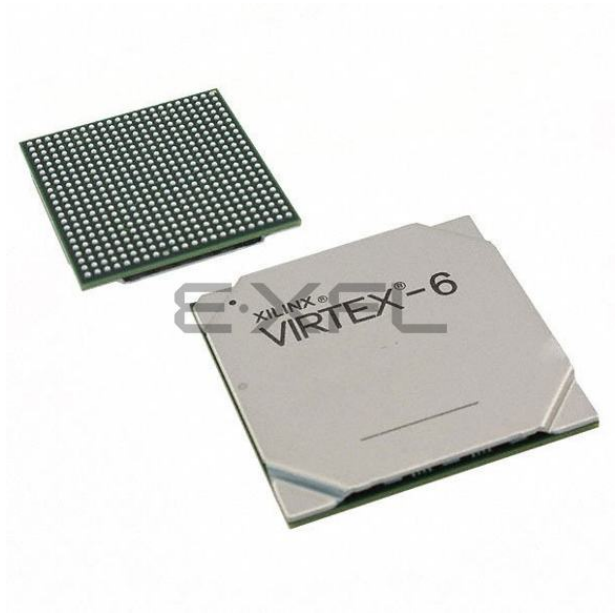
AMD Xilinx - XC6VLX75T-1FF484C Datasheet



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Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	5820
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	74496
Total RAM Bits	5750784
Number of I/O	240
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.95V ~ 1.05V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FCBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc6vlx75t-1ff484c

Table 3: **DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions (1)(2)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{DRINT}	Data retention V_{CCINT} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost)	0.75	–	–	V
V_{DRI}	Data retention V_{CCAUX} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost)	2.0	–	–	V
I_{REF}	V_{REF} leakage current per pin	–	–	10	µA
I_L	Input or output leakage current per pin (sample-tested)	–	–	10	µA
C_{IN}(3)	Die input capacitance at the pad	–	–	8	pF
I_{RPU}	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 2.5V	20	–	80	µA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 1.8V	8	–	40	µA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 1.5V	5	–	30	µA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 1.2V	1	–	20	µA
I_{RPD}	Pad pull-down (when selected) @ V_{IN} = 2.5V	3	–	80	µA
I_{BATT}	Battery supply current	–	–	150	nA
n	Temperature diode ideality factor	–	1.0002	–	n
r	Series resistance	–	5	–	Ω

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
2. Maximum value specified for worst case process at 25°C.
3. This measurement represents the die capacitance at the pad, not including the package.

HT DC Specifications (HT_25)

Table 8: **HT DC Specifications**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCO}	Supply Voltage		2.38	2.5	2.63	V
V_{OD}	Differential Output Voltage for XC devices	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	480	600	885	mV
	Differential Output Voltage for XQ devices		480	600	930	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in V_{OD} Magnitude		–15	–	15	mV
V_{OCM}	Output Common Mode Voltage	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	440	600	760	mV
ΔV_{OCM}	Change in V_{OCM} Magnitude		–15	–	15	mV
V_{ID}	Input Differential Voltage		200	600	1000	mV
ΔV_{ID}	Change in V_{ID} Magnitude		–15	–	15	mV
V_{ICM}	Input Common Mode Voltage		440	600	780	mV
ΔV_{ICM}	Change in V_{ICM} Magnitude		–15	–	15	mV

LVDS DC Specifications (LVDS_25)

Table 9: **LVDS DC Specifications**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCO}	Supply Voltage		2.38	2.5	2.63	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	–	–	1.675	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	0.825	–	–	V
V_{ODIFF}	Differential Output Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High (($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	247	350	600	mV
V_{OCM}	Output Common-Mode Voltage for XC devices	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	1.075	1.250	1.425	V
	Output Common-Mode Voltage for XQ devices		1.000	1.250	1.425	V
V_{IDIFF}	Differential Input Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High (($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High		100	350	600	mV
V_{ICM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage		0.3	1.2	2.2	V

Extended LVDS DC Specifications (LVDSEXT_25)

Table 10: **Extended LVDS DC Specifications**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCO}	Supply Voltage		2.38	2.5	2.63	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	–	–	1.785	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage for Q and $\overline{Q}$	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	0.715	–	–	V
V_{ODIFF}	Differential Output Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High (($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High for XC devices	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	350	–	840	mV
	Differential Output Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High (($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High for XQ devices		350	–	850	mV
V_{OCM}	Output Common-Mode Voltage for XC devices	R_T = 100 Ω across Q and $\overline{Q}$ signals	1.075	1.250	1.425	V
	Output Common-Mode Voltage for XQ devices		1.000	1.250	1.425	V
V_{IDIFF}	Differential Input Voltage (Q – $\overline{Q}$), Q = High (($\overline{Q}$ – Q), $\overline{Q}$ = High	Common-mode input voltage = 1.25V	100	–	1000	mV
V_{ICM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage	Differential input voltage = ±350 mV	0.3	1.2	2.2	V

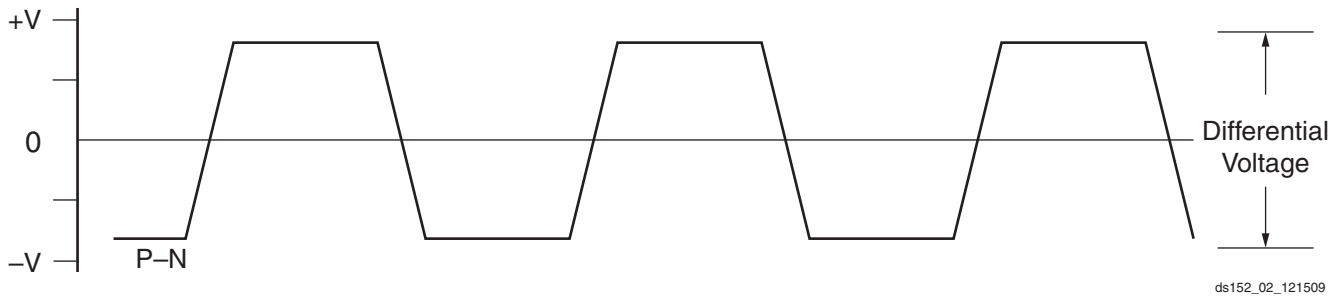

Figure 2: **Differential Peak-to-Peak Voltage**

Table 18 summarizes the DC specifications of the clock input of the GTX transceiver. Consult UG366: *Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide* for further details.

Table 18: **GTX Transceiver Clock DC Input Level Specification**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{IDIFF}	Differential peak-to-peak input voltage	210	800	2000	mV
R_{IN}	Differential input resistance	90	100	130	Ω
C_{EXT}	Required external AC coupling capacitor	–	100	–	nF

GTX Transceiver Switching Characteristics

Consult UG366: *Virtex-6 FPGA GTX Transceivers User Guide* for further information.

Table 19: **GTX Transceiver Performance**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
F_{GTXMAX}	Maximum GTX transceiver data rate	6.6	6.6	5.0	5.0	Gb/s
$F_{GPLLMAX}$	Maximum PLL frequency	3.3(1)	3.3(1)	2.7	2.7	GHz
$F_{GPLLMIN}$	Minimum PLL frequency	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	GHz

Notes:

1. See Table 14 for MGTAVCC requirements when PLL frequency is greater than 2.7 GHz.

Table 20: **GTX Transceiver Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1	-1L	
$F_{GTXDRPCLK}$	GTXDRPCLK maximum frequency	150	150	125	100	MHz

GTH Transceiver Specifications

GTH Transceiver DC Characteristics

Table 25: **Absolute Maximum Ratings for GTH Transceivers(1)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
MGTHAVCC	Analog supply voltage for the GTH transmitter, receiver, and common analog circuits	–0.5	1.125	V
MGTHAVCCRX	Analog supply voltage for the GTH receiver circuits and common analog circuits	–0.5	1.125	V
MGTHAVTT	Analog supply voltage for the GTH transmitter termination circuits	–0.5	1.32	V
MGTHAVCCPLL	Analog supply voltage for the GTH receiver and PLL circuits	–0.5	1.935	V
V_{IN}	Receiver (RXP/RXN) and Transmitter (TXP/TXN) absolute input voltage	–0.5	1.125	V
$V_{MGTREFCLK}$	Reference clock absolute input voltage	–0.5	1.935	V

Notes:

1. Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings might cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods of time might affect device reliability.

Table 26: **Recommended Operating Conditions for GTH Transceivers (1)(2)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
MGTHAVCC	Analog supply voltage for the GTH transmitter, receiver, and common analog circuits	1.075	1.1	1.125	V
MGTHAVCCRX	Analog supply voltage for the GTH receiver circuits and common analog circuits	1.075	1.1	1.125	V
MGTHAVTT	Analog supply voltage for the GTH transmitter termination circuits	1.140	1.2	1.26	V
MGTHAVCCPLL	Analog supply voltage for the GTH receiver and PLL circuit	1.710	1.8	1.89	V

Notes:

1. Each voltage listed requires the filter circuit described in UG371: *Virtex-6 FPGA GTH Transceivers User Guide*.
2. Voltages are specified for the temperature range of T_j = –40°C to +100°C.

Table 27: **GTH Transceiver Power Supply Sequencing (1)(2)(3)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
$T_{HAVCC2HAVCCRX}$	Maximum time between powering MGTHAVCC to when MGTHAVCCRX must be powered.	0	5	ms
$T_{HAVCCRX2HAVCCPLL}$	Minimum time between powering MGTHAVCCRX to when MGTHAVCCPLL can be powered.	10	–	µs
$T_{HAVCCRX2HAVTT}$	Minimum time between powering MGTHAVCCRX to when MGTHAVTT can be powered.	10	–	µs

Notes:

1. MGTHAVCCRX must be powered simultaneously or within $T_{HAVCC2HAVCCRX}$ of MGTHAVCC, but it must not precede MGTHAVCC.
2. MGTHAVCC and MGTHAVCCRX must be powered before MGTHAVCCPLL and MGTHAVTT. This minimum time is defined by $T_{HAVCCRX2HAVCCPLL}$ and $T_{HAVCCRX2HAVTT}$.
3. At any time, the condition of MGTHAVCC being present and MGTHAVCCRX not being present should not occur for more than the maximum $T_{HAVCC2HAVCCRX}$.

Table 35: GTH Transceiver User Clock Switching Characteristics (1)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Speed Grade			Units
			-3	-2	-1	
F_{TXOUT}	TXUSERCLKOUT maximum frequency		350	350	323	MHz
F_{RXOUT}	RXUSERCLKOUT maximum frequency		350	350	323	MHz
F_{TXIN}	TXUSERCLKIN maximum frequency	16-bit data path	350	350	323	MHz
		20-bit data path	280	280	258	MHz
		32-bit data path	350	350	323	MHz
		40-bit data path	280	280	258	MHz
		64-bit data path	175	175	162	MHz
		80-bit data path	140	140	129	MHz
		64B/66B-bit data path	170	170	157	MHz
F_{RXIN}	RXUSERCLKIN maximum frequency	16-bit data path	350	350	323	MHz
		20-bit data path	280	280	258	MHz
		32-bit data path	350	350	323	MHz
		40-bit data path	280	280	258	MHz
		64-bit data path	175	175	162	MHz
		80-bit data path	140	140	129	MHz
		64B/66B-bit data path	170	170	157	MHz

Notes:

1. Clocking must be implemented as described in UG371:Virtex-6 FPGA GTH Transceivers User Guide.

Table 36: GTH Transceiver Transmitter Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
T_{RTX}	TX Rise time	20%–80%	–	50(3)	–	ps
T_{FTX}	TX Fall time	80%–20%	–	50(3)	–	ps
T_{LLSKEW}	TX lane-to-lane skew	within one GTH Quad	–	–	300	ps
Transmitter Output Jitter (1)(2)						
$TJ_{11.18}$	Total Jitter	11.181 Gb/s	–	–	0.280	UI
$DJ_{11.18}$	Deterministic Jitter		–	–	0.170	UI
$TJ_{10.3125}$	Total Jitter	10.3125 Gb/s	–	–	0.280	UI
$DJ_{10.3125}$	Deterministic Jitter		–	–	0.170	UI
$TJ_{9.953}$	Total Jitter	9.953 Gb/s	–	–	0.280	UI
$DJ_{9.953}$	Deterministic Jitter		–	–	0.170	UI
$TJ_{2.667}$	Total Jitter	2.667 Gb/s	–	–	0.110	UI
$DJ_{2.667}$	Deterministic Jitter		–	–	0.060	UI
$TJ_{2.488}$	Total Jitter	2.488 Gb/s	–	–	0.110	UI
$DJ_{2.488}$	Deterministic Jitter		–	–	0.060	UI

Notes:

1. These values are NOT intended for protocol specific compliance determinations.
2. All jitter values are based on a bit-error ratio of $1e^{-12}$.
3. Rise and fall times are specified at the transmitter package balls.

Table 37: **GTH Transceiver Receiver Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description		Min	Typ	Max	Units
R_{XRL}	Run length (CID)		8000	–	–	UI
$R_{XPPMTOL}$	Data/REFCLK PPM offset tolerance		–200	–	200	ppm
SJ Jitter Tolerance(1)(2)(3)(4)						
$JT_SJ_{11.18}$	Sinusoidal Jitter	11.18 Gb/s	0.3	–	–	UI
$JT_SJ_{10.32}$	Sinusoidal Jitter	10.32 Gb/s	0.3	–	–	UI
$JT_SJ_{9.95}$	Sinusoidal Jitter	9.95 Gb/s	0.3	–	–	UI
$JT_SJ_{2.667}$	Sinusoidal Jitter	2.667 Gb/s	0.5	–	–	UI
$JT_SJ_{2.48}$	Sinusoidal Jitter	2.48 Gb/s	0.5	–	–	UI

Notes:

1. These values are NOT intended for protocol specific compliance determinations.
2. All jitter values are based on a bit error ratio of $1e^{-12}$.
3. The frequency of the injected sinusoidal jitter is 80 MHz.
4. High-frequency jitter tolerance including 6 db of channel loss at a high frequency of the data rate divided by two.

Ethernet MAC Switching Characteristics

Consult UG368: *Virtex-6 FPGA Embedded Tri-mode Ethernet MAC User Guide* for further information.

Table 38: **Maximum Ethernet MAC Performance**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
$F_{TEMACCLIENT}$	Client interface maximum frequency	10 Mb/s – 8-bit width	2.5(1)	2.5(1)	2.5(1)	2.5(1)	MHz
		100 Mb/s – 8-bit width	25(2)	25(2)	25(2)	25(2)	MHz
		1000 Mb/s – 8-bit width	125	125	125	125	MHz
		1000 Mb/s – 16-bit width	62.5	62.5	62.5	62.5	MHz
		2000 Mb/s – 16-bit width	125	125	125	N/A	MHz
		2500 Mb/s – 16-bit width	156.25	156.25	156.25	N/A	MHz
$F_{TEMACPHY}$	Physical interface maximum frequency	10 Mb/s – 4-bit width	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	MHz
		100 Mb/s – 4-bit width	25	25	25	25	MHz
		1000 Mb/s – 8-bit width	125	125	125	125	MHz
		2000 Mb/s – 8-bit width	250	250	250	N/A	MHz
		2500 Mb/s – 8-bit width	312.5	312.5	312.5	N/A	MHz

Notes:

1. When not using clock enable, the F_{MAX} is lowered to 1.25 MHz.
2. When not using clock enable, the F_{MAX} is lowered to 12.5 MHz.

Table 40: **Analog-to-Digital Specifications *(Cont'd)***

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Analog Inputs[3]						
Dedicated Analog Inputs Input Voltage Range V_P - V_N		Unipolar Operation	0	–	1	Volts
		Bipolar Operation	–0.5	–	+0.5	
		Unipolar Common Mode Range (FS input)	0	–	+0.5	
		Bipolar Common Mode Range (FS input)	+0.5	–	+0.6	
		Bandwidth	–	20	–	MHz
Auxiliary Analog Inputs Input Voltage Range $V_{AUXP[0]}$ /$V_{AUXN[0]}$ to $V_{AUXP[15]}$ /$V_{AUXN[15]}$ T_j = –55°C to 125°C		Unipolar Operation	0	–	1	Volts
		Bipolar Operation	–0.5	–	+0.5	
		Unipolar Common Mode Range (FS input)	0	–	+0.5	
		Bipolar Common Mode Range (FS input)	+0.5	–	+0.6	
		Bandwidth	–	10	–	kHz
Input Leakage Current		A/D not converting, ADCCLK stopped	–	±1.0	–	µA
Input Capacitance			–	10	–	pF
On-chip Supply Monitor Error		V_{CCINT} and V_{CCAUX} with calibration enabled. External 1.25V reference T_j = –55°C to 125°C.	–	–	±1.0	% Reading
		V_{CCINT} and V_{CCAUX} with calibration enabled. Internal reference T_j = –40°C to 100°C.[4]	–	±2	–	% Reading
On-chip Temperature Monitor Error		T_j = –55°C to +125°C with calibration enabled. External 1.25V reference.	–	–	±4	°C
		T_j = –40°C to +100°C with calibration enabled. Internal reference.[4]	–	±5	–	°C
External Reference Inputs[5]						
Positive Reference Input Voltage Range	V_{REFP}	Measured Relative to V_{REFN}	1.20	1.25	1.30	Volts
Negative Reference Input Voltage Range	V_{REFN}	Measured Relative to AGND	–50	0	100	mV
Input current	I_{REF}	ADCCLK = 5.2 MHz	–	–	100	µA
Power Requirements						
Analog Power Supply	AV_{DD}	Measured Relative to AV_{SS}	2.375	2.5	2.625	Volts
Analog Supply Current	AI_{DD}	ADCCLK = 5.2 MHz	–	–	12	mA

Notes:

1. Offset errors are removed by enabling the System Monitor automatic gain calibration feature.
2. See "System Monitor Timing" in UG370: *Virtex-6 FPGA System Monitor User Guide*
3. See "Analog Inputs" in UG370: *Virtex-6 FPGA System Monitor User Guide* for a detailed description.
4. These internal references are not specified over the junction temperature operating range for military (M) temperature devices.
5. Any variation in the reference voltage from the nominal V_{REFP} = 1.25V and V_{REFN} = 0V will result in a deviation from the ideal transfer function.This also impacts the accuracy of the internal sensor measurements (i.e., temperature and power supply). However, for external ratiometric type applications allowing reference to vary by ±4% is permitted.

Switching Characteristics

All values represented in this data sheet are based on these speed specifications: v1.17 for -3, -2, and -1; and v1.10 for -1L. Switching characteristics are specified on a per-speed-grade basis and can be designated as Advance, Preliminary, or Production. Each designation is defined as follows:

Advance

These specifications are based on simulations only and are typically available soon after device design specifications are frozen. Although speed grades with this designation are considered relatively stable and conservative, some under-reporting might still occur.

Preliminary

These specifications are based on complete ES (engineering sample) silicon characterization. Devices and speed grades with this designation are intended to give a better indication of the expected performance of production silicon. The probability of under-reporting delays is greatly reduced as compared to Advance data.

Production

These specifications are released once enough production silicon of a particular device family member has been characterized to provide full correlation between specifications and devices over numerous production lots. There is no under-reporting of delays, and customers receive formal notification of any subsequent changes. Typically, the slowest speed grades transition to Production before faster speed grades.

All specifications are always representative of worst-case supply voltage and junction temperature conditions.

Since individual family members are produced at different times, the migration from one category to another depends completely on the status of the fabrication process for each device.

Table 42 correlates the current status of each Virtex-6 device on a per speed grade basis.

Testing of Switching Characteristics

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Internal timing parameters are derived from measuring internal test patterns. Listed below are representative values.

Table 50: **OLOGIC Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade					Units
		-3	-2	-1 (XC)	-1 (XQ)	-1L	
Setup/Hold							
T_{ODCK}/T_{OCKD}	D1/D2 pins Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.45/ –0.08	0.50/ –0.08	0.54/ –0.08	0.54/ –0.08	0.69/ –0.11	ns
T_{OOCECK}/T_{OCKOCE}	OCE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.17/ –0.03	0.20/ –0.03	0.22/ –0.03	0.27/ –0.05	0.27/ –0.04	ns
T_{OSRCK}/T_{OCKSR}	SR pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.59/ –0.24	0.62/ –0.24	0.54/ –0.08	0.54/ –0.08	0.79/ –0.35	ns
T_{OTCK}/T_{OCKT}	T1/T2 pins Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.44/ –0.07	0.51/ –0.07	0.56/ –0.07	0.60/ –0.10	0.68/ –0.13	ns
T_{OTCECK}/T_{OCKTCE}	TCE pin Setup/Hold with respect to CLK	0.15/ –0.04	0.19/ –0.04	0.21/ –0.04	0.27/ –0.05	0.29/ –0.05	ns
Combinatorial							
T_{DOQ}	D1 to OQ out or T1 to TQ out	0.78	0.87	1.01	1.01	1.15	ns
Sequential Delays							
T_{OCKQ}	CLK to OQ/TQ out	0.54	0.61	0.71	0.71	0.80	ns
T_{RQ}	SR pin to OQ/TQ out	0.80	0.90	1.05	1.05	1.19	ns
T_{GSRQ}	Global Set/Reset to Q outputs	7.60	7.60	10.51	10.51	10.51	ns
Set/Reset							
T_{RPW}	Minimum Pulse Width, SR inputs	0.78	0.95	1.20	1.20	1.30	ns, Min

Virtex-6 Device Pin-to-Pin Output Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. The representative values for typical pin locations and normal clock loading are listed in Table 65. Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

Table 65: **Global Clock Input to Output Delay Without MMCM**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
LVCMOS25 Global Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, 12mA, Fast Slew Rate, *without* MMCM.							
T_{ICKOF}	Global Clock input and OUTFF *without* MMCM	XC6VLX75T	4.91	5.32	5.88	6.02	ns
		XC6VLX130T	4.89	5.33	6.00	6.13	ns
		XC6VLX195T	5.02	5.46	6.13	6.27	ns
		XC6VLX240T	5.02	5.46	6.13	6.27	ns
		XC6VLX365T	5.30	5.75	6.43	6.37	ns
		XC6VLX550T	N/A	6.02	6.72	6.60	ns
		XC6VLX760	N/A	6.26	6.97	6.87	ns
		XC6VSX315T	5.40	5.85	6.54	6.49	ns
		XC6VSX475T	N/A	6.01	6.71	6.61	ns
		XC6VHX250T	5.18	5.63	6.30	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX255T	5.20	5.66	6.34	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX380T	5.38	5.84	6.53	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX565T	N/A	6.03	6.71	N/A	ns
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	5.33	6.00	6.13	ns
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	5.46	6.13	6.27	ns
		XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	6.72	6.60	ns
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	5.85	6.54	6.49	ns
		XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	6.71	6.61	ns

Notes:

1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.

Table 67: **Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay With MMCM**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
LVCMOS25 Clock-capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, 12mA, Fast Slew Rate, *with* MMCM.							
$T_{ICKOFMMCMCC}$	Clock-capable Clock Input and OUTFF *with* MMCM	XC6VLX75T	2.22	2.38	2.63	2.72	ns
		XC6VLX130T	2.24	2.39	2.65	2.74	ns
		XC6VLX195T	2.24	2.40	2.65	2.75	ns
		XC6VLX240T	2.24	2.40	2.65	2.75	ns
		XC6VLX365T	2.25	2.42	2.65	2.76	ns
		XC6VLX550T	N/A	2.43	2.68	2.80	ns
		XC6VLX760	N/A	2.42	2.69	2.79	ns
		XC6VSX315T	2.23	2.38	2.65	2.73	ns
		XC6VSX475T	N/A	2.30	2.57	2.66	ns
		XC6VHX250T	2.25	2.41	2.67	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX255T	2.35	2.51	2.78	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX380T	2.27	2.43	2.69	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX565T	N/A	2.41	2.68	N/A	ns
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	2.39	2.65	2.74	ns
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	2.40	2.65	2.75	ns
		XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	2.68	2.80	ns
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	2.38	2.65	2.73	ns
		XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	2.57	2.66	ns

Notes:

1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. MMCM output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Virtex-6 Device Pin-to-Pin Input Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. The representative values for typical pin locations and normal clock loading are listed in Table 68. Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

Table 68: **Global Clock Input Setup and Hold Without MMCM**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for LVCMOS25 Standard.(1)							
T_{PSFD}/ T_{PHFD}	Full Delay (Legacy Delay or Default Delay) Global Clock Input and IFF(2) without MMCM	XC6VLX75T	1.33/ 0.03	1.44/ 0.03	1.75/ 0.03	2.18/ –0.22	ns
		XC6VLX130T	1.31/ –0.08	1.54/ –0.08	1.88/ –0.08	2.31/ –0.12	ns
		XC6VLX195T	1.36/ –0.11	1.60/ –0.11	1.97/ –0.11	2.40/ –0.25	ns
		XC6VLX240T	1.36/ –0.11	1.60/ –0.11	1.97/ –0.11	2.40/ –0.25	ns
		XC6VLX365T	1.79/ –0.28	1.87/ –0.28	2.17/ –0.28	2.48/ –0.24	ns
		XC6VLX550T	N/A	2.22/ –0.12	2.36/ –0.12	2.77/ –0.26	ns
		XC6VLX760	N/A	2.19/ –0.24	2.35/ –0.24	2.71/ –0.21	ns
		XC6VSX315T	1.75/ –0.09	1.85/ –0.09	2.06/ –0.09	2.47/ –0.24	ns
		XC6VSX475T	N/A	2.14/ –0.14	2.31/ –0.14	2.71/ –0.30	ns
		XC6VHX250T	1.93/ –0.22	2.04/ –0.22	2.25/ –0.22	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX255T	1.81/ –0.33	2.11/ –0.33	2.56/ –0.33	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX380T	1.93/ –0.11	2.04/ –0.11	2.25/ –0.11	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX565T	N/A	2.20/ –0.12	2.39/ –0.12	N/A	ns
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	1.54/ –0.08	1.88/ –0.08	2.31/ –0.12	ns
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	1.60/ –0.11	1.97/ –0.11	2.40/ –0.25	ns
		XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	2.36/ –0.12	2.77/ –0.26	ns
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	1.85/ –0.09	2.06/ –0.09	2.47/ –0.24	ns
		XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	2.31/ –0.14	2.71/ –0.30	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and Hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input Flip-Flop or Latch
3. A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values can not be guaranteed "best-case", but if a "0" is listed, there is no positive hold time.

Clock Switching Characteristics

The parameters in this section provide the necessary values for calculating timing budgets for Virtex-6 FPGA clock transmitter and receiver data-valid windows.

Table 71: **Duty Cycle Distortion and Clock-Tree Skew**

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1	-1L	
T_{DCD_CLK}	Global Clock Tree Duty Cycle Distortion(1)	All	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
T_{CKSKEW}	Global Clock Tree Skew(2)	XC6VLX75T	0.15	0.16	0.18	0.17	ns
		XC6VLX130T	0.25	0.26	0.29	0.28	ns
		XC6VLX195T	0.26	0.27	0.31	0.30	ns
		XC6VLX240T	0.26	0.27	0.31	0.30	ns
		XC6VLX365T	0.28	0.29	0.31	0.31	ns
		XC6VLX550T	N/A	0.50	0.54	0.54	ns
		XC6VLX760	N/A	0.51	0.56	0.56	ns
		XC6VSX315T	0.27	0.28	0.32	0.30	ns
		XC6VSX475T	N/A	0.39	0.44	0.42	ns
		XC6VHX250T	0.25	0.26	0.29	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX255T	0.35	0.37	0.41	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX380T	0.45	0.47	0.52	N/A	ns
		XC6VHX565T	N/A	0.46	0.51	N/A	ns
		XQ6VLX130T	N/A	0.26	0.29	0.28	ns
		XQ6VLX240T	N/A	0.27	0.31	0.30	ns
		XQ6VLX550T	N/A	N/A	0.54	0.54	ns
		XQ6VSX315T	N/A	0.28	0.32	0.30	ns
		XQ6VSX475T	N/A	N/A	0.44	0.42	ns
T_{DCD_BUFIO}	I/O clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	ns
$T_{BUFIOSKEW}$	I/O clock tree skew across one clock region	All	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	ns
$T_{BUFIOSKEW2}$	I/O clock tree skew across three clock regions	All	0.10	0.12	0.23	0.12	ns
T_{DCD_BUFR}	Regional clock tree duty cycle distortion	All	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	ns

Notes:

1. These parameters represent the worst-case duty cycle distortion observable at the pins of the device using LVDS output buffers. For cases where other I/O standards are used, IBIS can be used to calculate any additional duty cycle distortion that might be caused by asymmetrical rise/fall times.
2. The T_{CKSKEW} value represents the worst-case clock-tree skew observable between sequential I/O elements. Significantly less clock-tree skew exists for I/O registers that are close to each other and fed by the same or adjacent clock-tree branches. Use the Xilinx FPGA_Editor and Timing Analyzer tools to evaluate clock skew specific to your application.

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