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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	-
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	121-TFBGA
Supplier Device Package	121-TFBGA (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx440f128l-80i-bg

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

121-Pin XBGA⁽¹⁾

● = Pins are up to 5V tolerant

PIC32MX320F128L
 PIC32MX340F128L
 PIC32MX360F256L
 PIC32MX360F512L

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A	● RE4	● RE3	● RG13	● RE0	● RG0	● RF1	○ ENVREG	○ Vss	● RD12	● RD2	● RD1
B	● NC	● RG15	● RE2	● RE1	● RA7	● RF0	○ V _{CORE} / V _{CAP}	● RD5	● RD3	○ Vss	○ RC14
C	● RE6	○ V _{DD}	● RG12	● RG14	● RA6	● NC	● RD7	● RD4	○ V _{DD}	○ RC13	● RD11
D	● RC1	● RE7	● RE5	○ Vss	○ Vss	● NC	● RD6	● RD13	● RD0	○ NC	● RD10
E	● RC4	● RC3	● RG6	● RC2	○ V _{DD}	● RG1	○ Vss	● RA15	● RD8	● RD9	● RA14
F	● MCLR	● RG8	● RG9	● RG7	○ Vss	● NC	● NC	○ V _{DD}	○ RC12	○ Vss	○ RC15
G	● RE8	● RE9	● RA0	○ NC	○ V _{DD}	○ Vss	○ Vss	● NC	● RA5	● RA3	● RA4
H	○ RB5	○ RB4	○ Vss	○ V _{DD}	● NC	○ V _{DD}	● NC	● RF7	● RF6	● RG2	● RA2
J	○ RB3	○ RB2	○ RB7	○ AV _{DD}	○ RB11	○ RA1	○ RB12	● NC	○ NC	● RF8	○ RG3
K	○ RB1	○ RB0	○ RA10	○ RB8	● NC	● RF12	○ RB14	○ V _{DD}	● RD15	● RF3	● RF2
L	○ RB6	○ RA9	○ AVss	○ RB9	○ RB10	● RF13	○ RB13	○ RB15	● RD14	● RF4	● RF5

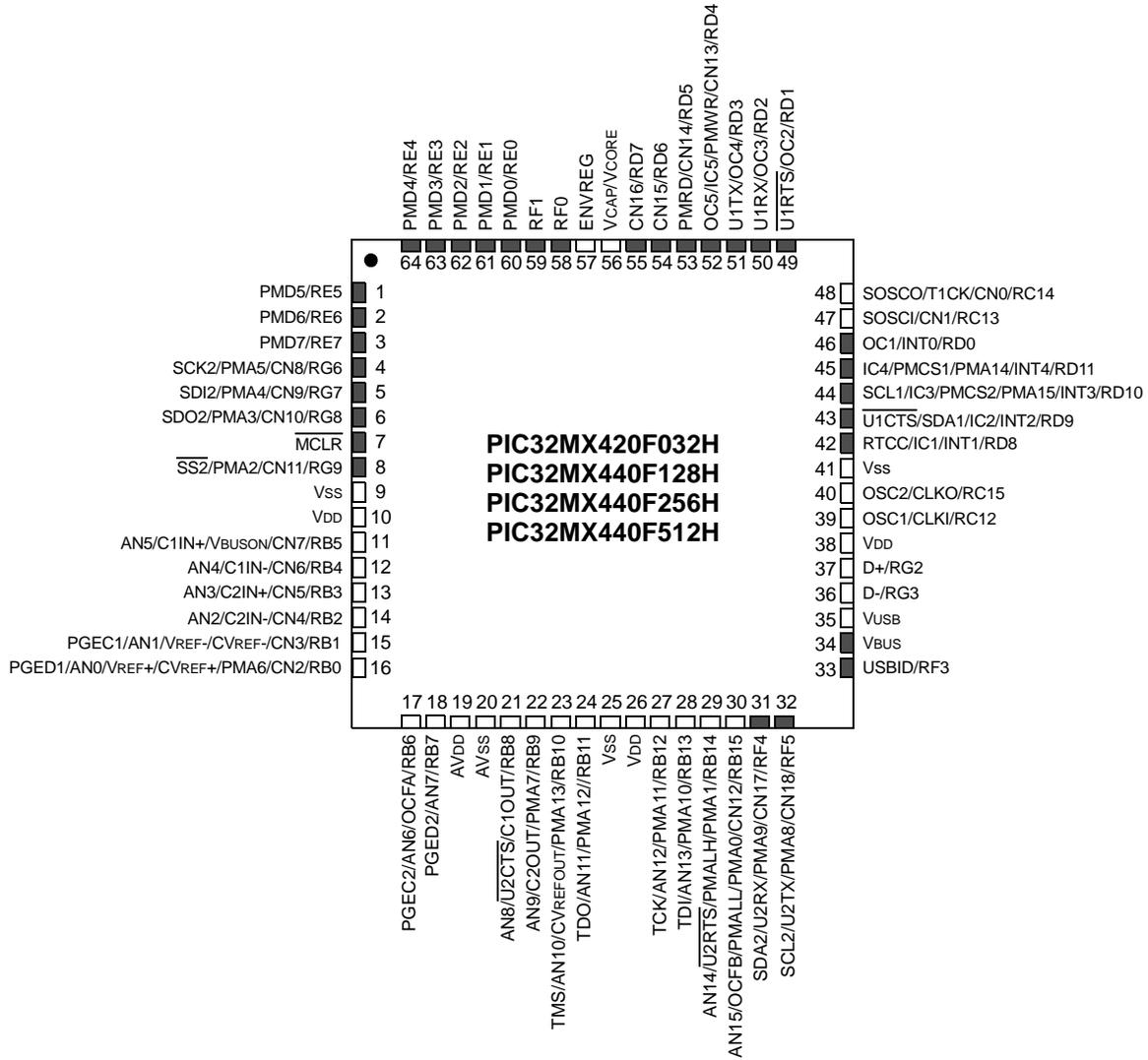
Note 1: Refer to Table 3 for full pin names.

PIC32MX3XX/4XX

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

64-Pin QFN (USB)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



Note: The metal plane at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to Vss externally.

PIC32MX3XX/4XX

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number ⁽¹⁾			Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	64-pin QFN/TQFP	100-pin TQFP	121-pin XBGA			
RG0	—	90	A5	I/O	ST	PORTG is a bidirectional I/O port.
RG1	—	89	E6	I/O	ST	
RG6	4	10	E3	I/O	ST	
RG7	5	11	F4	I/O	ST	
RG8	6	12	F2	I/O	ST	
RG9	8	14	F3	I/O	ST	
RG12	—	96	C3	I/O	ST	
RG13	—	97	A3	I/O	ST	
RG14	—	95	C4	I/O	ST	
RG15	—	1	B2	I/O	ST	
RG2	37	57	H10	I	ST	PORTG input pins.
RG3	36	56	J11	I	ST	
T1CK	48	74	B11	I	ST	Timer1 external clock input.
T2CK	—	6	D1	I	ST	Timer2 external clock input.
T3CK	—	7	E4	I	ST	Timer3 external clock input.
T4CK	—	8	E2	I	ST	Timer4 external clock input.
T5CK	—	9	E1	I	ST	Timer5 external clock input.
$\overline{U1CTS}$	43	47	L9	I	ST	UART1 clear to send.
$\overline{U1RTS}$	35, 49	48	K9	O	—	UART1 ready to send.
U1RX	34, 50	52	K11	I	ST	UART1 receive.
U1TX	33, 51	51, 53	J10, K10	O	—	UART1 transmit.
$\overline{U2CTS}$	21	40	K6	I	ST	UART2 clear to send.
$\overline{U2RTS}$	29	39	L6	O	—	UART2 ready to send.
U2RX	31	49	L10	I	ST	UART2 receive.
U2TX	32	50	L11	O	—	UART2 transmit.
SCK1	35	55, 70	D11, H9	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI1.
SDI1	34	9, 54	E1, H8	I	ST	SPI1 data in.
SDO1	33	53, 72	D9, J10	O	—	SPI1 data out.
$\overline{SS1}$	14	23, 69	E10, J2	I/O	ST	SPI1 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O.
SCK2	4	10	E3	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI2.
SDI2	5	11	F4	I	ST	SPI2 data in.
SDO2	6	12	F2	O	—	SPI2 data out.
$\overline{SS2}$	8	14	F3	I/O	ST	SPI2 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O.
SCL1	37, 44	57, 66	E11, H10	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1.
SDA1	36, 43	56, 67	E8, J11	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1.
SCL2	32	58	H11	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C2.
SDA2	31	59	G10	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C2.

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output Analog = Analog input P = Power
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels O = Output I = Input
 TTL = TTL input buffer

Note 1: Pin numbers are provided for reference only. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for device pin availability.

2.0 GUIDELINES FOR GETTING STARTED WITH 32-BIT MICROCONTROLLERS

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX3XX/4XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the “PIC32 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

2.1 Basic Connection Requirements

Getting started with the PIC32MX3XX/4XX family of 32-bit Microcontrollers (MCUs) requires attention to a minimal set of device pin connections before proceeding with development. The following is a list of pin names, which must always be connected:

- All VDD and VSS pins
(see **Section 2.2 “Decoupling Capacitors”**)
- All AVDD and AVSS pins (regardless if ADC module is not used)
(see **Section 2.2 “Decoupling Capacitors”**)
- VCAP/VCORE
(see **Section 2.3 “Capacitor on Internal Voltage Regulator (VCAP/VCORE)”**)
- MCLR pin
(see **Section 2.4 “Master Clear (MCLR) Pin”**)
- PGECx/PGEDx pins used for In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) and debugging purposes
(see **Section 2.5 “ICSP Pins”**)
- OSC1 and OSC2 pins when external oscillator source is used
(see **Section 2.8 “External Oscillator Pins”**)

Additionally, the following pins may be required:

- VREF+/VREF- pins used when external voltage reference for ADC module is implemented

Note: The AVDD and AVSS pins must be connected independent of ADC use and ADC voltage reference source.

2.2 Decoupling Capacitors

The use of decoupling capacitors on every pair of power supply pins, such as VDD, VSS, AVDD and AVSS is required. See Figure 2-1.

Consider the following criteria when using decoupling capacitors:

- **Value and type of capacitor:** Recommendation of 0.1 μF (100 nF), 10-20V. This capacitor should be a low-ESR and have resonance frequency in the range of 20 MHz and higher. It is recommended that ceramic capacitors be used.
- **Placement on the printed circuit board:** The decoupling capacitors should be placed as close to the pins as possible. It is recommended to place the capacitors on the same side of the board as the device. If space is constricted, the capacitor can be placed on another layer on the PCB using a via; however, ensure that the trace length from the pin to the capacitor is within one-quarter inch (6 mm) in length.
- **Handling high frequency noise:** If the board is experiencing high frequency noise, upward of tens of MHz, add a second ceramic-type capacitor in parallel to the above described decoupling capacitor. The value of the second capacitor can be in the range of 0.01 μF to 0.001 μF . Place this second capacitor next to the primary decoupling capacitor. In high-speed circuit designs, consider implementing a decade pair of capacitances as close to the power and ground pins as possible. For example, 0.1 μF in parallel with 0.001 μF .
- **Maximizing performance:** On the board layout from the power supply circuit, run the power and return traces to the decoupling capacitors first, and then to the device pins. This ensures that the decoupling capacitors are first in the power chain. Equally important is to keep the trace length between the capacitor and the power pins to a minimum thereby reducing PCB track inductance.

2.5 ICSP Pins

The PGECx and PGEDx pins are used for In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) and debugging purposes. It is recommended to keep the trace length between the ICSP connector and the ICSP pins on the device as short as possible. If the ICSP connector is expected to experience an ESD event, a series resistor is recommended, with the value in the range of a few tens of Ohms, not to exceed 100 Ohms.

Pull-up resistors, series diodes and capacitors on the PGECx and PGEDx pins are not recommended as they will interfere with the programmer/debugger communications to the device. If such discrete components are an application requirement, they should be removed from the circuit during programming and debugging. Alternately, refer to the AC/DC characteristics and timing requirements information in the respective device Flash programming specification for information on capacitive loading limits and pin input voltage high (V_{IH}) and input low (V_{IL}) requirements.

Ensure that the “Communication Channel Select” (i.e., PGECx/PGEDx pins) programmed into the device matches the physical connections for the ICSP to MPLAB® ICD 2, MPLAB ICD 3 or MPLAB REAL ICE™.

For more information on ICD 2, ICD 3 and REAL ICE connection requirements, refer to the following documents that are available on the Microchip web site.

- “MPLAB® ICD 2 In-Circuit Debugger User’s Guide” DS51331
- “Using MPLAB® ICD 2” (poster) DS51265
- “MPLAB® ICD 2 Design Advisory” DS51566
- “Using MPLAB® ICD 3” (poster) DS51765
- “MPLAB® ICD 3 Design Advisory” DS51764
- “MPLAB® REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Debugger User’s Guide” DS51616
- “Using MPLAB® REAL ICE™” (poster) DS51749

2.6 JTAG

The TMS, TDO, TDI and TCK pins are used for testing and debugging according to the Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) standard. It is recommended to keep the trace length between the JTAG connector and the JTAG pins on the device as short as possible. If the JTAG connector is expected to experience an ESD event, a series resistor is recommended, with the value in the range of a few tens of Ohms, not to exceed 100 Ohms.

Pull-up resistors, series diodes and capacitors on the TMS, TDO, TDI and TCK pins are not recommended as they will interfere with the programmer/debugger communications to the device. If such discrete components are an application requirement, they should be removed from the circuit during programming and debugging. Alternately, refer to the AC/DC characteristics and timing requirements information in the respective device Flash programming specification for information on capacitive loading limits and pin input voltage high (V_{IH}) and input low (V_{IL}) requirements.

2.7 Trace

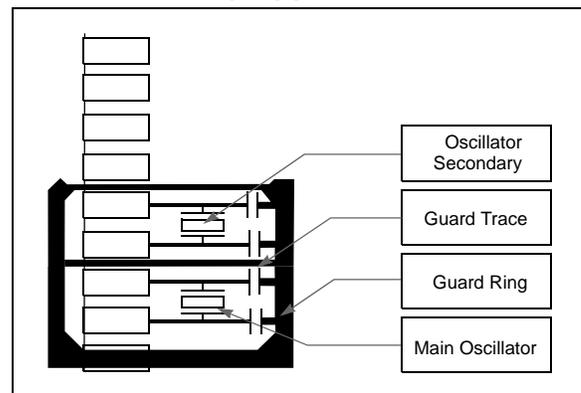
The trace pins can be connected to a hardware-trace-enabled programmer to provide a compress real time instruction trace. When used for trace the TRD3, TRD2, TRD1, TRD0 and TRCLK pins should be dedicated for this use. The trace hardware requires a 22 Ohm series resistor between the trace pins and the trace connector.

2.8 External Oscillator Pins

Many MCUs have options for at least two oscillators: a high-frequency primary oscillator and a low-frequency secondary oscillator (refer to **Section 8.0 “Oscillator Configuration”** for details).

The oscillator circuit should be placed on the same side of the board as the device. Also, place the oscillator circuit close to the respective oscillator pins, not exceeding one-half inch (12 mm) distance between them. The load capacitors should be placed next to the oscillator itself, on the same side of the board. Use a grounded copper pour around the oscillator circuit to isolate them from surrounding circuits. The grounded copper pour should be routed directly to the MCU ground. Do not run any signal traces or power traces inside the ground pour. Also, if using a two-sided board, avoid any traces on the other side of the board where the crystal is placed. A suggested layout is illustrated in Figure 2-3.

FIGURE 2-3: SUGGESTED PLACEMENT OF THE OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT



PIC32MX3XX/4XX

FIGURE 4-3: MEMORY MAP ON RESET FOR PIC32MX320F128H AND PIC32MX320F128L DEVICES⁽¹⁾

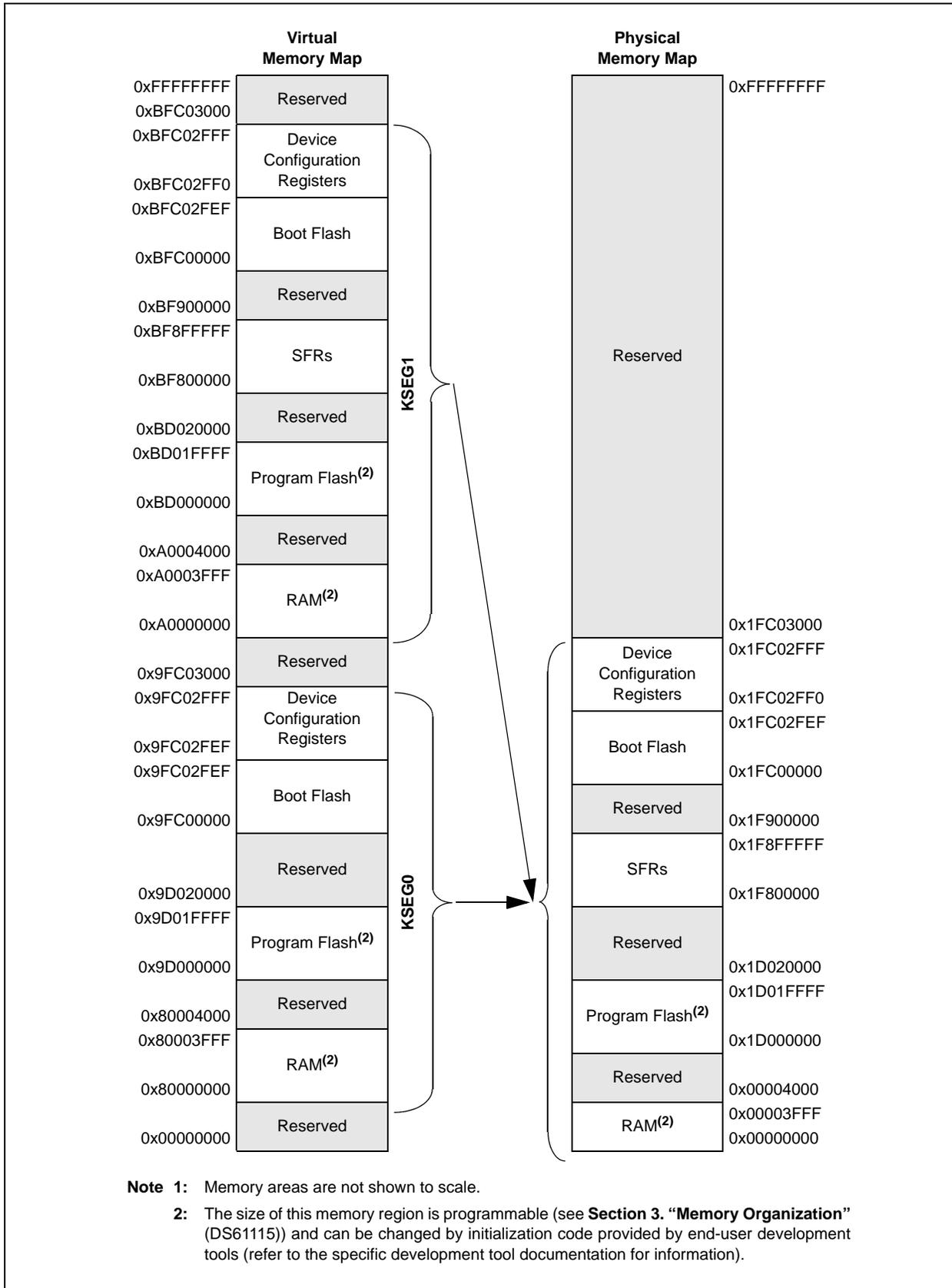


FIGURE 4-4: MEMORY MAP ON RESET FOR PIC32MX340F128H, PIC32MX340F128L, PIC32MX440F128H AND PIC32MX440F128L DEVICES⁽¹⁾

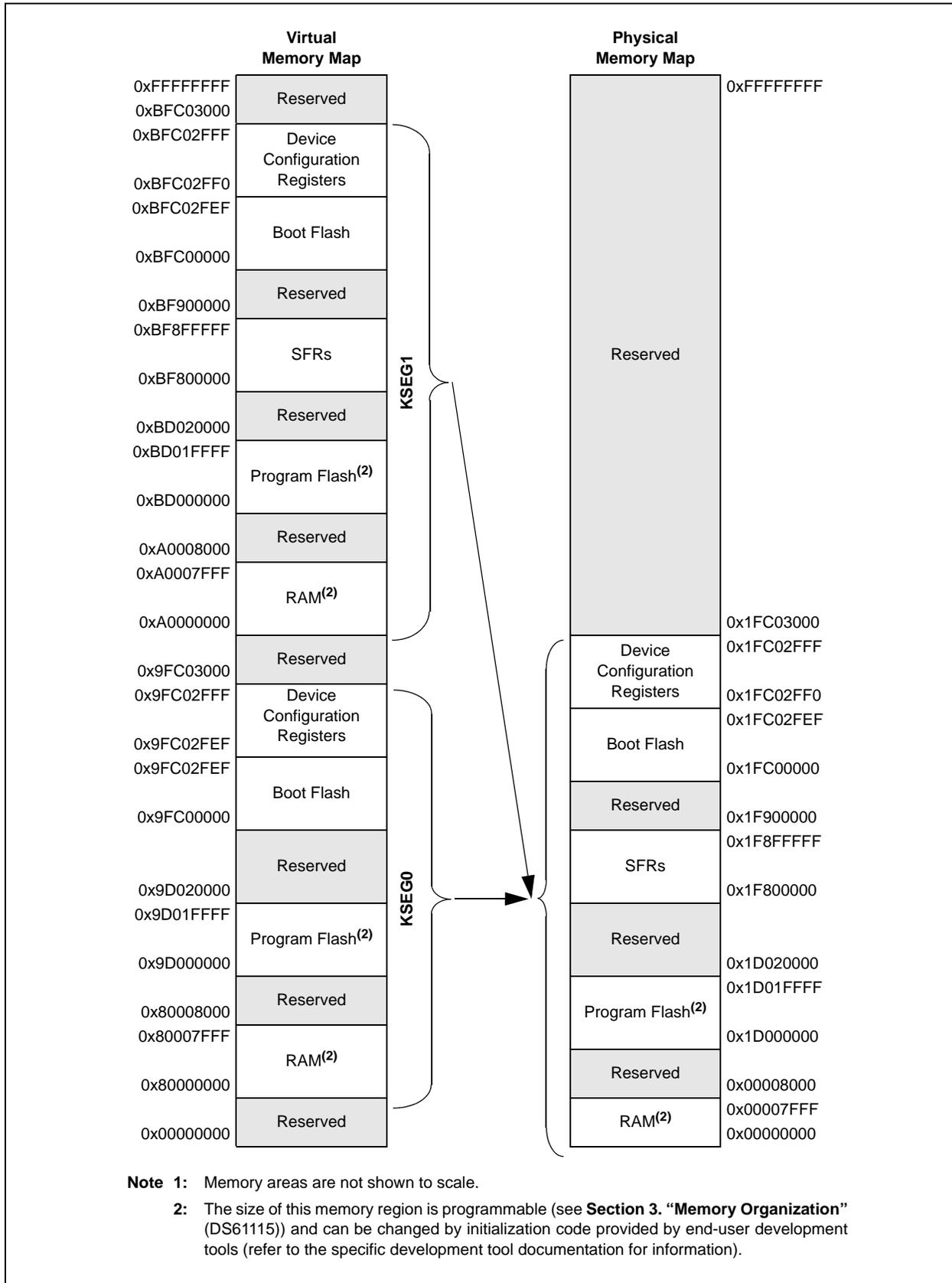


TABLE 4-43: USB REGISTERS MAP⁽¹⁾

Virtual Address (BF88.#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets		
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0			
5040	U1OTG IR ⁽²⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IDIF	T1MSECIF	LSTATEIF	ACTVIF	SESVDIF	SESENDIF	—	VBUSVDIF	0000	
5050	U1OTG IE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IDIE	T1MSECIE	LSTATEIE	ACTVIE	SESVDIE	SESENDIE	—	VBUSVDIE	0000	
5060	U1OTG STAT ⁽³⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ID	—	LSTATE	—	SESVD	SESEND	—	VBUSVD	0000	
5070	U1OTG CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DPPULUP	DMPULUP	DPPULDWN	DMPULDWN	VBUSON	OTGEN	VBUSCHG	VBUSDIS	0000	
5080	U1PWRC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UACTPND ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	USLPGRD	—	—	USUSPEND	USBPWR	0000	
5200	U1IR ⁽²⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STALLIF	ATTACHIF	RESUMEIF	IDLEIF	TRNIF	SOFIF	UERRIF	URSTIF	0000	
5210	U1IE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STALLIE	ATTACHIE	RESUMEIE	IDLEIE	TRNIE	SOFIE	UERRIE	URSTIE	0000	
5220	U1EIR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BTSEF	BMXEF	DMAEF	BTOEF	DFN8EF	CRC16EF	CRC5EF	EOFEF	PIDEF	0000
5230	U1EIE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BTSEE	BMXEE	DMAEE	BTOEE	DFN8EE	CRC16EE	CRC5EE	EOFEE	PIDEE	0000
5240	U1STAT ⁽³⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ENDPT<3:0> ⁽⁴⁾				DIR	PPBI	—	—	0000
5250	U1CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	JSTATE ⁽⁴⁾	SE0 ⁽⁴⁾	PKTDIS	USBRST	HOSTEN	RESUME	PPBRST	USBEN	0000	
5260	U1ADDR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LSPDEN	DEVADDR<6:0>								0000
5270	U1BDTP1	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BDTPTRL<7:1>								0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note 1:** Except where noted, all registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers” for more information.
- 2:** This register does not have associated CLR, SET, and INV registers.
- 3:** All bits in this register are read-only; therefore, CLR, SET, and INV registers are not supported.
- 4:** The reset value for this bit is undefined.

9.0 PREFETCH CACHE

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX3XX/4XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 4. “Prefetch Cache”** (DS61119) of the *“PIC32 Family Reference Manual”*, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

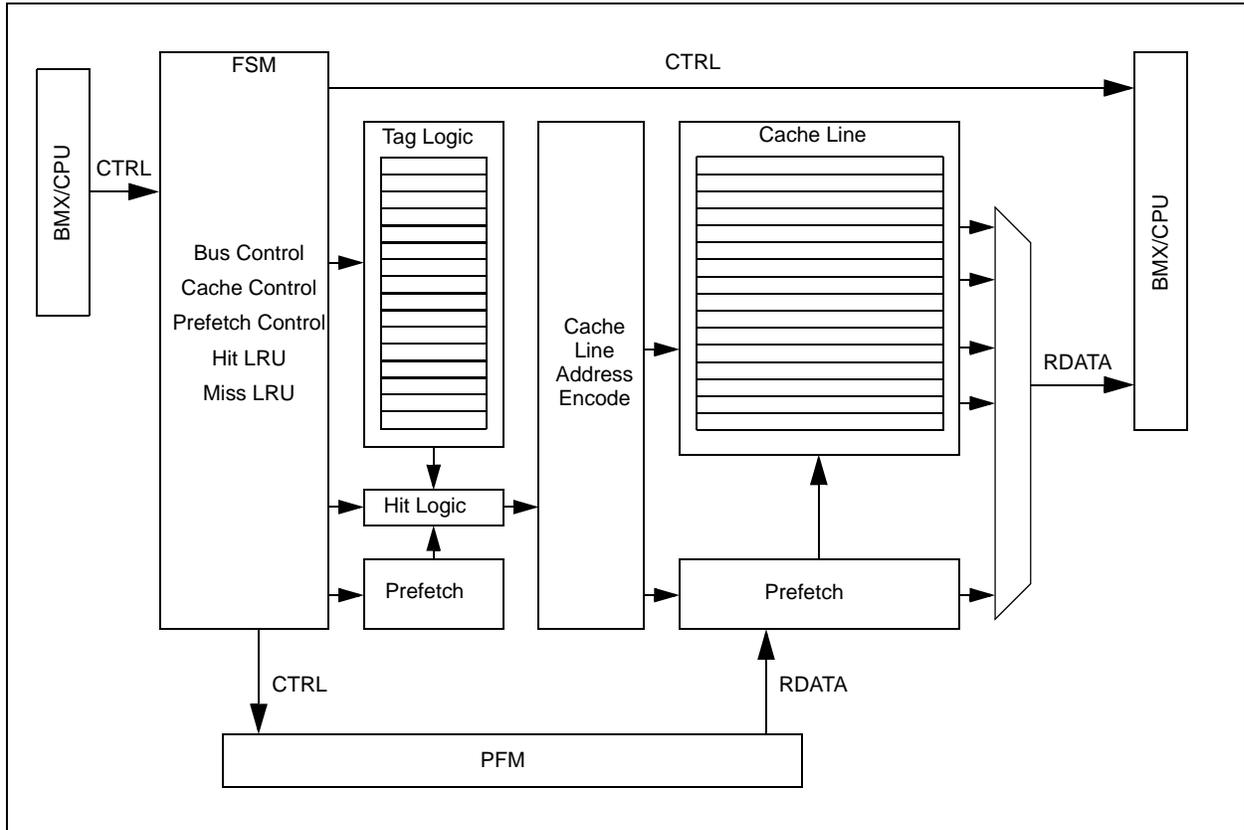
2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

Prefetch cache increases performance for applications executing out of the cacheable program Flash memory regions by implementing instruction caching, constant data caching and instruction prefetching.

9.1 Features

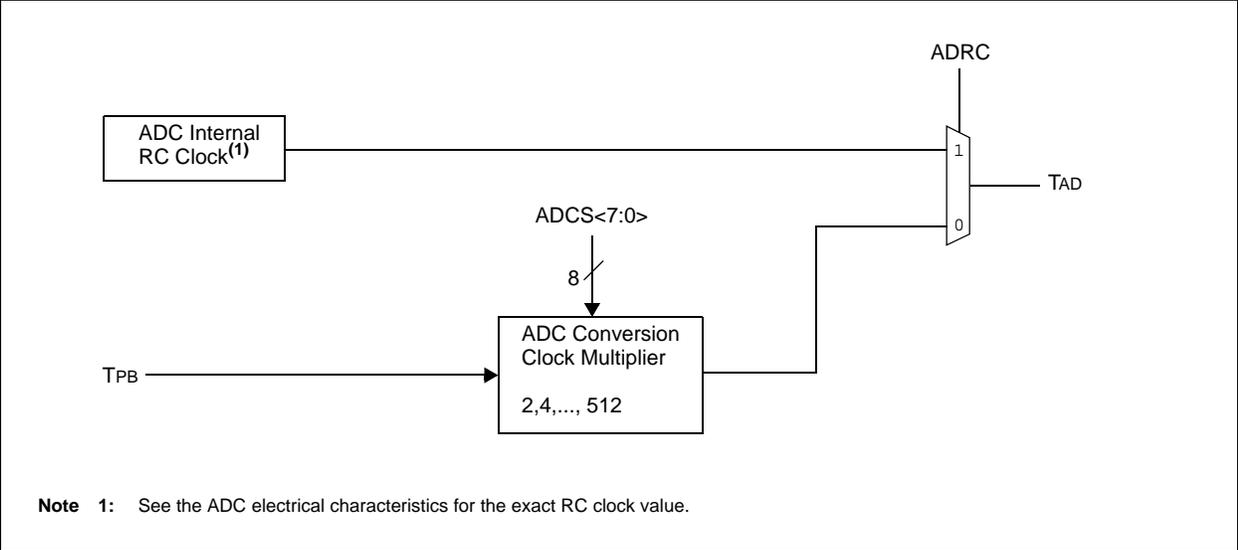
- 16 Fully Associative Lockable Cache Lines
- 16-byte Cache Lines
- Up to four Cache Lines Allocated to Data
- Two Cache Lines with Address Mask to hold repeated instructions
- Pseudo LRU replacement policy
- All Cache Lines are software writable
- 16-byte parallel memory fetch
- Predictive Instruction Prefetch

FIGURE 9-1: PREFETCH MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC32MX3XX/4XX

FIGURE 22-2: ADC CONVERSION CLOCK PERIOD BLOCK DIAGRAM



23.0 COMPARATOR

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX3XX/4XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. Refer to **Section 19. "Comparator"** (DS61110) of the "PIC32 Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 "Memory Organization"** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

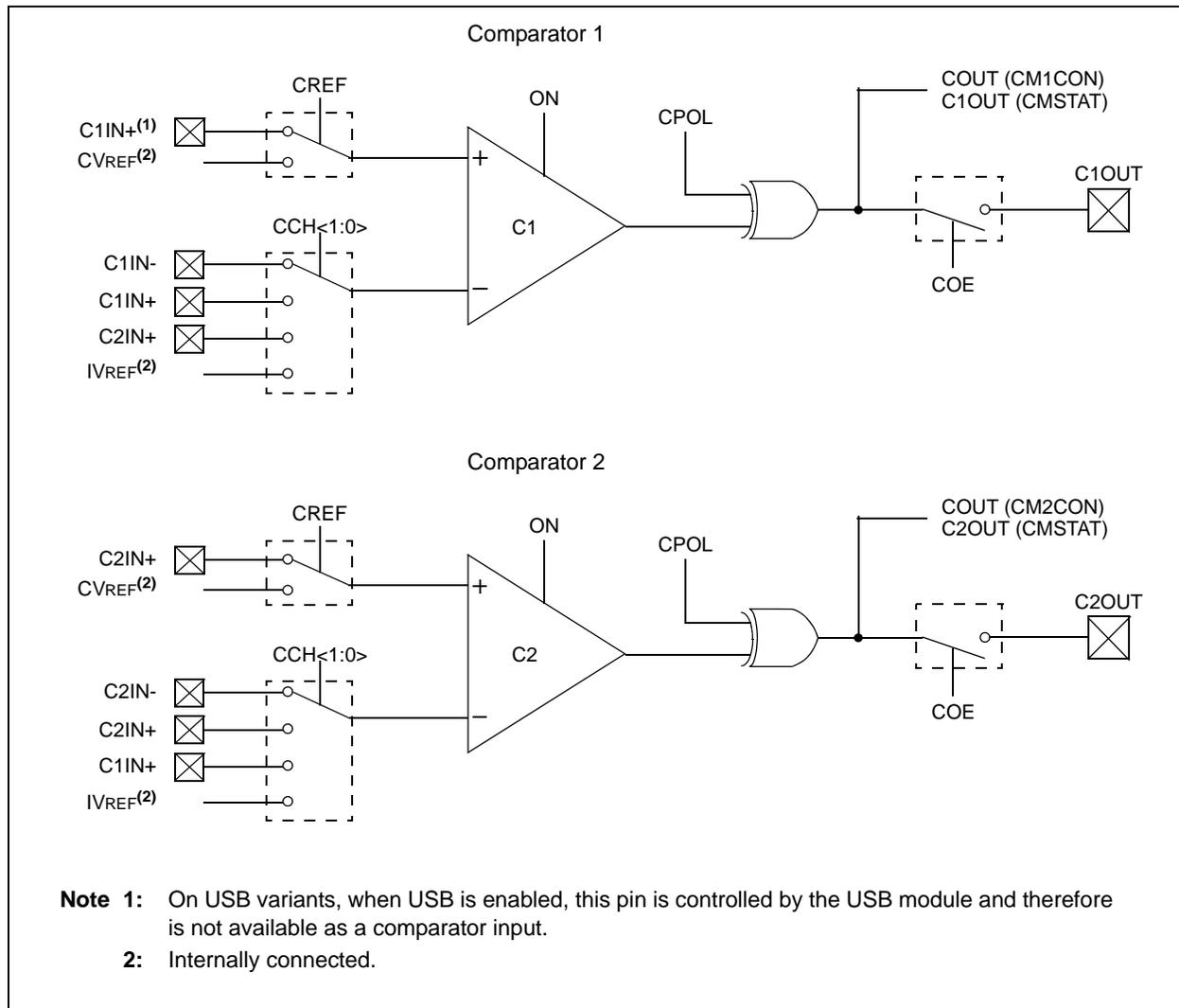
The PIC32MX3XX/4XX Analog Comparator module contains one or more comparator(s) that can be configured in a variety of ways.

Following are some of the key features of this module:

- Selectable inputs available include:
 - Analog inputs multiplexed with I/O pins
 - On-chip internal absolute voltage reference (IVREF)
 - Comparator voltage reference (CVREF)
- Outputs can be inverted
- Selectable interrupt generation

A block diagram of the comparator module is illustrated in Figure 23-1.

FIGURE 23-1: COMPARATOR BLOCK DIAGRAM



24.0 COMPARATOR VOLTAGE REFERENCE (CVREF)

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX3XX/4XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. Refer to **Section 20. “Comparator Voltage Reference (CVREF)”** (DS61109) of the “PIC32 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

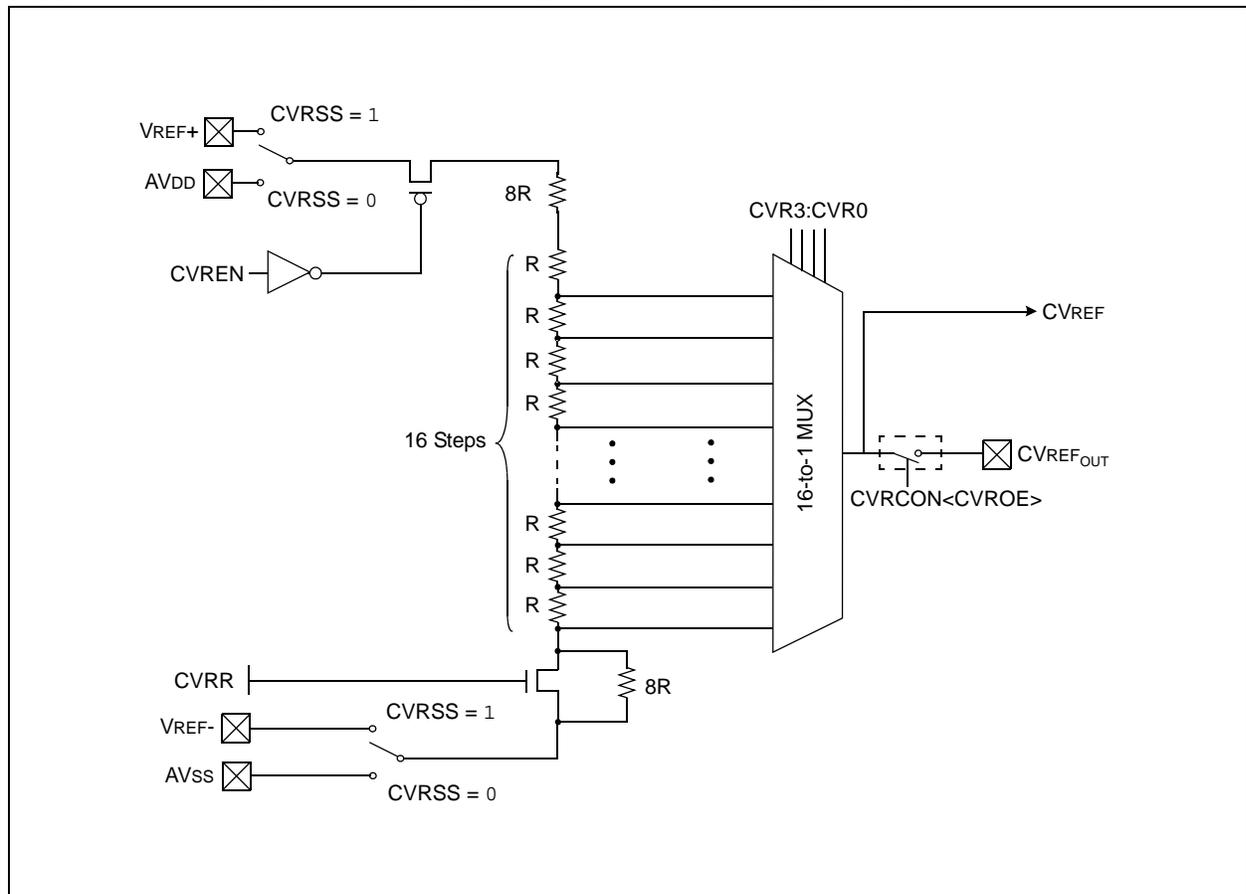
The CVREF is a 16-tap, resistor ladder network that provides a selectable reference voltage. Although its primary purpose is to provide a reference for the analog comparators, it also may be used independently of them.

A block diagram of the module is illustrated in Figure 24-1. The resistor ladder is segmented to provide two ranges of voltage reference values and has a power-down function to conserve power when the reference is not being used. The module’s supply reference can be provided from either device VDD/VSS or an external voltage reference. The CVREF output is available for the comparators and typically available for pin output.

The comparator voltage reference has the following features:

- High and low range selection
- Sixteen output levels available for each range
- Internally connected to comparators to conserve device pins
- Output can be connected to a pin

FIGURE 24-1: COMPARATOR VOLTAGE REFERENCE BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC32MX3XX/4XX

REGISTER 26-6: DDPCON: DEBUG DATA PORT CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —
23:16	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —
15:8	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —	r-x —
7:0	R/W-0 DDPUSB	R/W-0 DDPU1	R/W-0 DDPU2	R/W-0 DDPSPI1	R/W-1 JTAGEN	R/W-0 TROEN	r-x —	r-x —

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit P = Programmable bit r = Reserved bit
 U = Unimplemented bit -n = Bit Value at POR: ('0', '1', x = Unknown)

- bit 31-8 **Reserved:** Write '0'; ignore read
- bit 7 **DDPUSB:** Debug Data Port Enable for USB bit
 1 = USB peripheral ignores USBFRZ (U1CNFG1<5>) setting
 0 = USB peripheral follows USBFRZ setting
- bit 6 **DDPU1:** Debug Data Port Enable for UART1 bit
 1 = UART1 peripheral ignores FRZ (U1MODE<14>) setting
 0 = UART1 peripheral follows FRZ setting
- bit 5 **DDPU2:** Debug Data Port Enable for UART2 bit
 1 = UART2 peripheral ignores FRZ (U2MODE<14>) setting
 0 = UART2 peripheral follows FRZ setting
- bit 4 **DDPSPI1:** Debug Data Port Enable for SPI1 bit
 1 = SPI1 peripheral ignores FRZ (SPI1CON<14>) setting
 0 = SPI1 peripheral follows FRZ setting
- bit 3 **JTAGEN:** JTAG Port Enable bit
 1 = Enable JTAG Port
 0 = Disable JTAG Port
- bit 2 **TROEN:** Trace Output Enable bit
 1 = Enable Trace Port
 0 = Disable Trace Port
- bit 1-0 **Reserved:** Write '1'; ignore read

TABLE 29-7: DC CHARACTERISTICS: POWER-DOWN CURRENT (IPD)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤TA ≤+85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤TA ≤+105°C for V-Temp		
Parameter No.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions	
Power-Down Current (IPD)⁽¹⁾					
DC40	7	30	μA	-40°C	2.3V Base Power-Down Current (Note 6)
DC40a	24	30	μA	+25°C	
DC40b	205	300	μA	+85°C	
DC40h	450	900	μA	+105°C	
DC40c	25	—	μA	+25°C	3.3V Base Power-Down Current
DC40d	9	70	μA	-40°C	3.6V Base Power-Down Current
DC40e	25	70	μA	+25°C	
DC40g	115	200 ⁽⁵⁾	μA	+70°C	
DC40f	200	400	μA	+85°C	
DC40i	470	1200	μA	+105°C	
Module Differential Current					
DC41	—	10	μA	-40°C	2.3V Watchdog Timer Current: ΔIWDT (Notes 3, 6)
DC41a	—	10	μA	+25°C	
DC41b	—	10	μA	+85°C	
DC41g	—	12	μA	+105°C	
DC41c	5	—	μA	+25°C	3.3V Watchdog Timer Current: ΔIWDT (Note 3)
DC41d	—	10	μA	-40°C	3.6V Watchdog Timer Current: ΔIWDT (Note 3)
DC41e	—	10	μA	+25°C	
DC41f	—	12	μA	+85°C	
DC41h	—	15	μA	+105°C	
DC42	—	10	μA	-40°C	2.3V RTCC + Timer1 w/32 kHz Crystal: ΔIRTCC (Notes 3, 6)
DC42a	—	17	μA	+25°C	
DC42b	—	37	μA	+85°C	
DC42h	—	45	μA	+105°C	
DC42c	23	—	μA	+25°C	3.3V RTCC + Timer1 w/32 kHz Crystal: ΔIRTCC (Note 3)
DC42e	—	10	μA	-40°C	3.6V RTCC + Timer1 w/32 kHz Crystal: ΔIRTCC (Note 3)
DC42f	—	30	μA	+25°C	
DC42g	—	44	μA	+85°C	
DC42i	—	44	μA	+105°C	

- Note 1:** Base IPD is measured with all digital peripheral modules disabled. All I/Os are configured as inputs and pulled low. WDT and FSCM are disabled.
- 2:** Data in the “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.
- 3:** The Δ current is the additional current consumed when the module is enabled. This current should be added to the base IPD current.
- 4:** Test conditions for ADC module differential current are as follows: Internal ADC RC oscillator enabled.
- 5:** Data is characterized at +70°C and not tested. Parameter is for design guidance only.
- 6:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

PIC32MX3XX/4XX

FIGURE 29-9: OC/PWM MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

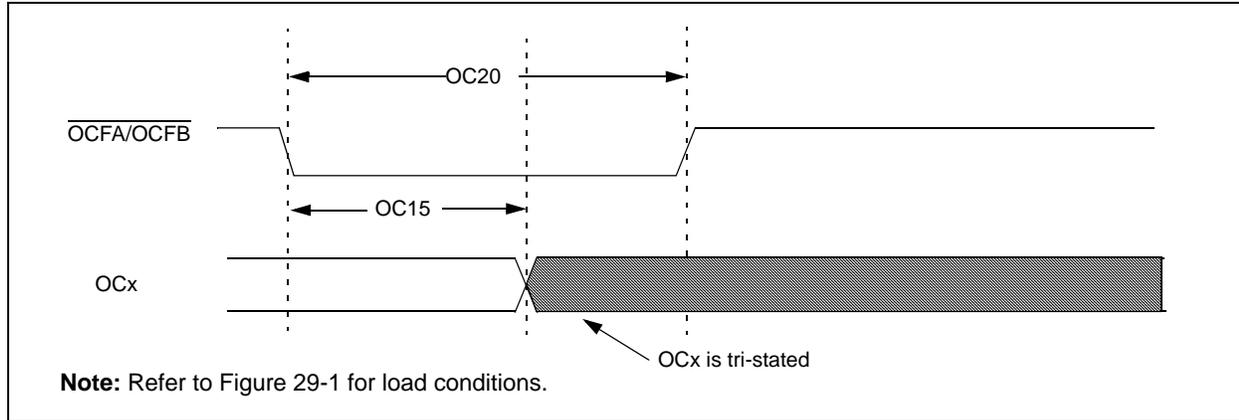


TABLE 29-27: SIMPLE OC/PWM MODE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤TA ≤+85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤TA ≤+105°C for V-Temp				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max	Units	Conditions
OC15	TFD	Fault Input to PWM I/O Change	—	—	25	ns	—
OC20	TFLT	Fault Input Pulse Width	50	—	—	ns	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

Note 2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

TABLE 29-34: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ for V-Temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
Device Supply							
AD01	AVDD	Module VDD Supply	Greater of VDD – 0.3 or 2.5	—	Lesser of VDD + 0.3 or 3.6	V	—
AD02	AVSS	Module Vss Supply	Vss	—	Vss + 0.3	V	—
Reference Inputs							
AD05	VREFH	Reference Voltage High	AVSS + 2.0	—	AVDD	V	(Note 1)
AD05a			2.5	—	3.6	V	VREFH = AVDD (Note 3)
AD06	VREFL	Reference Voltage Low	AVSS	—	VREFH – 2.0	V	(Note 1)
AD07	VREF	Absolute Reference Voltage (VREFH – VREFL)	2.0	—	AVDD	V	(Note 3)
AD08	IREF	Current Drain	—	250 —	400 3	μA μA	ADC operating ADC off
Analog Input							
AD12	VINH-VINL	Full-Scale Input Span	VREFL	—	VREFH	V	—
AD13	VINL	Absolute VINL Input Voltage	AVSS – 0.3	—	AVDD/2	V	—
AD14	VIN	Absolute Input Voltage	AVSS – 0.3	—	AVDD + 0.3	V	—
AD15	—	Leakage Current	—	± 0.001	± 0.610	μA	VINL = AVSS = VREFL = 0V, AVDD = VREFH = 3.3V Source Impedance = 10K Ω
AD17	RIN	Recommended Impedance of Analog Voltage Source	—	—	5K	Ω	(Note 1)
ADC Accuracy – Measurements with External VREF+/VREF-							
AD20c	Nr	Resolution	10 data bits			bits	—
AD21c	INL	Integral Nonlinearity	—	—	$< \pm 1$	LSb	VINL = AVSS = VREFL = 0V, AVDD = VREFH = 3.3V
AD22c	DNL	Differential Nonlinearity	—	—	$< \pm 1$	LSb	VINL = AVSS = VREFL = 0V, AVDD = VREFH = 3.3V (Note 2)
AD23c	GERR	Gain Error	—	—	$< \pm 1$	LSb	VINL = AVSS = VREFL = 0V, AVDD = VREFH = 3.3V
AD24n	E _{OFF}	Offset Error	—	—	$< \pm 1$	LSb	VINL = AVSS = 0V, AVDD = 3.3V
AD25c	—	Monotonicity	—	—	—	—	Guaranteed

Note 1: These parameters are not characterized or tested in manufacturing.

2: With no missing codes.

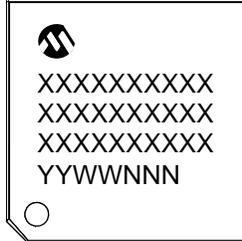
3: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

4: Characterized with 1 kHz sine wave.

30.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

30.1 Package Marking Information

64-Lead TQFP (10x10x1 mm)



Example



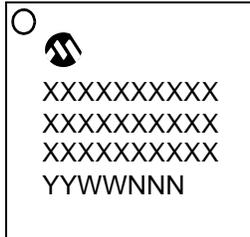
100-Lead TQFP (12x12x1 mm)



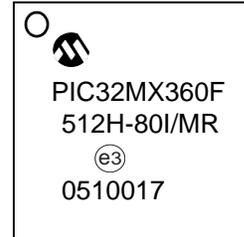
Example



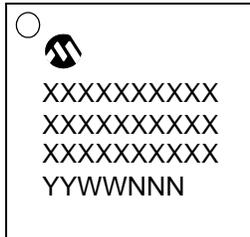
64-Lead QFN (9x9x0.9 mm)



Example



121-Lead XBGA (10x10x1.1 mm)



Example



Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	*	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
		This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

PIC32MX3XX/4XX

TABLE A-3: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES (CONTINUED)

Section Name	Update Description
Section 29.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	<p>Added the new V-Temp temperature range (-40°C to +105°C) to the heading of all specification tables.</p> <p>Updated the Ambient temperature under bias, updated the Voltage on any 5V tolerant pin with respect to V_{SS} when V_{DD} < 2.3V, and added Voltage on V_{BUS} with respect to V_{SS} in Absolute Maximum Ratings.</p> <p>Added the characteristic, DC5a to Operating MIPS vs. Voltage (see Table 29-1).</p> <p>Updated or added the following parameters to the Operating Current (I_{DD}) DC Characteristics: DC20, DC23, DC24c, DC25d, DC26c (see Table 29-5).</p> <p>Added the following parameters to the Idle Current (I_{IDLE}) DC Characteristics: DC30c, DC31c, DC32c, DS33c, DC34c, DC35c, and DC36c (see Table 29-6).</p> <p>Added the following parameters to the Power-down Current (I_{PD}) DC Characteristics: DC40g, DC40h, DC40i, DC41g, DC41h, DC42g, DC42h, DC42i, DC43h, and DC43i (see Table 29-7).</p> <p>Added the Brown-out Reset (BOR) Electrical Characteristics (see Table 29-10).</p> <p>Removed all Conditions from the Program Memory DC Characteristics (see Table 29-11).</p> <p>Removed the AC Characteristics voltage reference table (Table 29-15).</p> <p>Added Note 2 to the PLL Clock Timing Specifications (see Table 29-18).</p> <p>Updated the OC/PWM Module Timing Characteristics (see Figure 29-9).</p> <p>Added parameter IM51 and Note 3 to the I²Cx Bus Data Timing Requirements (Master Mode) (see Table 29-32).</p> <p>Added parameter numbers (AD13, AD14, and AD15) to the ADC Module Specifications (see Table 29-34).</p> <p>Updated the 10-bit ADC Conversion Rate Parameters (see Table 29-35).</p> <p>Updated parameter AD57 (TSAMP) in the Analog-to-Digital Conversion Timing Requirements (see Table 29-36).</p> <p>Updated the Conditions for parameters USB313, USB318, and USB319 in the OTG Electrical Specifications (see Table 29-40).</p>
Section 30.0 “Packaging Information”	<p>Updated the 64-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MR) – 9x9x0.9 mm Body [QFN] packing diagram.</p>
Product Identification System	<p>Added the new V-Temp (V) temperature information.</p>

INDEX

A

AC Characteristics	161
Internal RC Accuracy	163
AC Electrical Specifications	
Parallel Master Port Read Requirements	186
Parallel Master Port Write Requirements.....	187
Parallel Slave Port Requirements	185
Assembler	
MPASM Assembler.....	148

B

Block Diagrams	
ADC Module.....	123
Comparator I/O Operating Modes.....	125
Comparator Voltage Reference	127
Connections for On-Chip Voltage Regulator.....	138
Input Capture	107
JTAG Compliant Application Showing	
Daisy-Chaining of Components	139
Output Compare Module.....	109
Reset System.....	87
RTCC	121
Type B Timer	37, 95, 105
UART	115
WDT.....	137
Brown-out Reset (BOR)	
and On-Chip Voltage Regulator.....	138

C

C Compilers	
MPLAB C18	148
Comparator	
Operation	126
Comparator Voltage Reference	
Configuring.....	128
CPU Module.....	31, 37
Customer Change Notification Service	209
Customer Notification Service.....	209
Customer Support.....	209

D

DC Characteristics	152
I/O Pin Input Specifications.....	157
I/O Pin Output Specifications.....	158
Idle Current (IDLE)	154
Operating Current (IDD).....	153
Power-Down Current (IPD)	155
Program Memory	159
Temperature and Voltage Specifications	152
Development Support	147

E

Electrical Characteristics.....	151
AC.....	161
Errata	19

F

Flash Program Memory	85
RTSP Operation.....	85

I

I/O Ports.....	101, 115
Parallel I/O (PIO).....	102
Internet Address.....	209

M

Microchip Internet Web Site.....	209
MPLAB ASM30 Assembler, Linker, Librarian.....	148
MPLAB Integrated Development Environment Software..	147
MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer	150
MPLAB REAL ICE In-Circuit Emulator System	149
MPLINK Object Linker/MPLIB Object Librarian	148

P

Packaging	191
Details.....	192
Marking.....	191
PIC32 Family USB Interface Diagram	100
Pinout I/O Descriptions (table).....	22
Power-on Reset (POR)	
and On-Chip Voltage Regulator	138

R

Reader Response.....	210
----------------------	-----

S

Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) ...	87, 97, 111, 119, 121, 130
Software Simulator (MPLAB SIM)	149
Special Features.....	131

T

Timer1 Module.....	89, 95, 103, 105
Timing Diagrams	
10-bit Analog-to-Digital Conversion (CHPS<1:0> = 01, SIMSAM = 0, ASAM = 0, SSRC<2:0> = 000) ..	183
10-bit Analog-to-Digital Conversion (CHPS<1:0> = 01, SIMSAM = 0, ASAM = 1, SSRC<2:0> = 111, SAMC<4:0> = 00001).....	184
I2Cx Bus Data (Master Mode)	175
I2Cx Bus Data (Slave Mode)	177
I2Cx Bus Start/Stop Bits (Master Mode).....	175
I2Cx Bus Start/Stop Bits (Slave Mode).....	177
Input Capture (CAPx)	169
OC/PWM	170
Output Compare (OCx)	169
Parallel Master Port Write.....	186, 187
Parallel Slave Port	185
SPIx Master Mode (CKE = 0)	171
SPIx Master Mode (CKE = 1)	172
SPIx Slave Mode (CKE = 0)	173
SPIx Slave Mode (CKE = 1)	174
Timer1, 2, 3, 4, 5 External Clock	167
Transmission (8-bit or 9-bit Data)	116
UART Reception with Receive Overrun	117
Timing Requirements	
CLKO and I/O	164
Timing Specifications	
I2Cx Bus Data Requirements (Master Mode).....	175
I2Cx Bus Data Requirements (Slave Mode).....	178
Output Compare Requirements.....	169
Simple OC/PWM Mode Requirements	170
SPIx Master Mode (CKE = 0) Requirements.....	171
SPIx Master Mode (CKE = 1) Requirements.....	172
SPIx Slave Mode (CKE = 1) Requirements.....	174

V

VCORE/VCAP Pin	138
Voltage Reference Specifications.....	160
Voltage Regulator (On-Chip)	138

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