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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, LCD, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	50
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D - 16bit; D/A - 12bit
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	64-MAPBGA (5x5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mkl36z256vmp4

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1 Ratings

1.1 Thermal handling ratings

Table 1. Thermal handling ratings

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-55	150	°C	1
T _{SDR}	Solder temperature, lead-free	_	260	°C	2

1. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-A103, High Temperature Storage Life.

2. Determined according to IPC/JEDEC Standard J-STD-020, Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices.

1.2 Moisture handling ratings

Table 2. Moisture handling ratings

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
MSL	Moisture sensitivity level		3		1

1. Determined according to IPC/JEDEC Standard J-STD-020, Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices.

1.3 ESD handling ratings

Table 3. ESD handling ratings

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{HBM}	Electrostatic discharge voltage, human body model	-2000	+2000	V	1
V _{CDM}	Electrostatic discharge voltage, charged-device model	-500	+500	V	2
I _{LAT}	Latch-up current at ambient temperature of 105 °C	-100	+100	mA	3

1. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-A114, *Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Sensitivity Testing Human Body Model (HBM)*.

2. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-C101, Field-Induced Charged-Device Model Test Method for Electrostatic-Discharge-Withstand Thresholds of Microelectronic Components.

3. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD78, IC Latch-Up Test.



Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{OL}	Output low voltage — High drive pad				1
	• 2.7 V \leq V _{DD} \leq 3.6 V, I _{OL} = 20 mA	_	0.5	V	
	• $1.71 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 2.7 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{\text{OL}} = 10 \text{ mA}$	_	0.5	V	
I _{OLT}	Output low current total for all ports	_	100	mA	
I _{IN}	Input leakage current (per pin) for full temperature range	_	1	μA	3
I _{IN}	Input leakage current (per pin) at 25 °C	—	0.025	μA	3
I _{IN}	Input leakage current (total all pins) for full temperature range	_		μA	3
I _{OZ}	Hi-Z (off-state) leakage current (per pin)	_	1	μA	
R _{PU}	Internal pullup resistors	20	50	kΩ	4

Table 7. Voltage and current operating behaviors (continued)

1. PTB0, PTB1, PTD6, and PTD7 I/O have both high drive and normal drive capability selected by the associated PTx_PCRn[DSE] control bit. All other GPIOs are normal drive only.

2. The reset pin only contains an active pull down device when configured as the RESET signal or as a GPIO. When configured as a GPIO output, it acts as a pseudo open drain output.

3. Measured at $V_{DD} = 3.6 V$

4. Measured at V_{DD} supply voltage = V_{DD} min and Vinput = V_{SS}

2.2.4 Power mode transition operating behaviors

All specifications except t_{POR} and VLLSx \rightarrow RUN recovery times in the following table assume this clock configuration:

- CPU and system clocks = 48 MHz
- Bus and flash clock = 24 MHz
- FEI clock mode

POR and VLLSx \rightarrow RUN recovery use FEI clock mode at the default CPU and system frequency of 21 MHz, and a bus and flash clock frequency of 10.5 MHz.

Table 8.	Power mode transitio	n operating behaviors
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Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
t _{POR}	After a POR event, amount of time from the point V_{DD} reaches 1.8 V to execution of the first instruction across the operating temperature range of the chip.	_	_	300	μs	1
	• VLLS0 → RUN		113	124	μs	



3.1.1 SWD electricals

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
J1	SWD_CLK frequency of operation			
	Serial wire debug	0	25	MHz
J2	SWD_CLK cycle period	1/J1	—	ns
J3	SWD_CLK clock pulse width			
	Serial wire debug	20	—	ns
J4	SWD_CLK rise and fall times	—	3	ns
J9	SWD_DIO input data setup time to SWD_CLK rise	10	—	ns
J10	SWD_DIO input data hold time after SWD_CLK rise	0	—	ns
J11	SWD_CLK high to SWD_DIO data valid	—	32	ns
J12	SWD_CLK high to SWD_DIO high-Z	5	—	ns

Table 17. SWD full voltage range electricals



Figure 5. Serial wire clock input timing





Figure 6. Serial wire data timing

3.2 System modules

There are no specifications necessary for the device's system modules.

3.3 Clock modules

3.3.1 MCG specifications

Table 18. MCG specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
f _{ints_ft}	Internal reference frequency (slow clock) — factory trimmed at nominal V_{DD} and 25 °C	_	32.768	—	kHz	
f _{ints_t}	Internal reference frequency (slow clock) — user trimmed	31.25	_	39.0625	kHz	
$\Delta_{fdco_res_t}$	Resolution of trimmed average DCO output frequency at fixed voltage and temperature — using C3[SCTRIM] and C4[SCFTRIM]	—	± 0.3	± 0.6	%f _{dco}	1



Symbol	Description		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Δf _{dco_t}	Total deviation of t frequency over vol	trimmed average DCO output Itage and temperature	_	+0.5/-0.7	± 3	%f _{dco}	1, 2
∆f _{dco_t}	Total deviation of t frequency over fixe range of 0–70 °C	rimmed average DCO output ed voltage and temperature	_	± 0.4	± 1.5	%f _{dco}	1, 2
f _{intf_ft}	Internal reference factory trimmed at	frequency (fast clock) — nominal V _{DD} and 25 °C	_	4	—	MHz	
∆f _{intf_ft}	Frequency deviation (fast clock) over te factory trimmed at	on of internal reference clock mperature and voltage — nominal V _{DD} and 25 °C	_	+1/-2	± 3	%f _{intf_ft}	2
f _{intf_t}	Internal reference trimmed at nomina	frequency (fast clock) — user al V _{DD} and 25 °C	3	_	5	MHz	
f _{loc_low}	Loss of external clock minimum frequency — RANGE = 00		(3/5) x f _{ints_t}		_	kHz	
f _{loc_high}	Loss of external cl	(16/5) x f _{ints_t}			kHz		
		FI	L				
f _{fll_ref}	FLL reference free	luency range	31.25	_	39.0625	kHz	
f _{dco}	DCO output frequency range	Low range (DRS = 00) 640 × f _{fll ref}	20	20.97	25	MHz	3, 4
		Mid range (DRS = 01) $1280 \times f_{fll_ref}$	40	41.94	48	MHz	
f _{dco_t_DMX3}	DCO output frequency	Low range (DRS = 00) 732 × f _{fll_ref}		23.99	_	MHz	5, 6
		Mid range (DRS = 01) $1464 \times f_{fll_ref}$	_	47.97	—	MHz	
J _{cyc_fll}	FLL period jitter • f _{VCO} = 48 MI	Hz	_	180	_	ps	7
t _{fll acquire}	FLL target frequen	ncy acquisition time		_	1	ms	8
	-	P	LL				<u> </u>
f _{vco}	VCO operating fre	quency	48.0	_	100	MHz	
I _{pll}	PLL operating current • PLL at 96 MHz (f _{osc_hi_1} = 8 MHz, f _{pll_ref} = 2 MHz, VDIV multiplier = 48)		_	1060	_	μΑ	9
I _{pll}	PLL operating current • PLL at 48 MHz (f _{osc_hi_1} = 8 MHz, f _{pll_ref} = 2 MHz, VDIV multiplier = 24)		_	600	_	μΑ	9
f _{pll_ref}	PLL reference free	quency range	2.0	_	4.0	MHz	
J _{cyc_pll}	PLL period jitter (F	RMS)					10
	• f _{vco} = 48 MH	z	_	120	—	ps	
	• f _{vco} = 100 M	Hz	_		_	ps	



Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
J _{acc_pll}	PLL accumulated jitter over 1µs (RMS)					10
	• f _{vco} = 48 MHz	_	1350	—	ps	
	• f _{vco} = 100 MHz	_	600	_	ps	
D _{lock}	Lock entry frequency tolerance	± 1.49	—	± 2.98	%	
D _{unl}	Lock exit frequency tolerance	± 4.47	—	± 5.97	%	
t _{pll_lock}	Lock detector detection time	_		150 × 10 ⁻⁶ + 1075(1/ f _{pll_ref})	S	11

Table 18. MCG specifications (continued)

- 1. This parameter is measured with the internal reference (slow clock) being used as a reference to the FLL (FEI clock mode).
- 2. The deviation is relative to the factory trimmed frequency at nominal V_{DD} and 25 °C, $f_{ints_{ft}}$.
- 3. These typical values listed are with the slow internal reference clock (FEI) using factory trim and DMX32 = 0.
- The resulting system clock frequencies must not exceed their maximum specified values. The DCO frequency deviation (Δf_{dco_t}) over voltage and temperature must be considered.
- 5. These typical values listed are with the slow internal reference clock (FEI) using factory trim and DMX32 = 1.
- 6. The resulting clock frequency must not exceed the maximum specified clock frequency of the device.
- 7. This specification is based on standard deviation (RMS) of period or frequency.
- 8. This specification applies to any time the FLL reference source or reference divider is changed, trim value is changed, DMX32 bit is changed, DRS bits are changed, or changing from FLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to FLL enabled (FEI, FEE, FBE, FBI). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.
- 9. Excludes any oscillator currents that are also consuming power while PLL is in operation.
- 10. This specification was obtained using a Freescale developed PCB. PLL jitter is dependent on the noise characteristics of each PCB and results will vary.
- 11. This specification applies to any time the PLL VCO divider or reference divider is changed, or changing from PLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to PLL enabled (PBE, PEE). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.

3.3.2 Oscillator electrical specifications

3.3.2.1 Oscillator DC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DD}	Supply voltage	1.71	—	3.6	V	
IDDOSC	Supply current — low-power mode (HGO=0)					1
	• 32 kHz	_	500	—	nA	
	• 4 MHz	_	200	—	μA	
	• 8 MHz (RANGE=01)	_	300	—	μA	
	• 16 MHz	_	950	—	μA	
		_	1.2	_	mA	

Table 19. Oscillator DC electrical specifications



Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	• 24 MHz	—	1.5	—	mA	
	• 32 MHz					
I _{DDOSC}	Supply current — high gain mode (HGO=1)					1
	• 32 kHz	_	25	_	μA	
	• 4 MHz	_	400	_	μA	
	• 8 MHz (RANGE=01)	_	500	_	μA	
	• 16 MHz	_	2.5	_	mA	
	• 24 MHz	_	3	_	mA	
	• 32 MHz	—	4	—	mA	
C _x	EXTAL load capacitance	_	_	_		2, 3
Cy	XTAL load capacitance	_	_	_		2, 3
R _F	Feedback resistor — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	—	—	MΩ	2, 4
	Feedback resistor — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	10	_	MΩ	
	Feedback resistor — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	_	_	_	MΩ	
	Feedback resistor — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	1	_	MΩ	
R _S	Series resistor — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—		_	kΩ	
	Series resistor — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)		200		kΩ	
	Series resistor — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	_		_	kΩ	
	Series resistor — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)					
		_	0	_	kΩ	
V _{pp} ⁵	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	_	0.6	_	V	
	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	V _{DD}	_	V	
	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	_	0.6	_	V	
	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	V _{DD}	_	V	

Table 19.	Oscillator DC electrical s	pecifications ((continued))
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V_{DD}=3.3 V, Temperature =25 °C
 See crystal or resonator manufacturer's recommendation



3.4.1.1 Flash timing specifications — program and erase

The following specifications represent the amount of time the internal charge pumps are active and do not include command overhead.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
t _{hvpgm4}	Longword Program high-voltage time	—	7.5	18	μs	—
t _{hversscr}	Sector Erase high-voltage time	—	13	113	ms	1
t _{hversblk128k}	Erase Block high-voltage time for 128 KB	—	52	452	ms	1
t _{hversall}	Erase All high-voltage time	_	52	452	ms	1

Table 21. NVM program/erase timing specifications

1. Maximum time based on expectations at cycling end-of-life.

3.4.1.2 Flash timing specifications — commands Table 22. Flash command timing specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Read 1s Block execution time					—
t _{rd1blk128k}	• 128 KB program flash	_	—	1.7	ms	
t _{rd1sec1k}	Read 1s Section execution time (flash sector)	—	—	60	μs	1
t _{pgmchk}	Program Check execution time	—	—	45	μs	1
t _{rdrsrc}	Read Resource execution time	—	—	30	μs	1
t _{pgm4}	Program Longword execution time	—	65	145	μs	_
	Erase Flash Block execution time					2
t _{ersblk128k}	• 128 KB program flash	_	88	600	ms	
t _{ersscr}	Erase Flash Sector execution time	—	14	114	ms	2
t _{rd1all}	Read 1s All Blocks execution time	—	—	1.8	ms	_
t _{rdonce}	Read Once execution time	—	—	25	μs	1
t _{pgmonce}	Program Once execution time	—	65	—	μs	_
t _{ersall}	Erase All Blocks execution time	—	175	1300	ms	2
t _{vfykey}	Verify Backdoor Access Key execution time	—		30	μs	1

1. Assumes 25 MHz flash clock frequency.

2. Maximum times for erase parameters based on expectations at cycling end-of-life.



3.4.1.3 Flash high voltage current behaviors Table 23. Flash high voltage current behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _{DD_PGM}	Average current adder during high voltage flash programming operation		2.5	6.0	mA
I _{DD_ERS}	Average current adder during high voltage flash erase operation		1.5	4.0	mA

3.4.1.4 Reliability specifications

Table 24. NVM reliability specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes		
Program Flash								
t _{nvmretp10k}	Data retention after up to 10 K cycles	5	50	_	years	—		
t _{nvmretp1k}	Data retention after up to 1 K cycles	20	100	—	years	—		
n _{nvmcycp}	Cycling endurance	10 K	50 K		cycles	2		

 Typical data retention values are based on measured response accelerated at high temperature and derated to a constant 25 °C use profile. Engineering Bulletin EB618 does not apply to this technology. Typical endurance defined in Engineering Bulletin EB619.

2. Cycling endurance represents number of program/erase cycles at -40 °C \leq T_j \leq 125 °C.

3.5 Security and integrity modules

There are no specifications necessary for the device's security and integrity modules.

3.6 Analog

3.6.1 ADC electrical specifications

The 16-bit accuracy specifications listed in Table 25 and Table 26 are achievable on the differential pins ADCx_DP0, ADCx_DM0.

All other ADC channels meet the 13-bit differential/12-bit single-ended accuracy specifications.



3.6.1.1 16-bit ADC operating conditions Table 25. 16-bit ADC operating conditions

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DDA}	Supply voltage	Absolute	1.71	—	3.6	V	_
ΔV_{DDA}	Supply voltage	Delta to V _{DD} (V _{DD} – V _{DDA})	-100	0	+100	mV	2
ΔV_{SSA}	Ground voltage	Delta to V_{SS} ($V_{SS} - V_{SSA}$)	-100	0	+100	mV	2
V _{REFH}	ADC reference voltage high		1.13	V _{DDA}	V _{DDA}	V	
V _{REFL}	ADC reference voltage low		V _{SSA}	V _{SSA}	V _{SSA}	V	
V _{ADIN}	Input voltage	16-bit differential mode	VREFL	—	31/32 * VREFH	V	—
		All other modes	VREFL	—	VREFH		
C _{ADIN}	Input	16-bit mode	_	8	10	pF	—
	capacitance	 8-bit / 10-bit / 12-bit modes 	—	4	5		
R _{ADIN}	Input series resistance		—	2	5	kΩ	_
R _{AS}	Analog source resistance (external)	13-bit / 12-bit modes f _{ADCK} < 4 MHz	_	_	5	kΩ	3
f _{ADCK}	ADC conversion clock frequency	≤ 13-bit mode	1.0		18.0	MHz	4
f _{ADCK}	ADC conversion clock frequency	16-bit mode	2.0	—	12.0	MHz	4
C _{rate}	ADC conversion rate	 ≤ 13-bit modes No ADC hardware averaging Continuous conversions enabled, subsequent conversion time 	20.000		818.330	Ksps	5
C _{rate}	ADC conversion rate	16-bit mode No ADC hardware averaging Continuous conversions enabled, subsequent conversion time	37.037	_	461.467	Ksps	5

- 1. Typical values assume V_{DDA} = 3.0 V, Temp = 25 °C, f_{ADCK} = 1.0 MHz, unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only, and are not tested in production.
- 2. DC potential difference.
- 3. This resistance is external to MCU. To achieve the best results, the analog source resistance must be kept as low as possible. The results in this data sheet were derived from a system that had < 8 Ω analog source resistance. The R_{AS}/C_{AS} time constant should be kept to < 1 ns.
- 4. To use the maximum ADC conversion clock frequency, CFG2[ADHSC] must be set and CFG1[ADLPC] must be clear.
- 5. For guidelines and examples of conversion rate calculation, download the ADC calculator tool.





Figure 7. ADC input impedance equivalency diagram

3.6.1.2 16-bit ADC electrical characteristics

Symbol	Description	Conditions ¹	Min.	Typ. ²	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{DDA_ADC}	Supply current		0.215	—	1.7	mA	3
	ADC	• ADLPC = 1, ADHSC =	1.2	2.4	3.9	MHz	t _{ADACK} =
at f _{ADACK}	asynchronous clock source	0	2.4	4.0	6.1	MHz	1/f _{ADACK}
	ADLP(ADLP(O ADLP(O ADLP(1 ADLP(1	• ADLPC = 1, ADHSC =	3.0	5.2	7.3	MHz	
		• ADLPC = 0, ADHSC = 0	4.4	6.2	9.5	MHz	
		• ADLPC = 0, ADHSC = 1					
	Sample Time	See Reference Manual chapte	r for sample	times			
TUE	Total unadjusted	12-bit modes	—	±4	±6.8	LSB ⁴	5
	error	12-bit modes	—	±1.4	±2.1		
DNL	Differential non- linearity	12-bit modes	—	±0.7	-1.1 to +1.9	LSB ⁴	5
		<12-bit modes	_	±0.2	-0.3 to 0.5		

Table 26.	16-bit ADC	characteristics	(V _{REFH} =	V_{DDA} ,	$V_{REFL} = V$	V _{SSA})
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Peripheral operating requirements and behaviors



Figure 10. Typical hysteresis vs. Vin level (VDD = 3.3 V, PMODE = 0)



Figure 11. Typical hysteresis vs. Vin level (VDD = 3.3 V, PMODE = 1)

3.6.3 12-bit DAC electrical characteristics

3.6.3.1 12-bit DAC operating requirements Table 28. 12-bit DAC operating requirements

Symbol	Desciption	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DDA}	Supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
V _{DACR}	Reference voltage	1.13	3.6	V	1
CL	Output load capacitance	—	100	pF	2
١L	Output load current	—	1	mA	

1. The DAC reference can be selected to be V_{DDA} or $V_{\text{REFH}}.$

2. A small load capacitance (47 pF) can improve the bandwidth performance of the DAC.



3.6.3.2 12-bit DAC operating behaviors Table 29. 12-bit DAC operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{DDA_DACL}	Supply current — low-power mode	_	—	250	μΑ	
I _{DDA_DACH}	Supply current — high-speed mode	_	—	900	μΑ	
t _{DACLP}	Full-scale settling time (0x080 to 0xF7F) — low-power mode	—	100	200	μs	1
t _{DACHP}	Full-scale settling time (0x080 to 0xF7F) — high-power mode	_	15	30	μs	1
t _{CCDACLP}	Code-to-code settling time (0xBF8 to 0xC08) — low-power mode and high-speed mode	_	0.7	1	μs	1
V _{dacoutl}	DAC output voltage range low — high- speed mode, no load, DAC set to 0x000		—	100	mV	
V _{dacouth}	DAC output voltage range high — high- speed mode, no load, DAC set to 0xFFF	V _{DACR} -100	_	V _{DACR}	mV	
INL	Integral non-linearity error — high speed mode	_	_	±8	LSB	2
DNL	Differential non-linearity error — V _{DACR} > 2 V	_	_	±1	LSB	3
DNL	Differential non-linearity error — V _{DACR} = VREF_OUT	_	_	±1	LSB	4
VOFFSET	Offset error	—	±0.4	±0.8	%FSR	5
E _G	Gain error	—	±0.1	±0.6	%FSR	5
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio, $V_{DDA} \ge 2.4 V$	60	—	90	dB	
T _{CO}	Temperature coefficient offset voltage	_	3.7	_	μV/C	6
T _{GE}	Temperature coefficient gain error	_	0.000421	_	%FSR/C	
Rop	Output resistance (load = $3 \text{ k}\Omega$)	_	—	250	Ω	
SR	Slew rate -80h \rightarrow F7Fh \rightarrow 80h				V/µs	
	 High power (SP_{HP}) 	1.2	1.7	—		
	• Low power (SP _{LP})	0.05	0.12	—		
BW	3dB bandwidth				kHz	
	• High power (SP _{HP})	550	_	—		
	 Low power (SP_{LP}) 	40	_	—		

1. Settling within ± 1 LSB

2. The INL is measured for 0 + 100 mV to V_{DACR} –100 mV

3. The DNL is measured for 0 + 100 mV to V_{DACR} –100 mV

4. The DNL is measured for 0 + 100 mV to V_{DACR} –100 mV with V_{DDA} > 2.4 V 5. Calculated by a best fit curve from V_{SS} + 100 mV to V_{DACR} – 100 mV

6. V_{DDA} = 3.0 V, reference select set for V_{DDA} (DACx_CO:DACRFS = 1), high power mode (DACx_CO:LPEN = 0), DAC set to 0x800, temperature range is across the full range of the device

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Figure 13. Offset at half scale vs. temperature

3.7 Timers

See General switching specifications.

3.8 Communication interfaces





1.If configured as output

2. LSBF = 0. For LSBF = 1, bit order is LSB, bit 1, ..., bit 6, MSB.

Figure 15. SPI master mode timing (CPHA = 1)

Num.	Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
1	f _{op}	Frequency of operation	0	f _{periph} /4	Hz	1
2	t _{SPSCK}	SPSCK period	4 x t _{periph}	_	ns	2
3	t _{Lead}	Enable lead time	1	_	t _{periph}	
4	t _{Lag}	Enable lag time	1	—	t _{periph}	—
5	t _{WSPSCK}	Clock (SPSCK) high or low time	t _{periph} - 30	—	ns	—
6	t _{SU}	Data setup time (inputs)	2.5	—	ns	—
7	t _{HI}	Data hold time (inputs)	3.5	—	ns	—
8	ta	Slave access time	—	t _{periph}	ns	3
9	t _{dis}	Slave MISO disable time	—	t _{periph}	ns	4
10	t _v	Data valid (after SPSCK edge)	_	31	ns	—
11	t _{HO}	Data hold time (outputs)	0	—	ns	—
12	t _{RI}	Rise time input	—	t _{periph} - 25	ns	—
	t _{FI}	Fall time input				
13	t _{RO}	Rise time output	_	25	ns	_
	t _{FO}	Fall time output				

Table 32. SPI slave mode timing on slew rate disabled pads

1. For SPI0 f_{periph} is the bus clock (f_{BUS}). For SPI1 f_{periph} is the system clock (f_{SYS}).

- 2. $t_{periph} = 1/f_{periph}$
- 3. Time to data active from high-impedance state
- 4. Hold time to high-impedance state



Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S1	I2S_MCLK cycle time	62.5	—	ns
S2	I2S_MCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	MCLK period
S3	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (output)	250	—	ns
S4	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	BCLK period
S5	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK to I2S_TX_FS/ I2S_RX_FS output valid	_	45	ns
S6	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK to I2S_TX_FS/ I2S_RX_FS output invalid	0	_	ns
S7	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD valid	—	45	ns
S8	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD invalid	0	—	ns
S9	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	75	_	ns
S10	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	0	—	ns

Table 37. I2S/SAI master mode timing in VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS modes (full voltage range)



Figure 21. I2S/SAI timing — master modes

Table 38. I2S/SAI slave mode timing in VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS modes (full voltage range)

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S11	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (input)	250	—	ns



To find a package drawing, go to **freescale.com** and perform a keyword search for the drawing's document number:

If you want the drawing for this package	Then use this document number
64-pin LQFP	98ASS23234W
64-pin MAPBGA	98ASA00420D
100-pin LQFP	98ASS23308W
121-pin MAPBGA	98ASA00344D

5 Pinout

5.1 KL36 Signal Multiplexing and Pin Assignments

The following table shows the signals available on each pin and the locations of these pins on the devices supported by this document. The Port Control Module is responsible for selecting which ALT functionality is available on each pin.

121 BGA	100 LQFP	64 BGA	64 LQFP	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7
E4	1	A1	1	PTE0	DISABLED	LCD_P48	PTE0	SPI1_MISO	UART1_TX	RTC_ CLKOUT	CMP0_OUT	I2C1_SDA	LCD_P48
E3	2	B1	2	PTE1	DISABLED	LCD_P49	PTE1	SPI1_MOSI	UART1_RX		SPI1_MISO	I2C1_SCL	LCD_P49
E2	3	-	-	PTE2	DISABLED	LCD_P50	PTE2	SPI1_SCK					LCD_P50
F4	4	-	—	PTE3	DISABLED	LCD_P51	PTE3	SPI1_MISO			SPI1_MOSI		LCD_P51
H7	5		—	PTE4	DISABLED	LCD_P52	PTE4	SPI1_PCS0					LCD_P52
G4	6	Ι	—	PTE5	DISABLED	LCD_P53	PTE5						LCD_P53
F3	7	-	-	PTE6	DISABLED	LCD_P54	PTE6			I2S0_MCLK	audioUSB_ SOF_OUT		LCD_P54
E6	8	-	3	VDD	VDD	VDD							
G7	9	C4	4	VSS	VSS	VSS							
L6	_	I	—	VSS	VSS	VSS							
H1	14	E1	5	PTE16	ADC0_DP1/ ADC0_SE1	LCD_P55/ ADC0_DP1/ ADC0_SE1	PTE16	SPI0_PCS0	UART2_TX	TPM_ CLKIN0			LCD_P55
H2	15	D1	6	PTE17	ADC0_DM1/ ADC0_SE5a	LCD_P56/ ADC0_DM1/ ADC0_SE5a	PTE17	SPI0_SCK	UART2_RX	TPM_ CLKIN1		LPTMR0_ ALT3	LCD_P56
J1	16	E2	7	PTE18	ADC0_DP2/ ADC0_SE2	LCD_P57/ ADC0_DP2/ ADC0_SE2	PTE18	SPI0_MOSI		I2C0_SDA	SPI0_MISO		LCD_P57

121 BGA	100 LQFP	64 BGA	64 LQFP	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7
A2	98	C1	62	PTD5	LCD_P45/ ADC0_SE6b	LCD_P45/ ADC0_SE6b	PTD5	SPI1_SCK	UART2_TX	TPM0_CH5			LCD_P45
B2	99	B2	63	PTD6/ LLWU_P15	LCD_P46/ ADC0_SE7b	LCD_P46/ ADC0_SE7b	PTD6/ LLWU_P15	SPI1_MOSI	UART0_RX		SPI1_MISO		LCD_P46
A1	100	A2	64	PTD7	LCD_P47	LCD_P47	PTD7	SPI1_MISO	UART0_TX		SPI1_MOSI		LCD_P47
F1	10	—	—	NC	NC	NC							
F2	11	—	—	NC	NC	NC							
G1	12	—	—	NC	NC	NC							
G2	13	—	-	NC	NC	NC							
J3	-	_	_	NC	NC	NC							
H3	-	—	-	NC	NC	NC							
K4	_	_	_	NC	NC	NC							
L7	_	_	_	NC	NC	NC							
J9	-	—	-	NC	NC	NC							
J4	_	_	_	NC	NC	NC							
H11	_	_	_	NC	NC	NC							
F11	-	—	-	NC	NC	NC							
A5	_	_	_	NC	NC	NC							
B5	_	_	_	NC	NC	NC							
A4	-	—	-	NC	NC	NC							
B1		-	-	NC	NC	NC							
C2	-	_	_	NC	NC	NC							
C1	-	-	-	NC	NC	NC							
D2	-	-	-	NC	NC	NC							
D1	-	-	-	NC	NC	NC							
E1	-	-	_	NC	NC	NC							

5.2 KL36 pinouts

The following figures show the pinout diagrams for the devices supported by this document. Many signals may be multiplexed onto a single pin. To determine what signals can be used on which pin, ssee KL36 Signal Multiplexing and Pin Assignments.



	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
А	PTD7	PTD5	PTD4/ LLWU_P14	NC	NC	PTC13	PTC8	PTC4/ LLWU_P8	VLL1	VLL2	VLL3	A
в	NC	PTD6/ LLWU_P15	PTD3	PTC18	NC	PTC12	PTC7	PTC3/ LLWU_P7	PTC0	PTB16	VCAP2	в
с	NC	NC	PTD2	PTC17	PTC11	PTC10	PTC6/ LLWU_P10	PTC2	PTB19	PTB11	VCAP1	с
D	NC	NC	PTD1	PTD0	PTC16	PTC9	PTC5/ LLWU_P9	PTC1/ LLWU_P6/ RTC_CLKIN	PTB18	PTB10	PTB8	D
E	NC	PTE2	PTE1	PTE0	VDD	VDD	VDD	PTB23	PTB17	PTB9	PTB7	E
F	NC	NC	PTE6	PTE3	VDDA	VSSA	VSS	PTB22	PTB21	PTB20	NC	F
G	NC	NC	VSS	PTE5	VREFH	VREFL	VSS	PTB3	PTB2	PTB1	PTB0/ LLWU_P5	G
н	PTE16	PTE17	NC	PTA7	PTE24	PTE26	PTE4	PTA1	PTA3	PTA17	NC	н
J	PTE18	PTE19	NC	NC	PTE25	PTA0	PTA2	PTA4	NC	PTA16	PTA20	J
к	PTE20	PTE21	PTA6	NC	PTE30	VDD	PTA5	PTA12	PTA14	VSS	PTA19	к
L	PTE22	PTE23	PTE29	PTE31	VSS	VSS	NC	PTA13	PTA15	VDD	PTA18	L
I	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	I

Figure 23. KL36 121-pin BGA pinout diagram