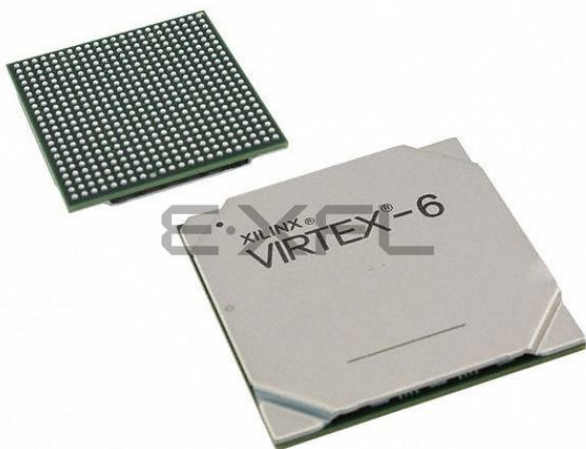




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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	18840
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	241152
Total RAM Bits	15335424
Number of I/O	720
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.95V ~ 1.05V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1759-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1759-FCBGA (42.5x42.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc6vlx240t-2ffg1759i

Table 2: Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
V_{CCINT}	Internal supply voltage relative to GND for all devices except -1L devices.	0.95	1.05	V
	For -1L commercial temperature range devices: internal supply voltage relative to GND, $T_j = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.87	0.93	V
	For -1L industrial temperature range devices: internal supply voltage relative to GND, $T_j = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+100^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.91	0.97	V
V_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary supply voltage relative to GND	2.375	2.625	V
$V_{CCO}^{(1)(2)(3)}$	Supply voltage relative to GND	1.14	2.625	V
V_{IN}	2.5V supply voltage relative to GND	GND – 0.20	2.625	V
	2.5V and below supply voltage relative to GND	GND – 0.20	$V_{CCO} + 0.2$	V
$I_{IN}^{(5)}$	Maximum current through any pin in a powered or unpowered bank when forward biasing the clamp diode.	–	10	mA
$V_{BATT}^{(6)}$	Battery voltage relative to GND	1.0	2.5	V
$V_{FS}^{(7)}$	External voltage supply for eFUSE programming	2.375	2.625	V
T_j	Junction temperature operating range for commercial (C) temperature devices	0	85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
	Junction temperature operating range for extended (E) temperature devices	0	100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
	Junction temperature operating range for industrial (I) temperature devices	–40	100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
	Junction temperature operating range for military (M) temperature devices	–55	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Notes:

- Configuration data is retained even if V_{CCO} drops to 0V.
- Includes V_{CCO} of 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, and 2.5V.
- The configuration supply voltage V_{CC_CONFIG} is also known as V_{CCO_0} .
- All voltages are relative to ground.
- A total of 100 mA per bank should not be exceeded.
- V_{BATT} is required only when using bitstream encryption. If battery is not used, connect V_{BATT} to either ground or V_{CCAUX} .
- During eFUSE programming, V_{FS} must be within the recommended operating range and $T_j = +15^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$. Otherwise, V_{FS} can be connected to GND.

Table 3: DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions (1)(2)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{DRINT}	Data retention V_{CCINT} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost)	0.75	–	–	V
V_{DRI}	Data retention V_{CCAUX} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost)	2.0	–	–	V
I_{REF}	V_{REF} leakage current per pin	–	–	10	μA
I_L	Input or output leakage current per pin (sample-tested)	–	–	10	μA
$C_{IN}^{(3)}$	Die input capacitance at the pad	–	–	8	pF
I_{RPU}	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 2.5V$	20	–	80	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.8V$	8	–	40	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.5V$	5	–	30	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.2V$	1	–	20	μA
I_{RPD}	Pad pull-down (when selected) @ $V_{IN} = 2.5V$	3	–	80	μA
I_{BATT}	Battery supply current	–	–	150	nA
n	Temperature diode ideality factor	–	1.0002	–	n
r	Series resistance	–	5	–	Ω

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
2. Maximum value specified for worst case process at 25°C.
3. This measurement represents the die capacitance at the pad, not including the package.

HT DC Specifications (HT_25)

Table 8: HT DC Specifications

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCO}	Supply Voltage		2.38	2.5	2.63	V
V_{OD}	Differential Output Voltage for XC devices	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	480	600	885	mV
	Differential Output Voltage for XQ devices		480	600	930	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in V_{OD} Magnitude		-15	—	15	mV
V_{OCM}	Output Common Mode Voltage	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	440	600	760	mV
ΔV_{OCM}	Change in V_{OCM} Magnitude		-15	—	15	mV
V_{ID}	Input Differential Voltage		200	600	1000	mV
ΔV_{ID}	Change in V_{ID} Magnitude		-15	—	15	mV
V_{ICM}	Input Common Mode Voltage		440	600	780	mV
ΔV_{ICM}	Change in V_{ICM} Magnitude		-15	—	15	mV

LVDS DC Specifications (LVDS_25)

Table 9: LVDS DC Specifications

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCO}	Supply Voltage		2.38	2.5	2.63	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	—	—	1.675	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	0.825	—	—	V
V_{ODIFF}	Differential Output Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High ($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	247	350	600	mV
V_{OCM}	Output Common-Mode Voltage for XC devices	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	1.075	1.250	1.425	V
	Output Common-Mode Voltage for XQ devices		1.000	1.250	1.425	V
V_{IDIFF}	Differential Input Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High ($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High		100	350	600	mV
V_{ICM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage		0.3	1.2	2.2	V

Extended LVDS DC Specifications (LVDSEXT_25)

Table 10: Extended LVDS DC Specifications

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCO}	Supply Voltage		2.38	2.5	2.63	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	—	—	1.785	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	0.715	—	—	V
V_{ODIFF}	Differential Output Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High ($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High for XC devices	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	350	—	840	mV
	Differential Output Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High ($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High for XQ devices		350	—	850	mV
V_{OCM}	Output Common-Mode Voltage for XC devices	$R_T = 100\ \Omega$ across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	1.075	1.250	1.425	V
	Output Common-Mode Voltage for XQ devices		1.000	1.250	1.425	V
V_{IDIFF}	Differential Input Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High ($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High	Common-mode input voltage = 1.25V	100	—	1000	mV
V_{ICM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage	Differential input voltage = ± 350 mV	0.3	1.2	2.2	V

LVPECL DC Specifications (LVPECL_25)

These values are valid when driving a 100Ω differential load only, i.e., a 100Ω resistor between the two receiver pins. The V_{OH} levels are 200 mV below standard LVPECL levels and are compatible with devices tolerant of lower common-mode ranges. [Table 11](#) summarizes the DC output specifications of LVPECL. For more information on using LVPECL, see [UG361: Virtex-6 FPGA SelectIO Resources User Guide](#).

Table 11: LVPECL DC Specifications

Symbol	DC Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$V_{CC} - 1.025$	1.545	$V_{CC} - 0.88$	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$V_{CC} - 1.81$	0.795	$V_{CC} - 1.62$	V
V_{ICM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage	0.6	—	2.2	V
V_{IDIFF}	Differential Input Voltage ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	0.100	—	1.5	V

Notes:

1. Recommended input maximum voltage not to exceed $V_{CCAUX} + 0.2V$.
2. Recommended input minimum voltage not to go below $-0.5V$.

eFUSE Read Endurance

[Table 12](#) lists the maximum number of read cycle operations expected. For more information, see [UG360: Virtex-6 FPGA Configuration User Guide](#).

Table 12: eFUSE Read Endurance

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
DNA_CYCLES	Number of DNA_PORT READ operations or JTAG ISC_DNA read command operations. Unaffected by SHIFT operations.	30,000,000				Read Cycles
AES_CYCLES	Number of JTAG FUSE_KEY or FUSE_CNTL read command operations. Unaffected by SHIFT operations.	30,000,000				Read Cycles

GTX Transceiver Specifications

GTX Transceiver DC Characteristics

Table 13: Absolute Maximum Ratings for GTX Transceivers⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
MGTAVCC	Analog supply voltage for the GTX transmitter and receiver circuits relative to GND	−0.5	1.1	V
MGTAVTT	Analog supply voltage for the GTX transmitter and receiver termination circuits relative to GND	−0.5	1.32	V
MGTAVTTRCAL	Analog supply voltage for the resistor calibration circuit of the GTX transceiver column	−0.5	1.32	V
V _{IN}	Receiver (RXP/RXN) and Transmitter (TXP/TXN) absolute input voltage	−0.5	1.32	V
V _{MGTREFCLK}	Reference clock absolute input voltage	−0.5	1.32	V

Notes:

- Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings might cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods of time might affect device reliability.

Table 14: Recommended Operating Conditions for GTX Transceivers⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade	PLL Frequency	Min	Typ	Max	Units
MGTAVCC	Analog supply voltage for the GTX transmitter and receiver circuits relative to GND	-3, -2 ⁽³⁾	> 2.7 GHz	1.0	1.03	1.06	V
		-3, -2 ⁽³⁾	≤ 2.7 GHz	0.95	1.0	1.06	V
		-1	≤ 2.7 GHz	0.95	1.0	1.06	V
		-1L	≤ 2.7 GHz	0.95	1.0	1.05	V
MGTAVTT	Analog supply voltage for the GTX transmitter and receiver termination circuits relative to GND	All	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
MGTAVTTRCAL	Analog supply voltage for the resistor calibration circuit of the GTX transceiver column	All	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V

Notes:

- Each voltage listed requires the filter circuit described in [UG366: Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide](#).
- Voltages are specified for the temperature range of T_j = −40°C to +100°C for all XC devices and T_j = −55°C to +125°C for the XQ devices.
- If a GTX Quad contains transceivers operating with a mixture of PLL frequencies above and below 2.7 GHz, the MGTAVCC voltage supply must be in the range of 1.0V to 1.06V.

Table 15: GTX Transceiver Supply Current (per Lane) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Description	Typ	Max	Units
I _{MGTAVTT}	MGTAVTT supply current for one GTX transceiver	55.9	Note 2	mA
I _{MGTAVCC}	MGTAVCC supply current for one GTX transceiver	56.1		mA
MGTR _{REF}	Precision reference resistor for internal calibration termination	100.0 ± 1% tolerance		Ω

Notes:

- Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C, with a 3.125 Gb/s line rate.
- Values for currents of other transceiver configurations and conditions can be obtained by using the XPower Estimator (XPE) or XPower Analyzer (XPA) tools.

Table 16: GTX Transceiver Quiescent Supply Current (per Lane) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾

Symbol	Description	Typ ⁽⁴⁾	Max	Units
$I_{\text{MGTA VTTQ}}$	Quiescent MGTA VTT supply current for one GTX transceiver	0.9	Note 2	mA
$I_{\text{MGTA VCCQ}}$	Quiescent MGTA VCC supply current for one GTX transceiver	3.5		mA

Notes:

1. Device powered and unconfigured.
2. Currents for conditions other than values specified in this table can be obtained by using the XPE or XPA tools.
3. GTX transceiver quiescent supply current for an entire device can be calculated by multiplying the values in this table by the number of available GTX transceivers.
4. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.

GTX Transceiver DC Input and Output Levels

Table 17 summarizes the DC output specifications of the GTX transceivers in Virtex-6 FPGAs. Consult [UG366: Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide](#) for further details.

Table 17: GTX Transceiver DC Specifications

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
DV_{PPIN}	Differential peak-to-peak input voltage	External AC coupled ≤ 4.25 Gb/s	125	–	2000	mV
		External AC coupled > 4.25 Gb/s	175	–	2000	mV
V_{IN}	Absolute input voltage	DC coupled MGTA VTT = 1.2V	–400	–	MGTA VTT	mV
V_{CMIN}	Common mode input voltage	DC coupled MGTA VTT = 1.2V	–	2/3 MGTA VTT	–	mV
DV_{PPOUT}	Differential peak-to-peak output voltage ⁽¹⁾	Transmitter output swing is set to maximum setting	–	–	1000	mV
V_{CMOUTDC}	DC common mode output voltage.	Equation based	$\text{MGTA VTT} - DV_{\text{PPOUT}}/4$			mV
R_{IN}	Differential input resistance		80	100	130	Ω
R_{OUT}	Differential output resistance		80	100	120	Ω
T_{OSKEW}	Transmitter output pair (TXP and TXN) intra-pair skew		–	2	8	ps
C_{EXT}	Recommended external AC coupling capacitor ⁽²⁾		–	100	–	nF

Notes:

1. The output swing and preemphasis levels are programmable using the attributes discussed in [UG366: Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide](#) and can result in values lower than reported in this table.
2. Other values can be used as appropriate to conform to specific protocols and standards.

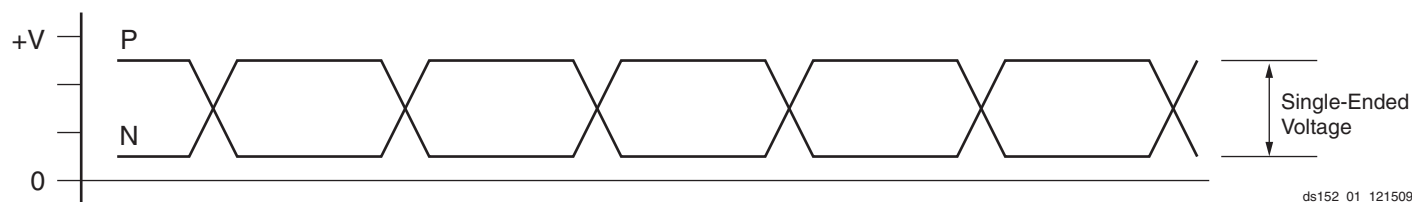


Figure 1: Single-Ended Peak-to-Ppeak Voltage

Table 21: GTX Transceiver Reference Clock Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Speed Grades			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
F_{GCLK}	Reference clock frequency range		62.5	–	650	MHz
T_{RCLK}	Reference clock rise time	20% – 80%	–	200	–	ps
T_{FCLK}	Reference clock fall time	80% – 20%	–	200	–	ps
T_{DCREF}	Reference clock duty cycle	Transceiver PLL only	45	50	55	%
T_{LOCK}	Clock recovery frequency acquisition time	Initial PLL lock	–	–	1	ms
T_{PHASE}	Clock recovery phase acquisition time	Lock to data after PLL has locked to the reference clock	–	–	200	μ s

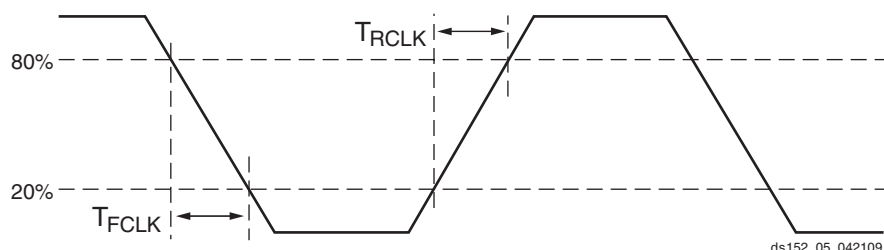


Figure 3: Reference Clock Timing Parameters

Table 22: GTX Transceiver User Clock Switching Characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
F_{TXOUT}	TXOUTCLK maximum frequency	Internal 20-bit data path	330	330	250	250	MHz
		Internal 16-bit data path	412.5	412.5	312.5	250	MHz
F_{RXREC}	RXRECCLK maximum frequency	Internal 20-bit data path	330	330	250	250	MHz
		Internal 16-bit data path	412.5	412.5	312.5	250	MHz
T_{RX}	RXUSRCLK maximum frequency		412.5 ⁽²⁾	412.5 ⁽²⁾	312.5	250	MHz
T_{RX2}	RXUSRCLK2 maximum frequency	1 byte interface	376	376	312.5	250	MHz
		2 byte interface	406.25	406.25	312.5	250	MHz
		4 byte interface	206.25	206.25	156.25	125	MHz
T_{TX}	TXUSRCLK maximum frequency		412.5 ⁽³⁾	412.5 ⁽³⁾	312.5	250	MHz
T_{TX2}	TXUSRCLK2 maximum frequency	1 byte interface	376	376	312.5	250	MHz
		2 byte interface	406.25	406.25	312.5	250	MHz
		4 byte interface	206.25	206.25	156.25	125	MHz

Notes:

1. Clocking must be implemented as described in [UG366: Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide](#).
2. 406.25 MHz when the RX elastic buffer is bypassed.
3. 406.25 MHz when the TX buffer is bypassed.

Table 37: GTH Transceiver Receiver Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description		Min	Typ	Max	Units
R _{XRL}	Run length (CID)		8000	–	–	UI
R _{XPPMTOL}	Data/REFCLK PPM offset tolerance		–200	–	200	ppm
SJ Jitter Tolerance ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾						
JT_SJ _{11.18}	Sinusoidal Jitter	11.18 Gb/s	0.3	–	–	UI
JT_SJ _{10.32}	Sinusoidal Jitter	10.32 Gb/s	0.3	–	–	UI
JT_SJ _{9.95}	Sinusoidal Jitter	9.95 Gb/s	0.3	–	–	UI
JT_SJ _{2.667}	Sinusoidal Jitter	2.667 Gb/s	0.5	–	–	UI
JT_SJ _{2.48}	Sinusoidal Jitter	2.48 Gb/s	0.5	–	–	UI

Notes:

1. These values are NOT intended for protocol specific compliance determinations.
2. All jitter values are based on a bit error ratio of $1e^{-12}$.
3. The frequency of the injected sinusoidal jitter is 80 MHz.
4. High-frequency jitter tolerance including 6 db of channel loss at a high frequency of the data rate divided by two.

Ethernet MAC Switching Characteristics

Consult [UG368: Virtex-6 FPGA Embedded Tri-mode Ethernet MAC User Guide](#) for further information.

Table 38: Maximum Ethernet MAC Performance

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
F _{TEMACCLIENT}	Client interface maximum frequency	10 Mb/s – 8-bit width	2.5 ⁽¹⁾	2.5 ⁽¹⁾	2.5 ⁽¹⁾	2.5 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
		100 Mb/s – 8-bit width	25 ⁽²⁾	25 ⁽²⁾	25 ⁽²⁾	25 ⁽²⁾	MHz
		1000 Mb/s – 8-bit width	125	125	125	125	MHz
		1000 Mb/s – 16-bit width	62.5	62.5	62.5	62.5	MHz
		2000 Mb/s – 16-bit width	125	125	125	N/A	MHz
		2500 Mb/s – 16-bit width	156.25	156.25	156.25	N/A	MHz
F _{TEMACPHY}	Physical interface maximum frequency	10 Mb/s – 4-bit width	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	MHz
		100 Mb/s – 4-bit width	25	25	25	25	MHz
		1000 Mb/s – 8-bit width	125	125	125	125	MHz
		2000 Mb/s – 8-bit width	250	250	250	N/A	MHz
		2500 Mb/s – 8-bit width	312.5	312.5	312.5	N/A	MHz

Notes:

1. When not using clock enable, the F_{MAX} is lowered to 1.25 MHz.
2. When not using clock enable, the F_{MAX} is lowered to 12.5 MHz.

IOB Pad Input/Output/3-State Switching Characteristics

Table 44 (for commercial (XC) Virtex-6 devices) and **Table 45** (for the Defense-grade (XQ) Virtex-6 devices) summarizes the values of standard-specific data input delay adjustments, output delays terminating at pads (based on standard) and 3-state delays.

T_{IOPI} is described as the delay from IOB pad through the input buffer to the I-pin of an IOB pad. The delay varies depending on the capability of the SelectIO input buffer.

T_{IOOP} is described as the delay from the O pin to the IOB pad through the output buffer of an IOB pad. The delay varies depending on the capability of the SelectIO output buffer.

T_{IOTP} is described as the delay from the T pin to the IOB pad through the output buffer of an IOB pad, when 3-state is disabled. The delay varies depending on the SelectIO capability of the output buffer.

Table 46 summarizes the value of T_{IOTPHZ} . T_{IOTPHZ} is described as the delay from the T pin to the IOB pad through the output buffer of an IOB pad, when 3-state is enabled (i.e., a high impedance state).

Table 44: IOB Switching Characteristics for the Commercial (XC) Virtex-6 Devices

I/O Standard	T _{IOPI}				T _{IOOP}				T _{IOTP}				Units
	Speed Grade				Speed Grade				Speed Grade				
	-3	-2	-1	-1L	-3	-2	-1	-1L	-3	-2	-1	-1L	
LVDS_25	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.45	1.54	1.68	1.62	1.45	1.54	1.68	1.62	ns
LVDSEXT_25	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.53	1.65	1.84	1.73	1.53	1.65	1.84	1.73	ns
HT_25	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.51	1.62	1.78	1.69	1.51	1.62	1.78	1.69	ns
BLVDS_25	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.39	1.50	1.67	1.65	1.39	1.50	1.67	1.65	ns
RSDS_25 (point to point)	0.85	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.45	1.54	1.68	1.62	1.45	1.54	1.68	1.62	ns
HSTL_I	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.45	1.56	1.73	1.71	1.45	1.56	1.73	1.71	ns
HSTL_II	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.44	1.56	1.74	1.72	1.44	1.56	1.74	1.72	ns
HSTL_III	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	ns
HSTL_I_18	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.47	1.58	1.75	1.72	1.47	1.58	1.75	1.72	ns
HSTL_II_18	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.50	1.62	1.81	1.78	1.50	1.62	1.81	1.78	ns
HSTL_III_18	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	ns
SSTL2_I	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.49	1.60	1.77	1.74	1.49	1.60	1.77	1.74	ns
SSTL2_II	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.54	1.72	1.71	1.42	1.54	1.72	1.71	ns
SSTL15	0.81	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	1.42	1.54	1.71	1.69	ns
LVC MOS25, Slow, 2 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	5.09	5.46	6.01	5.63	5.09	5.46	6.01	5.63	ns
LVC MOS25, Slow, 4 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	3.30	3.49	3.79	3.65	3.30	3.49	3.79	3.65	ns
LVC MOS25, Slow, 6 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.62	2.81	3.08	2.95	2.62	2.81	3.08	2.95	ns
LVC MOS25, Slow, 8 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.21	2.41	2.72	2.59	2.21	2.41	2.72	2.59	ns
LVC MOS25, Slow, 12 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.80	1.95	2.17	2.10	1.80	1.95	2.17	2.10	ns
LVC MOS25, Slow, 16 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.89	2.05	2.29	2.21	1.89	2.05	2.29	2.21	ns
LVC MOS25, Slow, 24 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.68	1.82	2.02	1.98	1.68	1.82	2.02	1.98	ns
LVC MOS25, Fast, 2 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	5.12	5.49	6.04	5.62	5.12	5.49	6.04	5.62	ns
LVC MOS25, Fast, 4 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	3.28	3.50	3.82	3.65	3.28	3.50	3.82	3.65	ns
LVC MOS25, Fast, 6 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.56	2.73	2.99	2.88	2.56	2.73	2.99	2.88	ns
LVC MOS25, Fast, 8 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	2.11	2.33	2.65	2.53	2.11	2.33	2.65	2.53	ns
LVC MOS25, Fast, 12 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.74	1.88	2.08	2.03	1.74	1.88	2.08	2.03	ns
LVC MOS25, Fast, 16 mA	0.51	0.57	0.66	0.70	1.77	1.92	2.13	2.08	1.77	1.92	2.13	2.08	ns

Table 45: IOB Switching Characteristics for the Defense-grade (XQ) Virtex-6 Devices (Cont'd)

I/O Standard	T _{IOPI}			T _{IOOP}			T _{IOTP}			Units
	Speed Grade			Speed Grade			Speed Grade			
	-2	-1	-1L	-2	-1	-1L	-2	-1	-1L	
LVDCI_DV2_18	0.61	0.72	0.73	1.81	2.36	1.98	1.81	2.36	1.98	ns
LVDCI_DV2_15	0.73	0.85	0.85	1.77	2.30	1.98	1.77	2.30	1.98	ns
LVPECL_25	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.49	2.68	1.64	1.49	2.68	1.64	ns
HSTL_I_12	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.60	2.48	1.74	1.60	2.48	1.74	ns
HSTL_I_DCI	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.50	2.43	1.64	1.50	2.43	1.64	ns
HSTL_II_DCI	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.49	2.39	1.66	1.49	2.39	1.66	ns
HSTL_II_T_DCI	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.50	2.43	1.64	1.50	2.43	1.64	ns
HSTL_III_DCI	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.45	2.48	1.61	1.45	2.48	1.61	ns
HSTL_I_DCI_18	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.53	2.44	1.66	1.53	2.44	1.66	ns
HSTL_II_DCI_18	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.46	2.41	1.59	1.46	2.41	1.59	ns
HSTL_II_T_DCI_18	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.53	2.43	1.66	1.53	2.43	1.66	ns
HSTL_III_DCI_18	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.54	2.50	1.67	1.54	2.50	1.67	ns
DIFF_HSTL_I_18	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.58	2.30	1.72	1.58	2.30	1.72	ns
DIFF_HSTL_I_DCI_18	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.53	2.21	1.66	1.53	2.21	1.66	ns
DIFF_HSTL_I	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.56	2.28	1.71	1.56	2.28	1.71	ns
DIFF_HSTL_I_DCI	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.50	2.28	1.64	1.50	2.28	1.64	ns
DIFF_HSTL_II_18	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.62	2.33	1.78	1.62	2.33	1.78	ns
DIFF_HSTL_II_DCI_18	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.46	2.18	1.59	1.46	2.18	1.59	ns
DIFF_HSTL_II_T_DCI_18	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.53	2.22	1.66	1.53	2.22	1.66	ns
DIFF_HSTL_II	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.56	2.29	1.72	1.56	2.29	1.72	ns
DIFF_HSTL_II_DCI	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.49	2.26	1.66	1.49	2.26	1.66	ns
SSTL2_I_DCI	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.53	2.51	1.68	1.53	2.51	1.68	ns
SSTL2_II_DCI	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.50	2.50	1.69	1.50	2.50	1.69	ns
SSTL2_II_T_DCI	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.53	2.52	1.68	1.53	2.52	1.68	ns
SSTL18_I	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.58	2.48	1.73	1.58	2.48	1.73	ns
SSTL18_II	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.50	2.46	1.66	1.50	2.46	1.66	ns
SSTL18_I_DCI	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.51	2.49	1.65	1.51	2.49	1.65	ns
SSTL18_II_DCI	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.47	2.41	1.62	1.47	2.41	1.62	ns
SSTL18_II_T_DCI	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.51	2.49	1.65	1.51	2.49	1.65	ns
SSTL15_T_DCI	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.52	2.48	1.66	1.52	2.48	1.66	ns
SSTL15_DCI	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.52	2.48	1.66	1.52	2.48	1.66	ns
DIFF_SSTL2_I	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.60	2.34	1.74	1.60	2.34	1.74	ns
DIFF_SSTL2_I_DCI	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.53	2.25	1.68	1.53	2.25	1.68	ns
DIFF_SSTL2_II	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.54	2.29	1.71	1.54	2.29	1.71	ns
DIFF_SSTL2_II_DCI	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.50	2.23	1.69	1.50	2.23	1.69	ns
DIFF_SSTL2_II_T_DCI	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.53	2.26	1.68	1.53	2.26	1.68	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.58	2.22	1.73	1.58	2.22	1.73	ns
DIFF_SSTL18_I_DCI	0.94	1.09	1.08	1.51	2.30	1.65	1.51	2.30	1.65	ns

Output Delay Measurements

Output delays are measured using a Tektronix P6245 TDS500/600 probe (< 1 pF) across approximately 4" of FR4 microstrip trace. Standard termination was used for all testing. The propagation delay of the 4" trace is characterized separately and subtracted from the final measurement, and is therefore not included in the generalized test setups shown in Figure 6 and Figure 7.

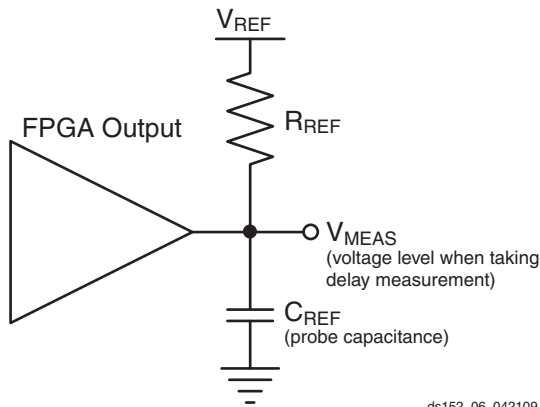
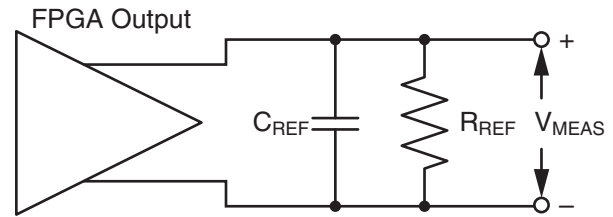


Figure 6: Single Ended Test Setup



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Figure 7: Differential Test Setup

Measurements and test conditions are reflected in the IBIS models except where the IBIS format precludes it. Parameters V_{REF} , R_{REF} , C_{REF} , and V_{MEAS} fully describe the test conditions for each I/O standard. The most accurate prediction of propagation delay in any given application can be obtained through IBIS simulation, using the following method:

1. Simulate the output driver of choice into the generalized test setup, using values from Table 48.
2. Record the time to V_{MEAS} .
3. Simulate the output driver of choice into the actual PCB trace and load, using the appropriate IBIS model or capacitance value to represent the load.
4. Record the time to V_{MEAS} .
5. Compare the results of steps 2 and 4. The increase or decrease in delay yields the actual propagation delay of the PCB trace.

Table 48: Output Delay Measurement Methodology

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	R_{REF} (Ω)	$C_{REF}^{(1)}$ (pF)	V_{MEAS} (V)	V_{REF} (V)
LVC MOS, 2.5V	LVC MOS25	1M	0	1.25	0
LVC MOS, 1.8V	LVC MOS18	1M	0	0.9	0
LVC MOS, 1.5V	LVC MOS15	1M	0	0.75	0
LVC MOS, 1.2V	LVC MOS12	1M	0	0.75	0
HSTL (High-Speed Transceiver Logic), Class I	HSTL_I	50	0	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class II	HSTL_II	25	0	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class III	HSTL_III	50	0	0.9	1.5
HSTL, Class I, 1.8V	HSTL_I_18	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
HSTL, Class II, 1.8V	HSTL_II_18	25	0	V_{REF}	0.9
HSTL, Class III, 1.8V	HSTL_III_18	50	0	1.1	1.8
SSTL (Stub Series Terminated Logic), Class I, 1.8V	SSTL18_I	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
SSTL, Class II, 1.8V	SSTL18_II	25	0	V_{REF}	0.9
SSTL, Class I, 2.5V	SSTL2_I	50	0	V_{REF}	1.25
SSTL, Class II, 2.5V	SSTL2_II	25	0	V_{REF}	1.25
LVDS (Low-Voltage Differential Signaling), 2.5V	LVDS_25	100	0	0 ⁽²⁾	1.2
LVDS EXT (LVDS Extended Mode), 2.5V	LVDS_25	100	0	0 ⁽²⁾	1.2
BLVDS (Bus LVDS), 2.5V	BLVDS_25	100	0	0 ⁽²⁾	0

Table 48: Output Delay Measurement Methodology (Cont'd)

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	R _{REF} (Ω)	C _{REF} ⁽¹⁾ (pF)	V _{MEAS} (V)	V _{REF} (V)
HT (HyperTransport), 2.5V	LDT_25	100	0	0 ⁽²⁾	0.6
LVPECL (Low-Voltage Positive Emitter-Coupled Logic), 2.5V	LVPECL_25	100	0	0 ⁽²⁾	0
LVDCI/HSLVDCI, 2.5V	LVDCI_25, HSLVDCI_25	1M	0	1.25	0
LVDCI/HSLVDCI, 1.8V	LVDCI_18, HSLVDCI_18	1M	0	0.9	0
LVDCI/HSLVDCI, 1.5V	LVDCI_15, HSLVDCI_15	1M	0	0.75	0
HSTL (High-Speed Transceiver Logic), Class I & II, with DCI	HSTL_I_DCI, HSTL_II_DCI	50	0	V _{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class III, with DCI	HSTL_III_DCI	50	0	0.9	1.5
HSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V, with DCI	HSTL_I_DCI_18, HSTL_II_DCI_18	50	0	V _{REF}	0.9
HSTL, Class III, 1.8V, with DCI	HSTL_III_DCI_18	50	0	1.1	1.8
SSTL (Stub Series Termini.Logic), Class I & II, 1.8V, with DCI	SSTL18_I_DCI, SSTL18_II_DCI	50	0	V _{REF}	0.9
SSTL, Class I & II, 2.5V, with DCI	SSTL2_I_DCI, SSTL2_II_DCI	50	0	V _{REF}	1.25

Notes:

1. C_{REF} is the capacitance of the probe, nominally 0 pF.
2. The value given is the differential output voltage.

Input/Output Logic Switching Characteristics

Table 49: ILOGIC Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
Setup/Hold						
T _{ICE1CK} /T _{ICKCE1}	CE1 pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.21/ 0.03	0.25/ 0.04	0.27/ 0.04	0.31/ 0.05	ns
T _{ISRCK} /T _{ICKSR}	SR pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.66/ −0.08	0.78/ −0.08	0.96/ −0.08	1.09/ −0.11	ns
T _{IDOCK} /T _{IOCKD}	D pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK without Delay	0.07/ 0.41	0.08/ 0.46	0.10/ 0.54	0.11/ 0.64	ns
T _{IDOCKD} /T _{IOCKDD}	DDLY pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK (using IODELAY)	0.10/ 0.32	0.12/ 0.36	0.14/ 0.42	0.16/ 0.50	ns
Combinatorial						
T _{IDI}	D pin to O pin propagation delay, no Delay	0.15	0.17	0.20	0.23	ns
T _{IDID}	DDLY pin to O pin propagation delay (using IODELAY)	0.19	0.22	0.25	0.28	ns
Sequential Delays						
T _{IDLO}	D pin to Q1 pin using flip-flop as a latch without Delay	0.48	0.54	0.64	0.73	ns
T _{IDLOD}	DDLY pin to Q1 pin using flip-flop as a latch (using IODELAY)	0.52	0.58	0.68	0.78	ns
T _{ICKQ}	CLK to Q outputs	0.54	0.61	0.70	0.93	ns
T _{RQ_ILOGIC}	SR pin to OQ/TQ out	0.85	0.97	1.15	1.32	ns
T _{GSRQ_ILOGIC}	Global Set/Reset to Q outputs	7.60	7.60	10.51	10.51	ns
Set/Reset						
T _{RPW_ILOGIC}	Minimum Pulse Width, SR inputs	0.78	0.95	1.20	1.30	ns, Min

Table 50: OLOGIC Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade					Units
		-3	-2	-1 (XC)	-1 (XQ)	-1L	
Setup/Hold							
T _{ODCK} /T _{OCKD}	D1/D2 pins Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.45/ −0.08	0.50/ −0.08	0.54/ −0.08	0.54/ −0.08	0.69/ −0.11	ns
T _{OOCECK} /T _{OCKOCE}	OCE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.17/ −0.03	0.20/ −0.03	0.22/ −0.03	0.27/ −0.05	0.27/ −0.04	ns
T _{OSRCK} /T _{OCKSR}	SR pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.59/ −0.24	0.62/ −0.24	0.54/ −0.08	0.54/ −0.08	0.79/ −0.35	ns
T _{OTCK} /T _{OCKT}	T1/T2 pins Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.44/ −0.07	0.51/ −0.07	0.56/ −0.07	0.60/ −0.10	0.68/ −0.13	ns
T _{OTCECK} /T _{OCKTCE}	TCE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.15/ −0.04	0.19/ −0.04	0.21/ −0.04	0.27/ −0.05	0.29/ −0.05	ns
Combinatorial							
T _{DOQ}	D1 to OQ out or T1 to TQ out	0.78	0.87	1.01	1.01	1.15	ns
Sequential Delays							
T _{OCKQ}	CLK to OQ/TQ out	0.54	0.61	0.71	0.71	0.80	ns
T _{RQ}	SR pin to OQ/TQ out	0.80	0.90	1.05	1.05	1.19	ns
T _{GSRQ}	Global Set/Reset to Q outputs	7.60	7.60	10.51	10.51	10.51	ns
Set/Reset							
T _{RPW}	Minimum Pulse Width, SR inputs	0.78	0.95	1.20	1.20	1.30	ns, Min

Output Serializer/Deserializer Switching Characteristics

Table 52: OSERDES Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade					Units
		-3	-2	-1 (XC)	-1 (XQ)	-1L	
Setup/Hold							
T _{OSDCK_D} /T _{OSCKD_D}	D input Setup/Hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.23/ −0.10	0.28/ −0.10	0.31/ −0.10	0.35/ −0.10	0.36/ −0.15	ns
T _{OSDCK_T} /T _{OSCKD_T} ⁽¹⁾	T input Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.44/ −0.10	0.51/ −0.09	0.56/ −0.08	0.60/ −0.08	0.68/ −0.15	ns
T _{OSDCK_T2} /T _{OSCKD_T2} ⁽¹⁾	T input Setup/Hold with respect to CLKDIV	0.25/ −0.10	0.27/ −0.09	0.31/ −0.08	0.31/ −0.08	0.47/ −0.15	ns
T _{OSCCK_OCE} /T _{OSCKC_OCE}	OCE input Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.17/ −0.03	0.20/ −0.03	0.22/ −0.03	0.27/ −0.03	0.27/ −0.04	ns
T _{OSCCK_S}	SR (Reset) input Setup with respect to CLKDIV	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	ns
T _{OSCCK_TCE} /T _{OSCKC_TCE}	TCE input Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.15/ −0.04	0.19/ −0.04	0.21/ −0.04	0.27/ −0.04	0.29/ −0.05	ns
Sequential Delays							
T _{OSCKO_OQ}	Clock to out from CLK to OQ	0.63	0.71	0.82	0.82	0.93	ns
T _{OSCKO_TQ}	Clock to out from CLK to TQ	0.63	0.71	0.82	0.82	0.93	ns
Combinatorial							
T _{OSDO_TTQ}	T input to TQ Out	0.76	0.84	0.97	0.97	1.11	ns

Notes:

1. T_{OSDCK_T2} and T_{OSCKD_T2} are reported as T_{OSDCK_T}/T_{OSCKD_T} in TRACE report.

Table 58: DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade					Units
		-3	-2	-1 (XC)	-1 (XQ)	-1L	
$T_{\text{DSPDCK_RSTP_PREG}} / T_{\text{DSPCKD_RSTP_PREG}}$	RSTP input to P register CLK	0.26/ 0.04	0.30/ 0.04	0.35/ 0.05	0.35/ 0.05	0.43/ 0.06	ns
Combinatorial Delays from Input Pins to Output Pins							
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{A, B\}_ \{P, \text{CARRYOUT}\}_ \text{MULT}}$	{A, B} input to {P, CARRYOUT} output using multiplier	3.76	4.29	5.08	5.08	5.87	ns
$T_{\text{DSPDO_D_}\{P, \text{CARRYOUT}\}_ \text{MULT}}$	D input to {P, CARRYOUT} output using multiplier	3.57	4.07	4.82	4.82	5.57	ns
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{A, B\}_ \{P, \text{CARRYOUT}\}}$	{A, B} input to {P, CARRYOUT} output not using multiplier	1.55	1.76	2.07	2.07	2.41	ns
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{C, \text{CARRYIN}\}_ \{P, \text{CARRYOUT}\}}$	{C, CARRYIN} input to {P, CARRYOUT} output	1.38	1.56	1.83	1.83	2.13	ns
Combinatorial Delays from Input Pins to Cascading Output Pins							
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{A, B\}_ \{ACOUT, BCOUT\}}$	{A, B} input to {ACOUT, BCOUT} output	0.49	0.56	0.65	0.65	0.73	ns
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{A, B\}_ \{PCOUT, \text{CARRYCASCOUT}, \text{MULTSIGNOUT}\}_ \text{MULT}}$	{A, B} input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output using multiplier	3.87	4.42	5.24	5.24	6.09	ns
$T_{\text{DSPDO_D_}\{PCOUT, \text{CARRYCASCOUT}, \text{MULTSIGNOUT}\}_ \text{MULT}}$	D input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output using multiplier	3.66	4.17	4.94	4.94	5.76	ns
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{A, B\}_ \{PCOUT, \text{CARRYCASCOUT}, \text{MULTSIGNOUT}\}}$	{A, B} input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output not using multiplier	1.64	1.86	2.19	2.19	2.60	ns
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{C, \text{CARRYIN}\}_ \{PCOUT, \text{CARRYCASCOUT}, \text{MULTSIGNOUT}\}}$	{C, CARRYIN} input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output	1.46	1.66	1.95	1.95	2.32	ns
Combinatorial Delays from Cascading Input Pins to All Output Pins							
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{ACIN, BCIN\}_ \{P, \text{CARRYOUT}\}_ \text{MULT}}$	{ACIN, BCIN} input to {P, CARRYOUT} output using multiplier	3.67	4.19	4.97	4.97	5.75	ns
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{ACIN, BCIN\}_ \{P, \text{CARRYOUT}\}}$	{ACIN, BCIN} input to {P, CARRYOUT} output not using multiplier	1.43	1.63	1.92	1.92	2.25	ns
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{ACIN, BCIN\}_ \{ACOUT, BCOUT\}}$	{ACIN, BCIN} input to {ACOUT, BCOUT} output	0.36	0.42	0.49	0.49	0.56	ns
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{ACIN, BCIN\}_ \{PCOUT, \text{CARRYCASCOUT}, \text{MULTSIGNOUT}\}_ \text{MULT}}$	{ACIN, BCIN} input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output using multiplier	3.76	4.29	5.10	5.10	5.94	ns
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{ACIN, BCIN\}_ \{PCOUT, \text{CARRYCASCOUT}, \text{MULTSIGNOUT}\}}$	{ACIN, BCIN} input to {PCOUT, CARRYCASCOUT, MULTSIGNOUT} output not using multiplier	1.52	1.73	2.05	2.05	2.44	ns
$T_{\text{DSPDO_}\{PCIN, \text{CARRYCASCIN}, \text{MULTSIGNIN}\}_ \{P, \text{CARRYOUT}\}}$	{PCIN, CARRYCASCIN, MULTSIGNIN} input to {P, CARRYOUT} output	1.19	1.35	1.60	1.60	1.87	ns

Table 64: MMCM Specification (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
RST _{MINPULSE}	Minimum Reset Pulse Width	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	ns
F _{PFDMAX}	Maximum Frequency at the Phase Frequency Detector with Bandwidth Set to High or Optimized ⁽⁹⁾	550	500	450	450	MHz
	Maximum Frequency at the Phase Frequency Detector with Bandwidth Set to Low	300	300	300	300	MHz
F _{PFDMIN}	Minimum Frequency at the Phase Frequency Detector with Bandwidth Set to High or Optimized	135	135	135	135	MHz
	Minimum Frequency at the Phase Frequency Detector with Bandwidth Set to Low	10	10	10	10	MHz
T _{FBDELAY}	Maximum Delay in the Feedback Path	3 ns Max or one CLKIN cycle				
T _{MMCMCK_PSEN} / T _{MMCMCKD_PSEN}	Setup and Hold of Phase Shift Enable	1.04 0.00	1.04 0.00	1.04 0.00	1.04 0.00	ns
T _{MMCMCK_PINCDEC} / T _{MMCMCKD_PINCDEC}	Setup and Hold of Phase Shift Increment/Decrement	1.04 0.00	1.04 0.00	1.04 0.00	1.04 0.00	ns
T _{MMCMCKO_PSDONE}	Phase Shift Clock-to-Out of PSDONE	0.32	0.34	0.38	0.38	ns

Notes:

1. When DIVCLK_DIVIDE = 3 or 4, F_{INMAX} is 315 MHz.
2. This duty cycle specification does not apply to the GTH_QUAD (GTH) to MMCM connection. The GTH transceivers drive the MMCMs at the following maximum frequencies: 323 MHz for -1 speed grade devices, 350 MHz for -2 speed grade devices, or 350 MHz for -3 speed grade devices.
3. The MMCM does not filter typical spread-spectrum input clocks because they are usually far below the bandwidth filter frequencies.
4. The static offset is measured between any MMCM outputs with identical phase.
5. Values for this parameter are available in the Clocking Wizard.
See http://www.xilinx.com/products/intellectual-property/clocking_wizard.htm.
6. Includes global clock buffer.
7. Calculated as F_{VCO}/128 assuming output duty cycle is 50%.
8. When CASCADE4_OUT = TRUE, F_{OUTMIN} is 0.036 MHz.
9. In ISE software 12.3 (or earlier versions supporting the Virtex-6 family), the phase frequency detector Optimized bandwidth setting is equivalent to the High bandwidth setting. Starting with ISE software 12.4, the Optimized bandwidth setting is automatically adjusted to Low when the software can determine that the phase frequency detector input is less than 135 MHz.

Table 70: Clock-Capable Clock Input Setup and Hold With MMCM

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Clock-capable Clock Input Signal for LVCMOS25 Standard. ⁽¹⁾							
T _{PSMMCMCC} / T _{PHMMCMCC}	No Delay Clock-capable Clock Input and IFF ⁽²⁾ with MMCM	XC6VLX75T	1.56/ −0.25	1.69/ −0.25	1.86/ −0.25	1.91/ −0.15	ns
		XC6VLX130T	1.64/ −0.25	1.78/ −0.25	1.95/ −0.25	2.00/ −0.14	ns
		XC6VLX195T	1.65/ −0.24	1.79/ −0.24	1.96/ −0.24	2.01/ −0.15	ns
		XC6VLX240T	1.65/ −0.24	1.79/ −0.24	1.96/ −0.24	2.01/ −0.15	ns
		XC6VLX365T	1.66/ −0.25	1.79/ −0.25	1.97/ −0.25	2.02/ −0.15	ns
		XC6VLX550T	N/A	1.97/ −0.24	2.16/ −0.24	2.19/ −0.14	ns
		XC6VLX760	N/A	2.39/ −0.20	2.63/ −0.20	2.21/ −0.10	ns
		XC6VSX315T	1.67/ −0.25	1.80/ −0.25	1.98/ −0.25	2.03/ −0.16	ns
		XC6VSX475T	N/A	1.98/ −0.29	2.17/ −0.29	2.21/ −0.20	ns
		XC6VHX250T	1.63/ −0.24	1.76/ −0.24	1.94/ −0.24	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX255T	1.63/ −0.19	1.76/ −0.19	1.99/ −0.19	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX380T	1.80/ −0.23	1.94/ −0.23	2.13/ −0.23	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX565T	N/A	1.94/ −0.08	2.13/ −0.08	N/A	ns
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	1.78/ −0.25	1.95/ −0.25	2.00/ −0.14	ns
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	1.79/ −0.24	1.96/ −0.24	2.01/ −0.15	ns
		XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	2.16/ −0.24	2.19/ −0.14	ns
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	1.80/ −0.25	1.98/ −0.25	2.03/ −0.16	ns
		XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	2.17/ −0.29	2.21/ −0.20	ns

Notes:

- Setup and Hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
- IFF = Input Flip-Flop or Latch
- Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.

Clock Switching Characteristics

The parameters in this section provide the necessary values for calculating timing budgets for Virtex-6 FPGA clock transmitter and receiver data-valid windows.

Table 71: Duty Cycle Distortion and Clock-Tree Skew

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
T_{DCD_CLK}	Global Clock Tree Duty Cycle Distortion ⁽¹⁾	All	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
T_{CKSKEW}	Global Clock Tree Skew ⁽²⁾	XC6VLX75T	0.15	0.16	0.18	0.17	ns
		XC6VLX130T	0.25	0.26	0.29	0.28	ns
		XC6VLX195T	0.26	0.27	0.31	0.30	ns
		XC6VLX240T	0.26	0.27	0.31	0.30	ns
		XC6VLX365T	0.28	0.29	0.31	0.31	ns
		XC6VLX550T	N/A	0.50	0.54	0.54	ns
		XC6VLX760	N/A	0.51	0.56	0.56	ns
		XC6VSX315T	0.27	0.28	0.32	0.30	ns
		XC6VSX475T	N/A	0.39	0.44	0.42	ns
		XC6VHX250T	0.25	0.26	0.29	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX255T	0.35	0.37	0.41	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX380T	0.45	0.47	0.52	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX565T	N/A	0.46	0.51	N/A	ns
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	0.26	0.29	0.28	ns
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	0.27	0.31	0.30	ns
		XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	0.54	0.54	ns
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	0.28	0.32	0.30	ns
		XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	0.44	0.42	ns
T_{DCD_BUFIO}	I/O clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	ns
T_{BUFIO_SKEW}	I/O clock tree skew across one clock region	All	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	ns
T_{BUFIO_SKEW2}	I/O clock tree skew across three clock regions	All	0.10	0.12	0.23	0.12	ns
T_{DCD_BUFR}	Regional clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	ns

Notes:

- These parameters represent the worst-case duty cycle distortion observable at the pins of the device using LVDS output buffers. For cases where other I/O standards are used, IBIS can be used to calculate any additional duty cycle distortion that might be caused by asymmetrical rise/fall times.
- The T_{CKSKEW} value represents the worst-case clock-tree skew observable between sequential I/O elements. Significantly less clock-tree skew exists for I/O registers that are close to each other and fed by the same or adjacent clock-tree branches. Use the Xilinx FPGA_Editor and Timing Analyzer tools to evaluate clock skew specific to your application.

Date	Version	Description of Revisions
02/08/11	2.12	Removed note 1 from Table 4 as the larger devices (XC6VLX550T, XC6VLX760, XC6VSX475T, and XC6VHX565T) are now offered in -2I. Updated Table 4 and Table 5 with data for the XC6VHX380T in the FF(G)1154 package. In Table 41 , updated -1L specification for DDR3. Added Note 1 to Table 42 . Moved the XC6VHX380T devices in the FF(G)1154 package to production release in Table 43 using ISE 12.4 software with current speed specifications. Updated description for F_{INDUTY} in Table 64 .
02/25/11	3.0	Designated the data sheet as Preliminary for all devices not already labeled production in Table 42 . Changed the XC6VHX380T devices in all packages to production status in Table 42 and Table 43 . Removed note 1 from Table 42 . Added maximum specifications to Table 25 . Updated $T_{HAVCC2HAVCCRX}$ in Table 27 . Updated the typical values and notes in Table 28 and Table 29 . Added values to Table 30 and Table 31 . In Table 34 , added values for T_{LOCK} and T_{PHASE} . Updated the values in Table 36 and added note 3. Updated Table 37 and added note 4.
03/21/11	3.1	Updated Table 2 including Note 7 . In Table 4 , added Note 3 and -2E, extended temperature range to the XC6VLX550T, XC6VLX760, XC6VSX475T, and XC6VHX380T devices, and added Note 5 for the XC6VHX565T. Updated Table 28 typical values. Updated the description for $F_{IDELAYCTRL_REF}$ in Table 53 . Updated F_{MCCK} in Table 59 .
04/01/11	3.2	Added T_j values for C, E, and I temperature ranges to Table 2 . Updated the I_{CCQ} values in Table 4 . Updated F_{GCLK} in Table 34 . Designated the data sheet as Production for all devices not already labeled production in Table 42 . Changed the XC6VHX255T and XC6VHX565T devices in all packages to production status in Table 42 and Table 43 . This included updates to the Virtex-6 Device Pin-to-Pin Output Parameter Guidelines and Virtex-6 Device Pin-to-Pin Input Parameter Guidelines for these devices. Production speed specifications for these devices are available using the speed specification v1.14 in the ISE 13.1 software update. Updated and added package skew values to Table 72 ; these values are correct with regards to previous production released speed specifications in software. Updated copyright page 1 and Notice of Disclaimer .
12/08/11	3.3	Production release of the Defense-grade XQ devices in Table 42 and Table 43 using ISE v13.3 v1.17 Patch for -2 and -1 speed specifications; and v1.10 for -1L speed specifications. Added the XQ6VLX130T, XQ6VLX240T, XQ6VLX550T, XQ6VSX315T, and XQ6VSX475T to the data sheet which included adding Table 45 . Updated T_j in Table 2 . In Table 40 , updated T_j for most specifications and added Note 4 . Added Note 4 to Table 41 . Added -1(XQ) speed specification columns only to Table 50 , Table 51 , Table 52 , and Table 58 . Updated V_{OD} in Table 8 , V_{OCM} in Table 9 , and V_{OCM} and V_{DIFF} in Table 10 . Updated the Power-On Power Supply Requirements section. In Table 27 , updated maximum specification for $T_{HAVCC2HAVCCRX}$ and added Note 3 . Updated T_j in Table 40 . In Table 41 , increased the DDR LVDS receiver (SPI-4.2) -1 speed grade performance value from 1.0 Gb/s to 1.1 Gb/s. In Table 60 , updated the F_{MAX} to add a separate row for the LX760 device values. The speed specifications in the software tools have always matched these values for the LX760, the data sheet is now correct. Updated the notes for $T_{OUTJITTER}$ in Table 64 .
01/12/12	3.4	Added the temperature range -2E to Note 5 in Table 4 .

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