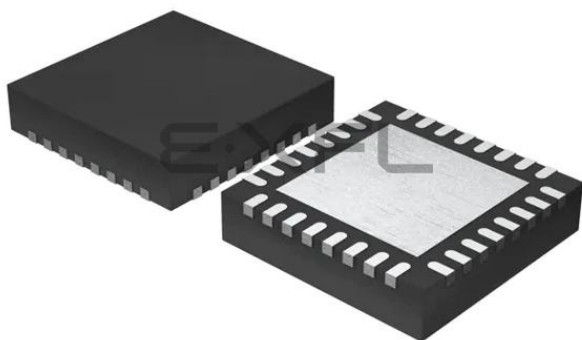




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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	20
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.85V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 20x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	32-QFN (5x5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32jg1b200f128gm32-b0r

4. Electrical Specifications

4.1 Electrical Characteristics

All electrical parameters in all tables are specified under the following conditions, unless stated otherwise:

- Typical values are based on $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{DD}=3.3\text{ V}$, by production test and/or technology characterization.
- Minimum and maximum values represent the worst conditions across supply voltage, process variation, and operating temperature, unless stated otherwise.

Refer to [Table 4.2 General Operating Conditions on page 11](#) for more details about operational supply and temperature limits.

4.1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above those listed below may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the devices at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. For more information on the available quality and reliability data, see the Quality and Reliability Monitor Report at <http://www.silabs.com/support/quality/pages/default.aspx>.

Table 4.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Storage temperature range	T_{STG}		-50	—	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
External main supply voltage	V_{DDMAX}		0	—	3.8	V
External main supply voltage ramp rate	$V_{DDRAMP MAX}$		—	—	1	V / μs
Voltage on any 5V tolerant GPIO pin ¹	V_{DIGPIN}		-0.3	—	Min of 5.25 and IOVDD +2	V
Voltage on non-5V tolerant GPIO pins			-0.3	—	IOVDD+0.3	V
Voltage on HFXO pins	$V_{HFXOPIN}$		-0.3	—	1.4	V
Total current into VDD power lines (source)	I_{VDDMAX}		—	—	200	mA
Total current into VSS ground lines (sink)	I_{VSSMAX}		—	—	200	mA
Current per I/O pin (sink)	I_{IOMAX}		—	—	50	mA
Current per I/O pin (source)			—	—	50	mA
Current for all I/O pins (sink)	$I_{IOALLMAX}$		—	—	200	mA
Current for all I/O pins (source)			—	—	200	mA
Voltage difference between AVDD and VREGVDD	ΔV_{DD}		—	—	0.3	V
Junction Temperature for -G grade devices	T_J		-40	—	105	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Junction Temperature for -I grade devices			-40	—	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Note:

1. When a GPIO pin is routed to the analog module through the APORT, the maximum voltage = IOVDD.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Max load current	I_{LOAD_MAX}	Low noise (LN) mode, Heavy Drive ⁴ , $T_{amb} \leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	—	—	200	mA
		Low noise (LN) mode, Heavy Drive ⁴ , $T_{amb} > 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	—	—	100	mA
		Low noise (LN) mode, Medium Drive ⁴	—	—	100	mA
		Low noise (LN) mode, Light Drive ⁴	—	—	50	mA
		Low power (LP) mode, LPCMPBIAS ³ = 0	—	—	75	μA
		Low power (LP) mode, LPCMPBIAS ³ = 3	—	—	10	mA
DCDC nominal output capacitor	C_{DCDC}	25% tolerance	1	1	1	μF
DCDC nominal output inductor	L_{DCDC}	20% tolerance	4.7	4.7	4.7	μH
Resistance in Bypass mode	R_{BYP}		—	1.2	2.5	Ω

Note:

1. Due to internal dropout, the DC-DC output will never be able to reach its input voltage, $V_{VREGVDD}$
2. LP mode controller is a hysteretic controller that maintains the output voltage within the specified limits
3. In EMU_DCDCMISCCTRL register
4. Drive levels are defined by configuration of the PFETCNT and NFETCNT registers. Light Drive: PFETCNT=NFETCNT=3; Medium Drive: PFETCNT=NFETCNT=7; Heavy Drive: PFETCNT=NFETCNT=15.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Current consumption in EM4S Shutoff mode	I_{EM4S}	no RAM retention, no RTCC	—	0.04	—	μA

Note:

1. DCDC Low Noise DCM Mode = Light Drive (PFETCNT=NFETCNT=3), F=3.0 MHz (RCOBAND=0), ANASW=DVDD
2. CMU_HFXOCTRL_LOWPOWER=1
3. DCDC Low Noise CCM Mode = Light Drive (PFETCNT=NFETCNT=3), F=6.4 MHz (RCOBAND=4), ANASW=DVDD
4. DCDC Low Power Mode = Medium Drive (PFETCNT=NFETCNT=7), LPOSCDIV=1, LPBIAS=3, LPCILIMSEL=1, ANASW=DVDD

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Comparator delay ⁴	$t_{ACMPDELAY}$	BIASPROG ² = 1, FULLBIAS ² = 0	—	30	—	μs
		BIASPROG ² = 0x10, FULLBIAS ² = 0	—	3.7	—	μs
		BIASPROG ² = 0x20, FULLBIAS ² = 1	—	35	—	ns
Offset voltage	$V_{ACMPOFFSET}$	BIASPROG ² = 0x10, FULLBIAS ² = 1	-35	—	35	mV
Reference Voltage	$V_{ACMPREF}$	Internal 1.25 V reference	1	1.25	1.47	V
		Internal 2.5 V reference	2	2.5	2.8	V
Capacitive Sense Internal Resistance	R_{CSRES}	CSRESSEL ⁵ = 0	—	inf	—	k Ω
		CSRESSEL ⁵ = 1	—	15	—	k Ω
		CSRESSEL ⁵ = 2	—	27	—	k Ω
		CSRESSEL ⁵ = 3	—	39	—	k Ω
		CSRESSEL ⁵ = 4	—	51	—	k Ω
		CSRESSEL ⁵ = 5	—	102	—	k Ω
		CSRESSEL ⁵ = 6	—	164	—	k Ω
		CSRESSEL ⁵ = 7	—	239	—	k Ω

Note:

1. ACMPVDD is a supply chosen by the setting in ACMPn_CTRL_PWRSEL and may be IOVDD, AVDD or DVDD
2. In ACMPn_CTRL register
3. In ACMPn_HYSTERESIS register
4. ± 100 mV differential drive
5. In ACMPn_INPUTSEL register

The total ACMP current is the sum of the contributions from the ACMP and its internal voltage reference as given as:

$$I_{ACMPTOTAL} = I_{ACMP} + I_{ACMPREF}$$

$I_{ACMPREF}$ is zero if an external voltage reference is used.

4.2.2 DC-DC Converter

Default test conditions: CCM mode, LDCDC = 4.7 μ H, CDCDC = 1.0 μ F, VDCDC_I = 3.3 V, VDCDC_O = 1.8 V, FDCDC_LN = 7 MHz

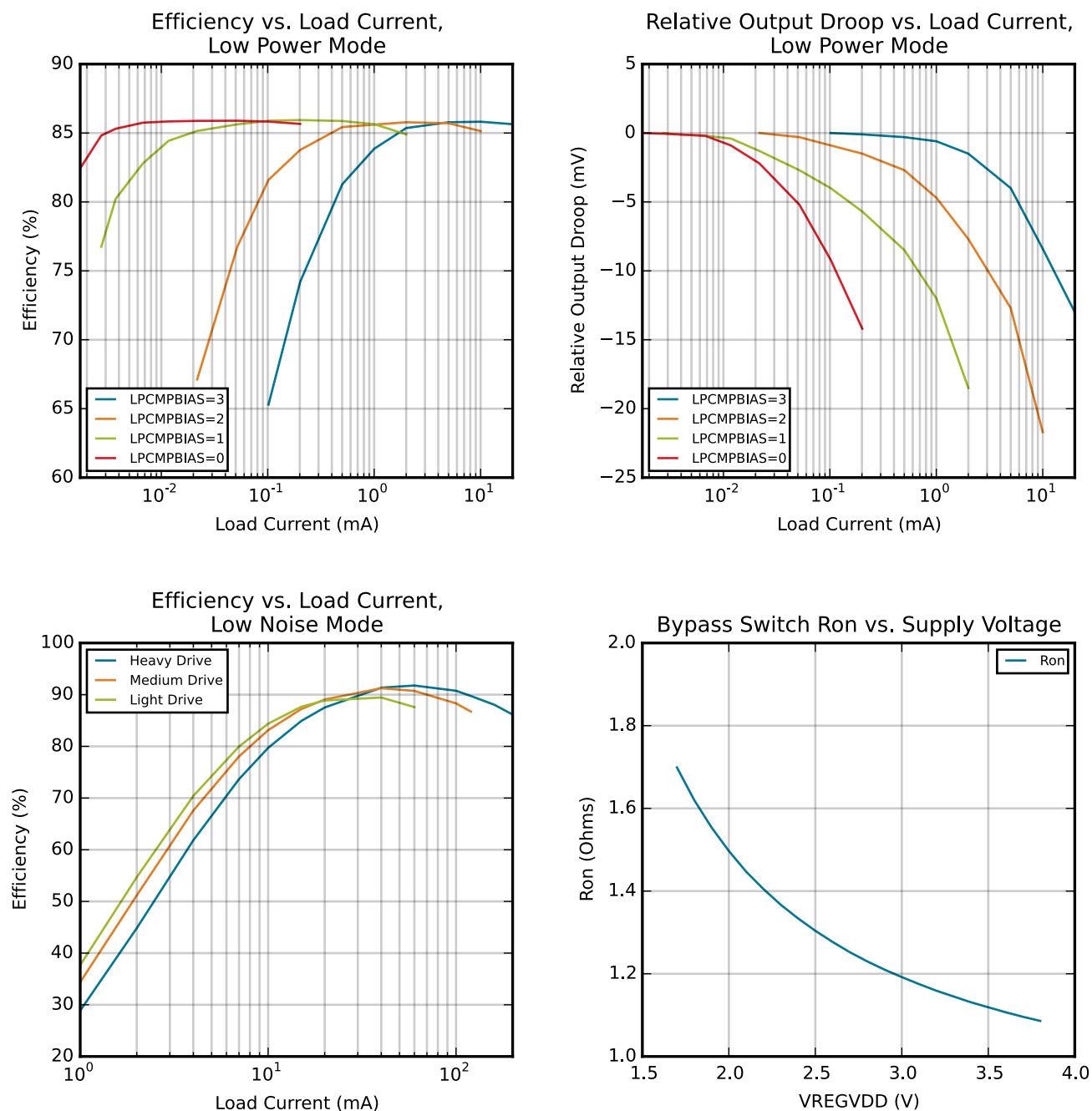


Figure 4.6. DC-DC Converter Typical Performance Characteristics

4.2.3 Internal Oscillators

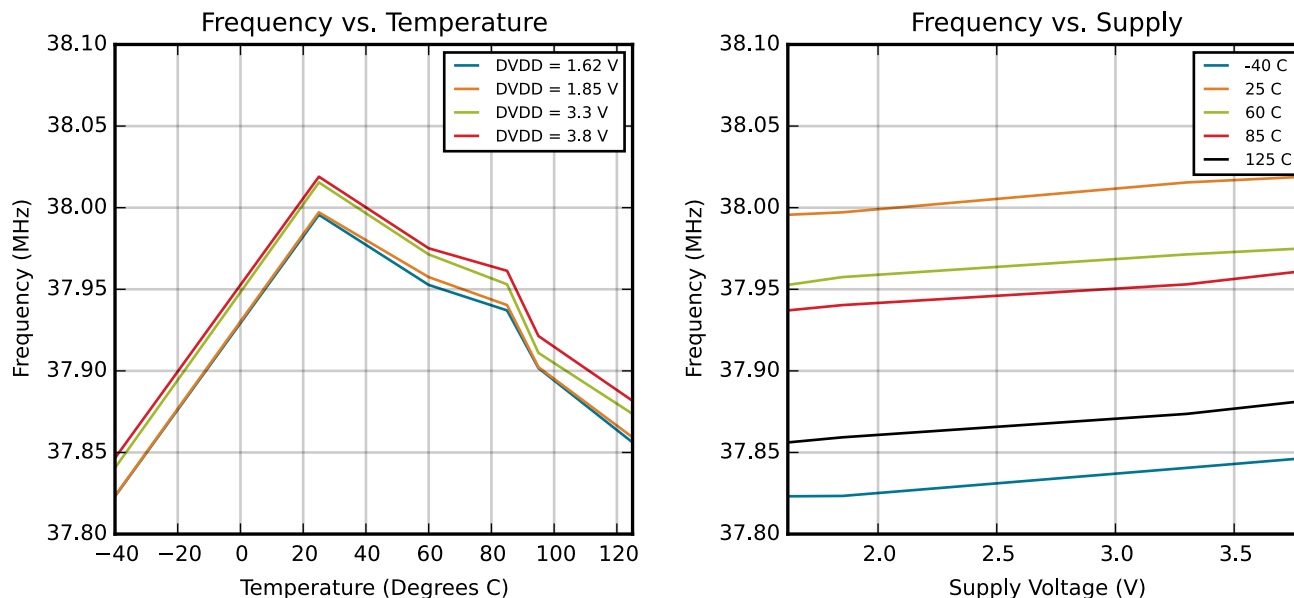


Figure 4.8. HFRCO and AUXHFRCO Typical Performance at 38 MHz

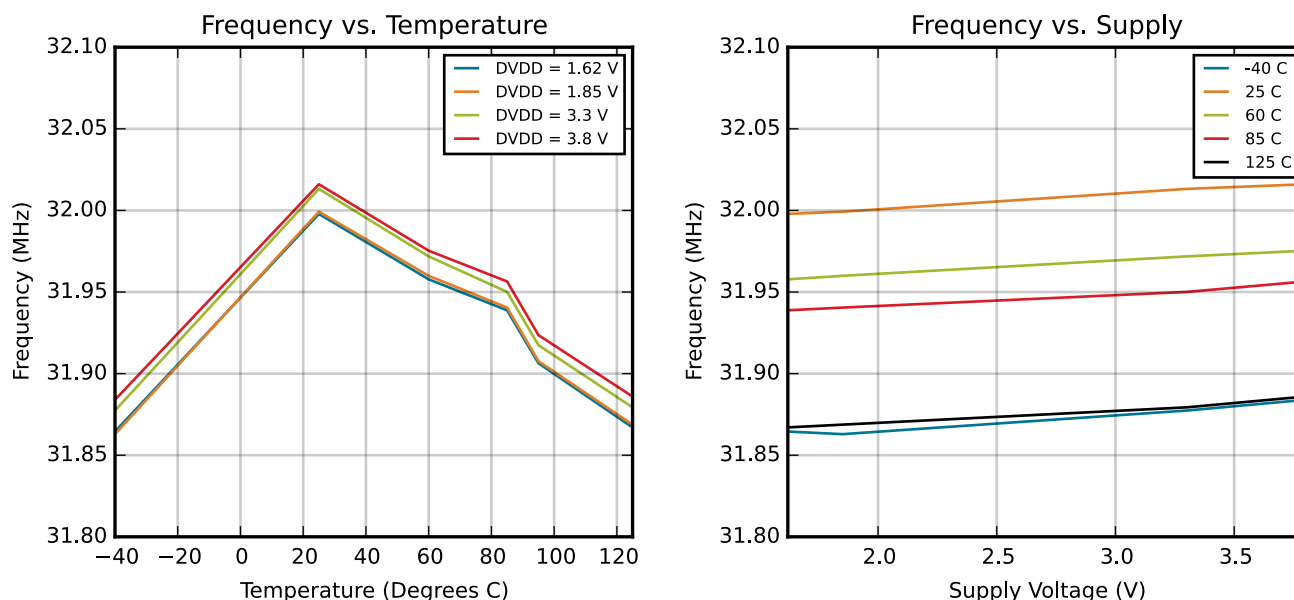


Figure 4.9. HFRCO and AUXHFRCO Typical Performance at 32 MHz

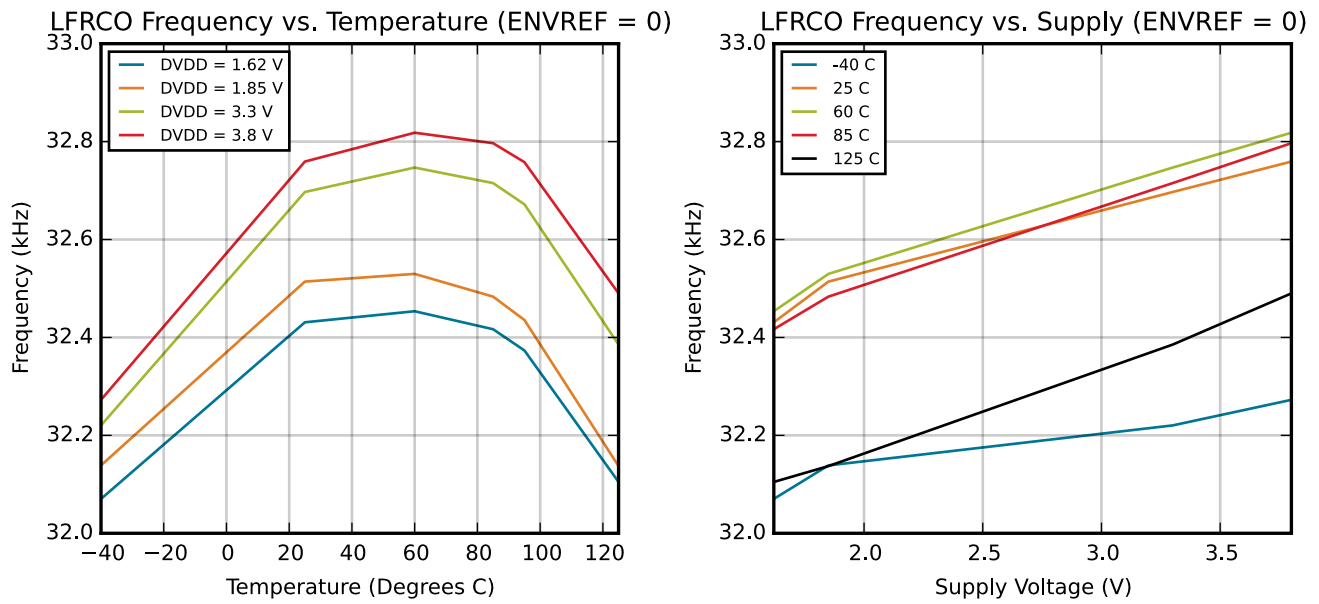


Figure 4.18. LFRCO Typical Performance at 32.768 kHz

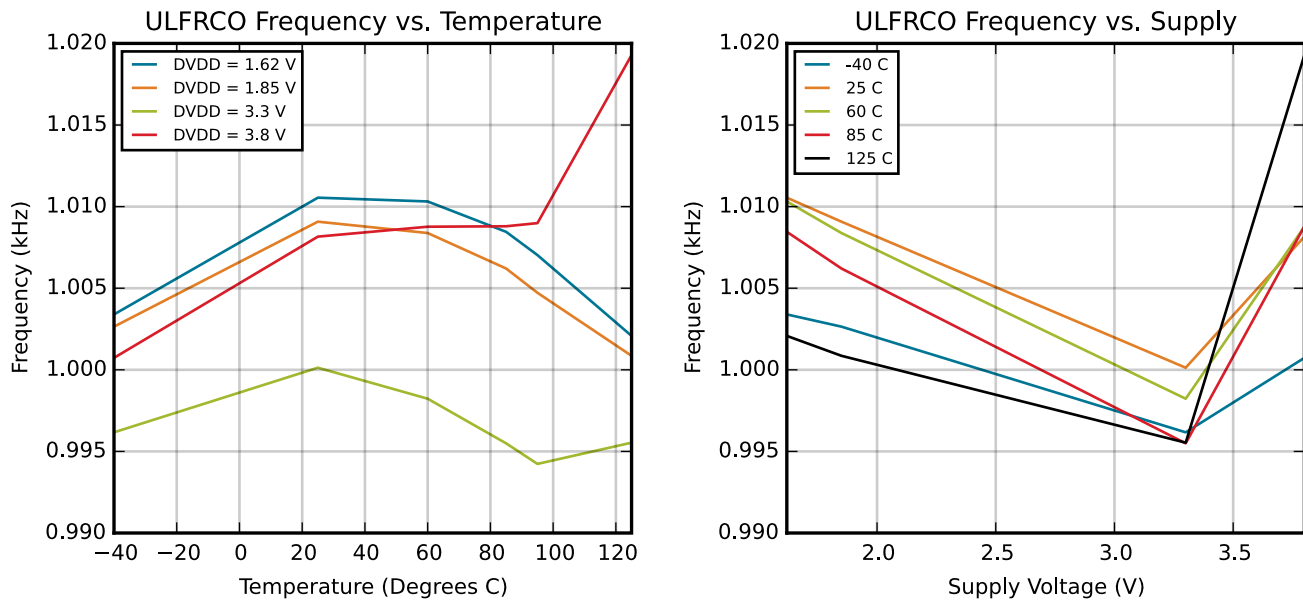


Figure 4.19. ULFRCO Typical Performance at 1 kHz

QFN48 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
20	PD11	BUSCY BUSDX	TIM0_CC0 #19 TIM0_CC1 #18 TIM0_CC2 #17 TIM0_CDTI0 #16 TIM0_CDTI1 #15 TIM0_CDTI2 #14 TIM1_CC0 #19 TIM1_CC1 #18 TIM1_CC2 #17 TIM1_CC3 #16 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #19 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #18 PCNT0_S0IN #19 PCNT0_S1IN #18	US0_TX #19 US0_RX #18 US0_CLK #17 US0_CS #16 US0_CTS #15 US0_RTS #14 US1_TX #19 US1_RX #18 US1_CLK #17 US1_CS #16 US1_CTS #15 US1_RTS #14 LEU0_TX #19 LEU0_RX #18 I2C0_SDA #19 I2C0_SCL #18	PRS_CH3 #10 PRS_CH4 #2 PRS_CH5 #1 PRS_CH6 #13 ACMP0_O #19 ACMP1_O #19
21	PD12	BUSCX BUSDY	TIM0_CC0 #20 TIM0_CC1 #19 TIM0_CC2 #18 TIM0_CDTI0 #17 TIM0_CDTI1 #16 TIM0_CDTI2 #15 TIM1_CC0 #20 TIM1_CC1 #19 TIM1_CC2 #18 TIM1_CC3 #17 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #20 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #19 PCNT0_S0IN #20 PCNT0_S1IN #19	US0_TX #20 US0_RX #19 US0_CLK #18 US0_CS #17 US0_CTS #16 US0_RTS #15 US1_TX #20 US1_RX #19 US1_CLK #18 US1_CS #17 US1_CTS #16 US1_RTS #15 LEU0_TX #20 LEU0_RX #19 I2C0_SDA #20 I2C0_SCL #19	PRS_CH3 #11 PRS_CH4 #3 PRS_CH5 #2 PRS_CH6 #14 ACMP0_O #20 ACMP1_O #20
22	PD13	BUSCY BUSDX	TIM0_CC0 #21 TIM0_CC1 #20 TIM0_CC2 #19 TIM0_CDTI0 #18 TIM0_CDTI1 #17 TIM0_CDTI2 #16 TIM1_CC0 #21 TIM1_CC1 #20 TIM1_CC2 #19 TIM1_CC3 #18 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #21 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #20 PCNT0_S0IN #21 PCNT0_S1IN #20	US0_TX #21 US0_RX #20 US0_CLK #19 US0_CS #18 US0_CTS #17 US0_RTS #16 US1_TX #21 US1_RX #20 US1_CLK #19 US1_CS #18 US1_CTS #17 US1_RTS #16 LEU0_TX #21 LEU0_RX #20 I2C0_SDA #21 I2C0_SCL #20	PRS_CH3 #12 PRS_CH4 #4 PRS_CH5 #3 PRS_CH6 #15 ACMP0_O #21 ACMP1_O #21
23	PD14	BUSCX BUSDY	TIM0_CC0 #22 TIM0_CC1 #21 TIM0_CC2 #20 TIM0_CDTI0 #19 TIM0_CDTI1 #18 TIM0_CDTI2 #17 TIM1_CC0 #22 TIM1_CC1 #21 TIM1_CC2 #20 TIM1_CC3 #19 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #22 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #21 PCNT0_S0IN #22 PCNT0_S1IN #21	US0_TX #22 US0_RX #21 US0_CLK #20 US0_CS #19 US0_CTS #18 US0_RTS #17 US1_TX #22 US1_RX #21 US1_CLK #20 US1_CS #19 US1_CTS #18 US1_RTS #17 LEU0_TX #22 LEU0_RX #21 I2C0_SDA #22 I2C0_SCL #21	CMU_CLK0 #5 PRS_CH3 #13 PRS_CH4 #5 PRS_CH5 #4 PRS_CH6 #16 ACMP0_O #22 ACMP1_O #22 GPIO_EM4WU4

QFN48 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
37	VREGVSS	Voltage regulator VSS			
38	VREGSW	DCDC regulator switching node			
39	VREGVDD	Voltage regulator VDD input			
40	DVDD	Digital power supply .			
41	DECOUPLE	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external decoupling capacitor is required at this pin.			
42	IOVDD	Digital IO power supply .			
43	PC6	BUSAX BUSBY	TIM0_CC0 #11 TIM0_CC1 #10 TIM0_CC2 #9 TIM0_CDTI0 #8 TIM0_CDTI1 #7 TIM0_CDTI2 #6 TIM1_CC0 #11 TIM1_CC1 #10 TIM1_CC2 #9 TIM1_CC3 #8 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #11 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #10 PCNT0_S0IN #11 PCNT0_S1IN #10	US0_TX #11 US0_RX #10 US0_CLK #9 US0_CS #8 US0_CTS #7 US0_RTS #6 US1_TX #11 US1_RX #10 US1_CLK #9 US1_CS #8 US1_CTS #7 US1_RTS #6 LEU0_TX #11 LEU0_RX #10 I2C0_SDA #11 I2C0_SCL #10	CMU_CLK0 #2 PRS_CH0 #8 PRS_CH9 #11 PRS_CH10 #0 PRS_CH11 #5 ACMP0_O #11 ACMP1_O #11
44	PC7	BUSAY BUSBX	TIM0_CC0 #12 TIM0_CC1 #11 TIM0_CC2 #10 TIM0_CDTI0 #9 TIM0_CDTI1 #8 TIM0_CDTI2 #7 TIM1_CC0 #12 TIM1_CC1 #11 TIM1_CC2 #10 TIM1_CC3 #9 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #12 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #11 PCNT0_S0IN #12 PCNT0_S1IN #11	US0_TX #12 US0_RX #11 US0_CLK #10 US0_CS #9 US0_CTS #8 US0_RTS #7 US1_TX #12 US1_RX #11 US1_CLK #10 US1_CS #9 US1_CTS #8 US1_RTS #7 LEU0_TX #12 LEU0_RX #11 I2C0_SDA #12 I2C0_SCL #11	CMU_CLK1 #2 PRS_CH0 #9 PRS_CH9 #12 PRS_CH10 #1 PRS_CH11 #0 ACMP0_O #12 ACMP1_O #12
45	PC8	BUSAX BUSBY	TIM0_CC0 #13 TIM0_CC1 #12 TIM0_CC2 #11 TIM0_CDTI0 #10 TIM0_CDTI1 #9 TIM0_CDTI2 #8 TIM1_CC0 #13 TIM1_CC1 #12 TIM1_CC2 #11 TIM1_CC3 #10 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #13 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #12 PCNT0_S0IN #13 PCNT0_S1IN #12	US0_TX #13 US0_RX #12 US0_CLK #11 US0_CS #10 US0_CTS #9 US0_RTS #8 US1_TX #13 US1_RX #12 US1_CLK #11 US1_CS #10 US1_CTS #9 US1_RTS #8 LEU0_TX #13 LEU0_RX #12 I2C0_SDA #13 I2C0_SCL #12	PRS_CH0 #10 PRS_CH9 #13 PRS_CH10 #2 PRS_CH11 #1 ACMP0_O #13 ACMP1_O #13

6.1.1 EFM32JG1 QFN48 with DC-DC GPIO Overview

The GPIO pins are organized as 16-bit ports indicated by letters (A, B, C...), and the individual pins on each port are indicated by a number from 15 down to 0.

Table 6.2. QFN48 with DC-DC GPIO Pinout

Port	Pin 15	Pin 14	Pin 13	Pin 12	Pin 11	Pin 10	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6	Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1	Pin 0
Port A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PA5 (5V)	PA4 (5V)	PA3 (5V)	PA2 (5V)	PA1	PA0
Port B	PB15	PB14	PB13 (5V)	PB12 (5V)	PB11 (5V)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Port C	-	-	-	-	PC11 (5V)	PC10 (5V)	PC9 (5V)	PC8 (5V)	PC7 (5V)	PC6 (5V)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Port D	PD15 (5V)	PD14 (5V)	PD13 (5V)	PD12 (5V)	PD11 (5V)	PD10 (5V)	PD9 (5V)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Port F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PF7 (5V)	PF6 (5V)	PF5 (5V)	PF4 (5V)	PF3 (5V)	PF2 (5V)	PF1 (5V)	PF0 (5V)

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).
2. The pins PA4, PA3, PA2, PB13, PB12, PB11, PD15, PD14, and PD13 will not be 5V tolerant on all future devices. In order to preserve upgrade options with full hardware compatibility, do not use these pins with 5V domains.

QFN32 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
15	PD14	BUSCX BUSDY	TIM0_CC0 #22 TIM0_CC1 #21 TIM0_CC2 #20 TIM0_CDTI0 #19 TIM0_CDTI1 #18 TIM0_CDTI2 #17 TIM1_CC0 #22 TIM1_CC1 #21 TIM1_CC2 #20 TIM1_CC3 #19 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #22 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #21 PCNT0_S0IN #22 PCNT0_S1IN #21	US0_TX #22 US0_RX #21 US0_CLK #20 US0_CS #19 US0_CTS #18 US0_RTS #17 US1_TX #22 US1_RX #21 US1_CLK #20 US1_CS #19 US1_CTS #18 US1_RTS #17 LEU0_TX #22 LEU0_RX #21 I2C0_SDA #22 I2C0_SCL #21	CMU_CLK0 #5 PRS_CH3 #13 PRS_CH4 #5 PRS_CH5 #4 PRS_CH6 #16 ACMP0_O #22 ACMP1_O #22 GPIO_EM4WU4
16	PD15	BUSCY BUSDX	TIM0_CC0 #23 TIM0_CC1 #22 TIM0_CC2 #21 TIM0_CDTI0 #20 TIM0_CDTI1 #19 TIM0_CDTI2 #18 TIM1_CC0 #23 TIM1_CC1 #22 TIM1_CC2 #21 TIM1_CC3 #20 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #23 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #22 PCNT0_S0IN #23 PCNT0_S1IN #22	US0_TX #23 US0_RX #22 US0_CLK #21 US0_CS #20 US0_CTS #19 US0_RTS #18 US1_TX #23 US1_RX #22 US1_CLK #21 US1_CS #20 US1_CTS #19 US1_RTS #18 LEU0_TX #23 LEU0_RX #22 I2C0_SDA #23 I2C0_SCL #22	CMU_CLK1 #5 PRS_CH3 #14 PRS_CH4 #6 PRS_CH5 #5 PRS_CH6 #17 ACMP0_O #23 ACMP1_O #23 DBG_SWO #2
17	PA0	ADC0_EXTN BUSCX BUSDY	TIM0_CC0 #0 TIM0_CC1 #31 TIM0_CC2 #30 TIM0_CDTI0 #29 TIM0_CDTI1 #28 TIM0_CDTI2 #27 TIM1_CC0 #0 TIM1_CC1 #31 TIM1_CC2 #30 TIM1_CC3 #29 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #0 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #31 PCNT0_S0IN #0 PCNT0_S1IN #31	US0_TX #0 US0_RX #31 US0_CLK #30 US0_CS #29 US0_CTS #28 US0_RTS #27 US1_TX #0 US1_RX #31 US1_CLK #30 US1_CS #29 US1_CTS #28 US1_RTS #27 LEU0_TX #0 LEU0_RX #31 I2C0_SDA #0 I2C0_SCL #31	CMU_CLK1 #0 PRS_CH6 #0 PRS_CH7 #10 PRS_CH8 #9 PRS_CH9 #8 ACMP0_O #0 ACMP1_O #0
18	PA1	ADC0_EXTP BUSCY BUSDX	TIM0_CC0 #1 TIM0_CC1 #0 TIM0_CC2 #31 TIM0_CDTI0 #30 TIM0_CDTI1 #29 TIM0_CDTI2 #28 TIM1_CC0 #1 TIM1_CC1 #0 TIM1_CC2 #31 TIM1_CC3 #30 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #1 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #0 PCNT0_S0IN #1 PCNT0_S1IN #0	US0_TX #1 US0_RX #0 US0_CLK #31 US0_CS #30 US0_CTS #29 US0_RTS #28 US1_TX #1 US1_RX #0 US1_CLK #31 US1_CS #30 US1_CTS #29 US1_RTS #28 LEU0_TX #1 LEU0_RX #0 I2C0_SDA #1 I2C0_SCL #0	CMU_CLK0 #0 PRS_CH6 #1 PRS_CH7 #0 PRS_CH8 #10 PRS_CH9 #9 ACMP0_O #1 ACMP1_O #1

QFN32 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
30	PC9	BUSAY BUSBX	TIM0_CC0 #14 TIM0_CC1 #13 TIM0_CC2 #12 TIM0_CDTI0 #11 TIM0_CDTI1 #10 TIM0_CDTI2 #9 TIM1_CC0 #14 TIM1_CC1 #13 TIM1_CC2 #12 TIM1_CC3 #11 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #14 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #13 PCNT0_S0IN #14 PCNT0_S1IN #13	US0_TX #14 US0_RX #13 US0_CLK #12 US0_CS #11 US0_CTS #10 US0_RTS #9 US1_TX #14 US1_RX #13 US1_CLK #12 US1_CS #11 US1_CTS #10 US1_RTS #9 LEU0_TX #14 LEU0_RX #13 I2C0_SDA #14 I2C0_SCL #13	PRS_CH0 #11 PRS_CH9 #14 PRS_CH10 #3 PRS_CH11 #2 ACMP0_O #14 ACMP1_O #14
31	PC10	BUSAX BUSBY	TIM0_CC0 #15 TIM0_CC1 #14 TIM0_CC2 #13 TIM0_CDTI0 #12 TIM0_CDTI1 #11 TIM0_CDTI2 #10 TIM1_CC0 #15 TIM1_CC1 #14 TIM1_CC2 #13 TIM1_CC3 #12 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #15 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #14 PCNT0_S0IN #15 PCNT0_S1IN #14	US0_TX #15 US0_RX #14 US0_CLK #13 US0_CS #12 US0_CTS #11 US0_RTS #10 US1_TX #15 US1_RX #14 US1_CLK #13 US1_CS #12 US1_CTS #11 US1_RTS #10 LEU0_TX #15 LEU0_RX #14 I2C0_SDA #15 I2C0_SCL #14	CMU_CLK1 #3 PRS_CH0 #12 PRS_CH9 #15 PRS_CH10 #4 PRS_CH11 #3 ACMP0_O #15 ACMP1_O #15 GPIO_EM4WU12
32	PC11	BUSAY BUSBX	TIM0_CC0 #16 TIM0_CC1 #15 TIM0_CC2 #14 TIM0_CDTI0 #13 TIM0_CDTI1 #12 TIM0_CDTI2 #11 TIM1_CC0 #16 TIM1_CC1 #15 TIM1_CC2 #14 TIM1_CC3 #13 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #16 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #15 PCNT0_S0IN #16 PCNT0_S1IN #15	US0_TX #16 US0_RX #15 US0_CLK #14 US0_CS #13 US0_CTS #12 US0_RTS #11 US1_TX #16 US1_RX #15 US1_CLK #14 US1_CS #13 US1_CTS #12 US1_RTS #11 LEU0_TX #16 LEU0_RX #15 I2C0_SDA #16 I2C0_SCL #15	CMU_CLK0 #3 PRS_CH0 #13 PRS_CH9 #16 PRS_CH10 #5 PRS_CH11 #4 ACMP0_O #16 ACMP1_O #16 DBG_SWO #3

6.3 EFM32JG1 QFN32 with DC-DC Definition

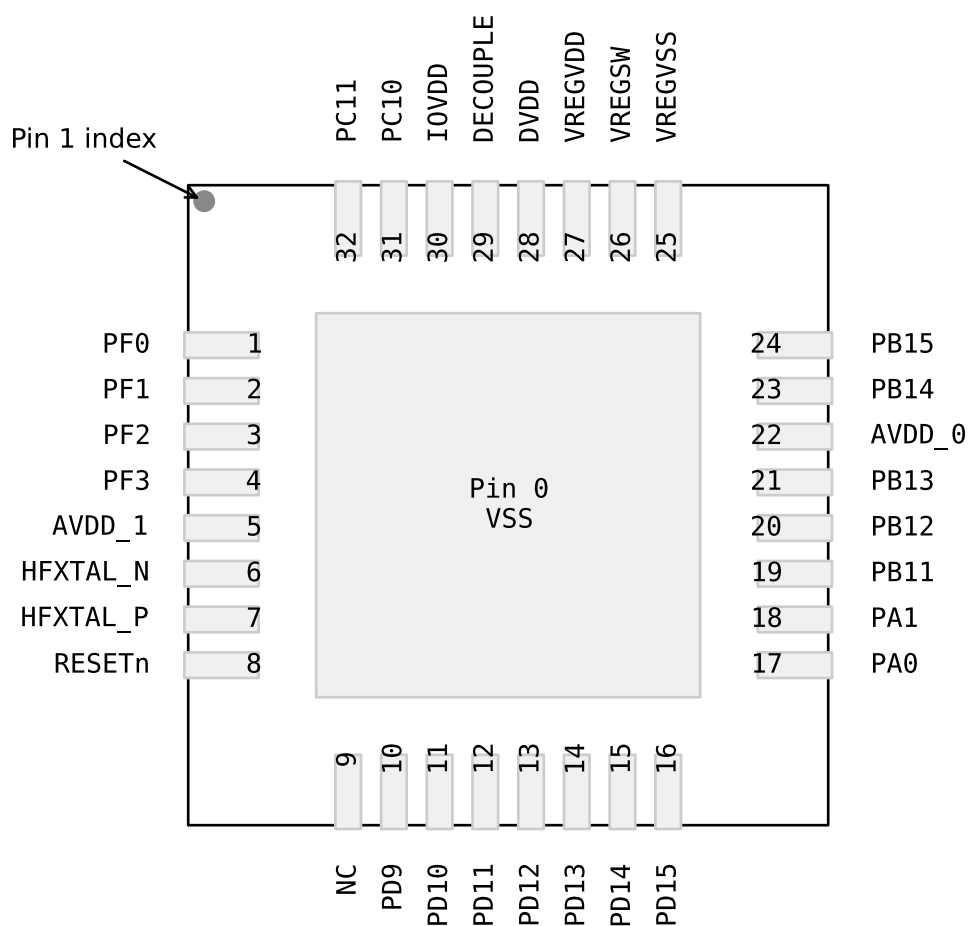


Figure 6.3. EFM32JG1 QFN32 with DC-DC Pinout

Alternate	LOCATION								
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 11	12 - 15	16 - 19	20 - 23	24 - 27	28 - 31	Description
PRS_CH1	0: PF1 1: PF2 2: PF3 3: PF4	4: PF5 5: PF6 6: PF7 7: PF0							Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 1.
PRS_CH2	0: PF2 1: PF3 2: PF4 3: PF5	4: PF6 5: PF7 6: PF0 7: PF1							Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 2.
PRS_CH3	0: PF3 1: PF4 2: PF5 3: PF6	4: PF7 5: PF0 6: PF1 7: PF2	8: PD9 9: PD10 10: PD11 11: PD12	12: PD13 13: PD14 14: PD15					Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 3.
PRS_CH4	0: PD9 1: PD10 2: PD11 3: PD12	4: PD13 5: PD14 6: PD15							Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 4.
PRS_CH5	0: PD10 1: PD11 2: PD12 3: PD13	4: PD14 5: PD15 6: PD9							Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 5.
PRS_CH6	0: PA0 1: PA1 2: PA2 3: PA3	4: PA4 5: PA5 6: PB11 7: PB12	8: PB13 9: PB14 10: PB15 11: PD9	12: PD10 13: PD11 14: PD12 15: PD13	16: PD14 17: PD15				Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 6.
PRS_CH7	0: PA1 1: PA2 2: PA3 3: PA4	4: PA5 5: PB11 6: PB12 7: PB13	8: PB14 9: PB15 10: PA0						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 7.
PRS_CH8	0: PA2 1: PA3 2: PA4 3: PA5	4: PB11 5: PB12 6: PB13 7: PB14	8: PB15 9: PA0 10: PA1						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 8.
PRS_CH9	0: PA3 1: PA4 2: PA5 3: PB11	4: PB12 5: PB13 6: PB14 7: PB15	8: PA0 9: PA1 10: PA2 11: PC6	12: PC7 13: PC8 14: PC9 15: PC10	16: PC11				Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 9.
PRS_CH10	0: PC6 1: PC7 2: PC8 3: PC9	4: PC10 5: PC11							Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 10.
PRS_CH11	0: PC7 1: PC8 2: PC9 3: PC10	4: PC11 5: PC6							Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 11.
TIM0_CC0	0: PA0 1: PA1 2: PA2 3: PA3	4: PA4 5: PA5 6: PB11 7: PB12	8: PB13 9: PB14 10: PB15 11: PC6	12: PC7 13: PC8 14: PC9 15: PC10	16: PC11 17: PD9 18: PD10 19: PD11	20: PD12 21: PD13 22: PD14 23: PD15	24: PF0 25: PF1 26: PF2 27: PF3	28: PF4 29: PF5 30: PF6 31: PF7	Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM0_CC1	0: PA1 1: PA2 2: PA3 3: PA4	4: PA5 5: PB11 6: PB12 7: PB13	8: PB14 9: PB15 10: PC6 11: PC7	12: PC8 13: PC9 14: PC10 15: PC11	16: PD9 17: PD10 18: PD11 19: PD12	20: PD13 21: PD14 22: PD15 23: PF0	24: PF1 25: PF2 26: PF3 27: PF4	28: PF5 29: PF6 30: PF7 31: PA0	Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.

6.5 Analog Port (APORT) Client Maps

The Analog Port (APORT) is an infrastructure used to connect chip pins with on-chip analog clients such as analog comparators, ADCs, DACs, etc. The APORT consists of a set of shared buses, switches, and control logic needed to configurably implement the signal routing. A complete description of APORT functionality can be found in the Reference Manual.

Client maps for each analog circuit using the APORT are shown in the following tables. The maps are organized by bus, and show the peripheral's port connection, the shared bus, and the connection from specific bus channel numbers to GPIO pins.

In general, enumerations for the pin selection field in an analog peripheral's register can be determined by finding the desired pin connection in the table and then combining the value in the Port column (APORT__), and the channel identifier (CH__). For example, if pin PF7 is available on port APORT2X as CH23, the register field enumeration to connect to PF7 would be APORT2XCH23. The shared bus used by this connection is indicated in the Bus column.

Table 6.8. ACMP0 Bus and Pin Mapping

APORT4Y	APORT4X	APORT3Y	APORT3X	APORT2Y	APORT2X	APORT1Y	APORT1X	Port
BUSDY	BUSDY	BUSDY	BUSDY	BUSDY	BUSDY	BUSDY	BUSDY	Bus
	PB15	PB15						CH31
PB14			PB14					CH30
	PB13	PB13						CH29
PB12			PB12					CH28
	PB11	PB11						CH27
								CH26
								CH25
								CH24
					PF7	PF7		CH23
				PF6			PF6	CH22
					PF5	PF5		CH21
				PF4			PF4	CH20
					PF3	PF3		CH19
				PF2			PF2	CH18
					PF1	PF1		CH17
				PF0			PF0	CH16
								CH15
								CH14
	PA5	PA5						CH13
PA4			PA4					CH12
	PA3	PA3			PC11	PC11		CH11
PA2			PA2	PC10			PC10	CH10
	PA1	PA1			PC9	PC9		CH9
PA0			PA0	PC8			PC8	CH8
	PD15	PD15			PC7	PC7		CH7
PD14			PD14	PC6			PC6	CH6
	PD13	PD13						CH5
PD12			PD12					CH4
	PD11	PD11						CH3
PD10			PD10					CH2
	PD9	PD9						CH1
								CH0

Table 6.9. ACMP1 Bus and Pin Mapping

APORT4Y	APORT4X	APORT3Y	APORT3X	APORT2Y	APORT2X	APORT1Y	APORT1X	Port
BUSDY	BUSDX	BUSCY	BUSCX	BUSBY	BUSBX	BUSAY	BUSAX	Bus
	PB15	PB15						CH31
PB14			PB14					CH30
	PB13	PB13						CH29
PB12			PB12					CH28
	PB11	PB11						CH27
								CH26
								CH25
								CH24
					PF7	PF7		CH23
				PF6			PF6	CH22
					PF5	PF5		CH21
				PF4			PF4	CH20
					PF3	PF3		CH19
				PF2			PF2	CH18
					PF1	PF1		CH17
				PF0			PF0	CH16
								CH15
								CH14
	PA5	PA5						CH13
PA4			PA4					CH12
	PA3	PA3			PC11	PC11		CH11
PA2			PA2	PC10			PC10	CH10
	PA1	PA1			PC9	PC9		CH9
PA0			PA0	PC8			PC8	CH8
	PD15	PD15			PC7	PC7		CH7
PD14			PD14	PC6			PC6	CH6
	PD13	PD13						CH5
PD12			PD12					CH4
	PD11	PD11						CH3
PD10			PD10					CH2
	PD9	PD9						CH1
								CH0

7. QFN48 Package Specifications

7.1 QFN48 Package Dimensions

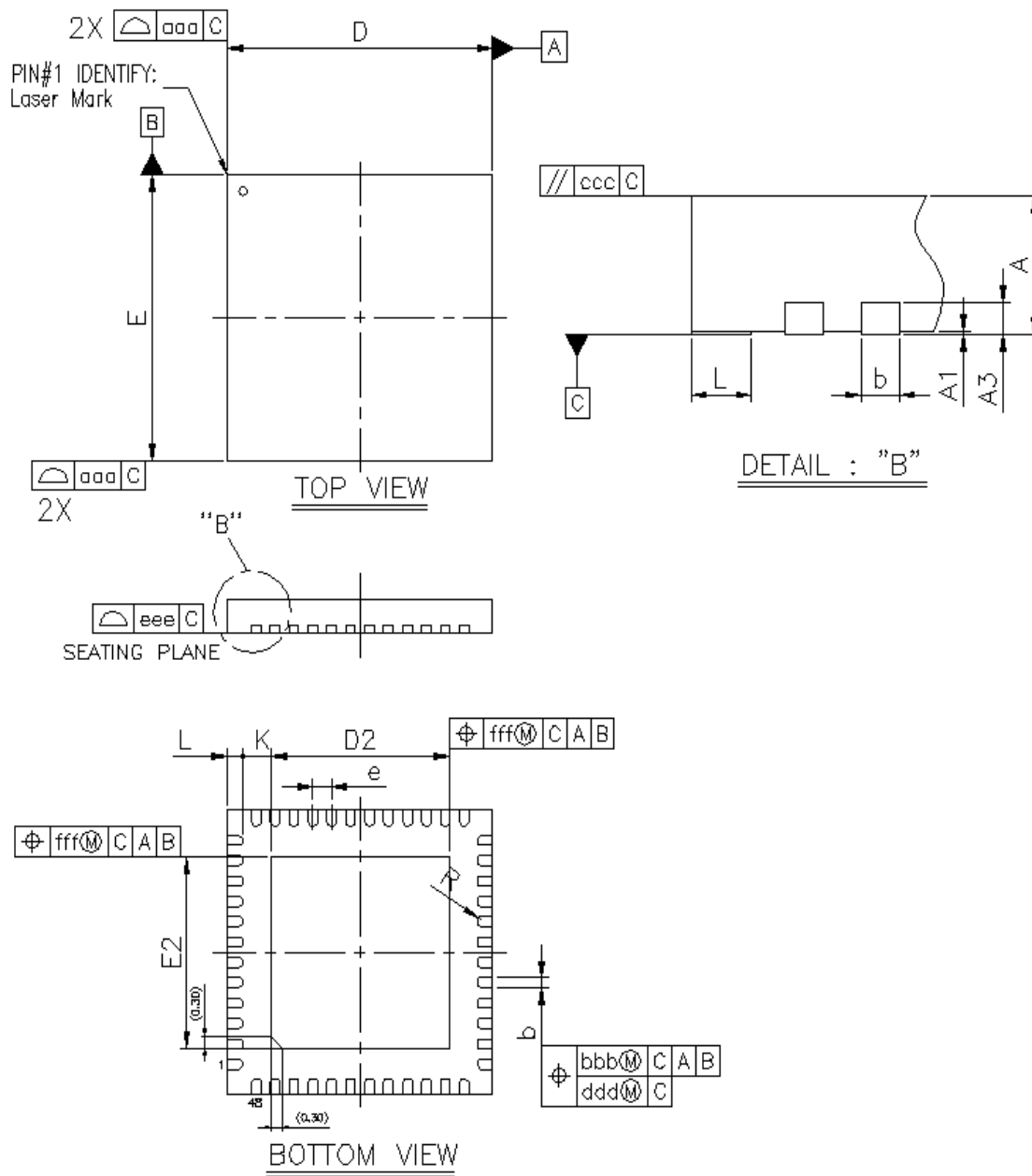


Figure 7.1. QFN48 Package Drawing

9. Revision History

9.1 Revision 1.1

2016-Oct-26

- System Overview Sections: Minor wording and typographical error fixes.
- Electrical Characteristics: Minor wording and typographical error fixes.
- "HFRCO and AUXHFRCO" table in Electrical Characteristics: f_HFRCO symbol changed to f_HFRCO_ACC.
- Pinout tables: APORT channel details removed from "Analog" column. This information is now found in the APORT client map sections.
- Updated APORT client map sections.

9.2 Revision 1.0

2016-Jul-22

- Electrical Characteristics: Minimum and maximum value statement changed to cover full operating temperature range.
- Finalized Specification Tables. Tables with condition/min/typ/max or footnote changes include:
 - Absolute Maximum Ratings
 - General Operating Conditions
 - DC-DC Converter
 - LFRCO
 - HFRCO and AUXHFRCO
 - ADC
 - IDAC
- Updated Typical Performance Graphs.
- Added note for 5V tolerance to pinout GPIO Overview sections.
- Updated OPN decoder with latest revision.
- Updated Package Marking text with latest descriptions.

9.3 Revision 0.95

2016-04-11

- All OPNs changed to rev C0.
- Electrical specification tables updated with latest characterization data and production test limits.

9.4 Revision 0.31

- Engineering samples note added to ordering information table.

9.5 Revision 0.3

- Re-formatted ordering information table and OPN decoder.
- Removed extraneous sections from dc-dc from system overview.
- Updated table formatting for electrical specifications.
- Updated electrical specifications with latest available data.
- Added I2C and USART SPI timing tables.
- Moved dc-dc graph to typical performance curves.
- Updated APORT tables and APORT references to correct nomenclature.
- Updated top marking description.

9.6 Revision 0.2

Updated ordering table.

Changed "1.62 V to 3.8 V Single Power Supply" to "1.62 V to 3.8 V Power Supply" in the Feature List.

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