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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	276480
Number of I/O	280
Number of Gates	1500000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3pe1500-fgg484

Thermal Characteristics

Introduction

The temperature variable in Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient temperature. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption cause the chip junction to be higher than the ambient temperature.

EQ 1 can be used to calculate junction temperature.

$$T_J = \text{Junction Temperature} = \Delta T + T_A$$

EQ 1

where:

T_A = Ambient Temperature

ΔT = Temperature gradient between junction (silicon) and ambient $\Delta T = \theta_{ja} * P$

θ_{ja} = Junction-to-ambient of the package. θ_{ja} numbers are located in [Table 2-5](#).

P = Power dissipation

Package Thermal Characteristics

The device junction-to-case thermal resistivity is θ_{jc} and the junction-to-ambient air thermal resistivity is θ_{ja} . The thermal characteristics for θ_{ja} are shown for two air flow rates. The absolute maximum junction temperature is 110°C. **EQ 2** shows a sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for an 896-pin FBGA package at commercial temperature and in still air.

$$\text{Maximum Power Allowed} = \frac{\text{Max. junction temp. } (\text{°C}) - \text{Max. ambient temp. } (\text{°C})}{\theta_{ja} (\text{°C/W})} = \frac{110\text{°C} - 70\text{°C}}{13.6\text{°C/W}} = 5.88 \text{ W}$$

EQ 2

Table 2-5 • Package Thermal Resistivities

Package Type	Pin Count	θ_{jc}	θ_{ja}			Units
			Still Air	200 ft./min.	500 ft./min.	
Plastic Quad Flat Package (PQFP)	208	8.0	26.1	22.5	20.8	C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Package (PQFP) with embedded heat spreader in A3PE3000	208	3.8	16.2	13.3	11.9	C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	256	3.8	26.9	22.8	21.5	C/W
	484	3.2	20.5	17.0	15.9	C/W
	676	3.2	16.4	13.0	12.0	C/W
	896	2.4	13.6	10.4	9.4	C/W

Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

**Table 2-6 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Timing Delays
(normalized to $T_J = 70\text{°C}$, $VCC = 1.425 \text{ V}$)**

Array Voltage VCC (V)	Junction Temperature (°C)					
	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	100°C
1.425	0.87	0.92	0.95	1.00	1.02	1.04
1.500	0.83	0.88	0.90	0.95	0.97	0.98
1.575	0.80	0.85	0.87	0.92	0.93	0.95

Table 2-36 • 2.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew

 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.3 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
4 mA	Std.	0.66	12.00	0.04	1.51	1.66	0.43	12.23	11.61	2.72	2.20	14.46	13.85	ns
	-1	0.56	10.21	0.04	1.29	1.41	0.36	10.40	9.88	2.31	1.87	12.30	11.78	ns
	-2	0.49	8.96	0.03	1.13	1.24	0.32	9.13	8.67	2.03	1.64	10.80	10.34	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	8.73	0.04	1.51	1.66	0.43	8.89	8.01	3.10	2.93	11.13	10.25	ns
	-1	0.56	7.43	0.04	1.29	1.41	0.36	7.57	6.82	2.64	2.49	9.47	8.72	ns
	-2	0.49	6.52	0.03	1.13	1.24	0.32	6.64	5.98	2.32	2.19	8.31	7.65	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	6.77	0.04	1.51	1.66	0.43	6.90	6.11	3.37	3.39	9.14	8.34	ns
	-1	0.56	5.76	0.04	1.29	1.41	0.36	5.87	5.20	2.86	2.89	7.77	7.10	ns
	-2	0.49	5.06	0.03	1.13	1.24	0.32	5.15	4.56	2.51	2.53	6.82	6.23	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	6.31	0.04	1.51	1.66	0.43	6.42	5.73	3.42	3.52	8.66	7.96	ns
	-1	0.56	5.37	0.04	1.29	1.41	0.36	5.46	4.87	2.91	3.00	7.37	6.77	ns
	-2	0.49	4.71	0.03	1.13	1.24	0.32	4.80	4.28	2.56	2.63	6.47	5.95	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.66	5.93	0.04	1.51	1.66	0.43	6.04	5.70	3.49	4.00	8.28	7.94	ns
	-1	0.56	5.05	0.04	1.29	1.41	0.36	5.14	4.85	2.97	3.40	7.04	6.75	ns
	-2	0.49	4.43	0.03	1.13	1.24	0.32	4.51	4.26	2.61	2.99	6.18	5.93	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-39 • 1.8 V LVC MOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	12.10	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	9.59	12.10	2.78	1.64	11.83	14.34	ns
	-1	0.56	10.30	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	8.16	10.30	2.37	1.39	10.06	12.20	ns
	-2	0.49	9.04	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	7.16	9.04	2.08	1.22	8.83	10.71	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	7.05	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	6.20	7.05	3.25	2.86	8.44	9.29	ns
	-1	0.56	6.00	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	5.28	6.00	2.76	2.44	7.18	7.90	ns
	-2	0.49	5.27	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	4.63	5.27	2.43	2.14	6.30	6.94	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.52	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	4.47	4.52	3.57	3.47	6.70	6.76	ns
	-1	0.56	3.85	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	3.80	3.85	3.04	2.95	5.70	5.75	ns
	-2	0.49	3.38	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	3.33	3.38	2.66	2.59	5.00	5.05	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.12	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	4.20	3.99	3.63	3.62	6.43	6.23	ns
	-1	0.56	3.51	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	3.57	3.40	3.09	3.08	5.47	5.30	ns
	-2	0.49	3.08	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	3.14	2.98	2.71	2.71	4.81	4.65	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	3.80	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	3.87	3.09	3.73	4.24	6.10	5.32	ns
	-1	0.56	3.23	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	3.29	2.63	3.18	3.60	5.19	4.53	ns
	-2	0.49	2.83	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	2.89	2.31	2.79	3.16	4.56	3.98	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	3.80	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	3.87	3.09	3.73	4.24	6.10	5.32	ns
	-1	0.56	3.23	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	3.29	2.63	3.18	3.60	5.19	4.53	ns
	-2	0.49	2.83	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	2.89	2.31	2.79	3.16	4.56	3.98	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-43 • 1.5 V LVC MOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	8.53	0.04	1.70	2.14	0.43	7.26	8.53	3.39	2.79	9.50	10.77	ns
	-1	0.56	7.26	0.04	1.44	1.82	0.36	6.18	7.26	2.89	2.37	8.08	9.16	ns
	-2	0.49	6.37	0.03	1.27	1.60	0.32	5.42	6.37	2.53	2.08	7.09	8.04	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	5.41	0.04	1.70	2.14	0.43	5.22	5.41	3.75	3.48	7.45	7.65	ns
	-1	0.56	4.60	0.04	1.44	1.82	0.36	4.44	4.60	3.19	2.96	6.34	6.50	ns
	-2	0.49	4.04	0.03	1.27	1.60	0.32	3.89	4.04	2.80	2.60	5.56	5.71	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.80	0.04	1.70	2.14	0.43	4.89	4.75	3.83	3.67	7.13	6.98	ns
	-1	0.56	4.09	0.04	1.44	1.82	0.36	4.16	4.04	3.26	3.12	6.06	5.94	ns
	-2	0.49	3.59	0.03	1.27	1.60	0.32	3.65	3.54	2.86	2.74	5.32	5.21	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.42	0.04	1.70	2.14	0.43	4.50	3.62	3.96	4.37	6.74	5.86	ns
	-1	0.56	3.76	0.04	1.44	1.82	0.36	3.83	3.08	3.37	3.72	5.73	4.98	ns
	-2	0.49	3.30	0.03	1.27	1.60	0.32	3.36	2.70	2.96	3.27	5.03	4.37	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	4.42	0.04	1.70	2.14	0.43	4.50	3.62	3.96	4.37	6.74	5.86	ns
	-1	0.56	3.76	0.04	1.44	1.82	0.36	3.83	3.08	3.37	3.72	5.73	4.98	ns
	-2	0.49	3.30	0.03	1.27	1.60	0.32	3.36	2.70	2.96	3.27	5.03	4.37	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.

Table 2-44 • 1.5 V LVC MOS Low Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	14.11	0.04	1.70	2.14	0.43	14.37	13.14	3.40	2.68	16.61	15.37	ns
	-1	0.56	12.00	0.04	1.44	1.82	0.36	12.22	11.17	2.90	2.28	14.13	13.08	ns
	-2	0.49	10.54	0.03	1.27	1.60	0.32	10.73	9.81	2.54	2.00	12.40	11.48	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	11.23	0.04	1.70	2.14	0.43	11.44	9.87	3.77	3.36	13.68	12.10	ns
	-1	0.56	9.55	0.04	1.44	1.82	0.36	9.73	8.39	3.21	2.86	11.63	10.29	ns
	-2	0.49	8.39	0.03	1.27	1.60	0.32	8.54	7.37	2.81	2.51	10.21	9.04	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	10.45	0.04	1.70	2.14	0.43	10.65	9.24	3.84	3.55	12.88	11.48	ns
	-1	0.56	8.89	0.04	1.44	1.82	0.36	9.06	7.86	3.27	3.02	10.96	9.76	ns
	-2	0.49	7.81	0.03	1.27	1.60	0.32	7.95	6.90	2.87	2.65	9.62	8.57	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	10.02	0.04	1.70	2.14	0.43	10.20	9.23	3.97	4.22	12.44	11.47	ns
	-1	0.56	8.52	0.04	1.44	1.82	0.36	8.68	7.85	3.38	3.59	10.58	9.75	ns
	-2	0.49	7.48	0.03	1.27	1.60	0.32	7.62	6.89	2.97	3.15	9.29	8.56	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	10.02	0.04	1.70	2.14	0.43	10.20	9.23	3.97	4.22	12.44	11.47	ns
	-1	0.56	8.52	0.04	1.44	1.82	0.36	8.68	7.85	3.38	3.59	10.58	9.75	ns
	-2	0.49	7.48	0.03	1.27	1.60	0.32	7.62	6.89	2.97	3.15	9.29	8.56	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.

SSTL3 Class I

Stub-Speed Terminated Logic for 3.3 V memory bus standard (JESD8-8). ProASIC3E devices support Class I. This provides a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Table 2-72 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

SSTL3 Class I	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL	IIH
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ¹	Max. mA ¹	μA ²	μA ²
14 mA	-0.3	VREF - 0.2	VREF + 0.2	3.6	0.7	VCCI - 1.1	14	14	54	51	10	10

Notes:

1. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
2. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.

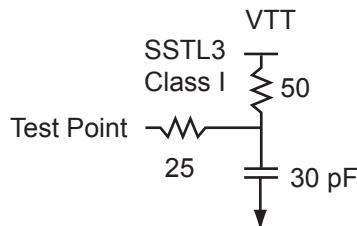


Figure 2-20 • AC Loading

Table 2-73 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	VREF (typ.) (V)	VTT (typ.) (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
VREF - 0.2	VREF + 0.2	1.5	1.5	1.485	30

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See [Table 2-15 on page 2-18](#) for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-74 • SSTL3 Class I

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V,
Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V, VREF = 1.5 V

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	t _{ZLS}	t _{ZHS}	Units
Std.	0.66	2.31	0.04	1.25	0.43	2.35	1.84			4.59	4.07	ns
-1	0.56	1.96	0.04	1.06	0.36	2.00	1.56			3.90	3.46	ns
-2	0.49	1.72	0.03	0.93	0.32	1.75	1.37			3.42	3.04	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

Table 2-78 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

DC Parameter	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
VCCI	Supply Voltage	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	0.9	1.075	1.25	V
VOH	Output High Voltage	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
IOL ¹	Output Lower Current	0.65	0.91	1.16	mA
IOH ¹	Output High Current	0.65	0.91	1.16	mA
VI	Input Voltage	0		2.925	V
IIH ²	Input High Leakage Current			10	µA
IIL ²	Input Low Leakage Current			10	µA
VODIFF	Differential Output Voltage	250	350	450	mV
VOCM	Output Common Mode Voltage	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
VICM	Input Common Mode Voltage	0.05	1.25	2.35	V
VIDIFF	Input Differential Voltage ²	100	350		mV

Notes:

1. IOL/IOH defined by VODIFF/(Resistor Network).
2. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.

Table 2-79 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	VREF (typ.) (V)
1.075	1.325	Cross point	–

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See [Table 2-15 on page 2-18](#) for a complete table of trip points.

Fully Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Clear

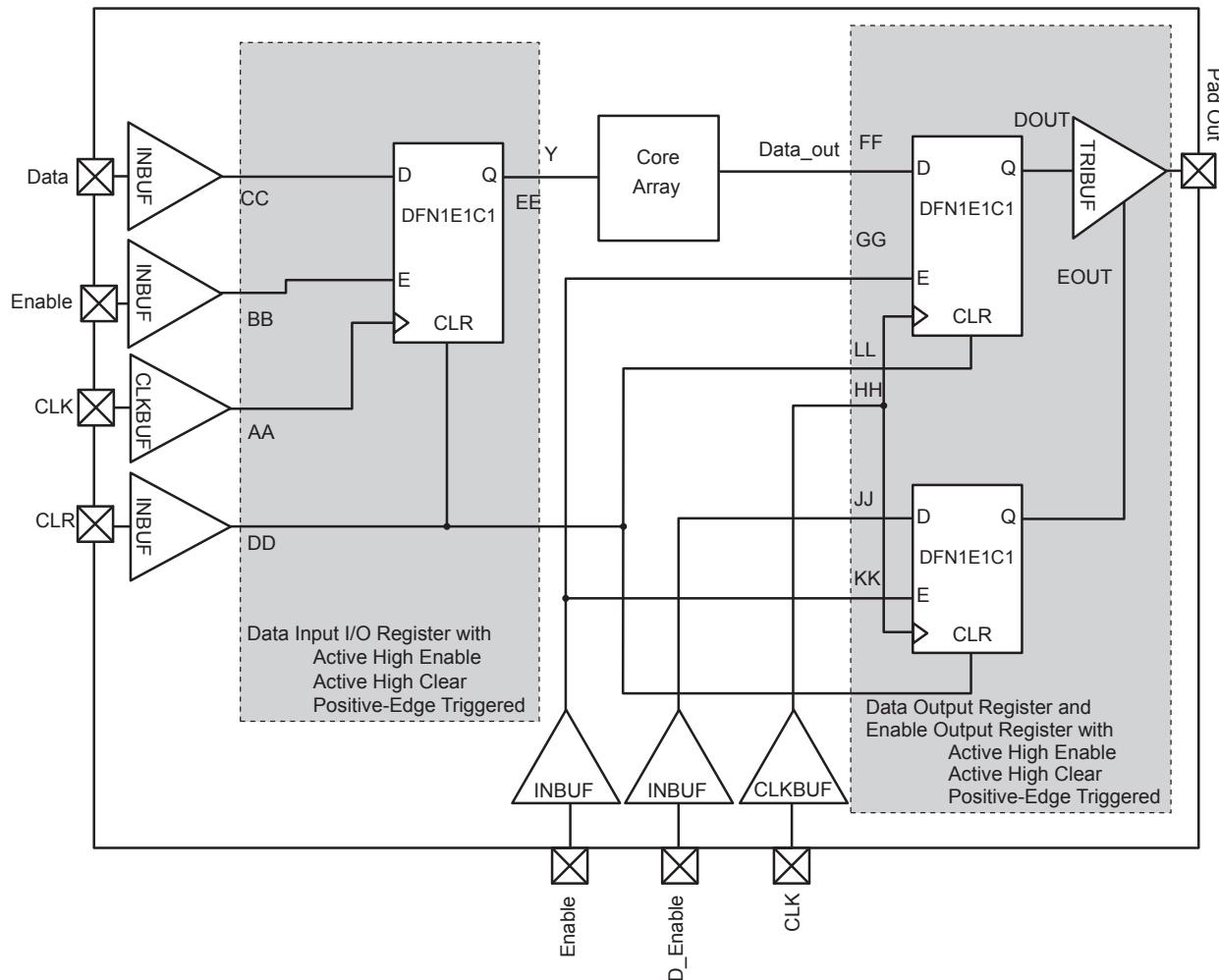


Figure 2-26 • Timing Model of the Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Clear

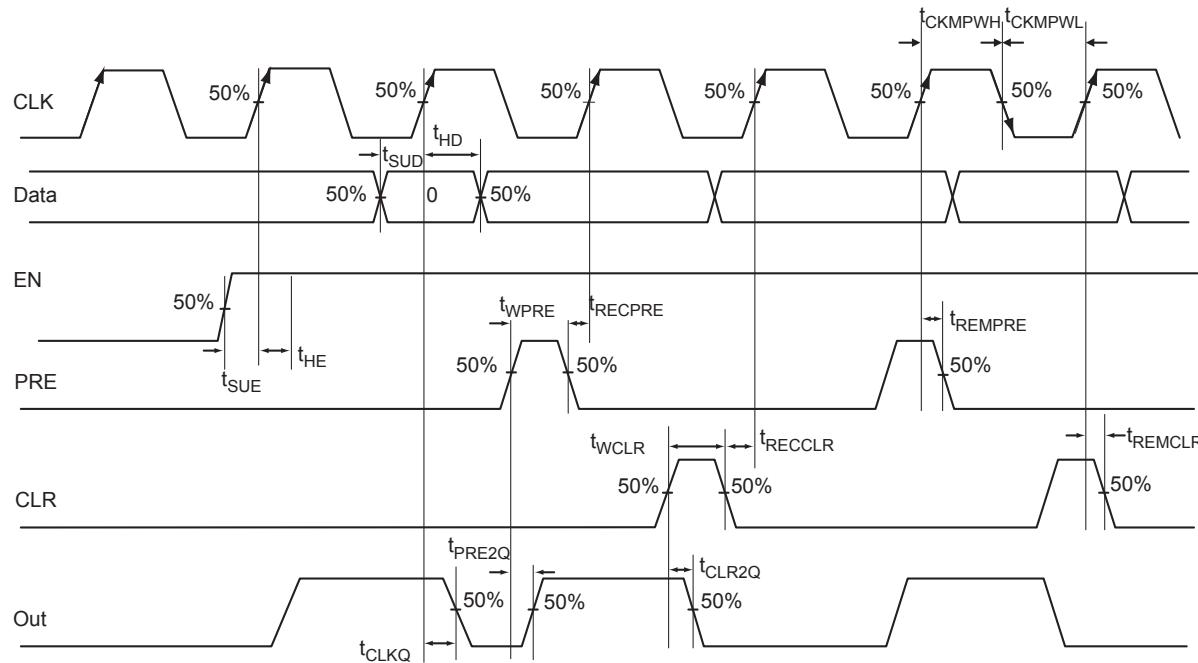


Figure 2-37 • Timing Model and Waveforms

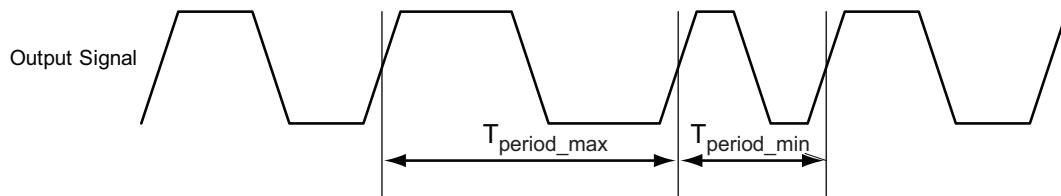
Timing Characteristics

Table 2-94 • Register Delays

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case V_{CC} = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t _{CLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Core Register	0.55	0.63	0.74	ns
t _{SUD}	Data Setup Time for the Core Register	0.43	0.49	0.57	ns
t _{HD}	Data Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t _{SUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Core Register	0.45	0.52	0.61	ns
t _{HE}	Enable Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t _{CLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Core Register	0.40	0.45	0.53	ns
t _{PRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Core Register	0.40	0.45	0.53	ns
t _{REMCCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t _{RECCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t _{REMPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t _{RECPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t _{WCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t _{WPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t _{CKMPWH}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Core Register	0.32	0.37	0.43	ns
t _{CKMPWL}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Core Register	0.36	0.41	0.48	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.



Note: Peak-to-peak jitter measurements are defined by $T_{\text{peak-to-peak}} = T_{\text{period_max}} - T_{\text{period_min}}$.

Figure 2-39 • Peak-to-Peak Jitter Definition

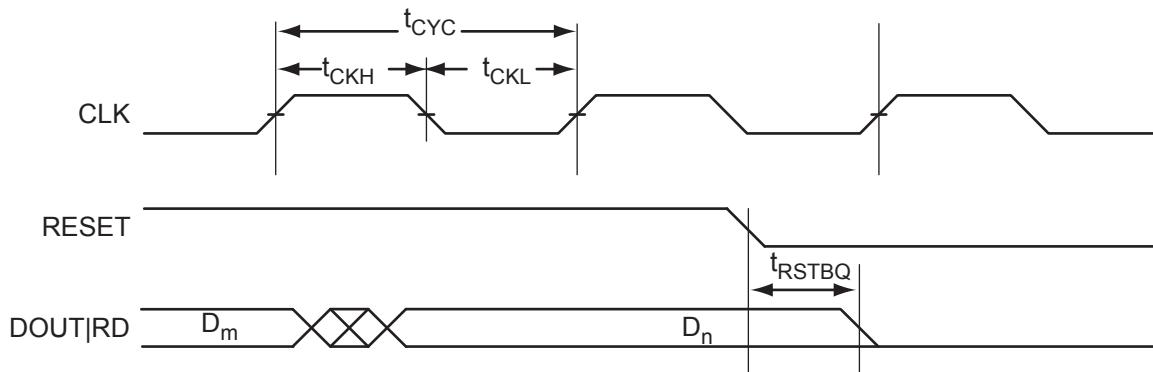


Figure 2-45 • RAM Reset. Applicable to Both RAM4K9 and RAM512x18.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-101 • FIFOCommercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN Setup Time	1.38	1.57	1.84	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN Hold Time	0.02	0.02	0.02	ns
t_{BKS}	BLK Setup Time	0.19	0.22	0.26	ns
t_{BKH}	BLK Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{DS}	Input Data (WD) Setup Time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input Data (WD) Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pass-through)	2.36	2.68	3.15	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pipelined)	0.89	1.02	1.20	ns
t_{RCKEF}	RCLK High to Empty Flag Valid	1.72	1.96	2.30	ns
t_{WCKFF}	WCLK High to Full Flag Valid	1.63	1.86	2.18	ns
t_{CKAF}	Clock High to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.19	7.05	8.29	ns
t_{RSTFG}	RESET Low to Empty/Full Flag Valid	1.69	1.93	2.27	ns
t_{RSTAFT}	RESET Low to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.13	6.98	8.20	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (pass-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET Removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET Recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET Minimum Pulse Width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	310	272	231	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

VJTAG**JTAG Supply Voltage**

Low power flash devices have a separate bank for the dedicated JTAG pins. The JTAG pins can be run at any voltage from 1.5 V to 3.3 V (nominal). Isolating the JTAG power supply in a separate I/O bank gives greater flexibility in supply selection and simplifies power supply and PCB design. If the JTAG interface is neither used nor planned for use, the VJTAG pin together with the TRST pin could be tied to GND. It should be noted that VCC is required to be powered for JTAG operation; VJTAG alone is insufficient. If a device is in a JTAG chain of interconnected boards, the board containing the device can be powered down, provided both VJTAG and VCC to the part remain powered; otherwise, JTAG signals will not be able to transition the device, even in bypass mode.

Microsemi recommends that VPUMP and VJTAG power supplies be kept separate with independent filtering capacitors rather than supplying them from a common rail.

VPUMP**Programming Supply Voltage**

For programming, VPUMP should be 3.3 V nominal. During normal device operation, VPUMP can be left floating or can be tied (pulled up) to any voltage between 0 V and the VPUMP maximum. Programming power supply voltage (VPUMP) range is listed in the datasheet.

When the VPUMP pin is tied to ground, it will shut off the charge pump circuitry, resulting in no sources of oscillation from the charge pump circuitry.

For proper programming, 0.01 μ F and 0.33 μ F capacitors (both rated at 16 V) are to be connected in parallel across VPUMP and GND, and positioned as close to the FPGA pins as possible.

Microsemi recommends that VPUMP and VJTAG power supplies be kept separate with independent filtering capacitors rather than supplying them from a common rail.

User-Defined Supply Pins

VREF**I/O Voltage Reference**

Reference voltage for I/O minibanks. VREF pins are configured by the user from regular I/Os, and any I/O in a bank, except JTAG I/Os, can be designated the voltage reference I/O. Only certain I/O standards require a voltage reference—HSTL (I) and (II), SSTL2 (I) and (II), SSTL3 (I) and (II), and GTL/GTL+. One VREF pin can support the number of I/Os available in its minibank.

User Pins

I/O**User Input/Output**

The I/O pin functions as an input, output, tristate, or bidirectional buffer. Input and output signal levels are compatible with the I/O standard selected.

During programming, I/Os become tristated and weakly pulled up to VCCI. With VCCI, VMV, and VCC supplies continuously powered up, when the device transitions from programming to operating mode, the I/Os are instantly configured to the desired user configuration.

Unused I/Os are configured as follows:

- Output buffer is disabled (with tristate value of high impedance)
- Input buffer is disabled (with tristate value of high impedance)
- Weak pull-up is programmed

GL**Globals**

GL I/Os have access to certain clock conditioning circuitry (and the PLL) and/or have direct access to the global network (spines). Additionally, the global I/Os can be used as regular I/Os, since they have identical capabilities. Unused GL pins are configured as inputs with pull-up resistors.

See more detailed descriptions of global I/O connectivity in the "Clock Conditioning Circuits in Low Power Flash Devices and Mixed Signal FPGAs" chapter of the [ProASIC3E FPGA Fabric User's Guide](#). All inputs labeled GC/GF are direct inputs into the quadrant clocks. For example, if GAA0 is used for an input, GAA1 and GAA2 are no longer available for input to the quadrant globals. All inputs labeled GC/GF are direct inputs into the chip-level globals, and the rest are connected to the quadrant globals. The inputs to the global network are multiplexed, and only one input can be used as a global input.

Special Function Pins

NC**No Connect**

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device. These pins can be driven to any voltage or can be left floating with no effect on the operation of the device.

DC**Do Not Connect**

This pin should not be connected to any signals on the PCB. These pins should be left unconnected.

Packaging

Semiconductor technology is constantly shrinking in size while growing in capability and functional integration. To enable next-generation silicon technologies, semiconductor packages have also evolved to provide improved performance and flexibility.

Microsemi consistently delivers packages that provide the necessary mechanical and environmental protection to ensure consistent reliability and performance. Microsemi IC packaging technology efficiently supports high-density FPGAs with large-pin-count Ball Grid Arrays (BGAs), but is also flexible enough to accommodate stringent form factor requirements for Chip Scale Packaging (CSP). In addition, Microsemi offers a variety of packages designed to meet your most demanding application and economic requirements for today's embedded and mobile systems.

Related Documents

User's Guides

ProASIC3E FPGA Fabric User's Guide

http://www.microsemi.com/document-portal/doc_download/130883-proasic3e-fpga-fabric-user-guide

Packaging

The following documents provide packaging information and device selection for low power flash devices.

Product Catalog

http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/ProdCat_PIB.pdf

Lists devices currently recommended for new designs and the packages available for each member of the family. Use this document or the datasheet tables to determine the best package for your design, and which package drawing to use.

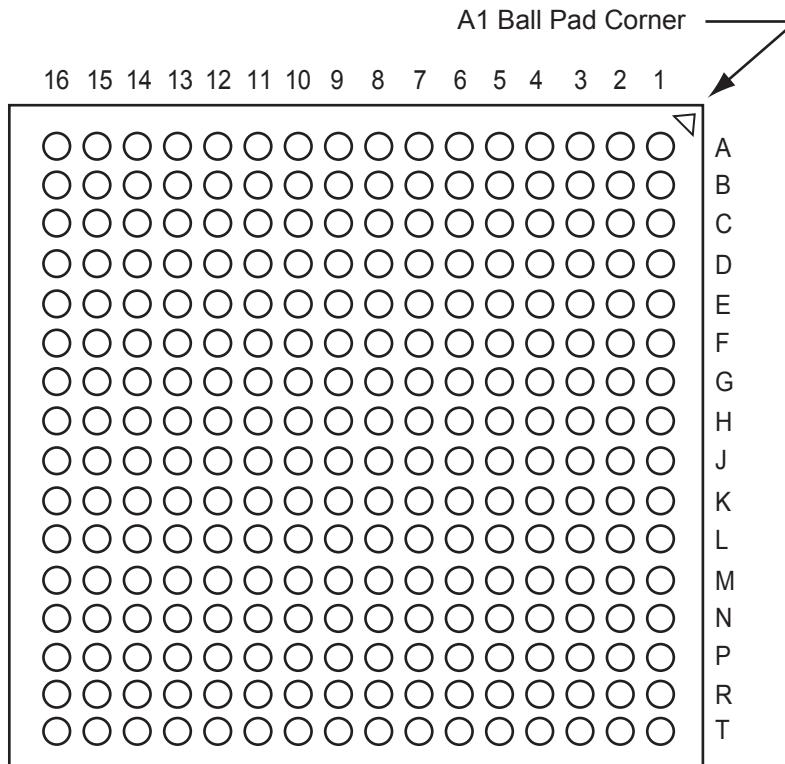
Package Mechanical Drawings

http://www.microsemi.com/document-portal/doc_download/131095-package-mechanical-drawings

This document contains the package mechanical drawings for all packages currently or previously supplied by Microsemi. Use the bookmarks to navigate to the package mechanical drawings.

Additional packaging materials: <http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/solutions>.

FG256

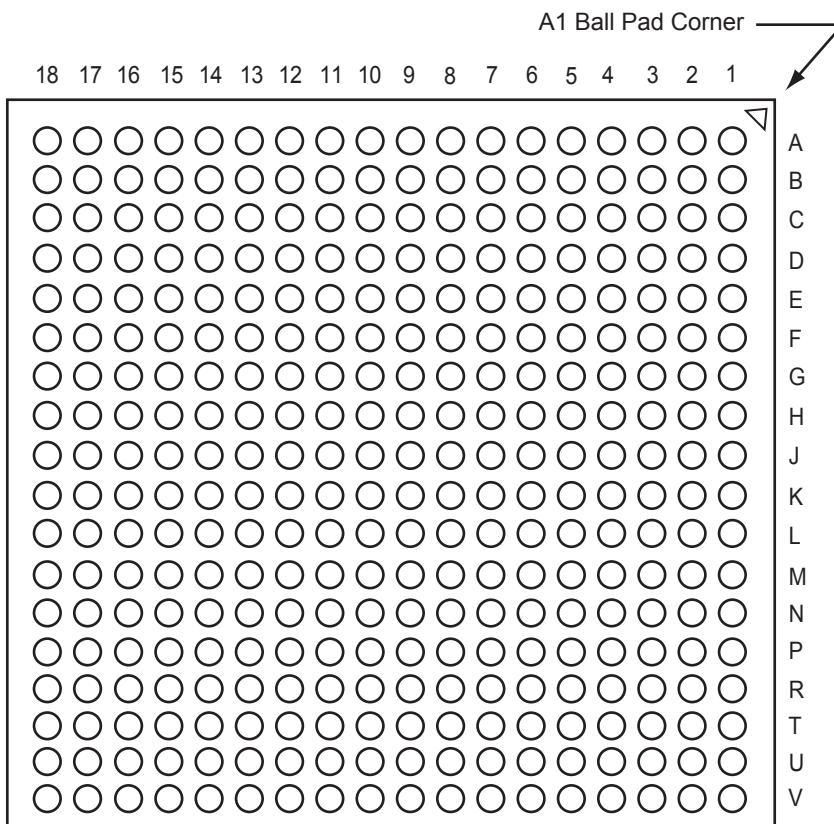


Note: This is the bottom view of the package.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at
<http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/solutions>.

FG324



Note: This is the bottom view of the package.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at
<http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/solutions>.

FG324	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 FBGA
A1	GND
A2	IO08NDB0V0
A3	IO08PDB0V0
A4	IO10NDB0V1
A5	IO10PDB0V1
A6	IO12PDB0V1
A7	GND
A8	IO32NDB0V3
A9	IO32PDB0V3
A10	IO42PPB1V0
A11	IO52NPB1V1
A12	GND
A13	IO66NDB1V3
A14	IO72NDB1V3
A15	IO72PDB1V3
A16	IO74NDB1V4
A17	IO74PDB1V4
A18	GND
B1	IO305PDB7V3
B2	GAB2/IO308PDB7V4
B3	GAA0/IO00NPB0V0
B4	VCCIB0
B5	GNDQ
B6	IO12NDB0V1
B7	IO18NDB0V2
B8	VCCIB0
B9	IO42NPB1V0
B10	IO44NDB1V0
B11	VCCIB1
B12	IO52PPB1V1
B13	IO66PDB1V3
B14	GNDQ
B15	VCCIB1
B16	GBA0/IO81NDB1V4
B17	GBA1/IO81PDB1V4
B18	IO88PDB2V0

FG324	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 FBGA
C1	IO305NDB7V3
C2	IO308NDB7V4
C3	GAA2/IO309PPB7V4
C4	GAA1/IO00PPB0V0
C5	VMV0
C6	IO14NDB0V1
C7	IO18PDB0V2
C8	IO40NDB0V4
C9	IO40PDB0V4
C10	IO44PDB1V0
C11	IO56NDB1V1
C12	IO64NDB1V2
C13	IO64PDB1V2
C14	VMV1
C15	GBC0/IO79NDB1V4
C16	GBC1/IO79PDB1V4
C17	GBB2/IO83PPB2V0
C18	IO88NDB2V0
D1	IO303PDB7V3
D2	VCCIB7
D3	GAC2/IO307PPB7V4
D4	IO309NPB7V4
D5	GAB1/IO01PPB0V0
D6	IO14PDB0V1
D7	IO24NDB0V2
D8	IO24PDB0V2
D9	IO28PDB0V3
D10	IO48NDB1V0
D11	IO56PDB1V1
D12	IO60PPB1V2
D13	GBB0/IO80NDB1V4
D14	GBB1/IO80PDB1V4
D15	GBA2/IO82PDB2V0
D16	IO83NPB2V0
D17	VCCIB2
D18	IO90PDB2V1

FG324	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 FBGA
E1	IO303NDB7V3
E2	GNDQ
E3	VMV7
E4	IO307NPB7V4
E5	VCCPLA
E6	GAB0/IO01NPB0V0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	GND
E9	IO28NDB0V3
E10	IO48PDB1V0
E11	GND
E12	VCCIB1
E13	IO60NPB1V2
E14	VCCPLB
E15	IO82NDB2V0
E16	VMV2
E17	GNDQ
E18	IO90NDB2V1
F1	IO299NDB7V3
F2	IO299PDB7V3
F3	IO295PDB7V2
F4	IO295NDB7V2
F5	VCOMPLA
F6	IO291PPB7V2
F7	GAC0/IO02NDB0V0
F8	GAC1/IO02PDB0V0
F9	IO26PDB0V3
F10	IO34PDB0V4
F11	IO58NDB1V2
F12	IO58PDB1V2
F13	IO94PPB2V1
F14	VCOMPLB
F15	GBC2/IO84PDB2V0
F16	IO84NDB2V0
F17	IO92NDB2V1
F18	IO92PDB2V1

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
C21	IO94PPB2V1
C22	VCCIB2
D1	IO293PDB7V2
D2	IO303NDB7V3
D3	IO305NDB7V3
D4	GND
D5	GAA0/IO00NDB0V0
D6	GAA1/IO00PDB0V0
D7	GAB0/IO01NDB0V0
D8	IO20PDB0V2
D9	IO22PDB0V2
D10	IO30PDB0V3
D11	IO38NDB0V4
D12	IO52NDB1V1
D13	IO52PDB1V1
D14	IO66NDB1V3
D15	IO66PDB1V3
D16	GBB1/IO80PDB1V4
D17	GBA0/IO81NDB1V4
D18	GBA1/IO81PDB1V4
D19	GND
D20	IO88PDB2V0
D21	IO90PDB2V1
D22	IO94NPB2V1
E1	IO293NDB7V2
E2	IO299PPB7V3
E3	GND
E4	GAB2/IO308PDB7V4
E5	GAA2/IO309PDB7V4
E6	GNDQ
E7	GAB1/IO01PDB0V0
E8	IO20NDB0V2
E9	IO22NDB0V2
E10	IO30NDB0V3
E11	IO38PDB0V4
E12	IO44NDB1V0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
E13	IO58NDB1V2
E14	IO58PDB1V2
E15	GBC1/IO79PDB1V4
E16	GBB0/IO80NDB1V4
E17	GNDQ
E18	GBA2/IO82PDB2V0
E19	IO86NDB2V0
E20	GND
E21	IO90NDB2V1
E22	IO98PDB2V2
F1	IO299NPB7V3
F2	IO301NDB7V3
F3	IO301PDB7V3
F4	IO308NDB7V4
F5	IO309NDB7V4
F6	VMV7
F7	VCCPLA
F8	GAC0/IO02NDB0V0
F9	GAC1/IO02PDB0V0
F10	IO32NDB0V3
F11	IO32PDB0V3
F12	IO44PDB1V0
F13	IO50NDB1V1
F14	IO60PDB1V2
F15	GBC0/IO79NDB1V4
F16	VCCPLB
F17	VMV2
F18	IO82NDB2V0
F19	IO86PDB2V0
F20	IO96PDB2V1
F21	IO96NDB2V1
F22	IO98NDB2V2
G1	IO289NDB7V1
G2	IO289PDB7V1
G3	IO291PPB7V2
G4	IO295PDB7V2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
G5	IO297PDB7V2
G6	GAC2/IO307PDB7V4
G7	VCOMPLA
G8	GNDQ
G9	IO26NDB0V3
G10	IO26PDB0V3
G11	IO36PDB0V4
G12	IO42PDB1V0
G13	IO50PDB1V1
G14	IO60NDB1V2
G15	GNDQ
G16	VCOMPLB
G17	GBB2/IO83PDB2V0
G18	IO92PDB2V1
G19	IO92NDB2V1
G20	IO102PDB2V2
G21	IO102NDB2V2
G22	IO105NDB2V2
H1	IO286PSB7V1
H2	IO291NPB7V2
H3	VCC
H4	IO295NDB7V2
H5	IO297NDB7V2
H6	IO307NDB7V4
H7	IO287PDB7V1
H8	VMV0
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO36NDB0V4
H12	IO42NDB1V0
H13	VCCIB1
H14	VCCIB1
H15	VMV1
H16	GBC2/IO84PDB2V0
H17	IO83NDB2V0
H18	IO100NDB2V2

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
E17	IO49PDB1V1
E18	IO50PDB1V1
E19	IO58PDB1V2
E20	IO60NDB1V2
E21	IO77PDB1V4
E22	IO68NDB1V3
E23	IO68PDB1V3
E24	VCCIB1
E25	IO74PDB1V4
E26	VCC
E27	GBB1/IO80PPB1V4
E28	VCCIB2
E29	IO82NPB2V0
E30	GND
F1	IO296PPB7V2
F2	VCC
F3	IO306PDB7V4
F4	IO297PDB7V2
F5	VMV7
F6	GND
F7	GNDQ
F8	IO12NDB0V1
F9	IO12PDB0V1
F10	IO10PDB0V1
F11	IO16PDB0V1
F12	IO22NDB0V2
F13	IO30NDB0V3
F14	IO30PDB0V3
F15	IO36PDB0V4
F16	IO48NDB1V0
F17	IO48PDB1V0
F18	IO50NDB1V1
F19	IO58NDB1V2
F20	IO60PDB1V2
F21	IO77NDB1V4
F22	IO72NDB1V3

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
F23	IO72PDB1V3
F24	GNDQ
F25	GND
F26	VMV2
F27	IO86PDB2V0
F28	IO92PDB2V1
F29	VCC
F30	IO100NPB2V2
G1	GND
G2	IO296NPB7V2
G3	IO306NDB7V4
G4	IO297NDB7V2
G5	VCCIB7
G6	GNDQ
G7	VCC
G8	VMV0
G9	VCCIB0
G10	IO10NDB0V1
G11	IO16NDB0V1
G12	IO22PDB0V2
G13	IO26PPB0V3
G14	IO38NPB0V4
G15	IO36NDB0V4
G16	IO46NDB1V0
G17	IO46PDB1V0
G18	IO56NDB1V1
G19	IO56PDB1V1
G20	IO66NDB1V3
G21	IO66PDB1V3
G22	VCCIB1
G23	VMV1
G24	VCC
G25	GNDQ
G26	VCCIB2
G27	IO86NDB2V0
G28	IO92NDB2V1

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
G29	IO100PPB2V2
G30	GND
H1	IO294PDB7V2
H2	IO294NDB7V2
H3	IO300NDB7V3
H4	IO300PDB7V3
H5	IO295PDB7V2
H6	IO299PDB7V3
H7	VCOMPLA
H8	GND
H9	IO08NDB0V0
H10	IO08PDB0V0
H11	IO18PDB0V2
H12	IO26NPB0V3
H13	IO28NDB0V3
H14	IO28PDB0V3
H15	IO38PPB0V4
H16	IO42NDB1V0
H17	IO52NDB1V1
H18	IO52PDB1V1
H19	IO62NDB1V2
H20	IO62PDB1V2
H21	IO70NDB1V3
H22	IO70PDB1V3
H23	GND
H24	VCOMPLB
H25	GBC2/IO84PDB2V0
H26	IO84NDB2V0
H27	IO96PDB2V1
H28	IO96NDB2V1
H29	IO89PDB2V0
H30	IO89NDB2V0
J1	IO290NDB7V2
J2	IO290PDB7V2
J3	IO302NDB7V3
J4	IO302PDB7V3

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 11 (August 2012)	<p>Added a Note stating "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" section on page 3-1 for further information." to Table 2-1 • Absolute Maximum Ratings and Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions¹ (SAR 38322).</p> <p>The drive strength, IOL, and IOH value for 3.3 V GTL and 2.5 V GTL was changed from 25 mA to 20 mA in the following tables (SAR 31924):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input and Output Levels" table "Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings" table "I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances¹" table "Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels" table "Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels" table <p>Also added note stating "Output drive strength is below JEDEC specification" for Tables 2-17 and 2-19.</p> <p>Additionally, the IOL and IOH values for 3.3 V GTL+ and 2.5 V GTL+ were corrected from 51 to 35 (for 3.3 V GTL+) and from 40 to 33 (for 2.5 V GTL+) in table Table 2-13 (SAR 39714).</p> <p>"Duration of Short Circuit Event Before Failure" table was revised to change the maximum temperature from 110°C to 100°C, with an example of six months instead of three months (SAR 37934).</p> <p>The following sentence was deleted from the "2.5 V LVCMOS" section (SAR 34796):</p> <p>"It uses a 5 V-tolerant input buffer and push-pull output buffer." This change was made in revision 10 and omitted from the change table in error.</p>	2-1 3-1 2-1 2-16 2-19 2-20 2-39 2-40 2-22 2-30
Revision 11 (continued)	Figure 2-11 was updated to match tables in the " Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics – Default I/O Software Settings " section (SAR 34889).	2-38
	In Table 2-81 VIL and VIH were revised so that the maximum is 3.6 V for all listed values of VCCI (SAR 37222).	2-52
	Figure 2-47 and Figure 2-48 are new (SAR 34848).	2-79
	The following sentence was removed from the " VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet) " section in the " Pin Descriptions and Packaging " chapter: "Within the package, the VMV plane is decoupled from the simultaneous switching noise originating from the output buffer VCCI domain" and replaced with "Within the package, the VMV plane biases the input stage of the I/Os in the I/O banks" (SAR 38322). The datasheet mentions that "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins" for an ESD enhancement.	3-1

Revision	Changes	Page														
Revision 9 (Aug 2009) Product Brief v1.2 DC and Switching Characteristics v1.3	All references to speed grade -F have been removed from this document.	N/A														
	The "Pro I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards" section was revised to add definitions of hot-swap and cold-sparing.	1-6														
	3.3 V LVC MOS and 1.2 V LVC MOS Wide Range support was added to the datasheet. This affects all tables that contained 3.3 V LVC MOS and 1.2 V LVC MOS data.	N/A														
	IIL and IIH input leakage current information was added to all "Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels" tables.	N/A														
	-F was removed from the datasheet. The speed grade is no longer supported.	N/A														
	In the Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions ¹ "3.0 V DC supply voltage" and note 4 are new.	2-2														
	The Table 2-4 • Overshoot and Undershoot Limits ¹ table was updated.	2-3														
	The Table 2-6 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Timing Delays table was updated.	2-5														
	There are new parameters and data was updated in the Table 2-99 • RAM4K9 table.	2-76														
	There are new parameters and data was updated in the Table 2-100 • RAM512X18 table.	2-77														
Revision 8 (Feb 2008) Product Brief v1.1	Table 1-2 • ProASIC3E FPGAs Package Sizes Dimensions is new.	1-II														
Revision 7 (Jun 2008) DC and Switching Characteristics v1.2	The title of Table 2-4 • Overshoot and Undershoot Limits ¹ was modified to remove "as measured on quiet I/Os." Table note 2 was revised to remove "estimated SSO density over cycles." Table note 3 was deleted.	2-3														
	Table 2-78 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels was updated.	2-50														
Revision 6 (Jun 2008)	The A3PE600 "FG484" table was missing G22. The pin and its function were added to the table.	4-27														
Revision 5 (Jun 2008) Packaging v1.4	The naming conventions changed for the following pins in the "FG484" for the A3PE600: <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Pin Number</th> <th>New Function Name</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>J19</td> <td>IO45PPB2V1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>K20</td> <td>IO45NPB2V1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M2</td> <td>IO114NPB6V1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>N1</td> <td>IO114PPB6V1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>N4</td> <td>GFC2/IO115PPB6V1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P3</td> <td>IO115NPB6V1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Pin Number	New Function Name	J19	IO45PPB2V1	K20	IO45NPB2V1	M2	IO114NPB6V1	N1	IO114PPB6V1	N4	GFC2/IO115PPB6V1	P3	IO115NPB6V1	4-22
Pin Number	New Function Name															
J19	IO45PPB2V1															
K20	IO45NPB2V1															
M2	IO114NPB6V1															
N1	IO114PPB6V1															
N4	GFC2/IO115PPB6V1															
P3	IO115NPB6V1															
Revision 4 (Apr 2008) Product Brief v1.0 Packaging v1.3	The product brief portion of the datasheet was divided into two sections and given a version number, starting at v1.0. The first section of the document includes features, benefits, ordering information, and temperature and speed grade offerings. The second section is a device family overview.	N/A														
	The "FG324" package diagram was replaced.	4-12														