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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPs
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	12KB (12K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 10x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-VQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	28-QFN (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj12gp202-i-ml

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202 Product Families

The device names, pin counts, memory sizes, and peripheral availability of each family are listed below, followed by their pinout diagrams.

TABLE 1: dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202 CONTROLLER FAMILIES

Device	Pins	Program Flash Memory (Kbyte)	RAM (Kbyte)	Remappable Peripherals							10-Bit/12-Bit ADC	I ² C™	I/O Pins (Max)	Packages
				Remappable Pins	16-bit Timer	Input Capture	Output Compare Std. PWM	UART	External Interrupts ⁽²⁾	SPI				
dsPIC33FJ12GP201	18	12	1	8	3 ⁽¹⁾	4	2	1	3	1	1 ADC, 6 ch	1	13	PDIP SOIC
dsPIC33FJ12GP202	28	12	1	16	3 ⁽¹⁾	4	2	1	3	1	1 ADC, 10 ch	1	21	SPDIP SOIC SSOP QFN

Note 1: Only two out of three timers are remappable.

2: Only two out of three interrupts are remappable.

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

Table of Contents

1.0	Device Overview	9
2.0	Guidelines for Getting Started with 16-bit Digital Signal Controllers	15
3.0	CPU	19
4.0	Memory Organization	31
5.0	Flash Program Memory	55
6.0	Resets	61
7.0	Interrupt Controller	69
8.0	Oscillator Configuration	97
9.0	Power-Saving Features	107
10.0	I/O Ports	111
11.0	Timer1	129
12.0	Timer2/3 Feature	131
13.0	Input Capture	137
14.0	Output Compare	139
15.0	Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)	143
16.0	Inter-Integrated Circuit™ (I ² C™)	149
17.0	Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)	157
18.0	10-bit/12-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)	163
19.0	Special Features	175
20.0	Instruction Set Summary	181
21.0	Development Support	189
22.0	Electrical Characteristics	193
23.0	Packaging Information	237
	Appendix A: Revision History	245
	Index	253
	The Microchip Web Site	257
	Customer Change Notification Service	257
	Customer Support	257
	Reader Response	258
	Product Identification System	259

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dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

FIGURE 3-2: dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202 PROGRAMMER'S MODEL

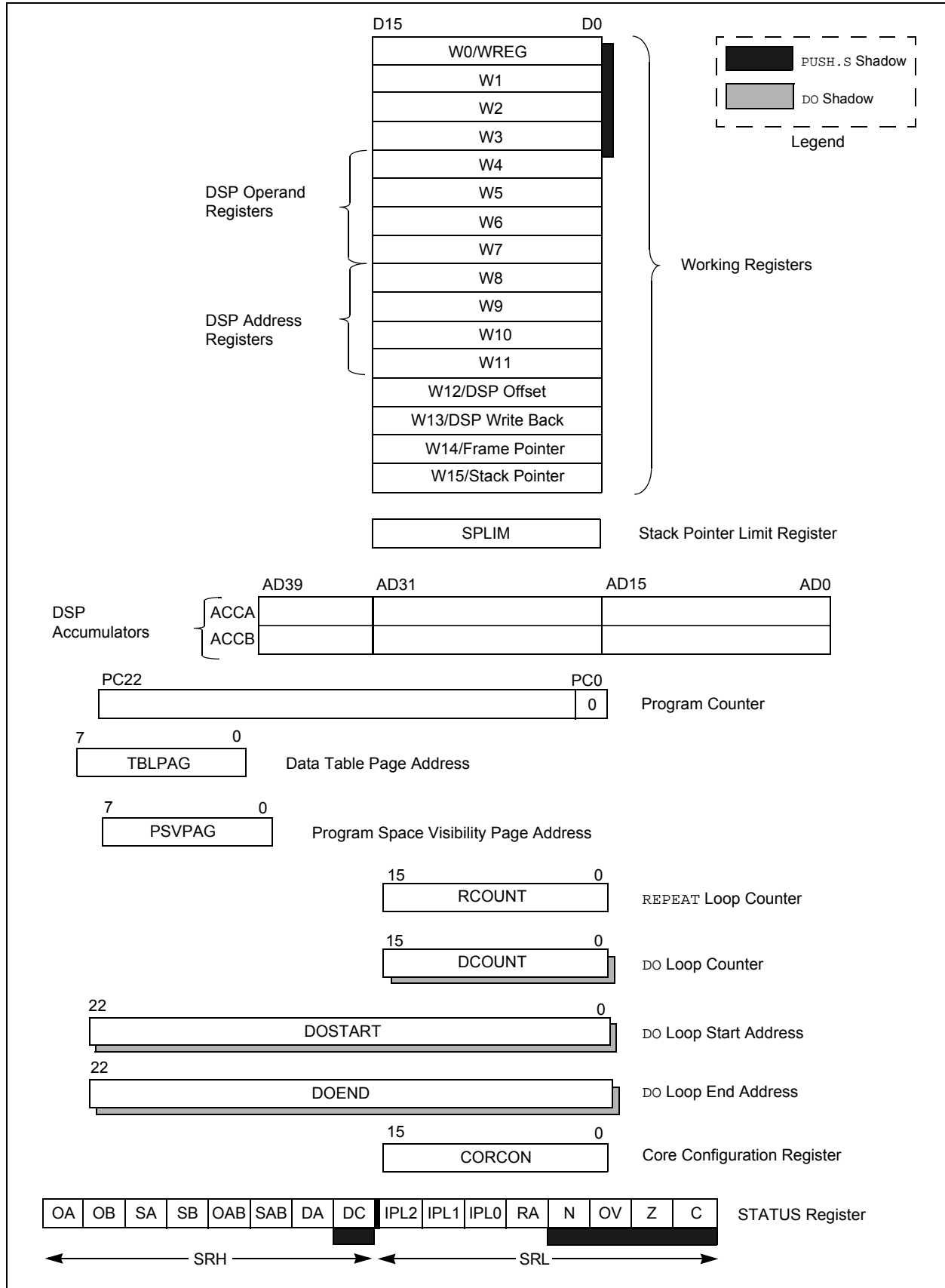


TABLE 4-1: CPU CORE REGISTERS MAP

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
WREG0	0000	Working Register 0																0000
WREG1	0002	Working Register 1																0000
WREG2	0004	Working Register 2																0000
WREG3	0006	Working Register 3																0000
WREG4	0008	Working Register 4																0000
WREG5	000A	Working Register 5																0000
WREG6	000C	Working Register 6																0000
WREG7	000E	Working Register 7																0000
WREG8	0010	Working Register 8																0000
WREG9	0012	Working Register 9																0000
WREG10	0014	Working Register 10																0000
WREG11	0016	Working Register 11																0000
WREG12	0018	Working Register 12																0000
WREG13	001A	Working Register 13																0000
WREG14	001C	Working Register 14																0000
WREG15	001E	Working Register 15																0800
SPLIM	0020	Stack Pointer Limit Register																xxxx
ACCAL	0022	Accumulator A Low Word Register																0000
ACCAH	0024	Accumulator A High Word Register																0000
ACCAU	0026	Accumulator A Upper Word Register																0000
ACCBL	0028	Accumulator B Low Word Register																0000
ACCBH	002A	Accumulator B High Word Register																0000
ACCBU	002C	Accumulator B Upper Word Register																0000
PCL	002E	Program Counter Low Word Register																0000
PCH	0030	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Program Counter High Byte Register							0000	
TBLPAG	0032	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Table Page Address Pointer Register							0000	
PSVPAG	0034	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Program Memory Visibility Page Address Pointer Register							0000	
RCOUNT	0036	Repeat Loop Counter Register																xxxx
DCOUNT	0038	DCOUNT<15:0>																xxxx
DOSTARTL	003A	DOSTARTL<15:1>																0
DOSTARTH	003C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DOSTARTH<5:0>					00xx		
DOENDL	003E	DOENDL<15:1>																0
DOENDH	0040	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DOENDH							00xx	
SR	0042	OA	OB	SA	SB	OAB	SAB	DA	DC	IPL2	IPL1	IPL0	RA	N	OV	Z	C	0000
CORCON	0044	—	—	—	US	EDT	DL<2:0>		SATA	SATB	SATDW	ACCSAT	IPL3	PSV	RND	IF		0020
MODCON	0046	XMODEN	YMODEN	—	—	BWM<3:0>			YWM<3:0>			XWM<3:0>				0000		

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-16: PORTA REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISA	02C0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISA4	TRISA3	TRISA2	TRISA1	TRISA0	001F
PORTA	02C2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	xxxx
LATA	02C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATA4	LATA3	LATA2	LATA1	LATA0	xxxx
ODCA	02C6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCA4	ODCA3	ODCA2	ODCA1	ODCA0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-17: PORTB REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ12GP202

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISB	02C8	TRISB15	TRISB14	TRISB13	TRISB12	TRISB11	TRISB10	TRISB9	TRISB8	TRISB7	TRISB6	TRISB5	TRISB4	TRISB3	TRISB2	TRISB1	TRISB0	FFFF
PORTB	02CA	RB15	RB14	RB13	RB12	RB11	RB10	RB9	RB8	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	xxxx
LATB	02CC	LATB15	LATB14	LATB13	LATB12	LATB11	LATB10	LATB9	LATB8	LATB7	LATB6	LATB5	LATB4	LATB3	LATB2	LATB1	LATB0	xxxx
ODCB	02CE	ODCB15	ODCB14	ODCB13	ODCB12	ODCB11	ODCB10	ODCB9	ODCB8	ODCB7	ODCB6	ODCB5	ODCB4	ODCB3	ODCB2	ODCB1	ODCB0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-18: PORTB REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ12GP201

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISB	02C8	TRISB15	TRISB14	—	—	—	—	TRISB9	TRISB8	TRISB7	—	—	TRISB4	—	—	TRISB1	TRISB0	C393
PORTB	02CA	RB15	RB14	—	—	—	—	RB9	RB8	RB7	—	—	RB4	—	—	RB1	RB0	xxxx
LATB	02CC	LATB15	LATB14	—	—	—	—	LATB9	LATB8	LATB7	—	—	LATB4	—	—	LATB1	LATB0	xxxx
ODCB	02CE	ODCB15	ODCB14	—	—	—	—	ODCB9	ODCB8	ODCB7	—	—	ODCB4	—	—	ODCB1	ODCB0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-19: SYSTEM CONTROL REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
RCON	0740	TRAPR	IOPUWR	—	—	—	—	CM	VREGS	EXTR	SWR	SWDTEN	WDTO	SLEEP	IDLE	BOR	POR	xxxx ⁽¹⁾
OSCCON	0742	—	COSC<2:0>			—	NOSC<2:0>			CLKLOCK	IOLOCK	LOCK	—	CF	—	LPOSCEN	OSWEN	0300 ⁽²⁾
CLKDIV	0744	ROI	DOZE<2:0>			DOZEN	FRCDIV<2:0>			PLLPOST<1:0>		—	PLLPRE<4:0>					3040
PLLFBD	0746	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PLLDIV<8:0>					0030	
OSCTUN	0748	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TUN<5:0>					0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note** 1: RCON register Reset values dependent on the type of Reset.
 2: OSCCON register Reset values dependent on the FOSC Configuration bits and by the type of Reset.

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

REGISTER 6-1: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER⁽¹⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
TRAPR	IOPUWR	—	—	—	—	CM	VREGS
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1
EXTR	SWR	SWDTEN ⁽²⁾	WDTO	SLEEP	IDLE	BOR	POR
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **TRAPR:** Trap Reset Flag bit
 1 = A Trap Conflict Reset has occurred
 0 = A Trap Conflict Reset has not occurred
- bit 14 **IOPUWR:** Illegal Opcode or Uninitialized W Access Reset Flag bit
 1 = An illegal opcode detection, an illegal address mode or uninitialized W register used as an Address Pointer caused a Reset
 0 = An illegal opcode or uninitialized W Reset has not occurred
- bit 13-10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9 **CM:** Configuration Mismatch Flag bit
 1 = A configuration mismatch Reset has occurred.
 0 = A configuration mismatch Reset has NOT occurred.
- bit 8 **VREGS:** Voltage Regulator Standby During Sleep bit
 1 = Voltage regulator is active during Sleep
 0 = Voltage regulator goes into Standby mode during Sleep
- bit 7 **EXTR:** External Reset ($\overline{\text{MCLR}}$) Pin bit
 1 = A Master Clear (pin) Reset has occurred
 0 = A Master Clear (pin) Reset has not occurred
- bit 6 **SWR:** Software Reset (Instruction) Flag bit
 1 = A **RESET** instruction has been executed
 0 = A **RESET** instruction has not been executed
- bit 5 **SWDTEN:** Software Enable/Disable of WDT bit⁽²⁾
 1 = WDT is enabled
 0 = WDT is disabled
- bit 4 **WDTO:** Watchdog Timer Time-out Flag bit
 1 = WDT time-out has occurred
 0 = WDT time-out has not occurred
- bit 3 **SLEEP:** Wake-up from Sleep Flag bit
 1 = Device has been in Sleep mode
 0 = Device has not been in Sleep mode
- bit 2 **IDLE:** Wake-up from Idle Flag bit
 1 = Device was in Idle mode
 0 = Device was not in Idle mode

Note 1: All of the Reset status bits can be set or cleared in software. Setting one of these bits in software does not cause a device Reset.

2: If the **FWDTEN** Configuration bit is '1' (unprogrammed), the WDT is always enabled, regardless of the **SWDTEN** bit setting.

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

6.2 POR

A POR circuit ensures the device is reset from power-on. The POR circuit is active until VDD crosses the VPOR threshold and the delay TPOR has elapsed. The delay TPOR ensures the internal device bias circuits become stable.

The device supply voltage characteristics must meet the specified starting voltage and rise rate requirements to generate the POR. Refer to **Section 22.0 “Electrical Characteristics”** for details.

The POR status bit (POR) in the Reset Control register (RCON<0>) is set to indicate the POR.

6.3 BOR and PWRT

The on-chip regulator has a BOR circuit that resets the device when the VDD is too low ($V_{DD} < V_{BOR}$) for proper device operation. The BOR circuit keeps the device in Reset until VDD crosses V_{BOR} threshold and the delay TBOR has elapsed. The delay TBOR ensures the voltage regulator output becomes stable.

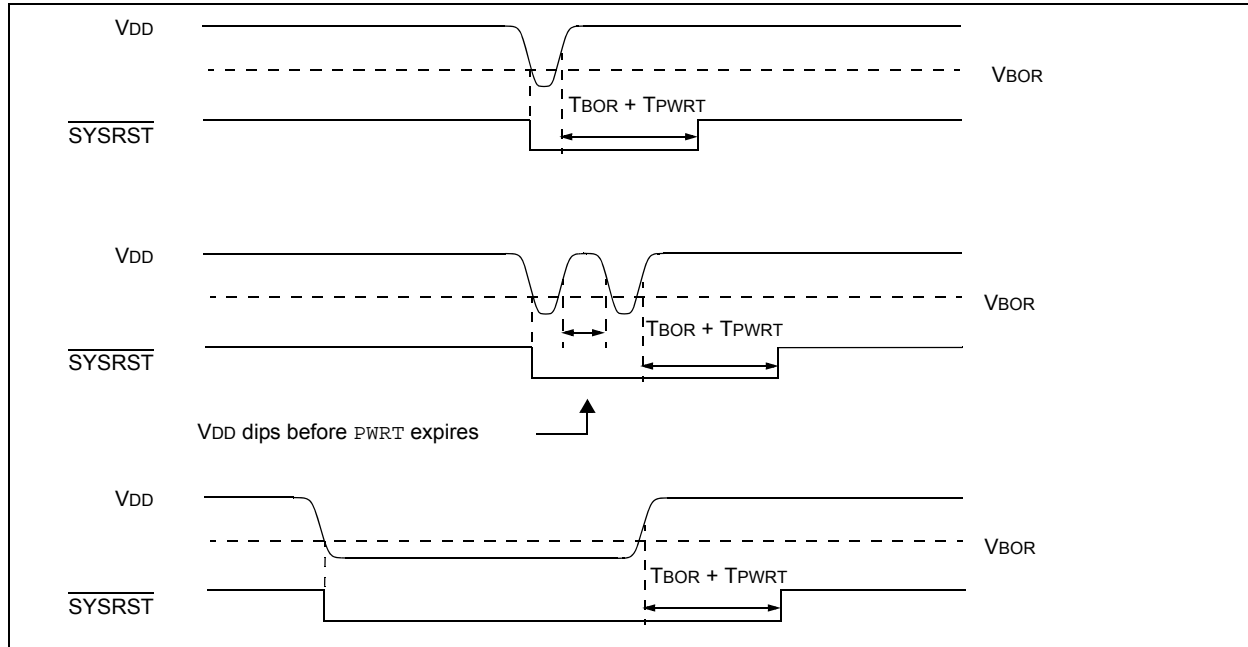
The BOR status bit (BOR) in the Reset Control register (RCON<1>) is set to indicate the BOR.

The device will not run at full speed after a BOR as the VDD should rise to acceptable levels for full-speed operation. The PWRT provides power-up time delay (TPWRT) to ensure that the system power supplies have stabilized at the appropriate levels for full-speed operation before the SYSRST is released.

The power-up timer delay (TPWRT) is programmed by the Power-on Reset Timer Value Select bits (FPWRT<2:0>) in the POR Configuration register (FPOR<2:0>), which provides eight settings (from 0 ms to 128 ms). Refer to **Section 19.0 “Special Features”** for further details.

Figure 6-3 shows the typical brown-out scenarios. The Reset delay (TBOR + TPWRT) is initiated each time VDD rises above the V_{BOR} trip point.

FIGURE 6-3: BROWN-OUT SITUATIONS



dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

REGISTER 7-3: INTCON1: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 1

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
NSTDIS	OVAERR	OVBERR	COVAERR	COVBERR	OVATE	OVBTE	COVTE
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0
SFTACERR	DIV0ERR	—	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL	—
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **NSTDIS:** Interrupt Nesting Disable bit
1 = Interrupt nesting is disabled
0 = Interrupt nesting is enabled
- bit 14 **OVAERR:** Accumulator A Overflow Trap Flag bit
1 = Trap was caused by overflow of Accumulator A
0 = Trap was not caused by overflow of Accumulator A
- bit 13 **OVBERR:** Accumulator B Overflow Trap Flag bit
1 = Trap was caused by overflow of Accumulator B
0 = Trap was not caused by overflow of Accumulator B
- bit 12 **COVAERR:** Accumulator A Catastrophic Overflow Trap Flag bit
1 = Trap was caused by catastrophic overflow of Accumulator A
0 = Trap was not caused by catastrophic overflow of Accumulator A
- bit 11 **COVBERR:** Accumulator B Catastrophic Overflow Trap Flag bit
1 = Trap was caused by catastrophic overflow of Accumulator B
0 = Trap was not caused by catastrophic overflow of Accumulator B
- bit 10 **OVATE:** Accumulator A Overflow Trap Enable bit
1 = Trap overflow of Accumulator A
0 = Trap disabled
- bit 9 **OVBTE:** Accumulator B Overflow Trap Enable bit
1 = Trap overflow of Accumulator B
0 = Trap disabled
- bit 8 **COVTE:** Catastrophic Overflow Trap Enable bit
1 = Trap on catastrophic overflow of Accumulator A or B enabled
0 = Trap disabled
- bit 7 **SFTACERR:** Shift Accumulator Error Status bit
1 = Math error trap was caused by an invalid accumulator shift
0 = Math error trap was not caused by an invalid accumulator shift
- bit 6 **DIV0ERR:** Arithmetic Error Status bit
1 = Math error trap was caused by a divide by zero
0 = Math error trap was not caused by a divide by zero
- bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4 **MATHERR:** Arithmetic Error Status bit
1 = Math error trap has occurred
0 = Math error trap has not occurred
- bit 3 **ADDRERR:** Address Error Trap Status bit
1 = Address error trap has occurred
0 = Address error trap has not occurred

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

TABLE 8-1: CONFIGURATION BIT VALUES FOR CLOCK SELECTION

Oscillator Mode	Oscillator Source	POSCMD<1:0>	FNOSC<2:0>	Note
Fast RC Oscillator with Divide-by-N (FRCDIVN)	Internal	xx	111	1, 2
Fast RC Oscillator with Divide-by-16 (FRCDIV16)	Internal	xx	110	1
Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)	Internal	xx	101	1
Secondary (Timer1) Oscillator (SOSC)	Secondary	xx	100	1
Primary Oscillator (HS) with PLL (HSPLL)	Primary	10	011	
Primary Oscillator (XT) with PLL (XTPLL)	Primary	01	011	
Primary Oscillator (EC) with PLL (ECPLL)	Primary	00	011	1
Primary Oscillator (HS)	Primary	10	010	
Primary Oscillator (XT)	Primary	01	010	
Primary Oscillator (EC)	Primary	00	010	1
Fast RC Oscillator with PLL (FRCPLL)	Internal	xx	001	1
Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)	Internal	xx	000	1

Note 1: OSC2 pin function is determined by the OSCIOFNC Configuration bit.

2: This is the default oscillator mode for an unprogrammed (erased) device.

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

REGISTER 8-2: CLKDIV: CLOCK DIVISOR REGISTER⁽²⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ROI	DOZE<2:0>			DOZEN ⁽¹⁾	FRCDIV<2:0>		
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-1	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PLLPOST<1:0>		—	PLLPRE<4:0>				
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	y = Value set from Configuration bits on POR
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set
	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
	'0' = Bit is cleared
	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **ROI:** Recover on Interrupt bit
 1 = Interrupts will clear the DOZEN bit and the processor clock/peripheral clock ratio is set to 1:1
 0 = Interrupts have no effect on the DOZEN bit
- bit 14-12 **DOZE<2:0>:** Processor Clock Reduction Select bits
 111 = Fcy/128
 110 = Fcy/64
 101 = Fcy/32
 100 = Fcy/16
 011 = Fcy/8 (default)
 010 = Fcy/4
 001 = Fcy/2
 000 = Fcy/1
- bit 11 **DOZEN:** DOZE Mode Enable bit⁽¹⁾
 1 = DOZE<2:0> field specifies the ratio between the peripheral clocks and the processor clocks
 0 = Processor clock/peripheral clock ratio forced to 1:1
- bit 10-8 **FRCDIV<2:0>:** Internal Fast RC Oscillator Postscaler bits
 111 = FRC divide by 256
 110 = FRC divide by 64
 101 = FRC divide by 32
 100 = FRC divide by 16
 011 = FRC divide by 8
 010 = FRC divide by 4
 001 = FRC divide by 2
 000 = FRC divide by 1 (default)
- bit 7-6 **PLLPOST<1:0>:** PLL VCO Output Divider Select bits (also denoted as 'N2', PLL postscaler)
 11 = Output/8
 10 = Reserved
 01 = Output/4 (default)
 00 = Output/2
- bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4-0 **PLLPRE<4:0>:** PLL Phase Detector Input Divider bits (also denoted as 'N1', PLL prescaler)
 11111 = Input/33
 •
 •
 •
 00001 = Input/3
 00000 = Input/2 (default)

- Note 1:** This bit is cleared when the ROI bit is set and an interrupt occurs.
Note 2: This register is reset only on a Power-on Reset (POR).

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

REGISTER 9-1: PMD1: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	T3MD	T2MD	T1MD	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
I2C1MD	—	U1MD	—	SPI1MD	—	—	AD1MD
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **T3MD:** Timer3 Module Disable bit
1 = Timer3 module is disabled
0 = Timer3 module is enabled
- bit 12 **T2MD:** Timer2 Module Disable bit
1 = Timer2 module is disabled
0 = Timer2 module is enabled
- bit 11 **T1MD:** Timer1 Module Disable bit
1 = Timer1 module is disabled
0 = Timer1 module is enabled
- bit 10-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7 **I2C1MD:** I2C1 Module Disable bit
1 = I2C1 module is disabled
0 = I2C1 module is enabled
- bit 6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5 **U1MD:** UART1 Module Disable bit
1 = UART1 module is disabled
0 = UART1 module is enabled
- bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3 **SPI1MD:** SPI1 Module Disable bit
1 = SPI1 module is disabled
0 = SPI1 module is enabled
- bit 2-1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0 **AD1MD:** ADC1 Module Disable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = ADC1 module is disabled
0 = ADC1 module is enabled

Note 1: PCFGx bits have no effect if the ADC module is disabled by setting this bit. When the bit is set, all port pins that have been multiplexed with ANx will be in Digital mode.

TABLE 10-2: OUTPUT SELECTION FOR REMAPPABLE PIN (RPn)

Function	RPnR<4:0>	Output Name
NULL	00000	RPn tied to default port pin
U1TX	00011	RPn tied to UART1 Transmit
U1RTS	00100	RPn tied to UART1 Ready To Send
SDO1	00111	RPn tied to SPI1 Data Output
SCK1OUT	01000	RPn tied to SPI1 Clock Output
SS1OUT	01001	RPn tied to SPI1 Slave Select Output
OC1	10010	RPn tied to Output Compare 1
OC2	10011	RPn tied to Output Compare 2

10.4.3 CONTROLLING CONFIGURATION CHANGES

Because peripheral remapping can be changed during run time, some restrictions on peripheral remapping are needed to prevent accidental configuration changes. dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202 devices include three features to prevent alterations to the peripheral map:

- Control register lock sequence
- Continuous state monitoring
- Configuration bit pin select lock

10.4.3.1 Control Register Lock

Under normal operation, writes to the RPINRx and RPORx registers are not allowed. Attempted writes appear to execute normally, but the contents of the registers remain unchanged. To change these registers, they must be unlocked in hardware. The register lock is controlled by the IOLOCK bit (OSCCON<6>). Setting the IOLOCK bit prevents writes to the control registers; clearing the IOLOCK bit allows writes.

To set or clear the IOLOCK bit, a specific command sequence must be executed:

1. Write 0x46 to OSCCON<7:0>.
2. Write 0x57 to OSCCON<7:0>.
3. Clear (or set) the IOLOCK bit as a single operation.

Note: MPLAB® C30 provides built-in C language functions for unlocking the OSCCON register:

```
__builtin_write_OSCCONL(value)
__builtin_write_OSCCONH(value)
```

See the MPLAB IDE help files for more information.

Unlike the similar sequence with the oscillator's LOCK bit, IOLOCK remains in one state until changed. This allows all of the peripheral pin selects to be configured

with a single unlock sequence followed by an update to all control registers, then locked with a second lock sequence.

10.4.3.2 Continuous State Monitoring

In addition to being protected from direct writes, the contents of the RPINRx and RPORx registers are constantly monitored in hardware by shadow registers. If an unexpected change in any of the registers occurs (such as cell disturbances caused by ESD or other external events), a configuration mismatch Reset will be triggered.

10.4.3.3 Configuration Bit Pin Select Lock

As an additional level of safety, the device can be configured to prevent more than one write session to the RPINRx and RPORx registers. The IOL1WAY (FOSC<5>) configuration bit blocks the IOLOCK bit from being cleared after it has been set once.

In the default (unprogrammed) state, the IOL1WAY bit is set, restricting users to one write session. Programming IOL1WAY allows user applications unlimited access (with the proper use of the unlock sequence) to the peripheral pin select registers.

10.5 Peripheral Pin Select Registers

The dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202 devices implement 17 registers for remappable peripheral configuration:

- Input Remappable Peripheral Registers (9)
- Output Remappable Peripheral Registers (8)

Note: Input and Output register values can only be changed if the IOLOCK bit (OSCCON<6>) = 0. See **Section 10.4.3.1 "Control Register Lock"** for a specific command sequence.

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

REGISTER 10-5: RPINR10: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTERS 10

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
—	—	—	IC8R<4:0>				
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
—	—	—	IC7R<4:0>				
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **IC8R<4:0>:** Assign Input Capture 8 (IC8) to the corresponding pin RPn pin bits

11111 = Input tied to Vss

01111 = Input tied to RP15

•

•

•

00001 = Input tied to RP1

00000 = Input tied to RP0

bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0 **IC7R<4:0>:** Assign Input Capture 7 (IC7) to the corresponding pin RPn pin bits

11111 = Input tied to Vss

01111 = Input tied to RP15

•

•

•

00001 = Input tied to RP1

00000 = Input tied to RP0

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

REGISTER 10-8: RPINR20: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 20

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
—	—	—	SCK1R<4:0>				
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
—	—	—	SDI1R<4:0>				
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **SCK1R<4:0>:** Assign SPI1 Clock Input (SCK1IN) to the corresponding RPn pin bits

11111 = Input tied to Vss

01111 = Input tied to RP15

•

•

•

00001 = Input tied to RP1

00000 = Input tied to RP0

bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0 **SDI1R<4:0>:** Assign SPI1 Data Input (SDI1) to the corresponding RPn pin bits

11111 = Input tied to Vss

01111 = Input tied to RP15

•

•

•

00001 = Input tied to RP1

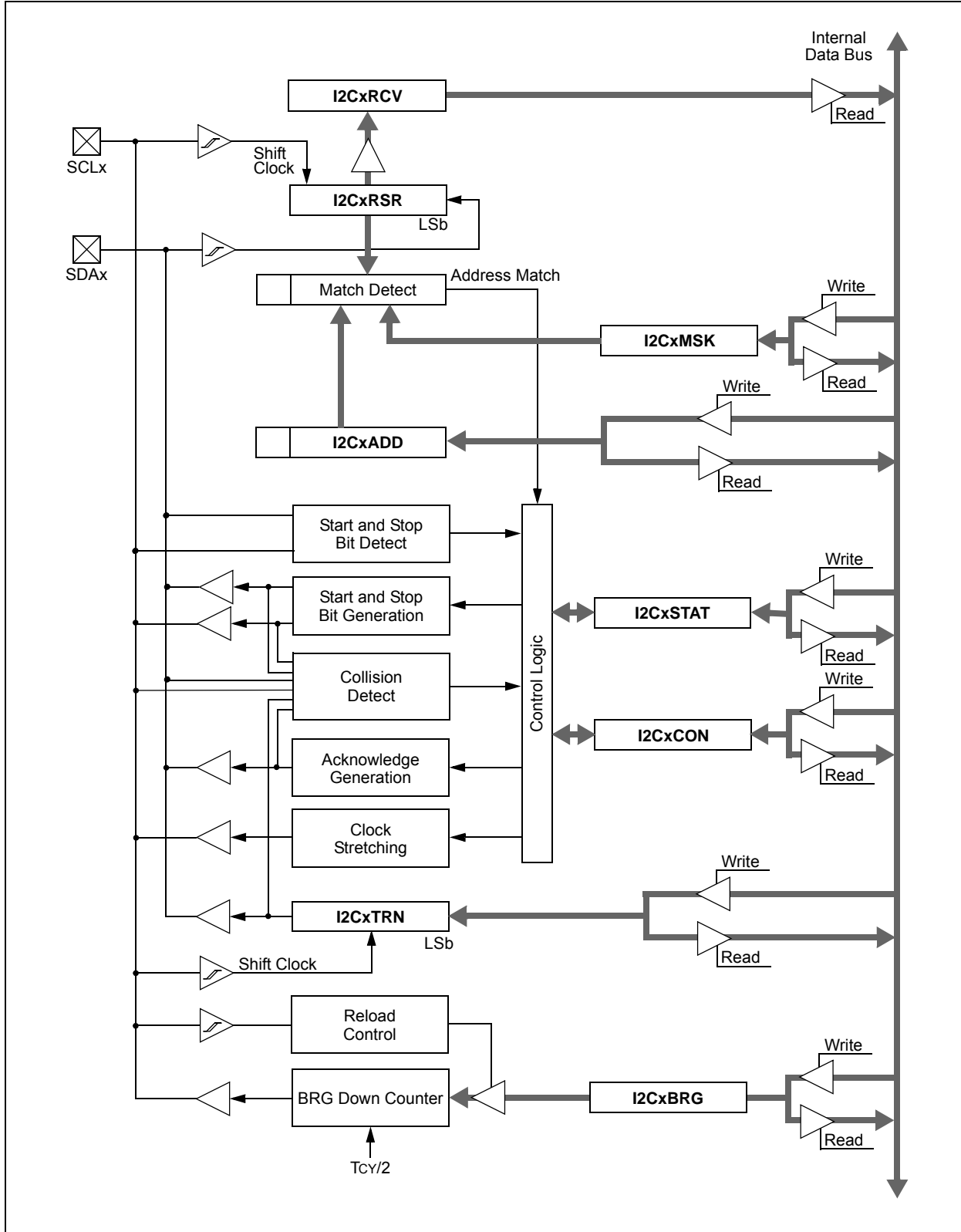
00000 = Input tied to RP0

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

NOTES:

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

FIGURE 16-1: I²C™ BLOCK DIAGRAM (x = 1)



19.0 SPECIAL FEATURES

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202 devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the “dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual”. Please see the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com) for the latest dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual sections.

Microchip dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202 devices include several features intended to maximize application flexibility and reliability, and minimize cost through elimination of external components. These are:

- Flexible configuration
- Watchdog Timer (WDT)
- Code Protection and CodeGuard™ Security
- JTAG Boundary Scan Interface
- In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) programming capability
- In-Circuit emulation

19.1 Configuration Bits

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202 devices provide nonvolatile memory implementation for device configuration bits. Refer to **Section 25. “Device Configuration”** (DS70194) of the “dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual”, for more information on this implementation.

The Configuration bits can be programmed (read as ‘0’), or left unprogrammed (read as ‘1’), to select various device configurations. These bits are mapped starting at program memory location 0xF80000.

The Device Configuration register map is shown in Table 19-1.

The individual Configuration bit descriptions for the Configuration registers are shown in Table 19-2.

Note that address 0xF80000 is beyond the user program memory space. It belongs to the configuration memory space (0x800000-0xFFFFF), which can only be accessed using table reads and table writes.

TABLE 19-1: DEVICE CONFIGURATION REGISTER MAP

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0xF80000	FBS	—	—	—	—	BSS<2:0>			BWRP
0xF80002	Reserved	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
0xF80004	FGS	—	—	—	—	—	GSS<1:0>		GWRP
0xF80006	FOSCSEL	IESO	—	—	—	FNOSC<2:0>			
0xF80008	FOSC	FCKSM<1:0>		IOL1WAY	—	—	OSCIOFNC	POSCMD<1:0>	
0xF8000A	FWDT	FWDTEN	WINDIS	—	WDTPRE	WDTPOST<3:0>			
0xF8000C	FPOR	Reserved ⁽¹⁾			ALT12C	—	FPWRT<2:0>		
0xF8000E	FICD	Reserved ⁽²⁾		JTAGEN	—	—	—	ICS<1:0>	
0xF80010	FUID0	User Unit ID Byte 0							
0xF80012	FUID1	User Unit ID Byte 1							
0xF80014	FUID2	User Unit ID Byte 2							
0xF80016	FUID3	User Unit ID Byte 3							

Legend: — = unimplemented bit, read as ‘0’.

Note 1: Reserved bits read as ‘1’ and must be programmed as ‘1’.

2: These bits are reserved for use by development tools and must be programmed as ‘1’.

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

TABLE 22-35: SPIx SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 0, SMP = 0) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min	Typ ⁽²⁾	Max	Units	Conditions
SP70	TscP	Maximum SCK Input Frequency	—	—	11	MHz	See Note 3
SP72	TscF	SCKx Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP73	TscR	SCKx Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP30	TdoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP31	TdoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	6	20	ns	—
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SSx} \downarrow$ to SCKx \uparrow or SCKx Input	120	—	—	ns	—
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SSx} \uparrow$ to SDOx Output High-Impedance ⁽⁴⁾	10	—	50	ns	—
SP52	Tsch2ssH TscL2ssH	\overline{SSx} after SCKx Edge	1.5 TCY + 40	—	—	ns	See Note 4

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in “Typ” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 91 ns. Therefore, the SCK clock generated by the Master must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

FIGURE 22-17: I²Cx BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (MASTER MODE)

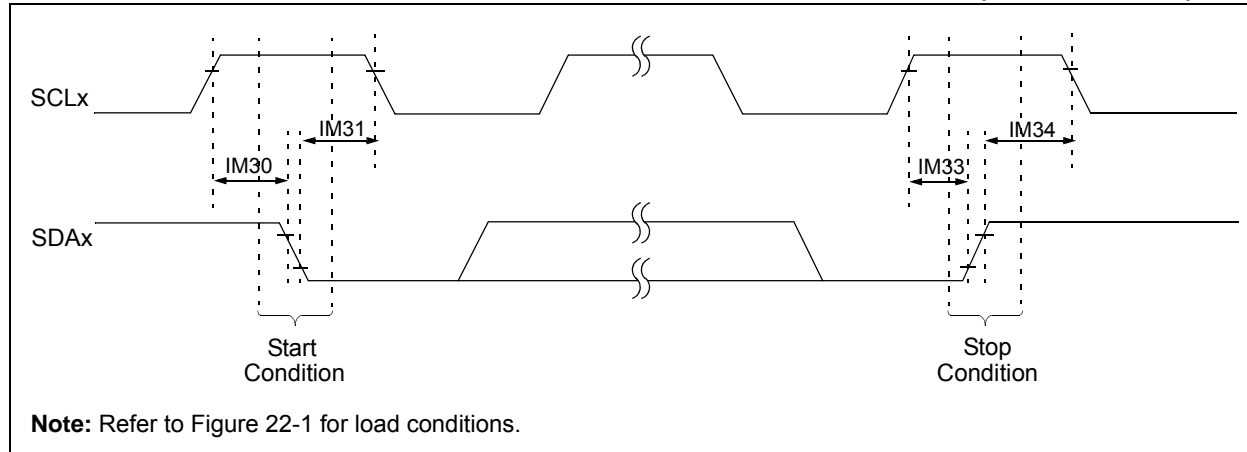
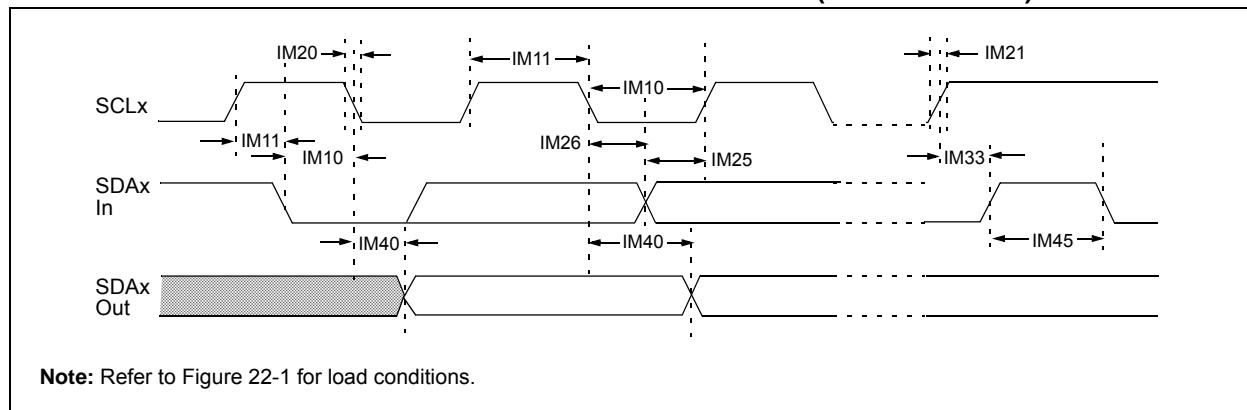


FIGURE 22-18: I²Cx BUS DATA TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (MASTER MODE)



dsPIC33FJ12GP201/202

TABLE 22-38: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤TA ≤+85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤TA ≤+125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ	Max.	Units	Conditions
Device Supply							
AD01	AVDD	Module VDD Supply ⁽²⁾	Greater of VDD - 0.3 or 3.0	—	Lesser of VDD + 0.3 or 3.6	V	—
AD02	AVSS	Module VSS Supply ⁽²⁾	VSS - 0.3	—	VSS + 0.3	V	—
Reference Inputs							
AD05	VREFH	Reference Voltage High	AVSS + 2.5	—	AVDD	V	See Note 1
AD05a			3.0	—	3.6	V	VREFH = AVDD VREFL = AVSS = 0, see Note 2
AD06	VREFL	Reference Voltage Low	AVSS	—	AVDD - 2.5	V	See Note 1
AD06a			0	—	0	V	VREFH = AVDD VREFL = AVSS = 0, see Note 2
AD07	VREF	Absolute Reference Voltage ⁽²⁾	2.5	—	3.6	V	VREF = VREFH - VREFL
AD08	IREF	Current Drain	—	250	550	μA	ADC operating, See Note 1
			—	—	10	μA	ADC off, See Note 1
AD08a	IAD	Operating Current	—	7.0	9.0	mA	10-bit ADC mode, See Note 2
			—	2.7	3.2	mA	12-bit ADC mode, See Note 2
Analog Input							
AD12	VINH	Input Voltage Range VINH ⁽²⁾	VINL	—	VREFH	V	This voltage reflects Sample and Hold Channels 0, 1, 2, and 3 (CH0-CH3), positive input
AD13	VINL	Input Voltage Range VINL ⁽²⁾	VREFL	—	AVSS + 1V	V	This voltage reflects Sample and Hold Channels 0, 1, 2, and 3 (CH0-CH3), negative input
AD17	RIN	Recommended Impedance of Analog Voltage Source ⁽³⁾	—	—	200	Ω	10-bit ADC
			—	—	200	Ω	12-bit ADC

Note 1: These parameters are not characterized or tested in manufacturing.

Note 2: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

Note 3: These parameters are assured by design, but are not characterized or tested in manufacturing.