



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	276480
Number of I/O	444
Number of Gates	1500000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	676-BGA
Supplier Device Package	676-FBGA (27x27)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3pe1500-fg676i

Single Chip

Flash-based FPGAs store their configuration information in on-chip flash cells. Once programmed, the configuration data is an inherent part of the FPGA structure, and no external configuration data needs to be loaded at system power-up (unlike SRAM-based FPGAs). Therefore, flash-based ProASIC3E FPGAs do not require system configuration components such as EEPROMs or microcontrollers to load device configuration data. This reduces bill-of-materials costs and PCB area, and increases security and system reliability.

Instant On

Flash-based ProASIC3E devices support Level 0 of the Instant On classification standard. This feature helps in system component initialization, execution of critical tasks before the processor wakes up, setup and configuration of memory blocks, clock generation, and bus activity management. The Instant On feature of flash-based ProASIC3E devices greatly simplifies total system design and reduces total system cost, often eliminating the need for CPLDs and clock generation PLLs that are used for these purposes in a system. In addition, glitches and brownouts in system power will not corrupt the ProASIC3E device's flash configuration, and unlike SRAM-based FPGAs, the device will not have to be reloaded when system power is restored. This enables the reduction or complete removal of the configuration PROM, expensive voltage monitor, brownout detection, and clock generator devices from the PCB design. Flash-based ProASIC3E devices simplify total system design and reduce cost and design risk while increasing system reliability and improving system initialization time.

Firm Errors

Firm errors occur most commonly when high-energy neutrons, generated in the upper atmosphere, strike a configuration cell of an SRAM FPGA. The energy of the collision can change the state of the configuration cell and thus change the logic, routing, or I/O behavior in an unpredictable way. These errors are impossible to prevent in SRAM FPGAs. The consequence of this type of error can be a complete system failure. Firm errors do not exist in the configuration memory of ProASIC3E flash-based FPGAs. Once it is programmed, the flash cell configuration element of ProASIC3E FPGAs cannot be altered by high-energy neutrons and is therefore immune to them. Recoverable (or soft) errors occur in the user data SRAM of all FPGA devices. These can easily be mitigated by using error detection and correction (EDAC) circuitry built into the FPGA fabric.

Low Power

Flash-based ProASIC3E devices exhibit power characteristics similar to an ASIC, making them an ideal choice for power-sensitive applications. ProASIC3E devices have only a very limited power-on current surge and no high-current transition period, both of which occur on many FPGAs.

ProASIC3E devices also have low dynamic power consumption to further maximize power savings.

Advanced Flash Technology

The ProASIC3E family offers many benefits, including nonvolatility and reprogrammability through an advanced flash-based, 130-nm LVCMOS process with seven layers of metal. Standard CMOS design techniques are used to implement logic and control functions. The combination of fine granularity, enhanced flexible routing resources, and abundant flash switches allows for very high logic utilization without compromising device routability or performance. Logic functions within the device are interconnected through a four-level routing hierarchy.

Specify I/O States During Programming

Load from file... Save to file... ☐ Show BSR Details

	Port Name	Macro Cell	Pin Number	I/O State (Output Only)
	BIST	ADLIB:INBUF	T2	1
	BYPASS_IO	ADLIB:INBUF	K1	1
	CLK	ADLIB:INBUF	B1	1
	ENOUT	ADLIB:INBUF	J16	1
	LED	ADLIB:OUTBUF	M3	0
	MONITOR[0]	ADLIB:OUTBUF	B5	0
	MONITOR[1]	ADLIB:OUTBUF	C7	Z
	MONITOR[2]	ADLIB:OUTBUF	D9	Z
	MONITOR[3]	ADLIB:OUTBUF	D7	Z
	MONITOR[4]	ADLIB:OUTBUF	A11	Z
	OEa	ADLIB:INBUF	E4	Z
	OEb	ADLIB:INBUF	F1	Z
	OSC_EN	ADLIB:INBUF	K3	Z
	PAD[10]	ADLIB:BIBUF_LVCMOS33U	M8	Z
	PAD[11]	ADLIB:BIBUF_LVCMOS33D	R7	Z
	PAD[12]	ADLIB:BIBUF_LVCMOS33U	D11	Z
	PAD[13]	ADLIB:BIBUF_LVCMOS33D	C12	Z
	PAD[14]	ADLIB:BIBUF_LVCMOS33U	R6	Z

Help OK Cancel

Figure 1-3 • I/O States During Programming Window

- Click OK to return to the FlashPoint – Programming File Generator window.
I/O States during programming are saved to the ADB and resulting programming files after completing programming file generation.

Calculating Power Dissipation

Quiescent Supply Current

Table 2-7 • Quiescent Supply Current Characteristics

	A3PE600	A3PE1500	A3PE3000
Typical (25°C)	5 mA	12 mA	25 mA
Maximum (Commercial)	30 mA	70 mA	150 mA
Maximum (Industrial)	45 mA	105 mA	225 mA

Notes:

1. *IDD* Includes *VCC*, *VPUMP*, *VCCI*, and *VMV* currents. Values do not include I/O static contribution, which is shown in [Table 2-8](#) and [Table 2-9](#) on [page 2-7](#).
2. *-F* speed grade devices may experience higher standby *IDD* of up to five times the standard *IDD* and higher I/O leakage.

Power per I/O Pin

Table 2-8 • Summary of I/O Input Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings

	VMV (V)	Static Power PDC2 (mW) ¹	Dynamic Power PAC9 (μW/MHz) ²
Single-Ended			
3.3 V LVTTTL/LVCMOS	3.3	–	17.39
3.3 V LVTTTL/LVCMOS – Schmitt trigger	3.3	–	25.51
3.3 V LVTTTL/LVCMOS Wide Range ³	3.3	–	16.34
3.3 V LVTTTL/LVCMOS Wide Range – Schmitt trigger ³	3.3	–	24.49
2.5 V LVCMOS	2.5	–	5.76
2.5 V LVCMOS – Schmitt trigger	2.5	–	7.16
1.8 V LVCMOS	1.8	–	2.72
1.8 V LVCMOS – Schmitt trigger	1.8	–	2.80
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	1.5	–	2.08
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11) – Schmitt trigger	1.5	–	2.00
3.3 V PCI	3.3	–	18.82
3.3 V PCI – Schmitt trigger	3.3	–	20.12
3.3 V PCI-X	3.3	–	18.82
3.3 V PCI-X – Schmitt trigger	3.3	–	20.12
Voltage-Referenced			
3.3 V GTL	3.3	2.90	8.23
2.5 V GTL	2.5	2.13	4.78
3.3 V GTL+	3.3	2.81	4.14
2.5 V GTL+	2.5	2.57	3.71

Notes:

1. *PDC2* is the static power (where applicable) measured on *VMV*.
2. *PAC9* is the total dynamic power measured on *VCC* and *VMV*.
3. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8b specification.

Guidelines

Toggle Rate Definition

A toggle rate defines the frequency of a net or logic element relative to a clock. It is a percentage. If the toggle rate of a net is 100%, this means that this net switches at half the clock frequency. Below are some examples:

- The average toggle rate of a shift register is 100% as all flip-flop outputs toggle at half of the clock frequency.
- The average toggle rate of an 8-bit counter is 25%:
 - Bit 0 (LSB) = 100%
 - Bit 1 = 50%
 - Bit 2 = 25%
 - ...
 - Bit 7 (MSB) = 0.78125%
 - Average toggle rate = $(100\% + 50\% + 25\% + 12.5\% + \dots + 0.78125\%) / 8$

Enable Rate Definition

Output enable rate is the average percentage of time during which tristate outputs are enabled. When nontristate output buffers are used, the enable rate should be 100%.

Table 2-11 • Toggle Rate Guidelines Recommended for Power Calculation

Component	Definition	Guideline
α_1	Toggle rate of VersaTile outputs	10%
α_2	I/O buffer toggle rate	10%

Table 2-12 • Enable Rate Guidelines Recommended for Power Calculation

Component	Definition	Guideline
β_1	I/O output buffer enable rate	100%
β_2	RAM enable rate for read operations	12.5%
β_3	RAM enable rate for write operations	12.5%

Table 2-19 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances¹ (continued)

Standard	Drive Strength	R _{PULL-DOWN} (Ω) ²	R _{PULL-UP} (Ω) ³
3.3 V GTL+	35 mA	12	–
2.5 V GTL+	33 mA	15	–
HSTL (I)	8 mA	50	50
HSTL (II)	15 mA ⁴	25	25
SSTL2 (I)	15 mA	27	31
SSTL2 (II)	18 mA	13	15
SSTL3 (I)	14 mA	44	69
SSTL3 (II)	21 mA	18	32

Notes:

1. These maximum values are provided for informational reasons only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on VCCI, drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website at www.microsemi.com/index.php?option=com_content&id=1671&lang=en&view=article.
2. $R_{(PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (VOL_{spec}) / IOL_{spec}$
3. $R_{(PULL-UP-MAX)} = (VCCI_{max} - VOH_{spec}) / IOH_{spec}$
4. Output drive strength is below JEDEC specification.

Table 2-20 • I/O Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistances
Minimum and Maximum Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistance Values

VCCI	R _(WEAK PULL-UP) ¹ (Ω)		R _(WEAK PULL-DOWN) ² (Ω)	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
3.3 V	10 k	45 k	10 k	45 k
3.3 V (Wide Range I/Os)	10 k	45 k	10 k	45 k
2.5 V	11 k	55 k	12 k	74 k
1.8 V	18 k	70 k	17 k	110 k
1.5 V	19 k	90 k	19 k	140 k

Notes:

1. $R_{(WEAK PULL-UP-MAX)} = (VCCI_{max} - VOH_{spec}) / I_{(WEAK PULL-UP-MIN)}$
2. $R_{(WEAK PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (VOL_{spec}) / I_{(WEAK PULL-DOWN-MIN)}$

3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range

Table 2-29 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	Equivalent Software Default Drive	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ²	IIH ³
Drive Strength	Strength Option ¹	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	μA	μA	Max. mA ⁴	Max. mA ⁴	μA ⁵	μA ⁵
100 μA	2 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	27	25	10	10
100 μA	4 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	27	25	10	10
100 μA	6 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	54	51	10	10
100 μA	8 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	54	51	10	10
100 μA	12 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	109	103	10	10
100 μA	16 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	127	132	10	10
100 μA	24 mA	−0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VDD − 0.2	100	100	181	268	10	10

Notes:

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 μA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where −0.3 V < VIN < VIL.
3. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
4. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
5. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
6. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

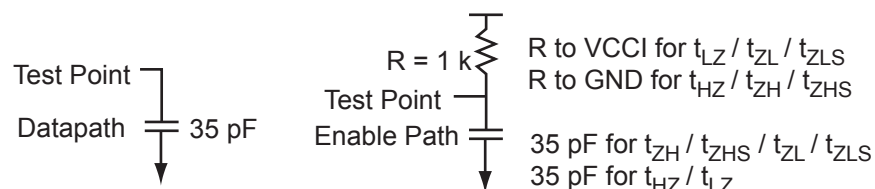


Figure 2-7 • AC Loading

Table 2-30 • 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	VREF (typ.) (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	3.3	1.4	–	35

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See [Table 2-15 on page 2-18](#) for a complete table of trip points.

2.5 V LVCMOS

Low-Voltage CMOS for 2.5 V is an extension of the LVCMOS standard (JESD8-5) used for general-purpose 2.5 V applications.

Table 2-33 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

2.5 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
4 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.7	1.7	4	4	18	16	10	10
8 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.7	1.7	8	8	37	32	10	10
12 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.7	1.7	12	12	74	65	10	10
16 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.7	1.7	16	16	87	83	10	10
24 mA	−0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.7	1.7	24	24	124	169	10	10

Notes:

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
3. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

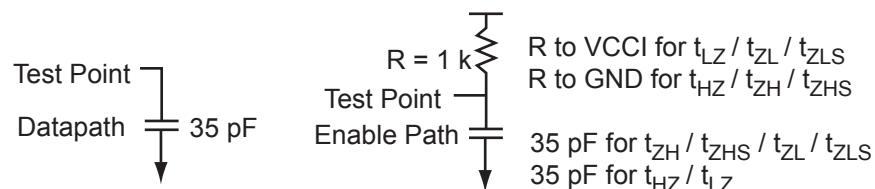


Figure 2-8 • AC Loading

Table 2-34 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	VREF (typ.) (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	2.5	1.2	—	35

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See [Table 2-15 on page 2-18](#) for a complete table of trip points.

DDR Module Specifications

Input DDR Module

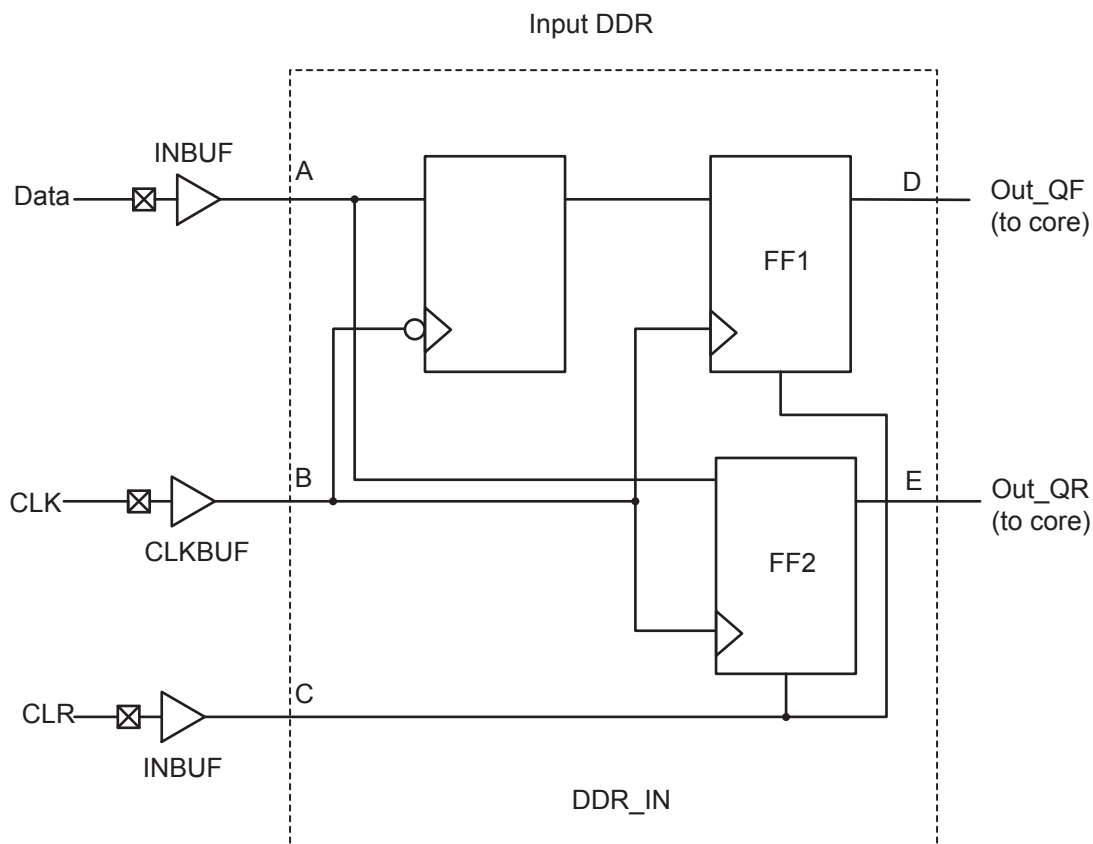


Figure 2-30 • Input DDR Timing Model

Table 2-89 • Parameter Definitions

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)
$t_{DDRICKQ1}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QR	B, D
$t_{DDRICKQ2}$	Clock-to-Out Out_QF	B, E
$t_{DDRISUD}$	Data Setup Time of DDR input	A, B
t_{DDRIHD}	Data Hold Time of DDR input	A, B
$t_{DDRICLR2Q1}$	Clear-to-Out Out_QR	C, D
$t_{DDRICLR2Q2}$	Clear-to-Out Out_QF	C, E
$t_{DDRIREMCLR}$	Clear Removal	C, B
$t_{DDRIRECCLR}$	Clear Recovery	C, B

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-95 • A3PE600 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.83	1.04	0.94	1.18	1.11	1.39	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.81	1.06	0.93	1.21	1.09	1.42	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.25		0.28		0.33	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

Table 2-96 • A3PE1500 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.07	1.29	1.22	1.47	1.43	1.72	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.06	1.32	1.21	1.50	1.42	1.76	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.34	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

Table 2-97 • A3PE3000 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2		-1		Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.41	1.62	1.60	1.85	1.88	2.17	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.40	1.66	1.59	1.89	1.87	2.22	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.35	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

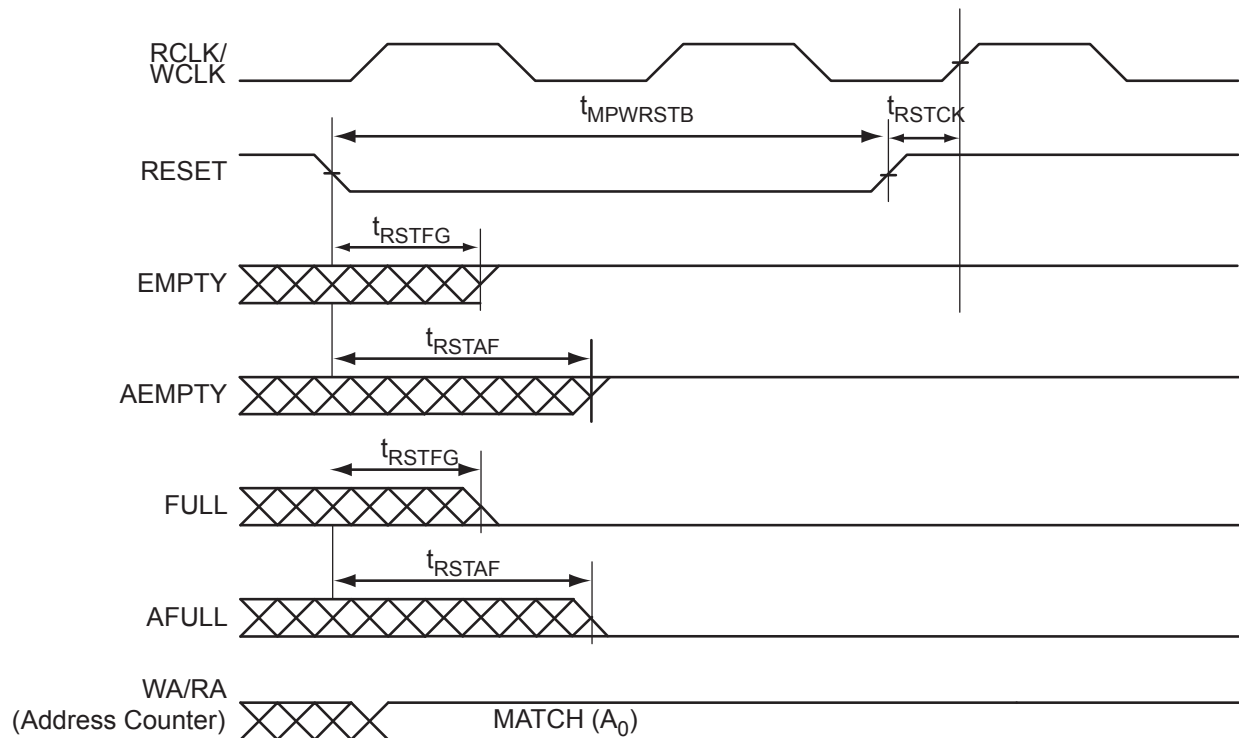


Figure 2-49 • FIFO Reset

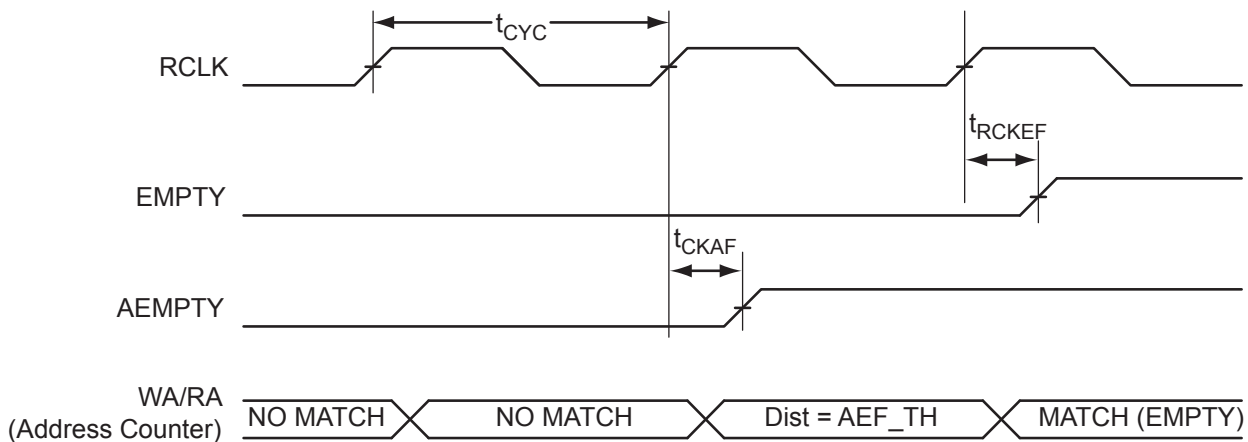


Figure 2-50 • FIFO EMPTY Flag and AEMPTY Flag Assertion

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
1	GND
2	GNDQ
3	VMV7
4	GAB2/IO220PSB7V3
5	GAA2/IO221PDB7V3
6	IO221NDB7V3
7	GAC2/IO219PDB7V3
8	IO219NDB7V3
9	IO215PDB7V3
10	IO215NDB7V3
11	IO212PDB7V2
12	IO212NDB7V2
13	IO208PDB7V2
14	IO208NDB7V2
15	IO204PSB7V1
16	VCC
17	GND
18	VCCIB7
19	IO200PDB7V1
20	IO200NDB7V1
21	IO196PSB7V0
22	GFC1/IO192PSB7V0
23	GFB1/IO191PDB7V0
24	GFB0/IO191NDB7V0
25	VCOMPLF
26	GFA0/IO190NPB6V2
27	VCCPLF
28	GFA1/IO190PPB6V2
29	GND
30	GFA2/IO189PDB6V2
31	IO189NDB6V2
32	GFB2/IO188PPB6V2
33	GFC2/IO187PPB6V2
34	IO188NPB6V2
35	IO187NPB6V2
36	VCC

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
37	IO184PDB6V2
38	IO184NDB6V2
39	IO180PSB6V1
40	VCCIB6
41	GND
42	IO176PDB6V1
43	IO176NDB6V1
44	GEC1/IO169PDB6V0
45	GEC0/IO169NDB6V0
46	GEB1/IO168PPB6V0
47	GEA1/IO167PPB6V0
48	GEB0/IO168NPB6V0
49	GEA0/IO167NPB6V0
50	VMV6
51	GNDQ
52	GND
53	VMV5
54	GNDQ
55	IO166NDB5V3
56	GEA2/IO166PDB5V3
57	IO165NDB5V3
58	GEB2/IO165PDB5V3
59	IO164NDB5V3
60	GEC2/IO164PDB5V3
61	IO163PSB5V3
62	VCCIB5
63	IO161PSB5V3
64	IO157NDB5V2
65	GND
66	IO157PDB5V2
67	IO153NDB5V2
68	IO153PDB5V2
69	IO149NDB5V1
70	IO149PDB5V1
71	VCC
72	VCCIB5

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
73	IO145NDB5V1
74	IO145PDB5V1
75	IO143NDB5V1
76	IO143PDB5V1
77	IO137NDB5V0
78	IO137PDB5V0
79	IO135NDB5V0
80	IO135PDB5V0
81	GND
82	IO131NDB4V2
83	IO131PDB4V2
84	IO129NDB4V2
85	IO129PDB4V2
86	IO127NDB4V2
87	IO127PDB4V2
88	VCC
89	VCCIB4
90	IO121NDB4V1
91	IO121PDB4V1
92	IO119NDB4V1
93	IO119PDB4V1
94	IO113NDB4V0
95	GDC2/IO113PDB4V0
96	IO112NDB4V0
97	GND
98	GDB2/IO112PDB4V0
99	GDA2/IO111PSB4V0
100	GNDQ
101	TCK
102	TDI
103	TMS
104	VMV4
105	GND
106	VPUMP
107	GNDQ
108	TDO

FG256	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
G13	GCC1/IO50PPB2V1
G14	IO44NDB2V1
G15	IO44PDB2V1
G16	IO49NSB2V1
H1	GFB0/IO119NPB7V0
H2	GFA0/IO118NDB6V1
H3	GFB1/IO119PPB7V0
H4	VCOMPLF
H5	GFC0/IO120NPB7V0
H6	VCC
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	VCC
H12	GCC0/IO50NPB2V1
H13	GCB1/IO51PPB2V1
H14	GCA0/IO52NPB3V0
H15	VCOMPLC
H16	GCB0/IO51NPB2V1
J1	GFA2/IO117PSB6V1
J2	GFA1/IO118PDB6V1
J3	VCCPLF
J4	IO116NDB6V1
J5	GFB2/IO116PDB6V1
J6	VCC
J7	GND
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	VCC
J12	GCB2/IO54PPB3V0
J13	GCA1/IO52PPB3V0
J14	GCC2/IO55PPB3V0
J15	VCCPLC
J16	GCA2/IO53PSB3V0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
K1	GFC2/IO115PSB6V1
K2	IO113PPB6V1
K3	IO112PDB6V1
K4	IO112NDB6V1
K5	VCCIB6
K6	VCC
K7	GND
K8	GND
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	VCC
K12	VCCIB3
K13	IO54NPB3V0
K14	IO57NPB3V0
K15	IO55NPB3V0
K16	IO57PPB3V0
L1	IO113NPB6V1
L2	IO109PPB6V0
L3	IO108PDB6V0
L4	IO108NDB6V0
L5	VCCIB6
L6	GND
L7	VCC
L8	VCC
L9	VCC
L10	VCC
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB3
L13	GDB0/IO66NPB3V1
L14	IO60NDB3V1
L15	IO60PDB3V1
L16	IO61PDB3V1
M1	IO109NPB6V0
M2	IO106NDB6V0
M3	IO106PDB6V0
M4	GEC0/IO104NPB6V0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
M5	VMV5
M6	VCCIB5
M7	VCCIB5
M8	IO84NDB5V0
M9	IO84PDB5V0
M10	VCCIB4
M11	VCCIB4
M12	VMV3
M13	VCCPLD
M14	GDB1/IO66PPB3V1
M15	GDC1/IO65PDB3V1
M16	IO61NDB3V1
N1	IO105PDB6V0
N2	IO105NDB6V0
N3	GEC1/IO104PPB6V0
N4	VCOMPLE
N5	GNDQ
N6	GEA2/IO101PPB5V2
N7	IO92NDB5V1
N8	IO90NDB5V1
N9	IO82NDB5V0
N10	IO74NDB4V1
N11	IO74PDB4V1
N12	GNDQ
N13	VCOMPLD
N14	VJTAG
N15	GDC0/IO65NDB3V1
N16	GDA1/IO67PDB3V1
P1	GEB1/IO103PDB6V0
P2	GEB0/IO103NDB6V0
P3	VMV6
P4	VCCPLE
P5	IO101NPB5V2
P6	IO95PPB5V1
P7	IO92PDB5V1
P8	IO90PDB5V1

FG256	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
P9	IO82PDB5V0
P10	IO76NDB4V1
P11	IO76PDB4V1
P12	VMV4
P13	TCK
P14	VPUMP
P15	TRST
P16	GDA0/IO67NDB3V1
R1	GEA1/IO102PDB6V0
R2	GEA0/IO102NDB6V0
R3	GNDQ
R4	GEC2/IO99PDB5V2
R5	IO95NPB5V1
R6	IO91NDB5V1
R7	IO91PDB5V1
R8	IO83NDB5V0
R9	IO83PDB5V0
R10	IO77NDB4V1
R11	IO77PDB4V1
R12	IO69NDB4V0
R13	GDB2/IO69PDB4V0
R14	TDI
R15	GNDQ
R16	TDO
T1	GND
T2	IO100NDB5V2
T3	GEB2/IO100PDB5V2
T4	IO99NDB5V2
T5	IO88NDB5V0
T6	IO88PDB5V0
T7	IO89NSB5V0
T8	IO80NSB4V1
T9	IO81NDB4V1
T10	IO81PDB4V1
T11	IO70NDB4V0
T12	GDC2/IO70PDB4V0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
T13	IO68NDB4V0
T14	GDA2/IO68PDB4V0
T15	TMS
T16	GND

FG324	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 FBGA
A1	GND
A2	IO08NDB0V0
A3	IO08PDB0V0
A4	IO10NDB0V1
A5	IO10PDB0V1
A6	IO12PDB0V1
A7	GND
A8	IO32NDB0V3
A9	IO32PDB0V3
A10	IO42PPB1V0
A11	IO52NPB1V1
A12	GND
A13	IO66NDB1V3
A14	IO72NDB1V3
A15	IO72PDB1V3
A16	IO74NDB1V4
A17	IO74PDB1V4
A18	GND
B1	IO305PDB7V3
B2	GAB2/IO308PDB7V4
B3	GAA0/IO00NPB0V0
B4	VCCIB0
B5	GNDQ
B6	IO12NDB0V1
B7	IO18NDB0V2
B8	VCCIB0
B9	IO42NPB1V0
B10	IO44NDB1V0
B11	VCCIB1
B12	IO52PPB1V1
B13	IO66PDB1V3
B14	GNDQ
B15	VCCIB1
B16	GBA0/IO81NDB1V4
B17	GBA1/IO81PDB1V4
B18	IO88PDB2V0

FG324	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 FBGA
C1	IO305NDB7V3
C2	IO308NDB7V4
C3	GAA2/IO309PPB7V4
C4	GAA1/IO00PPB0V0
C5	VMV0
C6	IO14NDB0V1
C7	IO18PDB0V2
C8	IO40NDB0V4
C9	IO40PDB0V4
C10	IO44PDB1V0
C11	IO56NDB1V1
C12	IO64NDB1V2
C13	IO64PDB1V2
C14	VMV1
C15	GBC0/IO79NDB1V4
C16	GBC1/IO79PDB1V4
C17	GBB2/IO83PPB2V0
C18	IO88NDB2V0
D1	IO303PDB7V3
D2	VCCIB7
D3	GAC2/IO307PPB7V4
D4	IO309NPB7V4
D5	GAB1/IO01PPB0V0
D6	IO14PDB0V1
D7	IO24NDB0V2
D8	IO24PDB0V2
D9	IO28PDB0V3
D10	IO48NDB1V0
D11	IO56PDB1V1
D12	IO60PPB1V2
D13	GBB0/IO80NDB1V4
D14	GBB1/IO80PDB1V4
D15	GBA2/IO82PDB2V0
D16	IO83NPB2V0
D17	VCCIB2
D18	IO90PDB2V1

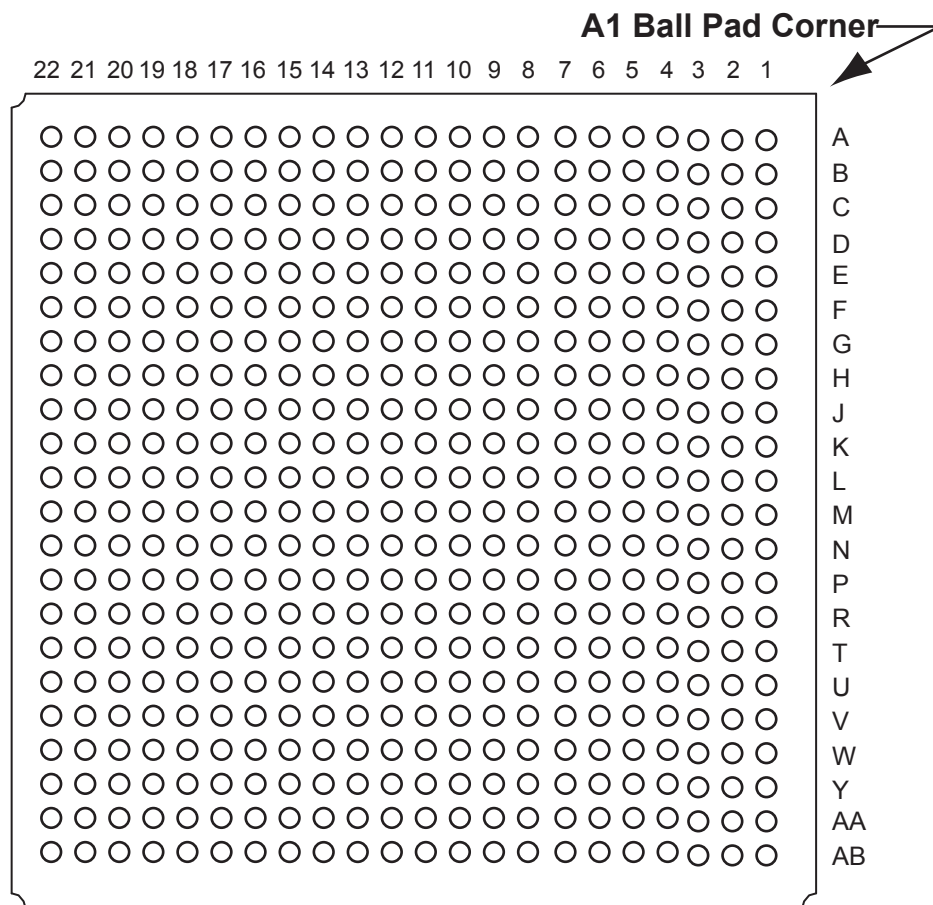
FG324	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 FBGA
E1	IO303NDB7V3
E2	GNDQ
E3	VMV7
E4	IO307NPB7V4
E5	VCCPLA
E6	GAB0/IO01NPB0V0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GND
E9	IO28NDB0V3
E10	IO48PDB1V0
E11	GND
E12	VCCIB1
E13	IO60NPB1V2
E14	VCCPLB
E15	IO82NDB2V0
E16	VMV2
E17	GNDQ
E18	IO90NDB2V1
F1	IO299NDB7V3
F2	IO299PDB7V3
F3	IO295PDB7V2
F4	IO295NDB7V2
F5	VCOMPLA
F6	IO291PPB7V2
F7	GAC0/IO02NDB0V0
F8	GAC1/IO02PDB0V0
F9	IO26PDB0V3
F10	IO34PDB0V4
F11	IO58NDB1V2
F12	IO58PDB1V2
F13	IO94PPB2V1
F14	VCOMPLB
F15	GBC2/IO84PDB2V0
F16	IO84NDB2V0
F17	IO92NDB2V1
F18	IO92PDB2V1

FG324	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 FBGA
G1	GND
G2	IO287PDB7V1
G3	IO287NDB7V1
G4	IO283PPB7V1
G5	VCCIB7
G6	IO279PDB7V0
G7	IO291NPB7V2
G8	VCC
G9	IO26NDB0V3
G10	IO34NDB0V4
G11	VCC
G12	IO94NPB2V1
G13	IO98PDB2V2
G14	VCCIB2
G15	GCC0/IO112NPB2V3
G16	IO104PDB2V2
G17	IO104NDB2V2
G18	GND
H1	IO267PDB6V4
H2	VCCIB7
H3	IO283NPB7V1
H4	GFB1/IO274PPB7V0
H5	GND
H6	IO279NDB7V0
H7	VCC
H8	VCC
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	VCC
H12	VCC
H13	IO98NDB2V2
H14	GND
H15	GCB1/IO113PDB2V3
H16	GCC1/IO112PPB2V3
H17	VCCIB2
H18	IO108PDB2V3

FG324	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 FBGA
J1	IO267NDB6V4
J2	GFA0/IO273NDB6V4
J3	VCOMPLF
J4	GFA2/IO272PDB6V4
J5	GFB0/IO274NPB7V0
J6	GFC0/IO275NDB7V0
J7	GFC1/IO275PDB7V0
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	GCA2/IO115PDB3V0
J13	GCA1/IO114PDB3V0
J14	GCA0/IO114NDB3V0
J15	GCB0/IO113NDB2V3
J16	VCOMPLC
J17	IO120NPB3V0
J18	IO108NDB2V3
K1	IO263PDB6V3
K2	GFA1/IO273PDB6V4
K3	VCCPLF
K4	IO272NDB6V4
K5	GFC2/IO270PPB6V4
K6	GFB2/IO271PDB6V4
K7	IO271NDB6V4
K8	GND
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	IO115NDB3V0
K13	GCB2/IO116PDB3V0
K14	IO116NDB3V0
K15	GCC2/IO117PDB3V0
K16	VCCPLC
K17	IO124NPB3V1
K18	IO120PPB3V0

FG324	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 FBGA
L1	IO263NDB6V3
L2	VCCIB6
L3	IO259PDB6V3
L4	IO259NDB6V3
L5	GND
L6	IO270NPB6V4
L7	VCC
L8	VCC
L9	GND
L10	GND
L11	VCC
L12	VCC
L13	IO132PDB3V2
L14	GND
L15	IO117NDB3V0
L16	IO128NPB3V1
L17	VCCIB3
L18	IO124PPB3V1
M1	GND
M2	IO255PDB6V2
M3	IO255NDB6V2
M4	IO251PPB6V2
M5	VCCIB6
M6	GEB0/IO235NDB6V0
M7	GEB1/IO235PDB6V0
M8	VCC
M9	IO192PPB4V4
M10	IO154NPB4V0
M11	VCC
M12	GDA0/IO153NPB3V4
M13	IO132NDB3V2
M14	VCCIB3
M15	IO134NDB3V2
M16	IO134PDB3V2
M17	IO128PPB3V1
M18	GND

FG484



Note: This is the bottom view of the package.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/solutions>.

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	VCCIB0
A4	IO06NDB0V1
A5	IO06PDB0V1
A6	IO08NDB0V1
A7	IO08PDB0V1
A8	IO11PDB0V1
A9	IO17PDB0V2
A10	IO18NDB0V2
A11	IO18PDB0V2
A12	IO22PDB1V0
A13	IO26PDB1V0
A14	IO29NDB1V1
A15	IO29PDB1V1
A16	IO31NDB1V1
A17	IO31PDB1V1
A18	IO32NDB1V1
A19	NC
A20	VCCIB1
A21	GND
A22	GND
AA1	GND
AA2	VCCIB6
AA3	NC
AA4	IO98PDB5V2
AA5	IO96NDB5V2
AA6	IO96PDB5V2
AA7	IO86NDB5V0
AA8	IO86PDB5V0
AA9	IO85PDB5V0
AA10	IO85NDB5V0
AA11	IO78PPB4V1
AA12	IO79NDB4V1
AA13	IO79PDB4V1
AA14	NC

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
AA15	NC
AA16	IO71NDB4V0
AA17	IO71PDB4V0
AA18	NC
AA19	NC
AA20	NC
AA21	VCCIB3
AA22	GND
AB1	GND
AB2	GND
AB3	VCCIB5
AB4	IO97NDB5V2
AB5	IO97PDB5V2
AB6	IO93NDB5V1
AB7	IO93PDB5V1
AB8	IO87NDB5V0
AB9	IO87PDB5V0
AB10	NC
AB11	NC
AB12	IO75NDB4V1
AB13	IO75PDB4V1
AB14	IO72NDB4V0
AB15	IO72PDB4V0
AB16	IO73NDB4V0
AB17	IO73PDB4V0
AB18	NC
AB19	NC
AB20	VCCIB4
AB21	GND
AB22	GND
B1	GND
B2	VCCIB7
B3	NC
B4	IO03NDB0V0
B5	IO03PDB0V0
B6	IO07NDB0V1

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
B7	IO07PDB0V1
B8	IO11NDB0V1
B9	IO17NDB0V2
B10	IO14PDB0V2
B11	IO19PDB0V2
B12	IO22NDB1V0
B13	IO26NDB1V0
B14	NC
B15	NC
B16	IO30NDB1V1
B17	IO30PDB1V1
B18	IO32PDB1V1
B19	NC
B20	NC
B21	VCCIB2
B22	GND
C1	VCCIB7
C2	NC
C3	NC
C4	NC
C5	GND
C6	IO04NDB0V0
C7	IO04PDB0V0
C8	VCC
C9	VCC
C10	IO14NDB0V2
C11	IO19NDB0V2
C12	NC
C13	NC
C14	VCC
C15	VCC
C16	NC
C17	NC
C18	GND
C19	NC
C20	NC

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
C9	IO10PDB0V1
C10	IO16PDB0V2
C11	IO20PDB0V2
C12	IO24PDB0V3
C13	IO23PDB0V2
C14	IO28PDB0V3
C15	IO31PDB0V3
C16	IO32NDB1V0
C17	IO36NDB1V0
C18	IO37NDB1V0
C19	IO45NDB1V1
C20	IO42PPB1V1
C21	IO46NPB1V1
C22	IO48NPB1V2
C23	GBB0/IO56NPB1V3
C24	VMV1
C25	GBC2/IO60PDB2V0
C26	IO60NDB2V0
D1	IO218NDB7V3
D2	IO218PDB7V3
D3	GND
D4	VMV7
D5	IO221NDB7V3
D6	GAC0/IO02NDB0V0
D7	GAC1/IO02PDB0V0
D8	IO05NDB0V0
D9	IO08PDB0V1
D10	IO12NDB0V1
D11	IO18NDB0V2
D12	IO17NDB0V2
D13	IO25NDB0V3
D14	IO29NDB0V3
D15	IO33NDB1V0
D16	IO40PDB1V1
D17	IO43NDB1V1
D18	IO47PDB1V1

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
D19	IO45PDB1V1
D20	IO46PPB1V1
D21	IO48PPB1V2
D22	GBA0/IO57NPB1V3
D23	GNDQ
D24	GBB1/IO56PPB1V3
D25	GBB2/IO59PDB2V0
D26	IO59NDB2V0
E1	IO212PDB7V2
E2	IO211NDB7V2
E3	IO211PDB7V2
E4	IO220NPB7V3
E5	GNDQ
E6	GAB2/IO220PPB7V3
E7	GAB1/IO01PDB0V0
E8	IO05PDB0V0
E9	IO08NDB0V1
E10	IO12PDB0V1
E11	IO18PDB0V2
E12	IO17PDB0V2
E13	IO25PDB0V3
E14	IO29PDB0V3
E15	IO33PDB1V0
E16	IO40NDB1V1
E17	IO43PDB1V1
E18	IO47NDB1V1
E19	IO54NDB1V3
E20	IO52NDB1V2
E21	IO52PDB1V2
E22	VCCPLB
E23	GBA1/IO57PPB1V3
E24	IO63PDB2V0
E25	IO63NDB2V0
E26	IO68PDB2V1
F1	IO212NDB7V2
F2	IO203PPB7V1

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
F3	IO213NDB7V2
F4	IO213PDB7V2
F5	GND
F6	VCCPLA
F7	GAB0/IO01NDB0V0
F8	GNDQ
F9	IO03PDB0V0
F10	IO13PDB0V1
F11	IO15PDB0V1
F12	IO19PDB0V2
F13	IO21PDB0V2
F14	IO27NDB0V3
F15	IO35PDB1V0
F16	IO39NDB1V0
F17	IO51PDB1V2
F18	IO53PDB1V2
F19	IO54PDB1V3
F20	VMV2
F21	VCOMPLB
F22	IO61PDB2V0
F23	IO61NDB2V0
F24	IO66PDB2V1
F25	IO66NDB2V1
F26	IO68NDB2V1
G1	IO203NPB7V1
G2	IO207NDB7V2
G3	IO207PDB7V2
G4	IO216NDB7V3
G5	IO216PDB7V3
G6	VCOMPLA
G7	VMV0
G8	VCC
G9	IO03NDB0V0
G10	IO13NDB0V1
G11	IO15NDB0V1
G12	IO19NDB0V2

5 – Datasheet Information

List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in each revision of the ProASIC3E datasheet.

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 15 (June 2015)	Updated "ProASIC3E Ordering Information". Interchanged the positions of Y-Security Feature and I- Application (Temperature Range) (SAR 67296). Added Note "Only devices with package size greater than or equal to 5x5 are supported". Updated Commercial and Industrial Junction Temperatures (SAR 67588).	1-III
	Added the A3PE3000 package to Table 2-5 (SARs 52320 and 58737).	2-5
	Updated "VCCIBx I/O Supply Voltage" (SAR 43323).	3-1
Revision 14 (May 2014)	Added 2 mA and 6 mA I/O short currents values in "I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL" (SAR 56295).	2-22
	Added 2 mA and 6 mA minimum and maximum DC input and output levels in "Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels"(SAR 56295).	2-24
	Added 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew Commercial-Case Conditions for 2 mA and 6 mA in "3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew" (SAR 56295).	2-25
	Added 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew Commercial-Case Conditions for 2 mA and 6 mA in "3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew" (SAR 56295).	2-25
Revision 13 (January 2013)	In the "Features and Benefits" section, updated the Clock Conditioning Circuit (CCC) and PLL Wide Input Frequency Range from '1.5 MHz to 200 MHz' to '1.5MHz to 350 MHz' based on Table 2-98 (SAR 22196).	1-I
	The "ProASIC3E Ordering Information" section has been updated to mention "Y" as "Blank" mentioning "Device Does Not Include License to Implement IP Based on the Cryptography Research, Inc. (CRI) Patent Portfolio" (SAR 43220).	1-III
	Added a note to "Recommended Operating Conditions ¹ " table (SAR 42716): The programming temperature range supported is T _{ambient} = 0°C to 85°C.	2-2
	The note in "ProASIC3E CCC/PLL Specification" table referring the reader to SmartGen was revised to refer instead to the online help associated with the core (SAR 42571).	2-70
	Libero Integrated Design Environment (IDE) was changed to Libero System-on-Chip (SoC) throughout the document (SAR 40285).	NA
	Live at Power-Up (LAPU) has been replaced with 'Instant On'.	
Revision 12 (September 2012)	The "Security" section was modified to clarify that Microsemi does not support read-back of programmed data.	1-1

Revision	Changes	Page
Advance v0.5 (continued)	The "I/O User Input/Output" pin description was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is unused.	2-50
	The "JTAG Pins" section was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is unused.	2-51
	The "Programming" section was updated to include information concerning serialization.	2-53
	The "JTAG 1532" section was updated to include SAMPLE/PRELOAD information.	2-54
	The "DC and Switching Characteristics" chapter was updated with new information.	Starting on page 3-1
	Table 3-6 was updated.	3-5
	In Table 3-10, PAC4 was updated.	3-8
	Table 3-19 was updated.	3-20
	The note in Table 3-24 was updated.	3-23
	All Timing Characteristics tables were updated from LVTTTL to Register Delays	3-26 to 3-64
	The Timing Characteristics for RAM4K9, RAM512X18, and FIFO were updated.	3-74 to 3-79
	F _{TCKMAX} was updated in Table 3-98.	3-80
Advance v0.4 (October 2005)	The "Packaging Tables" table was updated.	ii
Advance v0.3	Figure 2-11 was updated.	2-9
	The "Clock Resources (VersaNets)" section was updated.	2-9
	The "VersaNet Global Networks and Spine Access" section was updated.	2-9
	The "PLL Macro" section was updated.	2-15
	Figure 2-27 was updated.	2-28
	Figure 2-20 was updated.	2-19
	Table 2-5 was updated.	2-25
	Table 2-6 was updated.	2-25
	The "FIFO Flag Usage Considerations" section was updated.	2-27
	Table 2-33 was updated.	2-51
	Figure 2-24 was updated.	2-31
	The "Cold-Sparing Support" section is new.	2-34
	Table 2-45 was updated.	2-64
	Table 2-48 was updated.	2-81
	Pin descriptions in the "JTAG Pins" section were updated.	2-51
	The "Pin Descriptions" section was updated.	2-50
	Table 3-7 was updated.	3-6