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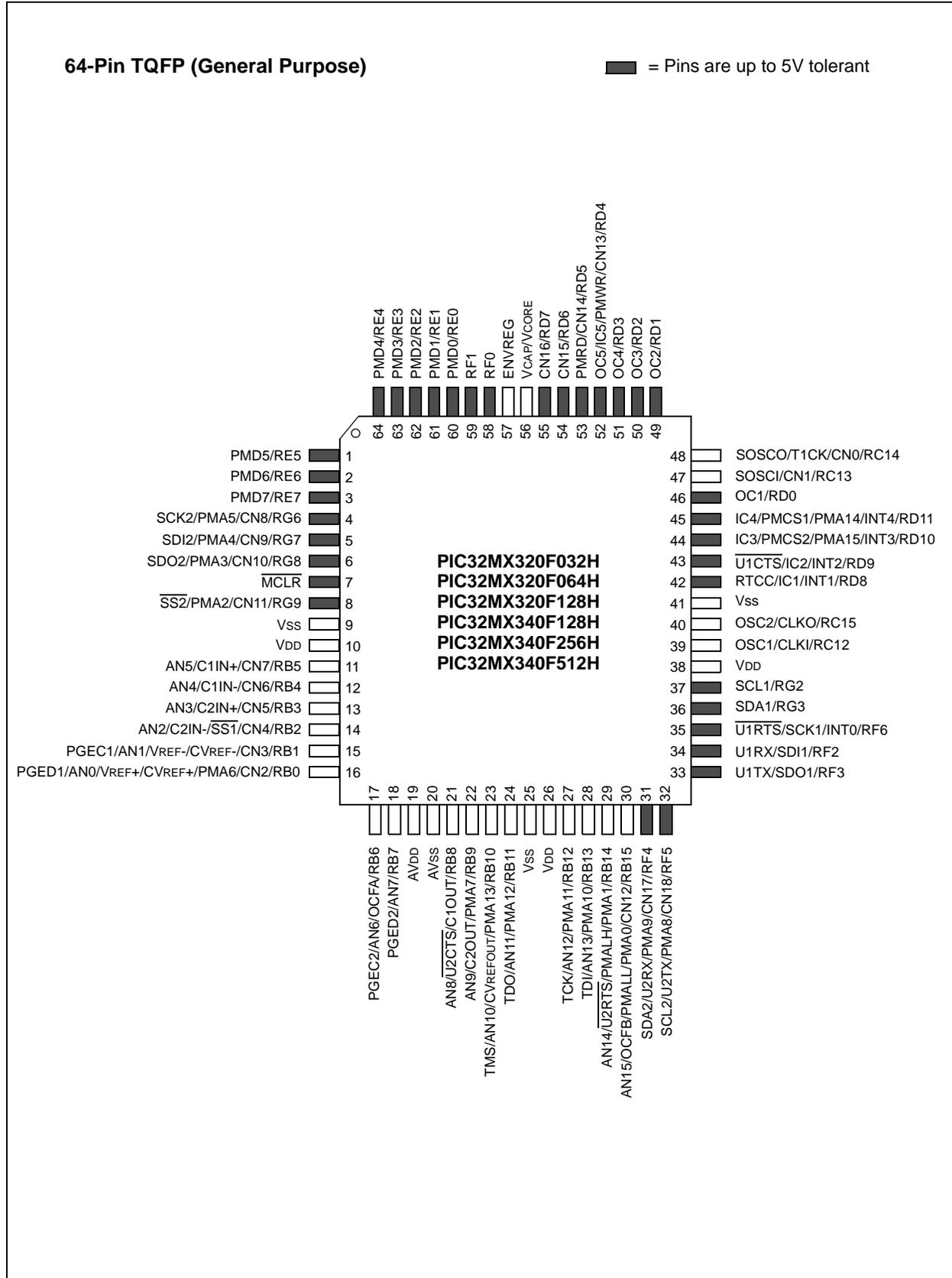
"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-VQFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx340f128ht-80v-mr

Pin Diagrams (Continued)



PIC32MX3XX/4XX

NOTES:

PIC32MX3XX/4XX

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number ⁽¹⁾			Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	64-pin QFN/TQFP	100-pin TQFP	121-pin XBGA			
RG0	—	90	A5	I/O	ST	PORTG is a bidirectional I/O port.
RG1	—	89	E6	I/O	ST	
RG6	4	10	E3	I/O	ST	
RG7	5	11	F4	I/O	ST	
RG8	6	12	F2	I/O	ST	
RG9	8	14	F3	I/O	ST	
RG12	—	96	C3	I/O	ST	
RG13	—	97	A3	I/O	ST	
RG14	—	95	C4	I/O	ST	
RG15	—	1	B2	I/O	ST	
RG2	37	57	H10	I	ST	PORTG input pins.
RG3	36	56	J11	I	ST	
T1CK	48	74	B11	I	ST	Timer1 external clock input.
T2CK	—	6	D1	I	ST	Timer2 external clock input.
T3CK	—	7	E4	I	ST	Timer3 external clock input.
T4CK	—	8	E2	I	ST	Timer4 external clock input.
T5CK	—	9	E1	I	ST	Timer5 external clock input.
$\overline{U1CTS}$	43	47	L9	I	ST	UART1 clear to send.
$\overline{U1RTS}$	35, 49	48	K9	O	—	UART1 ready to send.
U1RX	34, 50	52	K11	I	ST	UART1 receive.
U1TX	33, 51	51, 53	J10, K10	O	—	UART1 transmit.
$\overline{U2CTS}$	21	40	K6	I	ST	UART2 clear to send.
$\overline{U2RTS}$	29	39	L6	O	—	UART2 ready to send.
U2RX	31	49	L10	I	ST	UART2 receive.
U2TX	32	50	L11	O	—	UART2 transmit.
SCK1	35	55, 70	D11, H9	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI1.
SDI1	34	9, 54	E1, H8	I	ST	SPI1 data in.
SDO1	33	53, 72	D9, J10	O	—	SPI1 data out.
$\overline{SS1}$	14	23, 69	E10, J2	I/O	ST	SPI1 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O.
SCK2	4	10	E3	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI2.
SDI2	5	11	F4	I	ST	SPI2 data in.
SDO2	6	12	F2	O	—	SPI2 data out.
$\overline{SS2}$	8	14	F3	I/O	ST	SPI2 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O.
SCL1	37, 44	57, 66	E11, H10	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1.
SDA1	36, 43	56, 67	E8, J11	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1.
SCL2	32	58	H11	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C2.
SDA2	31	59	G10	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C2.

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output Analog = Analog input P = Power
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels O = Output I = Input
 TTL = TTL input buffer

Note 1: Pin numbers are provided for reference only. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for device pin availability.

PIC32MX3XX/4XX

NOTES:

3.3 Power Management

The MIPS32® M4K® Processor Core offers a number of power management features, including low-power design, active power management and power-down modes of operation. The core is a static design that supports slowing or halting the clocks, which reduces system power consumption during idle periods.

3.3.1 INSTRUCTION-CONTROLLED POWER MANAGEMENT

The mechanism for invoking power-down mode is through execution of the `WAIT` instruction. For more information on power management, see **Section 25.0 “Power-Saving Features”**.

3.3.2 LOCAL CLOCK GATING

The majority of the power consumed by the PIC32MX3XX/4XX family core is in the clock tree and clocking registers. The PIC32MX family uses extensive use of local gated-clocks to reduce this dynamic power consumption.

3.4 EJTAG Debug Support

The MIPS32® M4K® Processor Core provides for an Enhanced JTAG (EJTAG) interface for use in the software debug of application and kernel code. In addition to standard user mode and kernel modes of operation, the core provides a Debug mode that is entered after a debug exception (derived from a hardware breakpoint, single-step exception, etc.) is taken and continues until a debug exception return (`DERET`) instruction is executed. During this time, the processor executes the debug exception handler routine.

The EJTAG interface operates through the Test Access Port (TAP), a serial communication port used for transferring test data in and out of the core. In addition to the standard JTAG instructions, special instructions defined in the EJTAG specification define what registers are selected and how they are used.

TABLE 4-17: COMPARATOR REGISTERS MAP⁽¹⁾

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	
A000	CM1CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	COE	CPOL	—	—	—	—	—	COUT	EVPOL<1:0>	—	CREF	—	—	CCH<1:0>	00C3
A010	CM2CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	COE	CPOL	—	—	—	—	—	COUT	EVPOL<1:0>	—	CREF	—	—	CCH<1:0>	00C3
A060	CMSTAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	C2OUT	C1OUT

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers” for more information.

TABLE 4-18: COMPARATOR VOLTAGE REFERENCE REGISTERS MAP⁽¹⁾

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	
9800	CVRCON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CVROE	CVRR	CVRSS	CVR<3:0>		

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers” for more information.

TABLE 4-23: PORTC REGISTERS MAP FOR PIC32MX320F128L, PIC32MX340F128L, PIC32MX360F256L, PIC32MX360F512L, PIC32MX440F128L, PIC32MX460F256L AND PIC32MX460F512L DEVICES ONLY⁽¹⁾

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1		16/0
6080	TRISC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TRISC15	TRISC14	TRISC13	TRISC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISC4	TRISC3	TRISC2	TRISC1	—	F01E
6090	PORTC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	RC15	RC14	RC13	RC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RC4	RC3	RC2	RC1	—	xxxxx
60A0	LATC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	LATC15	LATC14	LATC13	LATC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATC4	LATC3	LATC2	LATC1	—	xxxxx
60B0	ODCC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ODCC15	ODCC14	ODCC13	ODCC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCC4	ODCC3	ODCC2	ODCC1	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers” for more information.

TABLE 4-24: PORTC REGISTERS MAP FOR PIC32MX320F032H, PIC32MX320F064H, PIC32MX320F128H, PIC32MX340F128H, PIC32MX340F256H, PIC32MX340F512H, PIC32MX420F032H, PIC32MX440F128H, PIC32MX440F256H AND PIC32MX440F512H DEVICES ONLY⁽¹⁾

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1		16/0
6080	TRISC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TRISC15	TRISC14	TRISC13	TRISC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	F000
6090	PORTC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	RC15	RC14	RC13	RC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxxx
60A0	LATC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	LATC15	LATC14	LATC13	LATC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxxx
60B0	ODCC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ODCC15	ODCC14	ODCC13	ODCC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers” for more information.

TABLE 4-40: RTCC REGISTERS MAP⁽¹⁾

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits														All Resets		
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2		17/1	16/0
0200	RTCCON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	RTSECSEL	RTCCLKON	—	—	RTCWREN	RTCSYNC	HALFSEC	RTCOE	0000
0210	RTCALRM	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	ALRMEN	CHIME	PIV	ALRMSYNC	AMASK<3:0>				ARPT<7:0>							0000	
0220	RTCTIME	31:16	HR10<3:0>				HR01<3:0>				MIN10<3:0>				MIN01<3:0>				xxxx
		15:0	SEC10<3:0>				SEC01<3:0>				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xx00
0230	RTCDATE	31:16	YEAR10<3:0>				YEAR01<3:0>				MONTH10<3:0>				MONTH01<3:0>				xxxx
		15:0	DAY10<3:0>				DAY01<3:0>				—	—	—	—	WDAY01<3:0>				xx0x
0240	ALRMTIME	31:16	MIN10<3:0>				MIN01<3:0>				MIN10<3:0>				MIN01<3:0>				xxxx
		15:0	SEC10<3:0>				SEC01<3:0>				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xx00
0250	ALRMDATE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	00xx	
		15:0	DAY10<3:0>				DAY01<3:0>				—	—	—	—	WDAY01<3:0>				xx0x

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information.

TABLE 4-41: DEVCFG: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD SUMMARY

Virtual Address (BFC0_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits														All Resets		
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2		17/1	16/0
2FF0	DEVCFG3	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx	
		15:0	USERID15	USERID14	USERID13	USERID12	USERID11	USERID10	USERID9	USERID8	USERID7	USERID6	USERID5	USERID4	USERID3	USERID2	USERID1	USERID0	xxxx
2FF4	DEVCFG2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	FPLLIDIV<2:0>			xxxx	
		15:0	UPLLEN ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—	UPLLDIV<2:0> ⁽¹⁾				—	FPLLMUL<2:0>			FPLLIDIV<2:0>		xxxx	
2FF8	DEVCFG1	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	FWDTEN	—	—	WDTPS<4:0>				xxxx	
		15:0	FCKSM<1:0>		FPBDIV<1:0>		—	OSCI0FNC	POSCMOD<1:0>		IESO	—	FSOSCEN	—	—	FNOSC<2:0>			xxxx
2FFC	DEVCFG0	31:16	—	—	—	CP	—	—	—	BWP	—	—	—	—	PWP19	PWP18	PWP17	PWP16	xxxx
		15:0	PWP15	PWP14	PWP13	PWP12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ICESEL	—	DEBUG<1:0>		xxxx

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: These bits are only available on PIC32MX4XX devices.

PIC32MX3XX/4XX

TABLE 7-1: INTERRUPT IRQ AND VECTOR LOCATION

Interrupt Source ⁽¹⁾	IRQ	Vector Number	Interrupt Bit Location			
			Flag	Enable	Priority	Subpriority
Highest Natural Order Priority						
CT – Core Timer Interrupt	0	0	IFS0<0>	IEC0<0>	IPC0<4:2>	IPC0<1:0>
CS0 – Core Software Interrupt 0	1	1	IFS0<1>	IEC0<1>	IPC0<12:10>	IPC0<9:8>
CS1 – Core Software Interrupt 1	2	2	IFS0<2>	IEC0<2>	IPC0<20:18>	IPC0<17:16>
INT0 – External Interrupt 0	3	3	IFS0<3>	IEC0<3>	IPC0<28:26>	IPC0<25:24>
T1 – Timer1	4	4	IFS0<4>	IEC0<4>	IPC1<4:2>	IPC1<1:0>
IC1 – Input Capture 1	5	5	IFS0<5>	IEC0<5>	IPC1<12:10>	IPC1<9:8>
OC1 – Output Compare 1	6	6	IFS0<6>	IEC0<6>	IPC1<20:18>	IPC1<17:16>
INT1 – External Interrupt 1	7	7	IFS0<7>	IEC0<7>	IPC1<28:26>	IPC1<25:24>
T2 – Timer2	8	8	IFS0<8>	IEC0<8>	IPC2<4:2>	IPC2<1:0>
IC2 – Input Capture 2	9	9	IFS0<9>	IEC0<9>	IPC2<12:10>	IPC2<9:8>
OC2 – Output Compare 2	10	10	IFS0<10>	IEC0<10>	IPC2<20:18>	IPC2<17:16>
INT2 – External Interrupt 2	11	11	IFS0<11>	IEC0<11>	IPC2<28:26>	IPC2<25:24>
T3 – Timer3	12	12	IFS0<12>	IEC0<12>	IPC3<4:2>	IPC3<1:0>
IC3 – Input Capture 3	13	13	IFS0<13>	IEC0<13>	IPC3<12:10>	IPC3<9:8>
OC3 – Output Compare 3	14	14	IFS0<14>	IEC0<14>	IPC3<20:18>	IPC3<17:16>
INT3 – External Interrupt 3	15	15	IFS0<15>	IEC0<15>	IPC3<28:26>	IPC3<25:24>
T4 – Timer4	16	16	IFS0<16>	IEC0<16>	IPC4<4:2>	IPC4<1:0>
IC4 – Input Capture 4	17	17	IFS0<17>	IEC0<17>	IPC4<12:10>	IPC4<9:8>
OC4 – Output Compare 4	18	18	IFS0<18>	IEC0<18>	IPC4<20:18>	IPC4<17:16>
INT4 – External Interrupt 4	19	19	IFS0<19>	IEC0<19>	IPC4<28:26>	IPC4<25:24>
T5 – Timer5	20	20	IFS0<20>	IEC0<20>	IPC5<4:2>	IPC5<1:0>
IC5 – Input Capture 5	21	21	IFS0<21>	IEC0<21>	IPC5<12:10>	IPC5<9:8>
OC5 – Output Compare 5	22	22	IFS0<22>	IEC0<22>	IPC5<20:18>	IPC5<17:16>
SPI1E – SPI1 Fault	23	23	IFS0<23>	IEC0<23>	IPC5<28:26>	IPC5<25:24>
SPI1TX – SPI1 Transfer Done	24	23	IFS0<24>	IEC0<24>	IPC5<28:26>	IPC5<25:24>
SPI1RX – SPI1 Receive Done	25	23	IFS0<25>	IEC0<25>	IPC5<28:26>	IPC5<25:24>
U1E – UART1 Error	26	24	IFS0<26>	IEC0<26>	IPC6<4:2>	IPC6<1:0>
U1RX – UART1 Receiver	27	24	IFS0<27>	IEC0<27>	IPC6<4:2>	IPC6<1:0>
U1TX – UART1 Transmitter	28	24	IFS0<28>	IEC0<28>	IPC6<4:2>	IPC6<1:0>
I2C1B – I2C1 Bus Collision Event	29	25	IFS0<29>	IEC0<29>	IPC6<12:10>	IPC6<9:8>
I2C1S – I2C1 Slave Event	30	25	IFS0<30>	IEC0<30>	IPC6<12:10>	IPC6<9:8>
I2C1M – I2C1 Master Event	31	25	IFS0<31>	IEC0<31>	IPC6<12:10>	IPC6<9:8>
CN – Input Change Interrupt	32	26	IFS1<0>	IEC1<0>	IPC6<20:18>	IPC6<17:16>
AD1 – ADC1 Convert Done	33	27	IFS1<1>	IEC1<1>	IPC6<28:26>	IPC6<25:24>
PMP – Parallel Master Port	34	28	IFS1<2>	IEC1<2>	IPC7<4:2>	IPC7<1:0>
CMP1 – Comparator Interrupt	35	29	IFS1<3>	IEC1<3>	IPC7<12:10>	IPC7<9:8>
CMP2 – Comparator Interrupt	36	30	IFS1<4>	IEC1<4>	IPC7<20:18>	IPC7<17:16>

Note 1: Not all interrupt sources are available on all devices. See **TABLE 1: “PIC32MX General Purpose – Features”** and **TABLE 2: “PIC32MX USB – Features”** for available peripherals.

9.0 PREFETCH CACHE

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX3XX/4XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 4. “Prefetch Cache”** (DS61119) of the *“PIC32 Family Reference Manual”*, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

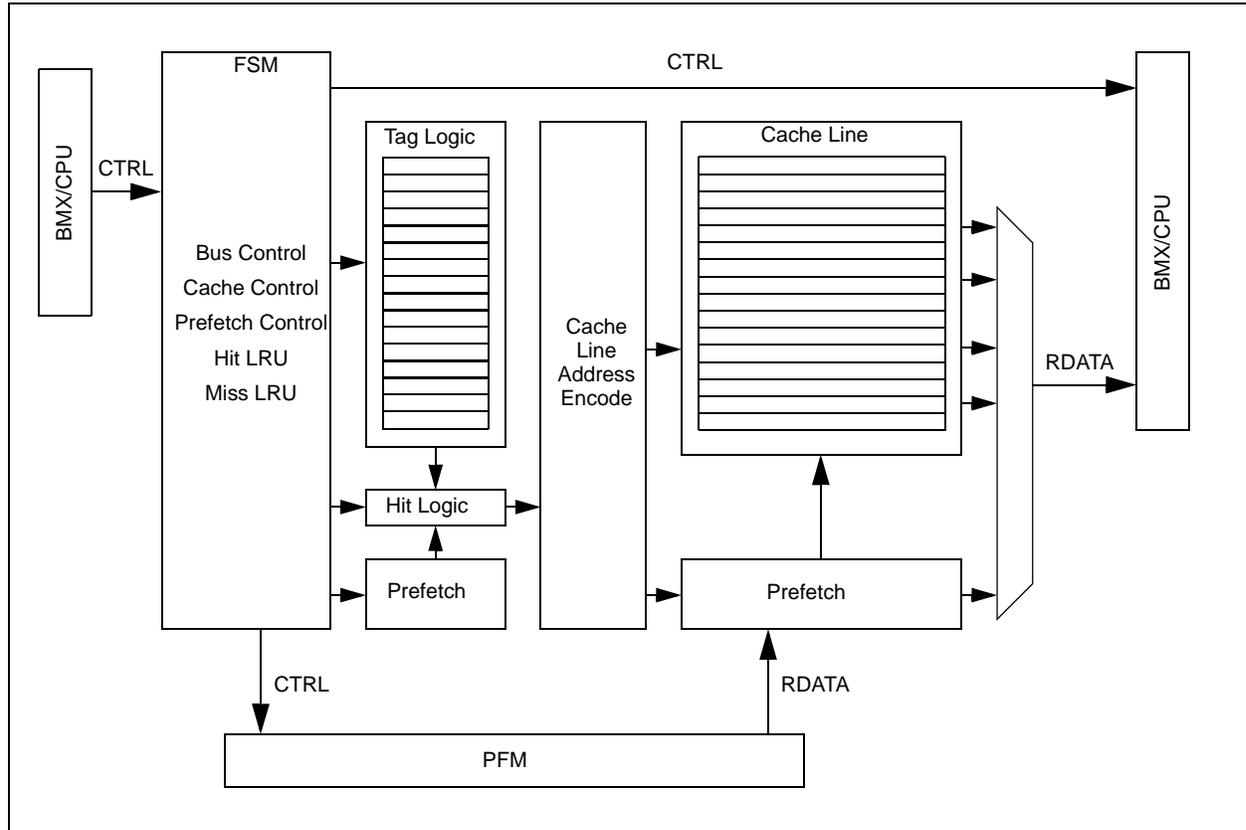
2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

Prefetch cache increases performance for applications executing out of the cacheable program Flash memory regions by implementing instruction caching, constant data caching and instruction prefetching.

9.1 Features

- 16 Fully Associative Lockable Cache Lines
- 16-byte Cache Lines
- Up to four Cache Lines Allocated to Data
- Two Cache Lines with Address Mask to hold repeated instructions
- Pseudo LRU replacement policy
- All Cache Lines are software writable
- 16-byte parallel memory fetch
- Predictive Instruction Prefetch

FIGURE 9-1: PREFETCH MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC32MX3XX/4XX

NOTES:

REGISTER 26-3: DEVCFG2: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 2

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —
23:16	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	R/P FPLLIDIV<2:0>	R/P FPLLIDIV<2:0>	R/P FPLLIDIV<2:0>
15:8	R/P UPLLEN	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	R/P UPLLDIV<2:0>	R/P UPLLDIV<2:0>	R/P UPLLDIV<2:0>
7:0	r-1 —	R/P FPLLMUL<2:0>	R/P FPLLMUL<2:0>	R/P FPLLMUL<2:0>	r-1 —	R/P FPLLIDIV<2:0>	R/P FPLLIDIV<2:0>	R/P FPLLIDIV<2:0>

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit P = Programmable bit r = Reserved bit
 U = Unimplemented bit -n = Bit Value at POR: ('0', '1', x = Unknown)

bit 31-19 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 18-16 **FPLLIDIV<2:0>:** Default Postscaler for PLL bits

- 111 = PLL output divided by 256
- 110 = PLL output divided by 64
- 101 = PLL output divided by 32
- 100 = PLL output divided by 16
- 011 = PLL output divided by 8
- 010 = PLL output divided by 4
- 001 = PLL output divided by 2
- 000 = PLL output divided by 1

bit 15 **UPLLEN:** USB PLL Enable bit
 1 = Disable and bypass USB PLL
 0 = Enable USB PLL

bit 14-11 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 10-8 **UPLLDIV<2:0>:** PLL Input Divider bits

- 111 = 12x divider
- 110 = 10x divider
- 101 = 6x divider
- 100 = 5x divider
- 011 = 4x divider
- 010 = 3x divider
- 010 = 3x divider
- 001 = 2x divider
- 000 = 1x divider

bit 7 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 6-4 **FPLLMUL<2:0>:** PLL Multiplier bits

- 111 = 24x multiplier
- 110 = 21x multiplier
- 101 = 20x multiplier
- 100 = 19x multiplier
- 011 = 18x multiplier
- 010 = 17x multiplier
- 001 = 16x multiplier
- 000 = 15x multiplier

bit 3 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 2-0 **FPLLIDIV<2:0>:** PLL Input Divider bits

- 111 = 12x divider
- 110 = 10x divider
- 101 = 6x divider
- 100 = 5x divider
- 011 = 4x divider
- 010 = 3x divider
- 001 = 2x divider
- 000 = 1x divider

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REGISTER 26-6: DDPCON: DEBUG DATA PORT CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —
23:16	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —
15:8	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —
7:0	R/W-0 DDPUSB	R/W-0 DDPU1	R/W-0 DDPU2	R/W-0 DDPSP1	R/W-1 JTAGEN	R/W-0 TROEN	r-x —	r-x —

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit P = Programmable bit r = Reserved bit
 U = Unimplemented bit -n = Bit Value at POR: ('0', '1', x = Unknown)

bit 31-8 **Reserved:** Write '0'; ignore read

bit 7 **DDPUSB:** Debug Data Port Enable for USB bit
 1 = USB peripheral ignores USBFRZ (U1CNFG1<5>) setting
 0 = USB peripheral follows USBFRZ setting

bit 6 **DDPU1:** Debug Data Port Enable for UART1 bit
 1 = UART1 peripheral ignores FRZ (U1MODE<14>) setting
 0 = UART1 peripheral follows FRZ setting

bit 5 **DDPU2:** Debug Data Port Enable for UART2 bit
 1 = UART2 peripheral ignores FRZ (U2MODE<14>) setting
 0 = UART2 peripheral follows FRZ setting

bit 4 **DDPSP1:** Debug Data Port Enable for SPI1 bit
 1 = SPI1 peripheral ignores FRZ (SPI1CON<14>) setting
 0 = SPI1 peripheral follows FRZ setting

bit 3 **JTAGEN:** JTAG Port Enable bit
 1 = Enable JTAG Port
 0 = Disable JTAG Port

bit 2 **TROEN:** Trace Output Enable bit
 1 = Enable Trace Port
 0 = Disable Trace Port

bit 1-0 **Reserved:** Write '1'; ignore read

TABLE 29-11: DC CHARACTERISTICS: PROGRAM MEMORY⁽³⁾

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤TA ≤+85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤TA ≤+105°C for V-Temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
Program Flash Memory							
D130	EP	Cell Endurance	1000	—	—	E/W	—
D131	VPR	VDD for Read	V _{MIN}	—	3.6	V	—
D132	VPEW	VDD for Erase or Write	3.0	—	3.6	V	—
D134	TRETD	Characteristic Retention	20	—	—	Year	—
D135	IDDP	Supply Current during Programming	—	10	—	mA	—
	T _{WW}	Word Write Cycle Time	20	—	40	μs	—
D136	T _{RW}	Row Write Cycle Time ⁽²⁾ (128 words per row)	3	4.5	—	ms	—
D137	T _{PE}	Page Erase Cycle Time	20	—	—	ms	—
	T _{CE}	Chip Erase Cycle Time	80	—	—	ms	—
D138	LVD _{startup}	Flash LVD Delay	—	—	6	μs	—

Note 1: Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

2: The minimum SYSCLK for row programming is 4 MHz. Care should be taken to minimize bus activities during row programming, such as suspending any memory-to-memory DMA operations. If heavy bus loads are expected, selecting Bus Matrix Arbitration mode 2 (rotating priority) may be necessary. The default Arbitration mode is mode 1 (CPU has lowest priority).

3: Refer to the “PIC32MX Flash Programming Specification” (DS61145) for operating conditions during programming and erase cycles.

TABLE 29-12: PROGRAM FLASH MEMORY WAIT STATE CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤TA ≤+85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤TA ≤+105°C for V-Temp		
Required Flash wait states	SYSCLK	Units	Comments	
0 Wait State	0 to 30	MHz	—	
1 Wait State	31 to 60			
2 Wait States	61 to 80			

Note 1: 40 MHz maximum for PIC32MX320F032H and PIC32MX420F032H devices.

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TABLE 29-17: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤TA ≤+85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤TA ≤+105°C for V-Temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
OS10	Fosc	External CLKI Frequency (External clocks allowed only in EC and ECPLL modes)	DC 4	— —	50 ⁽³⁾ 50 ⁽⁵⁾	MHz MHz	EC (Note 5) ECPLL (Note 4)
OS11		Oscillator Crystal Frequency	3	—	10	MHz	XT (Note 5)
OS12			4	—	10	MHz	XTPLL (Notes 4, 5)
OS13			10	—	25	MHz	HS (Note 5)
OS14			10	—	25	MHz	HSPLL (Notes 4, 5)
OS15			32	32.768	100	kHz	Sosc (Note 5)
OS20	Tosc	Tosc = 1/Fosc = Tcy ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	—	See parameter OS10 for Fosc value
OS30	TosL, TosH	External Clock In (OSC1) High or Low Time	0.45 x Tosc	—	—	ns	EC (Note 5)
OS31	TosR, TosF	External Clock In (OSC1) Rise or Fall Time	—	—	0.05 x Tosc	ns	EC (Note 5)
OS40	TOST	Oscillator Start-up Timer Period (Only applies to HS, HSPLL, XT, XTPLL and Sosc Clock Oscillator modes)	—	1024	—	Tosc	(Note 5)
OS41	TFSCM	Primary Clock Fail Safe Time-out Period	—	2	—	ms	(Note 5)
OS42	GM	External Oscillator Transconductance	—	12	—	mA/V	VDD = 3.3V TA = +25°C (Note 5)

Note 1: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are characterized but are not tested.

- 2:** Instruction cycle period (Tcy) equals the input oscillator time base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at "min." values with an external clock applied to the OSC1/CLKI pin.
- 3:** 40 MHz maximum for PIC32MX320F032H and PIC32MX420F032H devices.
- 4:** PLL input requirements: 4 MHz ≤F_{PLLIN} ≤5 MHz (use PLL prescaler to reduce Fosc). This parameter is characterized, but tested at 10 MHz only at manufacturing.
- 5:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE 29-35: 10-BIT ADC CONVERSION RATE PARAMETERS⁽²⁾

Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤TA ≤+85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤TA ≤+105°C for V-Temp					
ADC Speed	TAD Minimum	Sampling Time Min	Rs Max	VDD	ADC Channels Configuration
1 MIPS to 400 ksps ⁽¹⁾	65 ns	132 ns	500Ω	3.0V to 3.6V	
Up to 400 ksps	200 ns	200 ns	5.0 kΩ	2.5V to 3.6V	
Up to 300 ksps	200 ns	200 ns	5.0 kΩ	2.5V to 3.6V	

- Note 1:** External VREF- and VREF+ pins must be used for correct operation.
Note 2: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

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TABLE 29-40: OTG ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤TA ≤+85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤TA ≤+105°C for V-Temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ	Max.	Units	Conditions
USB313	VUSB	USB Voltage	3.0	—	3.6	V	Voltage on VUSB must be in this range for proper USB operation.
USB315	VILUSB	Input Low Voltage for USB Buffer	—	—	0.8	V	—
USB316	VIHUSB	Input High Voltage for USB Buffer	2.0	—	—	V	—
USB318	VDIFS	Differential Input Sensitivity	—	—	0.2	V	The difference between D+ and D- must exceed this value while VCM is met.
USB319	VCM	Differential Common Mode Range	0.8	—	2.5	V	—
USB320	ZOUT	Driver Output Impedance	28.0	—	44.0	Ω	—
USB321	VOL	Voltage Output Low	0.0	—	0.3	V	1.5 kΩ load connected to 3.6V.
USB322	VOH	Voltage Output High	2.8	—	3.6	V	1.5 kΩ load connected to ground.

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

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NOTES:

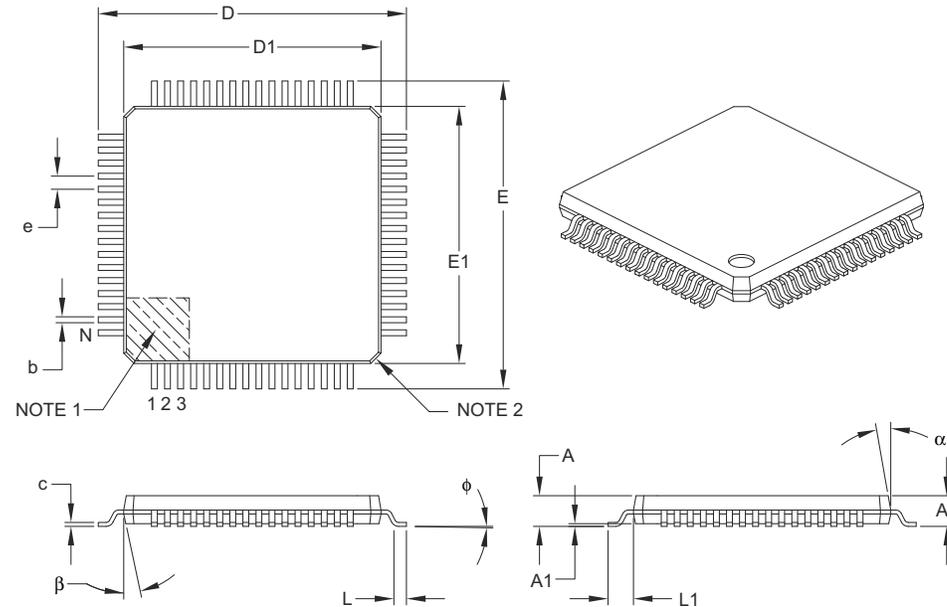
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30.2 Package Details

The following sections give the technical details of the packages.

64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) – 10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Leads	N	64		
Lead Pitch	e	0.50 BSC		
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.95	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	–	0.15
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	ϕ	0°	3.5°	7°
Overall Width	E	12.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D	12.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	10.00 BSC		
Molded Package Length	D1	10.00 BSC		
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.17	0.22	0.27
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	11°	12°	13°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	11°	12°	13°

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

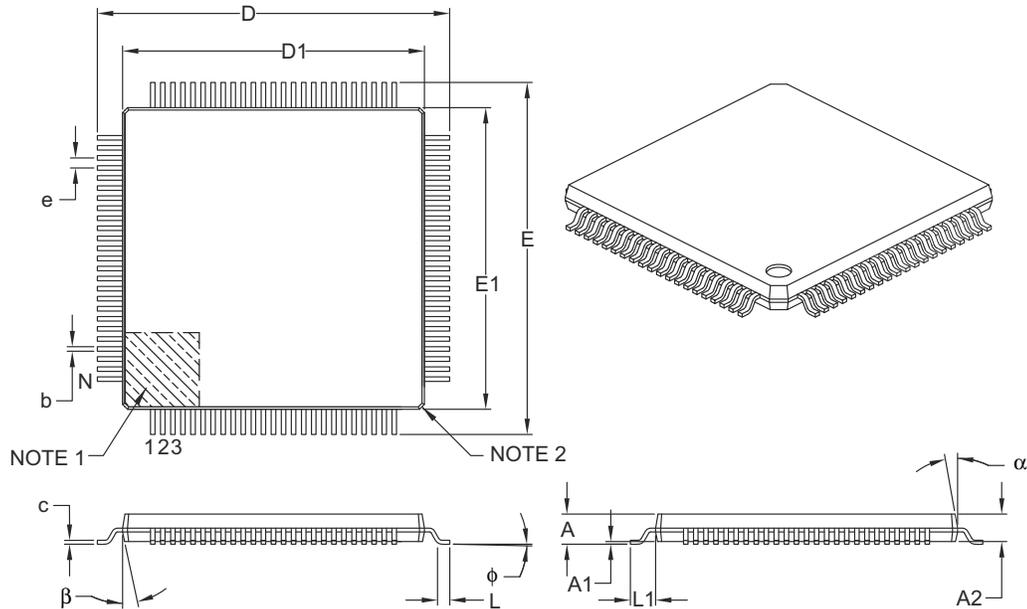
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-085B

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100-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) – 12x12x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



		MILLIMETERS		
Units				
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Leads	N	100		
Lead Pitch	e	0.40 BSC		
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.95	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	–	0.15
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	φ	0°	3.5°	7°
Overall Width	E	14.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D	14.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	12.00 BSC		
Molded Package Length	D1	12.00 BSC		
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.13	0.18	0.23
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	11°	12°	13°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	11°	12°	13°

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-100B