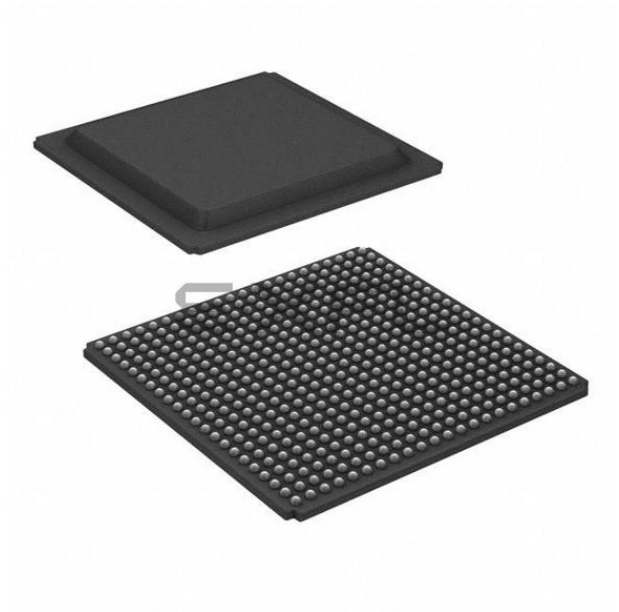
AMD Xilinx - XC6VLX130T-1FFG484I Datasheet



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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	10000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	128000
Total RAM Bits	9732096
Number of I/O	240
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.95V ~ 1.05V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc6vlx130t-1ffg484i

Table 2: **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
V_{CCINT}	Internal supply voltage relative to GND for all devices except -1L devices.	0.95	1.05	V
	For -1L commercial temperature range devices: internal supply voltage relative to GND, T_j = 0°C to +85°C	0.87	0.93	V
	For -1L industrial temperature range devices: internal supply voltage relative to GND, T_j = –40°C to +100°C	0.91	0.97	V
V_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary supply voltage relative to GND	2.375	2.625	V
V_{CCO}(1)(2)(3)	Supply voltage relative to GND	1.14	2.625	V
V_{IN}	2.5V supply voltage relative to GND	GND – 0.20	2.625	V
	2.5V and below supply voltage relative to GND	GND – 0.20	V_{CCO} + 0.2	V
I_{IN}(5)	Maximum current through any pin in a powered or unpowered bank when forward biasing the clamp diode.	–	10	mA
V_{BATT}(6)	Battery voltage relative to GND	1.0	2.5	V
V_{FS}(7)	External voltage supply for eFUSE programming	2.375	2.625	V
T_j	Junction temperature operating range for commercial (C) temperature devices	0	85	°C
	Junction temperature operating range for extended (E) temperature devices	0	100	°C
	Junction temperature operating range for industrial (I) temperature devices	–40	100	°C
	Junction temperature operating range for military (M) temperature devices	–55	125	°C

Notes:

1. Configuration data is retained even if V_{CCO} drops to 0V.
2. Includes V_{CCO} of 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, and 2.5V.
3. The configuration supply voltage V_{CC_CONFIG} is also known as V_{CCO_0}.
4. All voltages are relative to ground.
5. A total of 100 mA per bank should not be exceeded.
6. V_{BATT} is required only when using bitstream encryption. If battery is not used, connect V_{BATT} to either ground or V_{CCAUX}.
7. During eFUSE programming, V_{FS} must be within the recommended operating range and T_j = +15°C to +85°C. Otherwise, V_{FS} can be connected to GND.

Important Note

Typical values for quiescent supply current are specified at nominal voltage, 85°C junction temperatures (T_j). Xilinx recommends analyzing static power consumption at T_j = 85°C because the majority of designs operate near the high end of the commercial temperature range. Quiescent supply current is specified by speed grade for Virtex-6 devices. Use the XPower™ Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at http://www.xilinx.com/power) to calculate static power consumption for conditions other than those specified in Table 4.

Table 4: **Typical Quiescent Supply Current**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed and Temperature Grade						Units
			-3 (C)	-2 (C, E, & I)	-1 (C & I)	-1 (I & M)(2)	-1L (C)	-1L (I)(1)	
I_{CCINTQ}	Quiescent V_{CCINT} supply current	XC6VLX75T	927	927	927	N/A	656	741	mA
		XC6VLX130T	1563	1563	1563	N/A	1102	1245	mA
		XC6VLX195T	2059	2059	2059	N/A	1441	1628	mA
		XC6VLX240T	2478	2478	2478	N/A	1733	1957	mA
		XC6VLX365T	3001	3001	3001	N/A	2092	2363	mA
		XC6VLX550T(3)	N/A	4515	4515	N/A	3147	3555	mA
		XC6VLX760(3)	N/A	5094	5094	N/A	3471	3921	mA
		XC6VSX315T	3476	3476	3476	N/A	2409	2721	mA
		XC6VSX475T(3)	N/A	5227	5227	N/A	3622	4091	mA
		XC6VHX250T	2906	2906	2906	N/A	N/A	N/A	mA
		XC6VHX255T	2746	2746	2746	N/A	N/A	N/A	mA
		XC6VHX380T(4)	4160	4160	4160	N/A	N/A	N/A	mA
		XC6VHX565T(5)	N/A	5207	5207	N/A	N/A	N/A	mA
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	1563	N/A	1563	N/A	1245	mA
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	2478	N/A	2478	N/A	1957	mA
		XQ6VLX550T(7)	N/A	N/A	N/A	4515	N/A	3555	mA
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	3476	N/A	3476	N/A	2721	mA
		XQ6VSX475T(7)	N/A	N/A	N/A	5227	N/A	4091	mA

Power-On Power Supply Requirements

Xilinx FPGAs require a certain amount of supply current during power-on to insure proper device initialization. The actual current consumed depends on the power-on sequence and ramp rate of the power supply.

The recommended power-on sequence for Virtex-6 devices is V_{CCINT}, V_{CCAUX}, and V_{CCO} to meet the power-up current requirements listed in Table 5. V_{CCINT} can be powered up or down at any time, but power up current specifications can vary from Table 5. The device will have no physical damage or reliability concerns if V_{CCINT}, V_{CCAUX}, and V_{CCO} sequence cannot be followed.

If the recommended power-up sequence cannot be followed and the I/Os must remain 3-stated throughout configuration, then V_{CCAUX} must be powered prior to V_{CCO} or V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCO} must be powered by the same supply. Similarly, for power-down, the reverse V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCO} sequence is recommended if the I/Os are to remain 3-stated.

The GTH transceiver supplies must be powered using a MGTHAVCC, MGTHAVCCRX, MGTHAVCCPLL, and MGTHAVTT sequence. There are no sequencing requirement for these supplies with respect to the other FPGA supply voltages. For more detail see Table 27: *GTH Transceiver Power Supply Sequencing*. There are no sequencing requirements for the GTX transceivers power supplies.

Table 5 shows the minimum current, in addition to I_{CCQ}, that are required by Virtex-6 devices for proper power-on and configuration. If the current minimums shown in Table 4 and Table 5 are met, the device powers on after all three supplies have passed through their power-on reset threshold voltages. The FPGA must be configured after applying V_{CCINT}, V_{CCAUX}, and V_{CCO} for the appropriate configuration banks. Once initialized and configured, use the XPE tools to estimate current drain on these supplies.

Table 5: **Power-On Current for Virtex-6 Devices**

Device	$I_{CCINTMIN}$	$I_{CCAUXMIN}$	I_{CCOMIN}	Units
	Typ(1)	Typ(1)	Typ(1)	
XC6VLX75T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 10	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VLX130T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 10	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VLX195T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VLX240T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VLX365T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VLX550T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VLX760	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VSX315T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VSX475T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 50	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VHX250T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VHX255T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VHX380T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XC6VHX565T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XQ6VLX130T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 100	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XQ6VLX240T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 100	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XQ6VLX550T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 100	I_{CCOQ} + 30 mA per bank	mA
XQ6VSX315T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 100	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	mA
XQ6VSX475T	See I_{CCINTQ} in Table 4	I_{CCAUXQ} + 100	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	mA

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
2. Use the XPower Estimator (XPE) spreadsheet tool (download at http://www.xilinx.com/power) to calculate maximum power-on currents.

LVPECL DC Specifications (LVPECL_25)

These values are valid when driving a 100Ω differential load only, i.e., a 100Ω resistor between the two receiver pins. The V_{OH} levels are 200 mV below standard LVPECL levels and are compatible with devices tolerant of lower common-mode ranges. Table 11 summarizes the DC output specifications of LVPECL. For more information on using LVPECL, see UG361: *Virtex-6 FPGA SelectIO Resources User Guide*.

Table 11: **LVPECL DC Specifications**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	V_{CC} – 1.025	1.545	V_{CC} – 0.88	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	V_{CC} – 1.81	0.795	V_{CC} – 1.62	V
V_{ICM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage	0.6	–	2.2	V
V_{IDIFF}	Differential Input Voltage(1)(2)	0.100	–	1.5	V

Notes:

1. Recommended input maximum voltage not to exceed V_{CCAUX} + 0.2V.
2. Recommended input minimum voltage not to go below –0.5V.

eFUSE Read Endurance

Table 12 lists the maximum number of read cycle operations expected. For more information, see UG360: *Virtex-6 FPGA Configuration User Guide*.

Table 12: **eFUSE Read Endurance**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
DNA_CYCLES	Number of DNA_PORT READ operations or JTAG ISC_DNA read command operations. Unaffected by SHIFT operations.	30,000,000				Read Cycles
AES_CYCLES	Number of JTAG FUSE_KEY or FUSE_CNTL read command operations. Unaffected by SHIFT operations.	30,000,000				Read Cycles

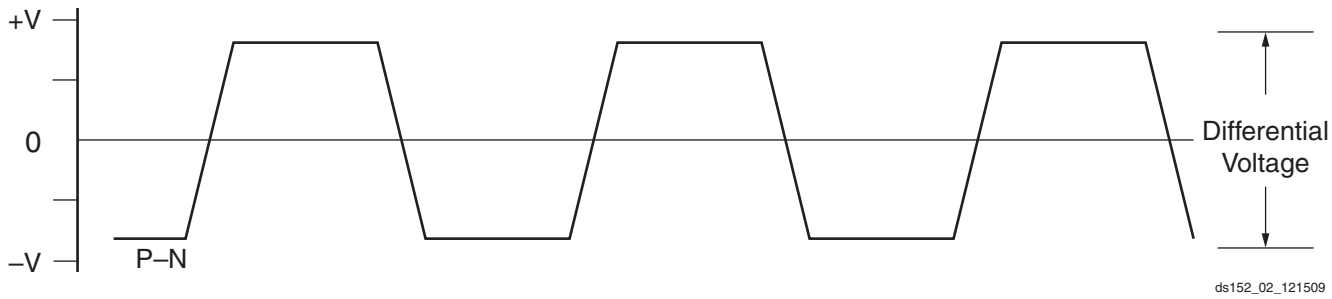

Figure 2: **Differential Peak-to-Peak Voltage**

Table 18 summarizes the DC specifications of the clock input of the GTX transceiver. Consult UG366: *Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide* for further details.

Table 18: **GTX Transceiver Clock DC Input Level Specification**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{IDIFF}	Differential peak-to-peak input voltage	210	800	2000	mV
R_{IN}	Differential input resistance	90	100	130	Ω
C_{EXT}	Required external AC coupling capacitor	–	100	–	nF

GTX Transceiver Switching Characteristics

Consult UG366: *Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide* for further information.

Table 19: **GTX Transceiver Performance**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
F_{GTXMAX}	Maximum GTX transceiver data rate	6.6	6.6	5.0	5.0	Gb/s
$F_{GPLLMAX}$	Maximum PLL frequency	3.3(1)	3.3(1)	2.7	2.7	GHz
$F_{GPLLMIN}$	Minimum PLL frequency	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	GHz

Notes:

1. See Table 14 for MGTAVCC requirements when PLL frequency is greater than 2.7 GHz.

Table 20: **GTX Transceiver Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
$F_{GTXDRPCLK}$	GTXDRPCLK maximum frequency	150	150	125	100	MHz

GTH Transceiver Switching Characteristics

Consult UG371: *Virtex-6 FPGA GTH Transceivers User Guide* for further information.

Table 32: **GTH Transceiver Maximum Data Rate and PLL Frequency Range**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2	-1	
F_{GTHMAX}	Maximum GTH transceiver data rate	PLL Output Divider = 1	11.182	11.182	10.32	Gb/s
		PLL Output Divider = 4	2.795	2.795	2.58	Gb/s
F_{GTHMIN}	Minimum GTH transceiver data rate(1)	PLL Output Divider = 1	9.92	9.92	9.92	Gb/s
		PLL Output Divider = 4	2.48	2.48	2.48	Gb/s
$F_{GPLLMAX}$	Maximum GTH PLL frequency		5.591	5.591	5.16	GHz
$F_{GPLLMIN}$	Minimum GTH PLL frequency		4.96	4.96	4.96	GHz

Notes:

1. Lower data rates can be achieved using FPGA logic based oversampling designs.

Table 33: **GTH Transceiver Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade			Units
		-3	-2	-1	
$F_{GTHDRPCLK}$	GTHDRPCLK maximum frequency	70	70	60	MHz

Table 34: **GTH Transceiver Reference Clock Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Speed Grades			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
F_{GCLK}	Reference clock frequency range	-1 speed grade	150	–	645	MHz
		-2 and -3 speed grades	150	–	700	MHz
T_{RCLK}	Reference clock rise time	20% – 80%	–	200	–	ps
T_{FCLK}	Reference clock fall time	80% – 20%	–	200	–	ps
T_{DCREF}	Reference clock duty cycle	CLK	45	50	55	%
T_{LOCK}	Clock recovery frequency acquisition time	Initial PLL lock	–	–	2	ms
T_{PHASE}	Clock recovery phase acquisition time	Lock to data after PLL has locked to the reference clock	–	–	20	µs

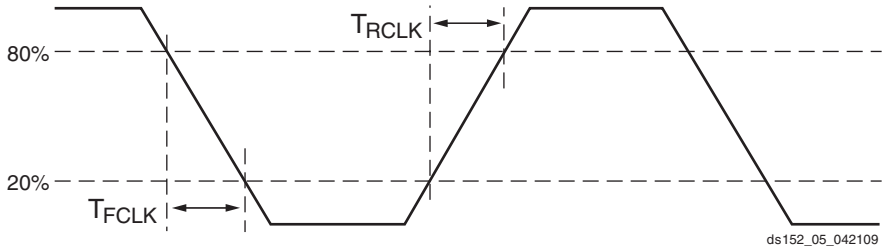

Figure 5: **Reference Clock Timing Parameters**

Integrated Interface Block for PCI Express Designs Switching Characteristics

More information and documentation on solutions for PCI Express designs can be found at:
http://www.xilinx.com/technology/protocols/pciexpress.htm

Table 39: **Maximum Performance for PCI Express Designs**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
$F_{PIPECLK}$	Pipe clock maximum frequency	250	250	250	250	MHz
$F_{USERCLK}$	User clock maximum frequency	500	500	250	250	MHz
F_{DRPCLK}	DRP clock maximum frequency	250	250	250	250	MHz

System Monitor Analog-to-Digital Converter Specification

Table 40: **Analog-to-Digital Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
AV_{DD} = 2.5V ± 5%, V_{REFP} = 1.25V, V_{REFN} = 0V, ADCCLK = 5.2 MHz, T_j = –55°C to 125°C M-Grade, Typical values at T_j=+35°C						
DC Accuracy: All external input channels. Both unipolar and bipolar modes.						
Resolution			10	–	–	Bits
Integral Nonlinearity	INL		–	–	±1	LSBs
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes (T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}) Guaranteed Monotonic	–	–	±0.9	LSBs
Unipolar Offset Error (1)		Uncalibrated	–	±2	±30	LSBs
Bipolar Offset Error (1)		Uncalibrated measured in bipolar mode	–	±2	±30	LSBs
Gain Error		Uncalibrated - External Reference	–	±0.2	±2	%
		Uncalibrated - Internal Reference	–	±2	–	%
Bipolar Gain Error (1)		Uncalibrated - External Reference	–	±0.2	±2	%
		Uncalibrated - Internal Reference	–	±2	–	%
Total Unadjusted Error (Uncalibrated)	TUE	Deviation from ideal transfer function. External 1.25V reference	–	±10	–	LSBs
		Deviation from ideal transfer function. Internal reference	–	±20	–	LSBs
Total Unadjusted Error (Calibrated)	TUE	Deviation from ideal transfer function. External 1.25V reference	–	±1	±2	LSBs
Calibrated Gain Temperature Coefficient		Variation of FS code with temperature	–	±0.01	–	LSB/°C
DC Common-Mode Reject	$CMRR_{DC}$	$V_N = V_{CM}$ = 0.5V ± 0.5V, $V_P – V_N$ = 100mV	–	70	–	dB
Conversion Rate(2)						
Conversion Time - Continuous	t_{CONV}	Number of CLK cycles	26	–	32	
Conversion Time - Event	t_{CONV}	Number of CLK cycles	–	–	21	
T/H Acquisition Time	t_{ACQ}	Number of CLK cycles	4	–	–	
DRP Clock Frequency	DCLK	DRP clock frequency	8	–	80	MHz
ADC Clock Frequency	ADCCLK	Derived from DCLK	1	–	5.2	MHz
CLK Duty cycle			40	–	60	%

Performance Characteristics

This section provides the performance characteristics of some common functions and designs implemented in Virtex-6 devices. The numbers reported here are worst-case values; they have all been fully characterized. These values are subject to the same guidelines as the Switching Characteristics, page 26.

Table 41: **Interface Performances**

Description	Speed Grade			
	-3	-2	-1	-1L
Networking Applications				
SDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 8)	710 Mb/s	710 Mb/s	650 Mb/s	585 Mb/s
DDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 10)	1.4 Gb/s	1.3 Gb/s	1.25 Gb/s	1.1 Gb/s
SDR LVDS receiver (SFI-4.1)(1)	710 Mb/s	710 Mb/s	650 Mb/s	585 Mb/s
DDR LVDS receiver (SPI-4.2)(1)	1.4 Gb/s	1.3 Gb/s	1.1 Gb/s	0.9 Gb/s
Maximum Physical Interface (PHY) Rate for Memory Interfaces(2)(3)(4)				
DDR2	800 Mb/s	800 Mb/s	800 Mb/s	606 Mb/s
DDR3	1066 Mb/s	1066 Mb/s	800 Mb/s	800 Mb/s
QDR II + SRAM	400 MHz	350 MHz	300 MHz	–
RLDRAM II	500 MHz	400 MHz	350 MHz	–

Notes:

1. LVDS receivers are typically bounded with certain applications where specific DPA algorithms dominate deterministic performance.
2. Verified on Xilinx memory characterization platforms designed according to the guidelines in UG: *Virtex-6 FPGA Memory Interface Solutions User Guide*.
3. Consult DS186: *Virtex-6 FPGA Memory Interface Solutions Data Sheet* for performance and feature information on memory interface cores (controller plus PHY).
4. Memory Interface data rates have not been tested over the junction temperature operating range for military (M) temperature devices. Customers are responsible for specifying and testing their specific M temperature grade memory implementation.

Production Silicon and ISE Software Status

In some cases, a particular family member (and speed grade) is released to production before a speed specification is released with the correct label (Advance, Preliminary, Production). Any labeling discrepancies are corrected in subsequent speed specification releases.

Table 43 lists the production released Virtex-6 family member, speed grade, and the minimum corresponding supported speed specification version and ISE software revisions. The ISE® software and speed specifications listed are the minimum releases required for production. All subsequent releases of software and speed specifications are valid.

Table 43: **Virtex-6 Device Production Software and Speed Specification Release**

Device	Speed Grade Designations			
	-3	-2	-1	-1L
XC6VLX75T	ISE 12.2 v1.08			ISE 12.3 v1.07 Patch
XC6VLX130T	ISE 12.1 v1.06	ISE 11.5 v1.05(2)	ISE 11.5 v1.05(2)	ISE 12.2 v1.05
XC6VLX195T	ISE 12.1 v1.06	ISE 12.1 v1.06	ISE 12.1 v1.06	ISE 12.2 v1.04
XC6VLX240T	ISE 12.1 v1.06	ISE 11.4.1 v1.04(2)	ISE 11.4.1 v1.04(2)	ISE 12.2 v1.04
XC6VLX365T	ISE 12.2 v1.08			ISE 12.2 v1.04
XC6VLX550T	N/A	ISE 12.2 v1.07		ISE 12.2 v1.04
XC6VLX760	N/A	ISE 12.2 v1.08		ISE 12.3 v1.07 Patch
XC6VSX315T	ISE 12.2 v1.08	ISE 12.1 v1.06		ISE 12.3 v1.07 Patch
XC6VSX475T	N/A	ISE 12.2 v1.08		ISE 12.3 v1.07 Patch
XC6VHX250T	ISE 12.4 v1.10			N/A
XC6VHX255T	ISE 13.1 v1.14 using the ISE 13.1 software update			N/A
XC6VHX380T	ISE 12.4 v1.10			N/A
XC6VHX565T	N/A	ISE 13.1 v1.14 using the ISE 13.1 software update		N/A
XQ6VLX130T	N/A	ISE 13.3 v1.17 Patch		ISE 13.3 v1.10
XQ6VLX240T	N/A	ISE 13.3 v1.17 Patch		ISE 13.3 v1.10
XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	ISE 13.3 v1.17 Patch	ISE 13.3 v1.10
XQ6VSX315T	N/A	ISE 13.3 v1.17 Patch		ISE 13.3 v1.10
XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	ISE 13.3 v1.17 Patch	ISE 13.3 v1.10

Notes:

1. Blank entries indicate a device and/or speed grade in advance or preliminary status.
2. Designs utilizing the GTX transceivers must use the software version ISE 12.1 v1.06 or later.

IOB Pad Input/Output/3-State Switching Characteristics

Table 44 (for commercial (XC) Virtex-6 devices) and Table 45 (for the Defense-grade (XQ) Virtex-6 devices) summarizes the values of standard-specific data input delay adjustments, output delays terminating at pads (based on standard) and 3-state delays.

T_{IOPI} is described as the delay from IOB pad through the input buffer to the I-pin of an IOB pad. The delay varies depending on the capability of the SelectIO input buffer.

T_{IOOP} is described as the delay from the O pin to the IOB pad through the output buffer of an IOB pad. The delay varies depending on the capability of the SelectIO output buffer.

T_{IOTP} is described as the delay from the T pin to the IOB pad through the output buffer of an IOB pad, when 3-state is disabled. The delay varies depending on the SelectIO capability of the output buffer.

Table 46 summarizes the value of T_{IOTPHZ}. T_{IOTPHZ} is described as the delay from the T pin to the IOB pad through the output buffer of an IOB pad, when 3-state is enabled (i.e., a high impedance state).

Table 44: **IOB Switching Characteristics for the Commercial (XC) Virtex-6 Devices**

I/O Standard	T_{IOPI}				T_{IOOP}				T_{IOTP}				Units
	Speed Grade				Speed Grade				Speed Grade				
	-3	-2	-1	-1L	-3	-2	-1	-1L	-3	-2	-1	-1L	
LVDS_25	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.45	1.54	1.68	1.62	1.45	1.54	1.68	1.62	ns
LVDSEXT_25	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.53	1.65	1.84	1.73	1.53	1.65	1.84	1.73	ns
HT_25	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.51	1.62	1.78	1.69	1.51	1.62	1.78	1.69	ns
BLVDS_25	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.39	1.50	1.67	1.65	1.39	1.50	1.67	1.65	ns
RSDS_25 (point to point)	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.45	1.54	1.68	1.62	1.45	1.54	1.68	1.62	ns
HSTL_I	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.45	1.56	1.73	1.71	1.45	1.56	1.73	1.71	ns
HSTL_II	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.44	1.56	1.74	1.72	1.44	1.56	1.74	1.72	ns
HSTL_III	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	ns
HSTL_I_18	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.47	1.58	1.75	1.72	1.47	1.58	1.75	1.72	ns
HSTL_II_18	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.50	1.62	1.81	1.78	1.50	1.62	1.81	1.78	ns
HSTL_III_18	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	ns
SSTL2_I	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.49	1.60	1.77	1.74	1.49	1.60	1.77	1.74	ns
SSTL2_II	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.54	1.72	1.71	1.42	1.54	1.72	1.71	ns
SSTL15	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 2 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	5.09	5.46	6.01	5.63	5.09	5.46	6.01	5.63	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 4 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	3.30	3.49	3.79	3.65	3.30	3.49	3.79	3.65	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 6 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.62	2.81	3.08	2.95	2.62	2.81	3.08	2.95	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 8 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.21	2.41	2.72	2.59	2.21	2.41	2.72	2.59	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 12 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.80	1.95	2.17	2.10	1.80	1.95	2.17	2.10	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 16 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.89	2.05	2.29	2.21	1.89	2.05	2.29	2.21	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 24 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.68	1.82	2.02	1.98	1.68	1.82	2.02	1.98	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 2 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	5.12	5.49	6.04	5.62	5.12	5.49	6.04	5.62	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 4 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	3.28	3.50	3.82	3.65	3.28	3.50	3.82	3.65	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 6 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.56	2.73	2.99	2.88	2.56	2.73	2.99	2.88	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 8 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.11	2.33	2.65	2.53	2.11	2.33	2.65	2.53	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 12 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.74	1.88	2.08	2.03	1.74	1.88	2.08	2.03	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 16 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.77	1.92	2.13	2.08	1.77	1.92	2.13	2.08	ns

Table 44: **IOB Switching Characteristics for the Commercial (XC) Virtex-6 Devices *(Cont'd)***

I/O Standard	T_{IOPI}				T_{IOOP}				T_{IOTP}				Units
	Speed Grade				Speed Grade				Speed Grade				
	-3	-2	-1	-1L	-3	-2	-1	-1L	-3	-2	-1	-1L	
DIFF_SSTL18_I	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.47	1.58	1.75	1.73	1.47	1.58	1.75	1.73	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I_DCI	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.40	1.51	1.67	1.65	1.40	1.51	1.67	1.65	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_II	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.39	1.50	1.67	1.66	1.39	1.50	1.67	1.66	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_II_DCI	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.36	1.47	1.63	1.62	1.36	1.47	1.63	1.62	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_II_T_DCI	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.40	1.51	1.67	1.65	1.40	1.51	1.67	1.65	ns
DIFF_SSTL15	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	ns
DIFF_SSTL15_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.41	1.52	1.68	1.66	1.41	1.52	1.68	1.66	ns
DIFF_SSTL15_T_DCI	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.41	1.52	1.68	1.66	1.41	1.52	1.68	1.66	ns

Table 45: **IOB Switching Characteristics for the Defense-grade (XQ) Virtex-6 Devices**

I/O Standard	T_{IOPI}			T_{IOOP}			T_{IOTP}			Units
	Speed Grade			Speed Grade			Speed Grade			
	-2	-1	-1L	-2	-1	-1L	-2	-1	-1L	
LVDS_25	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.54	2.16	1.62	1.54	2.16	1.62	ns
LVDSEXT_25	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.65	2.20	1.73	1.65	2.20	1.73	ns
HT_25	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.62	2.20	1.69	1.62	2.20	1.69	ns
BLVDS_25	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.50	3.18	1.65	1.50	3.18	1.65	ns
RSDS_25 (point to point)	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.54	2.22	1.62	1.54	2.22	1.62	ns
HSTL_I	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.56	2.44	1.71	1.56	2.44	1.71	ns
HSTL_II	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.56	2.21	1.72	1.56	2.21	1.72	ns
HSTL_III	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.54	2.50	1.69	1.54	2.50	1.69	ns
HSTL_I_18	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.58	2.43	1.72	1.58	2.43	1.72	ns
HSTL_II_18	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.62	2.30	1.78	1.62	2.30	1.78	ns
HSTL_III_18	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.54	2.49	1.69	1.54	2.49	1.69	ns
SSTL2_I	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.60	2.50	1.74	1.60	2.50	1.74	ns
SSTL2_II	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.54	2.49	1.71	1.54	2.49	1.71	ns
SSTL15	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.54	2.07	1.69	1.54	2.07	1.69	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 2 mA	0.57	0.66	0.70	5.46	6.01	5.63	5.46	6.01	5.63	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 4 mA	0.57	0.66	0.70	3.49	3.79	3.65	3.49	3.79	3.65	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 6 mA	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.81	3.08	2.95	2.81	3.08	2.95	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 8 mA	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.41	2.72	2.59	2.41	2.72	2.59	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 12 mA	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.95	2.23	2.10	1.95	2.23	2.10	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 16 mA	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.05	2.29	2.21	2.05	2.29	2.21	ns
LVCMOS25, Slow, 24 mA	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.82	2.24	1.98	1.82	2.24	1.98	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 2 mA	0.57	0.66	0.70	5.49	6.04	5.62	5.49	6.04	5.62	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 4 mA	0.57	0.66	0.70	3.50	3.82	3.65	3.50	3.82	3.65	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 6 mA	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.73	2.99	2.88	2.73	2.99	2.88	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 8 mA	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.33	2.65	2.53	2.33	2.65	2.53	ns
LVCMOS25, Fast, 12 mA	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.88	2.08	2.03	1.88	2.08	2.03	ns

I/O Standard Adjustment Measurement Methodology

Input Delay Measurements

Table 47 shows the test setup parameters used for measuring input delay.

Table 47: **Input Delay Measurement Methodology**

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	V_L (1)(2)	V_H (1)(2)	V_{MEAS} (1)(4)(5)	V_{REF} (1)(3)(5)
LVCMOS, 2.5V	LVCMOS25	0	2.5	1.25	–
LVCMOS, 1.8V	LVCMOS18	0	1.8	0.9	–
LVCMOS, 1.5V	LVCMOS15	0	1.5	0.75	–
HSTL (High-Speed Transceiver Logic), Class I & II	HSTL_I, HSTL_II	V_{REF} – 0.5	V_{REF} + 0.5	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class III	HSTL_III	V_{REF} – 0.5	V_{REF} + 0.5	V_{REF}	0.90
HSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V	HSTL_I_18, HSTL_II_18	V_{REF} – 0.5	V_{REF} + 0.5	V_{REF}	0.90
HSTL, Class III 1.8V	HSTL_III_18	V_{REF} – 0.5	V_{REF} + 0.5	V_{REF}	1.08
SSTL (Stub Terminated Transceiver Logic), Class I & II, 3.3V	SSTL3_I, SSTL3_II	V_{REF} – 1.00	V_{REF} + 1.00	V_{REF}	1.5
SSTL, Class I & II, 2.5V	SSTL2_I, SSTL2_II	V_{REF} – 0.75	V_{REF} + 0.75	V_{REF}	1.25
SSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V	SSTL18_I, SSTL18_II	V_{REF} – 0.5	V_{REF} + 0.5	V_{REF}	0.90
LVDS (Low-Voltage Differential Signaling), 2.5V	LVDS_25	1.2 – 0.125	1.2 + 0.125	0(6)	–
LVDSEXT (LVDS Extended Mode), 2.5V	LVDSEXT_25	1.2 – 0.125	1.2 + 0.125	0(6)	–
HT (HyperTransport), 2.5V	LDT_25	0.6 – 0.125	0.6 + 0.125	0(6)	–

Notes:

1. The input delay measurement methodology parameters for LVDCI are the same for LVCMOS standards of the same voltage. Input delay measurement methodology parameters for HSLVDCI are the same as for HSTL_II standards of the same voltage. Parameters for all other DCI standards are the same for the corresponding non-DCI standards.
2. Input waveform switches between V_L and V_H.
3. Measurements are made at typical, minimum, and maximum V_{REF} values. Reported delays reflect worst case of these measurements. V_{REF} values listed are typical.
4. Input voltage level from which measurement starts.
5. This is an input voltage reference that bears no relation to the V_{REF} / V_{MEAS} parameters found in IBIS models and/or noted in Figure 6.
6. The value given is the differential input voltage.

Output Delay Measurements

Output delays are measured using a Tektronix P6245 TDS500/600 probe (< 1 pF) across approximately 4" of FR4 microstrip trace. Standard termination was used for all testing. The propagation delay of the 4" trace is characterized separately and subtracted from the final measurement, and is therefore not included in the generalized test setups shown in Figure 6 and Figure 7.

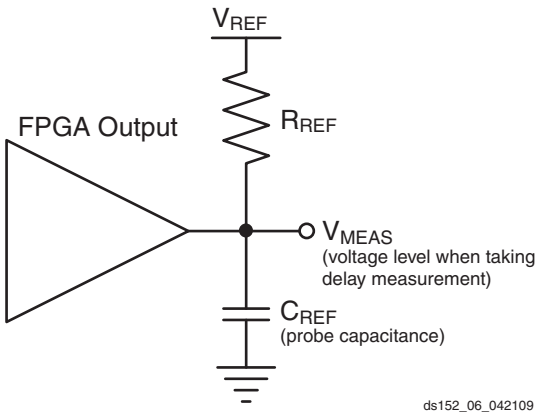

Figure 6: **Single Ended Test Setup**

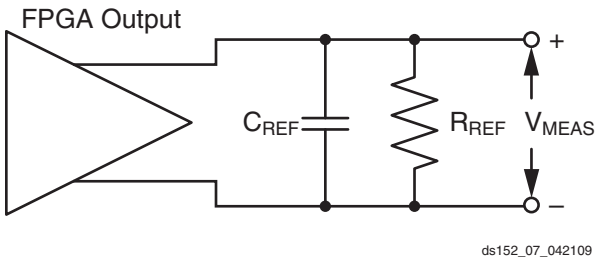

Figure 7: **Differential Test Setup**

Measurements and test conditions are reflected in the IBIS models except where the IBIS format precludes it. Parameters V_{REF}, R_{REF}, C_{REF}, and V_{MEAS} fully describe the test conditions for each I/O standard. The most accurate prediction of propagation delay in any given application can be obtained through IBIS simulation, using the following method:

1. Simulate the output driver of choice into the generalized test setup, using values from Table 48.
2. Record the time to V_{MEAS}.
3. Simulate the output driver of choice into the actual PCB trace and load, using the appropriate IBIS model or capacitance value to represent the load.
4. Record the time to V_{MEAS}.
5. Compare the results of steps 2 and 4. The increase or decrease in delay yields the actual propagation delay of the PCB trace.

Table 48: **Output Delay Measurement Methodology**

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	R_{REF} (Ω)	C_{REF}[1] (pF)	V_{MEAS} (V)	V_{REF} (V)
LVCMOS, 2.5V	LVCMOS25	1M	0	1.25	0
LVCMOS, 1.8V	LVCMOS18	1M	0	0.9	0
LVCMOS, 1.5V	LVCMOS15	1M	0	0.75	0
LVCMOS, 1.2V	LVCMOS12	1M	0	0.75	0
HSTL (High-Speed Transceiver Logic), Class I	HSTL_I	50	0	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class II	HSTL_II	25	0	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class III	HSTL_III	50	0	0.9	1.5
HSTL, Class I, 1.8V	HSTL_I_18	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
HSTL, Class II, 1.8V	HSTL_II_18	25	0	V_{REF}	0.9
HSTL, Class III, 1.8V	HSTL_III_18	50	0	1.1	1.8
SSTL (Stub Series Terminated Logic), Class I, 1.8V	SSTL18_I	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
SSTL, Class II, 1.8V	SSTL18_II	25	0	V_{REF}	0.9
SSTL, Class I, 2.5V	SSTL2_I	50	0	V_{REF}	1.25
SSTL, Class II, 2.5V	SSTL2_II	25	0	V_{REF}	1.25
LVDS (Low-Voltage Differential Signaling), 2.5V	LVDS_25	100	0	0[2]	1.2
LVDSEXT (LVDS Extended Mode), 2.5V	LVDS_25	100	0	0[2]	1.2
BLVDS (Bus LVDS), 2.5V	BLVDS_25	100	0	0[2]	0

Table 50: **OLOGIC Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade					Units
		-3	-2	-1 (XC)	-1 (XQ)	-1L	
Setup/Hold							
T_{ODCK}/T_{OCKD}	D1/D2 pins Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.45/ –0.08	0.50/ –0.08	0.54/ –0.08	0.54/ –0.08	0.69/ –0.11	ns
T_{OOCECK}/T_{OCKOCE}	OCE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.17/ –0.03	0.20/ –0.03	0.22/ –0.03	0.27/ –0.05	0.27/ –0.04	ns
T_{OSRCK}/T_{OCKSR}	SR pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.59/ –0.24	0.62/ –0.24	0.54/ –0.08	0.54/ –0.08	0.79/ –0.35	ns
T_{OTCK}/T_{OCKT}	T1/T2 pins Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.44/ –0.07	0.51/ –0.07	0.56/ –0.07	0.60/ –0.10	0.68/ –0.13	ns
T_{OTCECK}/T_{OCKTCE}	TCE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.15/ –0.04	0.19/ –0.04	0.21/ –0.04	0.27/ –0.05	0.29/ –0.05	ns
Combinatorial							
T_{DOQ}	D1 to OQ out or T1 to TQ out	0.78	0.87	1.01	1.01	1.15	ns
Sequential Delays							
T_{OCKQ}	CLK to OQ/TQ out	0.54	0.61	0.71	0.71	0.80	ns
T_{RQ}	SR pin to OQ/TQ out	0.80	0.90	1.05	1.05	1.19	ns
T_{GSRQ}	Global Set/Reset to Q outputs	7.60	7.60	10.51	10.51	10.51	ns
Set/Reset							
T_{RPW}	Minimum Pulse Width, SR inputs	0.78	0.95	1.20	1.20	1.30	ns, Min

Input Serializer/Deserializer Switching Characteristics

Table 51: **ISERDES Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade					Units
		-3	-2	-1 (XC)	-1 (XQ)	-1L	
Setup/Hold for Control Lines							
$T_{ISCCK\_BITSLIP}$/ $T_{ISCKC\_BITSLIP}$	BITSLIP pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.07/ 0.15	0.08/ 0.16	0.09/ 0.17	0.09/ 0.17	0.14/ 0.17	ns
T_{ISCCK_CE} / T_{ISCKC_CE}(2)	CE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK (for CE1)	0.20/ 0.03	0.25/ 0.04	0.27/ 0.04	0.27/ 0.04	0.31/ 0.05	ns
T_{ISCCK_CE2} / T_{ISCKC_CE2}(2)	CE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLKDIV (for CE2)	0.01/ 0.27	0.01 0.29	0.01/ 0.31	0.01/ 0.31	–0.05/ 0.35	ns
Setup/Hold for Data Lines							
T_{ISDCK_D} /T_{ISCKD_D}	D pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.07/ 0.08	0.08/ 0.09	0.09/ 0.11	0.09/ 0.11	0.11/ 0.19	ns
T_{ISDCK_DDLY} /T_{ISCKD_DDLY}	DDLY pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK (using IODELAY)(1)	0.10/ 0.05	0.12/ 0.06	0.14/ 0.07	0.14/ 0.07	0.16/ 0.15	ns
$T_{ISDCK\_D\_DDR}$ /$T_{ISCKD\_D\_DDR}$	D pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK at DDR mode	0.07/ 0.08	0.08/ 0.09	0.09/ 0.11	0.09/ 0.11	0.11/ 0.19	ns
$T_{ISDCK\_DDLY\_DDR}$ $T_{ISCKD\_DDLY\_DDR}$	D pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK at DDR mode (using IODELAY)(1)	0.10/ 0.05	0.12/ 0.06	0.14/ 0.07	0.14/ 0.07	0.16/ 0.15	ns
Sequential Delays							
T_{ISCKO_Q}	CLKDIV to out at Q pin	0.57	0.66	0.75	0.80	0.88	ns
Propagation Delays							
T_{ISDO_DO}	D input to DO output pin	0.19	0.22	0.25	0.25	0.28	ns

Notes:

1. Recorded at 0 tap value.
2. T_{ISCCK_CE2} and T_{ISCKC_CE2} are reported as T_{ISCCK_CE}/T_{ISCKC_CE} in TRACE report.

Output Serializer/Deserializer Switching Characteristics

Table 52: **OSERDES Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade					Units
		-3	-2	-1 (XC)	-1 (XQ)	-1L	
Setup/Hold							
T_{OSDCK_D}/T_{OSCKD_D}	D input Setup/Hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.23/ –0.10	0.28/ –0.10	0.31/ –0.10	0.35/ –0.10	0.36/ –0.15	ns
T_{OSDCK_T}/T_{OSCKD_T}(1)	T input Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.44/ –0.10	0.51/ –0.09	0.56/ –0.08	0.60/ –0.08	0.68/ –0.15	ns
$T_{OSDCK\_T2}/T_{OSCKD\_T2}$(1)	T input Setup/Hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.25/ –0.10	0.27/ –0.09	0.31/ –0.08	0.31/ –0.08	0.47/ –0.15	ns
$T_{OSCCK\_OCE}/T_{OSCKC\_OCE}$	OCE input Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.17/ –0.03	0.20/ –0.03	0.22/ –0.03	0.27/ –0.03	0.27/ –0.04	ns
T_{OSCCK_S}	SR (Reset) input Setup with respect to CLKDIV	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	ns
$T_{OSCCK\_TCE}/T_{OSCKC\_TCE}$	TCE input Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.15/ –0.04	0.19/ –0.04	0.21/ –0.04	0.27/ –0.04	0.29/ –0.05	ns
Sequential Delays							
T_{OSCKO_OQ}	Clock to out from CLK to OQ	0.63	0.71	0.82	0.82	0.93	ns
T_{OSCKO_TQ}	Clock to out from CLK to TQ	0.63	0.71	0.82	0.82	0.93	ns
Combinatorial							
T_{OSDO_TTQ}	T input to TQ Out	0.76	0.84	0.97	0.97	1.11	ns

Notes:

1. T_{OSDCK_T2} and T_{OSCKD_T2} are reported as T_{OSDCK_T}/T_{OSCKD_T} in TRACE report.

Input/Output Delay Switching Characteristics

Table 53: **Input/Output Delay Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
IDELAYCTRL						
T_{DLYCCO_RDY}	Reset to Ready for IDELAYCTRL	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.25	µs
$F_{IDELAYCTRL\_REF}$	REFCLK frequency = 200.0(1)	200	200	200	200	MHz
	REFCLK frequency = 300.0(1)	300	300	–	–	MHz
IDELAYCTRL_REF_PRECISION	REFCLK precision	±10	±10	±10	±10	MHz
$T_{IDELAYCTRL\_RPW}$	Minimum Reset pulse width	50.00	50.00	50.00	52.50	ns
IODELAY						
$T_{IDELAYRESOLUTION}$	IODELAY Chain Delay Resolution	$1/(32 \times 2 \times F_{REF})$				ps
$T_{IDELAYPAT\_JIT}$	Pattern dependent period jitter in delay chain for clock pattern.(2)	0	0	0	0	ps per tap
	Pattern dependent period jitter in delay chain for random data pattern (PRBS 23).(3)	±5	±5	±5	±5	ps per tap
	Pattern dependent period jitter in delay chain for random data pattern (PRBS 23).(4)	±9	±9	±9	±9	ps per tap
$T_{IODELAY\_CLK\_MAX}$	Maximum frequency of CLK input to IODELAY	500.00	420.00	300.00	300.00	MHz
T_{IODCCK_CE} / T_{IODCKC_CE}	CE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CK	0.45/ –0.09	0.53/ –0.09	0.65/ –0.09	0.84/ –0.14	ns
T_{IODCK_INC}/ T_{IODCKC_INC}	INC pin Setup/Hold with respect to CK	0.23/ –0.02	0.27/ –0.01	0.31/ 0.00	0.27/ –0.04	ns
T_{IODCCK_RST}/ T_{IODCKC_RST}	RST pin Setup/Hold with respect to CK	0.57/ –0.08	0.62/ –0.08	0.69/ –0.08	0.74/ –0.13	ns
T_{IODDO_T}	TSCONTROL delay to MUXE/MUXF switching and through IODELAY	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	ps
$T_{IODDO\_IDATAIN}$	Propagation delay through IODELAY	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	ps
$T_{IODDO\_ODATAIN}$	Propagation delay through IODELAY	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	ps

Notes:

1. Average Tap Delay at 200 MHz = 78 ps, at 300 MHz = 52 ps.
2. When HIGH_PERFORMANCE mode is set to TRUE or FALSE.
3. When HIGH_PERFORMANCE mode is set to TRUE
4. When HIGH_PERFORMANCE mode is set to FALSE.
5. Delay depends on IODELAY tap setting. See TRACE report for actual values.

CLB Switching Characteristics

Table 54: **CLB Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
Combinatorial Delays						
T_{ILO}	An – Dn LUT address to A	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.09	ns, Max
	An – Dn LUT address to AMUX/CMUX	0.18	0.20	0.22	0.25	ns, Max
	An – Dn LUT address to BMUX_A	0.28	0.31	0.36	0.40	ns, Max

Table 54: **CLB Switching Characteristics *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
T_{ITO}	An – Dn inputs to A – D Q outputs	0.59	0.67	0.79	0.85	ns, Max
T_{AXA}	AX inputs to AMUX output	0.31	0.35	0.42	0.44	ns, Max
T_{AXB}	AX inputs to BMUX output	0.35	0.39	0.47	0.50	ns, Max
T_{AXC}	AX inputs to CMUX output	0.39	0.44	0.52	0.56	ns, Max
T_{AXD}	AX inputs to DMUX output	0.42	0.47	0.55	0.60	ns, Max
T_{BXB}	BX inputs to BMUX output	0.30	0.34	0.39	0.44	ns, Max
T_{BXD}	BX inputs to DMUX output	0.38	0.43	0.50	0.55	ns, Max
T_{CXC}	CX inputs to CMUX output	0.26	0.29	0.34	0.37	ns, Max
T_{CXD}	CX inputs to DMUX output	0.30	0.34	0.40	0.44	ns, Max
T_{DXD}	DX inputs to DMUX output	0.30	0.33	0.38	0.43	ns, Max
T_{OPCYA}	An input to COUT output	0.32	0.36	0.41	0.47	ns, Max
T_{OPCYB}	Bn input to COUT output	0.32	0.36	0.41	0.47	ns, Max
T_{OPCYC}	Cn input to COUT output	0.27	0.30	0.34	0.40	ns, Max
T_{OPCYD}	Dn input to COUT output	0.25	0.28	0.32	0.37	ns, Max
T_{AXCY}	AX input to COUT output	0.25	0.28	0.33	0.36	ns, Max
T_{BXCY}	BX input to COUT output	0.22	0.24	0.28	0.31	ns, Max
T_{CXCY}	CX input to COUT output	0.15	0.17	0.20	0.22	ns, Max
T_{DXCY}	DX input to COUT output	0.14	0.16	0.19	0.21	ns, Max
T_{BYP}	CIN input to COUT output	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09	ns, Max
T_{CINA}	CIN input to AMUX output	0.21	0.24	0.28	0.30	ns, Max
T_{CINB}	CIN input to BMUX output	0.23	0.25	0.29	0.31	ns, Max
T_{CINC}	CIN input to CMUX output	0.23	0.26	0.30	0.33	ns, Max
T_{CIND}	CIN input to DMUX output	0.25	0.29	0.33	0.36	ns, Max
Sequential Delays						
T_{CKO}	Clock to AQ – DQ outputs	0.29	0.33	0.39	0.44	ns, Max
T_{SHCKO}	Clock to AMUX – DMUX outputs	0.36	0.40	0.47	0.53	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times of CLB Flip-Flops Before/After Clock CLK						
T_{DICK}/T_{CKDI}	A – D input to CLK on A – D Flip Flops	0.30/0.17	0.36/0.18	0.43/0.20	0.44/0.25	ns, Min
$T_{CECK\_CLB}/T_{CKCE\_CLB}$	CE input to CLK on A – D Flip Flops	0.20/0.00	0.25/0.00	0.32/0.00	0.32/0.01	ns, Min
T_{SRCK}/T_{CKSR}	SR input to CLK on A – D Flip Flops	0.39/–0.07	0.44/–0.07	0.52/–0.07	0.58/–0.08	ns, Min
T_{CINCK}/T_{CKCIN}	CIN input to CLK on A – D Flip Flops	0.16/0.12	0.19/0.14	0.24/0.16	0.23/0.22	ns, Min
Set/Reset						
T_{SRMIN}	SR input minimum pulse width	0.90	0.90	0.97	0.80	ns, Min
T_{RQ}	Delay from SR input to AQ – DQ flip-flops	0.52	0.58	0.68	0.77	ns, Max
T_{CEO}	Delay from CE input to AQ – DQ flip-flops	0.41	0.48	0.59	0.61	ns, Max
F_{TOG}	Toggle frequency (for export control)	1412.00	1286.40	1098.00	1098.00	MHz

Notes:

1. A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values can not be guaranteed "best-case", but if a "0" is listed, there is no positive hold time.
2. These items are of interest for Carry Chain applications.

Table 69: **Global Clock Input Setup and Hold With MMCM**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for LVCMOS25 Standard.(1)							
$T_{PSMMCMGC}$/ $T_{PHMMCMGC}$	No Delay Global Clock Input and IFF(2) with MMCM	XC6VLX75T	1.45/ –0.18	1.57/ –0.18	1.72/ –0.18	1.78/ –0.08	ns
		XC6VLX130T	1.53/ –0.18	1.65/ –0.18	1.81/ –0.18	1.87/ –0.07	ns
		XC6VLX195T	1.54/ –0.17	1.66/ –0.17	1.82/ –0.17	1.87/ –0.08	ns
		XC6VLX240T	1.54/ –0.17	1.66/ –0.17	1.82/ –0.17	1.87/ –0.08	ns
		XC6VLX365T	1.55/ –0.18	1.67/ –0.18	1.83/ –0.18	1.87/ –0.07	ns
		XC6VLX550T	N/A	1.84/ –0.17	2.02/ –0.17	2.06/ –0.06	ns
		XC6VLX760	N/A	2.26/ –0.13	2.49/ –0.13	2.06/ –0.03	ns
		XC6VSX315T	1.56/ –0.18	1.68/ –0.18	1.84/ –0.18	1.89/ –0.08	ns
		XC6VSX475T	N/A	1.85/ –0.23	2.03/ –0.23	2.07/ –0.13	ns
		XC6VHX250T	1.52/ –0.17	1.64/ –0.17	1.80/ –0.17	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX255T	1.52/ –0.12	1.64/ –0.12	1.85/ –0.12	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX380T	1.68/ –0.16	1.81/ –0.16	1.99/ –0.16	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX565T	N/A	1.81/ –0.01	1.99/ –0.01	N/A	ns
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	1.65/ –0.18	1.81/ –0.18	1.87/ –0.07	ns
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	1.66/ –0.17	1.82/ –0.17	1.87/ –0.08	ns
		XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	2.02/ –0.17	2.06/ –0.06	ns
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	1.68/ –0.18	1.84/ –0.18	1.89/ –0.08	ns
		XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	2.03/ –0.23	2.07/ –0.13	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and Hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input Flip-Flop or Latch
3. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Table 70: **Clock-Capable Clock Input Setup and Hold With MMCM**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Clock-capable Clock Input Signal for LVCMOS25 Standard.(1)							
$T_{PSMMCMCC}$/ $T_{PHMMCMCC}$	No Delay Clock-capable Clock Input and IFF(2) with MMCM	XC6VLX75T	1.56/ –0.25	1.69/ –0.25	1.86/ –0.25	1.91/ –0.15	ns
		XC6VLX130T	1.64/ –0.25	1.78/ –0.25	1.95/ –0.25	2.00/ –0.14	ns
		XC6VLX195T	1.65/ –0.24	1.79/ –0.24	1.96/ –0.24	2.01/ –0.15	ns
		XC6VLX240T	1.65/ –0.24	1.79/ –0.24	1.96/ –0.24	2.01/ –0.15	ns
		XC6VLX365T	1.66/ –0.25	1.79/ –0.25	1.97/ –0.25	2.02/ –0.15	ns
		XC6VLX550T	N/A	1.97/ –0.24	2.16/ –0.24	2.19/ –0.14	ns
		XC6VLX760	N/A	2.39/ –0.20	2.63/ –0.20	2.21/ –0.10	ns
		XC6VSX315T	1.67/ –0.25	1.80/ –0.25	1.98/ –0.25	2.03/ –0.16	ns
		XC6VSX475T	N/A	1.98/ –0.29	2.17/ –0.29	2.21/ –0.20	ns
		XC6VHX250T	1.63/ –0.24	1.76/ –0.24	1.94/ –0.24	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX255T	1.63/ –0.19	1.76/ –0.19	1.99/ –0.19	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX380T	1.80/ –0.23	1.94/ –0.23	2.13/ –0.23	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX565T	N/A	1.94/ –0.08	2.13/ –0.08	N/A	ns
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	1.78/ –0.25	1.95/ –0.25	2.00/ –0.14	ns
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	1.79/ –0.24	1.96/ –0.24	2.01/ –0.15	ns
		XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	2.16/ –0.24	2.19/ –0.14	ns
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	1.80/ –0.25	1.98/ –0.25	2.03/ –0.16	ns
		XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	2.17/ –0.29	2.21/ –0.20	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and Hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input Flip-Flop or Latch
3. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.