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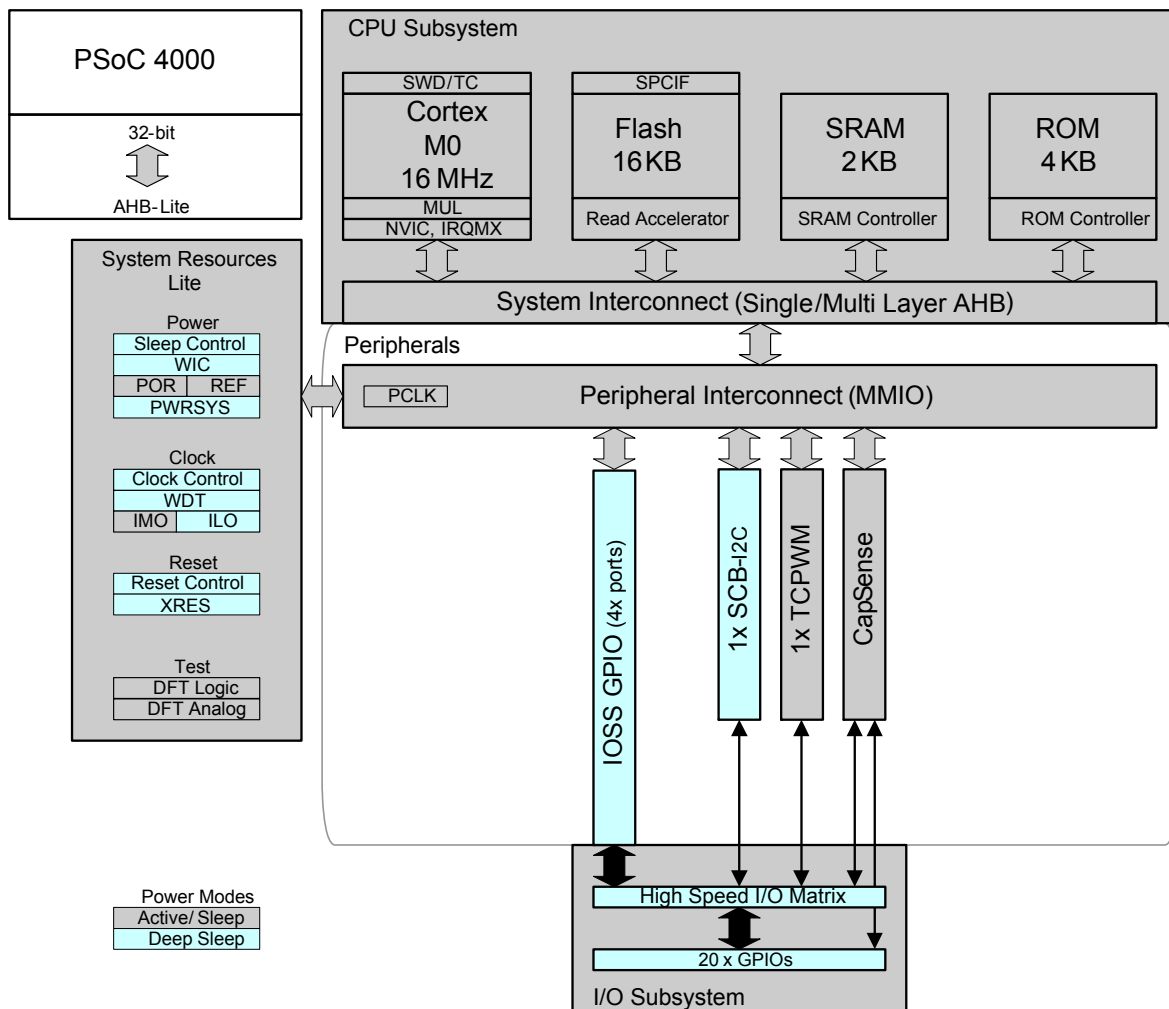
"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	16MHz
Connectivity	I ² C
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	13
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	D/A 1x7b, 1x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	16-SOIC (0.154", 3.90mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	16-SOIC
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/cy8c4014sxi-411

Figure 2. Block Diagram



PSoC 4000 devices include extensive support for programming, testing, debugging, and tracing both hardware and firmware.

The ARM Serial-Wire Debug (SWD) interface supports all programming and debug features of the device.

Complete debug-on-chip functionality enables full-device debugging in the final system using the standard production device. It does not require special interfaces, debugging pods, simulators, or emulators. Only the standard programming connections are required to fully support debug.

The PSoC Creator IDE provides fully integrated programming and debug support for the PSoC 4000 devices. The SWD interface is fully compatible with industry-standard third-party tools. The PSoC 4000 family provides a level of security not possible with multi-chip application solutions or with microcontrollers. It has the following advantages:

- Allows disabling of debug features
- Robust flash protection
- Allows customer-proprietary functionality to be implemented in on-chip programmable blocks

The debug circuits are enabled by default and can only be disabled in firmware. If they are not enabled, the only way to re-enable them is to erase the entire device, clear flash protection, and reprogram the device with new firmware that enables debugging.

Additionally, all device interfaces can be permanently disabled (device security) for applications concerned about phishing attacks due to a maliciously reprogrammed device or attempts to defeat security by starting and interrupting flash programming sequences. All programming, debug, and test interfaces are disabled when maximum device security is enabled. Therefore, PSoC 4000, with device security enabled, may not be returned for failure analysis. This is a trade-off the PSoC 4000 allows the customer to make.

Analog Blocks

Low-power Comparators

The PSoC 4000 has a low-power comparator, which uses the built-in voltage reference. Any one of up to 16 pins can be used as a comparator input and the output of the comparator can be brought out to a pin. The selected comparator input is connected to the minus input of the comparator with the plus input always connected to the 1.2-V voltage reference. This comparator is also used for CapSense purposes and is not available during CapSense operation.

Current DACs

The PSoC 4000 has two IDACs, which can drive any of up to 16 pins on the chip. These IDACs have programmable current ranges.

Analog Multiplexed Buses

The PSoC 4000 has two concentric independent buses that go around the periphery of the chip. These buses (called amux buses) are connected to firmware-programmable analog switches that allow the chip's internal resources (IDACs, comparator) to connect to any pin on Ports 0, 1, and 2.

Fixed Function Digital

Timer/Counter/PWM (TCPWM) Block

The TCPWM block consists of a 16-bit counter with user-programmable period length. There is a capture register to record the count value at the time of an event (which may be an I/O event), a period register that is used to either stop or auto-reload the counter when its count is equal to the period register, and compare registers to generate compare value signals that are used as PWM duty cycle outputs. The block also provides true and complementary outputs with programmable offset between them to allow use as dead-band programmable complementary PWM outputs. It also has a Kill input to force outputs to a predetermined state; for example, this is used in motor drive systems when an over-current state is indicated and the PWM driving the FETs needs to be shut off immediately with no time for software intervention.

Serial Communication Block (SCB)

The PSoC 4000 has a serial communication block, which implements a multi-master I²C interface.

I²C Mode: The hardware I²C block implements a full multi-master and slave interface (it is capable of multi-master arbitration). This block is capable of operating at speeds of up to 400 kbps (Fast Mode) and has flexible buffering options to reduce interrupt overhead and latency for the CPU. It also supports EZI²C that creates a mailbox address range in the memory of the PSoC 4000 and effectively reduces I²C communication to reading from and writing to an array in memory. In addition, the block supports an 8-deep FIFO for receive and transmit which, by increasing the time given for the CPU to read data, greatly reduces the need for clock stretching caused by the CPU not having read data on time.

The I²C peripheral is compatible with the I²C Standard-mode and Fast-mode devices as defined in the NXP I²C-bus specification and user manual (UM10204). The I²C bus I/O is implemented with GPIO in open-drain modes.

The PSoC 4000 is not completely compliant with the I²C spec in the following respect:

- GPIO cells are not overvoltage tolerant and, therefore, cannot be hot-swapped or powered up independently of the rest of the I²C system.
- Fast-mode minimum fall time is not met in Fast Strong mode; Slow Strong mode can help meet this spec depending on the Bus Load.

GPIO

The PSoC 4000 has up to 20 GPIOs. The GPIO block implements the following:

- Eight drive modes:
 - Analog input mode (input and output buffers disabled)
 - Input only
 - Weak pull-up with strong pull-down
 - Strong pull-up with weak pull-down
 - Open drain with strong pull-down
 - Open drain with strong pull-up
 - Strong pull-up with strong pull-down
 - Weak pull-up with weak pull-down
- Input threshold select (CMOS or LVTTTL).
- Individual control of input and output buffer enabling/disabling in addition to the drive strength modes
- Selectable slew rates for dV/dt related noise control to improve EMI

The pins are organized in logical entities called ports, which are 8-bit in width (less for Ports 2 and 3). During power-on and reset, the blocks are forced to the disable state so as not to crowbar any inputs and/or cause excess turn-on current. A multiplexing network known as a high-speed I/O matrix is used to multiplex between various signals that may connect to an I/O pin.

Data output and pin state registers store, respectively, the values to be driven on the pins and the states of the pins themselves.

Every I/O pin can generate an interrupt if so enabled and each I/O port has an interrupt request (IRQ) and interrupt service routine (ISR) vector associated with it (4 for PSoC 4000).

The 28-pin and 24-pin packages have 20 GPIOs. The 16-pin SOIC has 13 GPIOs. The 16-pin QFN and the 16-ball WLCSP have 12 GPIOs. The 8-pin SOIC has 5 GPIOs.

Special Function Peripherals

CapSense

CapSense is supported in the PSoC 4000 through a CSD block that can be connected to up to 16 pins through an analog mux bus via an analog switch (pins on Port 3 are not available for CapSense purposes). CapSense function can thus be provided on any available pin or group of pins in a system under software control. A PSoC Creator component is provided for the CapSense block to make it easy for the user.

Shield voltage can be driven on another mux bus to provide water-tolerance capability. Water tolerance is provided by driving the shield electrode in phase with the sense electrode to keep the shield capacitance from attenuating the sensed input. Proximity sensing can also be implemented.

The CapSense block has two IDACs, which can be used for general purposes if CapSense is not being used (both IDACs are available in that case) or if CapSense is used without water tolerance (one IDAC is available).

Pinouts

All port pins support GPIO. Ports 0, 1, and 2 support CSD CapSense and analog multiplexed bus connections. TCPWM functions and Alternate Functions are multiplexed with port pins as follows for the five PSoC 4000 packages.

Table 1. Pin Descriptions

28-Pin SSOP		24-Pin QFN		16-Pin QFN		16-Pin SOIC		8-Pin SOIC		TCPWM Signals	Alternate Functions
Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name		
20	VSS										
21	P0.0/TRIN0	1	P0.0/TRIN0							TRIN0: Trigger Input 0	
22	P0.1/TRIN1/CMPO_0	2	P0.1/TRIN1/CMPO_0	1	P0.1/TRIN1/CMPO_0	3	P0.1/TRIN1/CMPO_0			TRIN1: Trigger Input 1	CMPO_0: Sense Comp Out
23	P0.2/TRIN2	3	P0.2/TRIN2	2	P0.2/TRIN2	4	P0.2/TRIN2			TRIN2: Trigger Input 2	
24	P0.3/TRIN3	4	P0.3/TRIN3							TRIN3: Trigger Input 3	
25	P0.4/TRIN4/CMPO_0/EXT_CLK	5	P0.4/TRIN4/CMPO_0/EXT_CLK	3	P0.4/TRIN4/CMPO_0/EXT_CLK	5	P0.4/TRIN4/CMPO_0/EXT_CLK	2	P0.4/TRIN4/CMPO_0/EXT_CLK	TRIN4: Trigger Input 4	CMPO_0: Sense Comp Out, External Clock, CMOD Cap
26	VCC	6	VCC	4	VCC	6	VCC	3	VCC		
27	VDD	7	VDD	6	VDD	7	VDD	4	VDD		
28	VSS	8	VSS	7	VSS	8	VSS	5	VSS		
1	P0.5	9	P0.5	5	VDDIO	9	P0.5				
2	P0.6	10	P0.6	8	P0.6	10	P0.6				
3	P0.7	11	P0.7								
4	P1.0	12	P1.0								
5	P1.1/OUT0	13	P1.1/OUT0	9	P1.1/OUT0	11	P1.1/OUT0	6	P1.1/OUT0	OUT0: PWM OUT 0	
6	P1.2/SCL	14	P1.2/SCL	10	P1.2/SCL	12	P1.2/SCL				I2C Clock
7	P1.3/SDA	15	P1.3/SDA	11	P1.3/SDA	13	P1.3/SDA				I2C Data
8	P1.4/UND0	16	P1.4/UND0							UND0: Underflow Out	
9	P1.5/OVF0	17	P1.5/OVF0							OVF0: Overflow Out	
10	P1.6/OVF0/UND0/nOUT0/CMPO_0	18	P1.6/OVF0/UND0/nOUT0/CMPO_0	12	P1.6/OVF0/UND0/nOUT0/CMPO_0	14	P1.6/OVF0/UND0/nOUT0/CMPO_0	7	P1.6/OVF0/UND0/nOUT0/CMPO_0	nOUT0: Complement of OUT0, UND0, OVF0 as above	CMPO_0: Sense Comp Out, Internal Reset function ^[1]

Note

1. Must not have load to ground during POR (should be an output).

Table 1. Pin Descriptions *(continued)*

28-Pin SSOP		24-Pin QFN		16-Pin QFN		16-Pin SOIC		8-Pin SOIC		TCPWM Signals	Alternate Functions
Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name		
11	VSS										
12	No Connect (NC) ^[2]										
13	P1.7/MATCH/EXT_CLK	19	P1.7/MATCH/EXT_CLK	13	P1.7/MATCH/EXT_CLK	15	P1.7/MATCH/EXT_CLK			MATCH: Match Out	External Clock
14	P2.0	20	P2.0			16	P2.0				
15	VSS										
16	P3.0/SDA/SWD_IO	21	P3.0/SDA/SWD_IO	14	P3.0/SDA/SWD_IO	1	P3.0/SDA/SWD_IO	8	P3.0/SDA/SWD_IO		I2C Data, SWD I/O
17	P3.1/SCL/SWD_CLK	22	P3.1/SCL/SWD_CLK	15	P3.1/SCL/SWD_CLK	2	P3.1/SCL/SWD_CLK	1	P3.1/SCL/SWD_CLK		I2C Clock, SWD Clock
18	P3.2	23	P3.2	16	P3.2					OUT0:PWM OUT 0	
19	XRES	24	XRES								XRES: External Reset

Descriptions of the Pin functions are as follows:

VDD: Power supply for both analog and digital sections.

VDDIO: Where available, this pin provides a separate voltage domain (see the [Power](#) section for details).

VSS: Ground pin.

VCCD: Regulated digital supply (1.8 V \pm 5%).

Pins belonging to Ports 0, 1, and 2 can all be used as CSD sense or shield pins connected to AMUXBUS A or B. They can also be used as GPIO pins that can be driven by the firmware, in addition to their alternate functions listed in the [Table 1](#).

Pins on Port 3 can be used as GPIO, in addition to their alternate functions listed above.

The following packages are provided: 28-pin SSOP, 24-pin QFN, 16-pin QFN, 16-pin SOIC, and 8-pin SOIC.

Note

2. This pin is not to be used; it must be left floating.

Figure 7. 16-Pin SOIC Pinout

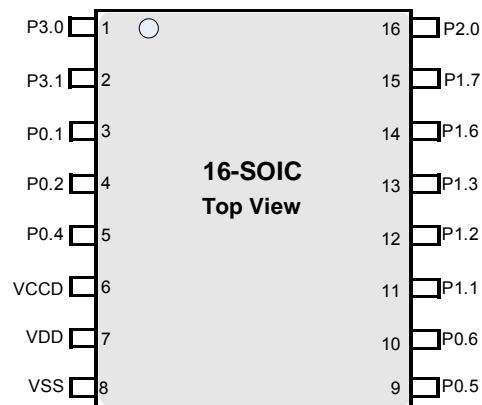
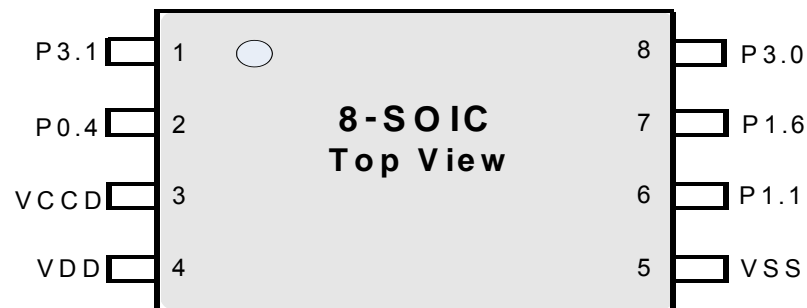


Figure 8. 8-Pin SOIC Pinout



Development Support

The PSoC 4000 family has a rich set of documentation, development tools, and online resources to assist you during your development process. Visit www.cypress.com/go/psoc4 to find out more.

Documentation

A suite of documentation supports the PSoC 4000 family to ensure that you can find answers to your questions quickly. This section contains a list of some of the key documents.

Software User Guide: A step-by-step guide for using PSoC Creator. The software user guide shows you how the PSoC Creator build process works in detail, how to use source control with PSoC Creator, and much more.

Component Datasheets: The flexibility of PSoC allows the creation of new peripherals (components) long after the device has gone into production. Component data sheets provide all of the information needed to select and use a particular component, including a functional description, API documentation, example code, and AC/DC specifications.

Application Notes: PSoC application notes discuss a particular application of PSoC in depth; examples include brushless DC motor control and on-chip filtering. Application notes often include example projects in addition to the application note document.

Technical Reference Manual: The Technical Reference Manual (TRM) contains all the technical detail you need to use a PSoC device, including a complete description of all PSoC registers. The TRM is available in the Documentation section at www.cypress.com/psoc4.

Online

In addition to print documentation, the Cypress PSoC forums connect you with fellow PSoC users and experts in PSoC from around the world, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Tools

With industry standard cores, programming, and debugging interfaces, the PSoC 4000 family is part of a development tool ecosystem. Visit us at www.cypress.com/go/psoccreator for the latest information on the revolutionary, easy to use PSoC Creator IDE, supported third party compilers, programmers, debuggers, and development kits.

Table 6. GPIO DC Specifications (referenced to V_{DDIO} for 16-Pin QFN V_{DDIO} pins) (continued)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID67 ^[7]	V_{HYSTTL}	Input hysteresis LVTTL	15	40	—	mV	$V_{DD} \geq 2.7 \text{ V}$
SID68 ^[7]	$V_{HYSCMOS}$	Input hysteresis CMOS	$0.05 \times V_{DD}$	—	—	mV	$V_{DD} < 4.5 \text{ V}$
SID68A ^[7]	$V_{HYSCMOS5V5}$	Input hysteresis CMOS	200	—	—	mV	$V_{DD} > 4.5 \text{ V}$
SID69 ^[7]	I_{DIODE}	Current through protection diode to V_{DD}/V_{SS}	—	—	100	μA	
SID69A ^[7]	I_{TOT_GPIO}	Maximum total source or sink chip current	—	—	85	mA	

Table 7. GPIO AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID70	T_{RISEF}	Rise time in fast strong mode	2	—	12	ns	3.3 V V_{DD} , Cload = 25 pF
SID71	T_{FALLF}	Fall time in fast strong mode	2	—	12	ns	3.3 V V_{DD} , Cload = 25 pF
SID72	T_{RISES}	Rise time in slow strong mode	10	—	60	—	3.3 V V_{DD} , Cload = 25 pF
SID73	T_{FALLS}	Fall time in slow strong mode	10	—	60	—	3.3 V V_{DD} , Cload = 25 pF
SID74	$F_{GPIOUT1}$	GPIO F_{OUT} ; 3.3 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$. Fast strong mode.	—	—	16	MHz	90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID75	$F_{GPIOUT2}$	GPIO F_{OUT} ; 1.71 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 3.3 \text{ V}$. Fast strong mode.	—	—	16	MHz	90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID76	$F_{GPIOUT3}$	GPIO F_{OUT} ; 3.3 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$. Slow strong mode.	—	—	7	MHz	90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID245	$F_{GPIOUT4}$	GPIO F_{OUT} ; 1.71 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 3.3 \text{ V}$. Slow strong mode.	—	—	3.5	MHz	90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID246	F_{GPIOIN}	GPIO input operating frequency; 1.71 V $\leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	—	—	16	MHz	90/10% V_{IO}

Note

7. Guaranteed by characterization.

XRES

Table 8. XRES DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID77	V_{IH}	Input voltage high threshold	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	–	–	V	CMOS Input
SID78	V_{IL}	Input voltage low threshold	–	–	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V	CMOS Input
SID79	R_{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5	k Ω	
SID80	C_{IN}	Input capacitance	–	3	7	pF	
SID81 ^[8]	$V_{HYSXRES}$	Input voltage hysteresis	–	$0.05 \times V_{DD}$	–	mV	Typical hysteresis is 200 mV for $V_{DD} > 4.5V$

Table 9. XRES AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID83 ^[8]	$T_{RESETWIDTH}$	Reset pulse width	5	–	–	μs	
BID#194 ^[8]	$T_{RESETWAKE}$	Wake-up time from reset release	–	–	3	ms	

Analog Peripherals

Comparator

Table 10. Comparator DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID330 ^[8]	I_{CMP1}	Block current, High Bandwidth mode	–	–	110	μA	
SID331 ^[8]	I_{CMP2}	Block current, Low Power mode	–	–	85	μA	
SID332 ^[8]	$V_{OFFSET1}$	Offset voltage, High Bandwidth mode	–	10	30	mV	
SID333 ^[8]	$V_{OFFSET2}$	Offset voltage, Low Power mode	–	10	30	mV	
SID334 ^[8]	Z_{CMP}	DC input impedance of comparator	35	–	–	M Ω	
SID338 ^[8]	VINP_COMP	Comparator input range	0	–	3.6	V	Max input voltage is lower of 3.6 V or V_{DD}
SID339	VREF_COMP	Comparator internal voltage reference	1.188	1.2	1.212	V	

Note

8. Guaranteed by characterization.

Digital Peripherals

Timer Counter Pulse-Width Modulator (TCPWM)

Table 13. TCPWM Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID.TCPWM.1	ITCPWM1	Block current consumption at 3 MHz	–	–	45	μA	All modes (TCPWM)
SID.TCPWM.2	ITCPWM2	Block current consumption at 8 MHz	–	–	145	μA	All modes (TCPWM)
SID.TCPWM.2A	ITCPWM3	Block current consumption at 16 MHz	–	–	160	μA	All modes (TCPWM)
SID.TCPWM.3	TCPWM _{FREQ}	Operating frequency	–	–	F _c	MHz	F _c max = CLK_SYS. Maximum = 16 MHz
SID.TCPWM.4	TPWM _{ENEXT}	Input trigger pulse width	2/F _c	–	–	ns	For all trigger events ^[9]
SID.TCPWM.5	TPWM _{EXT}	Output trigger pulse widths	2/F _c	–	–	ns	Minimum possible width of Overflow, Underflow, and CC (Counter equals Compare value) outputs
SID.TCPWM.5A	TC _{RES}	Resolution of counter	1/F _c	–	–	ns	Minimum time between successive counts
SID.TCPWM.5B	PWM _{RES}	PWM resolution	1/F _c	–	–	ns	Minimum pulse width of PWM Output
SID.TCPWM.5C	Q _{RES}	Quadrature inputs resolution	1/F _c	–	–	ns	Minimum pulse width between Quadrature phase inputs.

²C

Table 14. Fixed I²C DC Specifications^[10]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID149	I _{I2C1}	Block current consumption at 100 kHz	–	–	25	μA	
SID150	I _{I2C2}	Block current consumption at 400 kHz	–	–	135	μA	
SID.PWR#5	ISBI2C	I ² C enabled in Deep Sleep mode	–	–	2.5	μA	

Table 15. Fixed I²C AC Specifications^[10]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID153	F _{I2C1}	Bit rate	–	–	400	Kbps	

Note

9. Trigger events can be Stop, Start, Reload, Count, Capture, or Kill depending on which mode of operation is selected.

10. Guaranteed by characterization.

SWD Interface

Table 20. SWD Interface Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID213	F_SWDCLK1	$3.3\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	–	–	14	MHz	SWDCLK \leq 1/3 CPU clock frequency
SID214	F_SWDCLK2	$1.71\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.3\text{ V}$	–	–	7	MHz	SWDCLK \leq 1/3 CPU clock frequency
SID215 ^[13]	T_SWDI_SETUP	$T = 1/f\text{ SWDCLK}$	$0.25 \cdot T$	–	–	ns	
SID216 ^[13]	T_SWDI_HOLD	$T = 1/f\text{ SWDCLK}$	$0.25 \cdot T$	–	–	ns	
SID217 ^[13]	T_SWDO_VALID	$T = 1/f\text{ SWDCLK}$	–	–	$0.5 \cdot T$	ns	
SID217A ^[13]	T_SWDO_HOLD	$T = 1/f\text{ SWDCLK}$	1	–	–	ns	

Internal Main Oscillator

Table 21. IMO DC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Design)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID218	I _{IMO1}	IMO operating current at 48 MHz	–	–	250	μA	
SID219	I _{IMO2}	IMO operating current at 24 MHz	–	–	180	μA	

Table 22. IMO AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID223	F _{IMOTOL1}	Frequency variation at 24 and 32 MHz (trimmed)	–	–	±2	%	$2\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, and $-25\text{ °C} \leq T_A \leq 85\text{ °C}$
SID223A	F _{IMOTOLVCCD}	Frequency variation at 24 and 32 MHz (trimmed)	–	–	±4	%	All other conditions
SID226	T _{STARTIMO}	IMO startup time	–	–	7	μs	
SID228	T _{JITRMSIMO2}	RMS jitter at 24 MHz	–	145	–	ps	

Internal Low-Speed Oscillator

Table 23. ILO DC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Design)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID231 ^[13]	I _{ILO1}	ILO operating current	–	0.3	1.05	μA	
SID233 ^[13]	I _{ILOLEAK}	ILO leakage current	–	2	15	nA	

Table 24. ILO AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID234 ^[13]	T _{STARTILO1}	ILO startup time	–	–	2	ms	
SID236 ^[13]	T _{ILODUTY}	ILO duty cycle	40	50	60	%	
SID237	F _{ILOTRIM1}	ILO frequency range	20	40	80	kHz	

Note

13. Guaranteed by characterization.

Table 25. External Clock Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID305 ^[14]	ExtClkFreq	External clock input frequency	0	–	16	MHz	
SID306 ^[14]	ExtClkDuty	Duty cycle; measured at $V_{DD}/2$	45	–	55	%	

Table 26. Block Specs

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID262 ^[14]	T _{CLKSWITCH}	System clock source switching time	3	–	4	Periods	

Note

14. Guaranteed by characterization.

Ordering Information

The PSoC 4000 part numbers and features are listed in the following table. All package types are available in Tape and Reel.

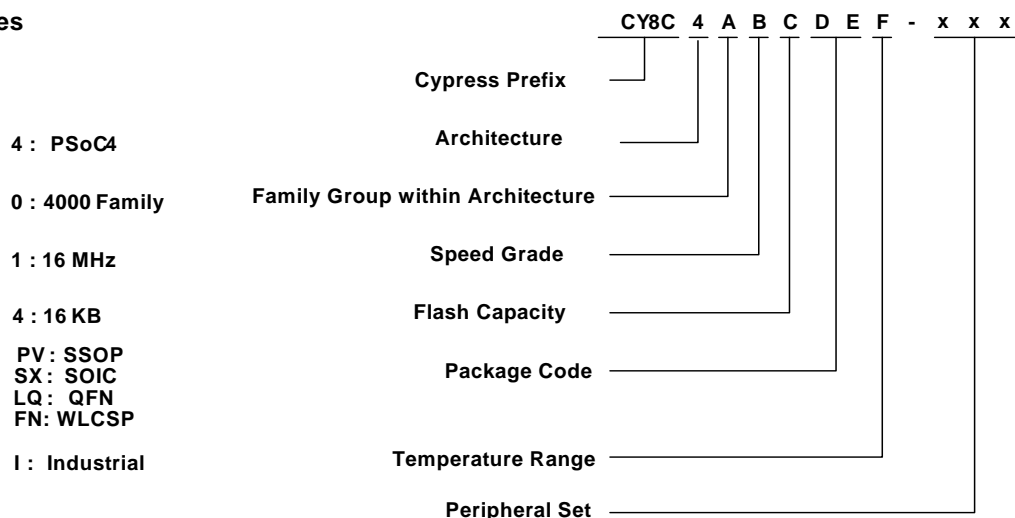
Category	MPN	Feature									Package					
		Max CPU Speed (MHz)	Flash (KB)	SRAM (KB)	CapSense	7-bit IDAC	8-bit IDAC	Comparators	TCPWM Blocks	I2C	16-WLCSP	8-SOIC	16-SOIC	16-QFN	24-QFN	28-SSOP
CY8C4013	CY8C4013SXI-400	16	8	2	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	✓	–	–	–	–
	CY8C4013SXI-410	16	8	2	–	1	1	1	1	1	–	✓	–	–	–	–
	CY8C4013SXI-411	16	8	2	–	1	1	1	1	1	–	–	✓	–	–	–
	CY8C4013LQI-411	16	8	2	–	1	1	1	1	1	–	–	–	✓	–	–
CY8C4014	CY8C4014SXI-420	16	16	2	✓	1	1	1	1	1	–	✓	–	–	–	–
	CY8C4014SXI-411	16	16	2	–	1	1	1	1	1	–	–	✓	–	–	–
	CY8C4014SXI-421	16	16	2	✓	1	1	1	1	1	–	–	✓	–	–	–
	CY8C4014LQI-421	16	16	2	✓	1	1	1	1	1	–	–	–	✓	–	–
	CY8C4014LQI-412	16	16	2	–	1	1	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	✓	–
	CY8C4014LQI-422	16	16	2	✓	1	1	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	✓	–
	CY8C4014PVI-412	16	16	2	–	1	1	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	✓
	CY8C4014PVI-422	16	16	2	✓	1	1	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	✓
	CY8C4014FNI-421	16	16	2	✓	1	1	1	1	1	✓	–	–	–	–	–
Other	CY8C4014LQI-SLT1	16	16	2	✓	1	1	1	1	1	–	–	–	✓	–	–
	CY8C4014LQI-SLT2	16	16	2	✓	1	1	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	✓	–

Part Numbering Conventions

PSoC 4 devices follow the part numbering convention described in the following table. All fields are single-character alphanumeric (0, 1, 2, ..., 9, A, B, ..., Z) unless stated otherwise.

The part numbers are of the form CY8C4ABCDEF-XYZ where the fields are defined as follows.

Examples



The Field Values are listed in the following table:

Field	Description	Values	Meaning
CY8C	Cypress prefix		
4	Architecture	4	PSoC 4
A	Family	0	4000 Family
B	CPU speed	1	16 MHz
		4	48 MHz
C	Flash capacity	3	8 KB
		4	16 KB
		5	32 KB
		6	64 KB
		7	128 KB
DE	Package code	SX	SOIC
		LQ	QFN
		PV	SSOP
		FN	WLCSP
F	Temperature range	I	Industrial
XYZ	Attributes code	000-999	Code of feature set in specific family

Packaging

Table 27. Package List

Spec ID#	Package	Description
BID#47A	28-Pin SSOP	28-pin 5 × 10 × 1.65mm SSOP with 0.65-mm pitch
BID#26	24-Pin QFN	24-pin 4 × 4 × 0.6 mm QFN with 0.5-mm pitch
BID#33	16-Pin QFN	16-pin 3 × 3 × 0.6 mm QFN with 0.5-mm pitch
BID#40	16-Pin SOIC	16-pin (150 Mil) SOIC
BID#47	8-Pin SOIC	8-pin (150 Mil) SOIC
BID#147A	16-Ball WLCSP	16-Ball 1.47 × 1.58 × 0.4 mm

Table 28. Package Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
T _A	Operating ambient temperature		−40	25	85	°C
T _J	Operating junction temperature		−40	–	100	°C
T _{JA}	Package θ _{JA} (28-pin SSOP)		–	66.6	–	°C/Watt
T _{JC}	Package θ _{JC} (28-pin SSOP)		–	34	–	°C/Watt
T _{JA}	Package θ _{JA} (24-pin QFN)		–	38	–	°C/Watt
T _{JC}	Package θ _{JC} (24-pin QFN)		–	5.6	–	°C/Watt
T _{JA}	Package θ _{JA} (16-pin QFN)		–	49.6	–	°C/Watt
T _{JC}	Package θ _{JC} (16-pin QFN)		–	5.9	–	°C/Watt
T _{JA}	Package θ _{JA} (16-pin SOIC)		–	142	–	°C/Watt
T _{JC}	Package θ _{JC} (16-pin SOIC)		–	49.8	–	°C/Watt
T _{JA}	Package θ _{JA} (16-ball WLCSP)		–	90	–	°C/Watt
T _{JC}	Package θ _{JC} (16-ball WLCSP)		–	0.9	–	°C/Watt
T _{JA}	Package θ _{JA} (8-pin SOIC)		–	198	–	°C/Watt
T _{JC}	Package θ _{JC} (8-pin SOIC)		–	56.9	–	°C/Watt

Table 29. Solder Reflow Peak Temperature

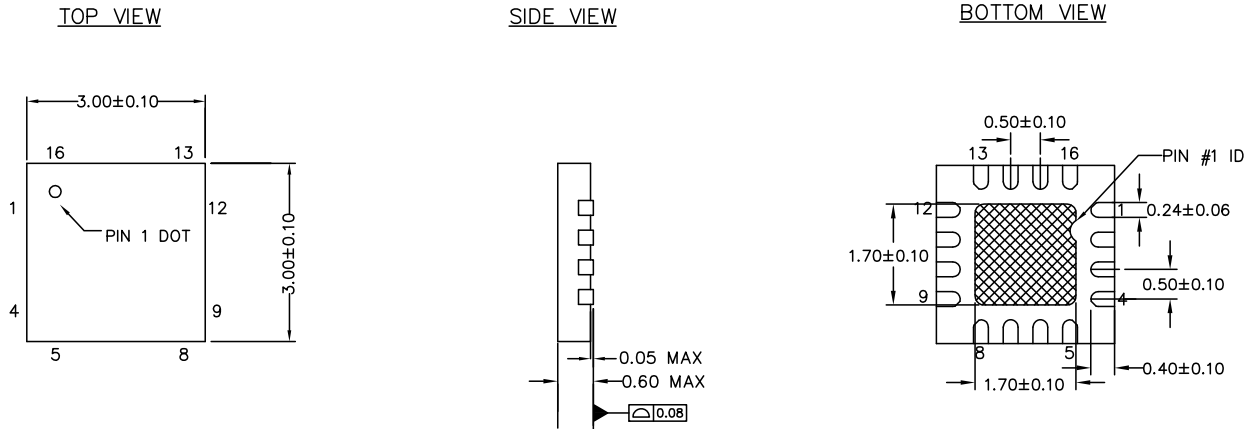
Package	Maximum Peak Temperature	Maximum Time at Peak Temperature
All	260 °C	30 seconds

Table 30. Package Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL), IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020


Package	MSL
All except WLCSP	MSL 3
16-ball WLCSP	MSL1

The center pad on the QFN package should be connected to ground (VSS) for best mechanical, thermal, and electrical performance. If not connected to ground, it should be electrically floating and not connected to any other signal.

Figure 13. 16-pin QFN Package EPAD (Sawn)

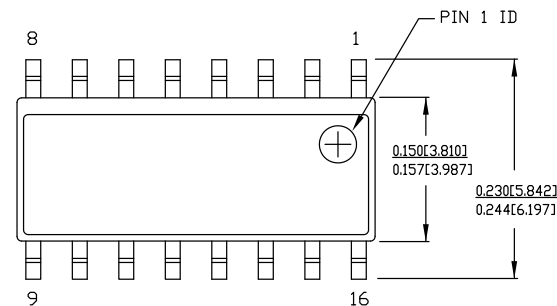


NOTES

1.  HATCH AREA IS SOLDERABLE EXPOSED PAD
2. REFERENCE JEDEC # MO-248
3. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
4. PACKAGE WEIGHT: See Cypress Package Material Declaration Datasheet (PMDD) posted on the Cypress web

001-87187 *A

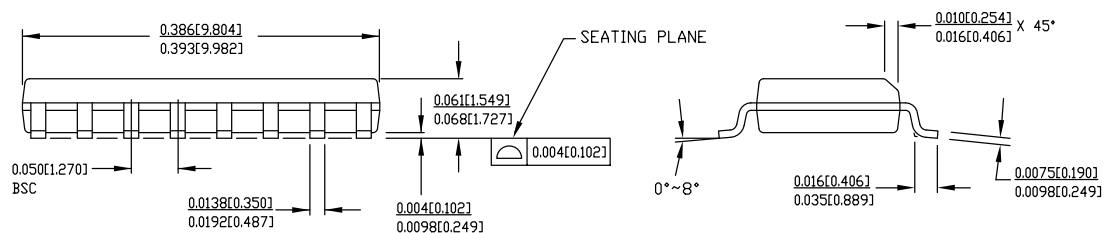
Figure 14. 16-pin (150-mil) SOIC Package Outline



NOTE:

1. DIMENSIONS IN INCHES[MM] **MAX.**
2. REFERENCE JEDEC MS-012
3. PACKAGE WEIGHT : refer to PMDD spec. 001-04308

PART #	
S16.15	STANDARD PKG.
SZ16.15	LEAD FREE PKG.



51-85068 *E

Note

16. Dimensions of the QFN package drawings are in inches [millimeters].

Figure 15. 8-pin (150-mil) SOIC Package Outline

1. DIMENSIONS IN INCHES[MM] MIN.
MAX.
2. PIN 1 ID IS OPTIONAL.
ROUND ON SINGLE LEADFRAME
RECTANGULAR ON MATRIX LEADFRAME
3. REFERENCE JEDEC MS-012
4. PACKAGE WEIGHT 0.07gms

PART #	
S08.15	STANDARD PKG
SZ08.15	LEAD FREE PKG
SW8.15	LEAD FREE PKG

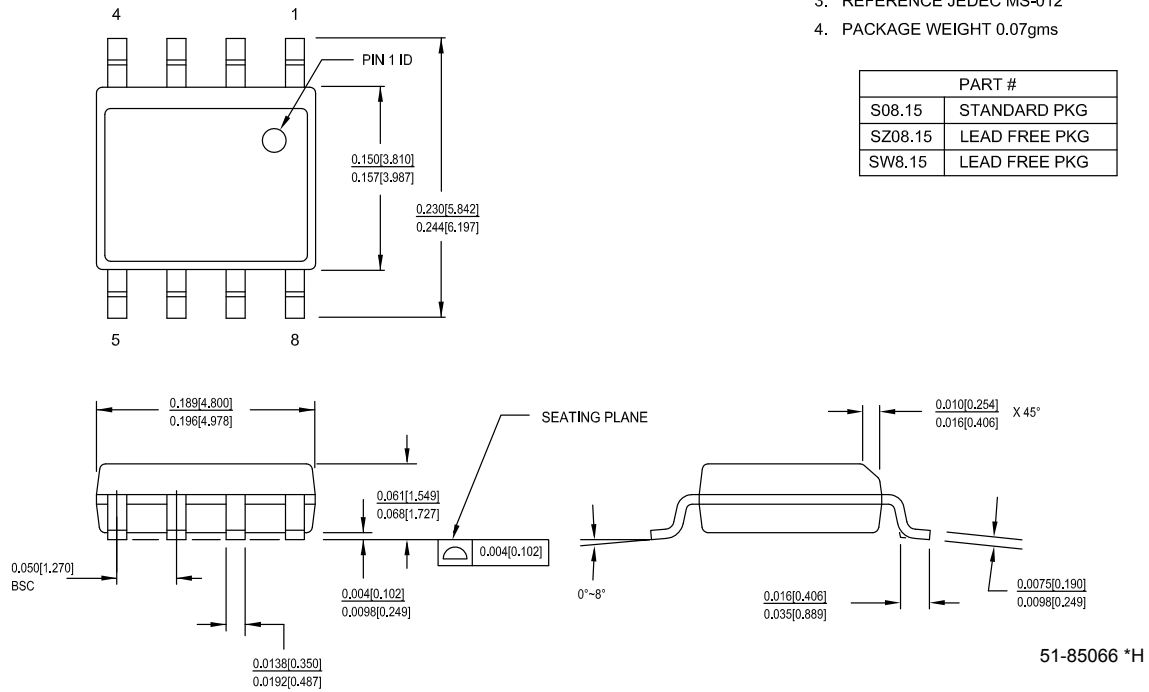
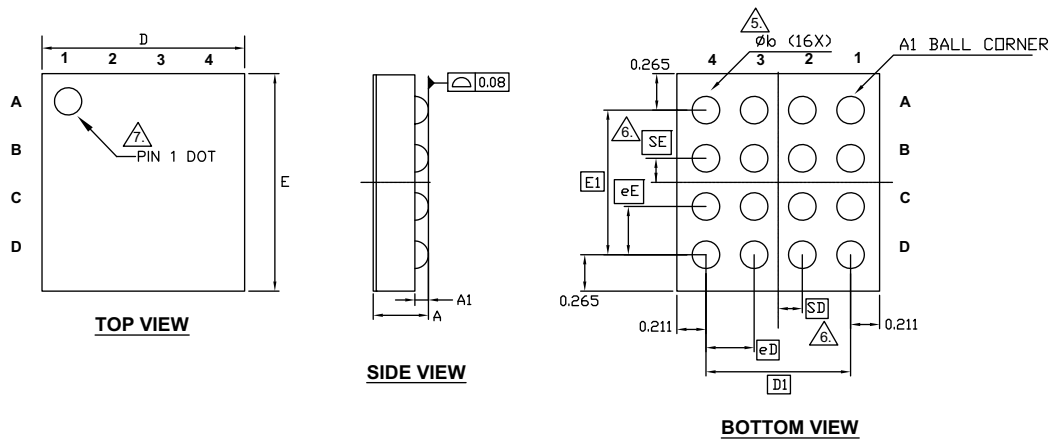


Figure 16. 16-Ball WLCSP 1.47 x 1.58 x 0.4 mm


SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	-	-	0.42
A1	0.089	0.099	0.109
D	1.447	1.472	1.497
E	1.554	1.579	1.604
D1	1.05 BSC		
E1	1.05 BSC		
MD	4		
ME	4		
N	16		
Ø b	0.17	0.20	0.23
eD	0.35 BSC		
eE	0.35 BSC		
SD	0.18 BSC		
SE	0.18 BSC		

NOTES:

- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- SOLDER BALL POSITION DESIGNATION PER JEP95, SECTION 3, SPP-020.
- "e" REPRESENTS THE SOLDER BALL GRID PITCH.
- SYMBOL "MD" IS THE BALL MATRIX SIZE IN THE "D" DIRECTION. SYMBOL "ME" IS THE BALL MATRIX SIZE IN THE "E" DIRECTION. N IS THE NUMBER OF POPULATED SOLDER BALL POSITIONS FOR MATRIX SIZE MD X ME.
- DIMENSION "b" IS MEASURED AT THE MAXIMUM BALL DIAMETER IN A PLANE PARALLEL TO DATUM C.
- "SD" AND "SE" ARE MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO DATUMS A AND B AND DEFINE THE POSITION OF THE CENTER SOLDER BALL IN THE OUTER ROW. WHEN THERE IS AN ODD NUMBER OF SOLDER BALLS IN THE OUTER ROW, "SD" OR "SE" = 0. WHEN THERE IS AN EVEN NUMBER OF SOLDER BALLS IN THE OUTER ROW, "SD" = eD/2 AND "SE" = eE/2.
- A1 CORNER TO BE IDENTIFIED BY CHAMFER, LASER OR INK MARK METALIZED MARK, INDENTATION OR OTHER MEANS.
- "+" INDICATES THE THEORETICAL CENTER OF DEPOPULATED SOLDER BALLS.
- JEDEC SPECIFICATION NO. REF. : N/A.

002-18598 **

Acronyms

Table 31. Acronyms Used in this Document

Acronym	Description
abus	analog local bus
ADC	analog-to-digital converter
AG	analog global
AHB	AMBA (advanced microcontroller bus architecture) high-performance bus, an ARM data transfer bus
ALU	arithmetic logic unit
AMUXBUS	analog multiplexer bus
API	application programming interface
APSR	application program status register
ARM®	advanced RISC machine, a CPU architecture
ATM	automatic thump mode
BW	bandwidth
CAN	Controller Area Network, a communications protocol
CMRR	common-mode rejection ratio
CPU	central processing unit
CRC	cyclic redundancy check, an error-checking protocol
DAC	digital-to-analog converter, see also IDAC, VDAC
DFB	digital filter block
DIO	digital input/output, GPIO with only digital capabilities, no analog. See GPIO.
DMIPS	Dhrystone million instructions per second
DMA	direct memory access, see also TD
DNL	differential nonlinearity, see also INL
DNU	do not use
DR	port write data registers
DSI	digital system interconnect
DWT	data watchpoint and trace
ECC	error correcting code
ECO	external crystal oscillator
EEPROM	electrically erasable programmable read-only memory
EMI	electromagnetic interference
EMIF	external memory interface
EOC	end of conversion
EOF	end of frame
EPSR	execution program status register
ESD	electrostatic discharge

Table 31. Acronyms Used in this Document *(continued)*

Acronym	Description
ETM	embedded trace macrocell
FIR	finite impulse response, see also IIR
FPB	flash patch and breakpoint
FS	full-speed
GPIO	general-purpose input/output, applies to a PSoC pin
HVI	high-voltage interrupt, see also LVI, LVD
IC	integrated circuit
IDAC	current DAC, see also DAC, VDAC
IDE	integrated development environment
I ² C, or IIC	Inter-Integrated Circuit, a communications protocol
IIR	infinite impulse response, see also FIR
ILO	internal low-speed oscillator, see also IMO
IMO	internal main oscillator, see also ILO
INL	integral nonlinearity, see also DNL
I/O	input/output, see also GPIO, DIO, SIO, USBIO
IPOR	initial power-on reset
IPSR	interrupt program status register
IRQ	interrupt request
ITM	instrumentation trace macrocell
LCD	liquid crystal display
LIN	Local Interconnect Network, a communications protocol.
LR	link register
LUT	lookup table
LVD	low-voltage detect, see also LVI
LVI	low-voltage interrupt, see also HVI
LVTTTL	low-voltage transistor-transistor logic
MAC	multiply-accumulate
MCU	microcontroller unit
MISO	master-in slave-out
NC	no connect
NMI	nonmaskable interrupt
NRZ	non-return-to-zero
NVIC	nested vectored interrupt controller
NVL	nonvolatile latch, see also WOL
opamp	operational amplifier
PAL	programmable array logic, see also PLD

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Table 32. Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degrees Celsius
dB	decibel
fF	femto farad
Hz	hertz
KB	1024 bytes
kbps	kilobits per second
Khr	kilohour
kHz	kilohertz
kΩ	kilo ohm
ksps	kilosamples per second
LSB	least significant bit
Mbps	megabits per second
MHz	megahertz
MΩ	mega-ohm
Msps	megasamples per second
μA	microampere
μF	microfarad
μH	microhenry
μs	microsecond
μV	microvolt
μW	microwatt
mA	milliampere
ms	millisecond
mV	millivolt
nA	nanoampere
ns	nanosecond
nV	nanovolt
Ω	ohm
pF	picofarad
ppm	parts per million
ps	picosecond
s	second
sps	samples per second
sqrtHz	square root of hertz
V	volt

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