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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	I²C, IrDA, LINbus, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I²S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	32
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.85V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 24x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	48-QFN (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32jg1b200f256gm48-b0

3. System Overview

3.1 Introduction

The EFM32JG1 product family is well suited for any battery operated application as well as other systems requiring high performance and low energy consumption. This section gives a short introduction to the MCU system. The detailed functional description can be found in the EFM32JG1 Reference Manual.

A block diagram of the EFM32JG1 family is shown in [Figure 3.1 Detailed EFM32JG1 Block Diagram on page 3](#). The diagram shows a superset of features available on the family, which vary by OPN. For more information about specific device features, consult [Ordering Information](#).

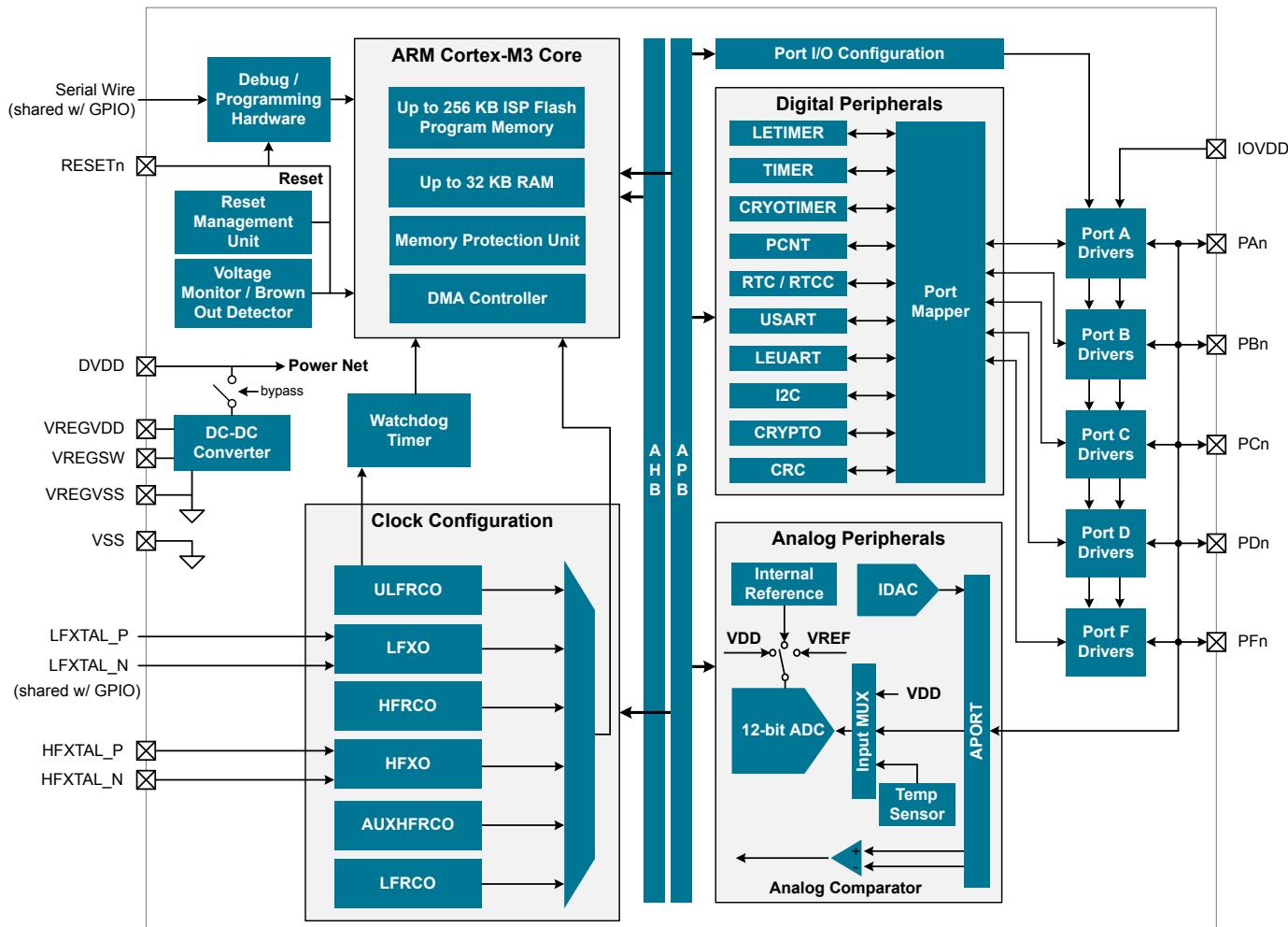


Figure 3.1. Detailed EFM32JG1 Block Diagram

3.6.2 Low Energy Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (LEUART)

The unique LEUART™ provides two-way UART communication on a strict power budget. Only a 32.768 kHz clock is needed to allow UART communication up to 9600 baud. The LEUART includes all necessary hardware to make asynchronous serial communication possible with a minimum of software intervention and energy consumption.

3.6.3 Inter-Integrated Circuit Interface (I²C)

The I²C module provides an interface between the MCU and a serial I²C bus. It is capable of acting as both a master and a slave and supports multi-master buses. Standard-mode, fast-mode and fast-mode plus speeds are supported, allowing transmission rates from 10 kbit/s up to 1 Mbit/s. Slave arbitration and timeouts are also available, allowing implementation of an SMBus-compliant system. The interface provided to software by the I²C module allows precise timing control of the transmission process and highly automated transfers. Automatic recognition of slave addresses is provided in active and low energy modes.

3.6.4 Peripheral Reflex System (PRS)

The Peripheral Reflex System provides a communication network between different peripheral modules without software involvement. Peripheral modules producing Reflex signals are called producers. The PRS routes Reflex signals from producers to consumer peripherals which in turn perform actions in response. Edge triggers and other functionality can be applied by the PRS. The PRS allows peripheral to act autonomously without waking the MCU core, saving power.

3.7 Security Features

3.7.1 GPCRC (General Purpose Cyclic Redundancy Check)

The GPCRC module implements a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) function. It supports both 32-bit and 16-bit polynomials. The supported 32-bit polynomial is 0x04C11DB7 (IEEE 802.3), while the 16-bit polynomial can be programmed to any value, depending on the needs of the application.

3.7.2 Crypto Accelerator (CRYPTO)

The Crypto Accelerator is a fast and energy-efficient autonomous hardware encryption and decryption accelerator. EFM32JG1 devices support AES encryption and decryption with 128- or 256-bit keys, ECC over both GF(P) and GF(2^m), and SHA-1 and SHA-2 (SHA-224 and SHA-256).

Supported block cipher modes of operation for AES include: ECB, CTR, CBC, PCBC, CFB, OFB, GCM, CBC-MAC, GMAC and CCM.

Supported ECC NIST recommended curves include P-192, P-224, P-256, K-163, K-233, B-163 and B-233.

The CRYPTO module allows fast processing of GCM (AES), ECC and SHA with little CPU intervention. CRYPTO also provides trigger signals for DMA read and write operations.

3.8 Analog

3.8.1 Analog Port (APORT)

The Analog Port (APORT) is an analog interconnect matrix allowing access to many analog modules on a flexible selection of pins. Each APORT bus consists of analog switches connected to a common wire. Since many clients can operate differentially, buses are grouped by X/Y pairs.

3.8.2 Analog Comparator (ACMP)

The Analog Comparator is used to compare the voltage of two analog inputs, with a digital output indicating which input voltage is higher. Inputs are selected from among internal references and external pins. The tradeoff between response time and current consumption is configurable by software. Two 6-bit reference dividers allow for a wide range of internally-programmable reference sources. The ACMP can also be used to monitor the supply voltage. An interrupt can be generated when the supply falls below or rises above the programmable threshold.

4.1.5 Current Consumption

4.1.5.1 Current Consumption 3.3 V without DC-DC Converter

Unless otherwise indicated, typical conditions are: VREGVDD = AVDD = DVDD = 3.3 V. TOP = 25 °C. EMU_PWRCFG_PWRCG=NODCDC. EMU_DCDCCTRL_DCDCMODE=BYPASS. Minimum and maximum values in this table represent the worst conditions across supply voltage and process variation at TOP = 25 °C. See [Figure 5.1 EFM32JG1 Typical Application Circuit, Direct Supply, No DC-DC Converter on page 48](#).

Table 4.5. Current Consumption 3.3V without DC/DC

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Current consumption in EM0 Active mode with all peripherals disabled	I _{ACTIVE}	38.4 MHz crystal, CPU running while loop from flash ¹	—	127	—	µA/MHz
		38 MHz HFRCO, CPU running Prime from flash	—	88	—	µA/MHz
		38 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	100	105	µA/MHz
		38 MHz HFRCO, CPU running CoreMark from flash	—	112	—	µA/MHz
		26 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	102	106	µA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO, CPU running while loop from flash	—	222	350	µA/MHz
Current consumption in EM1 Sleep mode with all peripherals disabled	I _{EM1}	38.4 MHz crystal ¹	—	61	—	µA/MHz
		38 MHz HFRCO	—	35	38	µA/MHz
		26 MHz HFRCO	—	37	41	µA/MHz
		1 MHz HFRCO	—	157	275	µA/MHz
Current consumption in EM2 Deep Sleep mode.	I _{EM2}	Full RAM retention and RTCC running from LFXO	—	3.3	—	µA
		4 kB RAM retention and RTCC running from LFRCO	—	3	6.3	µA
Current consumption in EM3 Stop mode	I _{EM3}	Full RAM retention and CRYO-TIMER running from ULFRCO	—	2.8	6	µA
Current consumption in EM4H Hibernate mode	I _{EM4}	128 byte RAM retention, RTCC running from LFXO	—	1.1	—	µA
		128 byte RAM retention, CRYO-TIMER running from ULFRCO	—	0.65	—	µA
		128 byte RAM retention, no RTCC	—	0.65	1.3	µA
Current consumption in EM4S Shutoff mode	I _{EM4S}	no RAM retention, no RTCC	—	0.04	0.11	µA
Note:						
1. CMU_HFXOCTRL_LOWPPOWER=1						

4.1.8.4 HFRCO and AUXHFRCO**Table 4.13. HFRCO and AUXHFRCO**

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Frequency Accuracy	f_{HFRCO_ACC}	Any frequency band, across supply voltage and temperature	-2.5	—	2.5	%
Start-up time	t_{HFRCO}	$f_{HFRCO} \geq 19 \text{ MHz}$	—	300	—	ns
		$4 < f_{HFRCO} < 19 \text{ MHz}$	—	1	—	μs
		$f_{HFRCO} \leq 4 \text{ MHz}$	—	2.5	—	μs
Current consumption on all supplies	I_{HFRCO}	$f_{HFRCO} = 38 \text{ MHz}$	—	204	228	μA
		$f_{HFRCO} = 32 \text{ MHz}$	—	171	190	μA
		$f_{HFRCO} = 26 \text{ MHz}$	—	147	164	μA
		$f_{HFRCO} = 19 \text{ MHz}$	—	126	138	μA
		$f_{HFRCO} = 16 \text{ MHz}$	—	110	120	μA
		$f_{HFRCO} = 13 \text{ MHz}$	—	100	110	μA
		$f_{HFRCO} = 7 \text{ MHz}$	—	81	91	μA
		$f_{HFRCO} = 4 \text{ MHz}$	—	33	35	μA
		$f_{HFRCO} = 2 \text{ MHz}$	—	31	35	μA
		$f_{HFRCO} = 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	30	35	μA
Step size	SS_{HFRCO}	Coarse (% of period)	—	0.8	—	%
		Fine (% of period)	—	0.1	—	%
Period Jitter	PJ_{HFRCO}		—	0.2	—	% RMS

4.1.8.5 ULFRCO**Table 4.14. ULFRCO**

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Oscillation frequency	f_{ULFRCO}		0.95	1	1.07	kHz

4.1.10 GPIO

Table 4.16. GPIO

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input low voltage	V _{IOIL}		—	—	IOVDD*0.3	V
Input high voltage	V _{IOIH}		IOVDD*0.7	—	—	V
Output high voltage relative to IOVDD	V _{IOOH}	Sourcing 3 mA, IOVDD \geq 3 V, DRIVESTRENGTH ¹ = WEAK	IOVDD*0.8	—	—	V
		Sourcing 1.2 mA, IOVDD \geq 1.62 V, DRIVESTRENGTH ¹ = WEAK	IOVDD*0.6	—	—	V
		Sourcing 20 mA, IOVDD \geq 3 V, DRIVESTRENGTH ¹ = STRONG	IOVDD*0.8	—	—	V
		Sourcing 8 mA, IOVDD \geq 1.62 V, DRIVESTRENGTH ¹ = STRONG	IOVDD*0.6	—	—	V
Output low voltage relative to IOVDD	V _{IOOL}	Sinking 3 mA, IOVDD \geq 3 V, DRIVESTRENGTH ¹ = WEAK	—	—	IOVDD*0.2	V
		Sinking 1.2 mA, IOVDD \geq 1.62 V, DRIVESTRENGTH ¹ = WEAK	—	—	IOVDD*0.4	V
		Sinking 20 mA, IOVDD \geq 3 V, DRIVESTRENGTH ¹ = STRONG	—	—	IOVDD*0.2	V
		Sinking 8 mA, IOVDD \geq 1.62 V, DRIVESTRENGTH ¹ = STRONG	—	—	IOVDD*0.4	V
Input leakage current	I _{IOLEAK}	All GPIO except LFXO pins, GPIO \leq IOVDD, T _{amb} \leq 85 °C	—	0.1	30	nA
		LFXO Pins, GPIO \leq IOVDD, T _{amb} \leq 85 °C	—	0.1	50	nA
		All GPIO except LFXO pins, GPIO \leq IOVDD, T _{AMB} > 85 °C	—	—	110	nA
		LFXO Pins, GPIO \leq IOVDD, T _{AMB} > 85 °C	—	—	250	nA
Input leakage current on 5VTOL pads above IOVDD	I _{5VTOLLEAK}	IOVDD < GPIO \leq IOVDD + 2 V	—	3.3	15	µA
I/O pin pull-up resistor	R _{PU}		30	43	65	kΩ
I/O pin pull-down resistor	R _{PD}		30	43	65	kΩ
Pulse width of pulses removed by the glitch suppression filter	t _{IOGLITCH}		20	25	35	ns

4.1.12 ADC

Table 4.18. ADC

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Resolution	V _{RESOLUTION}		6	—	12	Bits
Input voltage range	V _{ADCIN}	Single ended	0	—	2*V _{REF}	V
		Differential	-V _{REF}	—	V _{REF}	V
Input range of external reference voltage, single ended and differential	V _{ADCREFIN_P}		1	—	V _{AVDD}	V
Power supply rejection ¹	PSRR _{ADC}	At DC	—	80	—	dB
Analog input common mode rejection ratio	CMRR _{ADC}	At DC	—	80	—	dB
Current from all supplies, using internal reference buffer. Continous operation. WARMUPMODE ² = KEEPADC-WARM	I _{ADC_CONTINUOUS_LP}	1 Msps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 1 ³	—	301	350	µA
		250 ksps / 4 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 6, GPBIASACC = 1 ³	—	149	—	µA
		62.5 ksps / 1 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 15, GPBIASACC = 1 ³	—	91	—	µA
Current from all supplies, using internal reference buffer. Duty-cycled operation. WARMUPMODE ² = NORMAL	I _{ADC_NORMAL_LP}	35 ksps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 1 ³	—	51	—	µA
		5 ksps / 16 MHz ADCCLK BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 1 ³	—	9	—	µA
Current from all supplies, using internal reference buffer. Duty-cycled operation. AWARMUPMODE ² = KEEPINSTANDBY or KEEPIN-SLOWACC	I _{ADC_STANDBY_LP}	125 ksps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 1 ³	—	117	—	µA
		35 ksps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 1 ³	—	79	—	µA
Current from all supplies, using internal reference buffer. Continous operation. WARMUPMODE ² = KEEPADC-WARM	I _{ADC_CONTINUOUS_HP}	1 Msps / 16 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 0, GPBIASACC = 0 ³	—	345	—	µA
		250 ksps / 4 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 6, GPBIASACC = 0 ³	—	191	—	µA
		62.5 ksps / 1 MHz ADCCLK, BIASPROG = 15, GPBIASACC = 0 ³	—	132	—	µA

4.2.1 Supply Current

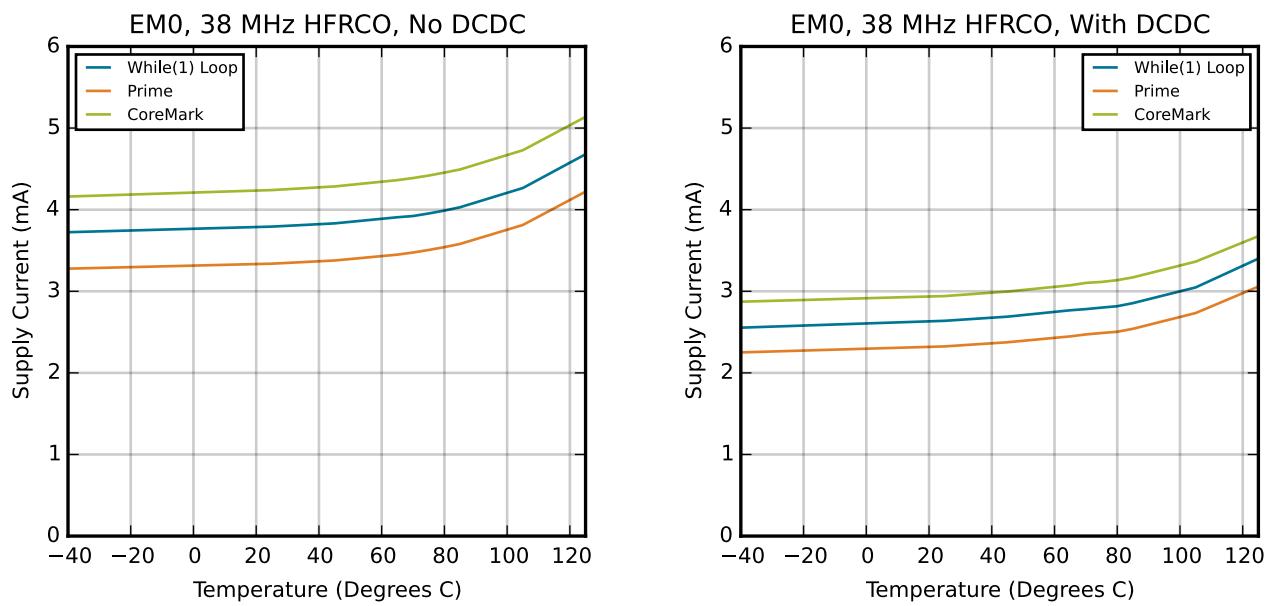


Figure 4.3. EM0 Active Mode Typical Supply Current

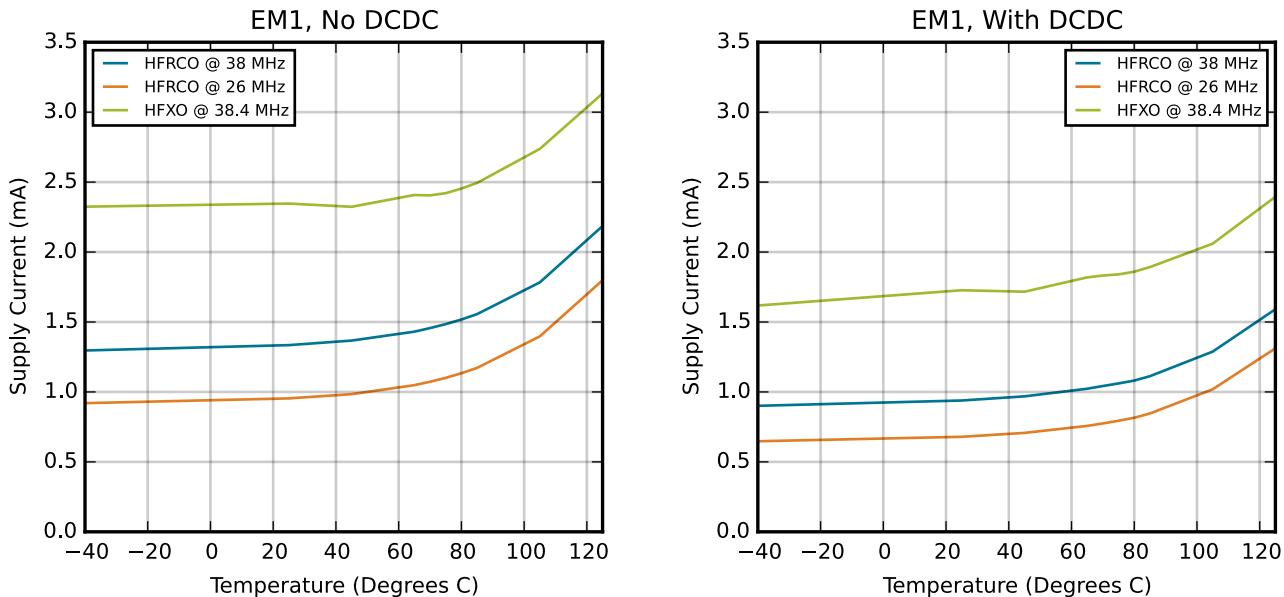


Figure 4.4. EM1 Sleep Mode Typical Supply Current

Typical supply current for EM2, EM3 and EM4H using standard software libraries from Silicon Laboratories.

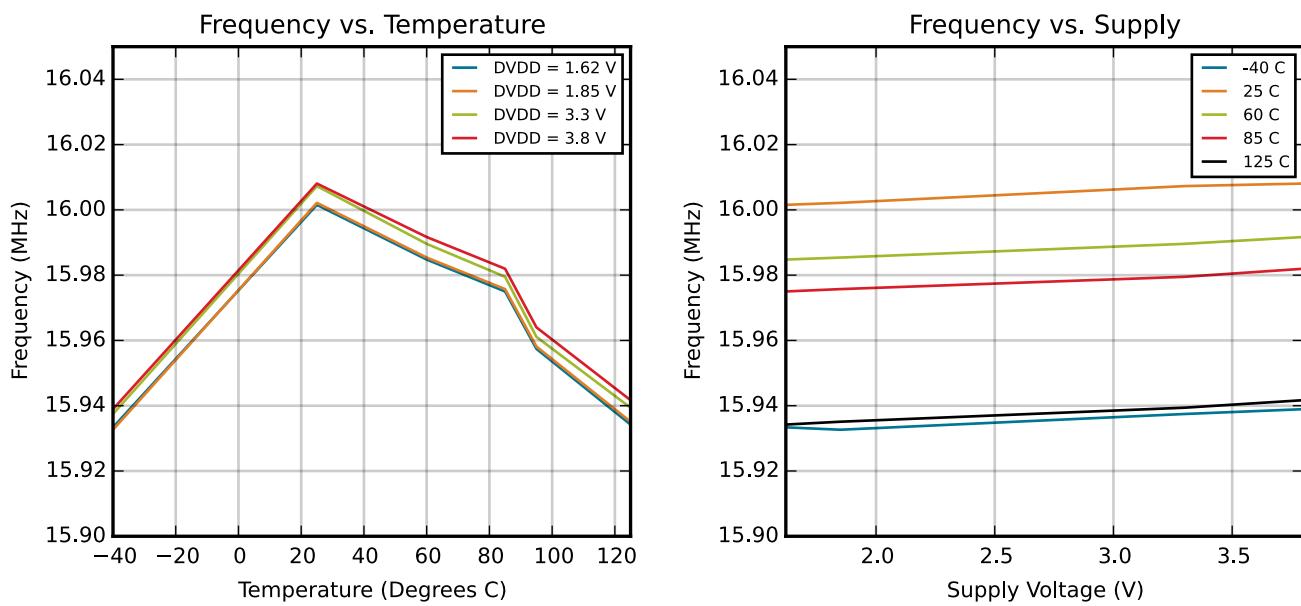


Figure 4.12. HFRCO and AUXHFRCO Typical Performance at 16 MHz

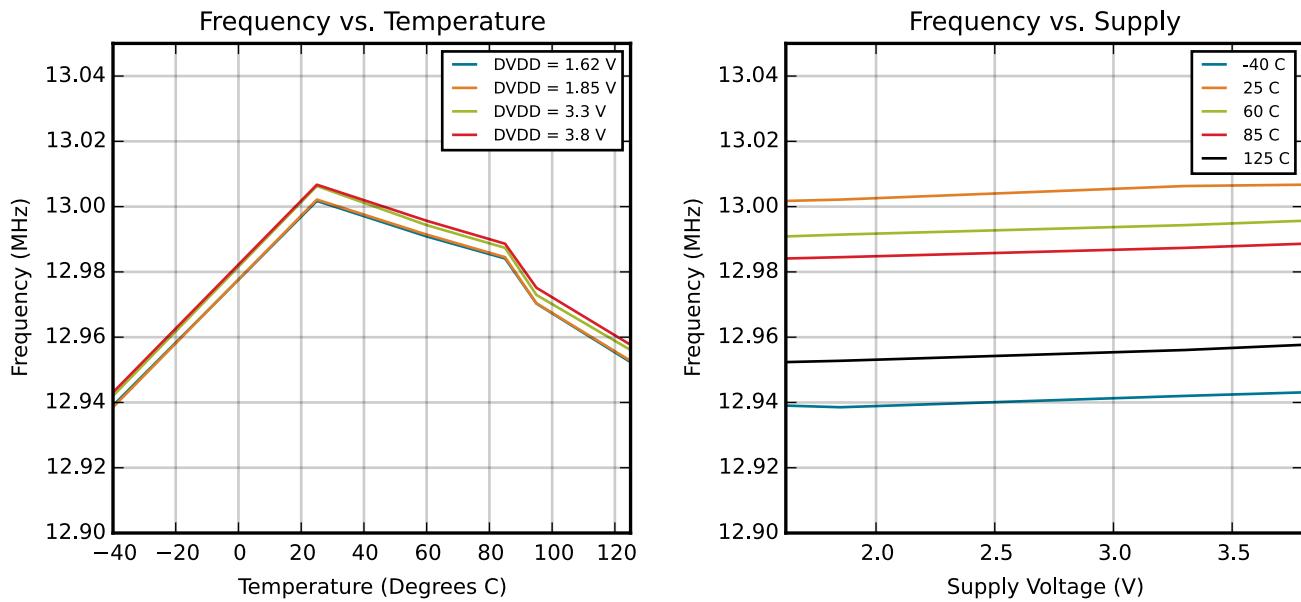


Figure 4.13. HFRCO and AUXHFRCO Typical Performance at 13 MHz

QFN48 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
20	PD11	BUSCY BUSDX	TIMO_CC0 #19 TIMO_CC1 #18 TIMO_CC2 #17 TIMO_CDTI0 #16 TIMO_CDTI1 #15 TIMO_CDTI2 #14 TIM1_CC0 #19 TIM1_CC1 #18 TIM1_CC2 #17 TIM1_CC3 #16 LE- Timo_OUT0 #19 LE- Timo_OUT1 #18 PCNT0_S0IN #19 PCNT0_S1IN #18	US0_TX #19 US0_RX #18 US0_CLK #17 US0_CS #16 US0_CTS #15 US0_RTS #14 US1_TX #19 US1_RX #18 US1_CLK #17 US1_CS #16 US1_CTS #15 US1_RTS #14 LEU0_TX #19 LEU0_RX #18 I2C0_SDA #19 I2C0_SCL #18	PRS_CH3 #10 PRS_CH4 #2 PRS_CH5 #1 PRS_CH6 #13 ACMP0_O #19 ACMP1_O #19
21	PD12	BUSCX BUSDY	TIMO_CC0 #20 TIMO_CC1 #19 TIMO_CC2 #18 TIMO_CDTI0 #17 TIMO_CDTI1 #16 TIMO_CDTI2 #15 TIM1_CC0 #20 TIM1_CC1 #19 TIM1_CC2 #18 TIM1_CC3 #17 LE- Timo_OUT0 #20 LE- Timo_OUT1 #19 PCNT0_S0IN #20 PCNT0_S1IN #19	US0_TX #20 US0_RX #19 US0_CLK #18 US0_CS #17 US0_CTS #16 US0_RTS #15 US1_TX #20 US1_RX #19 US1_CLK #18 US1_CS #17 US1_CTS #16 US1_RTS #15 LEU0_TX #20 LEU0_RX #19 I2C0_SDA #20 I2C0_SCL #19	PRS_CH3 #11 PRS_CH4 #3 PRS_CH5 #2 PRS_CH6 #14 ACMP0_O #20 ACMP1_O #20
22	PD13	BUSCY BUSDX	TIMO_CC0 #21 TIMO_CC1 #20 TIMO_CC2 #19 TIMO_CDTI0 #18 TIMO_CDTI1 #17 TIMO_CDTI2 #16 TIM1_CC0 #21 TIM1_CC1 #20 TIM1_CC2 #19 TIM1_CC3 #18 LE- Timo_OUT0 #21 LE- Timo_OUT1 #20 PCNT0_S0IN #21 PCNT0_S1IN #20	US0_TX #21 US0_RX #20 US0_CLK #19 US0_CS #18 US0_CTS #17 US0_RTS #16 US1_TX #21 US1_RX #20 US1_CLK #19 US1_CS #18 US1_CTS #17 US1_RTS #16 LEU0_TX #21 LEU0_RX #20 I2C0_SDA #21 I2C0_SCL #20	PRS_CH3 #12 PRS_CH4 #4 PRS_CH5 #3 PRS_CH6 #15 ACMP0_O #21 ACMP1_O #21
23	PD14	BUSCX BUSDY	TIMO_CC0 #22 TIMO_CC1 #21 TIMO_CC2 #20 TIMO_CDTI0 #19 TIMO_CDTI1 #18 TIMO_CDTI2 #17 TIM1_CC0 #22 TIM1_CC1 #21 TIM1_CC2 #20 TIM1_CC3 #19 LE- Timo_OUT0 #22 LE- Timo_OUT1 #21 PCNT0_S0IN #22 PCNT0_S1IN #21	US0_TX #22 US0_RX #21 US0_CLK #20 US0_CS #19 US0_CTS #18 US0_RTS #17 US1_TX #22 US1_RX #21 US1_CLK #20 US1_CS #19 US1_CTS #18 US1_RTS #17 LEU0_TX #22 LEU0_RX #21 I2C0_SDA #22 I2C0_SCL #21	CMU_CLK0 #5 PRS_CH3 #13 PRS_CH4 #5 PRS_CH5 #4 PRS_CH6 #16 ACMP0_O #22 ACMP1_O #22 GPIO_EM4WU4

QFN48 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
32	PB12	BUSCX BUSDY	TIM0_CC0 #7 TIM0_CC1 #6 TIM0_CC2 #5 TIM0_CDTI0 #4 TIM0_CDTI1 #3 TIM0_CDTI2 #2 TIM1_CC0 #7 TIM1_CC1 #6 TIM1_CC2 #5 TIM1_CC3 #4 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #7 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #6 PCNT0_S0IN #7 PCNT0_S1IN #6	US0_TX #7 US0_RX #6 US0_CLK #5 US0_CS #4 US0_CTS #3 US0_RTS #2 US1_TX #7 US1_RX #6 US1_CLK #5 US1_CS #4 US1_CTS #3 US1_RTS #2 LEU0_TX #7 LEU0_RX #6 I2C0_SDA #7 I2C0_SCL #6	PRS_CH6 #7 PRS_CH7 #6 PRS_CH8 #5 PRS_CH9 #4 ACMP0_O #7 ACMP1_O #7
33	PB13	BUSCY BUSDX	TIM0_CC0 #8 TIM0_CC1 #7 TIM0_CC2 #6 TIM0_CDTI0 #5 TIM0_CDTI1 #4 TIM0_CDTI2 #3 TIM1_CC0 #8 TIM1_CC1 #7 TIM1_CC2 #6 TIM1_CC3 #5 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #8 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #7 PCNT0_S0IN #8 PCNT0_S1IN #7	US0_TX #8 US0_RX #7 US0_CLK #6 US0_CS #5 US0_CTS #4 US0_RTS #3 US1_TX #8 US1_RX #7 US1_CLK #6 US1_CS #5 US1_CTS #4 US1_RTS #3 LEU0_TX #8 LEU0_RX #7 I2C0_SDA #8 I2C0_SCL #7	PRS_CH6 #8 PRS_CH7 #7 PRS_CH8 #6 PRS_CH9 #5 ACMP0_O #8 ACMP1_O #8 DBG_SWO #1 GPIO_EM4WU9
34	AVDD	Analog power supply .			
35	PB14	LFXTAL_N BUSCX BUSDY	TIM0_CC0 #9 TIM0_CC1 #8 TIM0_CC2 #7 TIM0_CDTI0 #6 TIM0_CDTI1 #5 TIM0_CDTI2 #4 TIM1_CC0 #9 TIM1_CC1 #8 TIM1_CC2 #7 TIM1_CC3 #6 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #9 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #8 PCNT0_S0IN #9 PCNT0_S1IN #8	US0_TX #9 US0_RX #8 US0_CLK #7 US0_CS #6 US0_CTS #5 US0_RTS #4 US1_TX #9 US1_RX #8 US1_CLK #7 US1_CS #6 US1_CTS #5 US1_RTS #4 LEU0_TX #9 LEU0_RX #8 I2C0_SDA #9 I2C0_SCL #8	CMU_CLK1 #1 PRS_CH6 #9 PRS_CH7 #8 PRS_CH8 #7 PRS_CH9 #6 ACMP0_O #9 ACMP1_O #9
36	PB15	LFXTAL_P BUSCY BUSDX	TIM0_CC0 #10 TIM0_CC1 #9 TIM0_CC2 #8 TIM0_CDTI0 #7 TIM0_CDTI1 #6 TIM0_CDTI2 #5 TIM1_CC0 #10 TIM1_CC1 #9 TIM1_CC2 #8 TIM1_CC3 #7 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #10 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #9 PCNT0_S0IN #10 PCNT0_S1IN #9	US0_TX #10 US0_RX #9 US0_CLK #8 US0_CS #7 US0_CTS #6 US0_RTS #5 US1_TX #10 US1_RX #9 US1_CLK #8 US1_CS #7 US1_CTS #6 US1_RTS #5 LEU0_TX #10 LEU0_RX #9 I2C0_SDA #10 I2C0_SCL #9	CMU_CLK0 #1 PRS_CH6 #10 PRS_CH7 #9 PRS_CH8 #8 PRS_CH9 #7 ACMP0_O #10 ACMP1_O #10

QFN48 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
46	PC9	BUSAY BUSBX	TIMO_CC0 #14 TIMO_CC1 #13 TIMO_CC2 #12 TIMO_CDTI0 #11 TIMO_CDTI1 #10 TIMO_CDTI2 #9 TIM1_CC0 #14 TIM1_CC1 #13 TIM1_CC2 #12 TIM1_CC3 #11 LE- Timo_OUT0 #14 LE- Timo_OUT1 #13 PCNT0_S0IN #14 PCNT0_S1IN #13	US0_TX #14 US0_RX #13 US0_CLK #12 US0_CS #11 US0_CTS #10 US0_RTS #9 US1_TX #14 US1_RX #13 US1_CLK #12 US1_CS #11 US1_CTS #10 US1_RTS #9 LEU0_TX #14 LEU0_RX #13 I2C0_SDA #14 I2C0_SCL #13	PRS_CH0 #11 PRS_CH9 #14 PRS_CH10 #3 PRS_CH11 #2 ACMP0_O #14 ACMP1_O #14
47	PC10	BUSAX BUSBY	TIMO_CC0 #15 TIMO_CC1 #14 TIMO_CC2 #13 TIMO_CDTI0 #12 TIMO_CDTI1 #11 TIMO_CDTI2 #10 TIM1_CC0 #15 TIM1_CC1 #14 TIM1_CC2 #13 TIM1_CC3 #12 LE- Timo_OUT0 #15 LE- Timo_OUT1 #14 PCNT0_S0IN #15 PCNT0_S1IN #14	US0_TX #15 US0_RX #14 US0_CLK #13 US0_CS #12 US0_CTS #11 US0_RTS #10 US1_TX #15 US1_RX #14 US1_CLK #13 US1_CS #12 US1_CTS #11 US1_RTS #10 LEU0_TX #15 LEU0_RX #14 I2C0_SDA #15 I2C0_SCL #14	CMU_CLK1 #3 PRS_CH0 #12 PRS_CH9 #15 PRS_CH10 #4 PRS_CH11 #3 ACMP0_O #15 ACMP1_O #15 GPIO_EM4WU12
48	PC11	BUSAY BUSBX	TIMO_CC0 #16 TIMO_CC1 #15 TIMO_CC2 #14 TIMO_CDTI0 #13 TIMO_CDTI1 #12 TIMO_CDTI2 #11 TIM1_CC0 #16 TIM1_CC1 #15 TIM1_CC2 #14 TIM1_CC3 #13 LE- Timo_OUT0 #16 LE- Timo_OUT1 #15 PCNT0_S0IN #16 PCNT0_S1IN #15	US0_TX #16 US0_RX #15 US0_CLK #14 US0_CS #13 US0_CTS #12 US0_RTS #11 US1_TX #16 US1_RX #15 US1_CLK #14 US1_CS #13 US1_CTS #12 US1_RTS #11 LEU0_TX #16 LEU0_RX #15 I2C0_SDA #16 I2C0_SCL #15	CMU_CLK0 #3 PRS_CH0 #13 PRS_CH9 #16 PRS_CH10 #5 PRS_CH11 #4 ACMP0_O #16 ACMP1_O #16 DBG_SWO #3

Table 6.3. QFN32 without DC-DC Device Pinout

QFN32 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
0	VREGVSS	Voltage regulator VSS			
1	PF0	BUSAX BUSBY	TIM0_CC0 #24 TIM0_CC1 #23 TIM0_CC2 #22 TIM0_CDTI0 #21 TIM0_CDTI1 #20 TIM0_CDTI2 #19 TIM1_CC0 #24 TIM1_CC1 #23 TIM1_CC2 #22 TIM1_CC3 #21 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #24 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #23 PCNT0_S0IN #24 PCNT0_S1IN #23	US0_TX #24 US0_RX #23 US0_CLK #22 US0_CS #21 US0_CTS #20 US0_RTS #19 US1_TX #24 US1_RX #23 US1_CLK #22 US1_CS #21 US1_CTS #20 US1_RTS #19 LEU0_TX #24 LEU0_RX #23 I2C0_SDA #24 I2C0_SCL #23	PRS_CH0 #0 PRS_CH1 #7 PRS_CH2 #6 PRS_CH3 #5 ACMP0_O #24 ACMP1_O #24 DBG_SWCLKTCK #0 BOOT_TX
2	PF1	BUSAY BUSBX	TIM0_CC0 #25 TIM0_CC1 #24 TIM0_CC2 #23 TIM0_CDTI0 #22 TIM0_CDTI1 #21 TIM0_CDTI2 #20 TIM1_CC0 #25 TIM1_CC1 #24 TIM1_CC2 #23 TIM1_CC3 #22 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #25 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #24 PCNT0_S0IN #25 PCNT0_S1IN #24	US0_TX #25 US0_RX #24 US0_CLK #23 US0_CS #22 US0_CTS #21 US0_RTS #20 US1_TX #25 US1_RX #24 US1_CLK #23 US1_CS #22 US1_CTS #21 US1_RTS #20 LEU0_TX #25 LEU0_RX #24 I2C0_SDA #25 I2C0_SCL #24	PRS_CH0 #1 PRS_CH1 #0 PRS_CH2 #7 PRS_CH3 #6 ACMP0_O #25 ACMP1_O #25 DBG_SWDIOTMS #0 BOOT_RX
3	PF2	BUSAX BUSBY	TIM0_CC0 #26 TIM0_CC1 #25 TIM0_CC2 #24 TIM0_CDTI0 #23 TIM0_CDTI1 #22 TIM0_CDTI2 #21 TIM1_CC0 #26 TIM1_CC1 #25 TIM1_CC2 #24 TIM1_CC3 #23 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #26 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #25 PCNT0_S0IN #26 PCNT0_S1IN #25	US0_TX #26 US0_RX #25 US0_CLK #24 US0_CS #23 US0_CTS #22 US0_RTS #21 US1_TX #26 US1_RX #25 US1_CLK #24 US1_CS #23 US1_CTS #22 US1_RTS #21 LEU0_TX #26 LEU0_RX #25 I2C0_SDA #26 I2C0_SCL #25	CMU_CLK0 #6 PRS_CH0 #2 PRS_CH1 #1 PRS_CH2 #0 PRS_CH3 #7 ACMP0_O #26 ACMP1_O #26 DBG_TDO #0 DBG_SWO #0 GPIO_EM4WU0

QFN32 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
4	PF3	BUSAY BUSBX	TIMO_CC0 #27 TIMO_CC1 #26 TIMO_CC2 #25 TIMO_CDTI0 #24 TIMO_CDTI1 #23 TIMO_CDTI2 #22 TIM1_CC0 #27 TIM1_CC1 #26 TIM1_CC2 #25 TIM1_CC3 #24 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #27 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #26 PCNT0_SOIN #27 PCNT0_S1IN #26	US0_TX #27 US0_RX #26 US0_CLK #25 US0_CS #24 US0_CTS #23 US0_RTS #22 US1_TX #27 US1_RX #26 US1_CLK #25 US1_CS #24 US1_CTS #23 US1_RTS #22 LEU0_TX #27 LEU0_RX #26 I2C0_SDA #27 I2C0_SCL #26	CMU_CLK1 #6 PRS_CH0 #3 PRS_CH1 #2 PRS_CH2 #1 PRS_CH3 #0 ACMP0_O #27 ACMP1_O #27 DBG_TDI #0
5	PF4	BUSAX BUSBY	TIMO_CC0 #28 TIMO_CC1 #27 TIMO_CC2 #26 TIMO_CDTI0 #25 TIMO_CDTI1 #24 TIMO_CDTI2 #23 TIM1_CC0 #28 TIM1_CC1 #27 TIM1_CC2 #26 TIM1_CC3 #25 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #28 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #27 PCNT0_SOIN #28 PCNT0_S1IN #27	US0_TX #28 US0_RX #27 US0_CLK #26 US0_CS #25 US0_CTS #24 US0_RTS #23 US1_TX #28 US1_RX #27 US1_CLK #26 US1_CS #25 US1_CTS #24 US1_RTS #23 LEU0_TX #28 LEU0_RX #27 I2C0_SDA #28 I2C0_SCL #27	PRS_CH0 #4 PRS_CH1 #3 PRS_CH2 #2 PRS_CH3 #1 ACMP0_O #28 ACMP1_O #28
6	AVDD	Analog power supply .			
7	HFXTAL_N	High Frequency Crystal input pin.			
8	HFXTAL_P	High Frequency Crystal output pin.			
9	RESETn	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.			
10	PD9	BUSCY BUSDX	TIMO_CC0 #17 TIMO_CC1 #16 TIMO_CC2 #15 TIMO_CDTI0 #14 TIMO_CDTI1 #13 TIMO_CDTI2 #12 TIM1_CC0 #17 TIM1_CC1 #16 TIM1_CC2 #15 TIM1_CC3 #14 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #17 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #16 PCNT0_SOIN #17 PCNT0_S1IN #16	US0_TX #17 US0_RX #16 US0_CLK #15 US0_CS #14 US0_CTS #13 US0_RTS #12 US1_TX #17 US1_RX #16 US1_CLK #15 US1_CS #14 US1_CTS #13 US1_RTS #12 LEU0_TX #17 LEU0_RX #16 I2C0_SDA #17 I2C0_SCL #16	CMU_CLK0 #4 PRS_CH3 #8 PRS_CH4 #0 PRS_CH5 #6 PRS_CH6 #11 ACMP0_O #17 ACMP1_O #17

Table 6.5. QFN32 with DC-DC Device Pinout

QFN32 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
0	VSS	Ground			
1	PF0	BUSAX BUSBY	TIM0_CC0 #24 TIM0_CC1 #23 TIM0_CC2 #22 TIM0_CDTI0 #21 TIM0_CDTI1 #20 TIM0_CDTI2 #19 TIM1_CC0 #24 TIM1_CC1 #23 TIM1_CC2 #22 TIM1_CC3 #21 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #24 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #23 PCNT0_S0IN #24 PCNT0_S1IN #23	US0_TX #24 US0_RX #23 US0_CLK #22 US0_CS #21 US0_CTS #20 US0_RTS #19 US1_TX #24 US1_RX #23 US1_CLK #22 US1_CS #21 US1_CTS #20 US1_RTS #19 LEU0_TX #24 LEU0_RX #23 I2C0_SDA #24 I2C0_SCL #23	PRS_CH0 #0 PRS_CH1 #7 PRS_CH2 #6 PRS_CH3 #5 ACMP0_O #24 ACMP1_O #24 DBG_SWCLKTCK #0 BOOT_TX
2	PF1	BUSAY BUSBX	TIM0_CC0 #25 TIM0_CC1 #24 TIM0_CC2 #23 TIM0_CDTI0 #22 TIM0_CDTI1 #21 TIM0_CDTI2 #20 TIM1_CC0 #25 TIM1_CC1 #24 TIM1_CC2 #23 TIM1_CC3 #22 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #25 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #24 PCNT0_S0IN #25 PCNT0_S1IN #24	US0_TX #25 US0_RX #24 US0_CLK #23 US0_CS #22 US0_CTS #21 US0_RTS #20 US1_TX #25 US1_RX #24 US1_CLK #23 US1_CS #22 US1_CTS #21 US1_RTS #20 LEU0_TX #25 LEU0_RX #24 I2C0_SDA #25 I2C0_SCL #24	PRS_CH0 #1 PRS_CH1 #0 PRS_CH2 #7 PRS_CH3 #6 ACMP0_O #25 ACMP1_O #25 DBG_SWDIOTMS #0 BOOT_RX
3	PF2	BUSAX BUSBY	TIM0_CC0 #26 TIM0_CC1 #25 TIM0_CC2 #24 TIM0_CDTI0 #23 TIM0_CDTI1 #22 TIM0_CDTI2 #21 TIM1_CC0 #26 TIM1_CC1 #25 TIM1_CC2 #24 TIM1_CC3 #23 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #26 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #25 PCNT0_S0IN #26 PCNT0_S1IN #25	US0_TX #26 US0_RX #25 US0_CLK #24 US0_CS #23 US0_CTS #22 US0_RTS #21 US1_TX #26 US1_RX #25 US1_CLK #24 US1_CS #23 US1_CTS #22 US1_RTS #21 LEU0_TX #26 LEU0_RX #25 I2C0_SDA #26 I2C0_SCL #25	CMU_CLK0 #6 PRS_CH0 #2 PRS_CH1 #1 PRS_CH2 #0 PRS_CH3 #7 ACMP0_O #26 ACMP1_O #26 DBG_TDO #0 DBG_SWO #0 GPIO_EM4WU0

6.3.1 EFM32JG1 QFN32 with DC-DC GPIO Overview

The GPIO pins are organized as 16-bit ports indicated by letters (A, B, C...), and the individual pins on each port are indicated by a number from 15 down to 0.

Table 6.6. QFN32 with DC-DC GPIO Pinout

Port	Pin 15	Pin 14	Pin 13	Pin 12	Pin 11	Pin 10	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6	Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1	Pin 0
Port A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PA1	PA0
Port B	PB15	PB14	PB13 (5V)	PB12 (5V)	PB11 (5V)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Port C	-	-	-	-	PC11 (5V)	PC10 (5V)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Port D	PD15 (5V)	PD14 (5V)	PD13 (5V)	PD12 (5V)	PD11 (5V)	PD10 (5V)	PD9 (5V)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Port F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PF3 (5V)	PF2 (5V)	PF1 (5V)	PF0 (5V)

Note:

1. GPIO with 5V tolerance are indicated by (5V).
2. The pins PB13, PB12, PB11, PD15, PD14, and PD13 will not be 5V tolerant on all future devices. In order to preserve upgrade options with full hardware compatibility, do not use these pins with 5V domains.

Alternate	LOCATION								
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 11	12 - 15	16 - 19	20 - 23	24 - 27	28 - 31	Description
DBG_SWDIOTMS	0: PF1								Debug-interface Serial Wire data input / output and JTAG Test Mode Select. Note that this function is enabled to the pin out of reset, and has a built-in pull up.
DBG_SWO	0: PF2 1: PB13 2: PD15 3: PC11								Debug-interface Serial Wire viewer Output. Note that this function is not enabled after reset, and must be enabled by software to be used.
DBG_TDI	0: PF3								Debug-interface JTAG Test Data In. Note that this function is enabled to pin out of reset, and has a built-in pull up.
DBG_TDO	0: PF2								Debug-interface JTAG Test Data Out. Note that this function is enabled to pin out of reset.
GPIO_EM4WU0	0: PF2								Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU1	0: PF7								Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU4	0: PD14								Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU8	0: PA3								Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU9	0: PB13								Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4

Alternate	LOCATION									
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 11	12 - 15	16 - 19	20 - 23	24 - 27	28 - 31	Description	
GPIO_EM4WU12	0: PC10								Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4	
I2C0_SCL	0: PA1 1: PA2 2: PA3 3: PA4	4: PA5 5: PB11 6: PB12 7: PB13	8: PB14 9: PB15 10: PC6 11: PC7	12: PC8 13: PC9 14: PC10 15: PC11	16: PD9 17: PD10 18: PD11 19: PD12	20: PD13 21: PD14 22: PD15 23: PF0	24: PF1 25: PF2 26: PF3 27: PF4	28: PF5 29: PF6 30: PF7 31: PA0	I2C0 Serial Clock Line input / output.	
I2C0_SDA	0: PA0 1: PA1 2: PA2 3: PA3	4: PA4 5: PA5 6: PB11 7: PB12	8: PB13 9: PB14 10: PB15 11: PC6	12: PC7 13: PC8 14: PC9 15: PC10	16: PC11 17: PD9 18: PD10 19: PD11	20: PD12 21: PD13 22: PD14 23: PD15	24: PF0 25: PF1 26: PF2 27: PF3	28: PF4 29: PF5 30: PF6 31: PF7	I2C0 Serial Data input / output.	
LETIM0_OUT0	0: PA0 1: PA1 2: PA2 3: PA3	4: PA4 5: PA5 6: PB11 7: PB12	8: PB13 9: PB14 10: PB15 11: PC6	12: PC7 13: PC8 14: PC9 15: PC10	16: PC11 17: PD9 18: PD10 19: PD11	20: PD12 21: PD13 22: PD14 23: PD15	24: PF0 25: PF1 26: PF2 27: PF3	28: PF4 29: PF5 30: PF6 31: PF7	Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 0.	
LETIM0_OUT1	0: PA1 1: PA2 2: PA3 3: PA4	4: PA5 5: PB11 6: PB12 7: PB13	8: PB14 9: PB15 10: PC6 11: PC7	12: PC8 13: PC9 14: PC10 15: PC11	16: PD9 17: PD10 18: PD11 19: PD12	20: PD13 21: PD14 22: PD15 23: PF0	24: PF1 25: PF2 26: PF3 27: PF4	28: PF5 29: PF6 30: PF7 31: PA0	Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 1.	
LEU0_RX	0: PA1 1: PA2 2: PA3 3: PA4	4: PA5 5: PB11 6: PB12 7: PB13	8: PB14 9: PB15 10: PC6 11: PC7	12: PC8 13: PC9 14: PC10 15: PC11	16: PD9 17: PD10 18: PD11 19: PD12	20: PD13 21: PD14 22: PD15 23: PF0	24: PF1 25: PF2 26: PF3 27: PF4	28: PF5 29: PF6 30: PF7 31: PA0	LEUART0 Receive input.	
LEU0_TX	0: PA0 1: PA1 2: PA2 3: PA3	4: PA4 5: PA5 6: PB11 7: PB12	8: PB13 9: PB14 10: PB15 11: PC6	12: PC7 13: PC8 14: PC9 15: PC10	16: PC11 17: PD9 18: PD10 19: PD11	20: PD12 21: PD13 22: PD14 23: PD15	24: PF0 25: PF1 26: PF2 27: PF3	28: PF4 29: PF5 30: PF6 31: PF7	LEUART0 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.	
LFXTAL_N	0: PB14								Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) negative pin. Also used as an optional external clock input pin.	
LFXTAL_P	0: PB15								Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) positive pin.	
PCNT0_S0IN	0: PA0 1: PA1 2: PA2 3: PA3	4: PA4 5: PA5 6: PB11 7: PB12	8: PB13 9: PB14 10: PB15 11: PC6	12: PC7 13: PC8 14: PC9 15: PC10	16: PC11 17: PD9 18: PD10 19: PD11	20: PD12 21: PD13 22: PD14 23: PD15	24: PF0 25: PF1 26: PF2 27: PF3	28: PF4 29: PF5 30: PF6 31: PF7	Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 0.	
PCNT0_S1IN	0: PA1 1: PA2 2: PA3 3: PA4	4: PA5 5: PB11 6: PB12 7: PB13	8: PB14 9: PB15 10: PC6 11: PC7	12: PC8 13: PC9 14: PC10 15: PC11	16: PD9 17: PD10 18: PD11 19: PD12	20: PD13 21: PD14 22: PD15 23: PF0	24: PF1 25: PF2 26: PF3 27: PF4	28: PF5 29: PF6 30: PF7 31: PA0	Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 1.	
PRS_CH0	0: PF0 1: PF1 2: PF2 3: PF3	4: PF4 5: PF5 6: PF6 7: PF7	8: PC6 9: PC7 10: PC8 11: PC9	12: PC10 13: PC11					Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 0.	

Alternate	LOCATION									
Functionality	0 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 11	12 - 15	16 - 19	20 - 23	24 - 27	28 - 31	Description	
US0_RX	0: PA1 1: PA2 2: PA3 3: PA4	4: PA5 5: PB11 6: PB12 7: PB13	8: PB14 9: PB15 10: PC6 11: PC7	12: PC8 13: PC9 14: PC10 15: PC11	16: PD9 17: PD10 18: PD11 19: PD12	20: PD13 21: PD14 22: PD15 23: PF0	24: PF1 25: PF2 26: PF3 27: PF4	28: PF5 29: PF6 30: PF7 31: PA0	USART0 Asynchronous Receive. USART0 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).	
US0_TX	0: PA0 1: PA1 2: PA2 3: PA3	4: PA4 5: PA5 6: PB11 7: PB12	8: PB13 9: PB14 10: PB15 11: PC6	12: PC7 13: PC8 14: PC9 15: PC10	16: PC11 17: PD9 18: PD10 19: PD11	20: PD12 21: PD13 22: PD14 23: PD15	24: PF0 25: PF1 26: PF2 27: PF3	28: PF4 29: PF5 30: PF6 31: PF7	USART0 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART0 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).	
US1_CLK	0: PA2 1: PA3 2: PA4 3: PA5	4: PB11 5: PB12 6: PB13 7: PB14	8: PB15 9: PC6 10: PC7 11: PC8	12: PC9 13: PC10 14: PC11 15: PD9	16: PD10 17: PD11 18: PD12 19: PD13	20: PD14 21: PD15 22: PF0 23: PF1	24: PF2 25: PF3 26: PF4 27: PF5	28: PF6 29: PF7 30: PA0 31: PA1	USART1 clock input / output.	
US1_CS	0: PA3 1: PA4 2: PA5 3: PB11	4: PB12 5: PB13 6: PB14 7: PB15	8: PC6 9: PC7 10: PC8 11: PC9	12: PC10 13: PC11 14: PD9 15: PD10	16: PD11 17: PD12 18: PD13 19: PD14	20: PD15 21: PF0 22: PF1 23: PF2	24: PF3 25: PF4 26: PF5 27: PF6	28: PF7 29: PA0 30: PA1 31: PA2	USART1 chip select input / output.	
US1_CTS	0: PA4 1: PA5 2: PB11 3: PB12	4: PB13 5: PB14 6: PB15 7: PC6	8: PC7 9: PC8 10: PC9 11: PC10	12: PC11 13: PD9 14: PD10 15: PD11	16: PD12 17: PD13 18: PD14 19: PD15	20: PF0 21: PF1 22: PF2 23: PF3	24: PF4 25: PF5 26: PF6 27: PF7	28: PA0 29: PA1 30: PA2 31: PA3	USART1 Clear To Send hardware flow control input.	
US1_RTS	0: PA5 1: PB11 2: PB12 3: PB13	4: PB14 5: PB15 6: PC6 7: PC7	8: PC8 9: PC9 10: PC10 11: PC11	12: PD9 13: PD10 14: PD11 15: PD12	16: PD13 17: PD14 18: PD15 19: PF0	20: PF1 21: PF2 22: PF3 23: PF4	24: PF5 25: PF6 26: PF7 27: PA0	28: PA1 29: PA2 30: PA3 31: PA4	USART1 Request To Send hardware flow control output.	
US1_RX	0: PA1 1: PA2 2: PA3 3: PA4	4: PA5 5: PB11 6: PB12 7: PB13	8: PB14 9: PB15 10: PC6 11: PC7	12: PC8 13: PC9 14: PC10 15: PC11	16: PD9 17: PD10 18: PD11 19: PD12	20: PD13 21: PD14 22: PD15 23: PF0	24: PF1 25: PF2 26: PF3 27: PF4	28: PF5 29: PF6 30: PF7 31: PA0	USART1 Asynchronous Receive. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).	
US1_TX	0: PA0 1: PA1 2: PA2 3: PA3	4: PA4 5: PA5 6: PB11 7: PB12	8: PB13 9: PB14 10: PB15 11: PC6	12: PC7 13: PC8 14: PC9 15: PC10	16: PC11 17: PD9 18: PD10 19: PD11	20: PD12 21: PD13 22: PD14 23: PD15	24: PF0 25: PF1 26: PF2 27: PF3	28: PF4 29: PF5 30: PF6 31: PF7	USART1 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).	

Table 8.1. QFN32 Package Dimensions

Dimension	Min	Typ	Max
A	0.80	0.85	0.90
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
A3	0.20 REF		
b	0.18	0.25	0.30
D/E	4.90	5.00	5.10
D2/E2	3.40	3.50	3.60
E	0.50 BSC		
L	0.30	0.40	0.50
K	0.20	—	—
R	0.09	—	0.14
aaa	0.15		
bbb	0.10		
ccc	0.10		
ddd	0.05		
eee	0.08		
fff	0.10		

Note:

1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.
2. Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.
3. This drawing conforms to the JEDEC Solid State Outline MO-220, Variation VKKD-4.
4. Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.

8. QFN32 Package Specifications	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	91
8.1 QFN32 Package Dimensions	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.91
8.2 QFN32 PCB Land Pattern	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.93
8.3 QFN32 Package Marking	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.95
9. Revision History	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	96
9.1 Revision 1.1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.96
9.2 Revision 1.0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.96
9.3 Revision 0.95	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.96
9.4 Revision 0.31	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.96
9.5 Revision 0.3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.96
9.6 Revision 0.2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.96
9.7 Revision 0.1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.97
Table of Contents	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	98