



What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?



"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

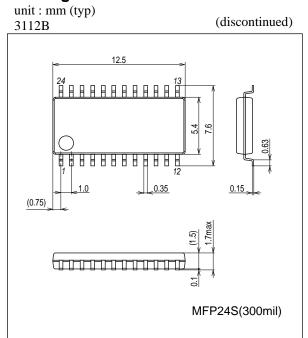
Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
	• •
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	-
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	12MHz
Connectivity	SIO, UART/USART
Peripherals	LVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	4KB (4K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	128 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	24-LFSOP (0.173", 4.40mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	24-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/sanyo-denki-sanups-products/lc87f2r04au-ssop-h

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

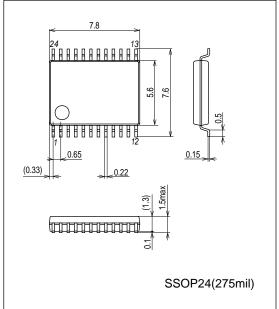
Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Package Dimensions

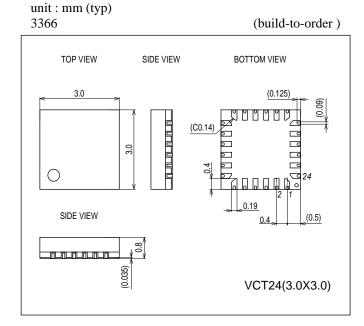


Package Dimensions

unit : mm (typ) 3175C (build-to-order)



Package Dimensions



- ■Minimum Bus Cycle
 - 83.3ns (12MHz at V_{DD}=2.7V to 5.5V)
 - 100ns (10MHz at V_{DD}=2.2V to 5.5V) Note: The bus cycle time here refers to the ROM read speed.
- ■Minimum Instruction Cycle Time
 - 250ns (12MHz at V_{DD}=2.7V to 5.5V)
 - 300ns (10MHz at V_{DD}=2.2V to 5.5V)

■Ports

• Normal withstand voltage I/O ports

Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 1-bit units 11(P1n, P20, P21, P70)

Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 4-bit units 8 (P0n)

• Dedicated oscillator ports/input ports 2 (<u>CF1</u>, CF2)

• Reset pin 1 (RES)

• Power pins 2 (V_{SS}1, V_{DD}1)

■Timers

• Timer 0: 16-bit timer/counter with a capture register.

Mode 0: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with an 8-bit capture register) \times 2 channels

Mode 1: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with an 8-bit capture register)

+ 8-bit counter (with an 8-bit capture register)

Mode 2: 16-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with a 16-bit capture register)

Mode 3: 16-bit counter (with a 16-bit capture register)

• Timer 6: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)

• Timer 7: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)

■SIO

• SIO1: 8-bit asynchronous/synchronous serial interface

Mode 0: Synchronous 8-bit serial I/O (2- or 3-wire configuration, 2 to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)

Mode 1: Asynchronous serial I/O (half-duplex, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, 8 to 2048 tCYC baudrates)

Mode 2: Bus mode 1 (start bit, 8 data bits, 2 to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)

Mode 3: Bus mode 2 (start detect, 8 data bits, stop detect)

■ AD Converter: 12 bits/8 bits \times 8 channels

• 12/8 bits AD converter resolution selectable

- ■Remote Control Receiver Circuit (sharing pins with P73, INT3, and T0IN)
 - Noise rejection function (noise filter time constant selectable from 1 tCYC/32 tCYC/128 tCYC)
- ■Watchdog Timer
 - External RC watchdog timer
 - Interrupt and reset signals selectable

■Interrupts

- 12 sources, 8 vector addresses
 - 1) Provides three levels (low (L), high (H), and highest (X)) of multiplex interrupt control. Any interrupt requests of the level equal to or lower than the current interrupt are not accepted.
 - 2) When interrupt requests to two or more vector addresses occur at the same time, the interrupt of the highest level takes precedence over the other interrupts. For interrupts of the same level, the interrupt into the smallest vector address takes precedence.

No.	Vector Address	Level	Interrupt Source
1	00003H	X or L	INT0
2	0000BH	X or L	INT1
3	00013H	H or L	INT2/T0L/INT4
4	0001BH	H or L	INT3
5	00023H	H or L	ТОН
6	0002BH	H or L	None
7	00033H	H or L	None
8	0003BH	H or L	SIO1
9	00043H	H or L	ADC/T6/T7
10	0004BH	H or L	Port 0

- Priority levels X > H > L
- Of interrupts of the same level, the one with the smallest vector address takes precedence.
- ■Subroutine Stack Levels: 64levels (The stack is allocated in RAM.)

■Development Tools

• On-chip debugger: TCB87 TypeB+LC87F2R04A

: TCB87 TypeC (3 wire version) +LC87F2R04A

■Programming Boards

Package	Programming boards
MFP24S(300mil)	W87F2GM
SSOP24(225mil)	W87F2GS
SSOP24(275mil)	build-to-order
VCT24	build-to-order

■Flash ROM Programmer

Maker		Model	Supported Version	Device	
		AF9708			
	Single	AF9709/AF9709B/AF9709C	Rev 03.11 or later	LC87F2L08A	
Floob Cuppert Croup Inc		(including Ando Electric Co., Ltd. models)			
Flash Support Group, Inc.		AF9723/AF9723B(Main unit)			
(FSG)	Canaad	(including Ando Electric Co., Ltd. models)	-	-	
	Ganged	AF9833(Unit)			
		(including Ando Electric Co., Ltd. models)	-	-	
Flash Support Group, Inc.		AF9101/AF9103(Main unit)			
(FSG)	Onboard	(FSG)	(Note 2)		
+	single/ganged	SIB87(Interface driver)	(Note 2)	-	
Our company (Note 1)		(Our company)			
	Cinalo/aonao d	SKK/SKK Type B	Application version		
Our sampanu	Single/ganged Omboard	(SANYO FWS)	1.05 or later	1.007500044	
Our company		SKK-DBG Type B	Chip data version	LC87F2R04A	
	single/ganged	(SANYO FWS)	2.22 or later		

For information about AF-Series:

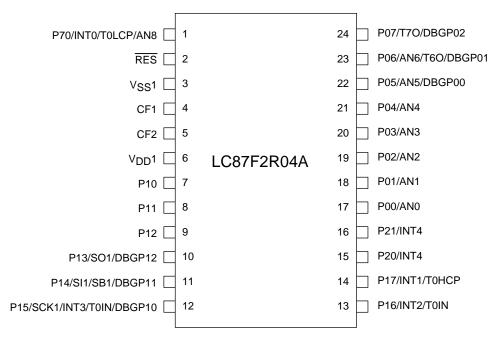
Flash Support Group, Inc. TEL: +81-53-459-1050 E-mail: sales@j-fsg.co.jp

Note1: On-board-programmer from FSG (AF9101/AF9103) and serial interface driver from Our company (SIB87) together

can give a PC-less, standalone on-board-programming capabilities.

Note2: It needs a special programming devices and applications depending on the use of programming environment. Please ask FSG or Our company for the information.

Pin Assignment

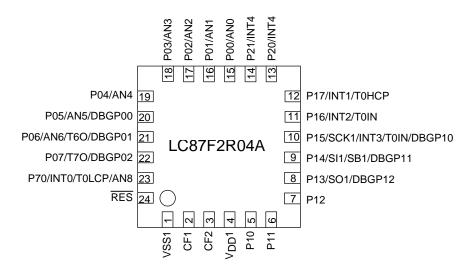


Top view

MFP24S(300mil) "Lead-/Halogen-free Type" (discontinued) SSOP24(225mil) "Lead-/Halogen-free Type" (build-to-order) SSOP24(275mil) "Lead-/Halogen-free Type" (build-to-order)

MFP24S SSOP24	NAME
1	P70/INT0/T0LCP/AN8
2	RES
3	V _{SS} 1
4	CF1
5	CF2
6	V _{DD} 1
7	P10
8	P11
9	P12
10	P13/SO1/DBGP12
11	P14/SI1/SB1/DBGP11
12	P15/SCK1/INT3/T0IN/DBGP10

MFP24S SSOP24	NAME
13	P16/INT2/T0IN
14	P17/INT1/T0HCP
15	P20/INT4
16	P21/INT4
17	P00/AN0
18	P01/AN1
19	P02/AN2
20	P03/AN3
21	P04/AN4
22	P05/AN5/DBGP00
23	P06/AN6/T6O/DBGP01
24	P07/T7O/DBGP02



Top view

VCT24(3.0×3.0) "Lead-/Halogen-free Type" (build-to-order)

VCT24	NAME			
1	V _{SS} 1			
2	CF1			
3	CF2			
4	VDD1			
5	P10			
6	P11			
7	P12			
8	P13/SO1/DBGP12			
9	P14/SI1/SB1/DBGP11			
10	P15/SCK1/INT3/T0IN/DBGP10			
11	P16/INT2/T0IN			
12	P17/INT1/T0HCP			

VCT24	NAME			
13	P20/INT4			
14	P21/INT4			
15	P00/AN0			
16	P01/AN1			
17	P02/AN2			
18	P03/AN3			
19	P04/AN4			
20	P05/AN5/DBGP00			
21	P06/AN6/T6O/DBGP01			
22	P07/T7O/DBGP02			
23	P70/INT0/T0LCP/AN8			
24	RES			

Pin Description

Pin Name	I/O			Des	scription			Option
V _{SS} 1	-	- power supply pins				No		
V _{DD} 1	-	+ power supply pin				No		
Port 0	I/O	8-bit I/O port						
P00 to P07		Pull-up resiste HOLD reset in Port 0 interrup Pin functions P06: Timer 6	 I/O specifiable in 4-bit units Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 4-bit units. HOLD reset input Port 0 interrupt input Pin functions P06: Timer 6 toggle output P07: Timer 7 toggle output 			Yes		
		P00(AN0) to F	toggle output P06(AN6): AD cc) to P07(DBGP0	•	ugger 0 port			
Port 1 P10 to P17	I/O	Pin functions P13: SIO1 da P14: SIO1 da P15: SIO1 clc P16: INT2 inp P17: INT1 inp	ors can be turned	nt (with noise filte nput/timer 0 even nput/timer 0H ca	er)/timer 0 event nt input/timer 0L pture input	-	apture input	Yes
		Interrupt ackn	owledge types Rising	Falling	Rising & Falling	H level	L level	
		INT1	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable	
		INT2	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	
		INT3	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	
P20 to P21	1/0	2-bit I/O port I/O specifiable in 1-bit units Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1-bit units. Pin functions P20 to P21: INT4 input/HOLD reset input/timer 0L capture input/ timer 0H capture input Interrupt acknowledge types Rising Falling Rising & H level L level INT4 enable enable enable disable disable				Yes		
P70	I/O	1-bit I/O port I/O specifiable in 1-bit units Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1-bit units. Pin functions P70: INT0 input/HOLD reset input/timer 0L capture input/watchdog timer output P70(AN8): AD converter input Interrupt acknowledge types Rising Falling Rising & H level L level INT0 enable enable disable enable enable				No		
		INTO	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable	
RES	I/O	External reset I	nput/internal res	et output				No
CF1	I	External reset Input/internal reset output Ceramic resonator oscillator input pin Pin function General-purpose input port				No		
CF2	I/O	Ceramic resonator oscillator output pin Pin function General-purpose input port				No		

Port Output Types

The table below lists the types of port outputs and the presence/absence of a pull-up resistor.

Data can be read into any input port even if it is in the output mode.

Port Name	Option selected in units of	Option type	Output type	Pull-up resistor
P00 to P07	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable (Note 1)
		2	Nch-open drain	No
P10 to P17	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	Nch-open drain	Programmable
P20 to P21	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	Nch-open drain	Programmable
P70	-	No	Nch-open drain	Programmable

Note 1: The control of the presence or absence of the programmable pull-up resistors for port 0 and the switching between low-and high-impedance pull-up connection is exercised in nibble (4-bit) units (P00 to 03 or P04 to 07).

User Option Table

Option Name	Option Type	Mask version *1	Flash Version	Option Selected in Units of	Option Selection
Port output type	P00 to P07	0	0	1 bit	CMOS
					Nch-open drain
	P10 to P17	0	0	1 bit	CMOS
					Nch-open drain
	P20 to P21	0	0	1 bit	CMOS
					Nch-open drain
Program start	-	×	0	-	00000h
address		*2			01E00h
Low-voltage	Detect function	0	0	-	Enable: Use
detection reset					Disable: Not Used
function	Detect level	0	0	-	7-level
Power-on reset function	Power-On reset level	0	0	-	8-level

^{*1:} Mask option selection-No change possible after mask is completed.

Recommended Unused Pin Connections

Deat News	Recommended Unused Pin Connections				
Port Name Board		Software			
P00 to P07	Open	Output low			
P10 to P17	Open	Output low			
P20 to P21	Open	Output low			
P70	Open	Output low			
CF1	Pulled low with a $100k\Omega$ resistor or less	General-purpose input port			
CF2	Pulled low with a $100k\Omega$ resistor or less	General-purpose input port			

On-chip Debugger Pin Connection Requirements

For the treatment of the on-chip debugger pins, refer to the separately available documents entitled "RD87 on-chip debugger installation manual" and "LC872000 series on-chip debugger pin connection requirements"

Notes on CF1 and CF2 Pins

• When using as general-purpose input ports Since the CF1 and CF2 pins are configured as CF oscillator pins at system reset time, it is necessary to add a current limiting resistor of $1k\Omega$ or greater to the CF2 pin in series when using them as general-purpose input pins.

^{*2:} Program start address of the mask version is 00000h.

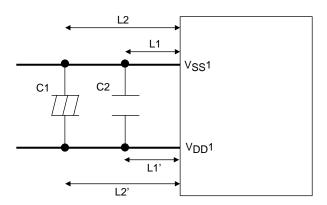
Differences between LC872G00 and LC872R00 Series.

		System Reset Time State	After System Reset is Released
Flash ROM version	CF1/XT1	Set high via the internal Rf resistor	CF oscillation state
LC87F2G08A	CF2/XT2	Set high	CF oscillation state
Mask ROM version	CF1/XT1	Set low via the internal Rf resistor	CF oscillation state
LC872G08A	CF2/XT2	Set low	CF oscillation state
Flash ROM version	CF1	Set low via the internal Rf resistor	CF oscillation state
LC87F2R04A	CF2		
Mask ROM version		High-impedance (OPEN)	CF oscillation state
LC872R04A			

Power Pin Treatment Recommendations (VDD1, VSS1)

Connect bypass capacitors that meet the following conditions between the V_{DD}1 and V_{SS}1 pins:

- Connect among the V_{DD}1 and V_{SS}1 pins and bypass capacitors C1 and C2 with the shortest possible heavy lead wires, making sure that the impedances between the both pins and the bypass capacitors are as possible (L1=L1', L2=L2').
- Connect a large-capacity capacitor C1 and a small-capacity capacitor C2 in parallel. The capacitance of C2 should approximately 0.1μF.



Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C, $V_{SS}1 = 0V$

	Doromotor	Cumbal	Din/Damarka	Conditions			Specif	ication	
	Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
	aximum supply Itage	V _{DD} max	V _{DD} 1			-0.3		+6.5	
Inp	out voltage	VI	CF1, CF2			-0.3		V _{DD} +0.3	V
Ι.	out/output ltage	V _{IO}	Ports 0, 1, 2 P70			-0.3		V _{DD} +0.3	
nt	Peak output current	IOPH	Ports 0, 1, 2	CMOS output select Per 1 applicable pin		-10			
High level output current	Mean output current (Note 1-1)	IOMH	Ports 0, 1, 2	CMOS output select Per 1 applicable pin		-7.5			
velo	Total output	ΣΙΟΑΗ(1)	P10 to P14	Total of all applicable pins		-20			
High le	current	ΣΙΟΑΗ(2)	P15 to P17 Ports 0, 2	Total of all applicable pins		-20			
		ΣΙΟΑΗ(3)	Ports 0, 1, 2	Total of all applicable pins		-25			
	Peak output current	IOPL(1)	P02 to P07 Ports 1, 2	Per 1 applicable pin				20	
		IOPL(2)	P00, P01	Per 1 applicable pin				30	mA
Ħ		IOPL(3)	P70	Per 1 applicable pin				10	
Low level output current	Mean output current	IOML(1)	P02 to P07 Ports 1, 2	Per 1 applicable pin				15	
outbr	(Note 1-1)	IOML(2)	P00, P01	Per 1 applicable pin				20	
velo		IOML(3)	P70	Per 1 applicable pin				7.5	
» e	Total output	ΣIOAL(1)	P10 to P14	Total of all applicable pins				50	
2	current	ΣIOAL(2)	Ports 0, 2 P15 to P17	Total of all applicable pins				60	
		ΣIOAL(3)	Ports 0, 1, 2	Total of all applicable pins				70	
		ΣIOAL(4)	P70	Total of all applicable pins				7.5	
	wer ssipation	Pd max(1)	MFP24S(300mil))	Ta=-40 to +85°C Package only				129	
		Pd max(2)		Ta=-40 to +85°C Package with thermal resistance board (Note 1-2)				229	
		Pd max(3)	SSOP24(225mil)	Ta=-40 to +85°C Package only				111	mW
		Pd max(4)		Ta=-40 to +85°C Package with thermal resistance board (Note 1-2)				334	
	erating ambient mperature	Topr				-40		+85	
	orage ambient nperature	Tstg				-55		+125	°C

Note 1-1: The mean output current is a mean value measured over 100ms.

Note 1-2: SEMI standards thermal resistance board (size: 76.1×114.3×1.6tmm, glass epoxy) is used.

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

Allowable Operating Conditions at Ta = -40°C to +85°C, $V_{SS}1 = 0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions			Specif	ication	
Farameter	Symbol	FIII/Nemarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Operating	V _{DD} (1)	V _{DD} 1	$0.245\mu s \le tCYC \le 200\mu s$		2.7		5.5	
supply voltage (Note 2-1)	V _{DD} (2)		0.294μs ≤ tCYC ≤ 200μs		2.2		5.5	
Memory sustaining supply voltage	VHD	V _{DD} 1	RAM and register contents sustained in HOLD mode.		1.6			
High level input voltage	V _{IH} (1)	Ports 1, 2 P70 port input/ interrupt side		2.2 to 5.5	0.3V _{DD} +0.7		V _{DD}	
	V _{IH} (2)	Port 0		2.2 to 5.5	0.3V _{DD} +0.7		V_{DD}	
	V _{IH} (3)	Port 70 watchdog timer side		2.2 to 5.5	0.9V _{DD}		V _{DD}	٧
	V _{IH} (4)	CF1, RES		2.2 to 5.5	0.75V _{DD}		V_{DD}	
Low level	V _{IL} (1)	Ports 1, 2,		4.0 to 5.5	VSS		0.1V _{DD} +0.4	
input voltage		P70 port input/ interrupt side		2.2 to 4.0	V _{SS}		0.2V _{DD}	
	V _{IL} (2)	Port 0		4.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.15V _{DD} +0.4	
				2.2 to 4.0	V _{SS}		0.2V _{DD}	
	V _{IL} (3)	Port 70 watchdog timer side		2.2 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.8V _{DD} -1.0	
	V _{IL} (4)	CF1, RES		2.2 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.25V _{DD}	
Instruction	tCYC			2.7 to 5.5	0.245		200	
cycle time (Note 2-1)	(Note 2-2)			2.2 to 5.5	0.294		200	μs
External	FEXCF	CF1	CF2 pin open	2.7 to 5.5	0.1		12	
system clock frequency			System clock frequency division ratio=1/1 External system clock duty=50±5%	2.2 to 5.5	0.1		10	
			CF2 pin open System clock frequency division ratio=1/2 External system clock duty=50±5%	3.0 to 5.5	0.2		24.4	MHz
Oscillation frequency	FmCF(1)	CF1, CF2	12MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	2.7 to 5.5		12		
range (Note 2-3)	FmCF(2)	CF1, CF2	10MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	2.2 to 5.5		10		
	FmCF(3)	CF1, CF2	4MHz ceramic oscillation. CF oscillation normal amplifier size selected. (CFLAMP=0) See Fig. 1	2.2 to 5.5		4		
			4MHz ceramic oscillation. CF oscillation low amplifier size selected. (CFLAMP=1) See Fig. 1.	2.2 to 5.5		4		MHz
	FmMRC		Frequency variable RC oscillation. 1/2 frequency division ration. (RCCTD=0) (Note 2-4)	2.7 to 5.5	7.6	8.0	8.4	
	FmRC		Internal medium-speed RC oscillation	2.2 to 5.5	0.5	1.0	2.0	

- Note 2-1: V_{DD} must be held greater than or equal to 2.2V in the flash ROM onboard programming mode.
- Note 2-2: Relationship between tCYC and oscillation frequency is 3/FmCF at a division ratio of 1/1 and 6/FmCF at a division ratio of 1/2.
- Note 2-3: See Tables 1 and 2 for the oscillation constants.
- Note 2-4: When switching the system clock, allow an oscillation stabilization time of $100\mu s$ or longer after the multifrequency RC oscillator circuit transmits from the "oscillation stopped" to "oscillation enabled" state.

Electrical Characteristics at $Ta = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_{SS}1 = 0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions			Specifica	ation	
Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
High level input current	I _{IH} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2 P70 RES	Output disabled Pull-up resistor off V _{IN} =V _{DD} (Including output Tr's off leakage current)	2.2 to 5.5			1	
	I _{IH} (2)	CF1	V _{IN} =V _{DD}	2.2 to 5.5			15	
Low level input current	I _{IL} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2 P70 RES	Output disabled Pull-up resistor off VIN=VSS (Including output Tr's off leakage current)	2.2 to 5.5	-1			μА
	I _{IL} (2)	CF1	V _{IN} =V _{SS}	2.2 to 5.5	-15			
High level output	V _{OH} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2	I _{OH} =-1mA	4.5 to 5.5	V _{DD} -1			
voltage	V _{OH} (2)		I _{OH} =-0.35mA	2.7 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
	V _{OH} (3)		I _{OH} =-0.15mA	2.2 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
Low level output	V _{OL} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2	I _{OL} =10mA	4.5 to 5.5			1.5	
voltage	V _{OL} (2)		I _{OL} =1.4mA	2.7 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (3)		I _{OL} =0.8mA	2.2 to 5.5			0.4	٧
	V _{OL} (4)	P70	I _{OL} =1.4mA	2.7 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (5)		I _{OL} =0.8mA	2.2 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (6)	P00, P01	I _{OL} =25mA	4.5 to 5.5			1.5	
	V _{OL} (7)		I _{OL} =4mA	2.7 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (8)		I _{OL} =2mA	2.2 to 5.5			0.4	
Pull-up resistance	Rpu(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2 P70	V _{OH} =0.9V _{DD} When Port 0 selected	4.5 to 5.5	15	35	80	
	Rpu(2)	170	low-impedance pull-up.	2.2 to 4.5	18	50	230	
	Rpu(3)	Port 0	V _{OH} =0.9V _{DD} When Port 0 selected high-impedance pull-up.	2.2 to 5.5	100	210	400	kΩ
Hysteresis voltage	VHYS(1)	Ports 1, 2		2.7 to 5.5		0.1V _{DD}		
	VHYS(2)	P70 RES		2.2 to 5.5		0.07V _{DD}		V
Pin capacitance	СР	All pins	For pins other than that under test: VIN=VSS f=1MHz Ta=25°C	2.2 to 5.5		10		pF

AD Converter Characteristics at $Ta = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_{SS}1 = 0V$

12bits AD Converter Mode

Danasatas	O. mak al	Dia /Damanda	O and distance			Specifi	cation	
Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Resolution	N	AN0(P00) to		2.4 to 5.5		12		bit
Absolute	ET	AN6(P06),	(Note 6-1)	2.7 to 5.5			±16	1.00
accuracy		AN8(P70)		2.4 to 5.5			±20	LSB
Conversion time	TCAD		See Conversion time calculation	4.0 to 5.5	32		115	
			formulas.	2.7 to 5.5	64		115	μs
			(Note 6-2)	2.4 to 5.5	410		425	
Analog input voltage range	VAIN			2.4 to 5.5	V _{SS}		V_{DD}	٧
Analog port	IAINH		VAIN=V _{DD}	2.4 to 5.5			1	
input current	IAINL		VAIN=V _{SS}	2.4 to 5.5	-1			μΑ

8bits AD Converter Mode

	0	D: /D	O a Britana			Specifi	cation	
Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Resolution	N	AN0(P00) to		2.4 to 5.5		8		bit
Absolute accuracy	ET	AN6(P06) AN8(P70)	(Note 6-1)	2.4 to 5.5			±1.5	LSB
Conversion time	TCAD		See Conversion time calculation	4.0 to 5.5	20		90	
			formulas.	2.7 to 5.5	40		90	μs
			(Note 6-2)	2.4 to 5.5	250		265	
Analog input voltage range	VAIN			2.4 to 5.5	VSS		V_{DD}	V
Analog port	IAINH		VAIN=V _{DD}	2.4 to 5.5			1	4
input current	IAINL		VAIN=V _{SS}	2.4 to 5.5	-1			μА

Conversion time calculation formulas:

12bits AD Converter Mode: TCAD(Conversion time) = $((52/(AD \text{ division ratio}))+2)\times(1/3)\times tCYC$ 8bits AD Converter Mode: TCAD(Conversion time) = $((32/(AD \text{ division ratio}))+2)\times(1/3)\times tCYC$

External oscillation	Operating supply voltage range	System division ratio	Cycle time	AD division ratio		ersion time (AD)
(FmCF)	(V _{DD})	(SYSDIV)	(tCYC)	(ADDIV)	12bit AD	8bit AD
CF-12MHz	4.0V to 5.5V	1/1	250ns	1/8	34.8µs	21.5μs
CF-12MHZ	3.0V to 5.5V	1/1	250ns	1/16	69.5μs	42.8µs
OF 40MH-	4.0V to 5.5V	1/1	300ns	1/8	41.8µs	25.8μs
CF-10MHz	3.0V to 5.5V	1/1	300ns	1/16	83.4µs	51.4μs
OF ANIL-	3.0V to 5.5V	1/1	750ns	1/8	104.5μs	64.5μs
CF-4MHz	2.4V to 5.5V	1/1	750ns	1/32	416.5μs	256.5μs

- Note 6-1: The quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB) must be excluded from the absolute accuracy. The absolute accuracy must be measured in the microcontroller's state in which no I/O operations occur at the pins adjacent to the analog input channel.
- Note 6-2: The conversion time refers to the period from the time an instruction for starting a conversion process till the time the conversion results register(s) are loaded with a complete digital conversion value corresponding to the analog input value.

The conversion time is 2 times the normal-time conversion time when:

- The first AD conversion is performed in the 12-bit AD conversion mode after a system reset.
- The first AD conversion is performed after the AD conversion mode is switched from 8-bit to 12-bit conversion mode.

Power-on Reset (POR) Characteristics at Ta = -40°C to +85°C, $V_{SS}1 = 0V$

						Specif	ication	
Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Option selected voltage	min	typ	max	unit
POR release	PORRL		Select from option.	1.67V	1.55	1.67	1.79	
voltage			(Note 7-1)	1.97V	1.85	1.97	2.09	
				2.07V	1.95	2.07	2.19	
				2.37V	2.25	2.37	2.49	
				2.57V	2.45	2.57	2.69	
				2.87V	2.75	2.87	2.99	V
				3.86V	3.73	3.86	3.99	
				4.35V	4.21	4.35	4.49	
Detection voltage unknown state	POUKS		• See Fig. 7. (Note 7-2)			0.7	0.95	
Power supply rise time	PORIS		Power supply rise time from 0V to 1.6V.				100	ms

Note7-1: The POR release level can be selected out of 4 levels only when the LVD reset function is disabled.

Note7-2: POR is in an unknown state before transistors start operation.

Low Voltage Detection Reset (LVD) Characteristics at Ta = -40 °C to +85 °C, $V_{SS}1 = 0$ V

						Specific	ation	
Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Option selected voltage	min	typ	max	unit
LVD reset Voltage	LVDET		Select from option.	1.91V	1.81	1.91	2.01	
(Note 8-2)			(Note 8-1)	2.01V	1.91	2.01	2.11	
			(Note 8-3)	2.31V	2.21	2.31	2.41	
			• See Fig. 8.	2.51V	2.41	2.51	2.61	V
				2.81V	2.71	2.81	2.91	
				3.79V	3.69	3.79	3.89	
				4.28V	4.18	4.28	4.38	
LVD hysteresis	LVHYS		=	1.91V		55		
width				2.01V		55		
				2.31V		55		
				2.51V		55		mV
				2.81V		60		
				3.79V		65		
				4.28V		65		
Detection voltage unknown state	LVUKS		• See Fig. 8. (Note 8-4)			0.7	0.95	V
Low voltage detection minimum Width	TLVDW		• LVDET-0.5V • See Fig. 9.		0.2			ms
(Reply sensitivity)								

Note8-1: The LVD reset level can be selected out of 3 levels only when the LVD reset function is enabled.

Note8-2: LVD reset voltage specification values do not include hysteresis voltage.

Note8-3: LVD reset voltage may exceed its specification values when port output state changes and/or when a large current flows through port.

Note8-4: LVD is in an unknown state before transistors start operation.

Consumption Current Characteristics at $Ta = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_{SS}1 = 0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Pin/	Conditions			Specif	ication	
Farameter	Symbol	Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Normal mode consumption current	IDDOP(1)	V _{DD} 1	FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode System clock set to 12MHz side Internal medium speed RC oscillation	2.7 to 5.5		6.1	10	
(Note 9-1) (Note 9-2)			stopped. • Frequency variable RC oscillation stopped. • 1/1 frequency division ratio	2.7 to 3.6		3.7	6.4	
	IDDOP(2)		FmCF=10MHz ceramic oscillation mode System clock set to 10MHz side Internal medium speed RC oscillation	2.2 to 5.5		5.3	9.1	
			stopped. • Frequency variable RC oscillation stopped. • 1/1 frequency division ratio	2.2 to 3.6		3.4	5.8	
	IDDOP(3)		FmCF=4MHz ceramic oscillation mode System clock set to 4MHz side Internal medium speed RC oscillation	2.2 to 5.5		2.6	5.5	
			stopped. • Frequency variable RC oscillation stopped. • 1/1 frequency division ratio	2.2 to 3.6		1.9	3.4	
	IDDOP(4)		CF oscillation low amplifier size selected. (CFLAMP=1) FmCF=4MHz ceramic oscillation mode System clock set to 4MHz side	2.2 to 5.5		1.1	2.1	mA
			Internal medium speed RC oscillation stopped. Frequency variable RC oscillation stopped. 1/4 frequency division ratio	2.2 to 3.6		0.56	1.1	
	IDDOP(5)		External FmCF oscillation stopped. System clock set to internal medium speed RC oscillation.	2.2 to 5.5		0.47	1.2	
			Frequency variable RC oscillation stopped. 1/2 frequency division ratio	2.2 to 3.6		0.28	0.65	
	IDDOP(6)		External FmCF oscillation stopped. Internal medium speed RC oscillation stopped.	2.7 to 5.5		4.2	8.1	
			System clock set to 8MHz with frequency variable RC oscillation.(RCCTD=0) 1/1 frequency division ratio.	2.7 to 3.6		3.3	5.6	

Note9-1: Values of the consumption current do not include current that flows into the output transistors and internal pull-up resistors.

Note9-2: The consumption current values do not include operational current of LVD function if not specified.

Continued on next page.

Continued from preceding page.

Continued from		Pin/	Q = Itt			Specit	fication	
Parameter	Symbol	Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
HALT mode consumption current (Note 9-1)	IDDHALT(1)	V _{DD} 1	HALT mode FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode System clock set to 12MHz side Internal medium speed RC oscillation	2.7 to 5.5		2.3	4.1	
(Note 9-2)			stopped. • Frequency variable RC oscillation stopped. • 1/1 frequency division ratio	2.7 to 3.6		1.2	1.9	
	IDDHALT(2)		HALT mode FmCF=10MHz ceramic oscillation mode System clock set to 10MHz side Internal medium speed RC oscillation	2.2to 5.5		1.9	3.4	
		-	stopped. • Frequency variable RC oscillation stopped. • 1/1 frequency division ratio	2.2 to 3.6		1.0	1.6	
	IDDHALT(3)		HALT mode FmCF=4MHz ceramic oscillation mode System clock set to 4MHz side Internal medium speed RC oscillation	2.2 to 5.5		1.3	2.5	
			stopped. • Frequency variable RC oscillation stopped. • 1/1 frequency division ratio	2.2 to 3.6		0.53	1.0	
	IDDHALT(4)		HALT mode CF oscillation low amplifier size selected. (CFLAMP=1) FmCF=4MHz ceramic oscillation mode	2.2 to 5.5		0.80	1.5	mA
			System clock set to 4MHz side Internal medium speed RC oscillation stopped. Frequency variable RC oscillation stopped. 1/4 frequency division ratio	2.2 to 3.6		0.31	0.62	
	IDDHALT(5)		HALT mode External FmCF oscillation stopped. System clock set to internal medium speed	2.2 to 5.5		0.28	0.73	
			RC oscillation • Frequency variable RC oscillation stopped. • 1/2 frequency division ratio	2.2 to 3.6		0.14	0.36	
	IDDHALT(6)		HALT mode External FmCF oscillation stopped. Internal medium speed RC oscillation stopped.	2.7 to 5.5		1.3	2.7	
			System clock set to 8MHz with frequency variable RC oscillation. (RCCTD=0) 1/1 frequency division ratio.	2.7 to 3.6		0.93	1.8	
HOLD mode consumption	IDDHOLD(1)	V _{DD} 1	HOLD mode • CF1=V _{DD} or open (External clock mode)	2.2 to 5.5		0.03	25	
current			5. 1-1DD of open (External clock filede)	2.2 to 3.6		0.02	5.9	
(Note 9-1) (Note 9-2)	IDDHOLD(2)		HOLD mode	5.0		0.03	1.2	
(140(6 3-2)			CF1=V _{DD} or open (External clock mode) Ta=-10 to +50°C	3.3		0.02	0.56	
				2.5		0.01	0.40	
	IDDHOLD(3)		HOLD mode	2.2 to 5.5		3.0	29	μΑ
			CF1=V _{DD} or open (External clock mode) LVD option selected	2.2 to 3.6		2.3	10	
	IDDHOLD(4)	1	HOLD mode	5.0		3.0	7.3	
			CF1=V _{DD} or open (External clock mode) Ta=-10 to +50°C	3.3		2.3	3.4	
			LVD option selected	2.5		2.0	2.9	
	1	1	1	1				

Note9-1: Values of the consumption current do not include current that flows into the output transistors and internal pull-up resistors.

Note9-2: The consumption current values do not include operational current of LVD function if not specified.

F-ROM Programming Characteristics at $Ta = +10^{\circ}C$ to $+55^{\circ}C$, $V_{SS}1 = 0V$

Danamatan	0	Dia/Damada	O and the man			Specifi	cation	
Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Onboard	IDDFW(1)	V _{DD} 1	Only current of the flash block.					
programming				2.2 to 5.5		5	10	mA
current								
Programming	tFW(1)		Erasing time	0.04- 5.5		20	30	ms
time	tFW(2)		Programming time	2.2 to 5.5		40	60	μs

Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillation Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample main system clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a Our designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

Table 1 Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Ceramic Oscillator

• CF oscillation normal amplifier size selected (CFLAMP=0)

■MURATA

Nominal Frequency	Туре	Oscillator Name	Circuit Constant				Operating	Oscillation Stabilization Time		
			C1	C1 C2	Rf	Rd	Voltage Range [V]	typ	max	Remarks
			[pF]	[pF]	[Ω]	[Ω]		[ms]	[ms]	
12MHz	SMD	CSTCE12M0G52-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	680	2.2 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
					Open	1.0k	2.5 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
10MHz	SMD	CSTCE10M0G52-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	680	2.0 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	Internal C1,C2
					Open	1.0k	2.1 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
	LEAD	CSTLS10M0G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	680	2.2 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
					Open	1.0k	2.4 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
8MHz	SMD	CSTCE8M00G52-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	1.0k	1.9 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
					Open	1.5k	2.0 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
	LEAD	CSTLS8M00G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.0k	2.0 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
					Open	1.5k	2.2 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
6MHz	SMD	CSTCR6M00G53-R0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.5k	1.9 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
					Open	2.2k	2.0 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
	LEAD	CSTLS6M00G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.5k	2.0 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
					Open	2.2k	2.1 to 5.5	0.1	0.5	
4MHz	SMD	CSTCR4M00G53-R0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.5k	1.8 to 5.5	0.2	0.6	
					Open	3.3k	1.9 to 5.5	0.2	0.6	
	LEAD	CSTLS4M00G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.5k	1.8 to 5.5	0.2	0.6	
					Open	3.3k	1.9 to 5.5	0.2	0.6	

• CF oscillation low amplifier size selected (CFLAMP=1)

■MURATA

Nominal Frequency	Туре	Oscillator Name	Circuit Constant				Operating	Oscillation Stabilization Time		
			C1 [pF]	C2 [pF]	Rf [Ω]	Rd [Ω]	Voltage Range [V]	typ [ms]	max [ms]	Remarks
4MHz	SMD	CSTCR4M00G53-R0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.0k	1.9 to 5.5	0.2	0.6	Internal C1,C2
					Open	2.2k	2.1 to 5.5	0.2	0.6	
		CSTCR4M00G53095-R0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.0k	1.8 to 5.5	0.2	0.6	
					Open	2.2k	1.9 to 5.5	0.2	0.6	
	LEAD	CSTLS4M00G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.0k	2.0 to 5.5	0.2	0.6	
					Open	2.2k	2.1 to 5.5	0.2	0.6	
		CSTLS4M00G53095-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.0k	1.8 to 5.5	0.2	0.6	
					Open	2.2k	1.9 to 5.5	0.2	0.6	

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after V_{DD} goes above the operating voltage lower limit (see Figure 3).

- Time till the oscillation gets stabilized after the CPU reset state is released.
- Till the oscillation gets stabilized after the instruction for starting the main clock oscillation circuit is executed.
- Till the oscillation gets stabilized after the HOLD mode is reset. (Notes on the implementation of the oscillator circuit)
- Oscillation is influenced by the circuit pattern layout of printed circuit board. Place the oscillation-related components as close to the CPU chip and to each other as possible with the shortest possible pattern length.
- Keep the signal lines whose state changes suddenly or in which large current flows as far away from the oscillator circuit as possible and make sure that they do not cross one another.
- Be sure to insert a current limiting resistor (Rd) so that the oscillation amplitude never exceeds the input voltage level that is specified as the absolute maximum rating.
- The oscillator circuit constants shown above are sample characteristic values that are measured using the Our designated oscillation evaluation board. Since the accuracy of the oscillation frequency and other characteristics vary according to the board on which the IC is installed, it is recommended that the user consult the resonator vendor for oscillation evaluation of the IC on a user's production board when using the IC for applications that require high oscillation accuracy. For further information, contact your resonator vendor or Our company Semiconductor sales representative serving your locality.
- It must be noted, when replacing the flash ROM version of a microcontroller with a mask ROM version, that their operating voltage ranges may differ even when the oscillation constant of the external oscillator is the same.

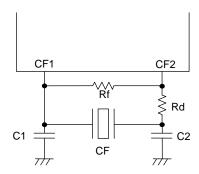
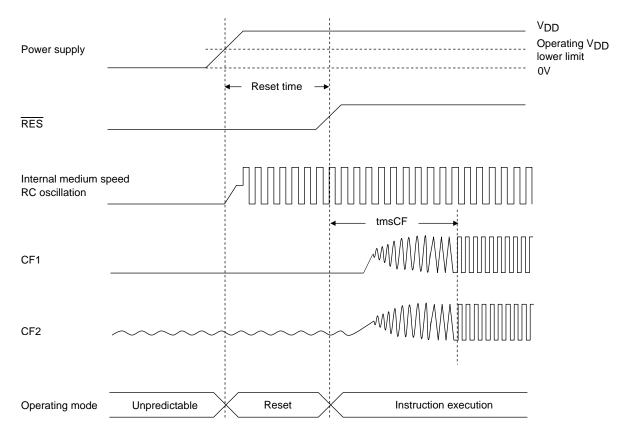


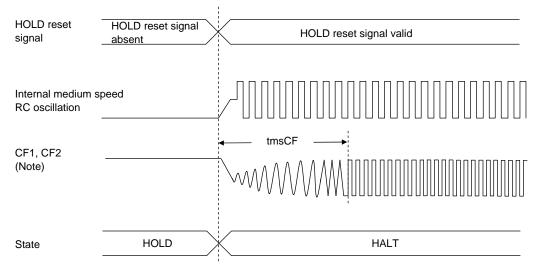
Figure 1 CF Oscillator Circuit



Figure 2 AC Timing Measurement Point



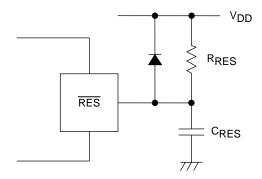
Reset Time and Oscillation Stabilization Time



HOLD Reset Signal and Oscillation Stabilization Time

Note: External oscillation circuit is selected.

Figure 3 Oscillation Stabilization Times



Note:

External circuits for reset may vary depending on the usage of POR and LVD. Please refer to the user's manual for more information..

Figure 4 Reset Circuit

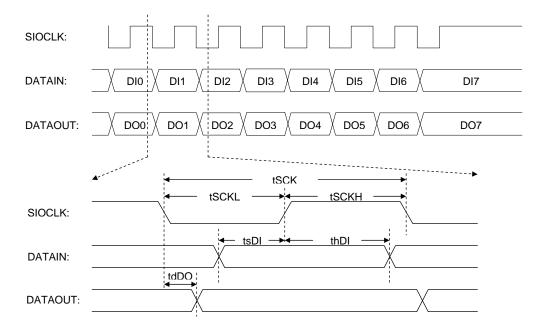


Figure 5 Serial I/O Output Waveforms

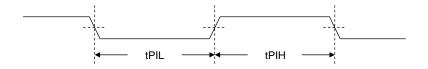


Figure 6 Pulse Input Timing Signal Waveform

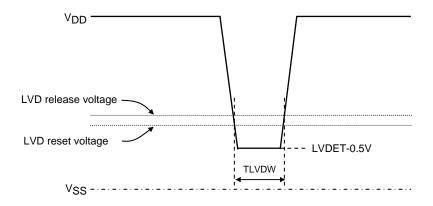


Figure 9 Low voltage detection minimum width (Example of momentary power loss / Voltage variation waveform)

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