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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	276480
Number of I/O	147
Number of Gates	1500000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/m1a3pe1500-2pq208

Specify I/O States During Programming

Load from file... Save to file... ☐ Show BSR Details

	Port Name	Macro Cell	Pin Number	I/O State (Output Only)
	BIST	ADLIB:INBUF	T2	1
	BYPASS_IO	ADLIB:INBUF	K1	1
	CLK	ADLIB:INBUF	B1	1
	ENOUT	ADLIB:INBUF	J16	1
	LED	ADLIB:OUTBUF	M3	0
	MONITOR[0]	ADLIB:OUTBUF	B5	0
	MONITOR[1]	ADLIB:OUTBUF	C7	Z
	MONITOR[2]	ADLIB:OUTBUF	D9	Z
	MONITOR[3]	ADLIB:OUTBUF	D7	Z
	MONITOR[4]	ADLIB:OUTBUF	A11	Z
	OEa	ADLIB:INBUF	E4	Z
	OEb	ADLIB:INBUF	F1	Z
	OSC_EN	ADLIB:INBUF	K3	Z
	PAD[10]	ADLIB:BIBUF_LVCMOS33U	M8	Z
	PAD[11]	ADLIB:BIBUF_LVCMOS33D	R7	Z
	PAD[12]	ADLIB:BIBUF_LVCMOS33U	D11	Z
	PAD[13]	ADLIB:BIBUF_LVCMOS33D	C12	Z
	PAD[14]	ADLIB:BIBUF_LVCMOS33U	R6	Z

Help OK Cancel

Figure 1-3 • I/O States During Programming Window

- Click OK to return to the FlashPoint – Programming File Generator window.

I/O States during programming are saved to the ADB and resulting programming files after completing programming file generation.

2 – ProASIC3E DC and Switching Characteristics

General Specifications

DC and switching characteristics for –F speed grade targets are based only on simulation.

The characteristics provided for the –F speed grade are subject to change after establishing FPGA specifications. Some restrictions might be added and will be reflected in future revisions of this document. The –F speed grade is only supported in the commercial temperature range.

Operating Conditions

Stresses beyond those listed in [Table 2-1](#) may cause permanent damage to the device.

Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Absolute Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under the Recommended Operating Conditions specified in [Table 2-2](#) on [page 2-2](#) is not implied.

Table 2-1 • Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC core supply voltage	–0.3 to 1.65	V
VJTAG	JTAG DC voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VPUMP	Programming voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VCCPLL	Analog power supply (PLL)	–0.3 to 1.65	V
VCCI ²	DC I/O output buffer supply voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VMV ²	DC I/O input buffer supply voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VI	I/O input voltage	–0.3 V to 3.6 V (when I/O hot insertion mode is enabled) –0.3 V to (VCCI + 1 V) or 3.6 V, whichever voltage is lower (when I/O hot-insertion mode is disabled)	V
T _{STG} ³	Storage temperature	–65 to +150	°C
T _J ³	Junction temperature	+125	°C

Notes:

1. The device should be operated within the limits specified by the datasheet. During transitions, the input signal may undershoot or overshoot according to the limits shown in [Table 2-3](#) on [page 2-2](#).
2. VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" section on [page 3-1](#) for further information.
3. For flash programming and retention maximum limits, refer to [Table 2-3](#) on [page 2-2](#), and for recommended operating limits, refer to [Table 2-2](#) on [page 2-2](#).

Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions¹

Symbol	Parameter		Commercial	Industrial	Units
T _A	Ambient temperature		0 to +70	−40 to +85	°C
T _J	Junction temperature		0 to +85	−40 to +100	°C
VCC	1.5 V DC core supply voltage		1.425 to 1.575	1.425 to 1.575	V
VJTAG	JTAG DC voltage		1.4 to 3.6	1.4 to 3.6	V
VPUMP	Programming voltage	Programming Mode ²	3.15 to 3.45	3.15 to 3.45	V
		Operation ³	0 to 3.6	0 to 3.6	V
VCCPLL	Analog power supply (PLL)		1.425 to 1.575	1.425 to 1.575	V
VCCI and VMV ⁴	1.5 V DC supply voltage		1.425 to 1.575	1.425 to 1.575	V
	1.8 V DC supply voltage		1.7 to 1.9	1.7 to 1.9	V
	2.5 V DC supply voltage		2.3 to 2.7	2.3 to 2.7	V
	3.3 V DC supply voltage		3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V
	3.0 V DC supply voltage ⁵		2.7 to 3.6	2.7 to 3.6	V
	LVDS/B-LVDS/M-LVDS differential I/O		2.375 to 2.625	2.375 to 2.625	V
	LVPECL differential I/O		3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V

Notes:

1. All parameters representing voltages are measured with respect to GND unless otherwise specified.
2. The programming temperature range supported is $T_{\text{ambient}} = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C .
3. VPUMP can be left floating during normal operation (not programming mode).
4. The ranges given here are for power supplies only. The recommended input voltage ranges specific to each I/O standard are given in [Table 2-13 on page 2-16](#). VMV and VCCI should be at the same voltage within a given I/O bank. VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "[VMVx I/O Supply Voltage \(quiet\)](#)" section on [page 3-1](#) for further information.
5. To ensure targeted reliability standards are met across ambient and junction operating temperatures, Microsemi recommends that the user follow best design practices using Microsemi's timing and power simulation tools.
6. 3.3 V wide range is compliant to the JESD8-B specification and supports 3.0 V VCCI operation.

Table 2-3 • Flash Programming Limits – Retention, Storage and Operating Temperature¹

Product Grade	Programming Cycles	Program Retention (biased/unbiased)	Maximum Storage Temperature T _{STG} (°C) ²	Maximum Operating Junction Temperature T _J (°C) ²
Commercial	500	20 years	110	100
Industrial	500	20 years	110	100

Notes:

1. This is a stress rating only; functional operation at any condition other than those indicated is not implied.
2. These limits apply for program/data retention only. Refer to [Table 2-1 on page 2-1](#) and [Table 2-2](#) for device operating conditions and absolute limits.

PLL Behavior at Brownout Condition

Microsemi recommends using monotonic power supplies or voltage regulators to ensure proper power-up behavior. Power ramp-up should be monotonic at least until VCC and VCCPLXL exceed brownout activation levels. The VCC activation level is specified as 1.1 V worst-case (see [Figure 2-1 on page 2-4](#) for more details).

When PLL power supply voltage and/or VCC levels drop below the VCC brownout levels ($0.75\text{ V} \pm 0.25\text{ V}$), the PLL output lock signal goes low and/or the output clock is lost. Refer to the "Power-Up/-Down Behavior of Low Power Flash Devices" chapter of the *ProASIC3E FPGA Fabric User's Guide* for information on clock and lock recovery.

Internal Power-Up Activation Sequence

1. Core
2. Input buffers
3. Output buffers, after 200 ns delay from input buffer activation

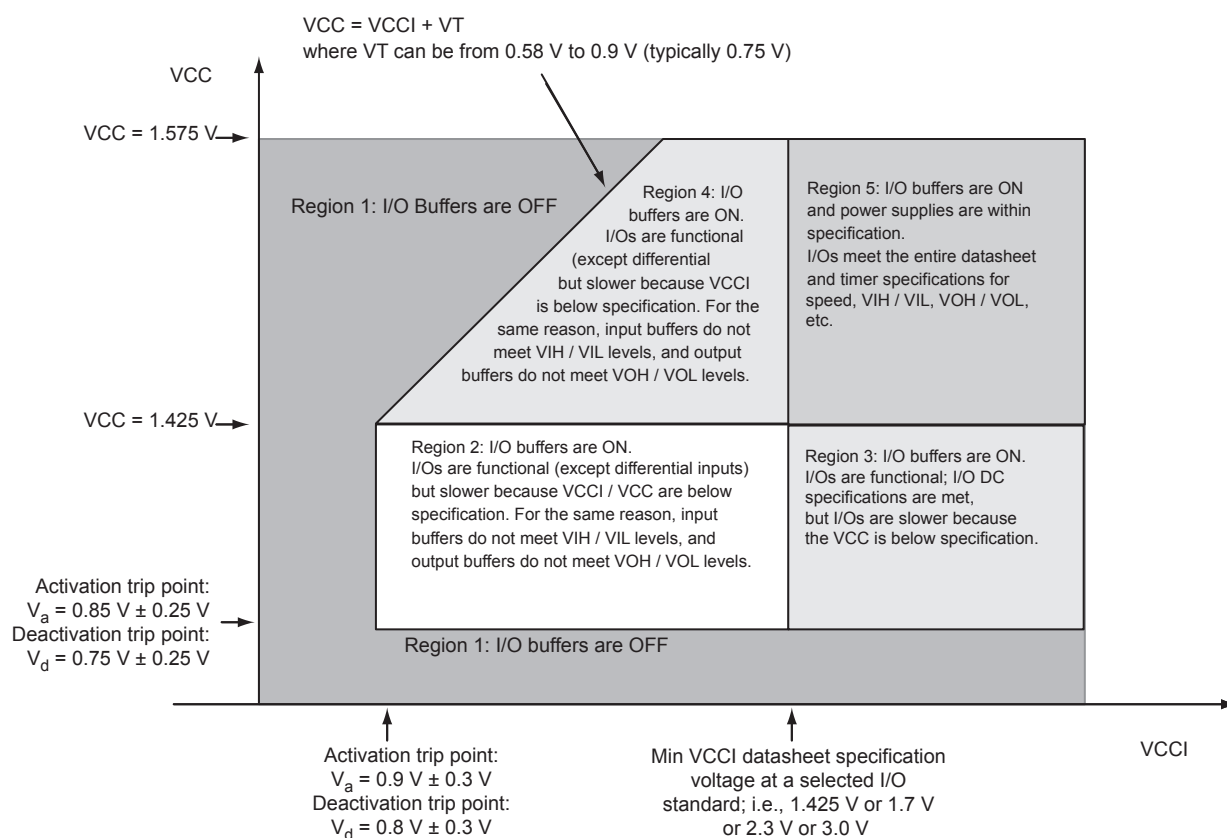


Figure 2-1 • I/O State as a Function of VCCI and VCC Voltage Levels

Detailed I/O DC Characteristics

Table 2-18 • Input Capacitance

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		8	pF
C_{INCLK}	Input capacitance on the clock pin	$V_{IN} = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		8	pF

Table 2-19 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances¹

Standard	Drive Strength	$R_{PULL-DOWN} (\Omega)^2$	$R_{PULL-UP} (\Omega)^3$
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	4 mA	100	300
	8 mA	50	150
	12 mA	25	75
	16 mA	17	50
	24 mA	11	33
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	100 μ A	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS	Same as regular 3.3 V LVCMOS
2.5 V LVCMOS	4 mA	100	200
	8 mA	50	100
	12 mA	25	50
	16 mA	20	40
	24 mA	11	22
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	225
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	50	56
	8 mA	50	56
	12 mA	20	22
	16 mA	20	22
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	200	224
	4 mA	100	112
	6 mA	67	75
	8 mA	33	37
	12 mA	33	37
3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	Per PCI/PCI-X specification	25	75
3.3 V GTL	20 mA ⁴	11	—
2.5 V GTL	20 mA ⁴	14	—

Notes:

1. These maximum values are provided for informational reasons only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on V_{CCI} , drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website at www.microsemi.com/index.php?option=com_content&id=1671&lang=en&view=article.
2. $R_{(PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (V_{OLspec}) / I_{OLspec}$
3. $R_{(PULL-UP-MAX)} = (V_{CCI}max - V_{OHspec}) / I_{OHspec}$
4. Output drive strength is below JEDEC specification.

Table 2-19 • I/O Output Buffer Maximum Resistances¹ (continued)

Standard	Drive Strength	R _{PULL-DOWN} (Ω) ²	R _{PULL-UP} (Ω) ³
3.3 V GTL+	35 mA	12	–
2.5 V GTL+	33 mA	15	–
HSTL (I)	8 mA	50	50
HSTL (II)	15 mA ⁴	25	25
SSTL2 (I)	15 mA	27	31
SSTL2 (II)	18 mA	13	15
SSTL3 (I)	14 mA	44	69
SSTL3 (II)	21 mA	18	32

Notes:

1. These maximum values are provided for informational reasons only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on VCCI, drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website at www.microsemi.com/index.php?option=com_content&id=1671&lang=en&view=article.
2. $R_{(PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (VOL_{spec}) / IOL_{spec}$
3. $R_{(PULL-UP-MAX)} = (VCCI_{max} - VOH_{spec}) / IOH_{spec}$
4. Output drive strength is below JEDEC specification.

Table 2-20 • I/O Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistances
Minimum and Maximum Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistance Values

VCCI	R _(WEAK PULL-UP) ¹ (Ω)		R _(WEAK PULL-DOWN) ² (Ω)	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
3.3 V	10 k	45 k	10 k	45 k
3.3 V (Wide Range I/Os)	10 k	45 k	10 k	45 k
2.5 V	11 k	55 k	12 k	74 k
1.8 V	18 k	70 k	17 k	110 k
1.5 V	19 k	90 k	19 k	140 k

Notes:

1. $R_{(WEAK PULL-UP-MAX)} = (VCCI_{max} - VOH_{spec}) / I_{(WEAK PULL-UP-MIN)}$
2. $R_{(WEAK PULL-DOWN-MAX)} = (VOL_{spec}) / I_{(WEAK PULL-DOWN-MIN)}$

Table 2-28 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$, Worst-Case $V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	t_{ZLS}	t_{ZHS}	Units
12 mA	Std.	0.66	6.03	0.04	1.20	1.57	0.43	6.14	5.02	3.28	3.47	8.37	7.26	ns
	–1	0.56	5.13	0.04	1.02	1.33	0.36	5.22	4.27	2.79	2.95	7.12	6.17	ns
	–2	0.49	4.50	0.03	0.90	1.17	0.32	4.58	3.75	2.45	2.59	6.25	5.42	ns
16 mA	Std.	0.66	5.62	0.04	1.20	1.57	0.43	5.72	4.72	3.32	3.58	7.96	6.96	ns
	–1	0.56	4.78	0.04	1.02	1.33	0.36	4.87	4.02	2.83	3.04	6.77	5.92	ns
	–2	0.49	4.20	0.03	0.90	1.17	0.32	4.27	3.53	2.48	2.67	5.94	5.20	ns
24 mA	Std.	0.66	5.24	0.04	1.20	1.57	0.43	5.34	4.69	3.39	3.96	7.58	6.93	ns
	–1	0.56	4.46	0.04	1.02	1.33	0.36	4.54	3.99	2.88	3.37	6.44	5.89	ns
	–2	0.49	3.92	0.03	0.90	1.17	0.32	3.99	3.50	2.53	2.96	5.66	5.17	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

SSTL3 Class I

Stub-Speed Terminated Logic for 3.3 V memory bus standard (JESD8-8). ProASIC3E devices support Class I. This provides a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Table 2-72 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

SSTL3 Class I	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL	IIH
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ¹	Max. mA ¹	μA ²	μA ²
14 mA	-0.3	VREF - 0.2	VREF + 0.2	3.6	0.7	VCCI - 1.1	14	14	54	51	10	10

Notes:

1. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
2. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.

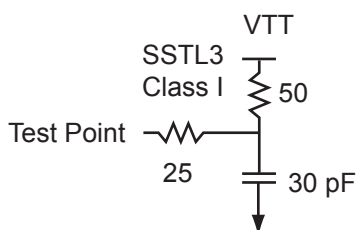


Figure 2-20 • AC Loading

Table 2-73 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	VREF (typ.) (V)	VTT (typ.) (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
VREF - 0.2	VREF + 0.2	1.5	1.5	1.485	30

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See [Table 2-15 on page 2-18](#) for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-74 • SSTL3 Class I

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V,
Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V, VREF = 1.5 V

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	t _{ZLS}	t _{ZHS}	Units
Std.	0.66	2.31	0.04	1.25	0.43	2.35	1.84			4.59	4.07	ns
-1	0.56	1.96	0.04	1.06	0.36	2.00	1.56			3.90	3.46	ns
-2	0.49	1.72	0.03	0.93	0.32	1.75	1.37			3.42	3.04	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

SSTL3 Class II

Stub-Speed Terminated Logic for 3.3 V memory bus standard (JESD8-8). ProASIC3E devices support Class II. This provides a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Table 2-75 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

SSTL3 Class II	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL	IIH
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ¹	Max. mA ¹	μA ²	μA ²
21 mA	−0.3	VREF − 0.2	VREF + 0.2	3.6	0.5	VCCI − 0.9	21	21	109	103	10	10

Notes:

1. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
2. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.

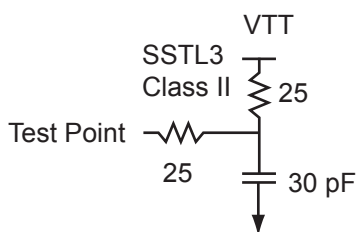


Figure 2-21 • AC Loading

Table 2-76 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	VREF (typ.) (V)	VTT (typ.) (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
VREF − 0.2	VREF + 0.2	1.5	1.5	1.485	30

Note: *Measuring point = V_{trip}. See [Table 2-15 on page 2-18](#) for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics

Table 2-77 • SSTL3 Class II

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V,
Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V, VREF = 1.5 V

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	t _{ZLS}	t _{ZHS}	Units
Std.	0.66	2.07	0.04	1.25	0.43	2.10	1.67			4.34	3.91	ns
−1	0.56	1.76	0.04	1.06	0.36	1.79	1.42			3.69	3.32	ns
−2	0.49	1.54	0.03	0.93	0.32	1.57	1.25			3.24	2.92	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.

Differential I/O Characteristics

Physical Implementation

Configuration of the I/O modules as a differential pair is handled by the Designer software when the user instantiates a differential I/O macro in the design.

Differential I/Os can also be used in conjunction with the embedded Input Register (InReg), Output Register (OutReg), Enable Register (EnReg), and DDR. However, there is no support for bidirectional I/Os or tristates with the LVPECL standards.

LVDS

Low-Voltage Differential Signaling (ANSI/TIA/EIA-644) is a high-speed, differential I/O standard. It requires that one data bit be carried through two signal lines, so two pins are needed. It also requires external resistor termination.

The full implementation of the LVDS transmitter and receiver is shown in an example in [Figure 2-22](#). The building blocks of the LVDS transmitter-receiver are one transmitter macro, one receiver macro, three board resistors at the transmitter end, and one resistor at the receiver end. The values for the three driver resistors are different from those used in the LVPECL implementation because the output standard specifications are different.

Along with LVDS I/O, ProASIC3E also supports Bus LVDS structure and Multipoint LVDS (M-LVDS) configuration (up to 40 nodes).

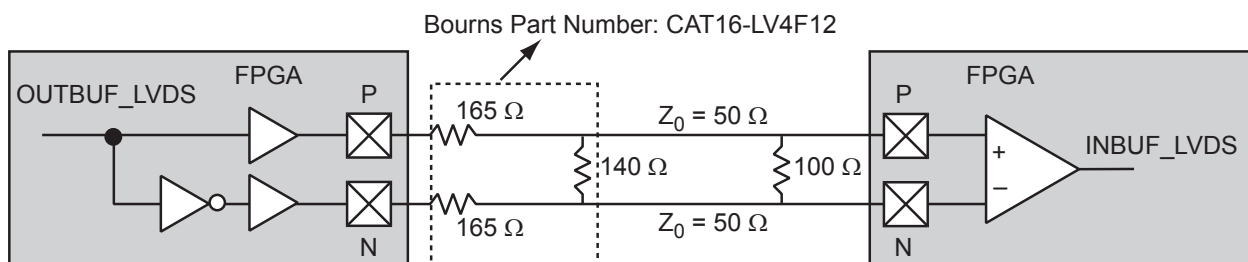


Figure 2-22 • LVDS Circuit Diagram and Board-Level Implementation

Table 2-85 • Parameter Definition and Measuring Nodes

Parameter Name	Parameter Definition	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*
t_{OCLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	HH, DOUT
t_{OSUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
t_{OHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Data Register	FF, HH
t_{OSUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
t_{OHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Data Register	GG, HH
t_{OCLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Data Register	LL, DOUT
$t_{OREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
$t_{ORECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Data Register	LL, HH
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	HH, EOUT
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	JJ, HH
t_{OESUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
t_{OEHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	KK, HH
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	II, EOUT
$t_{OEREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
$t_{OERECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	II, HH
t_{ICLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	AA, EE
t_{ISUD}	Data Setup Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
t_{IHD}	Data Hold Time for the Input Data Register	CC, AA
t_{ISUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
t_{IHE}	Enable Hold Time for the Input Data Register	BB, AA
t_{ICLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Input Data Register	DD, EE
$t_{IREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA
$t_{IRECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Input Data Register	DD, AA

Note: *See Figure 2-26 on page 2-55 for more information.

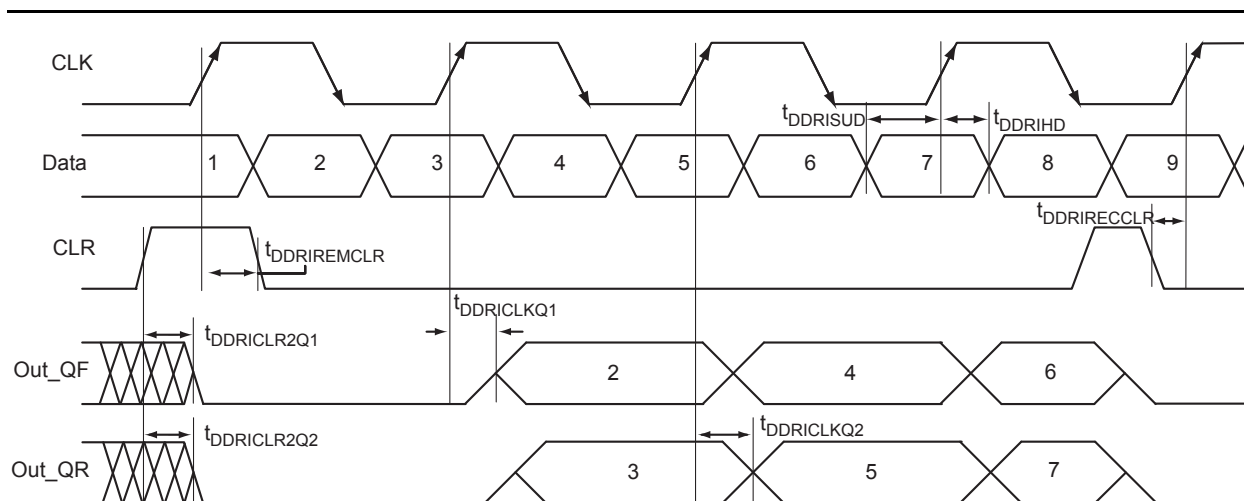


Figure 2-31 • Input DDR Timing Diagram

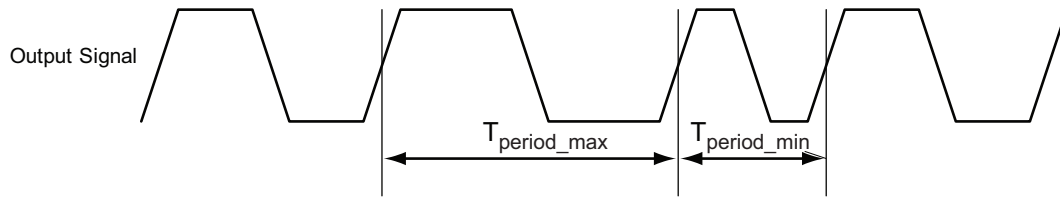
Timing Characteristics

Table 2-90 • Input DDR Propagation Delays

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	-2	-1	Std.	Units
t_{DDRCLKQ1}	Clock-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.39	0.44	0.52	ns
t_{DDRCLKQ2}	Clock-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.27	0.31	0.37	ns
t_{DDRISUD}	Data Setup for Input DDR	0.28	0.32	0.38	ns
t_{DDRHD}	Data Hold for Input DDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DDRCLR2Q1}}$	Asynchronous Clear to Out Out_QR for Input DDR	0.57	0.65	0.76	ns
$t_{\text{DDRCLR2Q2}}$	Asynchronous Clear to Out Out_QF for Input DDR	0.46	0.53	0.62	ns
$t_{\text{DDRREMCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for Input DDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ns
$t_{\text{DDRRECCLR}}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for Input DDR	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
t_{DDRWCCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for Input DDR	0.22	0.25	0.30	ns
$t_{\text{DDRICKMPWH}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for Input DDR	0.36	0.41	0.48	ns
$t_{\text{DDRICKMPWL}}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for Input DDR	0.32	0.37	0.43	ns
F_{DDRIMAX}	Maximum Frequency for Input DDR	1404	1232	1048	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to [Table 2-6 on page 2-5](#) for derating values.



Note: Peak-to-peak jitter measurements are defined by $T_{\text{peak-to-peak}} = T_{\text{period_max}} - T_{\text{period_min}}$.

Figure 2-39 • Peak-to-Peak Jitter Definition

Timing Waveforms

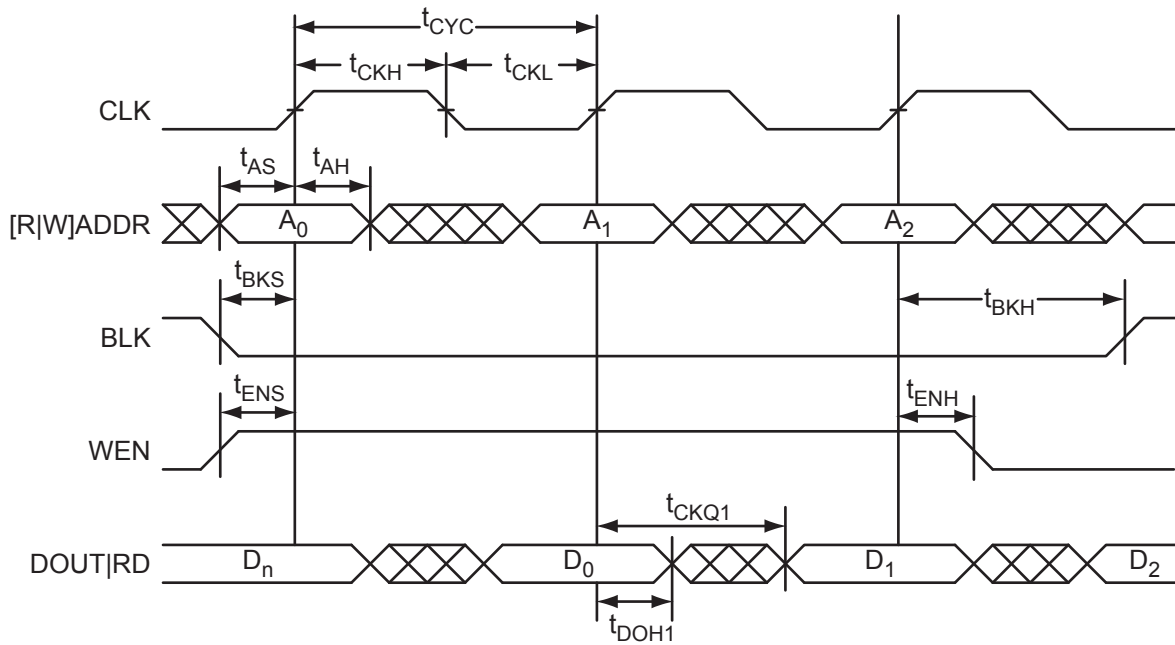


Figure 2-41 • RAM Read for Pass-Through Output. Applicable to Both RAM4K9 and RAM512x18.

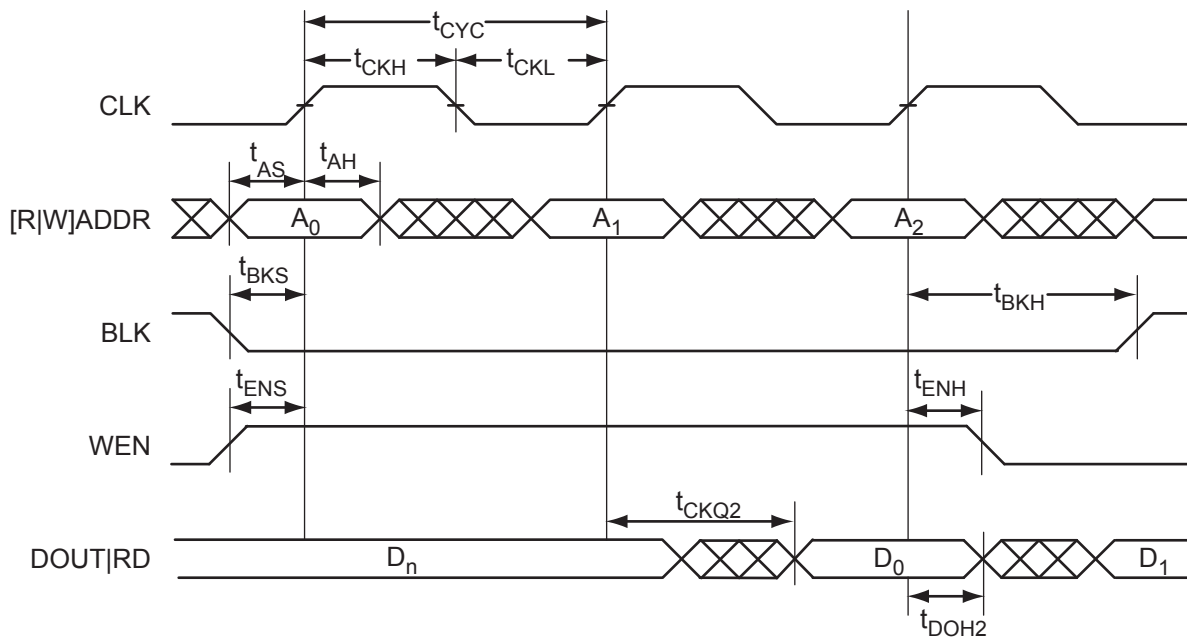


Figure 2-42 • RAM Read for Pipelined Output. Applicable to Both RAM4K9 and RAM512x18.

Special Function Pins

NC

No Connect

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device. These pins can be driven to any voltage or can be left floating with no effect on the operation of the device.

DC

Do Not Connect

This pin should not be connected to any signals on the PCB. These pins should be left unconnected.

Packaging

Semiconductor technology is constantly shrinking in size while growing in capability and functional integration. To enable next-generation silicon technologies, semiconductor packages have also evolved to provide improved performance and flexibility.

Microsemi consistently delivers packages that provide the necessary mechanical and environmental protection to ensure consistent reliability and performance. Microsemi IC packaging technology efficiently supports high-density FPGAs with large-pin-count Ball Grid Arrays (BGAs), but is also flexible enough to accommodate stringent form factor requirements for Chip Scale Packaging (CSP). In addition, Microsemi offers a variety of packages designed to meet your most demanding application and economic requirements for today's embedded and mobile systems.

Related Documents

User's Guides

ProASIC3E FPGA Fabric User's Guide

http://www.microsemi.com/document-portal/doc_download/130883-proasic3e-fpga-fabric-user-s-guide

Packaging

The following documents provide packaging information and device selection for low power flash devices.

Product Catalog

http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/ProdCat_PIB.pdf

Lists devices currently recommended for new designs and the packages available for each member of the family. Use this document or the datasheet tables to determine the best package for your design, and which package drawing to use.

Package Mechanical Drawings

http://www.microsemi.com/document-portal/doc_download/131095-package-mechanical-drawings

This document contains the package mechanical drawings for all packages currently or previously supplied by Microsemi. Use the bookmarks to navigate to the package mechanical drawings.

Additional packaging materials: <http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/solutions>.

FG256	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
G13	GCC1/IO50PPB2V1
G14	IO44NDB2V1
G15	IO44PDB2V1
G16	IO49NSB2V1
H1	GFB0/IO119NPB7V0
H2	GFA0/IO118NDB6V1
H3	GFB1/IO119PPB7V0
H4	VCOMPLF
H5	GFC0/IO120NPB7V0
H6	VCC
H7	GND
H8	GND
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	VCC
H12	GCC0/IO50NPB2V1
H13	GCB1/IO51PPB2V1
H14	GCA0/IO52NPB3V0
H15	VCOMPLC
H16	GCB0/IO51NPB2V1
J1	GFA2/IO117PSB6V1
J2	GFA1/IO118PDB6V1
J3	VCCPLF
J4	IO116NDB6V1
J5	GFB2/IO116PDB6V1
J6	VCC
J7	GND
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	VCC
J12	GCB2/IO54PPB3V0
J13	GCA1/IO52PPB3V0
J14	GCC2/IO55PPB3V0
J15	VCCPLC
J16	GCA2/IO53PSB3V0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
K1	GFC2/IO115PSB6V1
K2	IO113PPB6V1
K3	IO112PDB6V1
K4	IO112NDB6V1
K5	VCCIB6
K6	VCC
K7	GND
K8	GND
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	VCC
K12	VCCIB3
K13	IO54NPB3V0
K14	IO57NPB3V0
K15	IO55NPB3V0
K16	IO57PPB3V0
L1	IO113NPB6V1
L2	IO109PPB6V0
L3	IO108PDB6V0
L4	IO108NDB6V0
L5	VCCIB6
L6	GND
L7	VCC
L8	VCC
L9	VCC
L10	VCC
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB3
L13	GDB0/IO66NPB3V1
L14	IO60NDB3V1
L15	IO60PDB3V1
L16	IO61PDB3V1
M1	IO109NPB6V0
M2	IO106NDB6V0
M3	IO106PDB6V0
M4	GEC0/IO104NPB6V0

FG256	
Pin Number	A3PE600 Function
M5	VMV5
M6	VCCIB5
M7	VCCIB5
M8	IO84NDB5V0
M9	IO84PDB5V0
M10	VCCIB4
M11	VCCIB4
M12	VMV3
M13	VCCPLD
M14	GDB1/IO66PPB3V1
M15	GDC1/IO65PDB3V1
M16	IO61NDB3V1
N1	IO105PDB6V0
N2	IO105NDB6V0
N3	GEC1/IO104PPB6V0
N4	VCOMPLE
N5	GNDQ
N6	GEA2/IO101PPB5V2
N7	IO92NDB5V1
N8	IO90NDB5V1
N9	IO82NDB5V0
N10	IO74NDB4V1
N11	IO74PDB4V1
N12	GNDQ
N13	VCOMPLD
N14	VJTAG
N15	GDC0/IO65NDB3V1
N16	GDA1/IO67PDB3V1
P1	GEB1/IO103PDB6V0
P2	GEB0/IO103NDB6V0
P3	VMV6
P4	VCCPLE
P5	IO101NPB5V2
P6	IO95PPB5V1
P7	IO92PDB5V1
P8	IO90PDB5V1

FG324	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 FBGA
G1	GND
G2	IO287PDB7V1
G3	IO287NDB7V1
G4	IO283PPB7V1
G5	VCCIB7
G6	IO279PDB7V0
G7	IO291NPB7V2
G8	VCC
G9	IO26NDB0V3
G10	IO34NDB0V4
G11	VCC
G12	IO94NPB2V1
G13	IO98PDB2V2
G14	VCCIB2
G15	GCC0/IO112NPB2V3
G16	IO104PDB2V2
G17	IO104NDB2V2
G18	GND
H1	IO267PDB6V4
H2	VCCIB7
H3	IO283NPB7V1
H4	GFB1/IO274PPB7V0
H5	GND
H6	IO279NDB7V0
H7	VCC
H8	VCC
H9	GND
H10	GND
H11	VCC
H12	VCC
H13	IO98NDB2V2
H14	GND
H15	GCB1/IO113PDB2V3
H16	GCC1/IO112PPB2V3
H17	VCCIB2
H18	IO108PDB2V3

FG324	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 FBGA
J1	IO267NDB6V4
J2	GFA0/IO273NDB6V4
J3	VCOMPLF
J4	GFA2/IO272PDB6V4
J5	GFB0/IO274NPB7V0
J6	GFC0/IO275NDB7V0
J7	GFC1/IO275PDB7V0
J8	GND
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	GCA2/IO115PDB3V0
J13	GCA1/IO114PDB3V0
J14	GCA0/IO114NDB3V0
J15	GCB0/IO113NDB2V3
J16	VCOMPLC
J17	IO120NPB3V0
J18	IO108NDB2V3
K1	IO263PDB6V3
K2	GFA1/IO273PDB6V4
K3	VCCPLF
K4	IO272NDB6V4
K5	GFC2/IO270PPB6V4
K6	GFB2/IO271PDB6V4
K7	IO271NDB6V4
K8	GND
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	IO115NDB3V0
K13	GCB2/IO116PDB3V0
K14	IO116NDB3V0
K15	GCC2/IO117PDB3V0
K16	VCCPLC
K17	IO124NPB3V1
K18	IO120PPB3V0

FG324	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 FBGA
L1	IO263NDB6V3
L2	VCCIB6
L3	IO259PDB6V3
L4	IO259NDB6V3
L5	GND
L6	IO270NPB6V4
L7	VCC
L8	VCC
L9	GND
L10	GND
L11	VCC
L12	VCC
L13	IO132PDB3V2
L14	GND
L15	IO117NDB3V0
L16	IO128NPB3V1
L17	VCCIB3
L18	IO124PPB3V1
M1	GND
M2	IO255PDB6V2
M3	IO255NDB6V2
M4	IO251PPB6V2
M5	VCCIB6
M6	GEB0/IO235NDB6V0
M7	GEB1/IO235PDB6V0
M8	VCC
M9	IO192PPB4V4
M10	IO154NPB4V0
M11	VCC
M12	GDA0/IO153NPB3V4
M13	IO132NDB3V2
M14	VCCIB3
M15	IO134NDB3V2
M16	IO134PDB3V2
M17	IO128PPB3V1
M18	GND

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
E17	IO49PDB1V1
E18	IO50PDB1V1
E19	IO58PDB1V2
E20	IO60NDB1V2
E21	IO77PDB1V4
E22	IO68NDB1V3
E23	IO68PDB1V3
E24	VCCIB1
E25	IO74PDB1V4
E26	VCC
E27	GBB1/IO80PPB1V4
E28	VCCIB2
E29	IO82NPB2V0
E30	GND
F1	IO296PPB7V2
F2	VCC
F3	IO306PDB7V4
F4	IO297PDB7V2
F5	VMV7
F6	GND
F7	GNDQ
F8	IO12NDB0V1
F9	IO12PDB0V1
F10	IO10PDB0V1
F11	IO16PDB0V1
F12	IO22NDB0V2
F13	IO30NDB0V3
F14	IO30PDB0V3
F15	IO36PDB0V4
F16	IO48NDB1V0
F17	IO48PDB1V0
F18	IO50NDB1V1
F19	IO58NDB1V2
F20	IO60PDB1V2
F21	IO77NDB1V4
F22	IO72NDB1V3

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
F23	IO72PDB1V3
F24	GNDQ
F25	GND
F26	VMV2
F27	IO86PDB2V0
F28	IO92PDB2V1
F29	VCC
F30	IO100NPB2V2
G1	GND
G2	IO296NPB7V2
G3	IO306NDB7V4
G4	IO297NDB7V2
G5	VCCIB7
G6	GNDQ
G7	VCC
G8	VMV0
G9	VCCIB0
G10	IO10NDB0V1
G11	IO16NDB0V1
G12	IO22PDB0V2
G13	IO26PPB0V3
G14	IO38NPB0V4
G15	IO36NDB0V4
G16	IO46NDB1V0
G17	IO46PDB1V0
G18	IO56NDB1V1
G19	IO56PDB1V1
G20	IO66NDB1V3
G21	IO66PDB1V3
G22	VCCIB1
G23	VMV1
G24	VCC
G25	GNDQ
G26	VCCIB2
G27	IO86NDB2V0
G28	IO92NDB2V1

FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
G29	IO100PPB2V2
G30	GND
H1	IO294PDB7V2
H2	IO294NDB7V2
H3	IO300NDB7V3
H4	IO300PDB7V3
H5	IO295PDB7V2
H6	IO299PDB7V3
H7	VCOMPLA
H8	GND
H9	IO08NDB0V0
H10	IO08PDB0V0
H11	IO18PDB0V2
H12	IO26NPB0V3
H13	IO28NDB0V3
H14	IO28PDB0V3
H15	IO38PPB0V4
H16	IO42NDB1V0
H17	IO52NDB1V1
H18	IO52PDB1V1
H19	IO62NDB1V2
H20	IO62PDB1V2
H21	IO70NDB1V3
H22	IO70PDB1V3
H23	GND
H24	VCOMPLB
H25	GBC2/IO84PDB2V0
H26	IO84NDB2V0
H27	IO96PDB2V1
H28	IO96NDB2V1
H29	IO89PDB2V0
H30	IO89NDB2V0
J1	IO290NDB7V2
J2	IO290PDB7V2
J3	IO302NDB7V3
J4	IO302PDB7V3

FG896		FG896		FG896	
Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function	Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function	Pin Number	A3PE3000 Function
T11	VCC	U17	GND	V23	IO128NDB3V1
T12	GND	U18	GND	V24	IO132PDB3V2
T13	GND	U19	GND	V25	IO130PPB3V2
T14	GND	U20	VCC	V26	IO126NDB3V1
T15	GND	U21	VCCIB3	V27	IO129NDB3V1
T16	GND	U22	IO120PDB3V0	V28	IO127NDB3V1
T17	GND	U23	IO128PDB3V1	V29	IO125NDB3V1
T18	GND	U24	IO124PDB3V1	V30	IO123PDB3V1
T19	GND	U25	IO124NDB3V1	W1	IO266NDB6V4
T20	VCC	U26	IO126PDB3V1	W2	IO262NDB6V3
T21	VCCIB3	U27	IO129PDB3V1	W3	IO260NDB6V3
T22	IO109NPB2V3	U28	IO127PDB3V1	W4	IO252NDB6V2
T23	IO116NDB3V0	U29	IO125PDB3V1	W5	IO251NDB6V2
T24	IO118NDB3V0	U30	IO121NDB3V0	W6	IO251PDB6V2
T25	IO122NPB3V1	V1	IO268NDB6V4	W7	IO255NDB6V2
T26	GCA1/IO114PPB3V0	V2	IO262PDB6V3	W8	IO249PPB6V1
T27	GCB0/IO113NPB2V3	V3	IO260PDB6V3	W9	IO253PDB6V2
T28	GCA2/IO115PPB3V0	V4	IO252PDB6V2	W10	VCCIB6
T29	VCCPLC	V5	IO257NPB6V2	W11	VCC
T30	IO121PDB3V0	V6	IO261NPB6V3	W12	GND
U1	IO268PDB6V4	V7	IO255PDB6V2	W13	GND
U2	IO264NDB6V3	V8	IO259PDB6V3	W14	GND
U3	IO264PDB6V3	V9	IO259NDB6V3	W15	GND
U4	IO258PDB6V3	V10	VCCIB6	W16	GND
U5	IO258NDB6V3	V11	VCC	W17	GND
U6	IO257PPB6V2	V12	GND	W18	GND
U7	IO261PPB6V3	V13	GND	W19	GND
U8	IO265NDB6V3	V14	GND	W20	VCC
U9	IO263NDB6V3	V15	GND	W21	VCCIB3
U10	VCCIB6	V16	GND	W22	IO134PDB3V2
U11	VCC	V17	GND	W23	IO138PDB3V3
U12	GND	V18	GND	W24	IO132NDB3V2
U13	GND	V19	GND	W25	IO136NPB3V2
U14	GND	V20	VCC	W26	IO130NPB3V2
U15	GND	V21	VCCIB3	W27	IO141PDB3V3
U16	GND	V22	IO120NDB3V0	W28	IO135PDB3V2

Revision	Changes	Page
Advance v0.5 (continued)	The "I/O User Input/Output" pin description was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is unused.	2-50
	The "JTAG Pins" section was updated to include information on what happens when the pin is unused.	2-51
	The "Programming" section was updated to include information concerning serialization.	2-53
	The "JTAG 1532" section was updated to include SAMPLE/PRELOAD information.	2-54
	The "DC and Switching Characteristics" chapter was updated with new information.	Starting on page 3-1
	Table 3-6 was updated.	3-5
	In Table 3-10, PAC4 was updated.	3-8
	Table 3-19 was updated.	3-20
	The note in Table 3-24 was updated.	3-23
	All Timing Characteristics tables were updated from LVTTTL to Register Delays	3-26 to 3-64
	The Timing Characteristics for RAM4K9, RAM512X18, and FIFO were updated.	3-74 to 3-79
	F _{TCKMAX} was updated in Table 3-98.	3-80
Advance v0.4 (October 2005)	The "Packaging Tables" table was updated.	ii
Advance v0.3	Figure 2-11 was updated.	2-9
	The "Clock Resources (VersaNets)" section was updated.	2-9
	The "VersaNet Global Networks and Spine Access" section was updated.	2-9
	The "PLL Macro" section was updated.	2-15
	Figure 2-27 was updated.	2-28
	Figure 2-20 was updated.	2-19
	Table 2-5 was updated.	2-25
	Table 2-6 was updated.	2-25
	The "FIFO Flag Usage Considerations" section was updated.	2-27
	Table 2-33 was updated.	2-51
	Figure 2-24 was updated.	2-31
	The "Cold-Sparing Support" section is new.	2-34
	Table 2-45 was updated.	2-64
	Table 2-48 was updated.	2-81
	Pin descriptions in the "JTAG Pins" section were updated.	2-51
	The "Pin Descriptions" section was updated.	2-50
	Table 3-7 was updated.	3-6