	PB47A	4	T	
AA16	PB47B	4	C		AA16	PB47B	4	C	
AB18	PB48A	4	T		AB18	PB48A	4	T	
AA17	PB48B	4	C		AA17	PB48B	4	C	
AB19	PB49A	4	T		AB19	PB49A	4	T	
GND	GND4	4			GND	GND4	4		
AA18	PB49B	4	C		AA18	PB49B	4	C	
W16	PB50A	4	T		W16	PB50A	4	T	
U15	PB50B	4	C		U15	PB50B	4	C	
V16	PB51A	4	T		V16	PB51A	4	T	
U16	PB51B	4	C		U16	PB51B	4	C	
Y17	PB52A	4	T		Y17	PB52A	4	T	
V17	PB52B	4	C		V17	PB52B	4	C	
AB20	PB53A	4	T		AB20	PB53A	4	T	
GND	GND4	4			GND	GND4	4		
AA19	PB53B	4	C		AA19	PB53B	4	C	
Y16	PB54A	4	T	BDQS54	Y16	PB54A	4	T	BDQS54
W17	PB54B	4	C		W17	PB54B	4	C	
AA20	PB55A	4	T		AA20	PB55A	4	T	
Y19	PB55B	4	C		Y19	PB55B	4	C	
Y18	PB56A	4	T		Y18	PB56A	4	T	
W18	PB56B	4	C		W18	PB56B	4	C	
T17	PB57A	4	T		T17	PB57A	4	T	
U17	PB57B	4	C		U17	PB57B	4	C	
GND	-	-			GND	GND4	4		
GND	GND4	4			GND	GND4	4		
GND	GND3	3			GND	GND4	4		
GND	-	-			GND	GND3	3		

**LFECP/EC20, LFECP/EC33 Logic Signal Connections: 672 fpBGA (Cont.)**

LFECP20/LFECP20					LFECP/EC33				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function
Y19	NC	-			Y19	PR65A	3	T	RDQS65
AA23	NC	-			AA23	PR64B	3	C	
-	-	-			GND	GND3	3		
AA22	NC	-			AA22	PR64A	3	T	
AB23	NC	-			AB23	PR63B	3	C	
AB24	NC	-			AB24	PR63A	3	T	
Y21	NC	-			Y21	PR62B	3	C	
AA21	NC	-			AA21	PR62A	3	T	
Y23	NC	-			Y23	PR61B	3	C	
Y22	NC	-			Y22	PR61A	3	T	
AA24	NC	-			AA24	PR60B	3	C	
-	-	-			GND	GND3	3		
Y24	NC	-			Y24	PR60A	3	T	
AC25	PR47B	3	C		AC25	PR59B	3	C	
AC26	PR47A	3	T		AC26	PR59A	3	T	
AB25	PR46B	3	C		AB25	PR58B	3	C	
AA25	PR46A	3	T		AA25	PR58A	3	T	
AB26	PR45B	3	C		AB26	PR57B	3	C	
AA26	PR45A	3	T	RDQS45	AA26	PR57A	3	T	RDQS57
W23	PR44B	3	C	RLM0_PLLC_IN_A	W23	PR56B	3	C	RLM0_PLLC_IN_A
GND	GND3	3			GND	GND3	3		
W24	PR44A	3	T	RLM0_PLLT_IN_A	W24	PR56A	3	T	RLM0_PLLT_IN_A
W22	PR43B	3	C	RLM0_PLLC_FB_A	W22	PR55B	3	C	RLM0_PLLC_FB_A
W21	PR43A	3	T	RLM0_PLLT_FB_A	W21	PR55A	3	T	RLM0_PLLT_FB_A
Y25	PR42B	3	C	DI/CSSPIN	Y25	PR54B	3	C	DI/CSSPIN
Y26	PR42A	3	T	DOUT/CSON	Y26	PR54A	3	T	DOUT/CSON
W25	PR41B	3	C	BUSY/SISPI	W25	PR53B	3	C	BUSY/SISPI
W26	PR41A	3	T	D7/SPID0	W26	PR53A	3	T	D7/SPID0
V24	CFG2	3			V24	CFG2	3		
V21	CFG1	3			V21	CFG1	3		
V23	CFG0	3			V23	CFG0	3		
V22	PROGRAMN	3			V22	PROGRAMN	3		
V20	CCLK	3			V20	CCLK	3		
V25	INITN	3			V25	INITN	3		
U20	DONE	3			U20	DONE	3		
V26	PR39B	3	C		V26	PR51B	3	C	
GND	GND3	3			GND	GND3	3		
U26	PR39A	3	T		U26	PR51A	3	T	
U24	PR38B	3	C		U24	PR50B	3	C	
U25	PR38A	3	T		U25	PR50A	3	T	
U23	PR37B	3	C		U23	PR49B	3	C	
U22	PR37A	3	T		U22	PR49A	3	T	

**LFECP/EC20, LFECP/EC33 Logic Signal Connections: 672 fpBGA (Cont.)**

LFECP20/LFECP20					LFECP/EC33				
Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function	Ball Number	Ball Function	Bank	LVDS	Dual Function
L24	PR17A	2	T		L24	PR29A	2	T	
K25	PR16B	2	C		K25	PR28B	2	C	
J25	PR16A	2	T		J25	PR28A	2	T	
J26	PR15B	2	C		J26	PR27B	2	C	
H26	PR15A	2	T		H26	PR27A	2	T	
H25	PR14B	2	C		H25	PR26B	2	C	
GND	GND2	2			GND	GND2	2		
J24	PR14A	2	T		J24	PR26A	2	T	
K21	PR13B	2	C		K21	PR25B	2	C	
K22	PR13A	2	T		K22	PR25A	2	T	
K20	PR12B	2	C		K20	PR24B	2	C	
J20	PR12A	2	T		J20	PR24A	2	T	
K23	PR11B	2	C		K23	PR23B	2	C	
K24	PR11A	2	T		K24	PR23A	2	T	RDQS23
J21	NC	-			J21	PR22B	2	C	
-	-	-			GND	GND2	2		
J22	NC	-			J22	PR22A	2	T	
J23	NC	-			J23	PR21B	2	C	
H22	NC	-			H22	PR21A	2	T	
G26	NC	-			G26	PR20B	2	C	
F26	NC	-			F26	PR20A	2	T	
E26	NC	-			E26	PR19B	2	C	
E25	NC	-			E25	PR19A	2	T	
F25	PR9B	2	C	RUM0_PLLC_FB_A	F25	PR17B	2	C	RUM0_PLLC_FB_A
GND	GND2	2			GND	GND2	2		
G25	PR9A	2	T	RUM0_PLLT_FB_A	G25	PR17A	2	T	RUM0_PLLT_FB_A
H23	PR8B	2	C	RUM0_PLLC_IN_A	H23	PR16B	2	C	RUM0_PLLC_IN_A
H24	PR8A	2	T	RUM0_PLLT_IN_A	H24	PR16A	2	T	RUM0_PLLT_IN_A
H21	PR7B	2	C		H21	PR15B	2	C	
G21	PR7A	2	T		G21	PR15A	2	T	
D26	PR6B	2	C		D26	PR14B	2	C	
D25	PR6A	2	T	RDQS6	D25	PR14A	2	T	RDQS14
F21	PR5B	2	C		F21	PR13B	2	C	
-	-	-			GND	GND2	2		
G22	PR5A	2	T		G22	PR13A	2	T	
G24	PR4B	2	C		G24	PR12B	2	C	
G23	PR4A	2	T		G23	PR12A	2	T	
C26	PR3B	2	C		C26	PR11B	2	C	
C25	PR3A	2	T		C25	PR11A	2	T	
F24	NC	-			F24	PR9B	2	C	
-	-	-			GND	GND2	2		
F23	NC	-			F23	PR9A	2	T	

**LatticeEC Commercial (Continued)**

Part Number	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFEC10E-4F256C	195	-4	fpBGA	256	COM	10.2K
LFEC10E-5F256C	195	-5	fpBGA	256	COM	10.2K
LFEC10E-3Q208C	147	-3	PQFP	208	COM	10.2K
LFEC10E-4Q208C	147	-4	PQFP	208	COM	10.2K
LFEC10E-5Q208C	147	-5	PQFP	208	COM	10.2K

Part Number	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFEC15E-3F484C	352	-3	fpBGA	484	COM	15.3K
LFEC15E-4F484C	352	-4	fpBGA	484	COM	15.3K
LFEC15E-5F484C	352	-5	fpBGA	484	COM	15.3K
LFEC15E-3F256C	195	-3	fpBGA	256	COM	15.3K
LFEC15E-4F256C	195	-4	fpBGA	256	COM	15.3K
LFEC15E-5F256C	195	-5	fpBGA	256	COM	15.3K

Part Number	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFEC20E-3F672C	400	-3	fpBGA	672	COM	19.7K
LFEC20E-4F672C	400	-4	fpBGA	672	COM	19.7K
LFEC20E-5F672C	400	-5	fpBGA	672	COM	19.7K
LFEC20E-3F484C	360	-3	fpBGA	484	COM	19.7K
LFEC20E-4F484C	360	-4	fpBGA	484	COM	19.7K
LFEC20E-5F484C	360	-5	fpBGA	484	COM	19.7K

Part Number	I/Os	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs
LFEC33E-3F672C	496	-3	fpBGA	672	COM	32.8K
LFEC33E-4F672C	496	-4	fpBGA	672	COM	32.8K
LFEC33E-5F672C	496	-5	fpBGA	672	COM	32.8K
LFEC33E-3F484C	360	-3	fpBGA	484	COM	32.8K
LFEC33E-4F484C	360	-4	fpBGA	484	COM	32.8K
LFEC33E-5F484C	360	-5	fpBGA	484	COM	32.8K

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
September 2005	02.0	Architecture	sysIO section has been updated.
		DC & Switching Characteristics	Recommended Operating Conditions has been updated with V <sub>CCPLL</sub> .
			DC Electrical Characteristics table has been updated
			Removed 5V Tolerant Input Buffer section.
			Register-to-Register performance table has been updated (rev. G 0.28).
			LatticeECP/EC External Switching Characteristics table has been updated (rev. G 0.28).
			LatticeECP/EC Internal Switching Characteristics table has been updated (rev. G 0.28).
			LatticeECP/EC Family Timing Adders have been updated (rev. G 0.28).
			sysCLOCK PLL timing table has been updated (rev. G 0.28)
		Pinout Information	Signal Description table has been updated with V <sub>CCPLL</sub> .
November 2005	02.1	DC & Switching Characteristics	Pin-to-Pin Performance table has been updated (G 0.30) - 4:1MUX, 8:1MUX, 16:1MUX, 32:1MUX Register-to-Register Performance (G 0.30) - No timing number changes.
			External Switching Characteristics (G 0.30) - No timing number changes.
			Internal Switching Characteristics (G 0.30) -t <sub>SUP_DSP</sub> , t <sub>HP_DSP</sub> , t <sub>SUO_DSP</sub> , t <sub>HO_DSP</sub> , t <sub>COI_DSP</sub> , t <sub>COD_DSP</sub> numbers have been updated.
			Family Timing Adders (G 0.30) - No timing number changes.
			sysCLOCK PLL Timing (G 0.30) - No timing number changes.
			sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications (G 0.30) - No timing number changes.
			Master Clock (G 0.30) - No timing number changes.
			JTAG Port Timing Specification (G 0.30) - No timing number changes.
		Ordering Information	Added 208-PQFP lead-free part numbers.
March 2006	02.2	DC & Switching Characteristics	Added footnote 3. to V <sub>CCAUX</sub> in the Recommended Operating Conditions table.
January 2007	02.3	Architecture	EBR Asynchronous Reset section added.
February 2007	02.4	Architecture	Updated EBR Asynchronous Reset section.
			Updated Maximum Number of Elements in a Block table - MAC value for x9 changed to 2.
May 2007	02.5	Architecture	Updated text in Ripple Mode section.
November 2007	02.6	DC & Switching Characteristics	Added JTAG Port Waveforms diagram.
			Updated t <sub>RST</sub> timing information in the sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.
		Pinout Information	Added Thermal Management text section.
		Supplemental Information	Updated title list.
February 2008	02.7	DC & Switching Characteristics	Read/Write Mode (Normal) and Read/Write Mode with Input and Output Registers waveforms in the EBR Memory Timing Diagrams section have been updated.
September 2012	02.8	All	Updated document with new corporate logo.