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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	276480
Number of I/O	280
Number of Gates	1500000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FPBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m1a3pe1500-1fg484i

ProASIC3E Ordering Information

A3PE3000	-	1	FG	G	896	I	Y	
								
							Security Feature	
							Y = Device Includes License to Implement IP Based on the Cryptography Research, Inc. (CRI) Patent Portfolio	
							Note: Only devices with packages greater than or equal to 5x5 are supported	
							Blank = Device Does Not Include License to Implement IP Based on the Cryptography Research, Inc. (CRI) Patent Portfolio	
							Application (Temperature Range)	
							Blank = Commercial (0°C to +85°C Junction Temperature)	
							I = Industrial (-40°C to +100°C Junction Temperature)	
							PP = Pre-Production	
							ES = Engineering Sample (Room Temperature Only)	
							Package Lead Count	
							Lead-Free Packaging	
							Blank = Standard Packaging	
							G = RoHS-Compliant (Green) Packaging	
							Package Type	
							PQ = Plastic Quad Flat Pack (0.5 mm pitch)	
							FG = Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (1.0 mm pitch)	
							Speed Grade	
							1 = 15% Faster than Standard	
							2 = 25% Faster than Standard	
							Part Number	

ProASIC3E Devices

A3PE600 = 600,000 System Gates

A3PE1500 = 1,500,000 System Gates

A3PE3000 = 3,000,000 System Gates

ProASIC3E Devices with Cortex-M1

M1A3PE1500 = 1,500,000 System Gates

M1A3PE3000 = 3,000,000 System Gates

Thermal Characteristics

Introduction

The temperature variable in Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient temperature. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption cause the chip junction to be higher than the ambient temperature.

EQ 1 can be used to calculate junction temperature.

$$T_J = \text{Junction Temperature} = \Delta T + T_A$$

EQ 1

where:

T_A = Ambient Temperature

ΔT = Temperature gradient between junction (silicon) and ambient $\Delta T = \theta_{ja} * P$

θ_{ja} = Junction-to-ambient of the package. θ_{ja} numbers are located in [Table 2-5](#).

P = Power dissipation

Package Thermal Characteristics

The device junction-to-case thermal resistivity is θ_{jc} and the junction-to-ambient air thermal resistivity is θ_{ja} . The thermal characteristics for θ_{ja} are shown for two air flow rates. The absolute maximum junction temperature is 110°C. **EQ 2** shows a sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for an 896-pin FBGA package at commercial temperature and in still air.

$$\text{Maximum Power Allowed} = \frac{\text{Max. junction temp. } (\text{°C}) - \text{Max. ambient temp. } (\text{°C})}{\theta_{ja} (\text{°C/W})} = \frac{110\text{°C} - 70\text{°C}}{13.6\text{°C/W}} = 5.88 \text{ W}$$

EQ 2

Table 2-5 • Package Thermal Resistivities

Package Type	Pin Count	θ_{jc}	θ_{ja}			Units
			Still Air	200 ft./min.	500 ft./min.	
Plastic Quad Flat Package (PQFP)	208	8.0	26.1	22.5	20.8	C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Package (PQFP) with embedded heat spreader in A3PE3000	208	3.8	16.2	13.3	11.9	C/W
Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA)	256	3.8	26.9	22.8	21.5	C/W
	484	3.2	20.5	17.0	15.9	C/W
	676	3.2	16.4	13.0	12.0	C/W
	896	2.4	13.6	10.4	9.4	C/W

Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

**Table 2-6 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Timing Delays
(normalized to $T_J = 70\text{°C}$, $VCC = 1.425 \text{ V}$)**

Array Voltage VCC (V)	Junction Temperature (°C)					
	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	100°C
1.425	0.87	0.92	0.95	1.00	1.02	1.04
1.500	0.83	0.88	0.90	0.95	0.97	0.98
1.575	0.80	0.85	0.87	0.92	0.93	0.95

Table 2-9 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings (continued)
(continued)¹

	C _{LOAD} (pF)	VCCI (V)	Static Power PDC3 (mW) ²	Dynamic Power PAC10 (μW/MHz) ³
SSTL3 (I)	30	3.3	26.02	114.87
SSTL3 (II)	30	3.3	42.21	131.76
Differential				
LVDS/B-LVDS/M-LVDS	–	2.5	7.70	89.62
LVPECL	–	3.3	19.42	168.02
<i>Notes:</i>				
1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.				
2. PDC3 is the static power (where applicable) measured on VCCI.				
3. PAC10 is the total dynamic power measured on VCC and VCCI.				
4. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.				

Power Consumption of Various Internal Resources

Table 2-10 • Different Components Contributing to the Dynamic Power Consumption in ProASIC3E Devices

Parameter	Definition	Device-Specific Dynamic Contributions (μW/MHz)		
		A3PE600	A3PE1500	A3PE3000
PAC1	Clock contribution of a Global Rib	12.77	16.21	19.7
PAC2	Clock contribution of a Global Spine	1.85	3.06	4.16
PAC3	Clock contribution of a VersaTile row		0.88	
PAC4	Clock contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module		0.12	
PAC5	First contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module		0.07	
PAC6	Second contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module		0.29	
PAC7	Contribution of a VersaTile used as a combinatorial module		0.29	
PAC8	Average contribution of a routing net		0.70	
PAC9	Contribution of an I/O input pin (standard-dependent)		See Table 2-8 on page 2-6.	
PAC10	Contribution of an I/O output pin (standard-dependent)		See Table 2-9 on page 2-7	
PAC11	Average contribution of a RAM block during a read operation		25.00	
PAC12	Average contribution of a RAM block during a write operation		30.00	
PAC13	Static PLL contribution		2.55 mW	
PAC14	Dynamic contribution for PLL		2.60	

Note: For a different output load, drive strength, or slew rate, Microsemi recommends using the Microsemi power calculator or SmartPower in Libero SoC.

Combinatorial Cells Contribution— $P_{C\text{-CELL}}$

$$P_{C\text{-CELL}} = N_{C\text{-CELL}} * \alpha_1 / 2 * PAC7 * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{C\text{-CELL}}$ is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-11](#) on page 2-11.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

Routing Net Contribution— P_{NET}

$$P_{NET} = (N_{S\text{-CELL}} + N_{C\text{-CELL}}) * \alpha_1 / 2 * PAC8 * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{S\text{-CELL}}$ is the number of VersaTiles used as sequential modules in the design.

$N_{C\text{-CELL}}$ is the number of VersaTiles used as combinatorial modules in the design.

α_1 is the toggle rate of VersaTile outputs—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-11](#) on page 2-11.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

I/O Input Buffer Contribution— P_{INPUTS}

$$P_{INPUTS} = N_{INPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * PAC9 * F_{CLK}$$

N_{INPUTS} is the number of I/O input buffers used in the design.

α_2 is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-11](#) on page 2-11.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

I/O Output Buffer Contribution— $P_{OUTPUTS}$

$$P_{OUTPUTS} = N_{OUTPUTS} * \alpha_2 / 2 * \beta_1 * PAC10 * F_{CLK}$$

$N_{OUTPUTS}$ is the number of I/O output buffers used in the design.

α_2 is the I/O buffer toggle rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-11](#) on page 2-11.

β_1 is the I/O buffer enable rate—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-12](#) on page 2-11.

F_{CLK} is the global clock signal frequency.

RAM Contribution— P_{MEMORY}

$$P_{MEMORY} = PAC11 * N_{BLOCKS} * F_{READ-CLOCK} * \beta_2 + PAC12 * N_{BLOCK} * F_{WRITE-CLOCK} * \beta_3$$

N_{BLOCKS} is the number of RAM blocks used in the design.

$F_{READ-CLOCK}$ is the memory read clock frequency.

β_2 is the RAM enable rate for read operations—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-12](#) on page 2-11.

$F_{WRITE-CLOCK}$ is the memory write clock frequency.

β_3 is the RAM enable rate for write operations—guidelines are provided in [Table 2-12](#) on page 2-11.

PLL Contribution— P_{PLL}

$$P_{PLL} = PAC13 + PAC14 * F_{CLKOUT}$$

F_{CLKOUT} is the output clock frequency.¹

1. The PLL dynamic contribution depends on the input clock frequency, the number of output clock signals generated by the PLL, and the frequency of each output clock. If a PLL is used to generate more than one output clock, include each output clock in the formula by adding its corresponding contribution ($PAC14 * F_{CLKOUT}$ product) to the total PLL contribution.

Guidelines

Toggle Rate Definition

A toggle rate defines the frequency of a net or logic element relative to a clock. It is a percentage. If the toggle rate of a net is 100%, this means that this net switches at half the clock frequency. Below are some examples:

- The average toggle rate of a shift register is 100% as all flip-flop outputs toggle at half of the clock frequency.
- The average toggle rate of an 8-bit counter is 25%:
 - Bit 0 (LSB) = 100%
 - Bit 1 = 50%
 - Bit 2 = 25%
 - ...
 - Bit 7 (MSB) = 0.78125%
 - Average toggle rate = $(100\% + 50\% + 25\% + 12.5\% + \dots + 0.78125\%) / 8$

Enable Rate Definition

Output enable rate is the average percentage of time during which tristate outputs are enabled. When nontristate output buffers are used, the enable rate should be 100%.

Table 2-11 • Toggle Rate Guidelines Recommended for Power Calculation

Component	Definition	Guideline
α_1	Toggle rate of VersaTile outputs	10%
α_2	I/O buffer toggle rate	10%

Table 2-12 • Enable Rate Guidelines Recommended for Power Calculation

Component	Definition	Guideline
β_1	I/O output buffer enable rate	100%
β_2	RAM enable rate for read operations	12.5%
β_3	RAM enable rate for write operations	12.5%

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-39 • 1.8 V LVC MOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	12.10	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	9.59	12.10	2.78	1.64	11.83	14.34	ns
	-1	0.56	10.30	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	8.16	10.30	2.37	1.39	10.06	12.20	ns
	-2	0.49	9.04	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	7.16	9.04	2.08	1.22	8.83	10.71	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	7.05	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	6.20	7.05	3.25	2.86	8.44	9.29	ns
	-1	0.56	6.00	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	5.28	6.00	2.76	2.44	7.18	7.90	ns
	-2	0.49	5.27	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	4.63	5.27	2.43	2.14	6.30	6.94	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	4.52	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	4.47	4.52	3.57	3.47	6.70	6.76	ns
	-1	0.56	3.85	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	3.80	3.85	3.04	2.95	5.70	5.75	ns
	-2	0.49	3.38	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	3.33	3.38	2.66	2.59	5.00	5.05	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	4.12	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	4.20	3.99	3.63	3.62	6.43	6.23	ns
	-1	0.56	3.51	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	3.57	3.40	3.09	3.08	5.47	5.30	ns
	-2	0.49	3.08	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	3.14	2.98	2.71	2.71	4.81	4.65	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	3.80	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	3.87	3.09	3.73	4.24	6.10	5.32	ns
	-1	0.56	3.23	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	3.29	2.63	3.18	3.60	5.19	4.53	ns
	-2	0.49	2.83	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	2.89	2.31	2.79	3.16	4.56	3.98	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	3.80	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	3.87	3.09	3.73	4.24	6.10	5.32	ns
	-1	0.56	3.23	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	3.29	2.63	3.18	3.60	5.19	4.53	ns
	-2	0.49	2.83	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	2.89	2.31	2.79	3.16	4.56	3.98	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.

Table 2-40 • 1.8 V LVC MOS Low SlewCommercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
2 mA	Std.	0.66	15.84	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	15.65	15.84	2.78	1.58	17.89	18.07	ns
	-1	0.56	13.47	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	13.31	13.47	2.37	1.35	15.22	15.37	ns
	-2	0.49	11.83	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	11.69	11.83	2.08	1.18	13.36	13.50	ns
4 mA	Std.	0.66	11.39	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	11.60	10.76	3.26	2.77	13.84	12.99	ns
	-1	0.56	9.69	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	9.87	9.15	2.77	2.36	11.77	11.05	ns
	-2	0.49	8.51	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	8.66	8.03	2.43	2.07	10.33	9.70	ns
6 mA	Std.	0.66	8.97	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	9.14	8.10	3.57	3.36	11.37	10.33	ns
	-1	0.56	7.63	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	7.77	6.89	3.04	2.86	9.67	8.79	ns
	-2	0.49	6.70	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	6.82	6.05	2.66	2.51	8.49	7.72	ns
8 mA	Std.	0.66	8.35	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	8.50	7.59	3.64	3.52	10.74	9.82	ns
	-1	0.56	7.10	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	7.23	6.45	3.10	3.00	9.14	8.35	ns
	-2	0.49	6.24	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	6.35	5.66	2.72	2.63	8.02	7.33	ns
12 mA	Std.	0.66	7.94	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	8.09	7.56	3.74	4.11	10.32	9.80	ns
	-1	0.56	6.75	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	6.88	6.43	3.18	3.49	8.78	8.33	ns
	-2	0.49	5.93	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	6.04	5.65	2.79	3.07	7.71	7.32	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	7.94	0.04	1.45	1.91	0.43	8.09	7.56	3.74	4.11	10.32	9.80	ns
	-1	0.56	6.75	0.04	1.23	1.62	0.36	6.88	6.43	3.18	3.49	8.78	8.33	ns
	-2	0.49	5.93	0.03	1.08	1.42	0.32	6.04	5.65	2.79	3.07	7.71	7.32	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)

Low-Voltage CMOS for 1.5 V is an extension of the LVCMOS standard (JESD8-5) used for general-purpose 1.5 V applications. It uses a 1.5 V input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Table 2-41 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

1.5 V LVCMOS	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μA ⁴	μA ⁴
2 mA	-0.3	0.30 * VCCI	0.7 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	2	2	16	13	10	10
4 mA	-0.3	0.30 * VCCI	0.7 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	4	4	33	25	10	10
6 mA	-0.3	0.30 * VCCI	0.7 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	6	6	39	32	10	10
8 mA	-0.3	0.30 * VCCI	0.7 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	8	8	55	66	10	10
12 mA	-0.3	0.30 * VCCI	0.7 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	12	12	55	66	10	10

Notes:

1. *IIL* is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where $-0.3 \text{ V} < \text{VIN} < \text{VIL}$.
2. *IIH* is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions $\text{VIH} < \text{VIN} < \text{VCCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
3. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

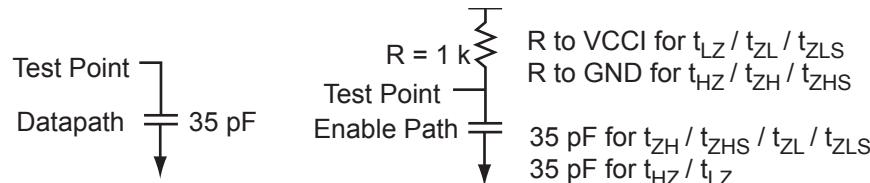


Figure 2-10 • AC Loading

Table 2-42 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	VREF (typ.) (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	1.5	0.75	-	35

Note: *Measuring point = V_{trip} . See [Table 2-15 on page 2-18](#) for a complete table of trip points.

Table 2-85 • Parameter Definition and Measuring Nodes

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*
t_{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	HH, DOUT
t_{OSUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
t_{OHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
t_{OSUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
t_{OHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
t_{OCLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Data Register	LL, DOUT
$t_{OREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
$t_{ORECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	HH, EOUT
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	II, EOUT
$t_{OEREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
$t_{OERECCCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
t_{ICLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	AA, EE
t_{ISUD}	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
t_{IHD}	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
t_{ISUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
t_{IHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
t_{ICLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Input Data Register	DD, EE
$t_{IREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA
$t_{IRECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA

Note: *See Figure 2-26 on page 2-55 for more information.

Output Enable Register

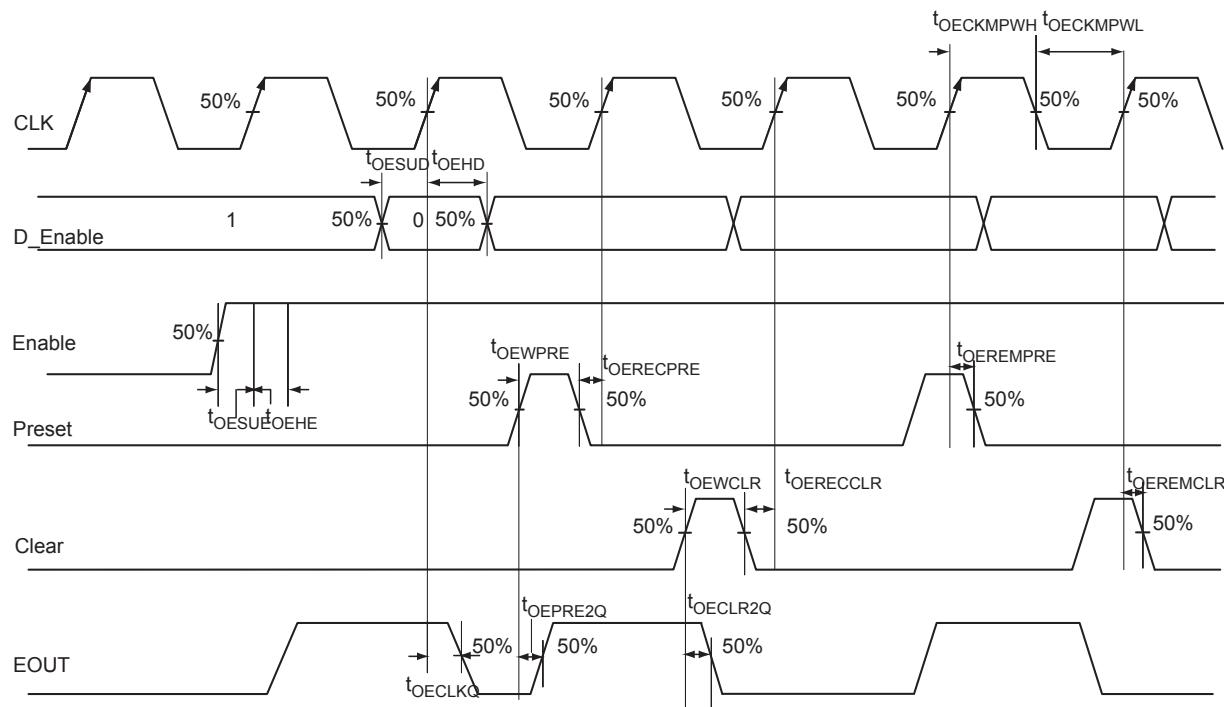


Figure 2-29 • Output Enable Register Timing Diagram

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-88 • Output Enable Register Propagation Delays
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t _{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	0.59	0.67	0.79	ns
t _{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	0.31	0.36	0.42	ns
t _{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t _{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	0.44	0.50	0.58	ns
t _{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t _{OECLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	0.67	0.76	0.89	ns
t _{OEPRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	0.67	0.76	0.89	ns
t _{OEREMCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t _{OERECCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t _{OEREMPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t _{OERECPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t _{OEWCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t _{OEWPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t _{OECKMPWH}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output Enable Register	0.36	0.41	0.48	ns
t _{OECKMPWL}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output Enable Register	0.32	0.37	0.43	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.

VersaTile Characteristics

VersaTile Specifications as a Combinatorial Module

The ProASIC3E library offers all combinations of LUT-3 combinatorial functions. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a sample of the library. For more details, refer to the *Fusion, IGLOO®/e, and ProASIC3/E Macro Library Guide*.

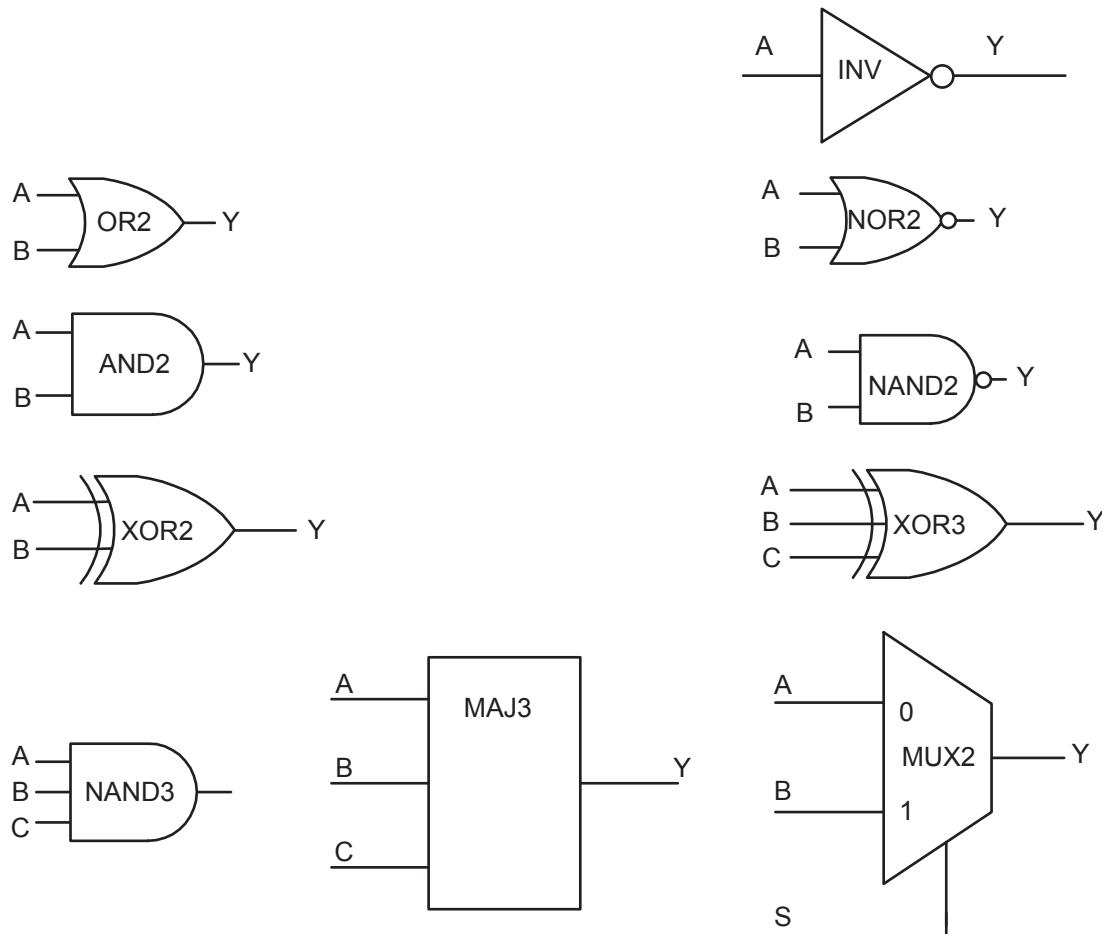


Figure 2-34 • Sample of Combinatorial Cells

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-93 • Combinatorial Cell Propagation Delays
 Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Combinatorial Cell	Equation	Parameter	-2	-1	Std.	Units
INV	$Y = !A$	t_{PD}	0.40	0.46	0.54	ns
AND2	$Y = A \cdot B$	t_{PD}	0.47	0.54	0.63	ns
NAND2	$Y = !(A \cdot B)$	t_{PD}	0.47	0.54	0.63	ns
OR2	$Y = A + B$	t_{PD}	0.49	0.55	0.65	ns
NOR2	$Y = !(A + B)$	t_{PD}	0.49	0.55	0.65	ns
XOR2	$Y = A \oplus B$	t_{PD}	0.74	0.84	0.99	ns
MAJ3	$Y = MAJ(A, B, C)$	t_{PD}	0.70	0.79	0.93	ns
XOR3	$Y = A \oplus B \oplus C$	t_{PD}	0.87	1.00	1.17	ns
MUX2	$Y = A IS + B S$	t_{PD}	0.51	0.58	0.68	ns
AND3	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C$	t_{PD}	0.56	0.64	0.75	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.

VersaTile Specifications as a Sequential Module

The ProASIC3E library offers a wide variety of sequential cells, including flip-flops and latches. Each has a data input and optional enable, clear, or preset. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a representative sample from the library. For more details, refer to the *Fusion, IGLOO/e, and ProASIC3/E Macro Library Guide*.

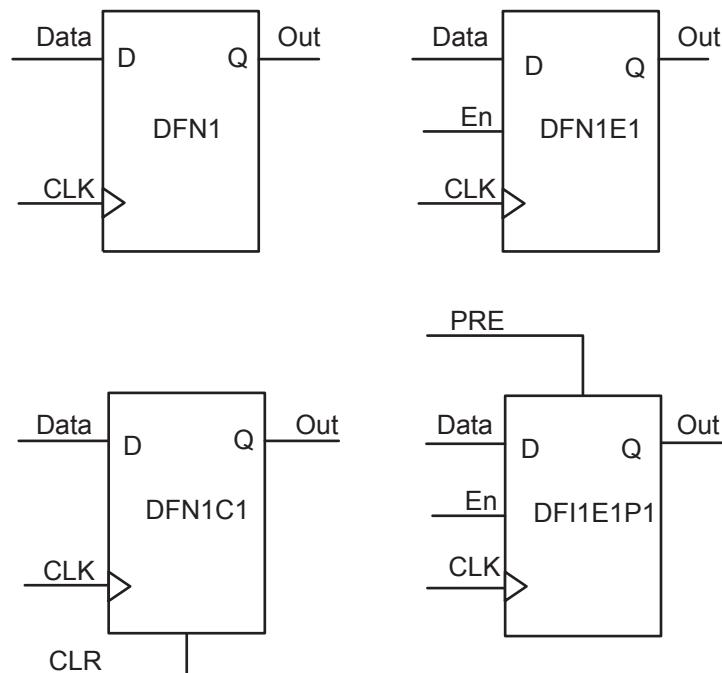


Figure 2-36 • Sample of Sequential Cells

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-101 • FIFO

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.425 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{ENS}	REN, WEN Setup Time	1.38	1.57	1.84	ns
t_{ENH}	REN, WEN Hold Time	0.02	0.02	0.02	ns
t_{BKS}	BLK Setup Time	0.19	0.22	0.26	ns
t_{BKH}	BLK Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{DS}	Input Data (WD) Setup Time	0.18	0.21	0.25	ns
t_{DH}	Input Data (WD) Hold Time	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
t_{CKQ1}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pass-through)	2.36	2.68	3.15	ns
t_{CKQ2}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pipelined)	0.89	1.02	1.20	ns
t_{RCKEF}	RCLK High to Empty Flag Valid	1.72	1.96	2.30	ns
t_{WCKFF}	WCLK High to Full Flag Valid	1.63	1.86	2.18	ns
t_{CKAF}	Clock High to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.19	7.05	8.29	ns
t_{RSTFG}	RESET Low to Empty/Full Flag Valid	1.69	1.93	2.27	ns
t_{RSTAFT}	RESET Low to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	6.13	6.98	8.20	ns
t_{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (pass-through)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
	RESET Low to Data Out Low on RD (pipelined)	0.92	1.05	1.23	ns
$t_{REMRSTB}$	RESET Removal	0.29	0.33	0.38	ns
$t_{RECRSTB}$	RESET Recovery	1.50	1.71	2.01	ns
$t_{MPWRSTB}$	RESET Minimum Pulse Width	0.21	0.24	0.29	ns
t_{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	3.23	3.68	4.32	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	310	272	231	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-5 for derating values.

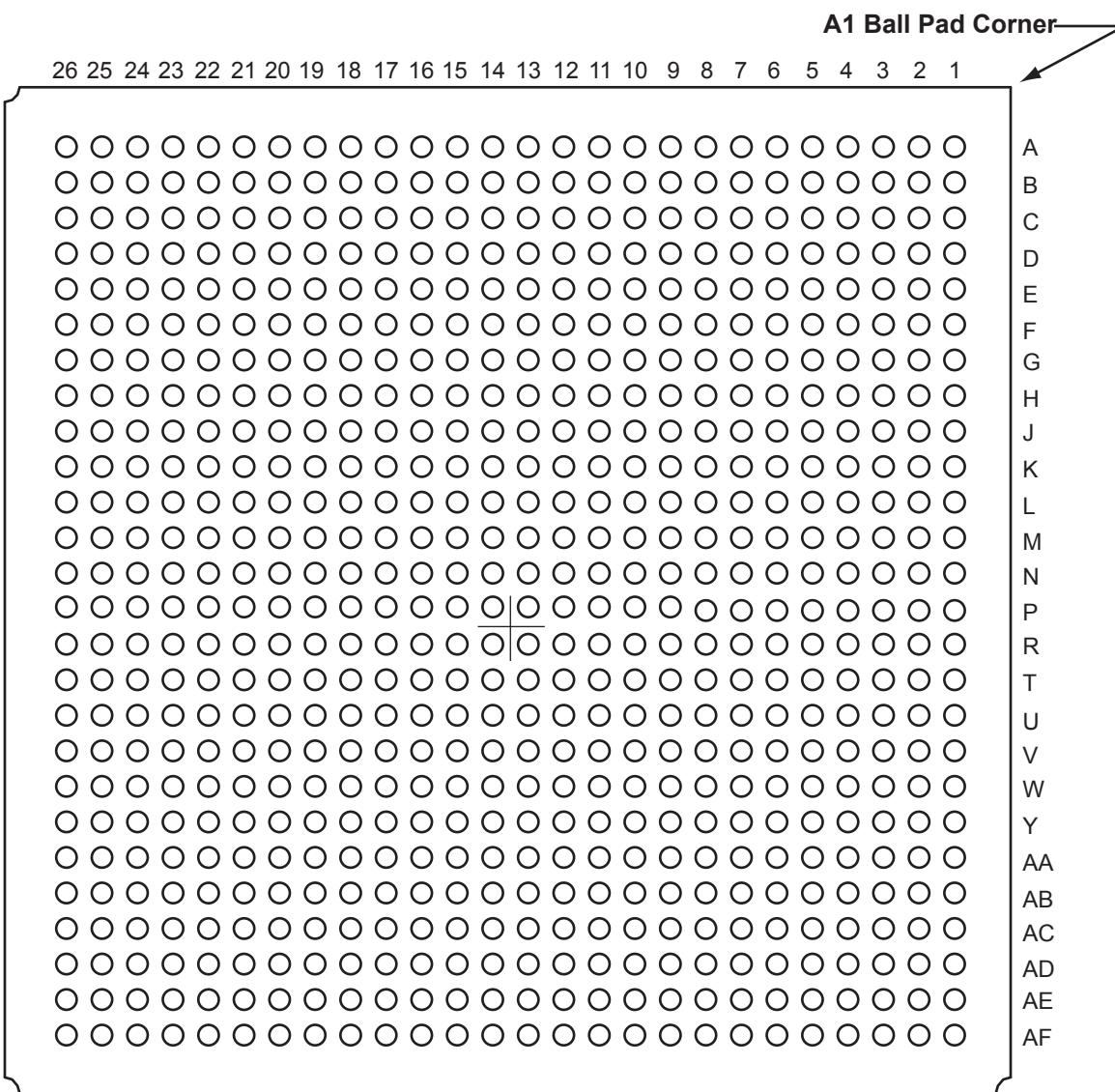
PQ208	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
1	GND
2	GNDQ
3	VMV7
4	GAB2/IO220PSB7V3
5	GAA2/IO221PDB7V3
6	IO221NDB7V3
7	GAC2/IO219PDB7V3
8	IO219NDB7V3
9	IO215PDB7V3
10	IO215NDB7V3
11	IO212PDB7V2
12	IO212NDB7V2
13	IO208PDB7V2
14	IO208NDB7V2
15	IO204PSB7V1
16	VCC
17	GND
18	VCCIB7
19	IO200PDB7V1
20	IO200NDB7V1
21	IO196PSB7V0
22	GFC1/IO192PSB7V0
23	GFB1/IO191PDB7V0
24	GFB0/IO191NDB7V0
25	VCOMPLF
26	GFA0/IO190NPB6V2
27	VCCPLF
28	GFA1/IO190PPB6V2
29	GND
30	GFA2/IO189PDB6V2
31	IO189NDB6V2
32	GFB2/IO188PPB6V2
33	GFC2/IO187PPB6V2
34	IO188NPB6V2
35	IO187NPB6V2
36	VCC

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
37	IO184PDB6V2
38	IO184NDB6V2
39	IO180PSB6V1
40	VCCIB6
41	GND
42	IO176PDB6V1
43	IO176NDB6V1
44	GEC1/IO169PDB6V0
45	GEC0/IO169NDB6V0
46	GEB1/IO168PPB6V0
47	GEA1/IO167PPB6V0
48	GEB0/IO168NPB6V0
49	GEA0/IO167NPB6V0
50	VMV6
51	GNDQ
52	GND
53	VMV5
54	GNDQ
55	IO166NDB5V3
56	GEA2/IO166PDB5V3
57	IO165NDB5V3
58	GEB2/IO165PDB5V3
59	IO164NDB5V3
60	GEC2/IO164PDB5V3
61	IO163PSB5V3
62	VCCIB5
63	IO161PSB5V3
64	IO157NDB5V2
65	GND
66	IO157PDB5V2
67	IO153NDB5V2
68	IO153PDB5V2
69	IO149NDB5V1
70	IO149PDB5V1
71	VCC
72	VCCIB5

PQ208	
Pin Number	A3PE1500 Function
73	IO145NDB5V1
74	IO145PDB5V1
75	IO143NDB5V1
76	IO143PDB5V1
77	IO137NDB5V0
78	IO137PDB5V0
79	IO135NDB5V0
80	IO135PDB5V0
81	GND
82	IO131NDB4V2
83	IO131PDB4V2
84	IO129NDB4V2
85	IO129PDB4V2
86	IO127NDB4V2
87	IO127PDB4V2
88	VCC
89	VCCIB4
90	IO121NDB4V1
91	IO121PDB4V1
92	IO119NDB4V1
93	IO119PDB4V1
94	IO113NDB4V0
95	GDC2/IO113PDB4V0
96	IO112NDB4V0
97	GND
98	GDB2/IO112PDB4V0
99	GDA2/IO111PSB4V0
100	GNDQ
101	TCK
102	TDI
103	TMS
104	VMV4
105	GND
106	VPUMP
107	GNDQ
108	TDO

FG484		FG484		FG484	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function	Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function	Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
H19	IO100PDB2V2	K11	GND	M3	IO272NDB6V4
H20	VCC	K12	GND	M4	GFA2/IO272PDB6V4
H21	VMV2	K13	GND	M5	GFA1/IO273PDB6V4
H22	IO105PDB2V2	K14	VCC	M6	VCCPLF
J1	IO285NDB7V1	K15	VCCIB2	M7	IO271NDB6V4
J2	IO285PDB7V1	K16	GCC1/IO112PPB2V3	M8	GFB2/IO271PDB6V4
J3	VMV7	K17	IO108NDB2V3	M9	VCC
J4	IO279PDB7V0	K18	IO108PDB2V3	M10	GND
J5	IO283PDB7V1	K19	IO110NPB2V3	M11	GND
J6	IO281PDB7V0	K20	IO106NPB2V3	M12	GND
J7	IO287NDB7V1	K21	IO109NDB2V3	M13	GND
J8	VCCIB7	K22	IO107NDB2V3	M14	VCC
J9	GND	L1	IO257PSB6V2	M15	GCB2/IO116PPB3V0
J10	VCC	L2	IO276PDB7V0	M16	GCA1/IO114PPB3V0
J11	VCC	L3	IO276NDB7V0	M17	GCC2/IO117PPB3V0
J12	VCC	L4	GFB0/IO274NPB7V0	M18	VCCPLC
J13	VCC	L5	GFA0/IO273NDB6V4	M19	GCA2/IO115PDB3V0
J14	GND	L6	GFB1/IO274PPB7V0	M20	IO115NDB3V0
J15	VCCIB2	L7	VCOMPLF	M21	IO126PDB3V1
J16	IO84NDB2V0	L8	GFC0/IO275NPB7V0	M22	IO124PSB3V1
J17	IO104NDB2V2	L9	VCC	N1	IO255PPB6V2
J18	IO104PDB2V2	L10	GND	N2	IO253NDB6V2
J19	IO106PPB2V3	L11	GND	N3	VMV6
J20	GNDQ	L12	GND	N4	GFC2/IO270PPB6V4
J21	IO109PDB2V3	L13	GND	N5	IO261PPB6V3
J22	IO107PDB2V3	L14	VCC	N6	IO263PDB6V3
K1	IO277NDB7V0	L15	GCC0/IO112NPB2V3	N7	IO263NDB6V3
K2	IO277PDB7V0	L16	GCB1/IO113PPB2V3	N8	VCCIB6
K3	GNDQ	L17	GCA0/IO114NPB3V0	N9	VCC
K4	IO279NDB7V0	L18	VCOMPLC	N10	GND
K5	IO283NDB7V1	L19	GCB0/IO113NPB2V3	N11	GND
K6	IO281NDB7V0	L20	IO110PPB2V3	N12	GND
K7	GFC1/IO275PPB7V0	L21	IO111NDB2V3	N13	GND
K8	VCCIB7	L22	IO111PDB2V3	N14	VCC
K9	VCC	M1	GNDQ	N15	VCCIB3
K10	GND	M2	IO255NPB6V2	N16	IO116NPB3V0

FG676



Note: This is the bottom view of the package.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at
<http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/solutions>.

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
M23	IO104PPB2V2
M24	IO102PDB2V2
M25	IO102NDB2V2
M26	IO95PDB2V1
M27	IO97NDB2V1
M28	IO101NDB2V2
M29	IO103NDB2V2
M30	IO119PDB3V0
N1	IO276PDB7V0
N2	IO278PDB7V0
N3	IO280PDB7V0
N4	IO284PDB7V1
N5	IO279PDB7V0
N6	IO285NDB7V1
N7	IO287NDB7V1
N8	IO281NDB7V0
N9	IO281PDB7V0
N10	VCCIB7
N11	VCC
N12	GND
N13	GND
N14	GND
N15	GND
N16	GND
N17	GND
N18	GND
N19	GND
N20	VCC
N21	VCCIB2
N22	IO106NDB2V3
N23	IO106PDB2V3
N24	IO108PDB2V3
N25	IO108NDB2V3
N26	IO95NDB2V1
N27	IO99NDB2V2
N28	IO99PDB2V2

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
N29	IO107PDB2V3
N30	IO107NDB2V3
P1	IO276NDB7V0
P2	IO278NDB7V0
P3	IO280NDB7V0
P4	IO284NDB7V1
P5	IO279NDB7V0
P6	GFC1/IO275PDB7V0
P7	GFC0/IO275NDB7V0
P8	IO277PDB7V0
P9	IO277NDB7V0
P10	VCCIB7
P11	VCC
P12	GND
P13	GND
P14	GND
P15	GND
P16	GND
P17	GND
P18	GND
P19	GND
P20	VCC
P21	VCCIB2
P22	GCC1/IO112PDB2V3
P23	IO110PDB2V3
P24	IO110NDB2V3
P25	IO109PPB2V3
P26	IO111NPB2V3
P27	IO105PDB2V2
P28	IO105NDB2V2
P29	GCC2/IO117PDB3V0
P30	IO117NDB3V0
R1	GFC2/IO270PDB6V4
R2	GFB1/IO274PPB7V0
R3	VCOMPLF
R4	GFA0/IO273NDB6V4

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
R5	GFB0/IO274NPB7V0
R6	IO271NDB6V4
R7	GFB2/IO271PDB6V4
R8	IO269PDB6V4
R9	IO269NDB6V4
R10	VCCIB7
R11	VCC
R12	GND
R13	GND
R14	GND
R15	GND
R16	GND
R17	GND
R18	GND
R19	GND
R20	VCC
R21	VCCIB2
R22	GCC0/IO112NDB2V3
R23	GCB2/IO116PDB3V0
R24	IO118PDB3V0
R25	IO111PPB2V3
R26	IO122PPB3V1
R27	GCA0/IO114NPB3V0
R28	VCOMPLC
R29	GCB1/IO113PPB2V3
R30	IO115NPB3V0
T1	IO270NDB6V4
T2	VCCPLF
T3	GFA2/IO272PPB6V4
T4	GFA1/IO273PDB6V4
T5	IO272NPB6V4
T6	IO267NDB6V4
T7	IO267PDB6V4
T8	IO265PDB6V3
T9	IO263PDB6V3
T10	VCCIB6

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
T11	VCC
T12	GND
T13	GND
T14	GND
T15	GND
T16	GND
T17	GND
T18	GND
T19	GND
T20	VCC
T21	VCCIB3
T22	IO109NPB2V3
T23	IO116NDB3V0
T24	IO118NDB3V0
T25	IO122NPB3V1
T26	GCA1/IO114PPB3V0
T27	GCB0/IO113NPB2V3
T28	GCA2/IO115PPB3V0
T29	VCCPLC
T30	IO121PDB3V0
U1	IO268PDB6V4
U2	IO264NDB6V3
U3	IO264PDB6V3
U4	IO258PDB6V3
U5	IO258NDB6V3
U6	IO257PPB6V2
U7	IO261PPB6V3
U8	IO265NDB6V3
U9	IO263NDB6V3
U10	VCCIB6
U11	VCC
U12	GND
U13	GND
U14	GND
U15	GND
U16	GND

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
U17	GND
U18	GND
U19	GND
U20	VCC
U21	VCCIB3
U22	IO120PDB3V0
U23	IO128PDB3V1
U24	IO124PDB3V1
U25	IO124NDB3V1
U26	IO126PDB3V1
U27	IO129PDB3V1
U28	IO127PDB3V1
U29	IO125PDB3V1
U30	IO121NDB3V0
V1	IO268NDB6V4
V2	IO262PDB6V3
V3	IO260PDB6V3
V4	IO252PDB6V2
V5	IO257NPB6V2
V6	IO261NPB6V3
V7	IO255PDB6V2
V8	IO259PDB6V3
V9	IO259NDB6V3
V10	VCCIB6
V11	VCC
V12	GND
V13	GND
V14	GND
V15	GND
V16	GND
V17	GND
V18	GND
V19	GND
V20	VCC
V21	VCCIB3
V22	IO120NDB3V0

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
V23	IO128NDB3V1
V24	IO132PDB3V2
V25	IO130PPB3V2
V26	IO126NDB3V1
V27	IO129NDB3V1
V28	IO127NDB3V1
V29	IO125NDB3V1
V30	IO123PDB3V1
W1	IO266NDB6V4
W2	IO262NDB6V3
W3	IO260NDB6V3
W4	IO252NDB6V2
W5	IO251NDB6V2
W6	IO251PDB6V2
W7	IO255NDB6V2
W8	IO249PPB6V1
W9	IO253PDB6V2
W10	VCCIB6
W11	VCC
W12	GND
W13	GND
W14	GND
W15	GND
W16	GND
W17	GND
W18	GND
W19	GND
W20	VCC
W21	VCCIB3
W22	IO134PDB3V2
W23	IO138PDB3V3
W24	IO132NDB3V2
W25	IO136NPB3V2
W26	IO130NPB3V2
W27	IO141PDB3V3
W28	IO135PDB3V2

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 11 (August 2012)	<p>Added a Note stating "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" section on page 3-1 for further information." to Table 2-1 • Absolute Maximum Ratings and Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions¹ (SAR 38322).</p> <p>The drive strength, IOL, and IOH value for 3.3 V GTL and 2.5 V GTL was changed from 25 mA to 20 mA in the following tables (SAR 31924):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input and Output Levels" table "Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics—Software Default Settings" table "I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances¹" table "Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels" table "Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels" table <p>Also added note stating "Output drive strength is below JEDEC specification" for Tables 2-17 and 2-19.</p> <p>Additionally, the IOL and IOH values for 3.3 V GTL+ and 2.5 V GTL+ were corrected from 51 to 35 (for 3.3 V GTL+) and from 40 to 33 (for 2.5 V GTL+) in table Table 2-13 (SAR 39714).</p> <p>"Duration of Short Circuit Event Before Failure" table was revised to change the maximum temperature from 110°C to 100°C, with an example of six months instead of three months (SAR 37934).</p> <p>The following sentence was deleted from the "2.5 V LVCMOS" section (SAR 34796):</p> <p>"It uses a 5 V-tolerant input buffer and push-pull output buffer." This change was made in revision 10 and omitted from the change table in error.</p>	2-1 3-1 2-1 2-16 2-19 2-20 2-39 2-40 2-22 2-30
Revision 11 (continued)	Figure 2-11 was updated to match tables in the " Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics – Default I/O Software Settings " section (SAR 34889).	2-38
	In Table 2-81 VIL and VIH were revised so that the maximum is 3.6 V for all listed values of VCCI (SAR 37222).	2-52
	Figure 2-47 and Figure 2-48 are new (SAR 34848).	2-79
	The following sentence was removed from the " VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet) " section in the " Pin Descriptions and Packaging " chapter: "Within the package, the VMV plane is decoupled from the simultaneous switching noise originating from the output buffer VCCI domain" and replaced with "Within the package, the VMV plane biases the input stage of the I/Os in the I/O banks" (SAR 38322). The datasheet mentions that "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins" for an ESD enhancement.	3-1

Revision	Changes	Page
Advance v0.5 (continued)	The "RESET" section was updated.	2-25
	The "RESET" section was updated.	2-27
	The "Introduction" of the "Introduction" section was updated.	2-28
	PCI-X 3.3 V was added to the Compatible Standards for 3.3 V in Table 2-11 • VCCI Voltages and Compatible Standards	2-29
	Table 2-35 • ProASIC3E I/O Features was updated.	2-54
	The "Double Data Rate (DDR) Support" section was updated to include information concerning implementation of the feature.	2-32
	The "Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection" section was updated to include testing information.	2-35
	Level 3 and 4 descriptions were updated in Table 2-43 • I/O Hot-Swap and 5 V Input Tolerance Capabilities in ProASIC3 Devices.	2-64
	The notes in Table 2-45 • I/O Hot-Swap and 5 V Input Tolerance Capabilities in ProASIC3E Devices were updated.	2-64
	The "Simultaneous Switching Outputs (SSOs) and Printed Circuit Board Layout" section is new.	2-41
	A footnote was added to Table 2-37 • Maximum I/O Frequency for Single-Ended and Differential I/Os in All Banks in ProASIC3E Devices (maximum drive strength and high slew selected).	2-55
	Table 2-48 • ProASIC3E I/O Attributes vs. I/O Standard Applications	2-81
	Table 2-55 • ProASIC3 I/O Standards—SLEW and Output Drive (OUT_DRIVE) Settings	2-85
	The "x" was updated in the "Pin Descriptions" section.	2-50
	The "VCC Core Supply Voltage" pin description was updated.	2-50
	The "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" pin description was updated to include information concerning leaving the pin unconnected.	2-50
	EXTFB was removed from Figure 2-24 • ProASIC3E CCC Options.	2-24
	The CCC Output Peak-to-Peak Period Jitter F_{CCC_OUT} was updated in Table 2-13 • ProASIC3E CCC/PLL Specification.	2-30
	EXTFB was removed from Figure 2-27 • CCC/PLL Macro.	2-28
	The LVPECL specification in Table 2-45 • I/O Hot-Swap and 5 V Input Tolerance Capabilities in ProASIC3E Devices was updated.	2-64
	Table 2-15 • Levels of Hot-Swap Support was updated.	2-34
	The "Cold-Sparing Support" section was updated.	2-34
	"Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection" section was updated.	2-35
	The VJTAG and I/O pin descriptions were updated in the "Pin Descriptions" section.	2-50
	The "VJTAG JTAG Supply Voltage" pin description was updated.	2-50
	The "VPUMP Programming Supply Voltage" pin description was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is tied to ground.	2-50