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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	516096
Number of I/O	341
Number of Gates	3000000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3pe3000-fgg484">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a3pe3000-fgg484</a>

**Table 2-8 • Summary of I/O Input Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings (continued)**

	VMV (V)	Static Power PDC2 (mW) <sup>1</sup>	Dynamic Power PAC9 (μW/MHz) <sup>2</sup>
HSTL (I)	1.5	0.17	2.03
HSTL (II)	1.5	0.17	2.03
SSTL2 (I)	2.5	1.38	4.48
SSTL2 (II)	2.5	1.38	4.48
SSTL3 (I)	3.3	3.21	9.26
SSTL3 (II)	3.3	3.21	9.26
<b>Differential</b>			
LVDS/B-LVDS/M-LVDS	2.5	2.26	1.50
LVPECL	3.3	5.71	2.17

**Notes:**

1. PDC2 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VMV.
2. PAC9 is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VMV.
3. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8b specification.

**Table 2-9 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings <sup>1</sup>**

	C <sub>LOAD</sub> (pF)	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC3 (mW) <sup>2</sup>	Dynamic Power PAC10 (μW/MHz) <sup>3</sup>
<b>Single-Ended</b>				
3.3 V LVTTTL/LVCMOS	35	3.3	–	474.70
3.3 V LVTTTL/LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>4</sup>	35	3.3	–	474.70
2.5 V LVCMOS	35	2.5	–	270.73
1.8 V LVCMOS	35	1.8	–	151.78
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	35	1.5	–	104.55
3.3 V PCI	10	3.3	–	204.61
3.3 V PCI-X	10	3.3	–	204.61
<b>Voltage-Referenced</b>				
3.3 V GTL	10	3.3	–	24.08
2.5 V GTL	10	2.5	–	13.52
3.3 V GTL+	10	3.3	–	24.10
2.5 V GTL+	10	2.5	–	13.54
HSTL (I)	20	1.5	7.08	26.22
HSTL (II)	20	1.5	13.88	27.22
SSTL2 (I)	30	2.5	16.69	105.56
SSTL2 (II)	30	2.5	25.91	116.60

**Notes:**

1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.
2. PDC3 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.
3. PAC10 is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VCCI.
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.

### Combinatorial Cells Contribution— $P_{C-CELL}$

$$P_{C-CELL} = N_{C-CELL} * \alpha_1 / 2 * PAC7 * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{C-CELL}$  is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

$\alpha_1$  is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-11 on page 2-11](#).

$F_{CLK}$  is the global clock signal frequency.

### Routing Net Contribution— $P_{NET}$

$$P_{NET} = (N_{S-CELL} + N_{C-CELL}) * \alpha_1 / 2 * PAC8 * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{S-CELL}$  is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design.

$N_{C-CELL}$  is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

$\alpha_1$  is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-11 on page 2-11](#).

$F_{CLK}$  is the global clock signal frequency.

### I/O Input Buffer Contribution— $P_{INPUTS}$

$$P_{INPUTS} = N_{INPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * PAC9 * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{INPUTS}$  is the number of I/O input buffers used in the design.

$\alpha_2$  is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-11 on page 2-11](#).

$F_{CLK}$  is the global clock signal frequency.

### I/O Output Buffer Contribution— $P_{OUTPUTS}$

$$P_{OUTPUTS} = N_{OUTPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * \beta_1 * PAC10 * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{OUTPUTS}$  is the number of I/O output buffers used in the design.

$\alpha_2$  is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-11 on page 2-11](#).

$\beta_1$  is the I/O buffer enable rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-12 on page 2-11](#).

$F_{CLK}$  is the global clock signal frequency.

### RAM Contribution— $P_{MEMORY}$

$$P_{MEMORY} = PAC11 * N_{BLOCKS} * F_{READ-CLOCK} * \beta_2 + PAC12 * N_{BLOCK} * F_{WRITE-CLOCK} * \beta_3$$

$N_{BLOCKS}$  is the number of RAM blocks used in the design.

$F_{READ-CLOCK}$  is the memory read clock frequency.

$\beta_2$  is the RAM enable rate for read operations—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-12 on page 2-11](#).

$F_{WRITE-CLOCK}$  is the memory write clock frequency.

$\beta_3$  is the RAM enable rate for write operations—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-12 on page 2-11](#).

### PLL Contribution— $P_{PLL}$

$$P_{PLL} = PAC13 + PAC14 * F_{CLKOUT}$$

$F_{CLKOUT}$  is the output clock frequency.<sup>1</sup>

1. The PLL dynamic contribution depends on the input clock frequency, the number of output clock signals generated by the PLL, and the frequency of each output clock. If a PLL is used to generate more than one output clock, include each output clock in the formula by adding its corresponding contribution ( $PAC14 * F_{CLKOUT}$  product) to the total PLL contribution.

## Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics – Default I/O Software Settings

**Table 2-15 • Summary of AC Measuring Points**

Standard	Input Reference Voltage (VREF_TYP)	Board Termination Voltage (VTT_REF)	Measuring Trip Point (Vtrip)
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	–	–	1.4 V
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	–	–	1.4 V
2.5 V LVCMOS	–	–	1.2 V
1.8 V LVCMOS	–	–	0.90 V
1.5 V LVCMOS	–	–	0.75 V
3.3 V PCI	–	–	0.285 * VCCI (RR) 0.615 * VCCI (FF))
3.3 V PCI-X	–	–	0.285 * VCCI (RR) 0.615 * VCCI (FF)
3.3 V GTL	0.8 V	1.2 V	VREF
2.5 V GTL	0.8 V	1.2 V	VREF
3.3 V GTL+	1.0 V	1.5 V	VREF
2.5 V GTL+	1.0 V	1.5 V	VREF
HSTL (I)	0.75 V	0.75 V	VREF
HSTL (II)	0.75 V	0.75 V	VREF
SSTL2 (I)	1.25 V	1.25 V	VREF
SSTL2 (II)	1.25 V	1.25 V	VREF
SSTL3 (I)	1.5 V	1.485 V	VREF
SSTL3 (II)	1.5 V	1.485 V	VREF
LVDS	–	–	Cross point
LVPECL	–	–	Cross point

**Table 2-16 • I/O AC Parameter Definitions**

Parameter	Definition
t <sub>DP</sub>	Data to Pad delay through the Output Buffer
t <sub>PY</sub>	Pad to Data delay through the Input Buffer with Schmitt trigger disabled
t <sub>DOUT</sub>	Data to Output Buffer delay through the I/O interface
t <sub>EOUT</sub>	Enable to Output Buffer Tristate Control delay through the I/O interface
t <sub>DIN</sub>	Input Buffer to Data delay through the I/O interface
t <sub>PYS</sub>	Pad to Data delay through the Input Buffer with Schmitt trigger enabled
t <sub>HZ</sub>	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—High to Z
t <sub>ZH</sub>	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Z to High
t <sub>LZ</sub>	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Low to Z
t <sub>ZL</sub>	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Z to Low
t <sub>ZHS</sub>	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer with delayed enable—Z to High
t <sub>ZLS</sub>	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer with delayed enable—Z to Low



**Table 2-17 • Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings**  
 –2 Speed Grade, Commercial-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$ ,  
 Worst-Case  $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$

I/O Standard	Drive Strength (mA)	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength Option) <sup>1</sup>	Slew Rate	Capacitive Load (pF)	External Resistor ( $\Omega$ )	$t_{DOUT}$ (ns)	$t_{DP}$ (ns)	$t_{DIN}$ (ns)	$t_{PY}$ (ns)	$t_{PVS}$ (ns)	$t_{EOUT}$ (ns)	$t_{ZL}$ (ns)	$t_{ZH}$ (ns)	$t_{LZ}$ (ns)	$t_{HZ}$ (ns)	$t_{ZLS}$ (ns)	$t_{ZHS}$ (ns)
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	12	12	High	35	–	0.49	2.74	0.03	0.90	1.17	0.32	2.79	2.14	2.45	2.70	4.46	3.81
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range <sup>2</sup>	100 $\mu\text{A}$	12	High	35	–	0.49	4.24	0.03	1.36	1.78	0.32	4.24	3.25	3.78	4.17	6.77	5.79
2.5 V LVCMOS	12	12	High	35	–	0.49	2.80	0.03	1.13	1.24	0.32	2.85	2.61	2.51	2.61	4.52	4.28
1.8 V LVCMOS	12	12	High	35	–	0.49	2.83	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	2.89	2.31	2.79	3.16	4.56	3.98
1.5 V LVCMOS	12	12	High	35	–	0.49	3.30	0.03	1.27	1.60	0.32	3.36	2.70	2.96	3.27	5.03	4.37
3.3 V PCI	Per PCI spec	–	High	10	25 <sup>3</sup>	0.49	2.09	0.03	0.78	1.17	0.32	2.13	1.49	2.45	2.70	3.80	3.16
3.3 V PCI-X	Per PCI-X spec	–	High	10	25 <sup>3</sup>	0.49	2.09	0.03	0.78	1.17	0.32	2.13	1.49	2.45	2.70	3.80	3.16
3.3 V GTL	20 <sup>4</sup>	–	High	10	25	0.45	1.55	0.03	2.19	–	0.32	1.52	1.55	–	–	3.19	3.22
2.5 V GTL	20 <sup>4</sup>	–	High	10	25	0.45	1.59	0.03	1.83	–	0.32	1.61	1.59	–	–	3.28	3.26
3.3 V GTL+	35	–	High	10	25	0.45	1.53	0.03	1.19	–	0.32	1.56	1.53	–	–	3.23	3.20
2.5 V GTL+	33	–	High	10	25	0.45	1.65	0.03	1.13	–	0.32	1.68	1.57	–	–	3.35	3.24
HSTL (I)	8	–	High	20	50	0.49	2.37	0.03	1.59	–	0.32	2.42	2.35	–	–	4.09	4.02
HSTL (II)	15 <sup>4</sup>	–	High	20	25	0.49	2.26	0.03	1.59	–	0.32	2.30	2.03	–	–	3.97	3.70
SSTL2 (I)	15	–	High	30	50	0.49	1.59	0.03	1.00	–	0.32	1.62	1.38	–	–	3.29	3.05
SSTL2 (II)	18	–	High	30	25	0.49	1.62	0.03	1.00	–	0.32	1.65	1.32	–	–	3.32	2.99
SSTL3 (I)	14	–	High	30	50	0.49	1.72	0.03	0.93	–	0.32	1.75	1.37	–	–	3.42	3.04
SSTL3 (II)	21	–	High	30	25	0.49	1.54	0.03	0.93	–	0.32	1.57	1.25	–	–	3.24	2.92
LVDS/B-LVDS/M-LVDS	24	–	High	–	–	0.49	1.40	0.03	1.36	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
LVPECL	24	–	High	–	–	0.49	1.36	0.03	1.22	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

**Notes:**

1. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is  $\pm 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ . Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
2. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3V wide range as specified in the JESD8b specification.
3. Resistance is used to measure I/O propagation delays as defined in PCI specifications. See [Figure 2-11 on page 2-38](#) for connectivity. This resistor is not required during normal operation.
4. Output drive strength is below JEDEC specification.
5. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#).

## 1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)

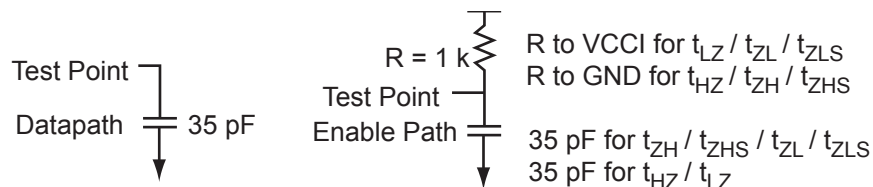
Low-Voltage CMOS for 1.5 V is an extension of the LVCMOS standard (JESD8-5) used for general-purpose 1.5 V applications. It uses a 1.5 V input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

**Table 2-41 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**

1.5 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL <sup>1</sup>	IIH <sup>2</sup>
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA <sup>3</sup>	Max. mA <sup>3</sup>	μA <sup>4</sup>	μA <sup>4</sup>
2 mA	−0.3	0.30 * VCCI	0.7 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	2	2	16	13	10	10
4 mA	−0.3	0.30 * VCCI	0.7 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	4	4	33	25	10	10
6 mA	−0.3	0.30 * VCCI	0.7 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	6	6	39	32	10	10
8 mA	−0.3	0.30 * VCCI	0.7 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	8	8	55	66	10	10
12 mA	−0.3	0.30 * VCCI	0.7 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	12	12	55	66	10	10

**Notes:**

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where  $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$ .
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions  $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$ . Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
3. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.



**Figure 2-10 • AC Loading**

**Table 2-42 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads**

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	VREF (typ.) (V)	C <sub>LOAD</sub> (pF)
0	1.5	0.75	—	35

**Note:** \*Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-15 on page 2-18 for a complete table of trip points.

### 3.3 V PCI, 3.3 V PCI-X

Peripheral Component Interface for 3.3 V standard specifies support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI Bus applications.

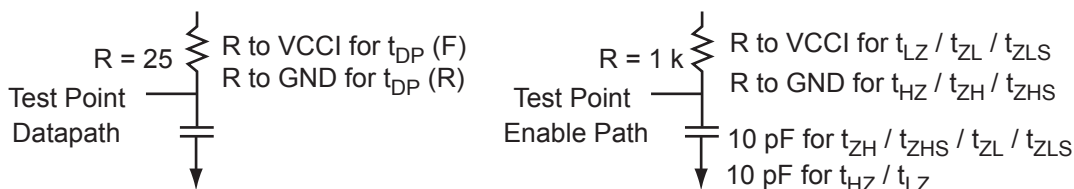
**Table 2-45 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**

3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL <sup>1</sup>	IIH <sup>2</sup>
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA <sup>3</sup>	Max. mA <sup>3</sup>	μA <sup>4</sup>	μA <sup>4</sup>
Per PCI specification	Per PCI curves										10	10

**Notes:**

1. IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where  $-0.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$ .
2. IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions  $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$ . Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
3. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.

AC loadings are defined per the PCI/PCI-X specifications for the datapath; Microsemi loadings for enable path characterization are described in [Figure 2-11](#).



**Figure 2-11 • AC Loading**

AC loadings are defined per PCI/PCI-X specifications for the datapath; Microsemi loading for tristate is described in [Table 2-46](#).

**Table 2-46 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads**

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	VREF (typ.) (V)	C <sub>LOAD</sub> (pF)
0	3.3	0.285 * VCCI for t <sub>DP(R)</sub> 0.615 * VCCI for t <sub>DP(F)</sub>	—	10

**Note:** \*Measuring point = V<sub>trip</sub>. See [Table 2-15 on page 2-18](#) for a complete table of trip points.

### Timing Characteristics

**Table 2-47 • 3.3 V PCI/PCI-X**

Commercial-Case Conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

Speed Grade	t <sub>DOUT</sub>	t <sub>DP</sub>	t <sub>DIN</sub>	t <sub>PY</sub>	t <sub>PYS</sub>	t <sub>EOUT</sub>	t <sub>ZL</sub>	t <sub>ZH</sub>	t <sub>LZ</sub>	t <sub>HZ</sub>	t <sub>ZLS</sub>	t <sub>ZHS</sub>	Units
Std.	0.66	2.81	0.04	1.05	1.67	0.43	2.86	2.00	3.28	3.61	5.09	4.23	ns
–1	0.56	2.39	0.04	0.89	1.42	0.36	2.43	1.70	2.79	3.07	4.33	3.60	ns
–2	0.49	2.09	0.03	0.78	1.25	0.32	2.13	1.49	2.45	2.70	3.80	3.16	ns

**Note:** For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

**Table 2-78 • LVDS Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**

DC Parameter	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
VCCI	Supply Voltage	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	0.9	1.075	1.25	V
VOH	Output High Voltage	1.25	1.425	1.6	V
IOL <sup>1</sup>	Output Lower Current	0.65	0.91	1.16	mA
IOH <sup>1</sup>	Output High Current	0.65	0.91	1.16	mA
VI	Input Voltage	0		2.925	V
IIH <sup>2</sup>	Input High Leakage Current			10	μA
IIL <sup>2</sup>	Input Low Leakage Current			10	μA
VODIFF	Differential Output Voltage	250	350	450	mV
VOCM	Output Common Mode Voltage	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
VICM	Input Common Mode Voltage	0.05	1.25	2.35	V
VIDIFF	Input Differential Voltage <sup>2</sup>	100	350		mV

**Notes:**

1. IOL/IOH defined by VODIFF/(Resistor Network).
2. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.

**Table 2-79 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads**

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	VREF (typ.) (V)
1.075	1.325	Cross point	–

**Note:** \*Measuring point = Vtrip. See [Table 2-15 on page 2-18](#) for a complete table of trip points.

**VJTAG****JTAG Supply Voltage**

Low power flash devices have a separate bank for the dedicated JTAG pins. The JTAG pins can be run at any voltage from 1.5 V to 3.3 V (nominal). Isolating the JTAG power supply in a separate I/O bank gives greater flexibility in supply selection and simplifies power supply and PCB design. If the JTAG interface is neither used nor planned for use, the VJTAG pin together with the TRST pin could be tied to GND. It should be noted that VCC is required to be powered for JTAG operation; VJTAG alone is insufficient. If a device is in a JTAG chain of interconnected boards, the board containing the device can be powered down, provided both VJTAG and VCC to the part remain powered; otherwise, JTAG signals will not be able to transition the device, even in bypass mode.

Microsemi recommends that VPUMP and VJTAG power supplies be kept separate with independent filtering capacitors rather than supplying them from a common rail.

**VPUMP****Programming Supply Voltage**

For programming, VPUMP should be 3.3 V nominal. During normal device operation, VPUMP can be left floating or can be tied (pulled up) to any voltage between 0 V and the VPUMP maximum. Programming power supply voltage (VPUMP) range is listed in the datasheet.

When the VPUMP pin is tied to ground, it will shut off the charge pump circuitry, resulting in no sources of oscillation from the charge pump circuitry.

For proper programming, 0.01  $\mu$ F and 0.33  $\mu$ F capacitors (both rated at 16 V) are to be connected in parallel across VPUMP and GND, and positioned as close to the FPGA pins as possible.

Microsemi recommends that VPUMP and VJTAG power supplies be kept separate with independent filtering capacitors rather than supplying them from a common rail.

## User-Defined Supply Pins

**VREF****I/O Voltage Reference**

Reference voltage for I/O minibanks. VREF pins are configured by the user from regular I/Os, and any I/O in a bank, except JTAG I/Os, can be designated the voltage reference I/O. Only certain I/O standards require a voltage reference—HSTL (I) and (II), SSTL2 (I) and (II), SSTL3 (I) and (II), and GTL/GTL+. One VREF pin can support the number of I/Os available in its minibank.

## User Pins

**I/O****User Input/Output**

The I/O pin functions as an input, output, tristate, or bidirectional buffer. Input and output signal levels are compatible with the I/O standard selected.

During programming, I/Os become tristated and weakly pulled up to VCCI. With VCCI, VMV, and VCC supplies continuously powered up, when the device transitions from programming to operating mode, the I/Os are instantly configured to the desired user configuration.

Unused I/Os are configured as follows:

- Output buffer is disabled (with tristate value of high impedance)
- Input buffer is disabled (with tristate value of high impedance)
- Weak pull-up is programmed

**GL****Globals**

GL I/Os have access to certain clock conditioning circuitry (and the PLL) and/or have direct access to the global network (spines). Additionally, the global I/Os can be used as regular I/Os, since they have identical capabilities. Unused GL pins are configured as inputs with pull-up resistors.

See more detailed descriptions of global I/O connectivity in the "Clock Conditioning Circuits in Low Power Flash Devices and Mixed Signal FPGAs" chapter of the *ProASIC3E FPGA Fabric User's Guide*. All inputs labeled GC/GF are direct inputs into the quadrant clocks. For example, if GAA0 is used for an input, GAA1 and GAA2 are no longer available for input to the quadrant globals. All inputs labeled GC/GF are direct inputs into the chip-level globals, and the rest are connected to the quadrant globals. The inputs to the global network are multiplexed, and only one input can be used as a global input.

## Special Function Pins

### NC

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device. These pins can be driven to any voltage or can be left floating with no effect on the operation of the device.

### No Connect

### DC

This pin should not be connected to any signals on the PCB. These pins should be left unconnected.

### Do Not Connect

## Packaging

Semiconductor technology is constantly shrinking in size while growing in capability and functional integration. To enable next-generation silicon technologies, semiconductor packages have also evolved to provide improved performance and flexibility.

Microsemi consistently delivers packages that provide the necessary mechanical and environmental protection to ensure consistent reliability and performance. Microsemi IC packaging technology efficiently supports high-density FPGAs with large-pin-count Ball Grid Arrays (BGAs), but is also flexible enough to accommodate stringent form factor requirements for Chip Scale Packaging (CSP). In addition, Microsemi offers a variety of packages designed to meet your most demanding application and economic requirements for today's embedded and mobile systems.

## Related Documents

### User's Guides

*ProASIC3E FPGA Fabric User's Guide*

[http://www.microsemi.com/document-portal/doc\\_download/130883-proasic3e-fpga-fabric-user-s-guide](http://www.microsemi.com/document-portal/doc_download/130883-proasic3e-fpga-fabric-user-s-guide)

### Packaging

The following documents provide packaging information and device selection for low power flash devices.

#### **Product Catalog**

[http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/ProdCat\\_PIB.pdf](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/ProdCat_PIB.pdf)

Lists devices currently recommended for new designs and the packages available for each member of the family. Use this document or the datasheet tables to determine the best package for your design, and which package drawing to use.

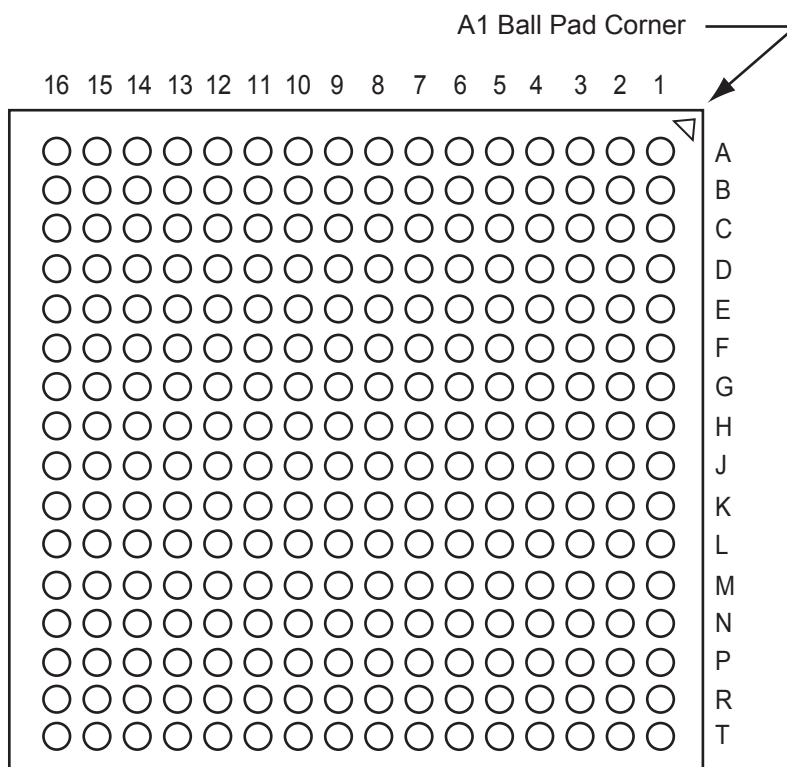
#### **Package Mechanical Drawings**

[http://www.microsemi.com/document-portal/doc\\_download/131095-package-mechanical-drawings](http://www.microsemi.com/document-portal/doc_download/131095-package-mechanical-drawings)

This document contains the package mechanical drawings for all packages currently or previously supplied by Microsemi. Use the bookmarks to navigate to the package mechanical drawings.

Additional packaging materials: <http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/solutions>.

## FG256



*Note:* This is the bottom view of the package.

### Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/solutions>.

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
H19	IO41PDB2V0
H20	VCC
H21	NC
H22	NC
J1	IO123NDB7V0
J2	IO123PDB7V0
J3	NC
J4	IO124PDB7V0
J5	IO125PDB7V0
J6	IO126PDB7V0
J7	IO130NDB7V1
J8	VCCIB7
J9	GND
J10	VCC
J11	VCC
J12	VCC
J13	VCC
J14	GND
J15	VCCIB2
J16	IO38NDB2V0
J17	IO40NDB2V0
J18	IO40PDB2V0
J19	IO45PPB2V1
J20	NC
J21	IO48PDB2V1
J22	IO46PDB2V1
K1	IO121NDB7V0
K2	IO121PDB7V0
K3	NC
K4	IO124NDB7V0
K5	IO125NDB7V0
K6	IO126NDB7V0
K7	GFC1/IO120PPB7V0
K8	VCCIB7
K9	VCC
K10	GND

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
K11	GND
K12	GND
K13	GND
K14	VCC
K15	VCCIB2
K16	GCC1/IO50PPB2V1
K17	IO44NDB2V1
K18	IO44PDB2V1
K19	IO49NPB2V1
K20	IO45NPB2V1
K21	IO48NDB2V1
K22	IO46NDB2V1
L1	NC
L2	IO122PDB7V0
L3	IO122NDB7V0
L4	GFB0/IO119NPB7V0
L5	GFA0/IO118NDB6V1
L6	GFB1/IO119PPB7V0
L7	VCOMPLF
L8	GFC0/IO120NPB7V0
L9	VCC
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L13	GND
L14	VCC
L15	GCC0/IO50NPB2V1
L16	GCB1/IO51PPB2V1
L17	GCA0/IO52NPB3V0
L18	VCOMPLC
L19	GCB0/IO51NPB2V1
L20	IO49PPB2V1
L21	IO47NDB2V1
L22	IO47PDB2V1
M1	NC
M2	IO114NPB6V1

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
M3	IO117NDB6V1
M4	GFA2/IO117PDB6V1
M5	GFA1/IO118PDB6V1
M6	VCCPLF
M7	IO116NDB6V1
M8	GFB2/IO116PDB6V1
M9	VCC
M10	GND
M11	GND
M12	GND
M13	GND
M14	VCC
M15	GCB2/IO54PPB3V0
M16	GCA1/IO52PPB3V0
M17	GCC2/IO55PPB3V0
M18	VCCPLC
M19	GCA2/IO53PDB3V0
M20	IO53NDB3V0
M21	IO56PDB3V0
M22	NC
N1	IO114PPB6V1
N2	IO111NDB6V1
N3	NC
N4	GFC2/IO115PPB6V1
N5	IO113PPB6V1
N6	IO112PDB6V1
N7	IO112NDB6V1
N8	VCCIB6
N9	VCC
N10	GND
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	VCC
N15	VCCIB3
N16	IO54NPB3V0



FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
C21	NC
C22	VCCIB2
D1	NC
D2	NC
D3	NC
D4	GND
D5	GAA0/IO00NDB0V0
D6	GAA1/IO00PDB0V0
D7	GAB0/IO01NDB0V0
D8	IO09PDB0V1
D9	IO13PDB0V1
D10	IO21PDB0V2
D11	IO31NDB0V3
D12	IO37NDB1V0
D13	IO37PDB1V0
D14	IO49NDB1V2
D15	IO49PDB1V2
D16	GBB1/IO56PDB1V3
D17	GBA0/IO57NDB1V3
D18	GBA1/IO57PDB1V3
D19	GND
D20	NC
D21	IO69PDB2V1
D22	NC
E1	NC
E2	IO218PPB7V3
E3	GND
E4	GAB2/IO220PDB7V3
E5	GAA2/IO221PDB7V3
E6	GNDQ
E7	GAB1/IO01PDB0V0
E8	IO09NDB0V1
E9	IO13NDB0V1
E10	IO21NDB0V2
E11	IO31PDB0V3
E12	IO35NDB1V0

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
E13	IO41NDB1V1
E14	IO41PDB1V1
E15	GBC1/IO55PDB1V3
E16	GBB0/IO56NDB1V3
E17	GNDQ
E18	GBA2/IO58PDB2V0
E19	IO63NDB2V0
E20	GND
E21	IO69NDB2V1
E22	NC
F1	IO218NPB7V3
F2	IO216NDB7V3
F3	IO216PDB7V3
F4	IO220NDB7V3
F5	IO221NDB7V3
F6	VMV7
F7	VCCPLA
F8	GAC0/IO02NDB0V0
F9	GAC1/IO02PDB0V0
F10	IO23NDB0V2
F11	IO23PDB0V2
F12	IO35PDB1V0
F13	IO39NDB1V0
F14	IO45PDB1V1
F15	GBC0/IO55NDB1V3
F16	VCCPLB
F17	VMV2
F18	IO58NDB2V0
F19	IO63PDB2V0
F20	NC
F21	NC
F22	NC
G1	IO211NDB7V2
G2	IO211PDB7V2
G3	NC
G4	IO214PDB7V3

FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
G5	IO217PDB7V3
G6	GAC2/IO219PDB7V3
G7	VCOMPLA
G8	GNDQ
G9	IO19NDB0V2
G10	IO19PDB0V2
G11	IO25PDB0V3
G12	IO33PDB1V0
G13	IO39PDB1V0
G14	IO45NDB1V1
G15	GNDQ
G16	VCOMPLB
G17	GBB2/IO59PDB2V0
G18	IO62PDB2V0
G19	IO62NDB2V0
G20	IO71PDB2V2
G21	IO71NDB2V2
G22	NC
H1	IO209PSB7V2
H2	NC
H3	VCC
H4	IO214NDB7V3
H5	IO217NDB7V3
H6	IO219NDB7V3
H7	IO215PDB7V3
H8	VMV0
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCCIB0
H11	IO25NDB0V3
H12	IO33NDB1V0
H13	VCCIB1
H14	VCCIB1
H15	VMV1
H16	GBC2/IO60PDB2V0
H17	IO59NDB2V0
H18	IO67NDB2V1

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
AD5	IO162PDB5V3
AD6	IO160NDB5V3
AD7	IO161NDB5V3
AD8	IO154NDB5V2
AD9	IO148PDB5V1
AD10	IO151PDB5V2
AD11	IO144PDB5V1
AD12	IO140PDB5V0
AD13	IO143PDB5V1
AD14	IO141PDB5V0
AD15	IO134PDB4V2
AD16	IO133PDB4V2
AD17	IO127PDB4V2
AD18	IO130PDB4V2
AD19	IO126PDB4V1
AD20	IO124PDB4V1
AD21	IO120PDB4V1
AD22	IO114NPB4V0
AD23	TDI
AD24	GNDQ
AD25	GDA0/IO110NDB3V2
AD26	GDA1/IO110PDB3V2
AE1	GND
AE2	GND
AE3	GND
AE4	IO164NDB5V3
AE5	IO162NDB5V3
AE6	IO158PPB5V2
AE7	IO157PPB5V2
AE8	IO152PPB5V2
AE9	IO148NDB5V1
AE10	IO151NDB5V2
AE11	IO144NDB5V1
AE12	IO140NDB5V0
AE13	IO143NDB5V1
AE14	IO141NDB5V0

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
AE15	IO134NDB4V2
AE16	IO133NDB4V2
AE17	IO127NDB4V2
AE18	IO130NDB4V2
AE19	IO126NDB4V1
AE20	IO124NDB4V1
AE21	IO120NDB4V1
AE22	IO116PDB4V0
AE23	GDC2/IO113PDB4V0
AE24	GDA2/IO111PDB4V0
AE25	GND
AE26	GND
AF1	GND
AF2	GND
AF3	GND
AF4	GND
AF5	IO158NPB5V2
AF6	IO157NPB5V2
AF7	IO152NPB5V2
AF8	IO146NDB5V1
AF9	IO146PDB5V1
AF10	IO149NDB5V1
AF11	IO149PDB5V1
AF12	IO145NDB5V1
AF13	IO145PDB5V1
AF14	IO136NDB5V0
AF15	IO136PDB5V0
AF16	IO131NDB4V2
AF17	IO131PDB4V2
AF18	IO128NDB4V2
AF19	IO128PDB4V2
AF20	IO122NDB4V1
AF21	IO122PDB4V1
AF22	IO116NDB4V0
AF23	IO113NDB4V0
AF24	IO111NDB4V0

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
AF25	GND
AF26	GND
B1	GND
B2	GND
B3	GND
B4	GND
B5	IO06PDB0V0
B6	IO04NDB0V0
B7	IO07NDB0V0
B8	IO11NDB0V1
B9	IO10NDB0V1
B10	IO16NDB0V2
B11	IO20NDB0V2
B12	IO24NDB0V3
B13	IO23NDB0V2
B14	IO28NDB0V3
B15	IO31NDB0V3
B16	IO32PDB1V0
B17	IO36PDB1V0
B18	IO37PDB1V0
B19	IO42NPB1V1
B20	IO41NDB1V1
B21	IO44NDB1V1
B22	IO49NDB1V2
B23	IO50NDB1V2
B24	GBC0/IO55NDB1V3
B25	GND
B26	GND
C1	GND
C2	GND
C3	GND
C4	GND
C5	GAA2/IO221PDB7V3
C6	IO04PDB0V0
C7	IO07PDB0V0
C8	IO11PDB0V1

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
C9	IO10PDB0V1
C10	IO16PDB0V2
C11	IO20PDB0V2
C12	IO24PDB0V3
C13	IO23PDB0V2
C14	IO28PDB0V3
C15	IO31PDB0V3
C16	IO32NDB1V0
C17	IO36NDB1V0
C18	IO37NDB1V0
C19	IO45NDB1V1
C20	IO42PPB1V1
C21	IO46NPB1V1
C22	IO48NPB1V2
C23	GBB0/IO56NPB1V3
C24	VMV1
C25	GBC2/IO60PDB2V0
C26	IO60NDB2V0
D1	IO218NDB7V3
D2	IO218PDB7V3
D3	GND
D4	VMV7
D5	IO221NDB7V3
D6	GAC0/IO02NDB0V0
D7	GAC1/IO02PDB0V0
D8	IO05NDB0V0
D9	IO08PDB0V1
D10	IO12NDB0V1
D11	IO18NDB0V2
D12	IO17NDB0V2
D13	IO25NDB0V3
D14	IO29NDB0V3
D15	IO33NDB1V0
D16	IO40PDB1V1
D17	IO43NDB1V1
D18	IO47PDB1V1

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
D19	IO45PDB1V1
D20	IO46PPB1V1
D21	IO48PPB1V2
D22	GBA0/IO57NPB1V3
D23	GNDQ
D24	GBB1/IO56PPB1V3
D25	GBB2/IO59PDB2V0
D26	IO59NDB2V0
E1	IO212PDB7V2
E2	IO211NDB7V2
E3	IO211PDB7V2
E4	IO220NPB7V3
E5	GNDQ
E6	GAB2/IO220PPB7V3
E7	GAB1/IO01PDB0V0
E8	IO05PDB0V0
E9	IO08NDB0V1
E10	IO12PDB0V1
E11	IO18PDB0V2
E12	IO17PDB0V2
E13	IO25PDB0V3
E14	IO29PDB0V3
E15	IO33PDB1V0
E16	IO40NDB1V1
E17	IO43PDB1V1
E18	IO47NDB1V1
E19	IO54NDB1V3
E20	IO52NDB1V2
E21	IO52PDB1V2
E22	VCCPLB
E23	GBA1/IO57PPB1V3
E24	IO63PDB2V0
E25	IO63NDB2V0
E26	IO68PDB2V1
F1	IO212NDB7V2
F2	IO203PPB7V1

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
F3	IO213NDB7V2
F4	IO213PDB7V2
F5	GND
F6	VCCPLA
F7	GAB0/IO01NDB0V0
F8	GNDQ
F9	IO03PDB0V0
F10	IO13PDB0V1
F11	IO15PDB0V1
F12	IO19PDB0V2
F13	IO21PDB0V2
F14	IO27NDB0V3
F15	IO35PDB1V0
F16	IO39NDB1V0
F17	IO51PDB1V2
F18	IO53PDB1V2
F19	IO54PDB1V3
F20	VMV2
F21	VCOMPLB
F22	IO61PDB2V0
F23	IO61NDB2V0
F24	IO66PDB2V1
F25	IO66NDB2V1
F26	IO68NDB2V1
G1	IO203NPB7V1
G2	IO207NDB7V2
G3	IO207PDB7V2
G4	IO216NDB7V3
G5	IO216PDB7V3
G6	VCOMPLA
G7	VMV0
G8	VCC
G9	IO03NDB0V0
G10	IO13NDB0V1
G11	IO15NDB0V1
G12	IO19NDB0V2

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
L17	GND
L18	VCC
L19	VCCIB2
L20	IO67PDB2V1
L21	IO67NDB2V1
L22	IO71PDB2V2
L23	IO71NDB2V2
L24	GNDQ
L25	IO82PDB2V3
L26	IO84NDB2V3
M1	IO198NPB7V0
M2	IO202PDB7V1
M3	IO202NDB7V1
M4	IO206NDB7V1
M5	IO206PDB7V1
M6	IO204NDB7V1
M7	IO204PDB7V1
M8	VCCIB7
M9	VCC
M10	GND
M11	GND
M12	GND
M13	GND
M14	GND
M15	GND
M16	GND
M17	GND
M18	VCC
M19	VCCIB2
M20	IO73NDB2V2
M21	IO73PDB2V2
M22	IO81PPB2V3
M23	IO77PDB2V2
M24	IO77NDB2V2
M25	IO82NDB2V3
M26	IO83PDB2V3

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
N1	GFB0/IO191NPB7V0
N2	VCOMPLF
N3	GFB1/IO191PPB7V0
N4	IO196PDB7V0
N5	GFA0/IO190NDB6V2
N6	IO200PDB7V1
N7	IO200NDB7V1
N8	VCCIB7
N9	VCC
N10	GND
N11	GND
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	GND
N15	GND
N16	GND
N17	GND
N18	VCC
N19	VCCIB2
N20	IO79PDB2V3
N21	IO79NDB2V3
N22	GCA2/IO88PPB3V0
N23	IO81NPB2V3
N24	GCA0/IO87NDB3V0
N25	GCB0/IO86NPB2V3
N26	IO83NDB2V3
P1	GFA2/IO189PDB6V2
P2	VCCPLF
P3	IO193PPB7V0
P4	IO196NDB7V0
P5	GFA1/IO190PDB6V2
P6	IO194PDB7V0
P7	IO194NDB7V0
P8	VCCIB6
P9	VCC
P10	GND

FG676	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
P11	GND
P12	GND
P13	GND
P14	GND
P15	GND
P16	GND
P17	GND
P18	VCC
P19	VCCIB3
P20	GCC0/IO85NDB2V3
P21	GCC1/IO85PDB2V3
P22	GCB1/IO86PPB2V3
P23	IO88NPB3V0
P24	GCA1/IO87PDB3V0
P25	VCCPLC
P26	VCOMPLC
R1	IO189NDB6V2
R2	IO185PDB6V2
R3	IO187NPB6V2
R4	IO193NPB7V0
R5	GFC2/IO187PPB6V2
R6	GFC1/IO192PDB7V0
R7	GFC0/IO192NDB7V0
R8	VCCIB6
R9	VCC
R10	GND
R11	GND
R12	GND
R13	GND
R14	GND
R15	GND
R16	GND
R17	GND
R18	VCC
R19	VCCIB3
R20	NC

<b>FG676</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A3PE1500 Function</b>
W25	IO96PDB3V1
W26	IO94NDB3V0
Y1	IO175NDB6V1
Y2	IO175PDB6V1
Y3	IO173NDB6V0
Y4	IO173PDB6V0
Y5	GEC1/IO169PPB6V0
Y6	GNDQ
Y7	VMV6
Y8	VCCIB5
Y9	IO163NDB5V3
Y10	IO159PDB5V3
Y11	IO153PDB5V2
Y12	IO147PDB5V1
Y13	IO139PDB5V0
Y14	IO137PDB5V0
Y15	IO125NDB4V1
Y16	IO125PDB4V1
Y17	IO115NDB4V0
Y18	IO115PDB4V0
Y19	VCC
Y20	VPUMP
Y21	VCOMPLD
Y22	VCCPLD
Y23	IO100NDB3V1
Y24	IO100PDB3V1
Y25	IO96NDB3V1
Y26	IO98PDB3V1

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
AK28	GND
AK29	GND
B1	GND
B2	GND
B3	GAA2/IO309PPB7V4
B4	VCC
B5	IO14PPB0V1
B6	VCC
B7	IO07PPB0V0
B8	IO09PDB0V1
B9	IO15PPB0V1
B10	IO19NDB0V2
B11	IO19PDB0V2
B12	IO29NDB0V3
B13	IO29PDB0V3
B14	IO31PPB0V3
B15	IO37NDB0V4
B16	IO37PDB0V4
B17	IO41PDB1V0
B18	IO51NDB1V1
B19	IO59PDB1V2
B20	IO53PDB1V1
B21	IO53NDB1V1
B22	IO61NDB1V2
B23	IO61PDB1V2
B24	IO69NPB1V3
B25	VCC
B26	GBC0/IO79NPB1V4
B27	VCC
B28	IO64NPB1V2
B29	GND
B30	GND
C1	GND
C2	IO309NPB7V4
C3	VCC
C4	GAA0/IO00NPB0V0

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
C5	VCCIB0
C6	IO03PDB0V0
C7	IO03NDB0V0
C8	GAB1/IO01PDB0V0
C9	IO05PDB0V0
C10	IO15NPB0V1
C11	IO25NDB0V3
C12	IO25PDB0V3
C13	IO31NPB0V3
C14	IO27NDB0V3
C15	IO39NDB0V4
C16	IO39PDB0V4
C17	IO55PPB1V1
C18	IO51PDB1V1
C19	IO59NDB1V2
C20	IO63NDB1V2
C21	IO63PDB1V2
C22	IO67NDB1V3
C23	IO67PDB1V3
C24	IO75NDB1V4
C25	IO75PDB1V4
C26	VCCIB1
C27	IO64PPB1V2
C28	VCC
C29	GBA1/IO81PPB1V4
C30	GND
D1	IO303PPB7V3
D2	VCC
D3	IO305NPB7V3
D4	GND
D5	GAA1/IO00PPB0V0
D6	GAC1/IO02PDB0V0
D7	IO06NPB0V0
D8	GAB0/IO01NDB0V0
D9	IO05NDB0V0
D10	IO11NDB0V1

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
D11	IO11PDB0V1
D12	IO23NDB0V2
D13	IO23PDB0V2
D14	IO27PDB0V3
D15	IO40PDB0V4
D16	IO47NDB1V0
D17	IO47PDB1V0
D18	IO55NPB1V1
D19	IO65NDB1V3
D20	IO65PDB1V3
D21	IO71NDB1V3
D22	IO71PDB1V3
D23	IO73NDB1V4
D24	IO73PDB1V4
D25	IO74NDB1V4
D26	GGB0/IO80NPB1V4
D27	GND
D28	GBA0/IO81NPB1V4
D29	VCC
D30	GBA2/IO82PPB2V0
E1	GND
E2	IO303NPB7V3
E3	VCCIB7
E4	IO305PPB7V3
E5	VCC
E6	GAC0/IO02NDB0V0
E7	VCCIB0
E8	IO06PPB0V0
E9	IO24NDB0V2
E10	IO24PDB0V2
E11	IO13NDB0V1
E12	IO13PDB0V1
E13	IO34NDB0V4
E14	IO34PDB0V4
E15	IO40NDB0V4
E16	IO49NDB1V1

## 5 – Datasheet Information

### List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in each revision of the ProASIC3E datasheet.

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 15 (June 2015)	Updated "ProASIC3E Ordering Information". Interchanged the positions of Y-Security Feature and I- Application (Temperature Range) (SAR 67296). Added Note "Only devices with package size greater than or equal to 5x5 are supported". Updated Commercial and Industrial Junction Temperatures (SAR 67588).	1-III
	Added the A3PE3000 package to Table 2-5 (SARs 52320 and 58737).	2-5
	Updated "VCCIBx I/O Supply Voltage" (SAR 43323).	3-1
Revision 14 (May 2014)	Added 2 mA and 6 mA I/O short currents values in "I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL" (SAR 56295).	2-22
	Added 2 mA and 6 mA minimum and maximum DC input and output levels in "Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels"(SAR 56295).	2-24
	Added 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew Commercial-Case Conditions for 2 mA and 6 mA in "3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew" (SAR 56295).	2-25
	Added 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew Commercial-Case Conditions for 2 mA and 6 mA in "3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew" (SAR 56295).	2-25
Revision 13 (January 2013)	In the "Features and Benefits" section, updated the Clock Conditioning Circuit (CCC) and PLL Wide Input Frequency Range from '1.5 MHz to 200 MHz' to '1.5MHz to 350 MHz' based on Table 2-98 (SAR 22196).	1-I
	The "ProASIC3E Ordering Information" section has been updated to mention "Y" as "Blank" mentioning "Device Does Not Include License to Implement IP Based on the Cryptography Research, Inc. (CRI) Patent Portfolio" (SAR 43220).	1-III
	Added a note to "Recommended Operating Conditions <sup>1</sup> " table (SAR 42716): The programming temperature range supported is T <sub>ambient</sub> = 0°C to 85°C.	2-2
	The note in "ProASIC3E CCC/PLL Specification" table referring the reader to SmartGen was revised to refer instead to the online help associated with the core (SAR 42571).	2-70
	Libero Integrated Design Environment (IDE) was changed to Libero System-on-Chip (SoC) throughout the document (SAR 40285).	NA
	Live at Power-Up (LAPU) has been replaced with 'Instant On'.	
Revision 12 (September 2012)	The "Security" section was modified to clarify that Microsemi does not support read-back of programmed data.	1-1

Revision	Changes	Page
<b>Revision 3 (Apr 2008)</b> Packaging v1.2	The following pins had duplicates and the extra pins were deleted from the "PQ208" A3PE3000 table: 36, 62, 171 Note: There were no pin function changes in this update.	4-2
	The following pins had duplicates and the extra pins were deleted from the "FG324" table: E2, E3, E16, E17, P2, P3, T16, U17 Note: There were no pin function changes in this update.	4-12
	The "FG256" pin table was updated for the A3PE600 device because the old PAT were based on the IFX die, and this is the final UMC die version.	4-9
	The "FG484" was updated for the A3PE600 device because the old PAT were based on the IFX die, and this is the final UMC die version.	4-22
	The following pins had duplicates and the extra pins were deleted from the "FG896" table: AD6, AE5, AE28, AF29, F5, F26, G6, G25 Note: There were no pin function changes in this update.	4-41
<b>Revision 2 (Mar 2008)</b> Product Brief rev. 1	The FG324 package was added to the "ProASIC3E Product Family" table, the "I/Os Per Package1" table, and the "Temperature Grade Offerings" table for A3PE3000.	I, II, IV
<b>Revision 1 (Feb 2008)</b> DC and Switching Characteristics v1.1	In Table 2-3 • Flash Programming Limits – Retention, Storage and Operating Temperature 1, Maximum Operating Junction Temperature was changed from 110°C to 100°C for both commercial and industrial grades.	2
	The "PLL Behavior at Brownout Condition" section is new.	2-4
	In the "PLL Contribution—PPLL" section, the following was deleted: FCLKIN is the input clock frequency.	2-10
	In Table 2-14 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input Levels, the note was incorrect. It previously said $T_J$ and it was corrected and changed to $T_A$ .	2-17
	In Table 2-98 • ProASIC3E CCC/PLL Specification, the SCLK parameter and note 1 are new.	2-70
	Table 2-103 • JTAG 1532 was populated with the parameter data, which was not in the previous version of the document.	2-83
<b>Revision 1 (cont'd)</b> Packaging v1.1	The "PQ208" pin table for A3PE3000 was updated.	4-2
	The "FG324" pin table for A3PE3000 is new.	4-13
	The "FG484" pin table for A3PE3000 is new.	4-17
	The "FG896" pin table for A3PE3000 is new.	4-41
<b>Revision 0 (Jan 2008)</b>	This document was previously in datasheet v2.1. As a result of moving to the handbook format, Actel has restarted the version numbers. The new version number is 51700098-001-0.	N/A
v2.1 (July 2007)	CoreMP7 information was removed from the "Features and Benefits" section.	1-I
	The M1 device part numbers have been updated in ProASIC3E Product Family, "Packaging Tables", "Temperature Grade Offerings", "Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix", and "Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix".	1-I



Revision	Changes	Page
Advance v0.5 (continued)	The "I/O User Input/Output" pin description was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is unused.	2-50
	The "JTAG Pins" section was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is unused.	2-51
	The "Programming" section was updated to include information concerning serialization.	2-53
	The "JTAG 1532" section was updated to include SAMPLE/PRELOAD information.	2-54
	The "DC and Switching Characteristics" chapter was updated with new information.	Starting on page 3-1
	Table 3-6 was updated.	3-5
	In Table 3-10, PAC4 was updated.	3-8
	Table 3-19 was updated.	3-20
	The note in Table 3-24 was updated.	3-23
	All Timing Characteristics tables were updated from LVTTTL to Register Delays	3-26 to 3-64
	The Timing Characteristics for RAM4K9, RAM512X18, and FIFO were updated.	3-74 to 3-79
	F <sub>TCKMAX</sub> was updated in Table 3-98.	3-80
Advance v0.4 (October 2005)	The "Packaging Tables" table was updated.	ii
Advance v0.3	Figure 2-11 was updated.	2-9
	The "Clock Resources (VersaNets)" section was updated.	2-9
	The "VersaNet Global Networks and Spine Access" section was updated.	2-9
	The "PLL Macro" section was updated.	2-15
	Figure 2-27 was updated.	2-28
	Figure 2-20 was updated.	2-19
	Table 2-5 was updated.	2-25
	Table 2-6 was updated.	2-25
	The "FIFO Flag Usage Considerations" section was updated.	2-27
	Table 2-33 was updated.	2-51
	Figure 2-24 was updated.	2-31
	The "Cold-Sparing Support" section is new.	2-34
	Table 2-45 was updated.	2-64
	Table 2-48 was updated.	2-81
	Pin descriptions in the "JTAG Pins" section were updated.	2-51
	The "Pin Descriptions" section was updated.	2-50
	Table 3-7 was updated.	3-6