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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	29880
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	382464
Total RAM Bits	28311552
Number of I/O	640
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.95V ~ 1.05V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1924-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1924-FCBGA (45x45)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc6vhx380t-2ffg1924i

Table 4: Typical Quiescent Supply Current (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed and Temperature Grade						Units
			-3 (C)	-2 (C, E, & I)	-1 (C & I)	-1 (I & M) ⁽²⁾	-1L (C)	-1L (I) ⁽¹⁾	
I_{CC0Q}	Quiescent V_{CC0} supply current	XC6VLX75T	1	1	1	N/A	1	1	mA
		XC6VLX130T	1	1	1	N/A	1	1	mA
		XC6VLX195T	1	1	1	N/A	1	1	mA
		XC6VLX240T	2	2	2	N/A	2	2	mA
		XC6VLX365T	2	2	2	N/A	2	2	mA
		XC6VLX550T ⁽³⁾	N/A	3	3	N/A	3	3	mA
		XC6VLX760 ⁽³⁾	N/A	3	3	N/A	3	3	mA
		XC6VSX315T	2	2	2	N/A	2	2	mA
		XC6VSX475T ⁽³⁾	N/A	2	2	N/A	2	2	mA
		XC6VHX250T	1	1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	mA
		XC6VHX255T	1	1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	mA
		XC6VHX380T ⁽⁴⁾	2	2	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	mA
		XC6VHX565T ⁽⁵⁾	N/A	2	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	mA
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	1	N/A	1	N/A	1	mA
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	2	N/A	2	N/A	2	mA
		XQ6VLX550T ⁽⁷⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A	3	N/A	3	mA
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	2	N/A	2	N/A	2	mA
		XQ6VSX475T ⁽⁷⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	2	mA

Power-On Power Supply Requirements

Xilinx FPGAs require a certain amount of supply current during power-on to insure proper device initialization. The actual current consumed depends on the power-on sequence and ramp rate of the power supply.

The recommended power-on sequence for Virtex-6 devices is V_{CCINT} , V_{CCAUX} , and V_{CCO} to meet the power-up current requirements listed in [Table 5](#). V_{CCINT} can be powered up or down at any time, but power up current specifications can vary from [Table 5](#). The device will have no physical damage or reliability concerns if V_{CCINT} , V_{CCAUX} , and V_{CCO} sequence cannot be followed.

If the recommended power-up sequence cannot be followed and the I/Os must remain 3-stated throughout configuration, then V_{CCAUX} must be powered prior to V_{CCO} or V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCO} must be powered by the same supply. Similarly, for power-down, the reverse V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCO} sequence is recommended if the I/Os are to remain 3-stated.

The GTH transceiver supplies must be powered using a MGTHAVCC, MGTHAVCCR, MGTHAVCCPLL, and MGTHAVTT sequence. There are no sequencing requirement for these supplies with respect to the other FPGA supply voltages. For more detail see [Table 27: GTH Transceiver Power Supply Sequencing](#). There are no sequencing requirements for the GTX transceivers power supplies.

[Table 5](#) shows the minimum current, in addition to I_{CCQ} , that are required by Virtex-6 devices for proper power-on and configuration. If the current minimums shown in [Table 4](#) and [Table 5](#) are met, the device powers on after all three supplies have passed through their power-on reset threshold voltages. The FPGA must be configured after applying V_{CCINT} , V_{CCAUX} , and V_{CCO} for the appropriate configuration banks. Once initialized and configured, use the XPE tools to estimate current drain on these supplies.

Table 5: Power-On Current for Virtex-6 Devices

Device	$I_{CCINTMIN}$	$I_{CCAUXMIN}$	I_{CCOMIN}	Units
	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Typ ⁽¹⁾	
XC6VLX75T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 10$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XC6VLX130T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 10$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XC6VLX195T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XC6VLX240T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XC6VLX365T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XC6VLX550T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XC6VLX760	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XC6VSX315T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XC6VSX475T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 50$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XC6VHX250T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XC6VHX255T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XC6VHX380T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XC6VHX565T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XQ6VLX130T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 100$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XQ6VLX240T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 100$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XQ6VLX550T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 100$	$I_{CCOQ} + 30 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XQ6VSX315T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 100$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA
XQ6VSX475T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 100$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	mA

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
2. Use the XPower Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at <http://www.xilinx.com/power>) to calculate maximum power-on currents.

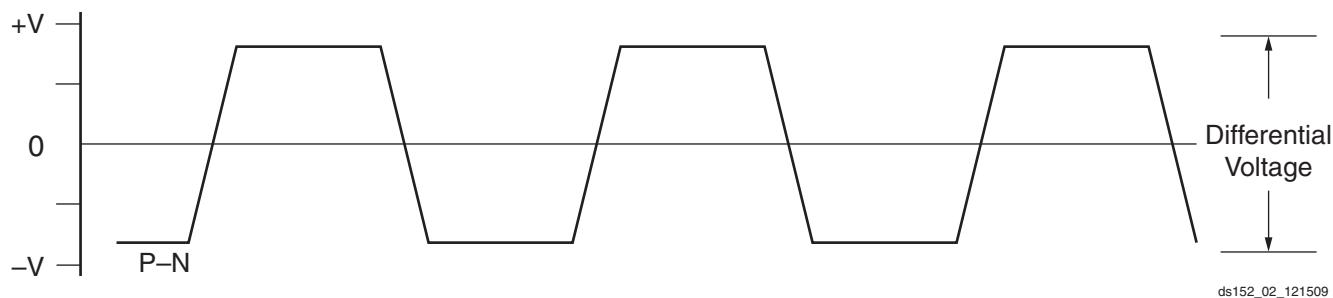


Figure 2: Differential Peak-to-Peak Voltage

Table 18 summarizes the DC specifications of the clock input of the GTX transceiver. Consult [UG366: Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide](#) for further details.

Table 18: GTX Transceiver Clock DC Input Level Specification

Symbol	DC Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{IDIFF}	Differential peak-to-peak input voltage	210	800	2000	mV
R_{IN}	Differential input resistance	90	100	130	Ω
C_{EXT}	Required external AC coupling capacitor	–	100	–	nF

GTX Transceiver Switching Characteristics

Consult [UG366: Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide](#) for further information.

Table 19: GTX Transceiver Performance

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
F_{GTXMAX}	Maximum GTX transceiver data rate	6.6	6.6	5.0	5.0	Gb/s
$F_{GPLLMAX}$	Maximum PLL frequency	3.3 ⁽¹⁾	3.3 ⁽¹⁾	2.7	2.7	GHz
$F_{GPLLMIN}$	Minimum PLL frequency	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	GHz

Notes:

- See Table 14 for MGTAVCC requirements when PLL frequency is greater than 2.7 GHz.

Table 20: GTX Transceiver Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
$F_{GTXDRPCLK}$	GTXDRPCLK maximum frequency	150	150	125	100	MHz

Table 21: GTX Transceiver Reference Clock Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Speed Grades			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
F_{GCLK}	Reference clock frequency range		62.5	—	650	MHz
T_{RCLK}	Reference clock rise time	20% – 80%	—	200	—	ps
T_{FCLK}	Reference clock fall time	80% – 20%	—	200	—	ps
T_{DCREF}	Reference clock duty cycle	Transceiver PLL only	45	50	55	%
T_{LOCK}	Clock recovery frequency acquisition time	Initial PLL lock	—	—	1	ms
T_{PHASE}	Clock recovery phase acquisition time	Lock to data after PLL has locked to the reference clock	—	—	200	μs

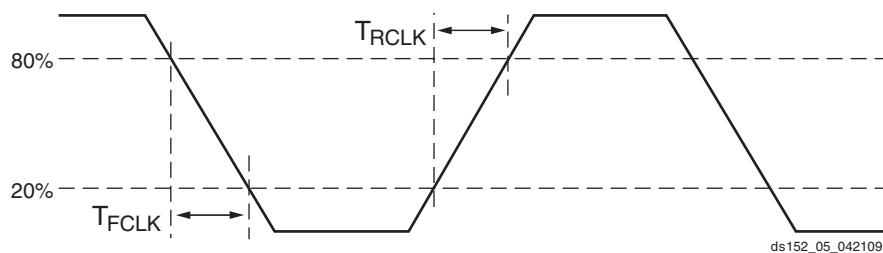


Figure 3: Reference Clock Timing Parameters

Table 22: GTX Transceiver User Clock Switching Characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
F_{TXOUT}	TXOUTCLK maximum frequency	Internal 20-bit data path	330	330	250	250	MHz
		Internal 16-bit data path	412.5	412.5	312.5	250	MHz
F_{RXREC}	RXRECCLK maximum frequency	Internal 20-bit data path	330	330	250	250	MHz
		Internal 16-bit data path	412.5	412.5	312.5	250	MHz
T_{RX}	RXUSRCLK maximum frequency		412.5 ⁽²⁾	412.5 ⁽²⁾	312.5	250	MHz
T_{RX2}	RXUSRCLK2 maximum frequency	1 byte interface	376	376	312.5	250	MHz
		2 byte interface	406.25	406.25	312.5	250	MHz
		4 byte interface	206.25	206.25	156.25	125	MHz
T_{TX}	TXUSRCLK maximum frequency		412.5 ⁽³⁾	412.5 ⁽³⁾	312.5	250	MHz
T_{TX2}	TXUSRCLK2 maximum frequency	1 byte interface	376	376	312.5	250	MHz
		2 byte interface	406.25	406.25	312.5	250	MHz
		4 byte interface	206.25	206.25	156.25	125	MHz

Notes:

1. Clocking must be implemented as described in [UG366: Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide](#).
2. 406.25 MHz when the RX elastic buffer is bypassed.
3. 406.25 MHz when the TX buffer is bypassed.

Table 24: GTX Transceiver Receiver Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description		Min	Typ	Max	Units
F_{GTXRX}	Serial data rate	RX oversampler not enabled	0.600	—	F_{GTXMAX}	Gb/s
		RX oversampler enabled	0.480	—	0.600	Gb/s
$T_{RXELECIDLE}$	Time for RXELECIDLE to respond to loss or restoration of data		—	75	—	ns
RX_{OOBVDP}	OOB detect threshold peak-to-peak		60	—	150	mV
RX_{SST}	Receiver spread-spectrum tracking ⁽¹⁾	Modulated @ 33 KHz	-5000	—	0	ppm
RX_{RL}	Run length (CID)	Internal AC capacitor bypassed	—	—	512	UI
RX_{PPMTOL}	Data/REFCLK PPM offset tolerance	CDR 2 nd -order loop disabled	-200	—	200	ppm
		CDR 2 nd -order loop enabled	-2000	—	2000	ppm
SJ Jitter Tolerance⁽²⁾						
$JT_{SJ}_{6.5}$	Sinusoidal Jitter ⁽³⁾	6.5 Gb/s	0.44	—	—	UI
$JT_{SJ}_{5.0}$	Sinusoidal Jitter ⁽³⁾	5.0 Gb/s	0.44	—	—	UI
$JT_{SJ}_{4.25}$	Sinusoidal Jitter ⁽³⁾	4.25 Gb/s	0.44	—	—	UI
$JT_{SJ}_{3.75}$	Sinusoidal Jitter ⁽³⁾	3.75 Gb/s	0.44	—	—	UI
$JT_{SJ}_{3.125}$	Sinusoidal Jitter ⁽³⁾	3.125 Gb/s	0.45	—	—	UI
$JT_{SJ}_{3.125L}$	Sinusoidal Jitter ⁽³⁾	3.125 Gb/s ⁽⁴⁾	0.45	—	—	UI
$JT_{SJ}_{2.5}$	Sinusoidal Jitter ⁽³⁾	2.5 Gb/s ⁽⁵⁾	0.5	—	—	UI
$JT_{SJ}_{1.25}$	Sinusoidal Jitter ⁽³⁾	1.25 Gb/s ⁽⁶⁾	0.5	—	—	UI
JT_{SJ}_{600}	Sinusoidal Jitter ⁽³⁾	600 Mb/s	0.4	—	—	UI
JT_{SJ}_{480}	Sinusoidal Jitter ⁽³⁾	480 Mb/s	0.4	—	—	UI
SJ Jitter Tolerance with Stressed Eye⁽²⁾						
$JT_{TJSE}_{3.125}$	Total Jitter with Stressed Eye ⁽⁷⁾	3.125 Gb/s	0.70	—	—	UI
		5.0 Gb/s	0.70	—	—	UI
$JT_{SJSE}_{3.125}$	Sinusoidal Jitter with Stressed Eye ⁽⁷⁾	3.125 Gb/s	0.1	—	—	UI
		5.0 Gb/s	0.1	—	—	UI

Notes:

1. Using PLL_RXDIVSEL_OUT = 1, 2, and 4.
2. All jitter values are based on a bit error ratio of $1e^{-12}$.
3. The frequency of the injected sinusoidal jitter is 80 MHz.
4. PLL frequency at 1.5625 GHz and OUTDIV = 1.
5. PLL frequency at 2.5 GHz and OUTDIV = 2.
6. PLL frequency at 2.5 GHz and OUTDIV = 4.
7. Composite jitter with RX equalizer enabled. DFE disabled.

GTH Transceiver Specifications

GTH Transceiver DC Characteristics

Table 25: Absolute Maximum Ratings for GTH Transceivers⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
MGTHAVCC	Analog supply voltage for the GTH transmitter, receiver, and common analog circuits	-0.5	1.125	V
MGTHAVCCRX	Analog supply voltage for the GTH receiver circuits and common analog circuits	-0.5	1.125	V
MGTHAVTT	Analog supply voltage for the GTH transmitter termination circuits	-0.5	1.32	V
MGTHAVCCPLL	Analog supply voltage for the GTH receiver and PLL circuits	-0.5	1.935	V
V _{IN}	Receiver (RXP/RXN) and Transmitter (TXP/TXN) absolute input voltage	-0.5	1.125	V
V _{MGTREFCLK}	Reference clock absolute input voltage	-0.5	1.935	V

Notes:

- Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings might cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods of time might affect device reliability.

Table 26: Recommended Operating Conditions for GTH Transceivers⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
MGTHAVCC	Analog supply voltage for the GTH transmitter, receiver, and common analog circuits	1.075	1.1	1.125	V
MGTHAVCCRX	Analog supply voltage for the GTH receiver circuits and common analog circuits	1.075	1.1	1.125	V
MGTHAVTT	Analog supply voltage for the GTH transmitter termination circuits	1.140	1.2	1.26	V
MGTHAVCCPLL	Analog supply voltage for the GTH receiver and PLL circuit	1.710	1.8	1.89	V

Notes:

- Each voltage listed requires the filter circuit described in [UG371: Virtex-6 FPGA GTH Transceivers User Guide](#).
- Voltages are specified for the temperature range of T_j = -40°C to +100°C.

Table 27: GTH Transceiver Power Supply Sequencing⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
T _{HAVCC2HAVCCRX}	Maximum time between powering MGTHAVCC to when MGTHAVCCRX must be powered.	0	5	ms
T _{HAVCCRX2HAVCCPLL}	Minimum time between powering MGTHAVCCRX to when MGTHAVCCPLL can be powered.	10	–	μs
T _{HAVCCRX2HAVTT}	Minimum time between powering MGTHAVCCRX to when MGTHAVTT can be powered.	10	–	μs

Notes:

- MGTHAVCCRX must be powered simultaneously or within T_{HAVCC2HAVCCRX} of MGTHAVCC, but it must not precede MGTHAVCC.
- MGTHAVCC and MGTHAVCCRX must be powered before MGTHAVCCPLL and MGTHAVTT. This minimum time is defined by T_{HAVCCRX2HAVCCPLL} and T_{HAVCCRX2HAVTT}.
- At any time, the condition of MGTHAVCC being present and MGTHAVCCRX not being present should not occur for more than the maximum T_{HAVCC2HAVCCRX}.

Figure 4 shows the timing parameters in Table 27.

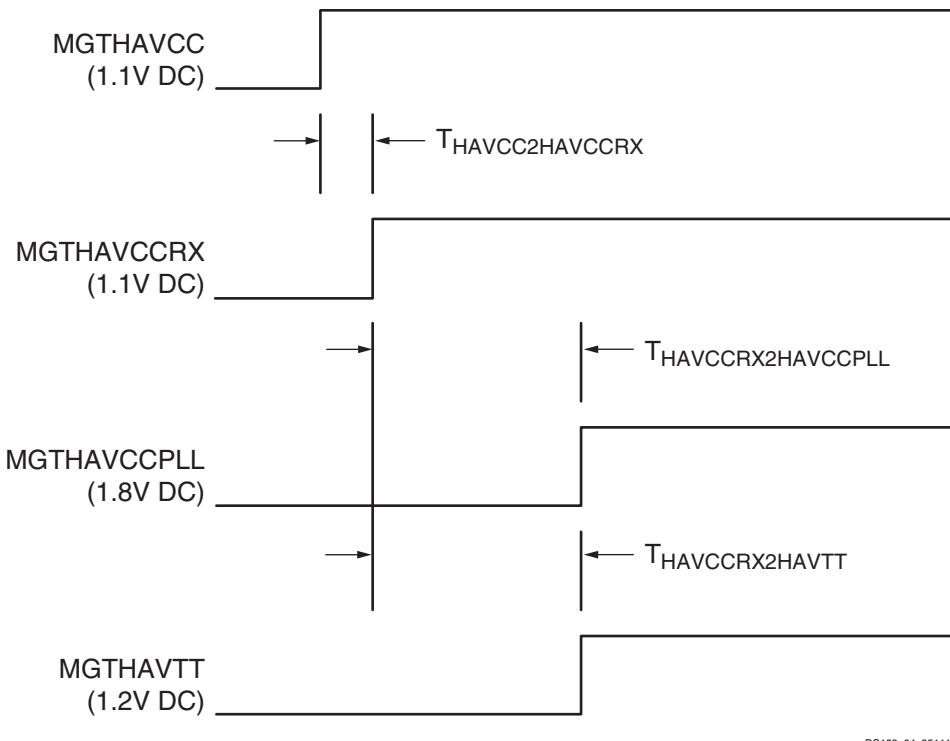


Figure 4: GTH Transceiver Power Supply Power-On Sequencing

Table 28: GTH Transceiver Supply Current

Symbol	Description	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Max	Units
IMGTHAVCC	MGTHAVCC supply current for one GTH Quad (4 lanes)	571	Note 2	mA
IMGTHAVCCRX	MGTHAVCCRX supply current for a GTH Quad (4 lanes)	254	Note 2	mA
IMGTHAVTT	MGTHAVTT supply current for one GTH Quad (4 lanes)	93	Note 2	mA
IMGTHAVCCPLL	MGTHAVCCPLL supply current for one GTH Quad (4 lanes)	219	Note 2	mA
MGTR _{REF}	Precision reference resistor for internal calibration termination	1000.0 ± 1% tolerance		Ω

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C, with a 10.3125 Gb/s line rate.
2. Values for currents other than the values specified in this table can be obtained by using the XPower Estimator (XPE) or XPower Analyzer (XPA) tools.

Table 29: GTH Transceiver Quiescent Supply Current⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Description	Typ ⁽³⁾	Max	Units
IMGTHAVCCQ	Quiescent MGTHAVCC Supply Current for one GTH Quad (4 lanes)	65	Note 4	mA
IMGTHAVCCRQ	Quiescent MGTHAVCCRQ Supply Current for one GTH Quad (4 lanes)	17	Note 4	mA
IMGTHAVTTQ	Quiescent MGTHAVTT Supply Current for one GTH Quad (4 lanes)	1	Note 4	mA
IMGTHAVCCPLQ	Quiescent MGTHAVCCPLQ Supply Current for one GTH Quad (4 lanes)	1	Note 4	mA

Notes:

1. Device powered and unconfigured.
2. GTH transceiver quiescent supply current for an entire device can be calculated by multiplying the values in this table by the number of available GTH transceivers.
3. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
4. Currents for conditions other than values specified in this table can be obtained by using the XPE or XPA tools.

GTH Transceiver Switching Characteristics

Consult [UG371: Virtex-6 FPGA GTH Transceivers User Guide](#) for further information.

Table 32: GTH Transceiver Maximum Data Rate and PLL Frequency Range

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2	-1	
F_{GTHMAX}	Maximum GTH transceiver data rate	PLL Output Divider = 1	11.182	11.182	10.32	Gb/s
		PLL Output Divider = 4	2.795	2.795	2.58	Gb/s
F_{GTHMIN}	Minimum GTH transceiver data rate ⁽¹⁾	PLL Output Divider = 1	9.92	9.92	9.92	Gb/s
		PLL Output Divider = 4	2.48	2.48	2.48	Gb/s
$F_{GPLLMAX}$	Maximum GTH PLL frequency		5.591	5.591	5.16	GHz
$F_{GPLLMIN}$	Minimum GTH PLL frequency		4.96	4.96	4.96	GHz

Notes:

- Lower data rates can be achieved using FPGA logic based oversampling designs.

Table 33: GTH Transceiver Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2	-1	
$F_{GTHDRPCLK}$	GTHDRPCLK maximum frequency	70	70	60	MHz

Table 34: GTH Transceiver Reference Clock Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Speed Grades			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
F_{GCLK}	Reference clock frequency range	-1 speed grade	150	–	645	MHz
		-2 and -3 speed grades	150	–	700	MHz
T_{RCLK}	Reference clock rise time	20% – 80%	–	200	–	ps
T_{FCLK}	Reference clock fall time	80% – 20%	–	200	–	ps
T_{DCREF}	Reference clock duty cycle	CLK	45	50	55	%
T_{LOCK}	Clock recovery frequency acquisition time	Initial PLL lock	–	–	2	ms
T_{PHASE}	Clock recovery phase acquisition time	Lock to data after PLL has locked to the reference clock	–	–	20	μs

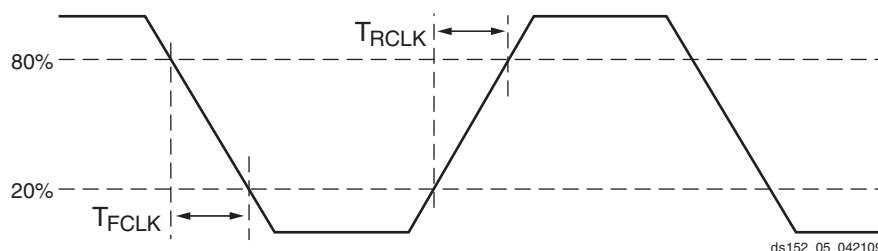


Figure 5: Reference Clock Timing Parameters

Performance Characteristics

This section provides the performance characteristics of some common functions and designs implemented in Virtex-6 devices. The numbers reported here are worst-case values; they have all been fully characterized. These values are subject to the same guidelines as the [Switching Characteristics, page 26](#).

Table 41: Interface Performances

Description	Speed Grade			
	-3	-2	-1	-1L
Networking Applications				
SDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 8)	710 Mb/s	710 Mb/s	650 Mb/s	585 Mb/s
DDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 10)	1.4 Gb/s	1.3 Gb/s	1.25 Gb/s	1.1 Gb/s
SDR LVDS receiver (SFI-4.1) ⁽¹⁾	710 Mb/s	710 Mb/s	650 Mb/s	585 Mb/s
DDR LVDS receiver (SPI-4.2) ⁽¹⁾	1.4 Gb/s	1.3 Gb/s	1.1 Gb/s	0.9 Gb/s
Maximum Physical Interface (PHY) Rate for Memory Interfaces⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾				
DDR2	800 Mb/s	800 Mb/s	800 Mb/s	606 Mb/s
DDR3	1066 Mb/s	1066 Mb/s	800 Mb/s	800 Mb/s
QDR II + SRAM	400 MHz	350 MHz	300 MHz	–
RLDRAM II	500 MHz	400 MHz	350 MHz	–

Notes:

1. LVDS receivers are typically bounded with certain applications where specific DPA algorithms dominate deterministic performance.
2. Verified on Xilinx memory characterization platforms designed according to the guidelines in UG: *Virtex-6 FPGA Memory Interface Solutions User Guide*.
3. Consult [DS186: Virtex-6 FPGA Memory Interface Solutions Data Sheet](#) for performance and feature information on memory interface cores (controller plus PHY).
4. Memory Interface data rates have not been tested over the junction temperature operating range for military (M) temperature devices. Customers are responsible for specifying and testing their specific M temperature grade memory implementation.

Switching Characteristics

All values represented in this data sheet are based on these speed specifications: v1.17 for -3, -2, and -1; and v1.10 for -1L. Switching characteristics are specified on a per-speed-grade basis and can be designated as Advance, Preliminary, or Production. Each designation is defined as follows:

Advance

These specifications are based on simulations only and are typically available soon after device design specifications are frozen. Although speed grades with this designation are considered relatively stable and conservative, some under-reporting might still occur.

Preliminary

These specifications are based on complete ES (engineering sample) silicon characterization. Devices and speed grades with this designation are intended to give a better indication of the expected performance of production silicon. The probability of under-reporting delays is greatly reduced as compared to Advance data.

Production

These specifications are released once enough production silicon of a particular device family member has been characterized to provide full correlation between specifications and devices over numerous production lots. There is no under-reporting of delays, and customers receive formal notification of any subsequent changes. Typically, the slowest speed grades transition to Production before faster speed grades.

All specifications are always representative of worst-case supply voltage and junction temperature conditions.

Since individual family members are produced at different times, the migration from one category to another depends completely on the status of the fabrication process for each device.

[Table 42](#) correlates the current status of each Virtex-6 device on a per speed grade basis.

Table 42: Virtex-6 Device Speed Grade Designations

Device	Speed Grade Designations		
	Advance	Preliminary	Production
XC6VLX75T			-3, -2, -1, -1L
XC6VLX130T			-3, -2, -1, -1L
XC6VLX195T			-3, -2, -1, -1L
XC6VLX240T			-3, -2, -1, -1L
XC6VLX365T			-3, -2, -1, -1L
XC6VLX550T			-2, -1, -1L
XC6VLX760			-2, -1, -1L
XC6VSX315T			-3, -2, -1, -1L
XC6VSX475T			-2, -1, -1L
XC6VHX250T			-3, -2, -1
XC6VHX255T			-3, -2, -1
XC6VHX380T			-3, -2, -1
XC6VHX565T			-2, -1
XQ6VLX130T			-2, -1, -1L
XQ6VLX240T			-2, -1, -1L
XQ6VLX550T			-1, -1L
XQ6VSX315T			-2, -1, -1L
XQ6VSX475T			-1, -1L

Testing of Switching Characteristics

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Internal timing parameters are derived from measuring internal test patterns. Listed below are representative values.

For more specific, more precise, and worst-case guaranteed data, use the values reported by the static timing analyzer and back-annotate to the simulation net list. Unless otherwise noted, values apply to all Virtex-6 devices.

Table 44: IOB Switching Characteristics for the Commercial (XC) Virtex-6 Devices (Cont'd)

I/O Standard	T _{IOP1}				T _{IOP2}				T _{IOTP}				Units	
	Speed Grade				Speed Grade				Speed Grade					
	-3	-2	-1	-1L	-3	-2	-1	-1L	-3	-2	-1	-1L		
LVCMOS25, Fast, 24 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.66	1.79	1.99	1.96	1.66	1.79	1.99	1.96	ns	
LVCMOS18, Slow, 2 mA	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	4.21	4.47	4.87	4.30	4.21	4.47	4.87	4.30	ns	
LVCMOS18, Slow, 4 mA	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	2.79	2.96	3.21	2.94	2.79	2.96	3.21	2.94	ns	
LVCMOS18, Slow, 6 mA	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	2.30	2.43	2.64	2.47	2.30	2.43	2.64	2.47	ns	
LVCMOS18, Slow, 8 mA	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	2.01	2.11	2.27	2.24	2.01	2.11	2.27	2.24	ns	
LVCMOS18, Slow, 12 mA	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	1.88	1.99	2.15	2.10	1.88	1.99	2.15	2.10	ns	
LVCMOS18, Slow, 16 mA	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	1.84	1.95	2.11	2.04	1.84	1.95	2.11	2.04	ns	
LVCMOS18, Fast, 2 mA	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	4.00	4.23	4.57	4.08	4.00	4.23	4.57	4.08	ns	
LVCMOS18, Fast, 4 mA	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	2.62	2.76	2.97	2.74	2.62	2.76	2.97	2.74	ns	
LVCMOS18, Fast, 6 mA	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	2.15	2.28	2.46	2.32	2.15	2.28	2.46	2.32	ns	
LVCMOS18, Fast, 8 mA	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	1.90	1.99	2.13	2.14	1.90	1.99	2.13	2.14	ns	
LVCMOS18, Fast, 12 mA	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	1.69	1.80	1.97	1.88	1.69	1.80	1.97	1.88	ns	
LVCMOS18, Fast, 16 mA	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	1.63	1.74	1.91	1.88	1.63	1.74	1.91	1.88	ns	
LVCMOS15, Slow, 2 mA	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	3.43	3.77	4.29	3.91	3.43	3.77	4.29	3.91	ns	
LVCMOS15, Slow, 4 mA	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	2.58	2.79	3.10	2.93	2.58	2.79	3.10	2.93	ns	
LVCMOS15, Slow, 6 mA	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	2.08	2.32	2.68	2.50	2.08	2.32	2.68	2.50	ns	
LVCMOS15, Slow, 8 mA	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	1.81	1.98	2.23	2.24	1.81	1.98	2.23	2.24	ns	
LVCMOS15, Slow, 12 mA	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	1.76	1.91	2.13	2.07	1.76	1.91	2.13	2.07	ns	
LVCMOS15, Slow, 16 mA	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	1.69	1.83	2.04	1.98	1.69	1.83	2.04	1.98	ns	
LVCMOS15, Fast, 2 mA	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	3.44	3.77	4.28	3.91	3.44	3.77	4.28	3.91	ns	
LVCMOS15, Fast, 4 mA	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	2.37	2.53	2.78	2.66	2.37	2.53	2.78	2.66	ns	
LVCMOS15, Fast, 6 mA	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	1.80	2.05	2.42	2.16	1.80	2.05	2.42	2.16	ns	
LVCMOS15, Fast, 8 mA	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	1.76	1.90	2.11	2.04	1.76	1.90	2.11	2.04	ns	
LVCMOS15, Fast, 12 mA	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	1.64	1.77	1.97	1.90	1.64	1.77	1.97	1.90	ns	
LVCMOS15, Fast, 16 mA	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	1.62	1.76	1.96	1.92	1.62	1.76	1.96	1.92	ns	
LVCMOS12, Slow, 2 mA	0.72	0.81	0.93	0.95	3.14	3.39	3.75	3.54	3.14	3.39	3.75	3.54	ns	
LVCMOS12, Slow, 4 mA	0.72	0.81	0.93	0.95	2.43	2.63	2.93	2.79	2.43	2.63	2.93	2.79	ns	
LVCMOS12, Slow, 6 mA	0.72	0.81	0.93	0.95	1.92	2.11	2.41	2.26	1.92	2.11	2.41	2.26	ns	
LVCMOS12, Slow, 8 mA	0.72	0.81	0.93	0.95	1.87	2.02	2.25	2.17	1.87	2.02	2.25	2.17	ns	
LVCMOS12, Fast, 2 mA	0.72	0.81	0.93	0.95	2.71	2.98	3.39	3.11	2.71	2.98	3.39	3.11	ns	
LVCMOS12, Fast, 4 mA	0.72	0.81	0.93	0.95	1.93	2.16	2.51	2.31	1.93	2.16	2.51	2.31	ns	
LVCMOS12, Fast, 6 mA	0.72	0.81	0.93	0.95	1.75	1.89	2.11	2.05	1.75	1.89	2.11	2.05	ns	
LVCMOS12, Fast, 8 mA	0.72	0.81	0.93	0.95	1.69	1.82	2.02	1.98	1.69	1.82	2.02	1.98	ns	
LVDCI_25	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.05	2.14	2.26	2.26	2.05	2.14	2.26	2.26	ns	
LVDCI_18	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	2.07	2.23	2.47	2.38	2.07	2.23	2.47	2.38	ns	
LVDCI_15	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	1.85	2.01	2.24	2.18	1.85	2.01	2.24	2.18	ns	

Table 44: IOB Switching Characteristics for the Commercial (XC) Virtex-6 Devices (Cont'd)

I/O Standard	T _{IOP1}				T _{IOP2}				T _{IOTP}				Units	
	Speed Grade				Speed Grade				Speed Grade					
	-3	-2	-1	-1L	-3	-2	-1	-1L	-3	-2	-1	-1L		
LVDCI_DV2_25	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.71	1.83	2.01	2.00	1.71	1.83	2.01	2.00	ns	
LVDCI_DV2_18	0.55	0.61	0.71	0.73	1.69	1.81	2.00	1.98	1.69	1.81	2.00	1.98	ns	
LVDCI_DV2_15	0.64	0.73	0.85	0.85	1.68	1.77	1.91	1.98	1.68	1.77	1.91	1.98	ns	
LVPECL_25	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.38	1.49	1.65	1.64	1.38	1.49	1.65	1.64	ns	
HSTL_I_12	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.48	1.60	1.78	1.74	1.48	1.60	1.78	1.74	ns	
HSTL_I_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.40	1.50	1.66	1.64	1.40	1.50	1.66	1.64	ns	
HSTL_II_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.37	1.49	1.68	1.66	1.37	1.49	1.68	1.66	ns	
HSTL_II_T_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.40	1.50	1.66	1.64	1.40	1.50	1.66	1.64	ns	
HSTL_III_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.34	1.45	1.62	1.61	1.34	1.45	1.62	1.61	ns	
HSTL_I_DCI_18	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.53	1.68	1.66	1.42	1.53	1.68	1.66	ns	
HSTL_II_T_DCI_18	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.36	1.46	1.62	1.59	1.36	1.46	1.62	1.59	ns	
HSTL_II_T_DCI_18	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.53	1.68	1.66	1.42	1.53	1.68	1.66	ns	
HSTL_III_DCI_18	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.43	1.54	1.69	1.67	1.43	1.54	1.69	1.67	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_I_18	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.47	1.58	1.75	1.72	1.47	1.58	1.75	1.72	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_I_DCI_18	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.42	1.53	1.68	1.66	1.42	1.53	1.68	1.66	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_I	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.45	1.56	1.73	1.71	1.45	1.56	1.73	1.71	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_I_DCI	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.40	1.50	1.66	1.64	1.40	1.50	1.66	1.64	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_II_18	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.50	1.62	1.81	1.78	1.50	1.62	1.81	1.78	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_II_DCI_18	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.36	1.46	1.62	1.59	1.36	1.46	1.62	1.59	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_II_T_DCI_18	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.42	1.53	1.68	1.66	1.42	1.53	1.68	1.66	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_II	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.44	1.56	1.74	1.72	1.44	1.56	1.74	1.72	ns	
DIFF_HSTL_II_DCI	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.37	1.49	1.68	1.66	1.37	1.49	1.68	1.66	ns	
SSTL2_I_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.53	1.70	1.68	1.42	1.53	1.70	1.68	ns	
SSTL2_II_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.39	1.50	1.67	1.69	1.39	1.50	1.67	1.69	ns	
SSTL2_II_T_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.53	1.70	1.68	1.42	1.53	1.70	1.68	ns	
SSTL18_I	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.47	1.58	1.75	1.73	1.47	1.58	1.75	1.73	ns	
SSTL18_II	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.39	1.50	1.67	1.66	1.39	1.50	1.67	1.66	ns	
SSTL18_I_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.40	1.51	1.67	1.65	1.40	1.51	1.67	1.65	ns	
SSTL18_II_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.36	1.47	1.63	1.62	1.36	1.47	1.63	1.62	ns	
SSTL18_II_T_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.40	1.51	1.67	1.65	1.40	1.51	1.67	1.65	ns	
SSTL15_T_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.41	1.52	1.68	1.66	1.41	1.52	1.68	1.66	ns	
SSTL15_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.41	1.52	1.68	1.66	1.41	1.52	1.68	1.66	ns	
DIFF_SSTL2_I	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.49	1.60	1.77	1.74	1.49	1.60	1.77	1.74	ns	
DIFF_SSTL2_I_DCI	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.42	1.53	1.70	1.68	1.42	1.53	1.70	1.68	ns	
DIFF_SSTL2_II	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.42	1.54	1.72	1.71	1.42	1.54	1.72	1.71	ns	
DIFF_SSTL2_II_DCI	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.39	1.50	1.67	1.69	1.39	1.50	1.67	1.69	ns	
DIFF_SSTL2_II_T_DCI	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.42	1.53	1.70	1.68	1.42	1.53	1.70	1.68	ns	

I/O Standard Adjustment Measurement Methodology

Input Delay Measurements

[Table 47](#) shows the test setup parameters used for measuring input delay.

Table 47: Input Delay Measurement Methodology

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	$V_L^{(1)(2)}$	$V_H^{(1)(2)}$	$V_{MEAS}^{(1)(4)(5)}$	$V_{REF}^{(1)(3)(5)}$
LVCMOS, 2.5V	LVCMOS25	0	2.5	1.25	—
LVCMOS, 1.8V	LVCMOS18	0	1.8	0.9	—
LVCMOS, 1.5V	LVCMOS15	0	1.5	0.75	—
HSTL (High-Speed Transceiver Logic), Class I & II	HSTL_I, HSTL_II	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class III	HSTL_III	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	V_{REF}	0.90
HSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V	HSTL_I_18, HSTL_II_18	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	V_{REF}	0.90
HSTL, Class III 1.8V	HSTL_III_18	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	V_{REF}	1.08
SSTL (Stub Terminated Transceiver Logic), Class I & II, 3.3V	SSTL3_I, SSTL3_II	$V_{REF} - 1.00$	$V_{REF} + 1.00$	V_{REF}	1.5
SSTL, Class I & II, 2.5V	SSTL2_I, SSTL2_II	$V_{REF} - 0.75$	$V_{REF} + 0.75$	V_{REF}	1.25
SSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V	SSTL18_I, SSTL18_II	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	V_{REF}	0.90
LVDS (Low-Voltage Differential Signaling), 2.5V	LVDS_25	1.2 – 0.125	1.2 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁶⁾	—
LVDSEXT (LVDS Extended Mode), 2.5V	LVDSEXT_25	1.2 – 0.125	1.2 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁶⁾	—
HT (HyperTransport), 2.5V	LDT_25	0.6 – 0.125	0.6 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁶⁾	—

Notes:

1. The input delay measurement methodology parameters for LVDCI are the same for LVCMOS standards of the same voltage. Input delay measurement methodology parameters for HSLVDCI are the same as for HSTL_II standards of the same voltage. Parameters for all other DCI standards are the same for the corresponding non-DCI standards.
2. Input waveform switches between V_L and V_H .
3. Measurements are made at typical, minimum, and maximum V_{REF} values. Reported delays reflect worst case of these measurements. V_{REF} values listed are typical.
4. Input voltage level from which measurement starts.
5. This is an input voltage reference that bears no relation to the V_{REF} / V_{MEAS} parameters found in IBIS models and/or noted in [Figure 6](#).
6. The value given is the differential input voltage.

Table 50: OLOGIC Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade					Units
		-3	-2	-1 (XC)	-1 (XQ)	-1L	
Setup/Hold							
T _{DCK/T_OCKD}	D1/D2 pins Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.45/ -0.08	0.50/ -0.08	0.54/ -0.08	0.54/ -0.08	0.69/ -0.11	ns
T _O OCECK/T _O CKOCE	OCE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.17/ -0.03	0.20/ -0.03	0.22/ -0.03	0.27/ -0.05	0.27/ -0.04	ns
T _S SRCK/T _O CKSR	SR pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.59/ -0.24	0.62/ -0.24	0.54/ -0.08	0.54/ -0.08	0.79/ -0.35	ns
T _T TCK/T _O CKT	T1/T2 pins Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.44/ -0.07	0.51/ -0.07	0.56/ -0.07	0.60/ -0.10	0.68/ -0.13	ns
T _T TCECK/T _O CKTCE	TCE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.15/ -0.04	0.19/ -0.04	0.21/ -0.04	0.27/ -0.05	0.29/ -0.05	ns
Combinatorial							
T _D OQ	D1 to OQ out or T1 to TQ out	0.78	0.87	1.01	1.01	1.15	ns
Sequential Delays							
T _O CKQ	CLK to OQ/TQ out	0.54	0.61	0.71	0.71	0.80	ns
T _R Q	SR pin to OQ/TQ out	0.80	0.90	1.05	1.05	1.19	ns
T _G SRQ	Global Set/Reset to Q outputs	7.60	7.60	10.51	10.51	10.51	ns
Set/Reset							
T _R PW	Minimum Pulse Width, SR inputs	0.78	0.95	1.20	1.20	1.30	ns, Min

Input Serializer/Deserializer Switching Characteristics

Table 51: ISERDES Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade					Units
		-3	-2	-1 (XC)	-1 (XQ)	-1L	
Setup/Hold for Control Lines							
T _{ISCKC_BITSILIP} / T _{ISCKC_BITSILIP}	BITSLIP pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.07/ 0.15	0.08/ 0.16	0.09/ 0.17	0.09/ 0.17	0.14/ 0.17	ns
T _{ISCKC_CE} / T _{ISCKC_CE} ⁽²⁾	CE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK (for CE1)	0.20/ 0.03	0.25/ 0.04	0.27/ 0.04	0.27/ 0.04	0.31/ 0.05	ns
T _{ISCKC_CE2} / T _{ISCKC_CE2} ⁽²⁾	CE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLKDIV (for CE2)	0.01/ 0.27	0.01/ 0.29	0.01/ 0.31	0.01/ 0.31	-0.05/ 0.35	ns
Setup/Hold for Data Lines							
T _{ISDCK_D} / T _{ISCKD_D}	D pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.07/ 0.08	0.08/ 0.09	0.09/ 0.11	0.09/ 0.11	0.11/ 0.19	ns
T _{ISDCK_DDLY} / T _{ISCKD_DDLY}	DDLY pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK (using IODELAY) ⁽¹⁾	0.10/ 0.05	0.12/ 0.06	0.14/ 0.07	0.14/ 0.07	0.16/ 0.15	ns
T _{ISDCK_D_DDR} / T _{ISCKD_D_DDR}	D pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK at DDR mode	0.07/ 0.08	0.08/ 0.09	0.09/ 0.11	0.09/ 0.11	0.11/ 0.19	ns
T _{ISDCK_DDLY_DDR} T _{ISCKD_DDLY_DDR}	D pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK at DDR mode (using IODELAY) ⁽¹⁾	0.10/ 0.05	0.12/ 0.06	0.14/ 0.07	0.14/ 0.07	0.16/ 0.15	ns
Sequential Delays							
T _{ISCKO_Q}	CLKDIV to out at Q pin	0.57	0.66	0.75	0.80	0.88	ns
Propagation Delays							
T _{ISDO_DO}	D input to DO output pin	0.19	0.22	0.25	0.25	0.28	ns

Notes:

1. Recorded at 0 tap value.
2. T_{ISCKC_CE2} and T_{ISCKC_CE2} are reported as T_{ISCKC_CE}/T_{ISCKC_CE} in TRACE report.

Table 59: Configuration Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
T_{SMCKBY}	CCLK to BUSY out in readback at 2.5V	6	6	6	7	ns, Max
	CCLK to BUSY out in readback at 1.8V	6	6	6	7	ns, Max
F_{SMCCK}	Maximum Frequency with respect to nominal CCLK	100	100	100	70	MHz, Max
F_{RBCK}	Maximum Readback Frequency with respect to nominal CCLK	100	100	100	60	MHz, Max
$F_{MCCKTOL}$	Frequency tolerance, master mode with respect to nominal CCLK	55	55	55	60	%
Boundary-Scan Port Timing Specifications						
$T_{TAP TCK}/T_{TCK TAP}$	TMS and TDI Setup time before TCK/ Hold time after TCK	3.0/2.0	3.0/2.0	3.0/2.0	4.0/2.0	ns, Min
$T_{TCK TDO}$	TCK falling edge to TDO output valid at 2.5V	6	6	6	7	ns, Max
	TCK falling edge to TDO output valid at 1.8V	6	6	6	7	ns, Max
F_{TCK}	Maximum configuration TCK clock frequency	66	66	66	33	MHz, Max
F_{TCKB_MIN}	Minimum boundary-scan TCK clock frequency when using IEEE Std 1149.6 (AC-JTAG). Minimum operating temperature for IEEE Std 1149.6 is 0°C.	15	15	15	15	MHz, Min
F_{TCKB}	Maximum boundary-scan TCK clock frequency	66	66	66	33	MHz, Max
BPI Master Flash Mode Programming Switching						
$T_{BPICCO}^{(2)}$	ADDR[25:0], RS[1:0], FCS_B, FOE_B, FWE_B outputs valid after CCLK rising edge at 2.5V	6	6	6	7	ns
	ADDR[25:0], RS[1:0], FCS_B, FOE_B, FWE_B outputs valid after CCLK rising edge at 1.8V	6	6	6	7	ns
T_{BPIDCC}/T_{BPICCD}	Setup/Hold on D[15:0] data input pins	4.0/0.0	4.0/0.0	4.0/0.0	5.0/0.0	ns
$T_{INITADDR}$	Minimum period of initial ADDR[25:0] address cycles	3	3	3	3	CCLK cycles
SPI Master Flash Mode Programming Switching						
$T_{SPIDCC}/T_{SPIDCCD}$	DIN Setup/Hold before/after the rising CCLK edge	3.0/0.0	3.0/0.0	3.0/0.0	3.5/0.0	ns
T_{SPICCM}	MOSI clock to out at 2.5V	6	6	6	7	ns
	MOSI clock to out at 1.8V	6	6	6	7	ns
$T_{SPICCFc}$	FCS_B clock to out at 2.5V	6	6	6	7	ns
	FCS_B clock to out at 1.8V	6	6	6	7	ns
$T_{FSINIT}/T_{FSINITH}$	FS[2:0] to INIT_B rising edge Setup and Hold	2	2	2	2	μs
CCLK Output (Master Modes)						
T_{MCCKL}	Master CCLK clock Low time duty cycle	45/55	45/55	45/55	40/60	%, Min/Max
T_{MCCKH}	Master CCLK clock High time duty cycle	45/55	45/55	45/55	40/60	%, Min/Max
CCLK Input (Slave Modes)						
T_{SCCKL}	Slave CCLK clock minimum Low time	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	ns, Min
T_{SCCKH}	Slave CCLK clock minimum High time	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	ns, Min
Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) for MMCM Before and After DCLK						
F_{DCK}	Maximum frequency for DCLK	200	200	200	200	MHz
$T_{MMCMDCK_DADDR}/T_{MMCMCKD_DADDR}$	DADDR Setup/Hold	1.25/ 0.00	1.40/ 0.00	1.63/ 0.00	1.64/ 0.00	ns

Virtex-6 Device Pin-to-Pin Input Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. The representative values for typical pin locations and normal clock loading are listed in [Table 68](#). Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

Table 68: Global Clock Input Setup and Hold Without MMCM

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for LVCMS25 Standard.⁽¹⁾							
T _{PSFD} / T _{PHFD}	Full Delay (Legacy Delay or Default Delay) Global Clock Input and IFF ⁽²⁾ without MMCM	XC6VLX75T	1.33/ 0.03	1.44/ 0.03	1.75/ 0.03	2.18/ -0.22	ns
		XC6VLX130T	1.31/ -0.08	1.54/ -0.08	1.88/ -0.08	2.31/ -0.12	ns
		XC6VLX195T	1.36/ -0.11	1.60/ -0.11	1.97/ -0.11	2.40/ -0.25	ns
		XC6VLX240T	1.36/ -0.11	1.60/ -0.11	1.97/ -0.11	2.40/ -0.25	ns
		XC6VLX365T	1.79/ -0.28	1.87/ -0.28	2.17/ -0.28	2.48/ -0.24	ns
		XC6VLX550T	N/A	2.22/ -0.12	2.36/ -0.12	2.77/ -0.26	ns
		XC6VLX760	N/A	2.19/ -0.24	2.35/ -0.24	2.71/ -0.21	ns
		XC6VSX315T	1.75/ -0.09	1.85/ -0.09	2.06/ -0.09	2.47/ -0.24	ns
		XC6VSX475T	N/A	2.14/ -0.14	2.31/ -0.14	2.71/ -0.30	ns
		XC6VHX250T	1.93/ -0.22	2.04/ -0.22	2.25/ -0.22	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX255T	1.81/ -0.33	2.11/ -0.33	2.56/ -0.33	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX380T	1.93/ -0.11	2.04/ -0.11	2.25/ -0.11	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX565T	N/A	2.20/ -0.12	2.39/ -0.12	N/A	ns
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	1.54/ -0.08	1.88/ -0.08	2.31/ -0.12	ns
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	1.60/ -0.11	1.97/ -0.11	2.40/ -0.25	ns
		XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	2.36/ -0.12	2.77/ -0.26	ns
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	1.85/ -0.09	2.06/ -0.09	2.47/ -0.24	ns
		XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	2.31/ -0.14	2.71/ -0.30	ns

Notes:

- Setup and Hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
- IFF = Input Flip-Flop or Latch
- A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values can not be guaranteed "best-case", but if a "0" is listed, there is no positive hold time.

Table 69: Global Clock Input Setup and Hold With MMCM

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for LVCMS25 Standard.⁽¹⁾							
T _{PSMMC} MG _C /T _{PHMMC} MG _C	No Delay Global Clock Input and IFF ⁽²⁾ with MMCM	XC6VLX75T	1.45/ -0.18	1.57/ -0.18	1.72/ -0.18	1.78/ -0.08	ns
		XC6VLX130T	1.53/ -0.18	1.65/ -0.18	1.81/ -0.18	1.87/ -0.07	ns
		XC6VLX195T	1.54/ -0.17	1.66/ -0.17	1.82/ -0.17	1.87/ -0.08	ns
		XC6VLX240T	1.54/ -0.17	1.66/ -0.17	1.82/ -0.17	1.87/ -0.08	ns
		XC6VLX365T	1.55/ -0.18	1.67/ -0.18	1.83/ -0.18	1.87/ -0.07	ns
		XC6VLX550T	N/A	1.84/ -0.17	2.02/ -0.17	2.06/ -0.06	ns
		XC6VLX760	N/A	2.26/ -0.13	2.49/ -0.13	2.06/ -0.03	ns
		XC6VSX315T	1.56/ -0.18	1.68/ -0.18	1.84/ -0.18	1.89/ -0.08	ns
		XC6VSX475T	N/A	1.85/ -0.23	2.03/ -0.23	2.07/ -0.13	ns
		XC6VHX250T	1.52/ -0.17	1.64/ -0.17	1.80/ -0.17	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX255T	1.52/ -0.12	1.64/ -0.12	1.85/ -0.12	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX380T	1.68/ -0.16	1.81/ -0.16	1.99/ -0.16	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX565T	N/A	1.81/ -0.01	1.99/ -0.01	N/A	ns
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	1.65/ -0.18	1.81/ -0.18	1.87/ -0.07	ns
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	1.66/ -0.17	1.82/ -0.17	1.87/ -0.08	ns
		XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	2.02/ -0.17	2.06/ -0.06	ns
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	1.68/ -0.18	1.84/ -0.18	1.89/ -0.08	ns
		XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	2.03/ -0.23	2.07/ -0.13	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and Hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input Flip-Flop or Latch
3. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Table 70: Clock-Capable Clock Input Setup and Hold With MMCM

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Clock-capable Clock Input Signal for LVCMS25 Standard.⁽¹⁾							
T _{PSMMC} /T _{PHMMC}	No Delay Clock-capable Clock Input and IFF ⁽²⁾ with MMCM	XC6VLX75T	1.56/ -0.25	1.69/ -0.25	1.86/ -0.25	1.91/ -0.15	ns
		XC6VLX130T	1.64/ -0.25	1.78/ -0.25	1.95/ -0.25	2.00/ -0.14	ns
		XC6VLX195T	1.65/ -0.24	1.79/ -0.24	1.96/ -0.24	2.01/ -0.15	ns
		XC6VLX240T	1.65/ -0.24	1.79/ -0.24	1.96/ -0.24	2.01/ -0.15	ns
		XC6VLX365T	1.66/ -0.25	1.79/ -0.25	1.97/ -0.25	2.02/ -0.15	ns
		XC6VLX550T	N/A	1.97/ -0.24	2.16/ -0.24	2.19/ -0.14	ns
		XC6VLX760	N/A	2.39/ -0.20	2.63/ -0.20	2.21/ -0.10	ns
		XC6VSX315T	1.67/ -0.25	1.80/ -0.25	1.98/ -0.25	2.03/ -0.16	ns
		XC6VSX475T	N/A	1.98/ -0.29	2.17/ -0.29	2.21/ -0.20	ns
		XC6VHX250T	1.63/ -0.24	1.76/ -0.24	1.94/ -0.24	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX255T	1.63/ -0.19	1.76/ -0.19	1.99/ -0.19	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX380T	1.80/ -0.23	1.94/ -0.23	2.13/ -0.23	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX565T	N/A	1.94/ -0.08	2.13/ -0.08	N/A	ns
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	1.78/ -0.25	1.95/ -0.25	2.00/ -0.14	ns
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	1.79/ -0.24	1.96/ -0.24	2.01/ -0.15	ns
		XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	2.16/ -0.24	2.19/ -0.14	ns
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	1.80/ -0.25	1.98/ -0.25	2.03/ -0.16	ns
		XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	2.17/ -0.29	2.21/ -0.20	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and Hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input Flip-Flop or Latch
3. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Clock Switching Characteristics

The parameters in this section provide the necessary values for calculating timing budgets for Virtex-6 FPGA clock transmitter and receiver data-valid windows.

Table 71: Duty Cycle Distortion and Clock-Tree Skew

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
T _{DCD_CLK}	Global Clock Tree Duty Cycle Distortion ⁽¹⁾	All	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
T _{CKSKEW}	Global Clock Tree Skew ⁽²⁾	XC6VLX75T	0.15	0.16	0.18	0.17	ns
		XC6VLX130T	0.25	0.26	0.29	0.28	ns
		XC6VLX195T	0.26	0.27	0.31	0.30	ns
		XC6VLX240T	0.26	0.27	0.31	0.30	ns
		XC6VLX365T	0.28	0.29	0.31	0.31	ns
		XC6VLX550T	N/A	0.50	0.54	0.54	ns
		XC6VLX760	N/A	0.51	0.56	0.56	ns
		XC6VSX315T	0.27	0.28	0.32	0.30	ns
		XC6VSX475T	N/A	0.39	0.44	0.42	ns
		XC6VHX250T	0.25	0.26	0.29	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX255T	0.35	0.37	0.41	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX380T	0.45	0.47	0.52	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX565T	N/A	0.46	0.51	N/A	ns
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	0.26	0.29	0.28	ns
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	0.27	0.31	0.30	ns
		XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	0.54	0.54	ns
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	0.28	0.32	0.30	ns
		XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	0.44	0.42	ns
T _{DCD_BUFI0}	I/O clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	ns
T _{BUFIOSKEW}	I/O clock tree skew across one clock region	All	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	ns
T _{BUFIOSKEW2}	I/O clock tree skew across three clock regions	All	0.10	0.12	0.23	0.12	ns
T _{DCD_BUFR}	Regional clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	ns

Notes:

1. These parameters represent the worst-case duty cycle distortion observable at the pins of the device using LVDS output buffers. For cases where other I/O standards are used, IBIS can be used to calculate any additional duty cycle distortion that might be caused by asymmetrical rise/fall times.
2. The T_{CKSKEW} value represents the worst-case clock-tree skew observable between sequential I/O elements. Significantly less clock-tree skew exists for I/O registers that are close to each other and fed by the same or adjacent clock-tree branches. Use the Xilinx FPGA_Editor and Timing Analyzer tools to evaluate clock skew specific to your application.