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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	684
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	104
Number of Gates	4000
Voltage - Supply	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TJ)
Package / Case	132-BCPGA
Supplier Device Package	132-CPGA (34.54x34.54)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a1240a-1pg132b

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



Operating Conditions

Table 2-1 • Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC supply voltage	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input voltage	-0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
VO	Output voltage	-0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
IIO	I/O source sink current ²	±20	mA
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-65 to +150	°C

Notes:

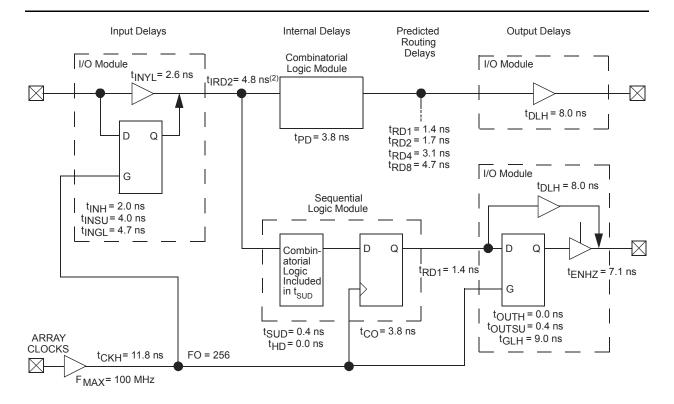
- 1. Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Device should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.
- 2. Device inputs are normally high impedance and draw extremely low current. However, when input voltage is greater than VCC + 0.5 V for less than GND -0.5 V, the internal protection diodes will be forward biased and can draw excessive current.

Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature range*	0 to +70	-40 to +85	-55 to +125	°C
Power supply tolerance	±5	±10	±10	%VCC

Note: *Ambient temperature (T_A) is used for commercial and industrial; case temperature (T_C) is used for military.

ACT 2 Timing Model¹



Notes:

- 1. Values shown for A1240A-2 at worst-case commercial conditions.
- 2. Input module predicted routing delay

Figure 2-1 • Timing Model



A1225A Timing Characteristics

Table 2-12 • A1225A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T, I = 70°C

Logic Module Propagation Delays ¹		−2 S _I	peed ³	–1 S	peed	Std. Speed		Units
Paramete	Parameter/Description		Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{PD1}	Single Module		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock to Q		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
t _{GO}	Latch G to Q		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset to Q		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
Predicte	d Routing Delays ²	L				·		
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.1		1.2		1.4	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.7		1.9		2.2	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.6		3.0	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.8		3.1		3.7	ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		4.4		4.9		5.8	ns
Sequenti	al Timing Characteristics ^{3,4}							
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Setup	0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Setup	0.8		0.9		1.0		ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.5		5.0		6.0		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.5		5.0		6.0		ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	9.4		11.0		13.0		ns
t _{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Setup	0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{outsu}	Output Buffer Latch Setup	0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		105.0		90.0		75.0	MHz

Notes:

- 1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn} , t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn} , or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD} —whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for
 estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case
 performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to
 shipment.
- 3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the DirectTime Analyzer utility.
- 4. Setup and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.

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A1225A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-13 • A1225A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, $T_J = 70^{\circ}$ C

I/O Mod	ule Input Propagation Delays		-2 S	peed	-1 S	peed	Std. Speed		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
t _{INYH}	Pad to Y High			2.9		3.3		3.8	ns
t _{INYL}	Pad to Y Low			2.6		3.0		3.5	ns
t _{INGH}	G to Y High			5.0		5.7		6.6	ns
t _{INGL}	G to Y Low			4.7		5.4		6.3	ns
Input Mo	odule Predicted Input Routing Del	ays [*]							
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			4.1		4.6		5.4	ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			4.6		5.2		6.1	ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			5.3		6.0		7.1	ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			5.7		6.4		7.6	ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			7.4		8.3		9.8	ns
Global (Clock Network								
t _{CKH}	Input Low to High	FO = 32		10.2		11.0		12.8	ns
		FO = 256		11.8		13.0		15.7	
t _{CKL}	Input High to Low	FO = 32		10.2		11.0		12.8	ns
		FO = 256		12.0		13.2		15.9	
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	FO = 32	3.4		4.1		4.5		ns
		FO = 256	3.8		4.5		5.0		
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	FO = 32	3.4		4.1		4.5		ns
		FO = 256	3.8		4.5		5.0		
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.7		0.7		0.7	ns
		FO = 256		3.5		3.5		3.5	
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Setup	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 256	0.0		0.0		0.0		
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	7.0		7.0		7.0		ns
		FO = 256	11.2		11.2		11.2		
t _P	Minimum Period	FO = 32	7.7		8.3		9.1		ns
		FO = 256	8.1		8.8		10.0		
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		130.0		120.0		110.0	ns
		FO = 256		125.0		115.0		100.0]

Note: *These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Optimization techniques may further reduce delays by 0 to 4 ns. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.



A1225A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-14 • A1225A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C

TTL Output Module Timing ¹ Parameter/Description		-2 S	-2 Speed		peed	Std. Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{DLH}	Data to Pad High		8.0		9.0		10.6	ns
t _{DHL}	Data to Pad Low		10.1		11.4		13.4	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to High		8.9		10.0		11.8	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to Low		11.6		13.2		15.5	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad High to Z		7.1		8.0		9.4	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad Low to Z		8.3		9.5		11.1	ns
t _{GLH}	G to Pad High		8.9		10.2		11.9	ns
t _{GHL}	G to Pad Low		11.2		12.7		14.9	ns
d_{TLH}	Delta Low to High		0.07		0.08		0.09	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta High to Low		0.12		0.13		0.16	ns/pF
CMOS	Output Module Timing ¹	•						.1.
t _{DLH}	Data to Pad High		10.1		11.5		13.5	ns
t _{DHL}	Data to Pad Low		8.4		9.6		11.2	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to High		8.9		10.0		11.8	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to Low		11.6		13.2		15.5	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad High to Z		7.1		8.0		9.4	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad Low to Z		8.3		9.5		11.1	ns
t _{GLH}	G to Pad High		8.9		10.2		11.9	ns
t _{GHL}	G to Pad Low		11.2		12.7		14.9	ns
d _{TLH}	Delta Low to High		0.12		0.13		0.16	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta High to Low		0.09		0.10		0.12	ns/pF

Notes:

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^{1.} Delays based on 50 pF loading.

^{2.} SSO information can be found at www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/appnotes/board_consideration.aspx.



A1240A Timing Characteristics

Table 2-15 • A1240A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T, I = 70°C

Logic Module Propagation Delays ¹		peed ³	-1 Speed		Std. Speed		Units
Parameter/Description		Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	1
Single Module		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
Sequential Clock to Q		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
Latch G to Q		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset to Q		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
d Routing Delays ²	L	.1.			ı		1.
FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.4		1.5		1.8	ns
FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.7		2.0		2.3	ns
FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.6		3.0	ns
FO = 4 Routing Delay		3.1		3.5		4.1	ns
FO = 8 Routing Delay		4.7		5.4		6.3	ns
al Timing Characteristics ^{3,4}		•		•	•		•
Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Setup	0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Setup	0.8		0.9		1.0		ns
Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.5		6.0		6.5		ns
Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.5		6.0		6.5		ns
Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	9.8		12.0		15.0		ns
Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
Input Buffer Latch Setup	0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
Output Buffer Latch Setup	0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		100.0		80.0		66.0	MHz
	Single Module Sequential Clock to Q Latch G to Q Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset to Q d Routing Delays² FO = 1 Routing Delay FO = 2 Routing Delay FO = 3 Routing Delay FO = 8 Routing Delay FO = 8 Routing Delay FO = 8 Routing Delay FIip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Setup Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Setup Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width Flip-Flop Clock Input Period Input Buffer Latch Hold Input Buffer Latch Hold Output Buffer Latch Hold Output Buffer Latch Setup	Single Module Sequential Clock to Q Latch G to Q Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset to Q ROuting Delays FO = 1 Routing Delay FO = 2 Routing Delay FO = 3 Routing Delay FO = 8 Routing Delay FO = 8 Routing Delay FO = 8 Routing Delay FIp-Flop (Latch) Data Input Setup Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Setup Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width Flip-Flop Clock Input Period Input Buffer Latch Hold O.0 Output Buffer Latch Setup O.4	Single Module Sequential Clock to Q Sequential Clock O Sequential Clo	Single Module Sequential Clock to Q Latch G to Q Sequential Place It o Q Sequential Clock to Q Sequential Clock Sequ	Min. Max. Min. Max. Min. Max. Single Module 3.8 4.3	Min. Max. Min. Max. Min. Max. Min. Min. Single Module	Min. Max. So. So. Sequential Clock to Q 3.8 4.3 5.0 Max. So. Max. Min. Min. Max. Min. Max. Min. Max. Min. Min. Max. Min. Max. Min. Max. Min. Max. Min. Min. Max. Min

Notes:

- $1. \quad \textit{For dual-module macros, use } t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, \ t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, \ \textit{or } t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD} \textit{whichever is appropriate.} \\$
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for
 estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case
 performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to
 shipment.
- 3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the DirectTime Analyzer utility.
- 4. Setup and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.



A1280A Timing Characteristics

Table 2-18 • A1280A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T, I = 70°C

Logic Module Propagation Delays ¹		−2 S _I	peed ³	–1 S	peed	Std. Speed		Units
Paramete	Parameter/Description		Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{PD1}	Single Module		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock to Q		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
t_{GO}	Latch G to Q		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset to Q		3.8		4.3		5.0	ns
Predicte	d Routing Delays ²					ı		
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.7		2.0		2.3	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.5		2.8		3.3	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		3.0		3.4		4.0	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		3.7		4.2		4.9	ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		6.7		7.5		8.8	ns
Sequenti	al Timing Characteristics ^{3,4}							
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Setup	0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Setup	0.8		0.9		1.0		ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	5.5		6.0		7.0		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Asynchronous Pulse Width	5.5		6.0		7.0		ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	11.7		13.3		18.0		ns
t _{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Setup	0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
t _{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{outsu}	Output Buffer Latch Setup	0.4		0.4		0.5		ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		85.0		75.0		50.0	MHz

Notes:

- 1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn} , t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn} , or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD} —whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for
 estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case
 performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to
 shipment.
- 3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the DirectTime Analyzer utility.
- 4. Setup and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.

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Table 2-20 • A1280A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C

TTL Output Module Timing ¹		-2 S	peed	-1 Speed		ed Std. Speed		Units
Parame	Parameter/Description		Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{DLH}	Data to Pad High		8.1		9.0		10.6	ns
t _{DHL}	Data to Pad Low		10.2		11.4		13.4	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to High		9.0		10.0		11.8	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to Low		11.8		13.2		15.5	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad High to Z		7.1		8.0		9.4	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad Low to Z		8.4		9.5		11.1	ns
t _{GLH}	G to Pad High		9.0		10.2		11.9	ns
t _{GHL}	G to Pad Low		11.3		12.7		14.9	ns
d_TLH	Delta Low to High		0.07		0.08		0.09	ns/pF
d_THL	Delta High to Low		0.12		0.13		0.16	ns/pF
CMOS	Dutput Module Timing ¹	•						
t _{DLH}	Data to Pad High		10.3		11.5		13.5	ns
t _{DHL}	Data to Pad Low		8.5		9.6		11.2	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to High		9.0		10.0		11.8	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to Low		11.8		13.2		15.5	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad High to Z		7.1		8.0		9.4	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad Low to Z		8.4		9.5		11.1	ns
t _{GLH}	G to Pad High		9.0		10.2		11.9	ns
t _{GHL}	G to Pad Low		11.3		12.7		14.9	ns
d_{TLH}	Delta Low to High		0.12		0.13		0.16	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Delta High to Low		0.09		0.10		0.12	ns/pF

Notes:

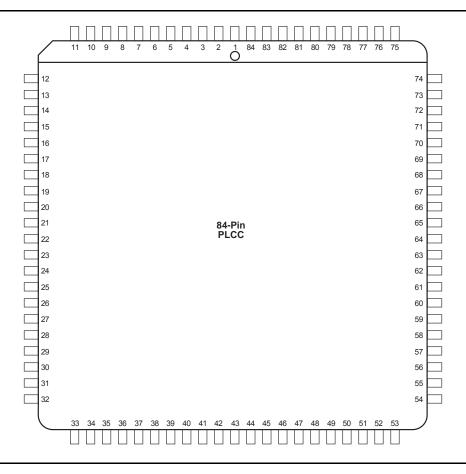
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^{1.} Delays based on 50 pF loading.

^{2.} SSO information can be found at www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/appnotes/board_consideration.aspx.



PL84



Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx.



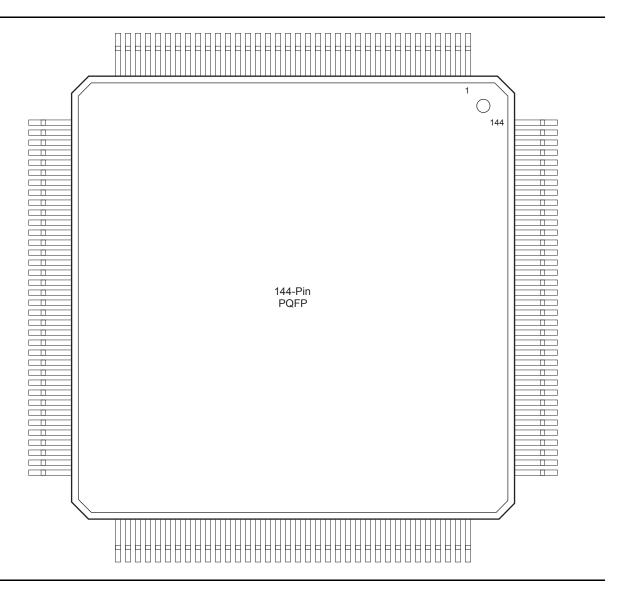
PL84						
Pin Number	A1225A Function	A1240A Function	A1280A Function			
2	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O			
4	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O			
6	GND	GND	GND			
10	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O			
12	MODE	MODE	MODE			
22	VCC	VCC	VCC			
23	VCC	VCC	VCC			
28	GND	GND	GND			
43	VCC	VCC	VCC			
49	GND	GND	GND			
52	SDO	SDO	SDO			
63	GND	GND	GND			
64	VCC	VCC	VCC			
65	VCC	VCC	VCC			
70	GND	GND	GND			
76	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O			
81	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O			
83	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O			
84	VCC	VCC	VCC			

Notes:

- 1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
- 2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

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PQ144



Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx



PQ144						
Pin Number	A1240A Function					
2	MODE					
9	GND					
10	GND					
11	GND					
18	VCC					
19	VCC					
20	VCC					
21	VCC					
28	GND					
29	GND					
30	GND					
44	GND					
45	GND					
46	GND					
54	VCC					
55	VCC					
56	VCC					
64	GND					
65	GND					
71	SDO					
79	GND					
80	GND					
81	GND					
88	GND					

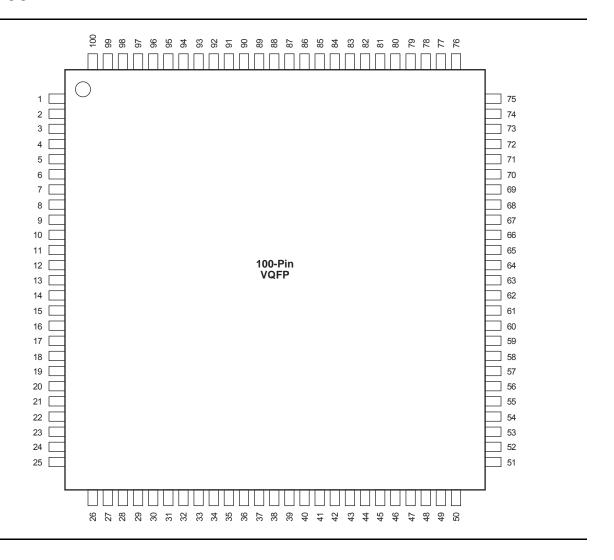
PQ144					
Pin Number	A1240A Function				
89	VCC				
90	VCC				
91	VCC				
92	VCC				
93	VCC				
100	GND				
101	GND				
102	GND				
110	SDI, I/O				
116	GND				
117	GND				
118	GND				
123	PRA, I/O				
125	CLKA, I/O				
126	VCC				
127	VCC				
128	VCC				
130	CLKB, I/O				
132	PRB, I/O				
136	GND				
137	GND				
138	GND				
144	DCLK, I/O				

Notes:

- 1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
- 2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

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VQ100



Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx



VQ100				
Pin Number	A1225A Function			
2	MODE			
7	GND			
14	VCC			
15	VCC			
20	GND			
32	GND			
38	VCC			
44	GND			
50	SDO			
55	GND			
62	GND			
63	VCC			

VQ100				
Pin Number	A1225A Function			
64	VCC			
65	VCC			
70	GND			
77	SDI, I/O			
82	GND			
85	PRA, I/O			
87	CLKA, I/O			
88	VCC			
90	CLKB, I/O			
92	PRB, I/O			
94	GND			
100	DCLK, I/O			

Notes:

- 1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
- 2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

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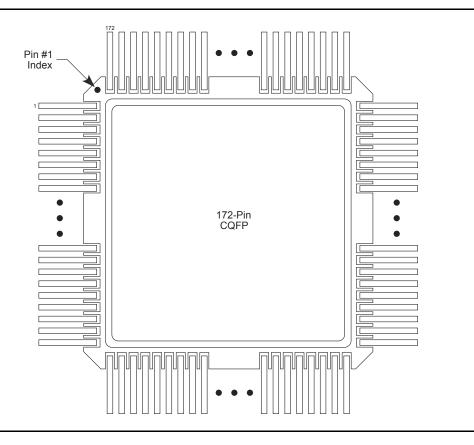


TQ176					
Pin Number	A1240A Function	A1280A Function			
155	VCC	VCC			
156	GND	GND			
158	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O			
160	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O			
161	NC	I/O			
165	NC	NC			
166	NC	I/O			
168	NC	I/O			
170	NC	VCC			
173	NC	I/O			
175	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O			

Notes:

- 1. NC denotes no connection.
- 2. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
- 3. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

CQ172



Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx

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PG100				
Pin Number	A1225A Function			
A4	PRB, I/O			
A7	PRA, I/O			
B6	VCC			
C2	MODE			
C3	DCLK, I/O			
C5	GND			
C6	CLKA, I/O			
C7	GND			
C8	SDI, I/O			
D6	CLKB, I/O			
D10	GND			
E3	GND			

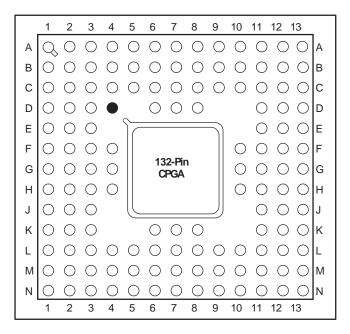
PG100				
Pin Number	A1225A Function			
E11	VCC			
F3	VCC			
F9	VCC			
F10	VCC			
F11	GND			
G1	VCC			
G3	GND			
G9	GND			
J5	GND			
J7	GND			
J9	SDO			
K6	VCC			

Notes:

- 1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
- 2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.



PG132



Orientation Pin

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx

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Datasheet Information

Datasheet Categories

Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheet parameters are published before data has been fully characterized from silicon devices. The data provided for a given device is designated as either "Product Brief," "Advance," "Preliminary," or "Production." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

Product Brief

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advance or production) and contains general product information. This document gives an overview of specific device and family information.

Advance

This version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production. This label only applies to the DC and Switching Characteristics chapter of the datasheet and will only be used when the data has not been fully characterized.

Preliminary

The datasheet contains information based on simulation and/or initial characterization. The information is believed to be correct, but changes are possible.

Production

This version contains information that is considered to be final.

Export Administration Regulations (EAR)

The products described in this document are subject to the Export Administration Regulations (EAR). They could require an approved export license prior to export from the United States. An export includes release of product or disclosure of technology to a foreign national inside or outside the United States.

Safety Critical, Life Support, and High-Reliability Applications Policy

The products described in this advance status document may not have completed the Microsemi qualification process. Products may be amended or enhanced during the product introduction and qualification process, resulting in changes in device functionality or performance. It is the responsibility of each customer to ensure the fitness of any product (but especially a new product) for a particular purpose, including appropriateness for safety-critical, life-support, and other high-reliability applications. Consult the Microsemi SoC Products Group Terms and Conditions for specific liability exclusions relating to life-support applications. A reliability report covering all of the SoC Products Group's products is available at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/ORT_Report.pdf. Microsemi also offers a variety of enhanced qualification and lot acceptance screening procedures. Contact your local sales office for additional reliability information.

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