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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	HCS12
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	25MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, SCI, SPI
Peripherals	PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	59
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	12K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.35V ~ 5.25V
Data Converters	A/D 8x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	80-QFP
Supplier Device Package	80-QFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mc9s12dt256vfue

6.1	CPU12 Block Description	79
6.2	HCS12 Module Mapping Control (MMC) Block Description	79
6.2.1	Device specific information	79
6.3	HCS12 Multiplexed External Bus Interface (MEBI) Block Description	79
6.3.1	Device specific information	79
6.4	HCS12 Interrupt (INT) Block description	79
6.5	HCS12 Background Debug (BDM) Block Description	79
6.6	HCS12 Breakpoint (BKP) Block Description	80

Section 7 Clock and Reset Generator (CRG) Block Description

7.1	Device-specific information.	80
7.1.1	XCLKS	80

Section 8 Enhanced Capture Timer (ECT) Block Description

Section 9 Analog to Digital Converter (ATD) Block Description

Section 10 Inter-IC Bus (IIC) Block Description

Section 11 Serial Communications Interface (SCI) Block Description

Section 12 Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Block Description

Section 13 J1850 (BDLC) Block Description

Section 14 Pulse Width Modulator (PWM) Block Description

Section 15 Flash EEPROM 256K Block Description

Section 16 EEPROM 4K Block Description

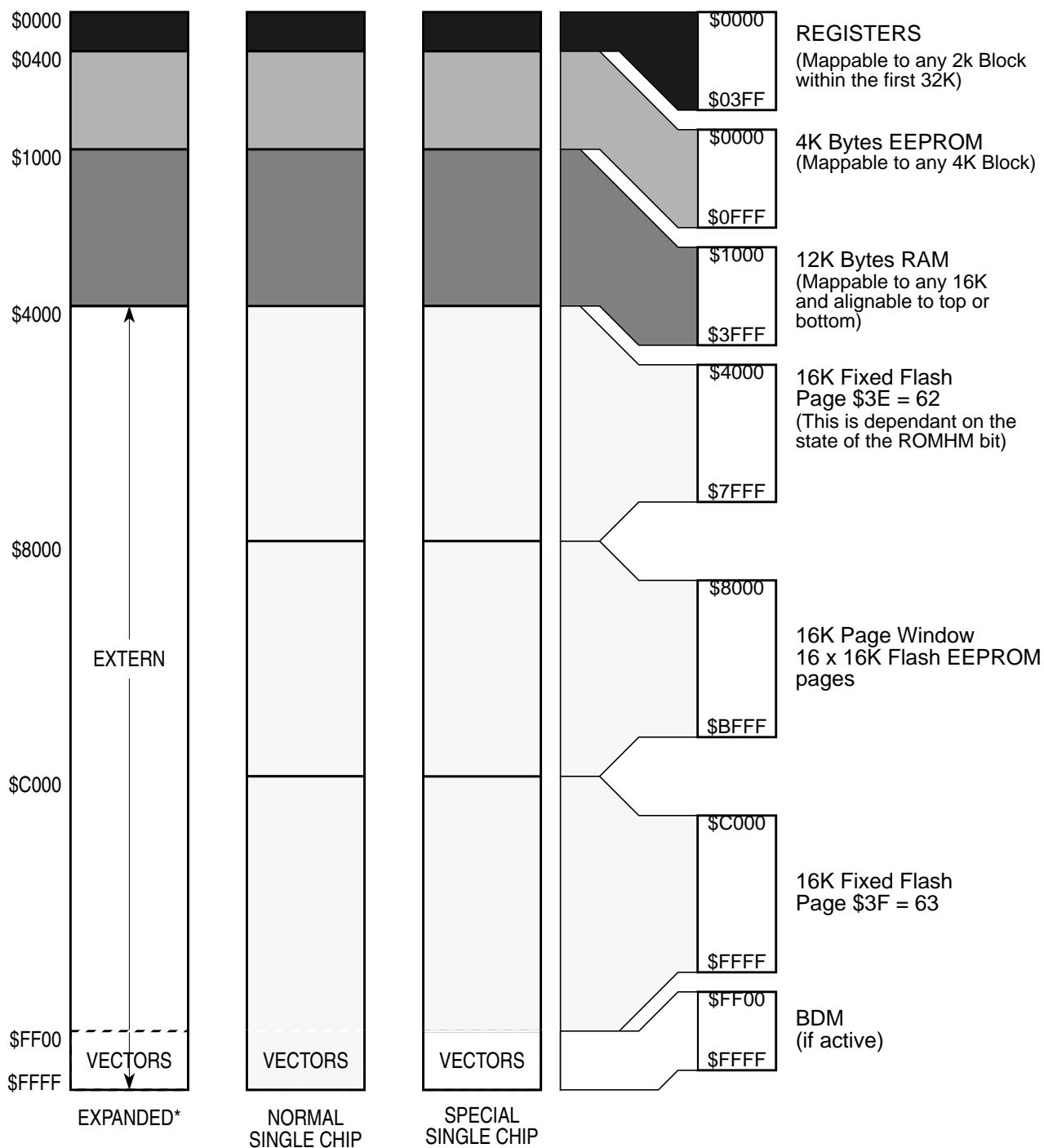
Section 17 RAM Block Description

Section 18 MSCAN Block Description

Section 19 Port Integration Module (PIM) Block Description

Section 20 Voltage Regulator (VREG) Block Description

Figure 1-2 MC9S12DT256 Memory Map



* Assuming that a '0' was driven onto port K bit 7 during MCU is reset into normal expanded wide or narrow mode.

1.6 Detailed Register Map

The following tables show the detailed register map of the MC9S12DT256.

\$0000 - \$000F

MEBI map 1 of 3 (Core User Guide)

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$0000	PORTA	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
\$0001	PORTB	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
\$0002	DDRA	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
\$0003	DDRB	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
\$0004	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0005	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0006	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0007	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0008	PORTE	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	Bit 1	Bit 0
		Write:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2		
\$0009	DDRE	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	Bit 2	0	0
		Write:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	Bit 2		
\$000A	PEAR	Read:	NOACCE	0	PIPOE	NECLK	LSTRE	RDWE	0	0
		Write:								
\$000B	MODE	Read:	MODC	MODB	MODA	0	IVIS	0	EMK	EME
		Write:								
\$000C	PUCR	Read:	PUPKE	0	0	PUPKE	0	0	PUPBE	PUPAE
		Write:								
\$000D	RDRIV	Read:	RDPK	0	0	RDPE	0	0	RDPB	RDPA
		Write:								
\$000E	EBICTL	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ESTR
		Write:								
\$000F	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								

\$0010 - \$0014

MMC map 1 of 4 (Core User Guide)

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$0010	INITRM	Read:	RAM15	RAM14	RAM13	RAM12	RAM11	0	0	RAMHAL
		Write:								
\$0011	INITRG	Read:	0	REG14	REG13	REG12	REG11	0	0	0
		Write:								

\$00A0 - \$00C7**PWM (Pulse Width Modulator 8 Bit 8 Channel)**

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$00B1	PWMCNT5	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$00B2	PWMCNT6	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$00B3	PWMCNT7	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$00B4	PWMPER0	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00B5	PWMPER1	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00B6	PWMPER2	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00B7	PWMPER3	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00B8	PWMPER4	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00B9	PWMPER5	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00BA	PWMPER6	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00BB	PWMPER7	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00BC	PWMDTY0	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00BD	PWMDTY1	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00BE	PWMDTY2	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00BF	PWMDTY3	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00C0	PWMDTY4	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00C1	PWMDTY5	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00C2	PWMDTY6	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00C3	PWMDTY7	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$00C4	PWMSDN	Read:	PWMIF	PWMIE	PWMRS TRT	PWMLVL	0	PWM7IN	PWM7IN L	PWM7E NA
		Write:								
\$00C5	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$00C6	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$00C7	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								

\$00D8 - \$00DF**SPI0 (Serial Peripheral Interface)**

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$00DC	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$00DD	SPI0DR	Read:	Bit7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit0
		Write:								
\$00DE	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$00DF	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								

\$00E0 - \$00E7**IIC (Inter IC Bus)**

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$00E0	IBAD	Read:	ADR7	ADR6	ADR5	ADR4	ADR3	ADR2	ADR1	0
		Write:								
\$00E1	IBFD	Read:	IBC7	IBC6	IBC5	IBC4	IBC3	IBC2	IBC1	IBC0
		Write:								
\$00E2	IBCR	Read:	IBEN	IBIE	MS/SL	TX/RX	TXAK	0	0	IBSWAI
		Write:						RSTA		
\$00E3	IBSR	Read:	TCF	IAAS	IBB	IBAL	0	SRW	IBIF	RXAK
		Write:								
\$00E4	IBDR	Read:	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
		Write:								
\$00E5	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$00E6	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$00E7	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								

\$00E8 - \$00EF**BDLC (Bytelevel Data Link Controller J1850)**

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$00E8	DLCBCR1	Read:	IMSG	CLKS	0	0	0	0	IE	WCM
		Write:								
\$00E9	DLCBSVR	Read:	0	0	I3	I2	I1	I0	0	0
		Write:								
\$00EA	DLCBCR2	Read:	SMRST	DLOOP	RX4XE	NBFS	TEOD	TSIFR	TMIFR1	TMIFR0
		Write:								
\$00EB	DLCBDR	Read:	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
		Write:								
\$00EC	DLCBARD	Read:	0	RXPOL	0	0	BO3	BO2	BO1	BO0
		Write:								
\$00ED	DLCBRSR	Read:	0	0	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0
		Write:								
\$00EE	DLCSCR	Read:	0	0	0	BDLCE	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$00EF	DLCBSTAT	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	IDLE
		Write:								

\$0100 - \$010F**Flash Control Register (fts256k)**

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$0104	FPROT	Read:	FPOPEN	NV6	FPHDIS	FPHS1	FPHS0	FPLDIS	FPLS1	FPLS0
		Write:								
\$0105	FSTAT	Read:	CBEIF	CCIF	PVIOL	ACCERR	0	BLANK	0	0
		Write:								
\$0106	FCMD	Read:	0	CMDB6	CMDB5	0	0	CMDB2	0	CMDB0
		Write:								
\$0107	Reserved for Factory Test	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0108	FADDRHI	Read:	0	Bit 14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit 8
		Write:								
\$0109	FADDRLO	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$010A	FDATAHI	Read:	Bit 15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit 8
		Write:								
\$010B	FDATALO	Read:	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
		Write:								
\$010C	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$010D	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$010E	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$010F	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								

\$0110 - \$011B**EEPROM Control Register (eets4k)**

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$0110	ECLKDIV	Read:	EDIVLD	PRDIV8	EDIV5	EDIV4	EDIV3	EDIV2	EDIV1	EDIV0
		Write:								
\$0111	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0112	Reserved for Factory Test	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0113	ECNFG	Read:	CBEIE	CCIE	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0114	EPROT	Read:	EPOPEN	NV6	NV5	NV4	EPDIS	EP2	EP1	EP0
		Write:								
\$0115	ESTAT	Read:	CBEIF	CCIF	PVIOL	ACCERR	0	BLANK	0	0
		Write:								
\$0116	ECMD	Read:	0	CMDB6	CMDB5	0	0	CMDB2	0	CMDB0
		Write:								
\$0117	Reserved for Factory Test	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$0118	EADDRHI	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	10	9	Bit 8
		Write:								

\$0140 - \$017F**CAN0 (Motorola Scalable CAN - MSCAN)**

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
\$0143	CAN0BTR1	Read:	SAMP	TSEG22	TSEG21	TSEG20	TSEG13	TSEG12	TSEG11	TSEG10
		Write:								
\$0144	CAN0RFLG	Read:	WUPIF	CSCIF	RSTAT1	RSTAT0	TSTAT1	TSTAT0	OVRIF	RXF
		Write:								
\$0145	CAN0RIER	Read:	WUPIE	CSCIE	RSTATE1	RSTATE0	TSTATE1	TSTATE0	OVRIE	RXFIE
		Write:								
\$0146	CAN0TFLG	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	TXE2	TXE1	TXE0
		Write:								
\$0147	CAN0TIER	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	TXEIE2	TXEIE1	TXEIE0
		Write:								
\$0148	CAN0TARQ	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	ABTRQ2	ABTRQ1	ABTRQ0
		Write:								
\$0149	CAN0TAAK	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	ABTAK2	ABTAK1	ABTAK0
		Write:								
\$014A	CAN0TBSEL	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	TX2	TX1	TX0
		Write:								
\$014B	CAN0IDAC	Read:	0	0	IDAM1	IDAM0	0	IDHIT2	IDHIT1	IDHIT0
		Write:								
\$014C	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$014D	Reserved	Read:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Write:								
\$014E	CAN0RXERR	Read:	RXERR7	RXERR6	RXERR5	RXERR4	RXERR3	RXERR2	RXERR1	RXERR0
		Write:								
\$014F	CAN0TXERR	Read:	TXERR7	TXERR6	TXERR5	TXERR4	TXERR3	TXERR2	TXERR1	TXERR0
		Write:								
\$0150 - \$0153	CAN0IDAR0 - CAN0IDAR3	Read:	AC7	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0
		Write:								
\$0154 - \$0157	CAN0IDMR0 - CAN0IDMR3	Read:	AM7	AM6	AM5	AM4	AM3	AM2	AM1	AM0
		Write:								
\$0158 - \$015B	CAN0IDAR4 - CAN0IDAR7	Read:	AC7	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0
		Write:								
\$015C - \$015F	CAN0IDMR4 - CAN0IDMR7	Read:	AM7	AM6	AM5	AM4	AM3	AM2	AM1	AM0
		Write:								
\$0160 - \$016F	CAN0RXFG	Read:	BACKGROUND RECEIVE BUFFER see Table 1-2							
		Write:								
\$0170 - \$017F	CAN0TXFG	Read:	BACKGROUND TRANSMIT BUFFER see Table 1-2							
		Write:								

Table 1-2 Detailed MSCAN Foreground Receive and Transmit Buffer Layout

Address	Name		Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	Extended ID	Read:	ID28	ID27	ID26	ID25	ID24	ID23	ID22	ID21
\$xxx0	Standard ID	Read:	ID10	ID9	ID8	ID7	ID6	ID5	ID4	ID3
	CANxRIDR0	Write:								
	Extended ID	Read:	ID20	ID19	ID18	SRR=1	IDE=1	ID17	ID16	ID15
\$xxx1	Standard ID	Read:	ID2	ID1	ID0	RTR	IDE=0			
	CANxRIDR1	Write:								

2.3.40 PM1 / TXCAN0 / TXB — Port M I/O Pin 1

PM1 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the transmit pin TXCAN of the Motorola Scalable Controller Area Network controller 0 (CAN0). It can be configured as the transmit pin TXB of the BDLC.

2.3.41 PM0 / RXCAN0 / RXB — Port M I/O Pin 0

PM0 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the receive pin RXCAN of the Motorola Scalable Controller Area Network controller 0 (CAN0). It can be configured as the receive pin RXB of the BDLC.

2.3.42 PP7 / KWP7 / PWM7 / SCK2 — Port P I/O Pin 7

PP7 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode. It can be configured as Pulse Width Modulator (PWM) channel 7 output. It can be configured as serial clock pin SCK of the Serial Peripheral Interface 2 (SPI2).

2.3.43 PP6 / KWP6 / PWM6 / $\overline{SS}2$ — Port P I/O Pin 6

PP6 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode. It can be configured as Pulse Width Modulator (PWM) channel 6 output. It can be configured as slave select pin \overline{SS} of the Serial Peripheral Interface 2 (SPI2).

2.3.44 PP5 / KWP5 / PWM5 / MOSI2 — Port P I/O Pin 5

PP5 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode. It can be configured as Pulse Width Modulator (PWM) channel 5 output. It can be configured as master output (during master mode) or slave input pin (during slave mode) MOSI of the Serial Peripheral Interface 2 (SPI2).

2.3.45 PP4 / KWP4 / PWM4 / MISO2 — Port P I/O Pin 4

PP4 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode. It can be configured as Pulse Width Modulator (PWM) channel 4 output. It can be configured as master input (during master mode) or slave output (during slave mode) pin MISO of the Serial Peripheral Interface 2 (SPI2).

2.3.46 PP3 / KWP3 / PWM3 / $\overline{SS}1$ — Port P I/O Pin 3

PP3 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode. It can be configured as Pulse Width Modulator (PWM) channel 3 output. It can be configured as slave select pin \overline{SS} of the Serial Peripheral Interface 1 (SPI1).

2.3.55 PS2 / RXD1 — Port S I/O Pin 2

PS2 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the receive pin RXD of Serial Communication Interface 1 (SCI1).

2.3.56 PS1 / TXD0 — Port S I/O Pin 1

PS1 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the transmit pin TXD of Serial Communication Interface 0 (SCI0).

2.3.57 PS0 / RXD0 — Port S I/O Pin 0

PS0 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the receive pin RXD of Serial Communication Interface 0 (SCI0).

2.3.58 PT[7:0] / IOC[7:0] — Port T I/O Pins [7:0]

PT7-PT0 are general purpose input or output pins. They can be configured as input capture or output compare pins IOC7-IOC0 of the Enhanced Capture Timer (ECT).

2.4 Power Supply Pins

MC9S12DT256 power and ground pins are described below.

NOTE: All VSS pins must be connected together in the application.

2.4.1 VDDX,VSSX — Power & Ground Pins for I/O Drivers

External power and ground for I/O drivers. Because fast signal transitions place high, short-duration current demands on the power supply, use bypass capacitors with high-frequency characteristics and place them as close to the MCU as possible. Bypass requirements depend on how heavily the MCU pins are loaded.

2.4.2 VDDR, VSSR — Power & Ground Pins for I/O Drivers & for Internal Voltage Regulator

External power and ground for I/O drivers and input to the internal voltage regulator. Because fast signal transitions place high, short-duration current demands on the power supply, use bypass capacitors with high-frequency characteristics and place them as close to the MCU as possible. Bypass requirements depend on how heavily the MCU pins are loaded.

Consult the EETS4K Block User Guide for information about the EEPROM module.

Section 17 RAM Block Description

This module supports single-cycle misaligned word accesses.

Section 18 MSCAN Block Description

There are three MSCAN modules (CAN4, CAN1 and CAN0) implemented on the MC9S12DT256. Consult the MSCAN Block User Guide for information about the Motorola Scalable CAN Module.

Section 19 Port Integration Module (PIM) Block Description

Consult the PIM_9DP256 Block User Guide for information about the Port Integration Module.

Section 20 Voltage Regulator (VREG) Block Description

Consult the VREG Block User Guide for information about the dual output linear voltage regulator.

The VDDX, VSSX, VDDR and VSSR pairs supply the I/O pins, VDDR supplies also the internal voltage regulator.

VDD1, VSS1, VDD2 and VSS2 are the supply pins for the digital logic, VDDPLL, VSSPLL supply the oscillator and the PLL.

VSS1 and VSS2 are internally connected by metal.

VDDA, VDDX, VDDR as well as VSSA, VSSX, VSSR are connected by anti-parallel diodes for ESD protection.

NOTE: *In the following context VDD5 is used for either VDDA, VDDR and VDDX; VSS5 is used for either VSSA, VSSR and VSSX unless otherwise noted. IDD5 denotes the sum of the currents flowing into the VDDA, VDDX and VDDR pins. VDD is used for VDD1, VDD2 and VDDPLL, VSS is used for VSS1, VSS2 and VSSPLL. IDD is used for the sum of the currents flowing into VDD1 and VDD2.*

A.1.3 Pins

There are four groups of functional pins.

A.1.3.1 5V I/O pins

Those I/O pins have a nominal level of 5V. This class of pins is comprised of all port I/O pins, the analog inputs, BKGD and the RESET pins. The internal structure of all those pins is identical, however some of the functionality may be disabled. E.g. for the analog inputs the output drivers, pull-up and pull-down resistors are disabled permanently.

A.1.3.2 Analog Reference

This group is made up by the VRH and VRL pins.

A.1.3.3 Oscillator

The pins XFC, EXTAL, XTAL dedicated to the oscillator have a nominal 2.5V level. They are supplied by VDDPLL.

A.1.3.4 TEST

This pin is used for production testing only.

A.1.3.5 VREGEN

This pin is used to enable the on chip voltage regulator.

Table A-5 Thermal Package Characteristics¹

Num	C	Rating	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
1	T	Thermal Resistance LQFP112, single sided PCB ²	θ_{JA}	-	-	54	°C/W
2	T	Thermal Resistance LQFP112, double sided PCB with 2 internal planes ³	θ_{JA}	-	-	41	°C/W
3	T	Thermal Resistance LQFP 80, single sided PCB	θ_{JA}	-	-	51	°C/W
4	T	Thermal Resistance LQFP 80, double sided PCB with 2 internal planes	θ_{JA}	-	-	41	°C/W

NOTES:

1. The values for thermal resistance are achieved by package simulations
2. PC Board according to EIA/JEDEC Standard 51-2
3. PC Board according to EIA/JEDEC Standard 51-7

A.1.9 I/O Characteristics

This section describes the characteristics of all 5V I/O pins. All parameters are not always applicable, e.g. not all pins feature pull up/down resistances.

specifies results in an error of less than 1/2 LSB (2.5mV) at the maximum leakage current. If device or operating conditions are less than worst case or leakage-induced error is acceptable, larger values of source resistance is allowed.

A.2.2.2 Source Capacitance

When sampling an additional internal capacitor is switched to the input. This can cause a voltage drop due to charge sharing with the external and the pin capacitance. For a maximum sampling error of the input voltage $\leq 1\text{LSB}$, then the external filter capacitor, $C_f \geq 1024 * (C_{\text{INS}} - C_{\text{INN}})$.

A.2.2.3 Current Injection

There are two cases to consider.

1. A current is injected into the channel being converted. The channel being stressed has conversion values of \$3FF (\$FF in 8-bit mode) for analog inputs greater than V_{RH} and \$000 for values less than V_{RL} unless the current is higher than specified as disruptive condition.
2. Current is injected into pins in the neighborhood of the channel being converted. A portion of this current is picked up by the channel (coupling ratio K), This additional current impacts the accuracy of the conversion depending on the source resistance.

The additional input voltage error on the converted channel can be calculated as $V_{\text{ERR}} = K * R_S * I_{\text{INJ}}$, with I_{INJ} being the sum of the currents injected into the two pins adjacent to the converted channel.

Table A-9 ATD Electrical Characteristics

Conditions are shown in Table A-4 unless otherwise noted							
Num	C	Rating	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
1	C	Max input Source Resistance	R_S	-	-	1	K Ω
2	T	Total Input Capacitance Non Sampling Sampling	C_{INN} C_{INS}			10 22	pF
3	C	Disruptive Analog Input Current	I_{NA}	-2.5		2.5	mA
4	C	Coupling Ratio positive current injection	K_p			10^{-4}	A/A
5	C	Coupling Ratio negative current injection	K_n			10^{-2}	A/A

3. Maximum Erase and Programming times are achieved under particular combinations of f_{NVMOP} and bus frequency f_{bus} .
Refer to formulae in Sections **A.3.1.1 - A.3.1.4** for guidance.
4. Burst Programming operations are not applicable to EEPROM
5. Minimum Erase times are achieved under maximum NVM operating frequency f_{NVMOP} .
6. Minimum time, if first word in the array is not blank
7. Maximum time to complete check on an erased block

A.6 MSCAN

Table A-17 MSCAN Wake-up Pulse Characteristics

Conditions are shown in Table A-4 unless otherwise noted							
Num	C	Rating	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
1	P	MSCAN Wake-up dominant pulse filtered	t_{WUP}			2	μs
2	P	MSCAN Wake-up dominant pulse pass	t_{WUP}	5			μs

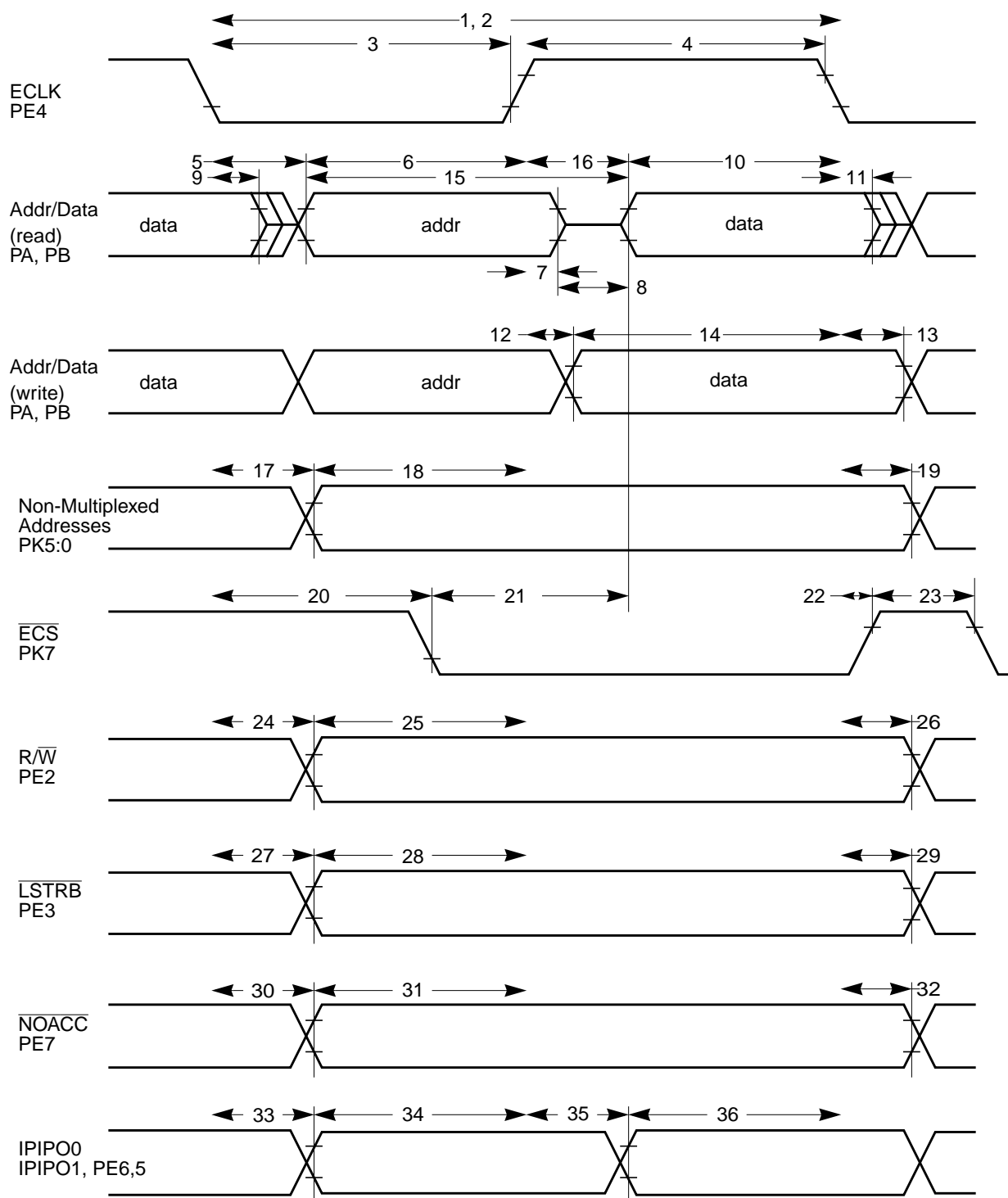


Figure A-10 General External Bus Timing

B.3 80-pin QFP package

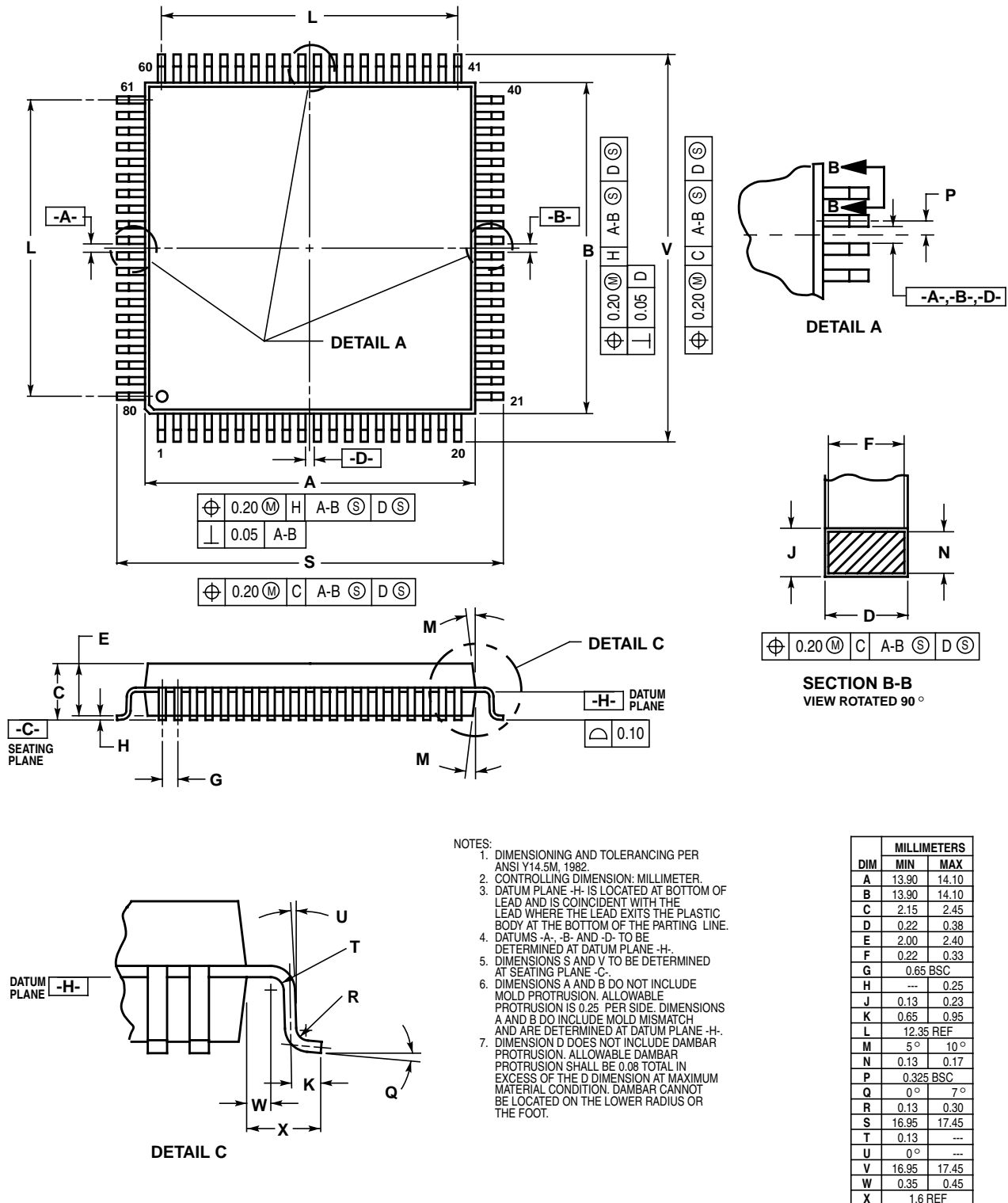


Figure B-2 80-pin QFP Mechanical Dimensions (case no. 841B)

