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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	516096
Number of I/O	620
Number of Gates	3000000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	896-BGA
Supplier Device Package	896-FBGA (31x31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3pe3000-fg896

Temperature Grade Offerings

Package	A3PE600	A3PE1500	A3PE3000
Cortex-M1 Devices		**M1A3PE1500**	**M1A3PE3000**
PQ208	C, I	C, I	C, I
FG256	C, I	–	–
FG324	–	–	C, I
FG484	C, I	C, I	C, I
FG676	–	C, I	–
FG896	–	–	C, I

Note: C = Commercial temperature range: 0°C to 70°C ambient temperature
I = Industrial temperature range: –40°C to 85°C ambient temperature

Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix

Temperature Grade	Std.	–1	–2
C [1]	✓	✓	✓
I [2]	✓	✓	✓

Notes:
1. *C = Commercial temperature range: 0°C to 70°C ambient temperature*
2. *I = Industrial temperature range: –40°C to 85°C ambient temperature*

References made to ProASIC3E devices also apply to ARM-enabled ProASIC3E devices. The ARM-enabled part numbers start with M1 (Cortex-M1).

Contact your local Microsemi SoC Products Group representative for device availability: *www.microsemi.com/index.php?option=com_content&id=135&lang=en&view=article*.

2 – ProASIC3E DC and Switching Characteristics

General Specifications

DC and switching characteristics for –F speed grade targets are based only on simulation.

The characteristics provided for the –F speed grade are subject to change after establishing FPGA specifications. Some restrictions might be added and will be reflected in future revisions of this document. The –F speed grade is only supported in the commercial temperature range.

Operating Conditions

Stresses beyond those listed in Table 2-1 may cause permanent damage to the device.

Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Absolute Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under the Recommended Operating Conditions specified in Table 2-2 on page 2-2 is not implied.

Table 2-1 • **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC core supply voltage	–0.3 to 1.65	V
VJTAG	JTAG DC voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VPUMP	Programming voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VCCPLL	Analog power supply (PLL)	–0.3 to 1.65	V
VCCI [2]	DC I/O output buffer supply voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VMV [2]	DC I/O input buffer supply voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VI	I/O input voltage	–0.3 V to 3.6 V (when I/O hot insertion mode is enabled) –0.3 V to (VCCI + 1 V) or 3.6 V, whichever voltage is lower (when I/O hot-insertion mode is disabled)	V
T_{STG} [3]	Storage temperature	–65 to +150	°C
T_J [3]	Junction temperature	+125	°C

Notes:

1. *The device should be operated within the limits specified by the datasheet. During transitions, the input signal may undershoot or overshoot according to the limits shown in Table 2-3 on page 2-2.*
2. *VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" section on page 3-1 for further information.*
3. *For flash programming and retention maximum limits, refer to Table 2-3 on page 2-2, and for recommended operating limits, refer to Table 2-2 on page 2-2.*

Table 2-9 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings (continued) (continued)[1]

	C_{LOAD} (pF)	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC3 (mW)[2]	Dynamic Power PAC10 (µW/MHz)[3]
SSTL3 (I)	30	3.3	26.02	114.87
SSTL3 (II)	30	3.3	42.21	131.76
Differential				
LVDS/B-LVDS/M-LVDS	–	2.5	7.70	89.62
LVPECL	–	3.3	19.42	168.02

Notes:

1. *Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.*
2. *PDC3 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.*
3. *PAC10 is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VCCI.*
4. *All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.*

Power Consumption of Various Internal Resources

Table 2-10 • Different Components Contributing to the Dynamic Power Consumption in ProASIC3E Devices

Parameter	Definition	Device-Specific Dynamic Contributions (µW/MHz)		
		A3PE600	A3PE1500	A3PE3000
PAC1	Clock contribution of a Global Rib	12.77	16.21	19.7
PAC2	Clock contribution of a Global Spine	1.85	3.06	4.16
PAC3	Clock contribution of a VersaTile row	0.88		
PAC4	Clock contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.12		
PAC5	First contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.07		
PAC6	Second contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.29		
PAC7	Contribution of a VersaTile used as a combinatorial module	0.29		
PAC8	Average contribution of a routing net	0.70		
PAC9	Contribution of an I/O input pin (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-8 on page 2-6.		
PAC10	Contribution of an I/O output pin (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-9 on page 2-7		
PAC11	Average contribution of a RAM block during a read operation	25.00		
PAC12	Average contribution of a RAM block during a write operation	30.00		
PAC13	Static PLL contribution	2.55 mW		
PAC14	Dynamic contribution for PLL	2.60		

Note: For a different output load, drive strength, or slew rate, Microsemi recommends using the Microsemi power calculator or SmartPower in Libero SoC.

Table 2-17 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings –2 Speed Grade, Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

I/O Standard	Drive Strength (mA)	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option)[1]	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor (Ω)	t_{DOUT} (ns)	t_{DP} (ns)	t_{DIN} (ns)	t_{PY} (ns)	t_{PYS} (ns)	t_{EOUT} (ns)	t_{ZL} (ns)	t_{ZH} (ns)	t_{LZ} (ns)	t_{HZ} (ns)	t_{ZLS} (ns)	t_{ZHS} (ns)
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	12	12	High	35	–	0.49	2.74	0.03	0.90	1.17	0.32	2.79	2.14	2.45	2.70	4.46	3.81
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range[2]	100 µA	12	High	35	–	0.49	4.24	0.03	1.36	1.78	0.32	4.24	3.25	3.78	4.17	6.77	5.79
2.5 V LVCMOS	12	12	High	35	–	0.49	2.80	0.03	1.13	1.24	0.32	2.85	2.61	2.51	2.61	4.52	4.28
1.8 V LVCMOS	12	12	High	35	–	0.49	2.83	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	2.89	2.31	2.79	3.16	4.56	3.98
1.5 V LVCMOS	12	12	High	35	–	0.49	3.30	0.03	1.27	1.60	0.32	3.36	2.70	2.96	3.27	5.03	4.37
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI spec	–	High	10	25 [3]	0.49	2.09	0.03	0.78	1.17	0.32	2.13	1.49	2.45	2.70	3.80	3.16
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X spec	–	High	10	25[3]	0.49	2.09	0.03	0.78	1.17	0.32	2.13	1.49	2.45	2.70	3.80	3.16
3.3 V GTL	20 [4]	–	High	10	25	0.45	1.55	0.03	2.19	–	0.32	1.52	1.55	–	–	3.19	3.22
2.5 V GTL	20 [4]	–	High	10	25	0.45	1.59	0.03	1.83	–	0.32	1.61	1.59	–	–	3.28	3.26
3.3 V GTL+	35	–	High	10	25	0.45	1.53	0.03	1.19	–	0.32	1.56	1.53	–	–	3.23	3.20
2.5 V GTL+	33	–	High	10	25	0.45	1.65	0.03	1.13	–	0.32	1.68	1.57	–	–	3.35	3.24
HSTL (I)	8	–	High	20	50	0.49	2.37	0.03	1.59	–	0.32	2.42	2.35	–	–	4.09	4.02
HSTL (II)	15 [4]	–	High	20	25	0.49	2.26	0.03	1.59	–	0.32	2.30	2.03	–	–	3.97	3.70
SSTL2 (I)	15	–	High	30	50	0.49	1.59	0.03	1.00	–	0.32	1.62	1.38	–	–	3.29	3.05
SSTL2 (II)	18	–	High	30	25	0.49	1.62	0.03	1.00	–	0.32	1.65	1.32	–	–	3.32	2.99
SSTL3 (I)	14	–	High	30	50	0.49	1.72	0.03	0.93	–	0.32	1.75	1.37	–	–	3.42	3.04
SSTL3 (II)	21	–	High	30	25	0.49	1.54	0.03	0.93	–	0.32	1.57	1.25	–	–	3.24	2.92
LVDS/B-LVDS/ M-LVDS	24	–	High	–	–	0.49	1.40	0.03	1.36	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
LVPECL	24	–	High	–	–	0.49	1.36	0.03	1.22	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Notes:

1. *The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 µA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.*
2. *All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3V wide range as specified in the JESD8b specification.*
3. *Resistance is used to measure I/O propagation delays as defined in PCI specifications. See Figure 2-11 on page 2-38 for connectivity. This resistor is not required during normal operation.*
4. *Output drive strength is below JEDEC specification.*
5. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5.*

Detailed I/O DC Characteristics

***Table 2-18* • Input Capacitance**

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	VIN = 0, f = 1.0 MHz		8	pF
C_{INCLK}	Input capacitance on the clock pin	VIN = 0, f = 1.0 MHz		8	pF

***Table 2-19* • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances[1]**

Standard	Drive Strength	$R_{PULL\text{-}DOWN}$ (Ω)[2]	$R_{PULL\text{-}UP}$ (Ω)[3]
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	4 mA	100	300
	8 mA	50	150
	12 mA	25	75
	16 mA	17	50
	24 mA	11	33
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	100 µA	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	4 mA	100	200
	8 mA	50	100
	12 mA	25	50
	16 mA	20	40
	24 mA	11	22
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	225
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	50	56
	8 mA	50	56
	12 mA	20	22
	16 mA	20	22
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	224
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	67	75
	8 mA	33	37
	12 mA	33	37
3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	Per PCI/PCI-X specification	25	75
3.3 V GTL	20 mA[4]	11	–
2.5 V GTL	20 mA[4]	14	–

Notes:

1. *These maximum values are provided for informational reasons only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on VCCI, drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website at www.microsemi.com/index.php?option=com_content&id=1671&lang=en&view=article.*
2. *$R_{(PULL\text{-}DOWN\text{-}MAX)}$ = (VOLspec) / IOLspec*
3. *$R_{(PULL\text{-}UP\text{-}MAX)}$ = (VCCImax – VOHspec) / IOHspec*
4. *Output drive strength is below JEDEC specification.*

Table 2-21 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL

	Drive Strength	IOSH (mA)*	IOSL (mA)*
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	25	27
	4 mA	25	27
	6 mA	51	54
	8 mA	51	54
	12 mA	103	109
	16 mA	132	127
	24 mA	268	181
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	100 µA	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	4 mA	16	18
	8 mA	32	37
	12 mA	65	74
	16 mA	83	87
	24 mA	169	124
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	9	11
	4 mA	17	22
	6 mA	35	44
	8 mA	45	51
	12 mA	91	74
	16 mA	91	74
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	13	16
	4 mA	25	33
	6 mA	32	39
	8 mA	66	55
	12 mA	66	55

Notes:

1. *T_J = 100°C*
2. *Applicable to 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range. IOSL/IOSH dependent on the I/O buffer drive strength selected for wide range applications. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8b specification.*

The length of time an I/O can withstand IOSH/IOSL events depends on the junction temperature. The reliability data below is based on a 3.3 V, 36 mA I/O setting, which is the worst case for this type of analysis.

For example, at 100°C, the short current condition would have to be sustained for more than six months to cause a reliability concern. The I/O design does not contain any short circuit protection, but such protection would only be needed in extremely prolonged stress conditions.

Table 2-22 • Duration of Short Circuit Event Before Failure

Temperature	Time before Failure
–40°C	> 20 years
0°C	> 20 years
25°C	> 20 years
70°C	5 years

Table 2-28 • 3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
12 mA	Std.	0.66	6.03	0.04	1.20	1.57	0.43	6.14	5.02	3.28	3.47	8.37	7.26	ns
	–1	0.56	5.13	0.04	1.02	1.33	0.36	5.22	4.27	2.79	2.95	7.12	6.17	ns
	–2	0.49	4.50	0.03	0.90	1.17	0.32	4.58	3.75	2.45	2.59	6.25	5.42	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	5.62	0.04	1.20	1.57	0.43	5.72	4.72	3.32	3.58	7.96	6.96	ns
	–1	0.56	4.78	0.04	1.02	1.33	0.36	4.87	4.02	2.83	3.04	6.77	5.92	ns
	–2	0.49	4.20	0.03	0.90	1.17	0.32	4.27	3.53	2.48	2.67	5.94	5.20	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.66	5.24	0.04	1.20	1.57	0.43	5.34	4.69	3.39	3.96	7.58	6.93	ns
	–1	0.56	4.46	0.04	1.02	1.33	0.36	4.54	3.99	2.88	3.37	6.44	5.89	ns
	–2	0.49	3.92	0.03	0.90	1.17	0.32	3.99	3.50	2.53	2.96	5.66	5.17	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.

Table 2-32 • 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range Low Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 2.7 V

Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option[1]	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
100 µA	4 mA	Std.	0.66	17.02	0.04	1.83	2.38	0.43	17.02	13.74	4.16	3.78	20.42	17.14	ns
		–1	0.56	14.48	0.04	1.55	2.02	0.36	14.48	11.69	3.54	3.21	17.37	14.58	ns
		–2	0.49	12.71	0.03	1.36	1.78	0.32	12.71	10.26	3.11	2.82	15.25	12.80	ns
100 µA	8 mA	Std.	0.66	12.16	0.04	1.83	2.38	0.43	12.16	9.78	4.70	4.74	15.55	13.17	ns
		–1	0.56	10.34	0.04	1.55	2.02	0.36	10.34	8.32	4.00	4.03	13.23	11.20	ns
		–2	0.49	9.08	0.03	1.36	1.78	0.32	9.08	7.30	3.51	3.54	11.61	9.84	ns
100µA	12 mA	Std.	0.66	9.32	0.04	1.83	2.38	0.43	9.32	7.62	5.06	5.36	12.71	11.02	ns
		–1	0.56	7.93	0.04	1.55	2.02	0.36	7.93	6.48	4.31	4.56	10.81	9.37	ns
		–2	0.49	6.96	0.03	1.36	1.78	0.32	6.96	5.69	3.78	4.00	9.49	8.23	ns
100 µA	16 mA	Std.	0.66	8.69	0.04	1.83	2.38	0.43	8.69	7.17	5.14	5.53	12.08	10.57	ns
		–1	0.56	7.39	0.04	1.55	2.02	0.36	7.39	6.10	4.37	4.71	10.28	8.99	ns
		–2	0.49	6.49	0.03	1.36	1.78	0.32	6.49	5.36	3.83	4.13	9.02	7.89	ns
100 µA	24 mA	Std.	0.66	8.11	0.04	1.83	2.38	0.43	8.11	7.13	5.23	6.13	11.50	10.52	ns
		–1	0.56	6.90	0.04	1.55	2.02	0.36	6.90	6.06	4.45	5.21	9.78	8.95	ns
		–2	0.49	6.05	0.03	1.36	1.78	0.32	6.05	5.32	3.91	4.57	8.59	7.86	ns

Notes:

1. *The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is ±100 µA. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.*
2. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.*

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-39 • 1.8 V LVCMOS High Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	12.10	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	9.59	12.10	2.78	1.64	11.83	14.34	ns
	–1	0.56	10.30	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	8.16	10.30	2.37	1.39	10.06	12.20	ns
	–2	0.49	9.04	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	7.16	9.04	2.08	1.22	8.83	10.71	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	7.05	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	6.20	7.05	3.25	2.86	8.44	9.29	ns
	–1	0.56	6.00	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	5.28	6.00	2.76	2.44	7.18	7.90	ns
	–2	0.49	5.27	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	4.63	5.27	2.43	2.14	6.30	6.94	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.52	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	4.47	4.52	3.57	3.47	6.70	6.76	ns
	–1	0.56	3.85	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	3.80	3.85	3.04	2.95	5.70	5.75	ns
	–2	0.49	3.38	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	3.33	3.38	2.66	2.59	5.00	5.05	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.12	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	4.20	3.99	3.63	3.62	6.43	6.23	ns
	–1	0.56	3.51	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	3.57	3.40	3.09	3.08	5.47	5.30	ns
	–2	0.49	3.08	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	3.14	2.98	2.71	2.71	4.81	4.65	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	3.80	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	3.87	3.09	3.73	4.24	6.10	5.32	ns
	–1	0.56	3.23	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	3.29	2.63	3.18	3.60	5.19	4.53	ns
	–2	0.49	2.83	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	2.89	2.31	2.79	3.16	4.56	3.98	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	3.80	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	3.87	3.09	3.73	4.24	6.10	5.32	ns
	–1	0.56	3.23	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	3.29	2.63	3.18	3.60	5.19	4.53	ns
	–2	0.49	2.83	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	2.89	2.31	2.79	3.16	4.56	3.98	ns

Notes:

1. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.*

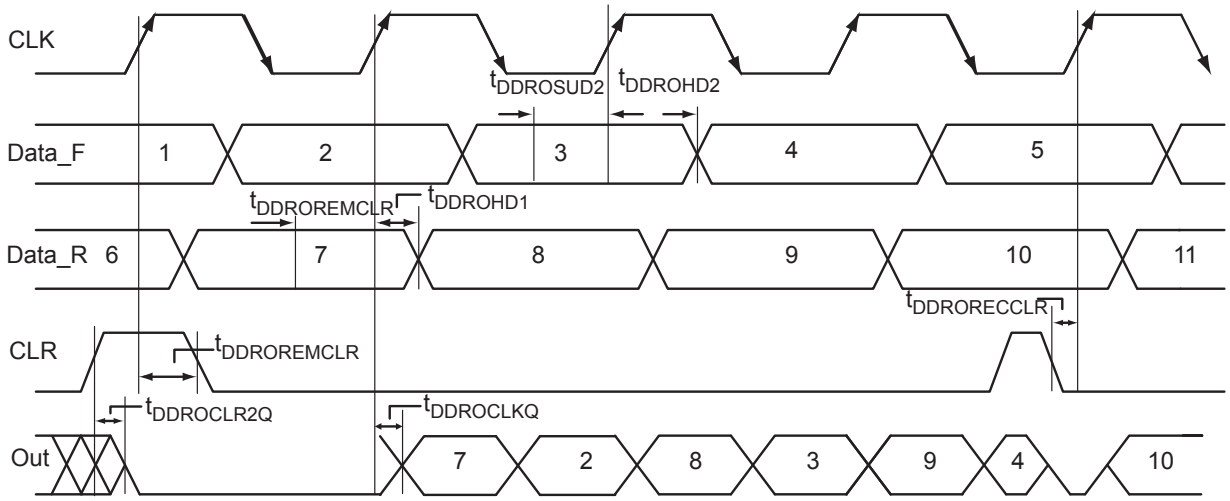

Figure 2-33 • **Output DDR Timing Diagram**

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-92 • **Output DDR Propagation Delays**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	–2	–1	Std.	Units
$t_{DDROCLKQ}$	Clock-to-Out of DDR for Output DDR	0.70	0.80	0.94	ns
$t_{DDROSUD1}$	Data_F Data Setup for Output DDR	0.38	0.43	0.51	ns
$t_{DDROSUD2}$	Data_R Data Setup for Output DDR	0.38	0.43	0.51	ns
$t_{DDROHD1}$	Data_F Data Hold for Output DDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{DDROHD2}$	Data_R Data Hold for Output DDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{DDROCLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Out for Output DDR	0.80	0.91	1.07	ns
$t_{DDROREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for Output DDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{DDRORECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for Output DDR	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{DDROWCLR1}$	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for Output DDR	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{DDROCKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output DDR	0.36	0.41	0.48	ns
$t_{DDROCKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output DDR	0.32	0.37	0.43	ns
F_{DDOMAX}	Maximum Frequency for the Output DDR	1404	1232	1048	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-95 • A3PE600 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	–2		–1		Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	Min.[1]	Max.[2]	Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.83	1.04	0.94	1.18	1.11	1.39	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	0.81	1.06	0.93	1.21	1.09	1.42	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.25		0.28		0.33	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.*

Table 2-96 • A3PE1500 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	–2		–1		Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	Min.[1]	Max.[2]	Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.07	1.29	1.22	1.47	1.43	1.72	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.06	1.32	1.21	1.50	1.42	1.76	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.34	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.*

Table 2-97 • A3PE3000 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	–2		–1		Std.		Units
		Min.[1]	Max.[2]	Min.[1]	Max.[2]	Min.[1]	Max.[2]	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.41	1.62	1.60	1.85	1.88	2.17	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.40	1.66	1.59	1.89	1.87	2.22	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	0.75		0.85		1.00		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	0.85		0.96		1.13		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.26		0.29		0.35	ns

Notes:

1. *Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).*
2. *Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).*
3. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.*

Table 2-100 • RAM512X18
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	–2	–1	Std.	Units
t_{AS}	Address setup time	0.25	0.28	0.33	ns
t_{AH}	Address hold time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN setup time	0.18	0.20	0.24	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN hold time	0.06	0.07	0.08	ns
t_{DS}	Input data (WD) setup time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input data (WD) hold time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to new data valid on RD (output retained)	2.16	2.46	2.89	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to new data valid on RD (pipelined)	0.90	1.02	1.20	ns
t_{C2CRWH} [1]	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable read access after write on same address—Applicable to Opening Edge	0.50	0.43	0.38	ns
t_{C2CWRH} [1]	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write access after read on same address— Applicable to Opening Edge	0.59	0.50	0.44	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to data out Low on RD (flow-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to data out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET minimum pulse width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock cycle time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum frequency	310	272	231	MHz

Notes:

1. *For more information, refer to the application note Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs.*
2. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.*

Refer to the I/O Structure section of the *ProASIC3E FPGA Fabric User's Guide* for an explanation of the naming of global pins.

JTAG Pins

Low power flash devices have a separate bank for the dedicated JTAG pins. The JTAG pins can be run at any voltage from 1.5 V to 3.3 V (nominal). VCC must also be powered for the JTAG state machine to operate, even if the device is in bypass mode; VJTAG alone is insufficient. Both VJTAG and VCC to the part must be supplied to allow JTAG signals to transition the device. Isolating the JTAG power supply in a separate I/O bank gives greater flexibility in supply selection and simplifies power supply and PCB design. If the JTAG interface is neither used nor planned for use, the VJTAG pin together with the TRST pin could be tied to GND.

TCK Test Clock

Test clock input for JTAG boundary scan, ISP, and UJTAG. The TCK pin does not have an internal pull-up/-down resistor. If JTAG is not used, Microsemi recommends tying off TCK to GND through a resistor placed close to the FPGA pin. This prevents JTAG operation in case TMS enters an undesired state.

Note that to operate at all VJTAG voltages, 500 W to 1 kΩ will satisfy the requirements. Refer to Table 3-1 for more information.

***Table 3-1* • Recommended Tie-Off Values for the TCK and TRST Pins**

VJTAG	Tie-Off Resistance
VJTAG at 3.3 V	200 Ω to 1 kΩ
VJTAG at 2.5 V	200 Ω to 1 kΩ
VJTAG at 1.8 V	500 Ω to 1 kΩ
VJTAG at 1.5 V	500 Ω to 1 kΩ

Notes:

1. *Equivalent parallel resistance if more than one device is on the JTAG chain*
2. *The TCK pin can be pulled up/down.*
3. *The TRST pin is pulled down.*

TDI Test Data Input

Serial input for JTAG boundary scan, ISP, and UJTAG usage. There is an internal weak pull-up resistor on the TDI pin.

TDO Test Data Output

Serial output for JTAG boundary scan, ISP, and UJTAG usage.

TMS Test Mode Select

The TMS pin controls the use of the IEEE 1532 boundary scan pins (TCK, TDI, TDO, TRST). There is an internal weak pull-up resistor on the TMS pin.

TRST Boundary Scan Reset Pin

The TRST pin functions as an active-low input to asynchronously initialize (or reset) the boundary scan circuitry. There is an internal weak pull-up resistor on the TRST pin. If JTAG is not used, an external pull-down resistor could be included to ensure the test access port (TAP) is held in reset mode. The resistor values must be chosen from Table 3-1 and must satisfy the parallel resistance value requirement. The values in Table 3-1 correspond to the resistor recommended when a single device is used, and the equivalent parallel resistor when multiple devices are connected via a JTAG chain.

In critical applications, an upset in the JTAG circuit could allow entrance to an undesired JTAG state. In such cases, Microsemi recommends tying off TRST to GND through a resistor placed close to the FPGA pin.

Note that to operate at all VJTAG voltages, 500 Ω to 1 kΩ will satisfy the requirements.

PQ208	
Pin Number	**A3PE600 Function**
1	GND
2	GNDQ
3	VMV7
4	GAB2/IO133PSB7V1
5	GAA2/IO134PDB7V1
6	IO134NDB7V1
7	GAC2/IO132PDB7V1
8	IO132NDB7V1
9	IO130PDB7V1
10	IO130NDB7V1
11	IO127PDB7V1
12	IO127NDB7V1
13	IO126PDB7V0
14	IO126NDB7V0
15	IO124PSB7V0
16	VCC
17	GND
18	VCCIB7
19	IO122PPB7V0
20	IO121PSB7V0
21	IO122NPB7V0
22	GFC1/IO120PSB7V0
23	GFB1/IO119PDB7V0
24	GFB0/IO119NDB7V0
25	VCOMPLF
26	GFA0/IO118NPB6V1
27	VCCPLF
28	GFA1/IO118PPB6V1
29	GND
30	GFA2/IO117PDB6V1
31	IO117NDB6V1
32	GFB2/IO116PPB6V1
33	GFC2/IO115PPB6V1
34	IO116NPB6V1
35	IO115NPB6V1
36	VCC

PQ208	
Pin Number	**A3PE600 Function**
37	IO112PDB6V1
38	IO112NDB6V1
39	IO108PSB6V0
40	VCCIB6
41	GND
42	IO106PDB6V0
43	IO106NDB6V0
44	GEC1/IO104PDB6V0
45	GEC0/IO104NDB6V0
46	GEB1/IO103PPB6V0
47	GEA1/IO102PPB6V0
48	GEB0/IO103NPB6V0
49	GEA0/IO102NPB6V0
50	VMV6
51	GNDQ
52	GND
53	VMV5
54	GNDQ
55	IO101NDB5V2
56	GEA2/IO101PDB5V2
57	IO100NDB5V2
58	GEB2/IO100PDB5V2
59	IO99NDB5V2
60	GEC2/IO99PDB5V2
61	IO98PSB5V2
62	VCCIB5
63	IO96PSB5V2
64	IO94NDB5V1
65	GND
66	IO94PDB5V1
67	IO92NDB5V1
68	IO92PDB5V1
69	IO88NDB5V0
70	IO88PDB5V0
71	VCC

PQ208	
Pin Number	**A3PE600 Function**
72	VCCIB5
73	IO85NPB5V0
74	IO84NPB5V0
75	IO85PPB5V0
76	IO84PPB5V0
77	IO83NPB5V0
78	IO82NPB5V0
79	IO83PPB5V0
80	IO82PPB5V0
81	GND
82	IO80NDB4V1
83	IO80PDB4V1
84	IO79NPB4V1
85	IO78NPB4V1
86	IO79PPB4V1
87	IO78PPB4V1
88	VCC
89	VCCIB4
90	IO76NDB4V1
91	IO76PDB4V1
92	IO72NDB4V0
93	IO72PDB4V0
94	IO70NDB4V0
95	GDC2/IO70PDB4V0
96	IO68NDB4V0
97	GND
98	GDA2/IO68PDB4V0
99	GDB2/IO69PSB4V0
100	GNDQ
101	TCK
102	TDI
103	TMS
104	VMV4
105	GND
106	VPUMP
107	GNDQ

FG256	
Pin Number	**A3PE600 Function**
P9	IO82PDB5V0
P10	IO76NDB4V1
P11	IO76PDB4V1
P12	VMV4
P13	TCK
P14	VPUMP
P15	TRST
P16	GDA0/IO67NDB3V1
R1	GEA1/IO102PDB6V0
R2	GEA0/IO102NDB6V0
R3	GNDQ
R4	GEC2/IO99PDB5V2
R5	IO95NPB5V1
R6	IO91NDB5V1
R7	IO91PDB5V1
R8	IO83NDB5V0
R9	IO83PDB5V0
R10	IO77NDB4V1
R11	IO77PDB4V1
R12	IO69NDB4V0
R13	GDB2/IO69PDB4V0
R14	TDI
R15	GNDQ
R16	TDO
T1	GND
T2	IO100NDB5V2
T3	GEB2/IO100PDB5V2
T4	IO99NDB5V2
T5	IO88NDB5V0
T6	IO88PDB5V0
T7	IO89NSB5V0
T8	IO80NSB4V1
T9	IO81NDB4V1
T10	IO81PDB4V1
T11	IO70NDB4V0
T12	GDC2/IO70PDB4V0

FG256	
Pin Number	**A3PE600 Function**
T13	IO68NDB4V0
T14	GDA2/IO68PDB4V0
T15	TMS
T16	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	**A3PE600 Function**
C21	NC
C22	VCCIB2
D1	NC
D2	NC
D3	NC
D4	GND
D5	GAA0/IO00NDB0V0
D6	GAA1/IO00PDB0V0
D7	GAB0/IO01NDB0V0
D8	IO05PDB0V0
D9	IO10PDB0V1
D10	IO12PDB0V2
D11	IO16NDB0V2
D12	IO23NDB1V0
D13	IO23PDB1V0
D14	IO28NDB1V1
D15	IO28PDB1V1
D16	GBB1/IO34PDB1V1
D17	GBA0/IO35NDB1V1
D18	GBA1/IO35PDB1V1
D19	GND
D20	NC
D21	NC
D22	NC
E1	NC
E2	NC
E3	GND
E4	GAB2/IO133PDB7V1
E5	GAA2/IO134PDB7V1
E6	GNDQ
E7	GAB1/IO01PDB0V0
E8	IO05NDB0V0
E9	IO10NDB0V1
E10	IO12NDB0V2
E11	IO16PDB0V2
E12	IO20NDB1V0

FG484	
Pin Number	**A3PE600 Function**
E13	IO24NDB1V0
E14	IO24PDB1V0
E15	GBC1/IO33PDB1V1
E16	GBB0/IO34NDB1V1
E17	GNDQ
E18	GBA2/IO36PDB2V0
E19	IO42NDB2V0
E20	GND
E21	NC
E22	NC
F1	NC
F2	IO131NDB7V1
F3	IO131PDB7V1
F4	IO133NDB7V1
F5	IO134NDB7V1
F6	VMV7
F7	VCCPLA
F8	GAC0/IO02NDB0V0
F9	GAC1/IO02PDB0V0
F10	IO15NDB0V2
F11	IO15PDB0V2
F12	IO20PDB1V0
F13	IO25NDB1V0
F14	IO27PDB1V0
F15	GBC0/IO33NDB1V1
F16	VCCPLB
F17	VMV2
F18	IO36NDB2V0
F19	IO42PDB2V0
F20	NC
F21	NC
F22	NC
G1	IO127NDB7V1
G2	IO127PDB7V1
G3	NC
G4	IO128PDB7V1

FG484	
Pin Number	**A3PE600 Function**
G5	IO129PDB7V1
G6	GAC2/IO132PDB7V1
G7	VCOMPLA
G8	GNDQ
G9	IO09NDB0V1
G10	IO09PDB0V1
G11	IO13PDB0V2
G12	IO21PDB1V0
G13	IO25PDB1V0
G14	IO27NDB1V0
G15	GNDQ
G16	VCOMPLB
G17	GBB2/IO37PDB2V0
G18	IO39PDB2V0
G19	IO39NDB2V0
G20	IO43PDB2V0
G21	IO43NDB2V0
G22	NC
H1	NC
H2	NC
H3	VCC
H4	IO128NDB7V1
H5	IO129NDB7V1
H6	IO132NDB7V1
H7	IO130PDB7V1
H8	VMV0
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO13NDB0V2
H12	IO21NDB1V0
H13	VCCIB1
H14	VCCIB1
H15	VMV1
H16	GBC2/IO38PDB2V0
H17	IO37NDB2V0
H18	IO41NDB2V0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	VCCIB0
A4	IO10NDB0V1
A5	IO10PDB0V1
A6	IO16NDB0V1
A7	IO16PDB0V1
A8	IO18PDB0V2
A9	IO24PDB0V2
A10	IO28NDB0V3
A11	IO28PDB0V3
A12	IO46PDB1V0
A13	IO54PDB1V1
A14	IO56NDB1V1
A15	IO56PDB1V1
A16	IO64NDB1V2
A17	IO64PDB1V2
A18	IO72NDB1V3
A19	IO74NDB1V4
A20	VCCIB1
A21	GND
A22	GND
AA1	GND
AA2	VCCIB6
AA3	IO228PDB5V4
AA4	IO224PDB5V3
AA5	IO218NDB5V3
AA6	IO218PDB5V3
AA7	IO212NDB5V2
AA8	IO212PDB5V2
AA9	IO198PDB5V0
AA10	IO198NDB5V0
AA11	IO188PPB4V4
AA12	IO180NDB4V3
AA13	IO180PDB4V3
AA14	IO170NDB4V2

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
AA15	IO170PDB4V2
AA16	IO166NDB4V1
AA17	IO166PDB4V1
AA18	IO160NDB4V0
AA19	IO160PDB4V0
AA20	IO158NPB4V0
AA21	VCCIB3
AA22	GND
AB1	GND
AB2	GND
AB3	VCCIB5
AB4	IO216NDB5V2
AB5	IO216PDB5V2
AB6	IO210NDB5V2
AB7	IO210PDB5V2
AB8	IO208NDB5V1
AB9	IO208PDB5V1
AB10	IO197NDB5V0
AB11	IO197PDB5V0
AB12	IO174NDB4V2
AB13	IO174PDB4V2
AB14	IO172NDB4V2
AB15	IO172PDB4V2
AB16	IO168NDB4V1
AB17	IO168PDB4V1
AB18	IO162NDB4V1
AB19	IO162PDB4V1
AB20	VCCIB4
AB21	GND
AB22	GND
B1	GND
B2	VCCIB7
B3	IO06PPB0V0
B4	IO08NDB0V0
B5	IO08PDB0V0
B6	IO14NDB0V1

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
B7	IO14PDB0V1
B8	IO18NDB0V2
B9	IO24NDB0V2
B10	IO34PDB0V4
B11	IO40PDB0V4
B12	IO46NDB1V0
B13	IO54NDB1V1
B14	IO62NDB1V2
B15	IO62PDB1V2
B16	IO68NDB1V3
B17	IO68PDB1V3
B18	IO72PDB1V3
B19	IO74PDB1V4
B20	IO76NPB1V4
B21	VCCIB2
B22	GND
C1	VCCIB7
C2	IO303PDB7V3
C3	IO305PDB7V3
C4	IO06NPB0V0
C5	GND
C6	IO12NDB0V1
C7	IO12PDB0V1
C8	VCC
C9	VCC
C10	IO34NDB0V4
C11	IO40NDB0V4
C12	IO48NDB1V0
C13	IO48PDB1V0
C14	VCC
C15	VCC
C16	IO70NDB1V3
C17	IO70PDB1V3
C18	GND
C19	IO76PPB1V4
C20	IO88NDB2V0

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
G13	IO21NDB0V2
G14	IO27PDB0V3
G15	IO35NDB1V0
G16	IO39PDB1V0
G17	IO51NDB1V2
G18	IO53NDB1V2
G19	VCCIB1
G20	GBA2/IO58PPB2V0
G21	GNDQ
G22	IO64NDB2V1
G23	IO64PDB2V1
G24	IO72PDB2V2
G25	IO72NDB2V2
G26	IO78PDB2V2
H1	IO208NDB7V2
H2	IO208PDB7V2
H3	IO209NDB7V2
H4	IO209PDB7V2
H5	IO219NDB7V3
H6	GAC2/IO219PDB7V3
H7	VCCIB7
H8	VCC
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	VCCIB0
H12	VCCIB0
H13	VCCIB0
H14	VCCIB1
H15	VCCIB1
H16	VCCIB1
H17	VCCIB1
H18	VCCIB1
H19	VCC
H20	VCC
H21	IO58NPB2V0
H22	IO70PDB2V1

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
H23	IO69PDB2V1
H24	IO76PDB2V2
H25	IO76NDB2V2
H26	IO78NDB2V2
J1	IO197NDB7V0
J2	IO197PDB7V0
J3	VMV7
J4	IO215NDB7V3
J5	IO215PDB7V3
J6	IO214PDB7V3
J7	IO214NDB7V3
J8	VCCIB7
J9	VCC
J10	VCC
J11	VCC
J12	VCC
J13	VCC
J14	VCC
J15	VCC
J16	VCC
J17	VCC
J18	VCC
J19	VCCIB2
J20	IO62PDB2V0
J21	IO62NDB2V0
J22	IO70NDB2V1
J23	IO69NDB2V1
J24	VMV2
J25	IO80PDB2V3
J26	IO80NDB2V3
K1	IO195PDB7V0
K2	IO199NDB7V1
K3	IO199PDB7V1
K4	IO205NDB7V1
K5	IO205PDB7V1
K6	IO217PDB7V3

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
K7	IO217NDB7V3
K8	VCCIB7
K9	VCC
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K13	GND
K14	GND
K15	GND
K16	GND
K17	GND
K18	VCC
K19	VCCIB2
K20	IO65PDB2V1
K21	IO65NDB2V1
K22	IO74PDB2V2
K23	IO74NDB2V2
K24	IO75PDB2V2
K25	IO75NDB2V2
K26	IO84PDB2V3
L1	IO195NDB7V0
L2	IO198PPB7V0
L3	GNDQ
L4	IO201PDB7V1
L5	IO201NDB7V1
L6	IO210NDB7V2
L7	IO210PDB7V2
L8	VCCIB7
L9	VCC
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L13	GND
L14	GND
L15	GND
L16	GND

FG896	
Pin Number	**A3PE3000 Function**
AC21	IO164PDB4V1
AC22	IO162PPB4V1
AC23	GND
AC24	VCOMPLD
AC25	IO150NDB3V4
AC26	IO148NDB3V4
AC27	GDA1/IO153PDB3V4
AC28	IO145NDB3V3
AC29	IO143NDB3V3
AC30	IO137NDB3V2
AD1	GND
AD2	IO242NPB6V1
AD3	IO240NDB6V0
AD4	GEC0/IO236NDB6V0
AD5	VCCIB6
AD6	GNDQ
AD7	VCC
AD8	VMV5
AD9	VCCIB5
AD10	IO224PPB5V3
AD11	IO218NPB5V3
AD12	IO216PPB5V2
AD13	IO210PPB5V2
AD14	IO202PPB5V1
AD15	IO194PDB5V0
AD16	IO190PDB4V4
AD17	IO182NPB4V3
AD18	IO176NDB4V2
AD19	IO176PDB4V2
AD20	IO170PPB4V2
AD21	IO166PDB4V1
AD22	VCCIB4
AD23	TCK
AD24	VCC
AD25	TRST
AD26	VCCIB3

FG896	
Pin Number	**A3PE3000 Function**
AD27	GDA0/IO153NDB3V4
AD28	GDC0/IO151NDB3V4
AD29	GDC1/IO151PDB3V4
AD30	GND
AE1	IO242PPB6V1
AE2	VCC
AE3	IO239PDB6V0
AE4	IO239NDB6V0
AE5	VMV6
AE6	GND
AE7	GNDQ
AE8	IO230NDB5V4
AE9	IO224NPB5V3
AE10	IO214NPB5V2
AE11	IO212NDB5V2
AE12	IO212PDB5V2
AE13	IO202NPB5V1
AE14	IO200NDB5V0
AE15	IO196PDB5V0
AE16	IO190NDB4V4
AE17	IO184PDB4V3
AE18	IO184NDB4V3
AE19	IO172PDB4V2
AE20	IO172NDB4V2
AE21	IO166NDB4V1
AE22	IO160PDB4V0
AE23	GNDQ
AE24	VMV4
AE25	GND
AE26	GDB0/IO152NDB3V4
AE27	GDB1/IO152PDB3V4
AE28	VMV3
AE29	VCC
AE30	IO149PDB3V4
AF1	GND
AF2	IO238PPB6V0

FG896	
Pin Number	**A3PE3000 Function**
AF3	VCCIB6
AF4	IO220NPB5V3
AF5	VCC
AF6	IO228NDB5V4
AF7	VCCIB5
AF8	IO230PDB5V4
AF9	IO229NDB5V4
AF10	IO229PDB5V4
AF11	IO214PPB5V2
AF12	IO208NDB5V1
AF13	IO208PDB5V1
AF14	IO200PDB5V0
AF15	IO196NDB5V0
AF16	IO186NDB4V4
AF17	IO186PDB4V4
AF18	IO180NDB4V3
AF19	IO180PDB4V3
AF20	IO168NDB4V1
AF21	IO168PDB4V1
AF22	IO160NDB4V0
AF23	IO158NPB4V0
AF24	VCCIB4
AF25	IO154NPB4V0
AF26	VCC
AF27	TDO
AF28	VCCIB3
AF29	GNDQ
AF30	GND
AG1	IO238NPB6V0
AG2	VCC
AG3	IO232NPB5V4
AG4	GND
AG5	IO220PPB5V3
AG6	IO228PDB5V4
AG7	IO231NDB5V4
AG8	GEC2/IO231PDB5V4

Datasheet Categories

Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheet parameters are published before data has been fully characterized from silicon devices. The data provided for a given device, as highlighted in the "ProASIC3E Device Status" table on page II, is designated as either "Product Brief," "Advance," "Preliminary," or "Production." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

Product Brief

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advance or production) and contains general product information. This document gives an overview of specific device and family information.

Advance

This version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production. This label only applies to the DC and Switching Characteristics chapter of the datasheet and will only be used when the data has not been fully characterized.

Preliminary

The datasheet contains information based on simulation and/or initial characterization. The information is believed to be correct, but changes are possible.

Production

This version contains information that is considered to be final.

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