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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	684
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	104
Number of Gates	4000
Voltage - Supply	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	144-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a1240a-pqg144c

Product Plan

Device/Package	Speed Grade ¹			Application ¹			
	Std.	–1	–2	C	I	M	B
A1225A Device							
84-Pin Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PL)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–
100-Pin Plastic Quad Flatpack (PQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–
100-Pin Very Thin Quad Flatpack (VQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–	–
100-Pin Ceramic Pin Grid Array (PG)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–	–
A1240A Device							
84-Pin Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PL)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–
132-Pin Ceramic Pin Grid Array (PG)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	✓	✓
144-Pin Plastic Quad Flat Pack (PQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–
176-Pin Thin (1.4 mm) Quad Flat Pack (TQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–	–
A1280A Device							
160-Pin Plastic Quad Flatpack (PQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–
172-Pin Ceramic Quad Flatpack (CQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	✓	✓
176-Pin Ceramic Pin Grid Array (PG)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	✓	✓
176-Pin Thin (1.4 mm) Quad Flat Pack (TQ)	✓	✓	✓	✓	–	–	–

Notes:

1. **Applications:**
 C = Commercial
 I = Industrial
 M = Military
 B = MIL-STD-883

Availability:
 ✓ = Available
 P = Planned
 – = Not planned

Speed Grade:
 –1 = Approx. 15% faster than Std.
 –2 = Approx. 25% faster than Std.

2. Contact your Microsemi SoC Products Group sales representative for product availability.

Device Resources

Device Series	Logic Modules	Gates	User I/Os									
			PG176	PG132	PG100	PQ160	PQ144	PQ100	PL84	CQ172	TQ176	VQ100
A1225A	451	2,500	–	–	83	–	–	83	72	–	–	83
A1240A	684	4,000	–	104	–	–	104	–	72	–	104	–
A1280A	1,232	8,000	140	–	–	125	–	–	72	140	140	–

Contact your local Microsemi SoC Products Group representative for device availability:

<http://www.microsemi.com/soc/contact/default.aspx>.

Package Thermal Characteristics

The device junction to case thermal characteristic is θ_{jc} , and the junction to ambient air characteristic is θ_{ja} . The thermal characteristics for θ_{ja} are shown with two different air flow rates.

Maximum junction temperature is 150°C.

A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for a PQ160 package at commercial temperature and still air is as follows:

$$\frac{\text{Max. junction temp. (°C)} - \text{Max. ambient temp. (°C)}}{\theta_{ja} \text{ °C/W}} = \frac{150^{\circ}\text{C} - 70^{\circ}\text{C}}{33^{\circ}\text{C/W}} = 2.4 \text{ W}$$

EQ 1

Table 2-4 • Package Thermal Characteristics

Package Type*	Pin Count	θ_{jc}	θ_{ja} Still Air	θ_{ja} 300 ft./min.	Units
Ceramic Pin Grid Array	100	5	35	17	°C/W
	132	5	30	15	°C/W
	176	8	23	12	°C/W
Ceramic Quad Flatpack	172	8	25	15	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flatpack ¹	100	13	48	40	°C/W
	144	15	40	32	°C/W
	160	15	38	30	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	84	12	37	28	°C/W
Very Thin Quad Flatpack	100	12	43	35	°C/W
Thin Quad Flatpack	176	15	32	25	°C/W

Notes: (Maximum Power in Still Air)

1. Maximum power dissipation values for PQFP packages are 1.9 W (PQ100), 2.3 W (PQ144), and 2.4 W (PQ160).
2. Maximum power dissipation for PLCC packages is 2.7 W.
3. Maximum power dissipation for VQFP packages is 2.3 W.
4. Maximum power dissipation for TQFP packages is 3.1 W.

Power Dissipation

$$P = [\text{ICC standby} + \text{ICC active}] * V_{CC} + \text{IOL} * \text{VOL} * N + \text{IOH} * (V_{CC} - \text{VOH}) * M$$

EQ 2

where:

ICC standby is the current flowing when no inputs or outputs are changing

ICC active is the current flowing due to CMOS switching.

IOL and IOH are TTL sink/source currents.

VOL and VOH are TTL level output voltages.

N is the number of outputs driving TTL loads to VOL.

M is the number of outputs driving TTL loads to VOH.

An accurate determination of N and M is problematical because their values depend on the family type, design details, and on the system I/O. The power can be divided into two components: static and active.

Determining Average Switching Frequency

To determine the switching frequency for a design, you must have a detailed understanding of the data input values to the circuit. The following guidelines are meant to represent worst-case scenarios so that they can be generally used to predict the upper limits of power dissipation. These guidelines are given in Table 2-8.

Table 2-8 • Guidelines for Predicting Power Dissipation

Data	Value
Logic Modules (m)	80% of modules
Inputs switching (n)	# inputs/4
Outputs switching (p)	# output/4
First routed array clock loads (q1)	40% of sequential modules
Second routed array clock loads (q2)	40% of sequential modules
Load capacitance (C_L)	35 pF
Average logic module switching rate (f_m)	F/10
Average input switching rate (f_n)	F/5
Average output switching rate (f_p)	F/10
Average first routed array clock rate (f_{q1})	F
Average second routed array clock rate (f_{q2})	F/2

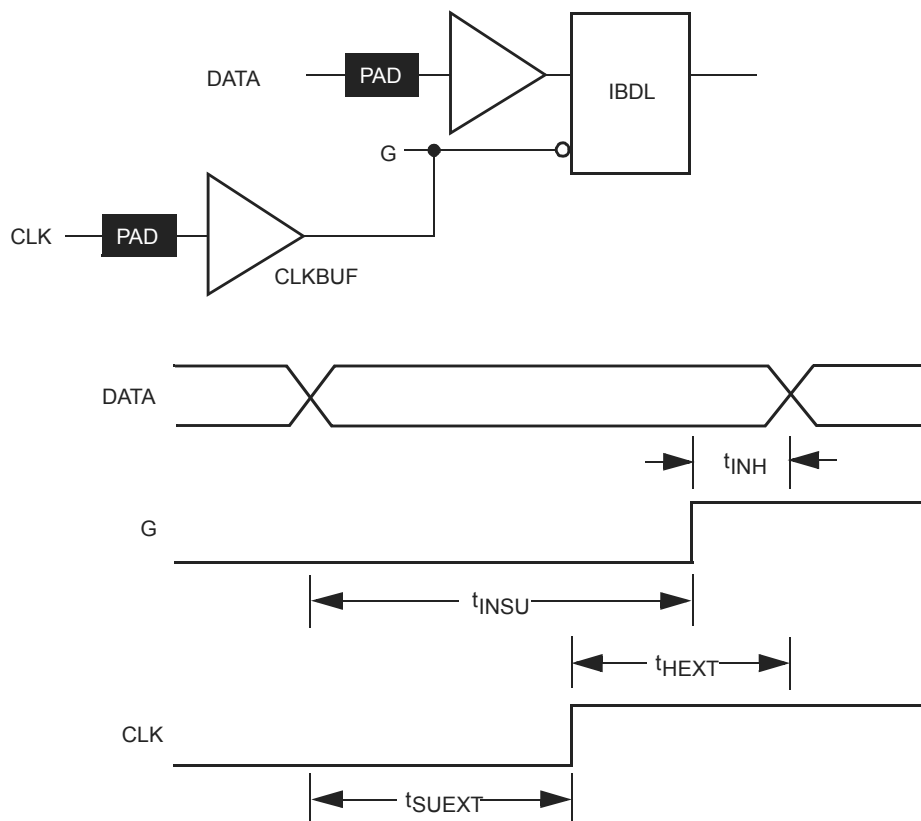


Figure 2-7 • Input Buffer Latches

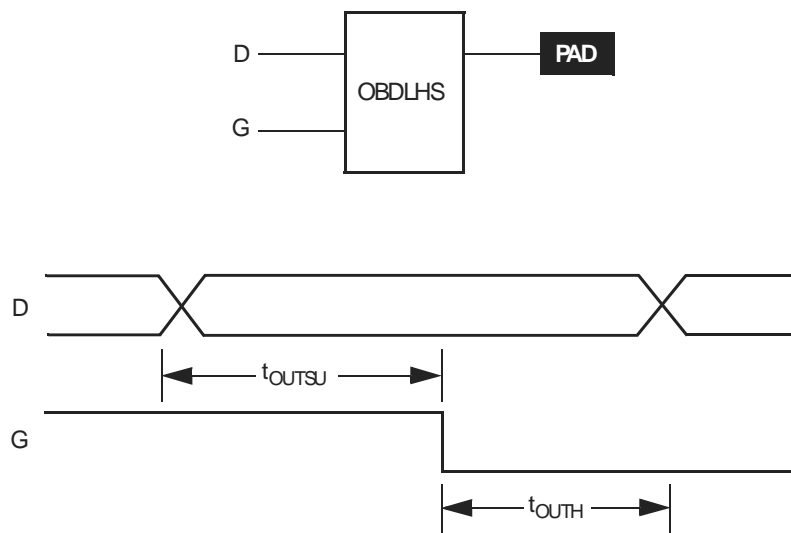


Figure 2-8 • Output Buffer Latches

Timing Derating Factor (Temperature and Voltage)

Table 2-9 • Timing Derating Factor (Temperature and Voltage)

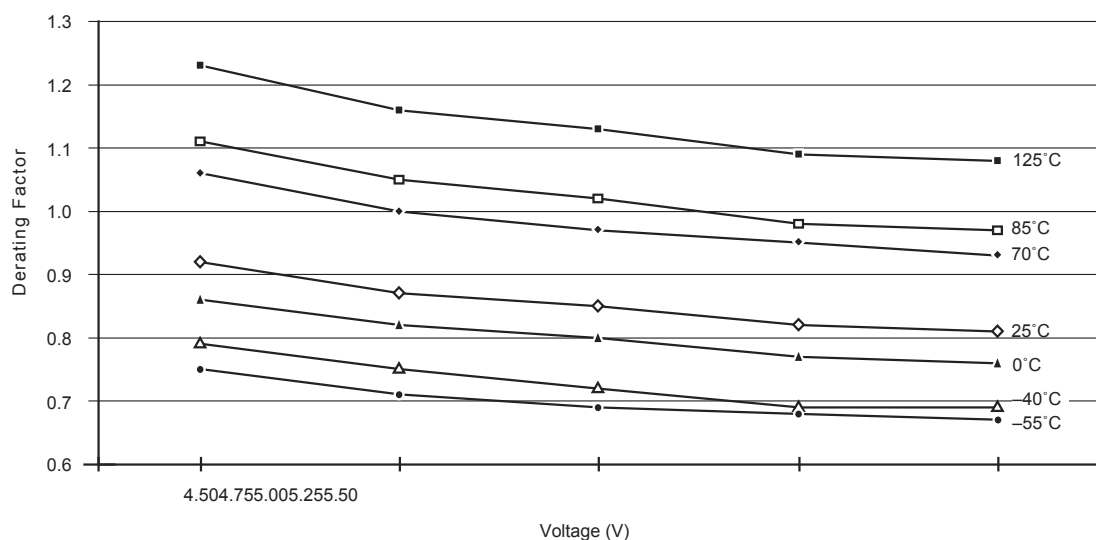
(Commercial Minimum/Maximum Specification) x	Industrial		Military	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
	0.69	1.11	0.67	1.23

Table 2-10 • Timing Derating Factor for Designs at Typical Temperature ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$) and Voltage (5.0 V)

(Commercial Maximum Specification) x	0.85
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**Table 2-11 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors
(normalized to Worst-Case Commercial, $T_J = 4.75\text{ V}$, 70°C)**

	-55	-40	0	25	70	85	125
4.50	0.75	0.79	0.86	0.92	1.06	1.11	1.23
4.75	0.71	0.75	0.82	0.87	1.00	1.05	1.13
5.00	0.69	0.72	0.80	0.85	0.97	1.02	1.13
5.25	0.68	0.69	0.77	0.82	0.95	0.98	1.09
5.50	0.67	0.69	0.76	0.81	0.93	0.97	1.08



Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays.

**Figure 2-9 • Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves
(normalized to Worst-Case Commercial, $T_J = 4.75\text{ V}$, 70°C)**

A1225A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-13 • A1225A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C

I/O Module Input Propagation Delays			–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		Units
Parameter/Description			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{INYH}	Pad to Y High			2.9		3.3		3.8	ns
t _{INYL}	Pad to Y Low			2.6		3.0		3.5	ns
t _{INGH}	G to Y High			5.0		5.7		6.6	ns
t _{INGL}	G to Y Low			4.7		5.4		6.3	ns
Input Module Predicted Input Routing Delays*									
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			4.1		4.6		5.4	ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			4.6		5.2		6.1	ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			5.3		6.0		7.1	ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			5.7		6.4		7.6	ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			7.4		8.3		9.8	ns
Global Clock Network									
t _{CKH}	Input Low to High	FO = 32		10.2		11.0		12.8	ns
		FO = 256		11.8		13.0		15.7	
t _{CKL}	Input High to Low	FO = 32		10.2		11.0		12.8	ns
		FO = 256		12.0		13.2		15.9	
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	FO = 32	3.4		4.1		4.5		ns
		FO = 256	3.8		4.5		5.0		
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	FO = 32	3.4		4.1		4.5		ns
		FO = 256	3.8		4.5		5.0		
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.7		0.7		0.7	ns
		FO = 256		3.5		3.5		3.5	
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Setup	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 256	0.0		0.0		0.0		
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	7.0		7.0		7.0		ns
		FO = 256	11.2		11.2		11.2		
t _P	Minimum Period	FO = 32	7.7		8.3		9.1		ns
		FO = 256	8.1		8.8		10.0		
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		130.0		120.0		110.0	ns
		FO = 256		125.0		115.0		100.0	

Note: *These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Optimization techniques may further reduce delays by 0 to 4 ns. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

A1240A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-16 • A1240A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C

I/O Module Input Propagation Delays			–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		Units
Parameter/Description			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{INYH}	Pad to Y High			2.9		3.3		3.8	ns
t _{INYL}	Pad to Y Low			2.6		3.0		3.5	ns
t _{INGH}	G to Y High			5.0		5.7		6.6	ns
t _{INGL}	G to Y Low			4.7		5.4		6.3	ns
Input Module Predicted Input Routing Delays*									
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			4.2		4.8		5.6	ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			4.8		5.4		6.4	ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			5.4		6.1		7.2	ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			5.9		6.7		7.9	ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			7.9		8.9		10.5	ns
Global Clock Network									
t _{CKH}	Input Low to High	FO = 32		10.2		11.0		12.8	ns
		FO = 256		11.8		13.0		15.7	
t _{CKL}	Input High to Low	FO = 32		10.2		11.0		12.8	ns
		FO = 256		12.0		13.2		15.9	
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High	FO = 32	3.8		4.5		5.5		ns
		FO = 256	4.1		5.0		5.8		
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low	FO = 32	3.8		4.5		5.5		ns
		FO = 256	4.1		5.0		5.8		
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.5		0.5		0.5	ns
		FO = 256		2.5		2.5		2.5	
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Setup	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 256	0.0		0.0		0.0		
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	7.0		7.0		7.0		ns
		FO = 256	11.2		11.2		11.2		
t _P	Minimum Period	FO = 32	8.1		9.1		11.1		ns
		FO = 256	8.8		10.0		11.7		
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		125.0		110.0		90.0	ns
		FO = 256		115.0		100.0		85.0	

Note: *These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Optimization techniques may further reduce delays by 0 to 4 ns. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual worst-case performance. Post-route timing is based on actual routing delay measurements performed on the device prior to shipment.

A1240A Timing Characteristics (continued)

Table 2-17 • A1240A Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C

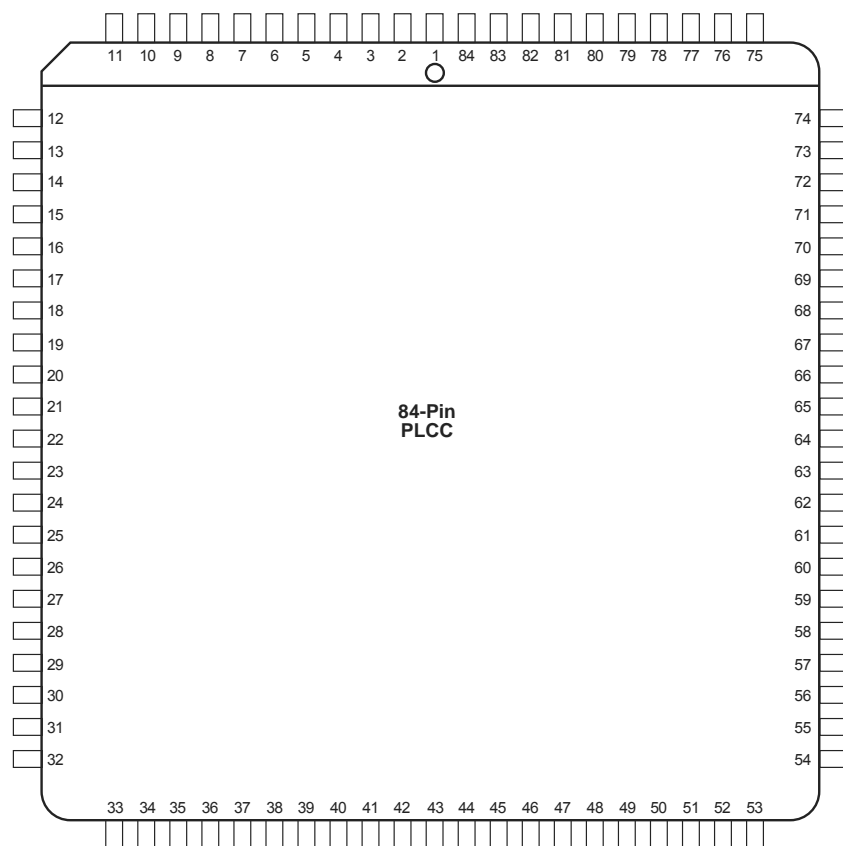
TTL Output Module Timing ¹		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std. Speed		Units
Parameter/Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{DLH}	Data to Pad High		8.0		9.0		10.6	ns
t _{DHL}	Data to Pad Low		10.1		11.4		13.4	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to High		8.9		10.0		11.8	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to Low		11.7		13.2		15.5	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad High to Z		7.1		8.0		9.4	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad Low to Z		8.4		9.5		11.1	ns
t _{GLH}	G to Pad High		9.0		10.2		11.9	ns
t _{GHL}	G to Pad Low		11.2		12.7		14.9	ns
d _{TLH}	Delta Low to High		0.07		0.08		0.09	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta High to Low		0.12		0.13		0.16	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing ¹								
t _{DLH}	Data to Pad High		10.2		11.5		13.5	ns
t _{DHL}	Data to Pad Low		8.4		9.6		11.2	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to High		8.9		10.0		11.8	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to Low		11.7		13.2		15.5	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad High to Z		7.1		8.0		9.4	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad Low to Z		8.4		9.5		11.1	ns
t _{GLH}	G to Pad High		9.0		10.2		11.9	ns
t _{GHL}	G to Pad Low		11.2		12.7		14.9	ns
d _{TLH}	Delta Low to High		0.12		0.13		0.16	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta High to Low		0.09		0.10		0.12	ns/pF

Notes:

1. Delays based on 50 pF loading.
2. SSO information can be found at www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/appnotes/board_consideration.aspx.

3 – Package Pin Assignments

PL84



Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>.

PL84			
Pin Number	A1225A Function	A1240A Function	A1280A Function
2	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
4	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
6	GND	GND	GND
10	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
12	MODE	MODE	MODE
22	VCC	VCC	VCC
23	VCC	VCC	VCC
28	GND	GND	GND
43	VCC	VCC	VCC
49	GND	GND	GND
52	SDO	SDO	SDO
63	GND	GND	GND
64	VCC	VCC	VCC
65	VCC	VCC	VCC
70	GND	GND	GND
76	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
81	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
83	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
84	VCC	VCC	VCC

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

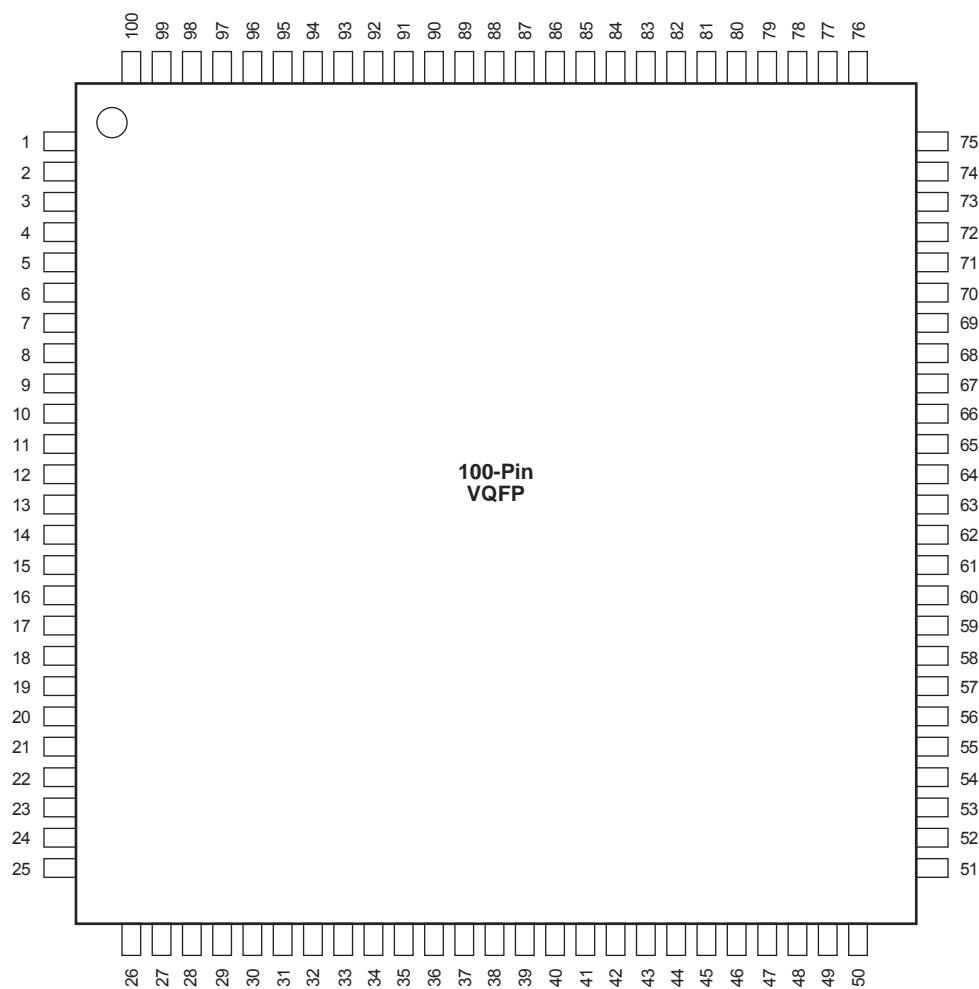
PQ160	
Pin Number	A1280A Function
2	DCLK, I/O
6	VCC
11	GND
16	PRB, I/O
18	CLKB, I/O
20	VCC
21	CLKA, I/O
23	PRA, I/O
30	GND
35	VCC
38	SDI, I/O
40	GND
44	GND
49	GND
54	VCC
57	VCC
58	VCC
59	GND
60	VCC
61	GND
64	GND

PQ160	
Pin Number	A1280A Function
69	GND
80	GND
82	SDO
86	VCC
89	GN
98	GND
99	GND
109	GND
114	VCC
120	GND
125	GND
130	GND
135	VCC
138	VCC
139	VCC
140	GND
145	GND
150	VCC
155	GND
159	MODE
160	GND

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

VQ100



Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

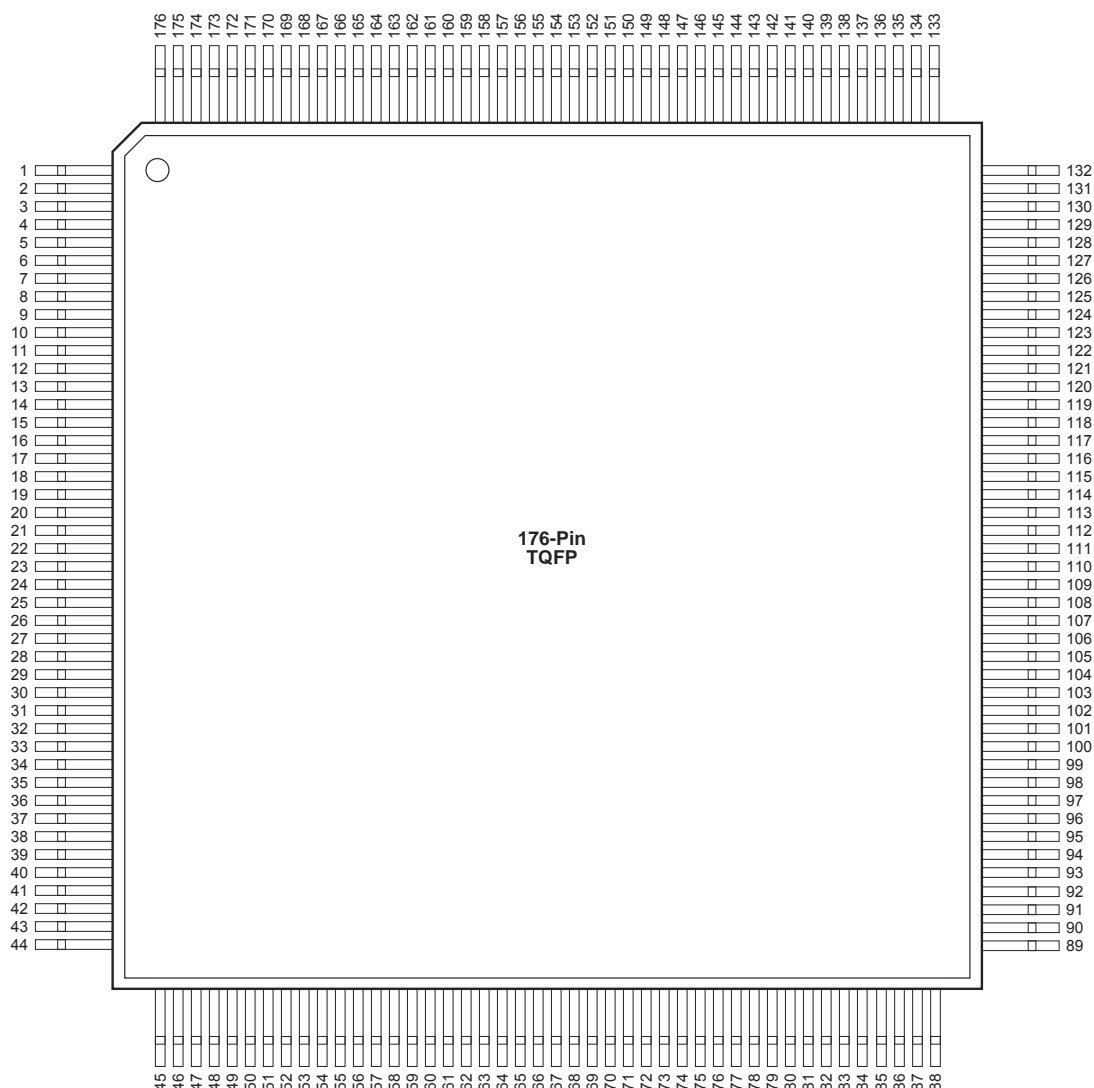
VQ100	
Pin Number	A1225A Function
2	MODE
7	GND
14	VCC
15	VCC
20	GND
32	GND
38	VCC
44	GND
50	SDO
55	GND
62	GND
63	VCC

VQ100	
Pin Number	A1225A Function
64	VCC
65	VCC
70	GND
77	SDI, I/O
82	GND
85	PRA, I/O
87	CLKA, I/O
88	VCC
90	CLKB, I/O
92	PRB, I/O
94	GND
100	DCLK, I/O

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

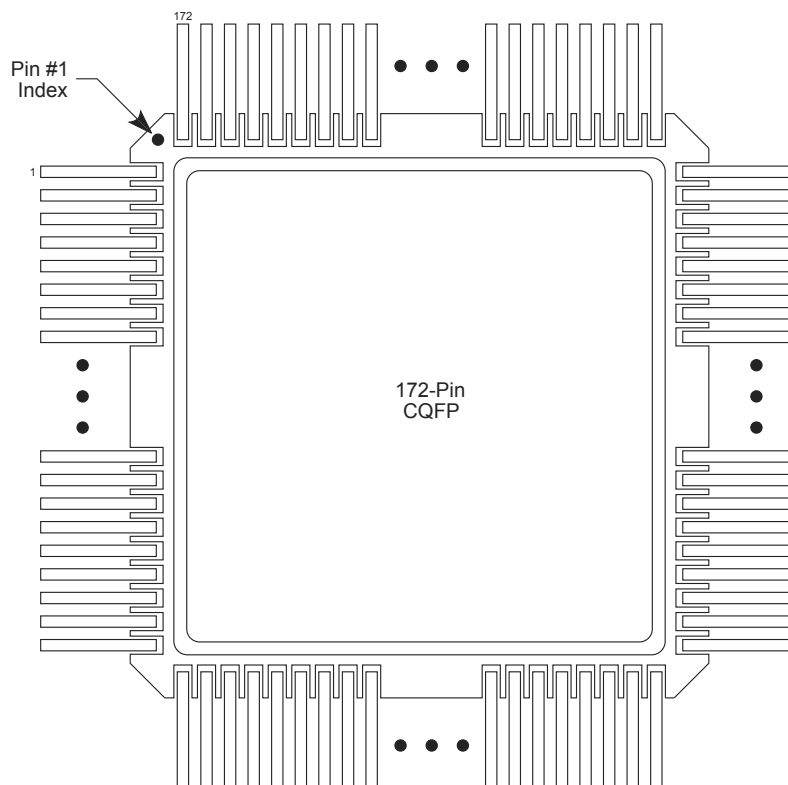
TQ176



Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

CQ172



Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

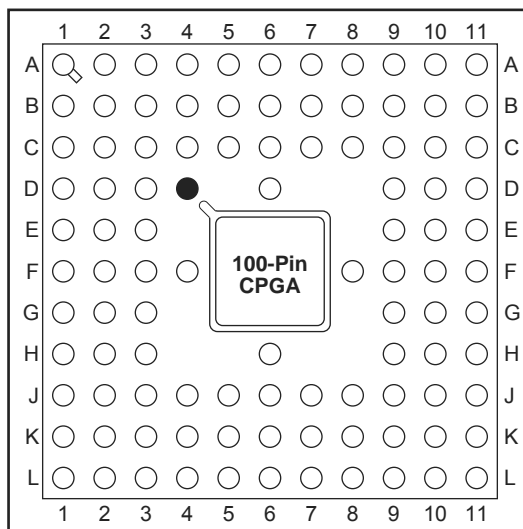
CQ172	
Pin Number	A1280A Function
1	MODE
7	GND
12	VCC
17	GND
22	GND
23	VCC
24	VCC
27	VCC
32	GND
37	GND
50	VCC
55	GND
65	GND
66	VCC
75	GND
80	VCC
85	SDO
98	GND
103	GND
106	GND

CQ172	
Pin Number	A1280A Function
107	VCC
108	GND
109	VCC
110	VCC
113	VCC
118	GND
123	GND
131	SDI, I/O
136	VCC
141	GND
148	PRA, I/O
150	CLKA, I/O
151	VCC
152	GND
154	CLKB, I/O
156	PRB, I/O
161	GND
166	VCC
171	DCLK, I/O

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

PG100



● Orientation Pin

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at <http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx>

PG132	
Pin Number	A1240A Function
A1	MODE
B5	GND
B6	CLKB, I/O
B7	CLKA, I/O
B8	PRA, I/O
B9	GND
B12	SDI, I/O
C3	DCLK, I/O
C5	GND
C6	PRB, I/O
C7	VCC
C9	GND
D7	VCC
E3	GND
E11	GND
E12	GND
F4	GND
G2	VCC

PG132	
Pin Number	A1240A Function
G3	VCC
G4	VCC
G10	VCC
G11	VCC
G12	VCC
G13	VCC
H13	GND
J2	GND
J3	GND
J11	GND
K7	VCC
K12	GND
L5	GND
L7	VCC
L9	GND
M9	GND
N12	SDO

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.

PG176	
Pin Number	A1280A Function
A9	CLKA, I/O
B3	DCLK, I/O
B8	CLKB, I/O
B14	SDI, I/O
C3	MODE
C8	GND
C9	PRA, I/O
D4	GND
D5	VCC
D6	GND
D7	PRB, I/O
D8	VCC
D10	GND
D11	VCC
D12	GND
E4	GND
E12	GND
F4	VCC
F12	GND
G4	GND
G12	VCC
H2	VCC

PG176	
Pin Number	A1280A Function
H3	VCC
H4	GND
H12	GND
H13	VCC
H14	VCC
J4	VCC
J12	GND
J13	GND
J14	VCC
K4	GND
K12	GND
L4	GND
M4	GND
M5	VCC
M6	GND
M8	GND
M10	GND
M11	VCC
M12	GND
N8	VCC
P13	SDO

Notes:

1. All unlisted pin numbers are user I/Os.
2. MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10K resistor to enable Actionprobe usage; otherwise it can be terminated directly to GND.