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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	451
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	83
Number of Gates	2500
Voltage - Supply	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-PQFP (20x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a1225a-1pqg100c

Product Plan

Device/Package	Speed Grade[1]			Application[1]			
	Std.	–1	–2	C	I	M	B
A1225A Device							
84-Pin Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PL)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–
100-Pin Plastic Quad Flatpack (PQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–
100-Pin Very Thin Quad Flatpack (VQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–	–
100-Pin Ceramic Pin Grid Array (PG)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–	–
A1240A Device							
84-Pin Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PL)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–
132-Pin Ceramic Pin Grid Array (PG)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	✓	✓
144-Pin Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–
176-Pin Thin (1.4 mm) Quad Flat Pack (TQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–	–
A1280A Device							
160-Pin Plastic Quad Flatpack (PQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–
172-Pin Ceramic Quad Flatpack (CQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	✓	✓
176-Pin Ceramic Pin Grid Array (PG)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	✓	✓
176-Pin Thin (1.4 mm) Quad Flat Pack (TQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–	–

Notes:

1. *Applications:*
   C = Commercial
   I = Industrial
   M = Military
   B = MIL-STD-883

   Availability:
   ✓ = Available
   P = Planned
   – = Not planned

   Speed Grade:
   –1 = Approx. 15% faster than Std.
   –2 = Approx. 25% faster than Std.

2. *Contact your Microsemi SoC Products Group sales representative for product availability.*

Device Resources

Device Series	Logic Modules	Gates	User I/Os									
			PG176	PG132	PG100	PQ160	PQ144	PQ100	PL84	CQ172	TQ176	VQ100
A1225A	451	2,500	–	–	83	–	–	83	72	–	–	83
A1240A	684	4,000	–	104	–	–	104	–	72	–	104	–
A1280A	1,232	8,000	140	–	–	125	–	–	72	140	140	–

Contact your local Microsemi SoC Products Group representative for device availability:
http://www.microsemi.com/soc/contact/default.aspx.

Table 2-3 • **Electrical Specifications**

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Industrial		Military		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VOH[1]	(IOH = –10 mA)[2]	2.4	–	–	–	–	–	V
	(IOH = –6 mA)	3.84	–	–	–	–	–	V
	(IOH = –4 mA)	–	–	3.7	–	3.7	–	V
VOL[1]	(IOL = 10 mA)[2]	–	0.5	–	–	–	–	V
	(IOL = 6 mA)	–	0.33	–	0.40	–	0.40	V
VIL		–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
VIH		2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	V
Input Transition Time t_R, t_F[2]		–	500	–	500	–	500	ns
C_{IO} I/O capacitance[2,3]		–	10	–	10	–	10	pF
Standby Current, ICC[4] (typical = 1 mA)		–	2	–	10	–	20	mA
Leakage Current[5]		–10	+10	–10	+10	–10	+10	µA
ICC(D)	Dynamic VCC supply current. See the Power Dissipation section.							

Notes:

1. *Only one output tested at a time. VCC = minimum.*
2. *Not tested, for information only.*
3. *Includes worst-case PG176 package capacitance. VOUT = 0 V, f = 1 MHz*
4. *All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCC or GND, typical ICC = 1 mA. ICC limit includes IPP and ISV during normal operations.*
5. *VOUT, VIN = VCC or GND.*

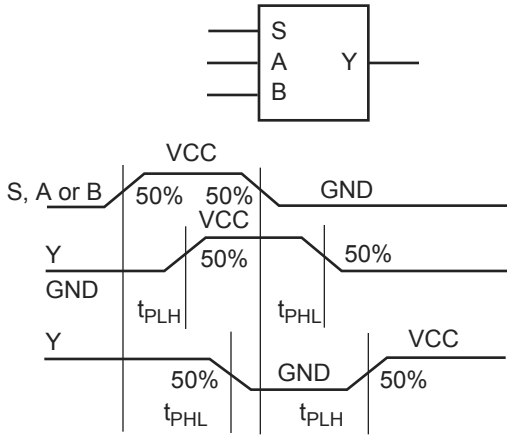
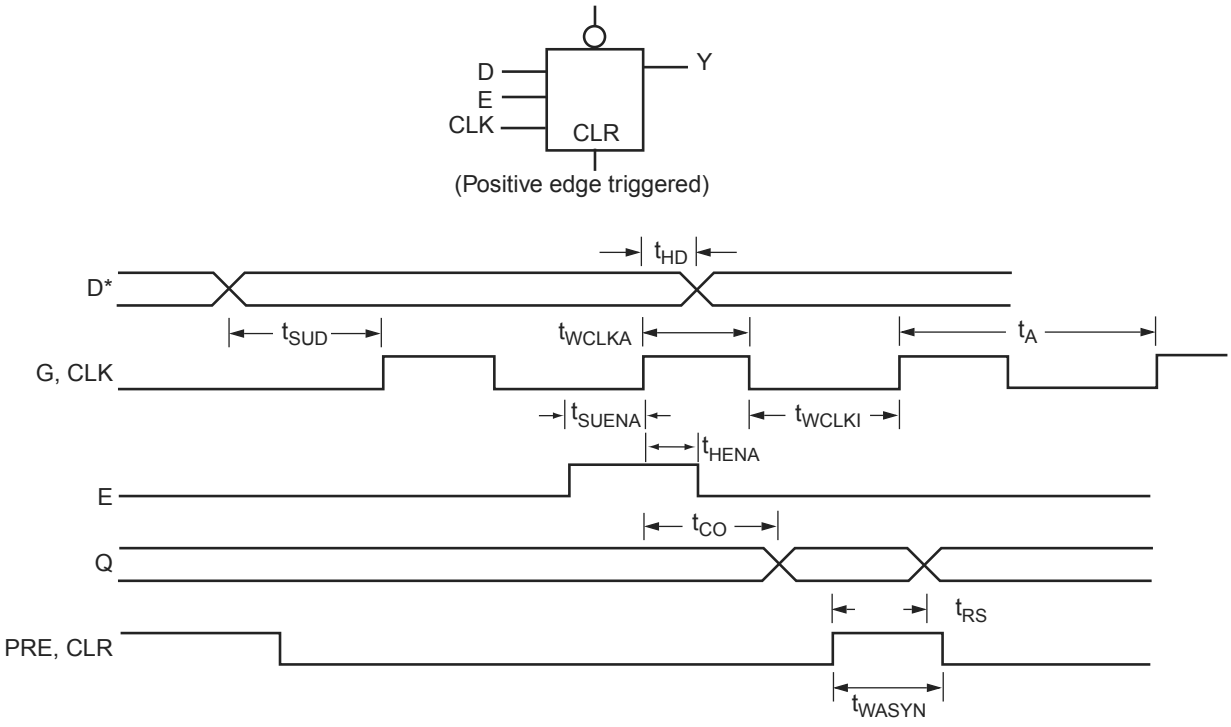


Figure 2-5 • **Module Delays**

Sequential Module Timing Characteristics



Note: D represents all data functions involving A, B, and S for multiplexed flip-flops.

Figure 2-6 • **Flip-Flops and Latches**

Timing Derating Factor (Temperature and Voltage)

Table 2-9 • **Timing Derating Factor (Temperature and Voltage)**

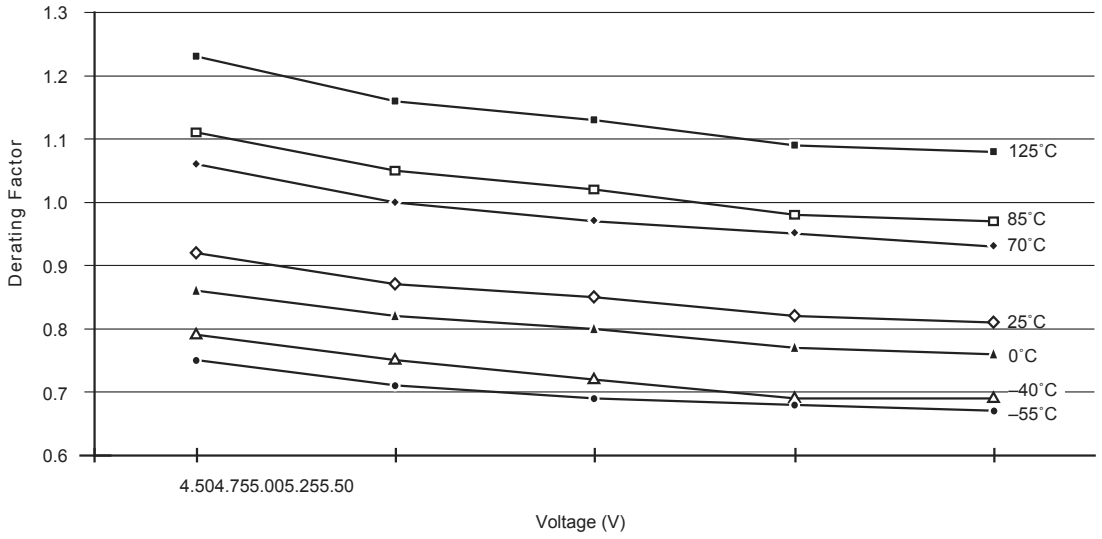
(Commercial Minimum/Maximum Specification) x	Industrial		Military	
	Min.	**Max.**	**Min.**	Max.
	0.69	1.11	0.67	1.23

Table 2-10 • **Timing Derating Factor for Designs at Typical Temperature (T_J = 25°C) and Voltage (5.0 V)**

(Commercial Maximum Specification) x	0.85

Table 2-11 • **Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (normalized to Worst-Case Commercial, TJ = 4.75 V, 70°C)**

	–55	**–40**	**0**	**25**	**70**	**85**	**125**
4.50	0.75	0.79	0.86	0.92	1.06	1.11	1.23
4.75	0.71	0.75	0.82	0.87	1.00	1.05	1.13
5.00	0.69	0.72	0.80	0.85	0.97	1.02	1.13
5.25	0.68	0.69	0.77	0.82	0.95	0.98	1.09
5.50	0.67	0.69	0.76	0.81	0.93	0.97	1.08



Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays.

Figure 2-9 • **Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (normalized to Worst-Case Commercial, T_J = 4.75 V, 70°C)**

A1225A Timing Characteristics (continued)

***Table 2-14* • A1225A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C**

TTL Output Module Timing[1]		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		Units
Parameter/Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	
t_{DLH}	Data to Pad High		8.0		9.0		10.6	ns
t_{DHL}	Data to Pad Low		10.1		11.4		13.4	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to High		8.9		10.0		11.8	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to Low		11.6		13.2		15.5	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad High to Z		7.1		8.0		9.4	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad Low to Z		8.3		9.5		11.1	ns
t_{GLH}	G to Pad High		8.9		10.2		11.9	ns
t_{GHL}	G to Pad Low		11.2		12.7		14.9	ns
d_{TLH}	Delta Low to High		0.07		0.08		0.09	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Delta High to Low		0.12		0.13		0.16	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing[1]								
t_{DLH}	Data to Pad High		10.1		11.5		13.5	ns
t_{DHL}	Data to Pad Low		8.4		9.6		11.2	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to High		8.9		10.0		11.8	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to Low		11.6		13.2		15.5	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad High to Z		7.1		8.0		9.4	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad Low to Z		8.3		9.5		11.1	ns
t_{GLH}	G to Pad High		8.9		10.2		11.9	ns
t_{GHL}	G to Pad Low		11.2		12.7		14.9	ns
d_{TLH}	Delta Low to High		0.12		0.13		0.16	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Delta High to Low		0.09		0.10		0.12	ns/pF

Notes:

1. *Delays based on 50 pF loading.*
2. *SSO information can be found at www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/appnotes/board_consideration.aspx.*

A1240A Timing Characteristics

***Table 2-15* • A1240A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C**

Logic Module Propagation Delays[1]		**–2 Speed[3]**		**–1 Speed**		**Std. Speed**		**Units**
Parameter/Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	
t_{PD1}	Single Module		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
t_{CO}	Sequential Clock to Q		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
t_{GO}	Latch G to Q		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
t_{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset to Q		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
Predicted Routing Delays[2]								
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.4		1.5		1.8	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.7		2.0		2.3	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.6		3.0	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		3.1		3.5		4.1	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		4.7		5.4		6.3	ns
Sequential Timing Characteristics[3,4]								
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Setup	0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Setup	0.8		0.9		1.0		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.5		6.0		6.5		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.5		6.0		6.5		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	9.8		12.0		15.0		ns
t_{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Setup	0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t_{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Setup	0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		100.0		80.0		66.0	MHz

Notes:

1. *For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$—whichever is appropriate.*
2. *Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.*
3. *Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the DirectTime Analyzer utility.*
4. *Setup and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.*

A1240A Timing Characteristics (continued)

***Table 2-17* • A1240A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C**

TTL Output Module Timing[1]		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		Units
Parameter/Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	
t_{DLH}	Data to Pad High		8.0		9.0		10.6	ns
t_{DHL}	Data to Pad Low		10.1		11.4		13.4	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to High		8.9		10.0		11.8	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to Low		11.7		13.2		15.5	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad High to Z		7.1		8.0		9.4	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad Low to Z		8.4		9.5		11.1	ns
t_{GLH}	G to Pad High		9.0		10.2		11.9	ns
t_{GHL}	G to Pad Low		11.2		12.7		14.9	ns
d_{TLH}	Delta Low to High		0.07		0.08		0.09	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Delta High to Low		0.12		0.13		0.16	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing[1]								
t_{DLH}	Data to Pad High		10.2		11.5		13.5	ns
t_{DHL}	Data to Pad Low		8.4		9.6		11.2	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to High		8.9		10.0		11.8	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to Low		11.7		13.2		15.5	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad High to Z		7.1		8.0		9.4	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad Low to Z		8.4		9.5		11.1	ns
t_{GLH}	G to Pad High		9.0		10.2		11.9	ns
t_{GHL}	G to Pad Low		11.2		12.7		14.9	ns
d_{TLH}	Delta Low to High		0.12		0.13		0.16	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Delta High to Low		0.09		0.10		0.12	ns/pF

Notes:

1. *Delays based on 50 pF loading.*
2. *SSO information can be found at www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/appnotes/board_consideration.aspx.*

Pin Descriptions

CLKA Clock A (Input)

TTL Clock input for clock distribution networks. The Clock input is buffered prior to clocking the logic modules. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

CLKB Clock B (Input)

TTL Clock input for clock distribution networks. The Clock input is buffered prior to clocking the logic modules. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

DCLK Diagnostic Clock (Input)

TTL Clock input for diagnostic probe and device programming. DCLK is active when the MODE pin is High. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is Low.

GND Ground

Low supply voltage.

I/O Input/Output (Input, Output)

The I/O pin functions as an input, output, three-state, or bidirectional buffer. Input and output levels are compatible with standard TTL and CMOS specifications. Unused I/O pins are automatically driven Low by the ALS software.

MODE Mode (Input)

The MODE pin controls the use of multifunction pins (DCLK, PRA, PRB, SDI). When the MODE pin is High, the special functions are active. When the MODE pin is Low, the pins function as I/Os. To provide Actionprobe capability, the MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor so that the MODE pin can be pulled High when required.

NC No Connection

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device.

PRA Probe A (Output)

The Probe A pin is used to output data from any user-defined design node within the device. This independent diagnostic pin can be used in conjunction with the Probe B pin to allow real-time diagnostic output of any signal path within the device. The Probe A pin can be used as a user-defined I/O when debugging has been completed. The pin's probe capabilities can be permanently disabled to protect programmed design confidentiality. PRA is active when the MODE pin is High. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is Low.

PRB Probe B (Output)

The Probe B pin is used to output data from any user-defined design node within the device. This independent diagnostic pin can be used in conjunction with the Probe A pin to allow real-time diagnostic output of any signal path within the device. The Probe B pin can be used as a user-defined I/O when debugging has been completed. The pin's probe capabilities can be permanently disabled to protect programmed design confidentiality. PRB is active when the MODE pin is High. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is Low.

SDI Serial Data Input (Input)

Serial data input for diagnostic probe and device programming. SDI is active when the MODE pin is High. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is Low.

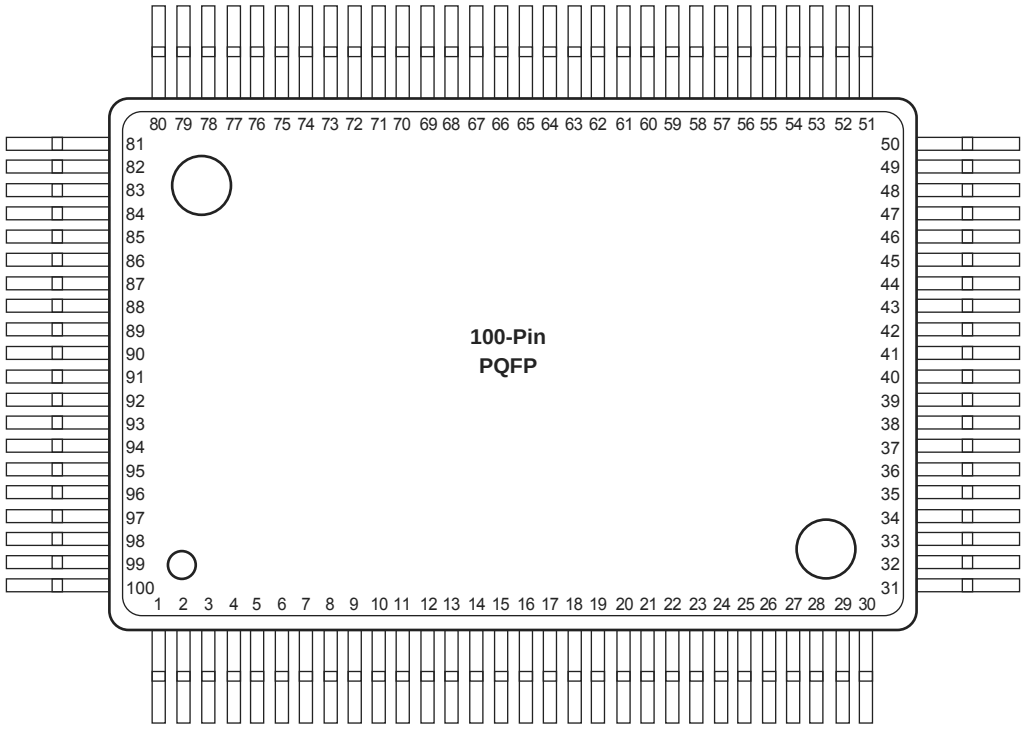
SDO Serial Data Output (Output)

Serial data output for diagnostic probe. SDO is active when the MODE pin is High. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is Low.

VCC 5.0 V Supply Voltage

High supply voltage.

PQ100



Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx

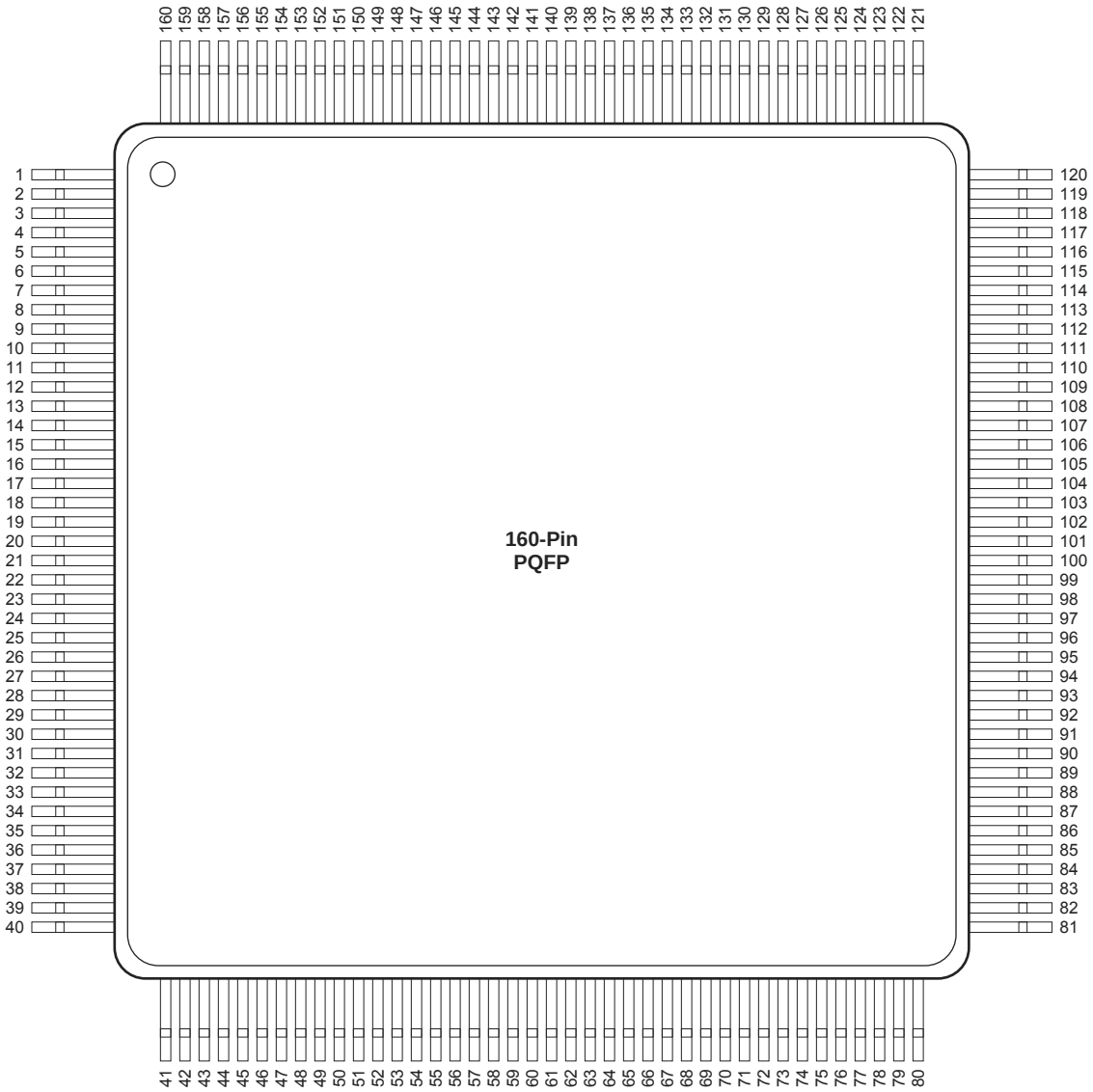
PQ100	
Pin Number	**A1225A Function**
2	DCLK, I/O
4	MODE
9	GND
16	VCC
17	VCC
22	GND
34	GND
40	VCC
46	GND
52	SDO
57	GND
64	GND

PQ100	
Pin Number	**A1225A Function**
65	VCC
66	VCC
67	VCC
72	GND
79	SDI, I/O
84	GND
87	PRA, I/O
89	CLKA, I/O
90	VCC
92	CLKB, I/O
94	PRB, I/O
96	GND

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

PQ160



Note: This is the top view of the package

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx

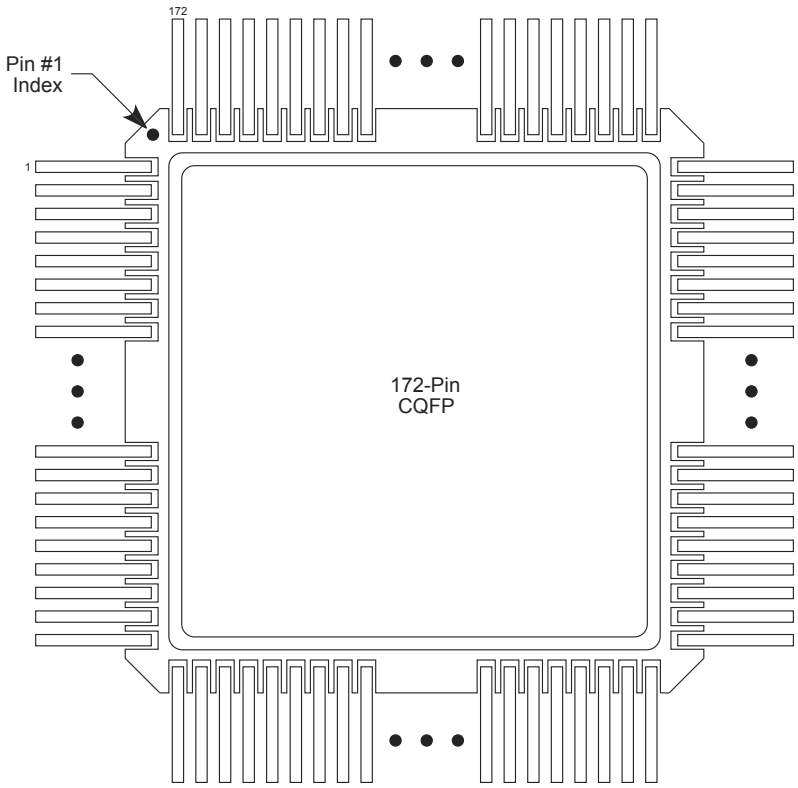
VQ100	
Pin Number	**A1225A Function**
2	MODE
7	GND
14	VCC
15	VCC
20	GND
32	GND
38	VCC
44	GND
50	SDO
55	GND
62	GND
63	VCC

VQ100	
Pin Number	**A1225A Function**
64	VCC
65	VCC
70	GND
77	SDI, I/O
82	GND
85	PRA, I/O
87	CLKA, I/O
88	VCC
90	CLKB, I/O
92	PRB, I/O
94	GND
100	DCLK, I/O

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

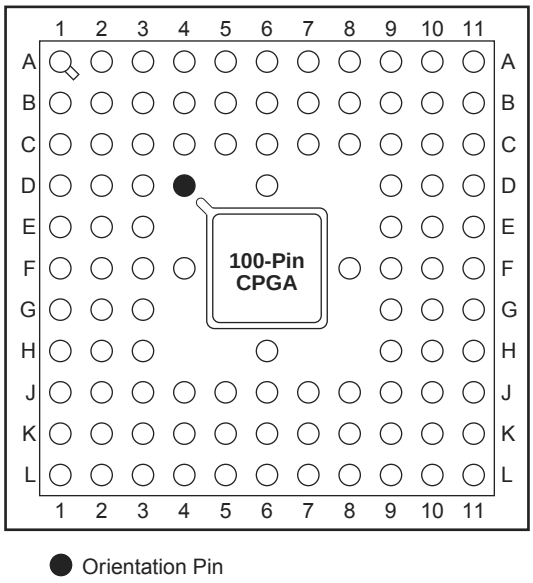
CQ172



Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx

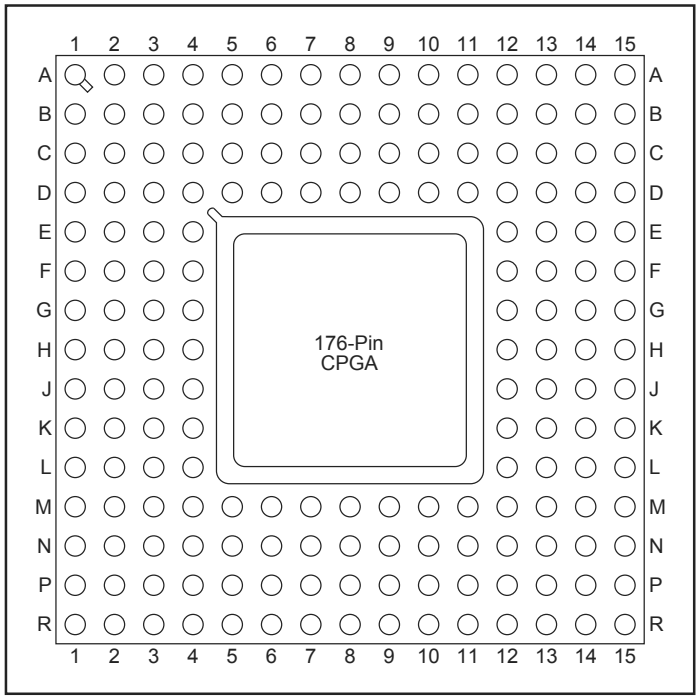
PG100



Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx

PG176



Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx

PG176	
Pin Number	**A1280A Function**
A9	CLKA, I/O
B3	DCLK, I/O
B8	CLKB, I/O
B14	SDI, I/O
C3	MODE
C8	GND
C9	PRA, I/O
D4	GND
D5	VCC
D6	GND
D7	PRB, I/O
D8	VCC
D10	GND
D11	VCC
D12	GND
E4	GND
E12	GND
F4	VCC
F12	GND
G4	GND
G12	VCC
H2	VCC

PG176	
Pin Number	**A1280A Function**
H3	VCC
H4	GND
H12	GND
H13	VCC
H14	VCC
J4	VCC
J12	GND
J13	GND
J14	VCC
K4	GND
K12	GND
L4	GND
M4	GND
M5	VCC
M6	GND
M8	GND
M10	GND
M11	VCC
M12	GND
N8	VCC
P13	SDO

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

4 – Datasheet Information

List of Changes

The following table lists critical changes that were made in each version of the datasheet.

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 8 (January 2012)	The ACT 2 datasheet was formatted newly in the style used for current datasheets. The same information is present (other than noted in the list of changes for this revision) but divided into chapters.	N/A
	Package names used in Table 1 • ACT 2 Product Family Profile and throughout the document were revised to match standards given in *Package Mechanical Drawings* (SAR 27395).	I
	The description for SDO pins had earlier been removed from the datasheet and has now been included again, in the "Pin Descriptions" section (SAR 35819).	2-21
	SDO pin numbers had earlier been removed from package pin assignment tables in the datasheet, and have now been restored to the pin tables (SAR 35819).	3-2
Revision 7 (June 2006)	The "Ordering Information" section was revised to include RoHS information.	II
Revision 6 (December 2000)	In the "PG176" package, pin A3 was incorrectly assigned as CLKA, I/O. A3 is a user I/O. Pin A9 is CLKA, I/O.	3-21