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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

E·XF

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, Microwire, SmartCard, SPI, SSP, UART/USART
Peripherals	Bluetooth, Brown-out Detect/Reset, Cap Sense, DMA LCD, LVD, POR, PWM, SmartCard, SmartSense, WDT
Number of I/O	36
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; D/A 2xIDAC
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	56-UFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	56-QFN (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/cy8c4248lqi-bl483

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



More Information

Cypress provides a wealth of data at http://www.cypress.com to help you to select the right PSoC device for your design, and to help you to quickly and effectively integrate the device into your design. For a comprehensive list of resources, see the introduction page for Bluetooth® Low Energy (BLE) Products. Following is an abbreviated list for PRoC BLE:

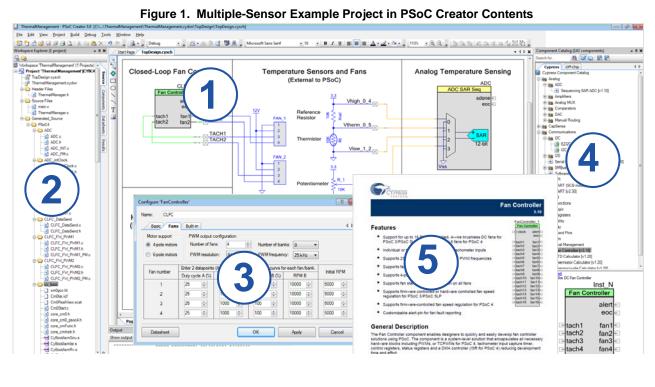
- Overview: PSoC Portfolio, PSoC Roadmap
- Product Selectors: PSoC 1, PSoC 3, PSoC 4, PRoC BLE, PSoC 4 BLE, PSoC 5LP In addition, PSoC Creator includes a device selection tool.
- Application Notes: Cypress offers a large number of PSoC application notes coverting a broad range of topics, from basic to advanced level. Recommended application notes for getting started with PRoC BLE are:
- □ AN94020: Getting Started with PRoC BLE
- □ AN97060: PSoC 4 BLE and PRoC BLE Over-The-Air (OTA) Device Firmware Upgrade (DFU) Guide
- □ AN91184: PSoC 4 BLE Designing BLE Applications
- □ AN91162: Creating a BLE Custom Profile
- □ AN91445: Antenna Design and RF Layout Guidelines
- □ AN96841: Getting Started With EZ-BLE Module

PSoC Creator

- □ AN85951: PSoC 4 CapSense Design Guide
- AN95089: PSoC 4/PRoC BLE Crystal Oscillator Selection and Tuning Techniques
- AN92584: Designing for Low Power and Estimating Battery Life for BLE Applications
- Technical Reference Manual (TRM) is in two documents:
 - Architecture TRM details each PRoC BLE functional block
 - Registers TRM describes each of the PRoC BLE registers
- Development Kits:
 - CY8CKIT-042-BLE-A Pioneer Kit, is a flexible, Arduino-compatible, Bluetooth LE development kit for PSoC 4 BLE and PRoC BLE.
 - CY8CKIT-142, PSoC 4 BLE Module, features a PSoC 4 BLE device, two crystals for the antenna matching network, a PCB antenna and other passives, while providing access to all GPIOs of the device.
 - CY8CKIT-143, PSoC 4 BLE 256KB Module, features a PSoC 4 BLE 256KB device, two crystals for the antenna matching network, a PCB antenna and other passives, while providing access to all GPIOs of the device.
 - The MiniProg3 device provides an interface for flash programming and debug.

PSoC Creator is a free Windows-based Integrated Design Environment (IDE). It enables concurrent hardware and firmware design of PSoC 3, PSoC 4, and PSoC 5LP based systems. Create designs using classic, familiar schematic capture supported by over 100 pre-verified, production-ready PSoC Components; see the list of component datasheets. With PSoC Creator, you can:

- 1. Drag and drop component icons to build your hardware system design in the main design workspace
- 2. Codesign your application firmware with the PSoC hardware, using the PSoC Creator IDE C compiler
- 3. Configure components using the configuration tools
- 4. Explore the library of 100+ components
- 5. Review component datasheets





Analog Blocks

12-bit SAR ADC

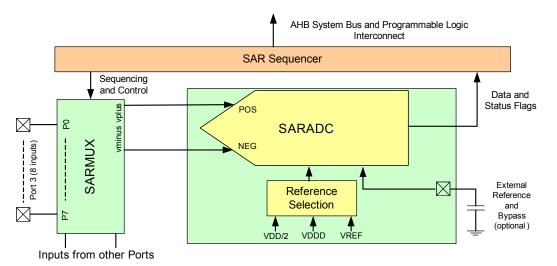
The 12-bit, 1-Msps SAR ADC can operate at a maximum clock rate of 18 MHz and requires a minimum of 18 clocks at that frequency to do a 12-bit conversion.

The block functionality is augmented for the user by adding a reference buffer to it (trimmable to ±1%) and by providing the choice of three internal voltage references, V_{DD} , $V_{DD}/2$, and V_{REF} (nominally 1.024 V), as well as an external reference through a GPIO pin. The Sample-and-Hold (S/H) aperture is programmable; it allows the gain bandwidth requirements of the amplifier driving the SAR inputs, which determine its settling time, to be relaxed if required. System performance will be 65 dB for true 12-bit precision provided appropriate references are used and system noise levels permit it. To improve the performance in noisy conditions, it is possible to provide an external bypass (through a fixed pin location) for the internal reference amplifier.

The SAR is connected to a fixed set of pins through an 8-input sequencer. The sequencer cycles through the selected channels autonomously (sequencer scan) and does so with zero switching overhead (that is, the aggregate sampling bandwidth is equal to 1 Msps whether it is for a single channel or distributed over several channels). The sequencer switching is effected through a state machine or through firmware-driven switching. A feature provided by the sequencer is the buffering of each channel to reduce CPU interrupt-service requirements. To accommodate signals with varying source impedances and frequencies, it is possible to have different sample times programmable for each channel. Also, the signal range specification through a pair of range registers (low and high range values) is implemented with a corresponding out-of-range interrupt if the digitized value exceeds the programmed range; this allows fast detection of out-of-range values without having to wait for a sequencer scan to be completed and the CPU to read the values and check for out-of-range values in software.

The SAR is able to digitize the output of the on-chip temperature sensor for calibration and other temperature-dependent functions. The SAR is not available in Deep Sleep and Hibernate modes as it requires a high-speed clock (up to 18 MHz). The SAR operating range is 1.71 to 5.5 V.





Opamps (CTBm Block)

PSoC 42X8_BLE has four opamps with Comparator modes, which allow most common analog functions to be performed on-chip, eliminating external components. PGAs, voltage buffers, filters, transimpedance amplifiers, and other functions can be realized with external passives saving power, cost, and space. The on-chip opamps are designed with enough bandwidth to drive the sample-and-hold circuit of the ADC without requiring external buffering.

Temperature Sensor

PSoC 4200_BL has an on-chip temperature sensor. This consists of a diode, which is biased by a current source that can be disabled to save power. The temperature sensor is connected

to the ADC, which digitizes the reading and produces a temperature value by using a Cypress-supplied software that includes calibration and linearization.

Low-Power Comparators

PSoC 4200_BL has a pair of low-power comparators, which can also operate in Deep Sleep and Hibernate modes. This allows the analog system blocks to be disabled while retaining the ability to monitor external voltage levels during low-power modes. The comparator outputs are normally synchronized to avoid metastability unless operating in an asynchronous power mode (Hibernate) where the system wake-up circuit is activated by a comparator-switch event.

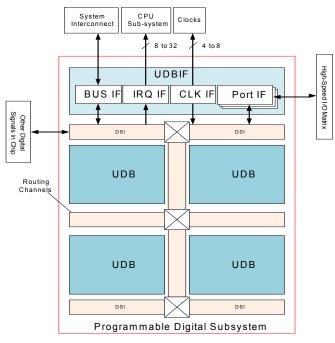


Programmable Digital

Universal Digital Blocks (UDBs) and Port Interfaces

The PSoC 4XX8 BLE 4.2 has four UDBs; the UDB array also provides a switched Digital System Interconnect (DSI) fabric that allows signals from peripherals and ports to be routed to and through the UDBs for communication and control.

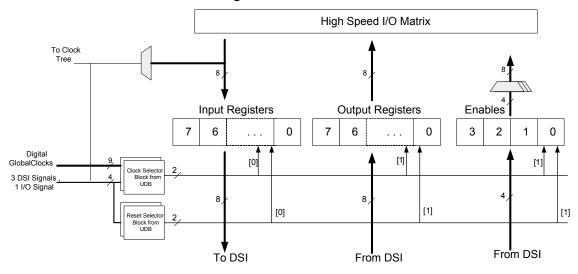
Figure 5. UDB Array



UDBs can be clocked from a clock-divider block, from a port interface (required for peripherals such as SPI), and from the DSI network directly or after synchronization.

A port interface is defined, which acts as a register that can be clocked with the same source as the PLDs inside the UDB array. This allows a faster operation because the inputs and outputs can be registered at the port interface close to the I/O pins and at the edge of the array. The port interface registers can be clocked by one of the I/Os from the same port. This allows interfaces such as SPI to operate at higher clock speeds by eliminating the delay for the port input to be routed over DSI and used to register other inputs (see Figure 6).

Figure 6. Port Interface



UDBs can generate interrupts (one UDB at a time) to the interrupt controller. UDBs retain the ability to connect to any pin on the chip through the DSI.



Pinouts

Table 1 shows the pin list for the PSoC 4200_BL device. Port 3 consists of the high-speed analog inputs for the SAR mux. All pins support CSD CapSense and analog mux bus connections.

Table 1. PSoC 4200_BL Pin List (QFN Package)

Pin	Name	Туре	Description
1	VDDD	POWER	1.71-V to 5.5-V digital supply
2	XTAL320/P6.0	CLOCK	32.768-kHz crystal
3	XTAL32I/P6.1	CLOCK	32.768-kHz crystal or external clock input
4	XRES	RESET	Reset, active LOW
5	P4.0	GPIO	Port 4 Pin 0, lcd, csd
6	P4.1	GPIO	Port 4 Pin 1, lcd, csd
7	P5.0	GPIO	Port 5 Pin 0, lcd, csd
8	P5.1	GPIO	Port 5 Pin 1, lcd, csd
9	VSSD	GROUND	Digital ground
10	VDDR	POWER	1.9-V to 5.5-V radio supply
11	GANT1	GROUND	Antenna shielding ground
12	ANT	ANTENNA	Antenna pin
13	GANT2	GROUND	Antenna shielding ground
14	VDDR	POWER	1.9-V to 5.5-V radio supply
15	VDDR	POWER	1.9-V to 5.5-V radio supply
16	XTAL24I	CLOCK	24-MHz crystal or external clock input
17	XTAL24O	CLOCK	24-MHz crystal
18	VDDR	POWER	1.9-V to 5.5-V radio supply
19	P0.0	GPIO	Port 0 Pin 0, lcd, csd
20	P0.1	GPIO	Port 0 Pin 1, lcd, csd
21	P0.2	GPIO	Port 0 Pin 2, lcd, csd
22	P0.3	GPIO	Port 0 Pin 3, lcd, csd
23	VDDD	POWER	1.71-V to 5.5-V digital supply
24	P0.4	GPIO	Port 0 Pin 4, lcd, csd
25	P0.5	GPIO	Port 0 Pin 5, lcd, csd
26	P0.6	GPIO	Port 0 Pin 6, lcd, csd
27	P0.7	GPIO	Port 0 Pin 7, lcd, csd
28	P1.0	GPIO	Port 1 Pin 0, lcd, csd
29	P1.1	GPIO	Port 1 Pin 1, lcd, csd
30	P1.2	GPIO	Port 1 Pin 2, lcd, csd
31	P1.3	GPIO	Port 1 Pin 3, Icd, csd
32	P1.4	GPIO	Port 1 Pin 4, lcd, csd
33	P1.5	GPIO	Port 1 Pin 5, lcd, csd
34	P1.6	GPIO	Port 1 Pin 6, lcd, csd
35	P1.7	GPIO	Port 1 Pin 7, lcd, csd
36	VDDA	POWER	1.71-V to 5.5-V analog supply
37	P2.0	GPIO	Port 2 Pin 0, lcd, csd
38	P2.1	GPIO	Port 2 Pin 1, lcd, csd
39	P2.2	GPIO	Port 2 Pin 2, lcd, csd



Pin	Name	Туре	Description
G6	VSSR	GROUND	Radio ground
G7	VSSR	GROUND	Radio ground
G8	GANT	GROUND	Antenna shielding ground
G9	VSSR	GROUND	Radio ground
H1	NC	NC	Do not connect
H2	P0.5	GPIO	Port 0 Pin 5, analog/digital/lcd/csd
H3	P0.1	GPIO	Port 0 Pin 1, analog/digital/lcd/csd
H4	XTAL24O	CLOCK	24-MHz crystal
H5	XTAL24I	CLOCK	24-MHz crystal or external clock input
H6	VSSR	GROUND	Radio ground
H7	VSSR	GROUND	Radio ground
H8	ANT	ANTENNA	Antenna pin
J1	NC	NC	Do not connect
J2	P0.4	GPIO	Port 0 Pin 4, analog/digital/lcd/csd
J3	P0.0	GPIO	Port 0 Pin 0, analog/digital/lcd/csd
J4	VDDR	POWER	1.9-V to 5.5-V radio supply
J7	VDDR	POWER	1.9-V to 5.5-V radio supply
J8	NO CONNECT	_	-

Table 2. PSoC 4200_BL Pin List (WLCSP Package) (continued)

High-speed I/O matrix (HSIOM) is a group of high-speed switches that routes GPIOs to the resources inside the device. These resources include CapSense, TCPWMs, I²C, SPI, UART, and LCD. HSIOM_PORT_SELx are 32-bit-wide registers that control the routing of GPIOs. Each register controls one port; four dedicated bits are assigned to each GPIO in the port. This provides up to 16 different options for GPIO routing as shown in Table 3.

Table 3. HSIOM Port Settings

Value	Description
0	Firmware-controlled GPIO
1	Output is firmware-controlled, but Output Enable (OE) is controlled from DSI.
2	Both output and OE are controlled from DSI.
3	Output is controlled from DSI, but OE is firmware-controlled.
4	Pin is a CSD sense pin
5	Pin is a CSD shield pin
6	Pin is connected to AMUXA
7	Pin is connected to AMUXB
8	Pin-specific Active function #0
9	Pin-specific Active function #1
10	Pin-specific Active function #2

 Table 3. HSIOM Port Settings (continued)

Value	Description
11	Reserved
12	Pin is an LCD common pin
13	Pin is an LCD segment pin
14	Pin-specific Deep-Sleep function #0
15	Pin-specific Deep-Sleep function #1



The selection of peripheral function for different GPIO pins is given in Table 4.

Table 4. Port Pin Connections

Nome	Anglen	Digital							
Name	Analog	GPIO Active #0		Active #1	Active #2	Deep Sleep #0	Deep Sleep #1		
P0.0	COMP0_INP	GPIO	TCPWM0_P[3]	SCB1_UART_RX[1]	-	SCB1_I2C_SDA[1]	SCB1_SPI_MOSI[1]		
P0.1	COMP0_INN	GPIO	TCPWM0_N[3]	SCB1_UART_TX[1]	-	SCB1_I2C_SCL[1]	SCB1_SPI_MISO[1]		
P0.2	_	GPIO	TCPWM1_P[3]	SCB1_UART_RTS[1]	-	COMP0_OUT[0]	SCB1_SPI_SS0[1]		
P0.3	-	GPIO	TCPWM1_N[3]	SCB1_UART_CTS[1]	-	COMP1_OUT[0]	SCB1_SPI_SCLK[1]		
P0.4	COMP1_INP	GPIO	TCPWM1_P[0]	SCB0_UART_RX[1]	EXT_CLK[0]/ ECO_OUT[0]	SCB0_I2C_SDA[1]	SCB0_SPI_MOSI[1]		
P0.5	COMP1_INN	GPIO	TCPWM1_N[0]	SCB0_UART_TX[1]	-	SCB0_I2C_SCL[1]	SCB0_SPI_MISO[1]		
P0.6	-	GPIO	TCPWM2_P[0]	SCB0_UART_RTS[1]	-	SWDIO[0]	SCB0_SPI_SS0[1]		
P0.7	-	GPIO	TCPWM2_N[0]	SCB0_UART_CTS[1]	-	SWDCLK[0]	SCB0_SPI_SCLK[1]		
P1.0	CTBm1_OA0_INP	GPIO	TCPWM0_P[1]	-	-	COMP0_OUT[1]	WCO_OUT[2]		
P1.1	CTBm1_OA0_INN	GPIO	TCPWM0_N[1]	-	-	COMP1_OUT[1]	SCB1_SPI_SS1		
P1.2	CTBm1_OA0_OUT	GPIO	TCPWM1_P[1]	-	-	_	SCB1_SPI_SS2		
P1.3	CTBm1_OA1_OUT	GPIO	TCPWM1_N[1]	-	-	-	SCB1_SPI_SS3		
P1.4	CTBm1_OA1_INN	GPIO	TCPWM2_P[1]	SCB0_UART_RX[0]	-	SCB0_I2C_SDA[0]	SCB0_SPI_MOSI[1]		
P1.5	CTBm1_OA1_INP	GPIO	TCPWM2_N[1]	SCB0_UART_TX[0]	-	SCB0_I2C_SCL[0]	SCB0_SPI_MISO[1]		
P1.6	CTBm1_OA0_INP	GPIO	TCPWM3_P[1]	SCB0_UART_RTS[0]	-	-	SCB0_SPI_SS0[1]		
P1.7	CTBm1_OA1_INP	GPIO	TCPWM3_N[1]	SCB0_UART_CTS[0]	-	_	SCB0_SPI_SCLK[1]		
P2.0	CTBm0_OA0_INP	GPIO	-	-	-	_	SCB0_SPI_SS1		
P2.1	CTBm0_OA0_INN	GPIO	-	-	-	-	SCB0_SPI_SS2		
P2.2	CTBm0_OA0_OUT	GPIO	-	-	-	WAKEUP	SCB0_SPI_SS3		
P2.3	CTBm0_OA1_OUT	GPIO	-	-	-	_	WCO_OUT[1]		
P2.4	CTBm0_OA1_INN	GPIO	-	-	-	-	-		
P2.5	CTBm0_OA1_INP	GPIO	-	-	-	-	-		
P2.6	CTBm0_OA0_INP	GPIO	-	-	-	-	-		
P2.7	CTBm0_OA1_INP	GPIO	-	-	EXT_CLK[1]/ECO_OUT[1]	-	-		
P3.0	SARMUX_0	GPIO	TCPWM0_P[2]	SCB0_UART_RX[2]	-	SCB0_I2C_SDA[2]	-		
P3.1	SARMUX_1	GPIO	TCPWM0_N[2]	SCB0_UART_TX[2]	-	SCB0_I2C_SCL[2]	-		
P3.2	SARMUX_2	GPIO	TCPWM1_P[2]	SCB0_UART_RTS[2]	-	_	-		
P3.3	SARMUX_3	GPIO	TCPWM1_N[2]	SCB0_UART_CTS[2]	-	_	-		
P3.4	SARMUX_4	GPIO	TCPWM2_P[2]	SCB1_UART_RX[2]	-	SCB1_I2C_SDA[2]	-		
P3.5	SARMUX_5	GPIO	TCPWM2_N[2]	SCB1_UART_TX[2]	-	SCB1_I2C_SCL[2]	-		
P3.6	SARMUX_6	GPIO	TCPWM3_P[2]	SCB1_UART_RTS[2]	-	-	-		
P3.7	SARMUX_7	GPIO	TCPWM3_N[2]	SCB1_UART_CTS[2]	-	-	WCO_OUT[0]		
P4.0	CMOD	GPIO	TCPWM0_P[0]	SCB1_UART_RTS[0]	-	_	SCB1_SPI_MOSI[0]		
P4.1	CTANK	GPIO	TCPWM0_N[0]	SCB1_UART_CTS[0]	-	_	SCB1_SPI_MISO[0]		
P5.0	-	GPIO	TCPWM3_P[0]	SCB1_UART_RX[0]	EXTPA_EN	SCB1_I2C_SDA[0]	SCB1_SPI_SS0[0]		
P5.1	-	GPIO	TCPWM3_N[0]	SCB1_UART_TX[0]	EXT_CLK[2]/ECO_OUT[2]	SCB1_I2C_SCL[0]	SCB1_SPI_SCLK[0]		
P6.0_XTAL32O	-	GPIO	-	-	-	-	-		
P6.1_XTAL32I	-	GPIO	-	-	-	-	_		



Electrical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings^[1]

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID1	V _{DDD_ABS}	Analog, digital, or radio supply relative to V_{SS} (V_{SSD} = V_{SSA})	-0.5	_	6	V	Absolute max
SID2	V _{CCD_ABS}	Direct digital core voltage input relative to V _{SSD}	-0.5	-	1.95	V	Absolute max
SID3	V _{GPIO_ABS}	GPIO voltage	-0.5	-	V _{DD} +0.5	V	Absolute max
SID4	I _{GPIO_ABS}	Maximum current per GPIO	-25	-	25	mA	Absolute max
SID5	I _{GPIO_injection}	GPIO injection current, Max for V _{IH} > V _{DDD} , and Min for V _{IL} < V _{SS}	-0.5	_	0.5	mA	Absolute max, current injected per pin
BID57	ESD_HBM	Electrostatic discharge human body model	2200	-	-	V	_
BID58	ESD_CDM	Electrostatic discharge charged device model	500	_	_	V	-
BID61	LU	Pin current for latch-up	-200	-	200	mA	-

Device-Level Specifications

All specifications are valid for –40 °C \leq TA \leq 85 °C and TJ \leq 100 °C, except where noted. Specifications are valid for 1.71 V to 5.5 V, except where noted.

Table 6. DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID6	V _{DD}	Power supply input voltage (V _{DDA} = V _{DDD} = V _{DD})	1.8	-	5.5	V	With regulator enabled
SID7	V _{DD}	Power supply input voltage unregulated $(V_{DDA} = V_{DDD} = V_{DD})$	1.71	1.8	1.89	V	Internally unregulated Supply
SID8	V _{DDR}	Radio supply voltage (Radio ON)	1.9	-	5.5	V	-
SID8A	V _{DDR}	Radio supply voltage (Radio OFF)	1.71	-	5.5	V	-
SID9	V _{CCD}	Digital regulator output voltage (for core logic)	_	1.8	_	V	_
SID10	C _{VCCD}	Digital regulator output bypass capacitor	1	1.3	1.6	μF	X5R ceramic or better
Active Mode	e, V _{DD} = 1.71	V to 5.5 V					-
SID13	I _{DD3}	Execute from flash; CPU at 3 MHz	-	2.1	-	mA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 3.3 V
SID14	I _{DD4}	Execute from flash; CPU at 3 MHz	_	-	-	mA	T = -40 C to 85 °C
SID15	I _{DD5}	Execute from flash; CPU at 6 MHz	_	2.5	_	mA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 3.3 V
SID16	I _{DD6}	Execute from flash; CPU at 6 MHz	-	-	-	mA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
SID17	I _{DD7}	Execute from flash; CPU at 12 MHz	_	4	-	mA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 3.3 V
SID18	I _{DD8}	Execute from flash; CPU at 12 MHz	—	-	—	mA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C

Note

Usage above the absolute maximum conditions listed in Table 5 may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability. The maximum storage temperature is 150 °C in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD22-A103, High Temperature Storage Life. When used below absolute maximum conditions but above normal operating conditions, the device may not operate to specification.



Table 6. DC Specifications (continued)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Мах	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID19	I _{DD9}	Execute from flash; CPU at 24 MHz	-	7.1	_	mA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 3.3 V
SID20	I _{DD10}	Execute from flash; CPU at 24 MHz	-	-	-	mA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
SID21	I _{DD11}	Execute from flash; CPU at 48 MHz	_	13.4	_	mA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 3.3 V
SID22	I _{DD12}	Execute from flash; CPU at 48 MHz	-	-	_	mA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
Sleep Mode	, V _{DD} = 1.8 to	5.5 V					·
SID23	I _{DD13}	IMO on	_	_	_	mA	T = 25 °C, VDD = 3.3 V, SYSCLK = 3 MHz
Sleep Mode	, V_{DD} and V_{D}	_{DR} = 1.9 to 5.5 V	_	-		_	
SID24	I _{DD14}	ECO on	-	_	_	mA	T = 25 °C, VDD = 3.3 V, SYSCLK = 3 MHz
Deep Sleep	Mode, V _{DD} =	1.8 to 3.6 V		•		•	
SID25	I _{DD15}	WDT with WCO on	-	1.5	-	μA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 3.3 V
SID26	I _{DD16}	WDT with WCO on	-	-	-	μA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
Deep Sleep	Mode, V _{DD} =	3.6 to 5.5 V	•				
SID27	I _{DD17}	WDT with WCO on	-	-	-	μA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 5 V
SID28	I _{DD18}	WDT with WCO on	-	-	-	μA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
Deep Sleep	Mode, V _{DD} =	1.71 to 1.89 V (Regulator Bypassed)	•				
SID29	I _{DD19}	WDT with WCO on	-	-	_	μA	T = 25 °C
SID30	I _{DD20}	WDT with WCO on	-	-	-	μA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
Deep Sleep	Mode, V _{DD} =	1.8 to 3.6 V					
SID31	I _{DD21}	Opamp on	_	-	_	μA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 3.3 V
SID32	I _{DD22}	Opamp on	-	-	Ι	μA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
Deep Sleep	Mode, V_{DD} =	3.6 to 5.5 V					
SID33	I _{DD23}	Opamp on	_	_	Ι	μA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 5 V
SID34	I _{DD24}	Opamp on	-	-	-	μA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
Deep Sleep	Mode, V_{DD} =	1.71 to 1.89 V (Regulator Bypassed)					
SID35	I _{DD25}	Opamp on	-	-	-	μA	T = 25 °C
SID36	I _{DD26}	Opamp on	-	-	-	μA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
Hibernate M	lode, V _{DD} = 1	.8 to 3.6 V					
SID37	I _{DD27}	GPIO and reset active	-	150	_	nA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 3.3V
SID38	I _{DD28}	GPIO and reset active	-	-	_	nA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
Hibernate M	lode, V _{DD} = 3	.6 to 5.5 V					
SID39	I _{DD29}	GPIO and reset active	_	_	_	nA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 5 V
SID40	I _{DD30}	GPIO and reset active	-	-	-	nA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
Hibernate M		.71 to 1.89 V (Regulator Bypassed)		•		•	



Table 6. DC Specifications (continued)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID41	I _{DD31}	GPIO and reset active	-	_	_	nA	T = 25 °C
SID42	I _{DD32}	GPIO and reset active	-	-	-	nA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
Stop Mode,	V _{DD} = 1.8 to 3	3.6 V					
SID43	I _{DD33}	Stop mode current (V _{DD})	-	20	-	nA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 3.3 V
SID44	I _{DD34}	Stop mode current (V _{DDR})	-	40		nA	T = 25 °C, V _{DDR} = 3.3 V
SID45	I _{DD35}	Stop mode current (V _{DD})	-	_	-	nA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
SID46	I _{DD36}	Stop mode current (V _{DDR})	-	_	_	nA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C, V _{DDR} = 1.9 V to 3.6 V
Stop Mode,	V _{DD} = 3.6 to \$	5.5 V					
SID47	I _{DD37}	Stop mode current (V _{DD})	-	_	_	nA	T = 25 °C, V _{DD} = 5 V
SID48	I _{DD38}	Stop mode current (V _{DDR})	-	-	-	nA	T = 25 °C, V _{DDR} = 5 V
SID49	I _{DD39}	Stop mode current (V _{DD})	-	_	_	nA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
SID50	I _{DD40}	Stop mode current (V _{DDR})	-	_	_	nA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C
Stop Mode,	V _{DD} = 1.71 to	1.89 V (Regulator Bypassed)		•	-		
SID51	I _{DD41}	Stop mode current (V _{DD})	-	_	_	nA	T = 25 °C
SID52	I _{DD42}	Stop mode current (V _{DD})	_	_	_	nA	T = -40 °C to 85 °C

Table 7. AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Мах	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID53	F _{CPU}	CPU frequency	DC	-	48	MHz	$1.71~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5~V$
SID54	T _{SLEEP}	Wakeup from Sleep mode	_	0	_	μs	Guaranteed by characterization
SID55	T _{DEEPSLEEP}	Wakeup from Deep Sleep mode	_	_	25	μs	24-MHz IMO. Guaranteed by characterization.
SID56	T _{HIBERNATE}	Wakeup from Hibernate mode	_	_	0.7	ms	Guaranteed by characterization
SID57	T _{STOP}	Wakeup from Stop mode	_	_	2.2	ms	Guaranteed by characterization



Table 26. PWM AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID214	T _{PWMFREQ}	Operating frequency	F _{CLK}	_	48	MHz	-
SID215	T _{PWMPWINT}	Pulse width (internal)	2 × T _{CLK}	_	-	ns	-
SID216	T _{PWMEXT}	Pulse width (external)	2 × T _{CLK}	-	_	ns	-
SID217	T _{PWMKILLINT}	Kill pulse width (internal)	2 × T _{CLK}	-	_	ns	-
SID218	T _{PWMKILLEXT}	Kill pulse width (external)	2 × T _{CLK}	_	-	ns	-
SID219	T _{PWMEINT}	Enable pulse width (internal)	2 × T _{CLK}	-	_	ns	-
SID220	T _{PWMENEXT}	Enable pulse width (external)	2 × T _{CLK}	-	_	ns	-
SID221	T _{PWMRESWINT}	Reset pulse width (internal)	2 × T _{CLK}	_	-	ns	-
SID222	T _{PWMRESWEXT}	Reset pulse width (external)	2 × T _{CLK}	-	_	ns	_

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Table 27. Fixed I²C DC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID223	I _{I2C1}	Block current consumption at 100 kHz	-	-	50	μA	_
SID224	I _{I2C2}	Block current consumption at 400 kHz	-	-	155	μA	_
SID225	I _{I2C3}	Block current consumption at 1 Mbps	-	-	390	μA	_
SID226	I _{I2C4}	I ² C enabled in Deep Sleep mode	1	-	1.4	μA	_

Table 28. Fixed I²C AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID227	F _{I2C1}	Bit rate	-	-	1	Mbps	-

LCD Direct Drive

Table 29. LCD Direct Drive DC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID228	I _{LCDLOW}	Operating current in low-power mode	-	17.5	-	μA	16 × 4 small segment display at 50 Hz
SID229	C _{LCDCAP}	LCD capacitance per segment/common driver	_	500	5000	pF	-
SID230	LCD _{OFFSET}	Long-term segment offset	-	20	-	mV	-
SID231	I _{LCDOP1}	LCD system operating current V _{BIAS} = 5 V.	-	2	-	mA	32 × 4 segments. 50 Hz at 25 °C
SID232	I _{LCDOP2}	LCD system operating current. V _{BIAS} = 3.3 V	_	2	-	mA	32 × 4 segments 50 Hz at 25 °C

Table 30. LCD Direct Drive AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID233	F _{LCD}	LCD frame rate	10	50	150	Hz	_

Table 31. Fixed UART DC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID234	I _{UART1}	Block current consumption at 100 kbps	-	-	55	μA	-
SID235	I _{UART2}	Block current consumption at 1000 kbps	_	Ι	360	μA	_



Table 32. Fixed UART AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID236	F _{UART}	Bit rate	Ι	-	1	Mbps	_

SPI Specifications

Table 33. Fixed SPI DC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID237	I _{SPI1}	Block current consumption at 1 Mbps	-	-	360	μA	-
SID238	I _{SPI2}	Block current consumption at 4 Mbps	-	-	560	μA	_
SID239	I _{SPI3}	Block current consumption at 8 Mbps	-	-	600	μA	_

Table 34. Fixed SPI AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID240		SPI operating frequency (master; 6X oversampling)	-	-	8	MHz	-

Table 35. Fixed SPI Master Mode AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID241	Т _{DMO}	MOSI valid after Sclock driving edge	-	-	18	ns	_
SID242	T _{DSI}	MISO valid before Sclock capturing edge. Full clock, late MISO sampling used	20	-	_	ns	Full clock, late MISO sampling
SID243	T _{HMO}	Previous MOSI data hold time	0	_	_	ns	Referred to Slave capturing edge

Table 36. Fixed SPI Slave Mode AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID244	T _{DMI}	MOSI valid before Sclock capturing edge	40	-	-	ns	-
SID245	T _{DSO}	MISO valid after Sclock driving edge	-	-	42 + 3 × T _{CPU}	ns	_
SID246	T _{DSO_ext}	MISO valid after Sclock driving edge in external clock mode	-	-	53	ns	V _{DD} < 3.0 V
SID247	T _{HSO}	Previous MISO data hold time	0	-	-	ns	-
SID248	T _{SSELSCK}	SSEL valid to first SCK valid edge	100	-	_	ns	_

Memory

Table 37. Flash DC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID249	V _{PE}	Erase and program voltage	1.71	1	5.5	V	_
SID309	T _{WS48}	Number of Wait states at 32–48 MHz	2	I	Ι		CPU execution from flash
SID310	T _{WS32}	Number of Wait states at 16–32 MHz	1	I	I		CPU execution from flash
SID311	T _{WS16}	Number of Wait states for 0–16 MHz	0	-	-		CPU execution from flash



Table 38. Flash AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID250	T _{ROWWRITE} ^[5]	Row (block) write time (erase and program)	_	_	20	ms	Row (block) = 128 bytes for 128 KB flash devices Row (block) = 256 bytes for 256 KB flash devices
SID251	T _{ROWERASE} ^[5]	Row erase time	-	-	13	ms	_
SID252	T _{ROWPROGRAM} ^[5]	Row program time after erase	-	-	7	ms	-
SID253	T _{BULKERASE} ^[5]	Bulk erase time (256 KB)	-	-	35	ms	_
SID254	T _{DEVPROG} ^[5]	Total device program time	-	-	50	seconds	256 KB
SID254A	'DEVPROG	iotal device program time	-	-	25	3000103	128 KB
SID255	F _{END}	Flash endurance	100 K	-	-	cycles	_
SID256	F _{RET}	Flash retention. $T_A \le 55 \text{ °C}$, 100 K P/E cycles	20	_	_	years	_
SID257	F _{RET2}	Flash retention. $T_A \le 85$ °C, 10 K P/E cycles	10	_	_	years	-

System Resources

Power-on-Reset (POR)

Table 39. POR DC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID258	V _{RISEIPOR}	Rising trip voltage	0.80	-	1.45	V	-
SID259	V _{FALLIPOR}	Falling trip voltage	0.75	-	1.40	V	-
SID260	VIPORHYST	Hysteresis	15	-	200	mV	_

Table 40. POR AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID264		PPOR response time in Active and Sleep modes	1	1	1	μs	_

Table 41. Brown-Out Detect

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID261	V _{FALLPPOR}	BOD trip voltage in Active and Sleep modes	1.64	-	-	V	_
SID262	V _{FALLDPSLP}	BOD trip voltage in Deep Sleep mode	1.4	-	_	V	_

Table 42. Hibernate Reset

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID263	V _{HBRTRIP}	BOD trip voltage in Hibernate mode	1.1	-	-	V	_

Note

^{5.} It can take as much as 20 milliseconds to write to flash. During this time, the device should not be reset, or flash operations will be interrupted and cannot be relied on to have completed. Reset sources include the XRES pin, software resets, CPU lockup states and privilege violations, improper power supply levels, and watchdogs. Make certain that these are not inadvertently activated.



Table 47. IMO AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID296	F _{IMOTOL3}	Frequency variation from 3 to 48 MHz	_	-	±2	%	With API-called calibration
SID297	F _{IMOTOL3}	IMO startup time	_	-	12	μs	_

Internal Low-Speed Oscillator

Table 48. ILO DC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID298	I _{ILO2}	ILO operating current at 32 kHz	-	0.3	1.05	μA	-

Table 49. ILO AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Мах	Units	Details/Conditions
SID299	T _{STARTILO1}	ILO startup time	-	-	2	ms	-
SID300	F _{ILOTRIM1}	32-kHz trimmed frequency	15	32	50	kHz	-

Table 50. External Clock Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID301	ExtClkFreq	External clock input frequency	0	-	48	MHz	CMOS input level only
SID302	ExtClkDuty	Duty cycle; Measured at $V_{DD/2}$	45	-	55	%	CMOS input level only

Table 51. UDB AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
Data Path							
SID303	F _{MAX-TIMER}	Max frequency of 16-bit timer in a UDB pair	_	-	48	MHz	-
SID304	F _{MAX-ADDER}	Max frequency of 16-bit adder in a UDB pair	_	-	48	MHz	-
SID305	F _{MAX_CRC}	Max frequency of 16-bit CRC/PRS in a UDB pair	-	-	48	MHz	_
PLD Perfor	rmance in UDB						
SID306	F _{MAX_PLD}	Max frequency of 2-pass PLD function in a UDB pair	_	_	48	MHz	-
Clock to O	utput Performance						
SID307	T _{CLK_OUT_UDB1}	Prop. delay for clock in to data out at 25 °C, Typical	_	15	_	ns	-
SID308	T _{CLK_OUT_UDB2}	Prop. delay for clock in to data out, Worst case	_	25	_	ns	_



Table 52. BLE Subsystem (continued)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID356	RXSE2	Receiver spurious emission 1.0 GHz to 12.75 GHz	-	-	-47	dBm	1-MHz measurement bandwidth ETSI EN300 328 V1.8.1
RF Transn	nitter Specificatio	ns					
SID357	TXP, ACC	RF power accuracy	_	±1	-	dB	-
SID358	TXP, RANGE	RF power control range	-	20	-	dB	_
SID359	TXP, 0dBm	Output power, 0-dB Gain setting (PA7)	-	0	-	dBm	-
SID360	TXP, MAX	Output power, maximum power setting (PA10)	-	3	-	dBm	-
SID361	TXP, MIN	Output power, minimum power setting (PA1)	_	-18	_	dBm	-
SID362	F2AVG	Average frequency deviation for 10101010 pattern	185	-	-	kHz	RF-PHY Specification (TRM-LE/CA/05/C)
SID363	F1AVG	Average frequency deviation for 11110000 pattern	225	250	275	kHz	RF-PHY Specification (TRM-LE/CA/05/C)
SID364	EO	Eye opening = Δ F2AVG/ Δ F1AVG	0.8	_	_		RF-PHY Specification (TRM-LE/CA/05/C)
SID365	FTX, ACC	Frequency accuracy	-150	_	150	kHz	RF-PHY Specification (TRM-LE/CA/06/C)
SID366	FTX, MAXDR	Maximum frequency drift	-50	-	50	kHz	RF-PHY Specification (TRM-LE/CA/06/C)
SID367	FTX, INITDR	Initial frequency drift	-20	-	20	kHz	RF-PHY Specification (TRM-LE/CA/06/C)
SID368	FTX, DR	Maximum drift rate	-20	-	20	kHz/ 50 μs	RF-PHY Specification (TRM-LE/CA/06/C)
SID369	IBSE1	In-band spurious emission at 2-MHz offset	-	-	-20	dBm	RF-PHY Specification (TRM-LE/CA/03/C)
SID370	IBSE2	In-band spurious emission at ≥3-MHz offset	-	-	-30	dBm	RF-PHY Specification (TRM-LE/CA/03/C)
SID371	TXSE1	Transmitter spurious emissions (average), <1.0 GHz	-	-	-55.5	dBm	FCC-15.247
SID372	TXSE2	Transmitter spurious emissions (average), >1.0 GHz	-	-	-41.5	dBm	FCC-15.247
RF Curren	t Specifications						
SID373	IRX	Receive current in normal mode	-	18.7	-	mA	-
SID373A	IRX_RF	Radio receive current in normal mode	-	16.4	-	mA	Measured at V _{DDR}
SID374	IRX, HIGHGAIN	Receive current in high-gain mode	-	21.5	-	mA	-
SID375	ITX, 3dBm	TX current at 3-dBm setting (PA10)	-	20	-	mA	-
SID376	ITX, 0dBm	TX current at 0-dBm setting (PA7)	-	16.5	-	mA	_
SID376A	ITX_RF, 0dBm	Radio TX current at 0 dBm setting (PA7)	I	15.6	-	mA	Measured at V _{DDR}
SID376B	ITX_RF, 0dBm	Radio TX current at 0 dBm excluding Balun loss	Ι	14.2	-	mA	Guaranteed by design simulation
SID377	ITX,-3dBm	TX current at –3-dBm setting (PA4)	-	15.5	-	mA	-



Table 54. WCO Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID398	F _{WCO}	Crystal frequency	-	32.768	-	kHz	-
SID399	FTOL	Frequency tolerance	-	50	-	ppm	-
SID400	ESR	Equivalent series resistance	-	50	-	kΩ	-
SID401	PD	Drive level	-	-	1	μW	-
SID402	T _{START}	Startup time	_	-	500	ms	-
SID403	CL	Crystal load capacitance	6	-	12.5	pF	-
SID404	C0	Crystal shunt capacitance	-	1.35	-	pF	-
SID405	I _{WCO1}	Operating current (High-Power mode)	-	-	8	μA	-
SID406	I _{WCO2}	Operating current (Low-Power mode)	-	-	2.6	μA	-



PSoC 4 devices follow the part numbering convention described in the following table. All fields are single-character alphanumeric (0, 1, 2, ..., 9, A,B, ..., Z) unless stated otherwise.

Ordering Code Definitions

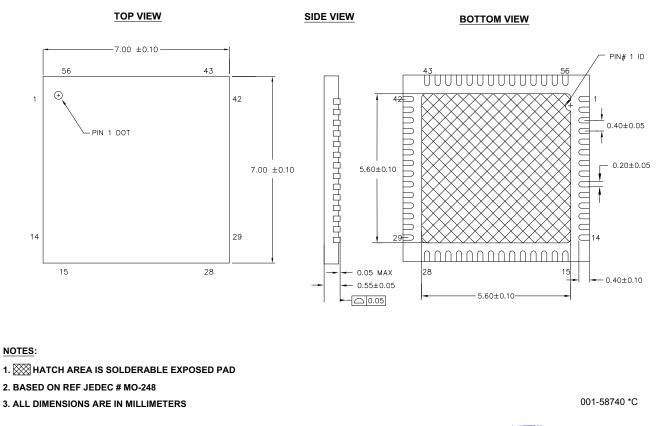
Example	<u>CY8C 4 A B C D E F - BLXYZ</u>
CY8 C	Cypress Prefix
4: PSoC 4	Architecture
2 : 4200 Family	Family within Architecture
4 : 48 MHz	Speed Grade
8 : 256 KB	Flash Capacity
LQ : QFN	Package Code
I : Industrial	Temperature Range
BLXYZ: Attributes	Attributes Code

The Field Values are listed in the following table:

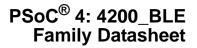
Field	Description	Values	Meaning
CY8C	Cypress Prefix		
4	Architecture	4	PSoC 4
А	Family within architecture	2	4200-BLE Family
В	CPU Speed	4	48 MHz
С	Flash Capacity	8, 7	256, 128 KB respectively
DE	Package Code	FN	WLCSP
		LQ	QFN
		FL	Thin CSP
F	Temperature Range	I	Industrial
BLXYZ	Attributes Code	BL400-BL499	Bluetooth 4.1 compliant
		BL500-BL599	Bluetooth 4.2 compliant



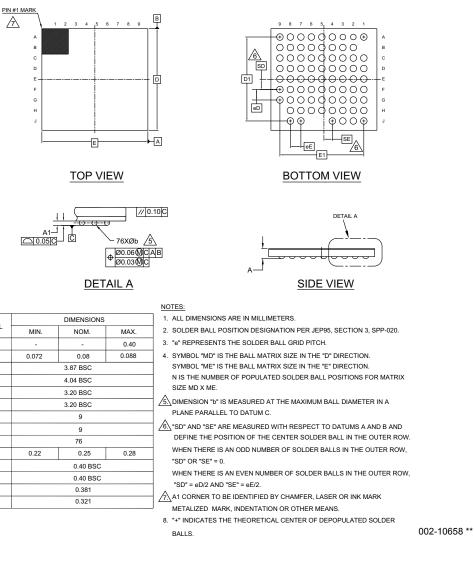
Figure 8. 56-Pin QFN 7 × 7 × 0.6 mm



The center pad on the QFN package should be connected to ground (VSS) for best mechanical, thermal, and electrical performance.







SYMBOL

Α

A1

D

Е

D1

E1

MD

ME

Ν

Øb

eD

еE

SD

SE



Acronym	Description
PC	program counter
PCB	printed circuit board
PGA	programmable gain amplifier
PHUB	peripheral hub
PHY	physical layer
PICU	port interrupt control unit
PLA	programmable logic array
PLD	programmable logic device, see also PAL
PLL	phase-locked loop
PMDD	package material declaration data sheet
POR	power-on reset
PRES	precise power-on reset
PRS	pseudo random sequence
PS	port read data register
PSoC [®]	Programmable System-on-Chip™
PSRR	power supply rejection ratio
PWM	pulse-width modulator
RAM	random-access memory
RISC	reduced-instruction-set computing
RMS	root-mean-square
RTC	real-time clock
RTL	register transfer language
RTR	remote transmission request
RX	receive
SAR	successive approximation register
SC/CT	switched capacitor/continuous time
SCL	I ² C serial clock
SDA	I ² C serial data
S/H	sample and hold
SINAD	signal to noise and distortion ratio
SIO	special input/output, GPIO with advanced features. See GPIO.
SOC	start of conversion
SOF	start of frame
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface, a communications protocol
SR	slew rate
SRAM	static random access memory
SRES	software reset
1	

Table 60. Acronyms Used in this Document (continued)

Acronym Description SWV single-wire viewer TD transaction descriptor, see also DMA THD total harmonic distortion TIA transimpedance amplifier TRM technical reference manual TTL transistor-transistor logic ΤХ transmit UART Universal Asynchronous Transmitter Receiver, a communications protocol UDB universal digital block USB Universal Serial Bus USBIO USB input/output, PSoC pins used to connect to a USB port VDAC voltage DAC, see also DAC, IDAC WDT watchdog timer WOL write once latch, see also NVL WRES watchdog timer reset **XRES** external reset I/O pin **XTAL** crystal

Table 60. Acronyms Used in this Document (continued)

SWD



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