Silicon Labs - EFM32HG222F32G-B-QFP48 Datasheet

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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	25MHz
Connectivity	I²C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I²S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	37
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.98V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 4x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-TQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32hg222f32g-b-qfp48

1 Ordering Information

Table 1.1 (p. 2) shows the available EFM32HG222 devices.

Table 1.1. Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Flash (kB)	RAM (kB)	Max Speed (MHz)	Supply Voltage (V)	Temperature (ºC)	Package
EFM32HG222F32G-B-QFP48	32	4	25	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	TQFP48
EFM32HG222F64G-B-QFP48	64	8	25	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	TQFP48

Adding the suffix 'R' to the part number (e.g. EFM32HG222F32G-B-QFP48R) denotes tape and reel.

Visit **www.silabs.com** for information on global distributors and representatives.

3 Electrical Characteristics

3.1 Test Conditions

3.1.1 Typical Values

The typical data are based on T_{AMB}=25°C and V_{DD}=3.0 V, as defined in Table 3.2 (p. 8), unless otherwise specified.

3.1.2 Minimum and Maximum Values

The minimum and maximum values represent the worst conditions of ambient temperature, supply voltage and frequencies, as defined in Table 3.2 (p. 8) , unless otherwise specified.

3.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings

The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings, and functional operation under such conditions are not guaranteed. Stress beyond the limits specified in Table 3.1 (p. 8) may affect the device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operating conditions are given in Table 3.2 (p. 8) .

Table 3.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range		-40		150[1]	°C
T_S	Maximum soldering temperature	Latest IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 Standard			260	°C
V_{DDMAX}	External main supply voltage		0		3.8	V
V_{IOPIN}	Voltage on any I/O pin		-0.3		V_{DD}+0.3	V

[1]Based on programmed devices tested for 10000 hours at 150ºC. Storage temperature affects retention of preprogrammed calibration values stored in flash. Please refer to the Flash section in the Electrical Characteristics for information on flash data retention for different temperatures.

3.3 General Operating Conditions

3.3.1 General Operating Conditions

Table 3.2. General Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{AMB}	Ambient temperature range	-40		85	°C
V_{DDOP}	Operating supply voltage	1.98		3.8	V
f_{APB}	Internal APB clock frequency			25	MHz
f_{AHB}	Internal AHB clock frequency			25	MHz

Figure 3.3. EM0 Current consumption while executing prime number calculation code from flash with HFRCO running at 14 MHz

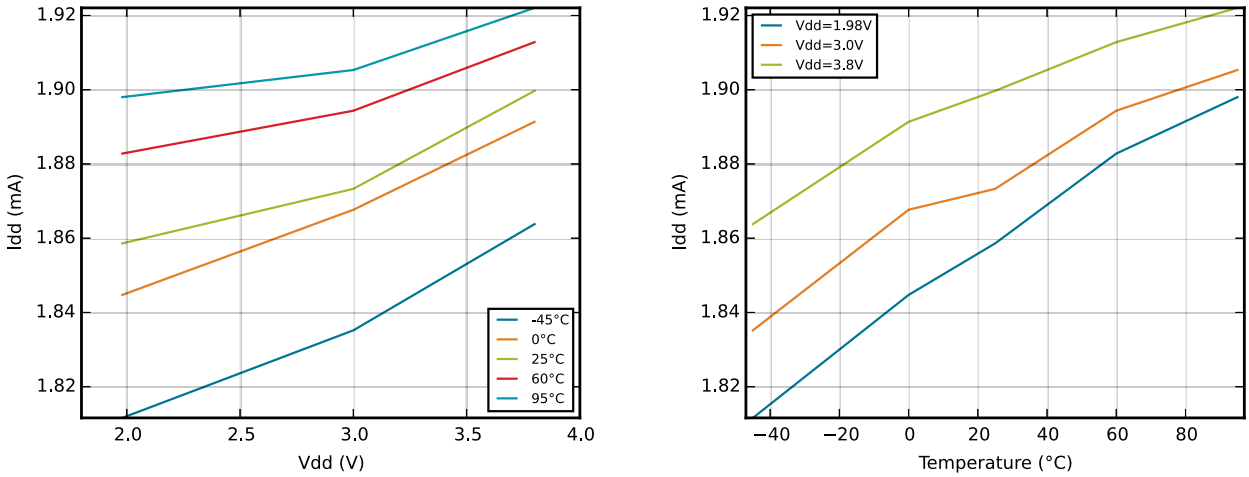
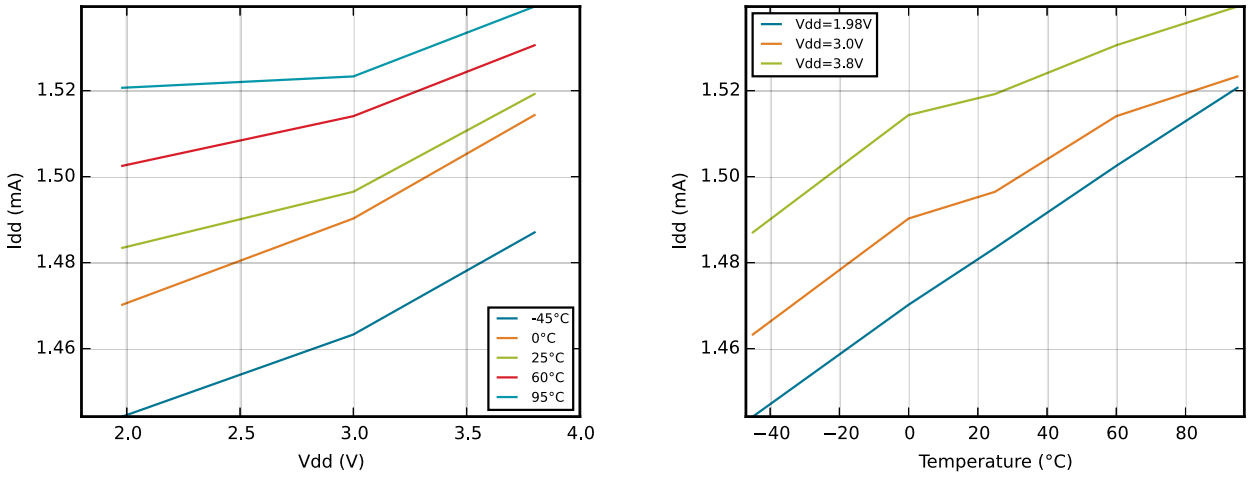


Figure 3.4. EM0 Current consumption while executing prime number calculation code from flash with HFRCO running at 11 MHz



3.9.4 HFRCO

Table 3.11. HFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{HFRCO}	Oscillation frequency, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=25°C	24 MHz frequency band	23.28	24.0	24.72	MHz
		21 MHz frequency band	20.37	21.0	21.63	MHz
		14 MHz frequency band	13.58	14.0	14.42	MHz
		11 MHz frequency band	10.67	11.0	11.33	MHz
		7 MHz frequency band	6.40	6.60	6.80	MHz
		1 MHz frequency band	1.15	1.20	1.25	MHz
$t_{HFRCO\_settling}$	Settling time after start-up	f_{HFRCO} = 14 MHz		0.6		Cycles
I_{HFRCO}	Current consumption	f_{HFRCO} = 24 MHz		158	184	µA
		f_{HFRCO} = 21 MHz		143	175	µA
		f_{HFRCO} = 14 MHz		113	140	µA
		f_{HFRCO} = 11 MHz		101	125	µA
		f_{HFRCO} = 6.6 MHz		84	105	µA
		f_{HFRCO} = 1.2 MHz		27	40	µA
$TUNESTEP_{H-FRCO}$	Frequency step for LSB change in TUNING value	24 MHz frequency band		66.8[1]		kHz
		21 MHz frequency band		52.8[1]		kHz
		14 MHz frequency band		36.9[1]		kHz
		11 MHz frequency band		30.1[1]		kHz
		7 MHz frequency band		18.0[1]		kHz
		1 MHz frequency band		3.4		kHz

[1]The TUNING field in the CMU_HFRCOCTRL register may be used to adjust the HFRCO frequency. There is enough adjustment range to ensure that the frequency bands above 7 MHz will always have some overlap across supply voltage and temperature. By using a stable frequency reference such as the LFXO or HFXO, a firmware calibration routine can vary the TUNING bits and the frequency band to maintain the HFRCO frequency at any arbitrary value between 7 MHz and 21 MHz across operating conditions.

Figure 3.21. Calibrated HFRCO 1 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature

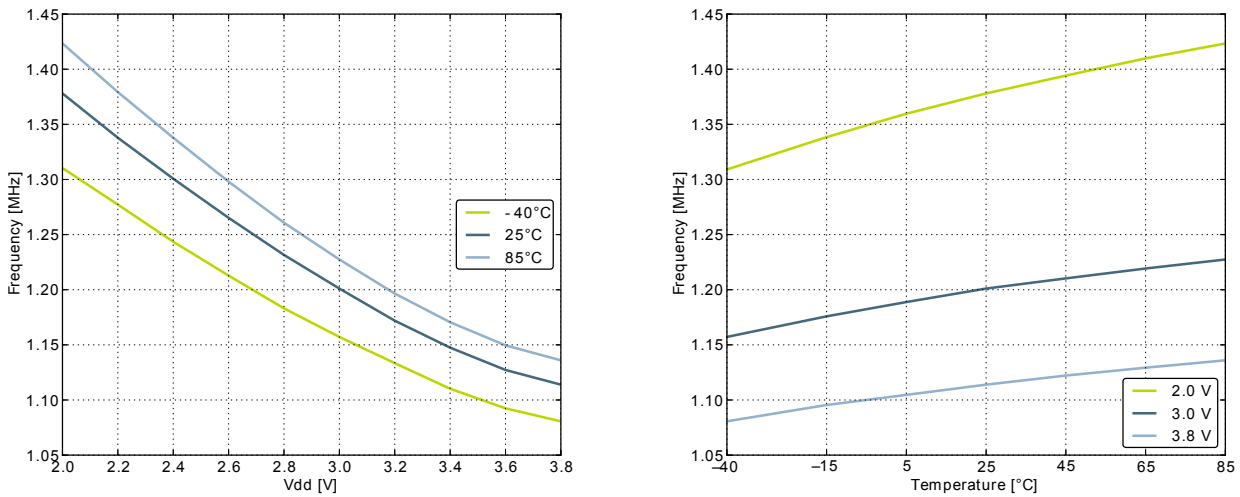


Figure 3.22. Calibrated HFRCO 7 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature

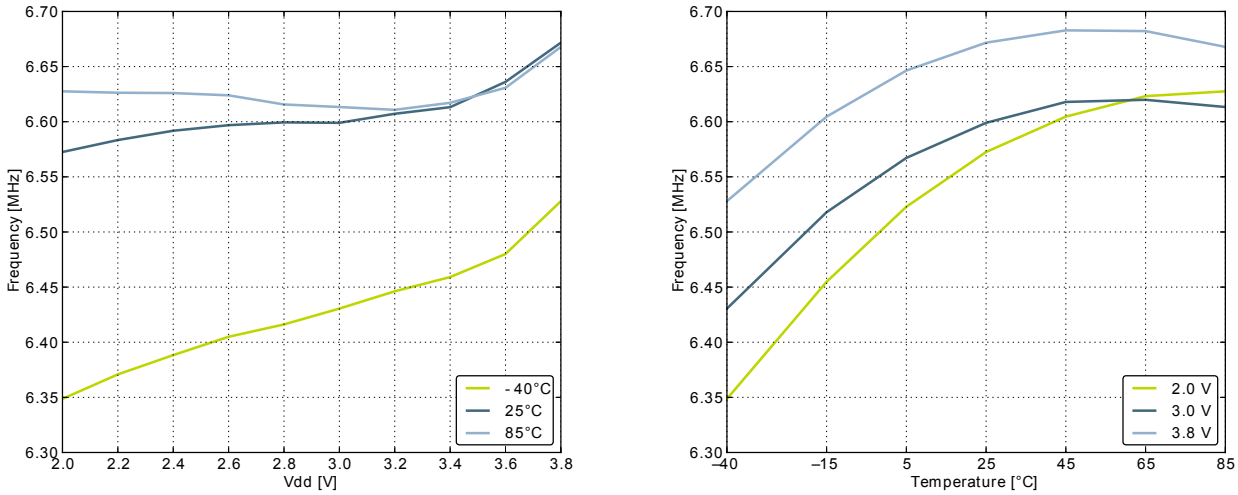


Figure 3.23. Calibrated HFRCO 11 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature

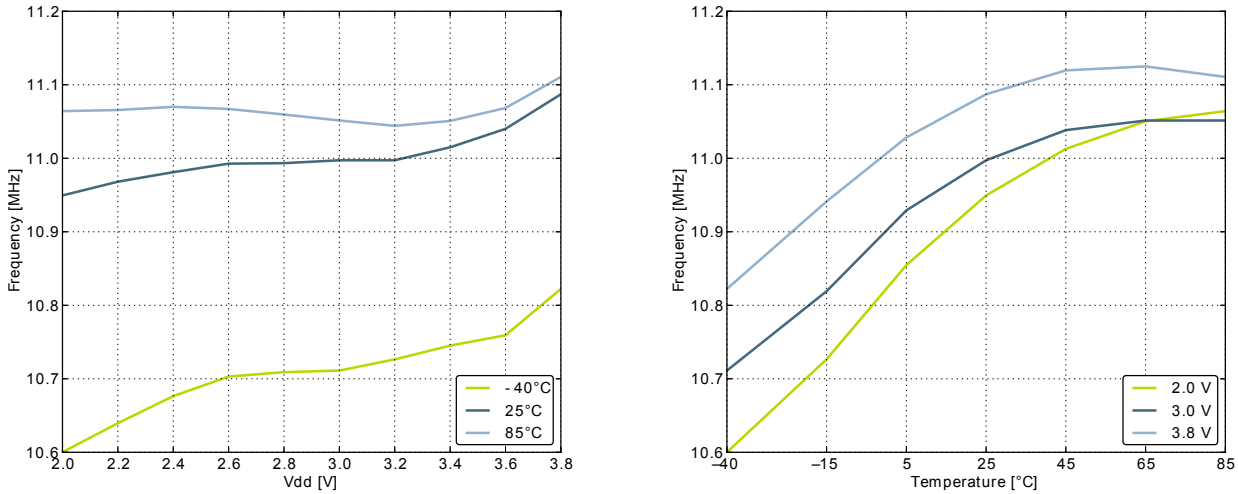


Figure 3.24. Calibrated HFRCO 14 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature

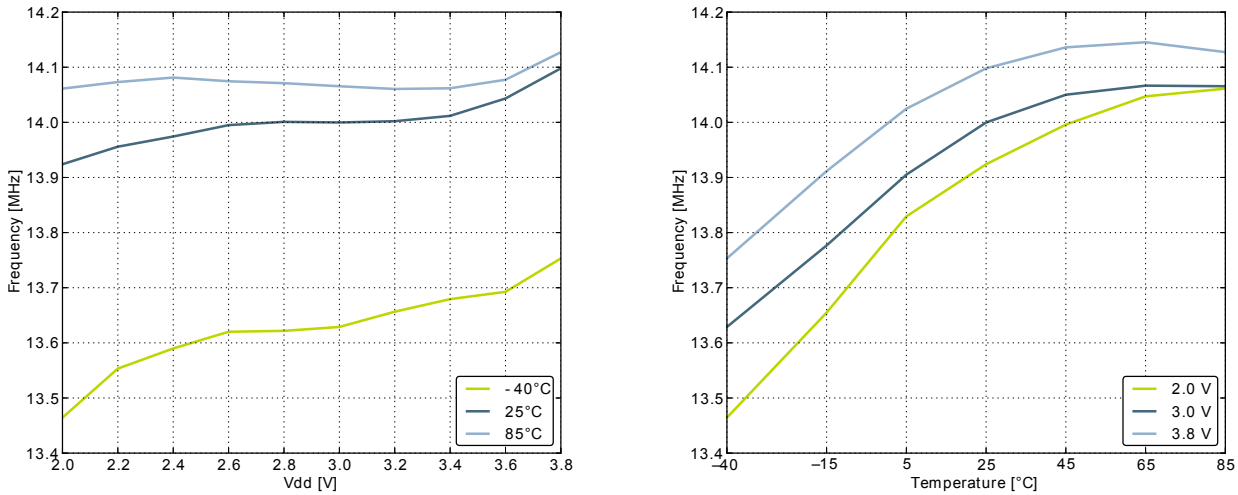
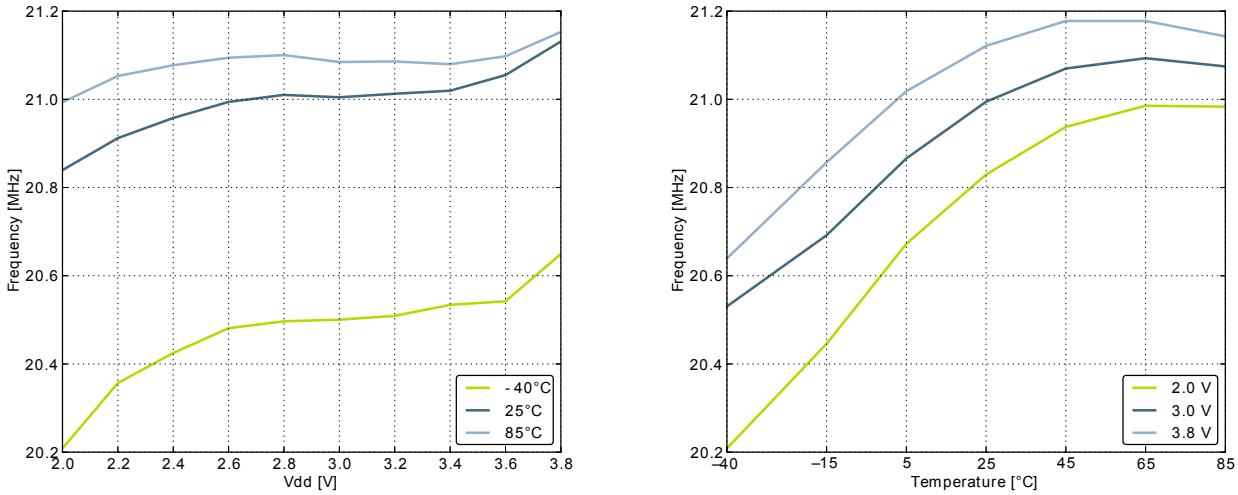


Figure 3.25. Calibrated HFRCO 21 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature



3.9.5 AUXHFRCO

Table 3.12. AUXHFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$f_{AUXHFRCO}$	Oscillation frequency, V_{DD}= 3.0 V, T_{AMB}=25°C	21 MHz frequency band	20.37	21.0	21.63	MHz
		14 MHz frequency band	13.58	14.0	14.42	MHz
		11 MHz frequency band	10.67	11.0	11.33	MHz
		7 MHz frequency band	6.40	6.60	6.80	MHz
		1 MHz frequency band	1.15	1.20	1.25	MHz
$t_{AUXHFRCO\_settling}$	Settling time after start-up	$f_{AUXHFRCO}$ = 14 MHz		0.6		Cycles
$TUNESTEP_{AUXHFRCO}$	Frequency step for LSB change in TUNING value	21 MHz frequency band		52.8		kHz
		14 MHz frequency band		36.9		kHz
		11 MHz frequency band		30.1		kHz
		7 MHz frequency band		18.0		kHz
		1 MHz frequency band		3.4		kHz

3.9.6 USHFRCO

Table 3.13. USHFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$f_{USHFRCO}$	Oscillation frequency	No Clock Recovery, Full Temperature and Supply Range, 48 MHz band	47.10	48.00	48.90	MHz
		No Clock Recovery, Full Temperature and Supply Range, 24 MHz band	23.73	24.00	24.32	MHz
		No Clock Recovery, 25°C, 3.3V, 48 MHz band	47.50	48.00	48.50	MHz
		No Clock Recovery, 25°C, 3.3V, 24 MHz band	23.86	24.00	24.16	MHz
$TC_{USHFRCO}$	Temperature coefficient	3.3V		0.0175		%/°C
$VC_{USHFRCO}$	Supply voltage coefficient	25°C		0.0045		%/V
$I_{USHFRCO}$	Current consumption	$f_{USHFRCO}$ = 48 MHz	1.21	1.36	1.48	mA
		$f_{USHFRCO}$ = 24 MHz	0.81	0.92	1.02	mA

3.9.7 ULFRCO

Table 3.14. ULFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{ULFRCO}	Oscillation frequency	25°C, 3V	0.70		1.75	kHz
TC_{ULFRCO}	Temperature coefficient			0.05		%/°C
VC_{ULFRCO}	Supply voltage coefficient			-18.2		%/V

3.10 Analog Digital Converter (ADC)

Table 3.15. ADC

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{ADCIN}	Input voltage range	Single ended	0		V_{REF}	V
		Differential	$-V_{REF}/2$		$V_{REF}/2$	V
$V_{ADCREFIN}$	Input range of external reference voltage, single ended and differential		1.25		V_{DD}	V
$V_{ADCREFIN\_CH7}$	Input range of external negative reference voltage on channel 7	See $V_{ADCREFIN}$	0		V_{DD} - 1.1	V
$V_{ADCREFIN\_CH6}$	Input range of external positive reference voltage on channel 6	See $V_{ADCREFIN}$	0.625		V_{DD}	V

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{ADCSTART}$	Startup time of reference generator and ADC core in NORMAL mode			5		µs
	Startup time of reference generator and ADC core in KEEPADCWARM mode			1		µs
SNR_{ADC}	Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR)	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		59		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		63		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V_{DD} reference		65		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		60		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		65		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		54		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference		67		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $2xV_{DD}$ reference		69		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		62		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		63		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V_{DD} reference		67		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		63		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference	63	66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $2xV_{DD}$ reference		70		dB
$SINAD_{ADC}$	SIgnal-to-Noise And Distortion-ratio (SINAD)	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		58		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		62		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V_{DD} reference		64		dB

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V_{DD} reference		76		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		79		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		79		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		78		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference	68	79		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 2xV_{DD} reference		79		dBc
$V_{ADCOFFSET}$	Offset voltage	After calibration, single ended	-4	0.3	4	mV
		After calibration, differential		0.3		mV
$TGRAD_{ADCTH}$	Thermometer output gradient			-1.92		mV/°C
				-6.3		ADC Codes/ °C
DNL_{ADC}	Differential non-linearity (DNL)	V_{DD}= 3.0 V, external 2.5V reference	-1	±0.7	4	LSB
INL_{ADC}	Integral non-linearity (INL), End point method			±1.6	±3	LSB
MC_{ADC}	No missing codes		11.999[1]	12		bits
$VREF_{ADC}$	ADC Internal Voltage Reference	Internal 1.25V, V_{DD} = 3V, 25°C	1.248	1.254	1.262	V
		Internal 1.25V, Full temperature and supply range	1.188	1.254	1.302	V
		Internal 2.5V, V_{DD} = 3V, 25°C	2.492	2.506	2.520	V
		Internal 2.5V, Full temperature and supply range	2.402	2.506	2.600	V

[1]On the average every ADC will have one missing code, most likely to appear around 2048 ± n*512 where n can be a value in the set {-3, -2, -1, 1, 2, 3}. There will be no missing code around 2048, and in spite of the missing code the ADC will be monotonic at all times so that a response to a slowly increasing input will always be a slowly increasing output. Around the one code that is missing, the neighbour codes will look wider in the DNL plot. The spectra will show spurs on the level of -78dBc for a full scale input for chips that have the missing code issue.

The integral non-linearity (INL) and differential non-linearity parameters are explained in Figure 3.26 (p. 37) and Figure 3.27 (p. 37) , respectively.

Figure 3.26. Integral Non-Linearity (INL)

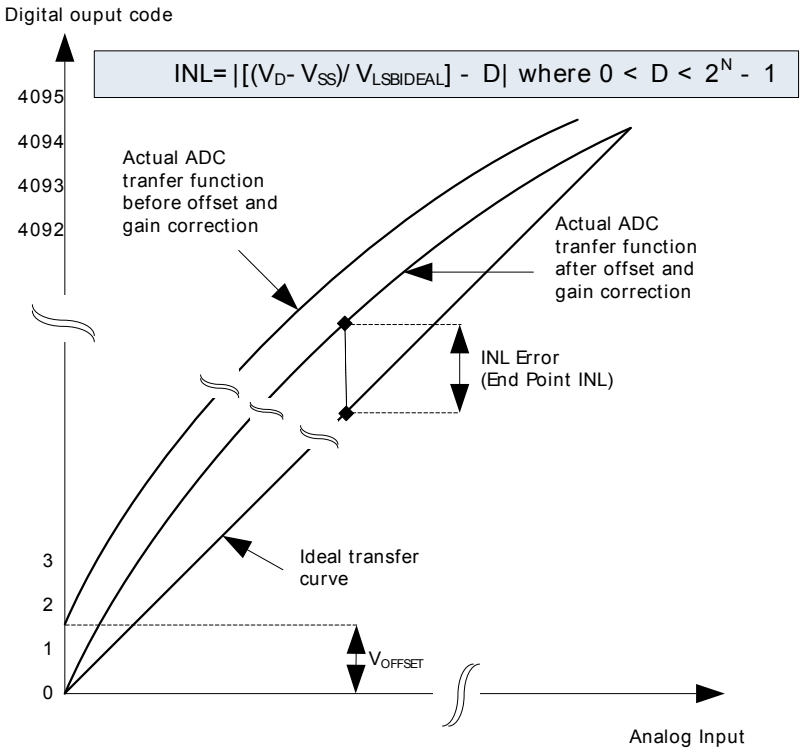


Figure 3.27. Differential Non-Linearity (DNL)

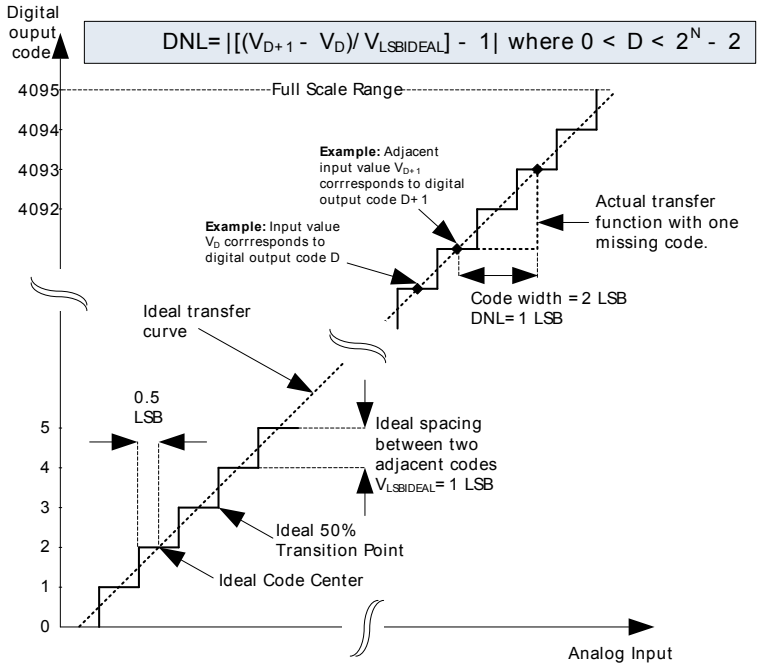
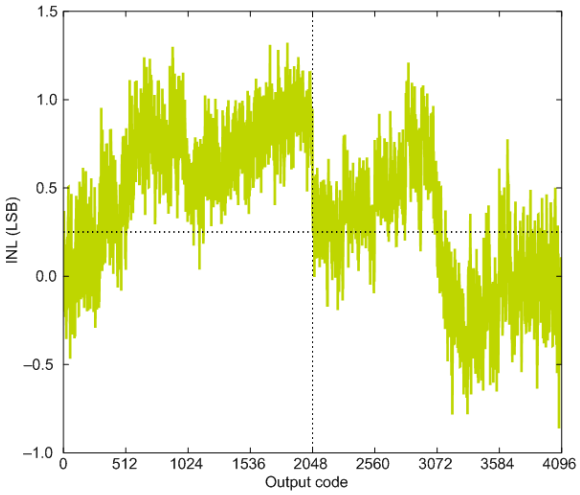
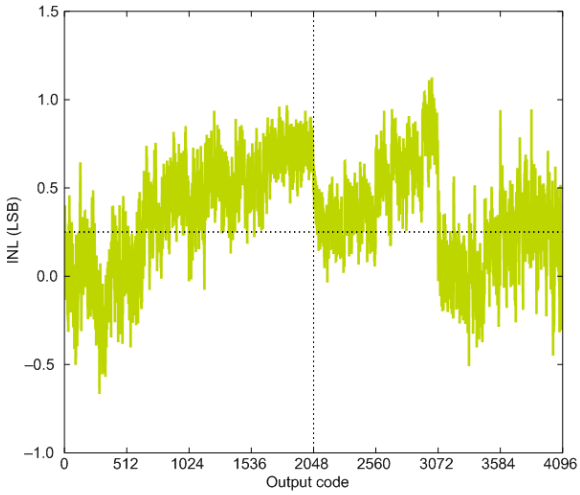


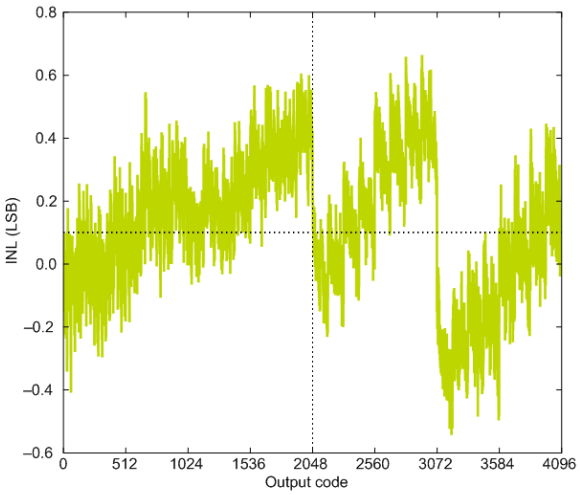
Figure 3.29. ADC Integral Linearity Error vs Code, Vdd = 3V, Temp = 25°C



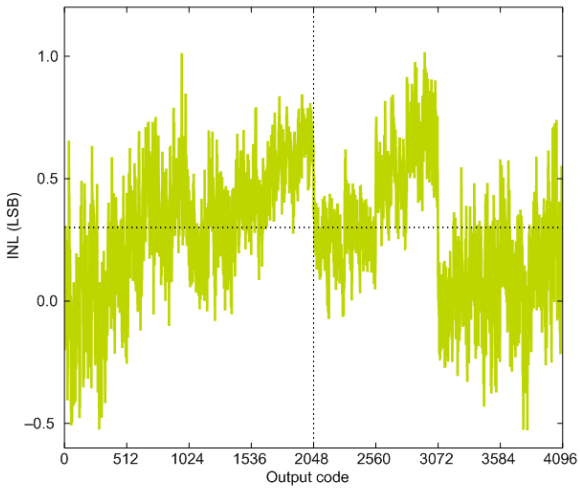
1.25V Reference



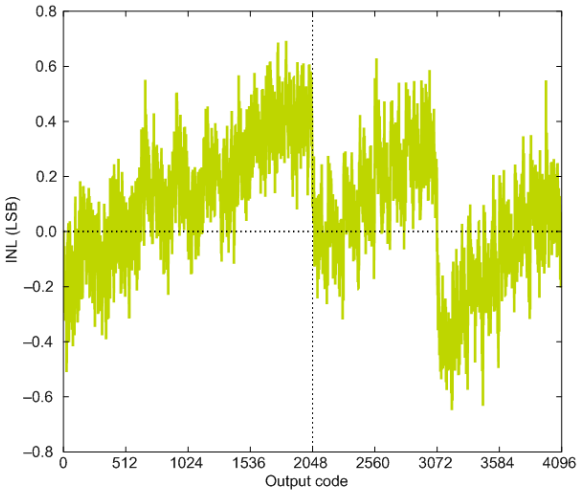
2.5V Reference



2XVDDVSS Reference

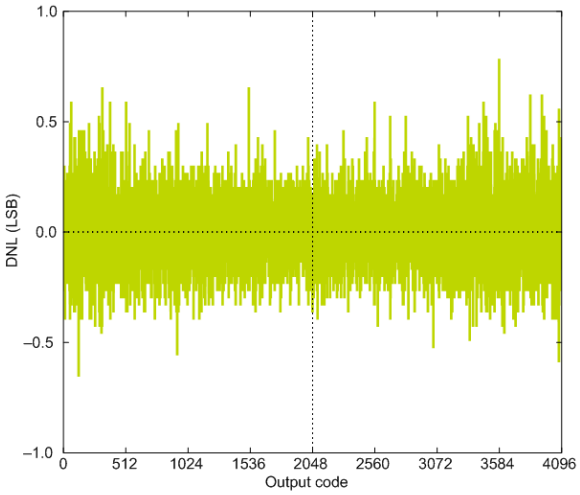


5VDIFF Reference

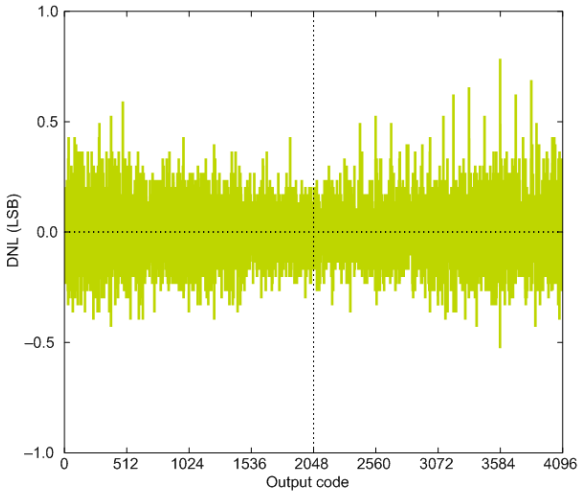


VDD Reference

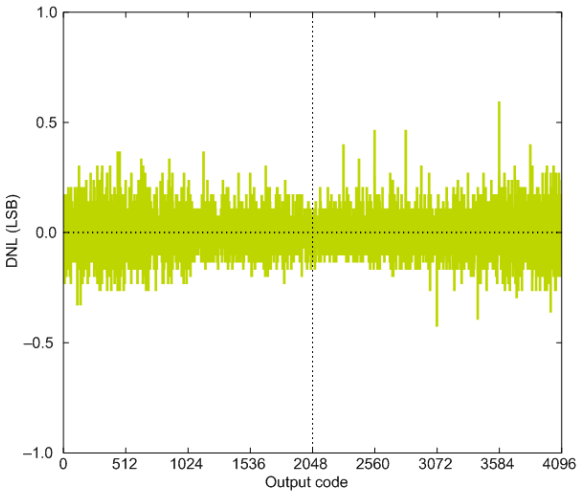
Figure 3.30. ADC Differential Linearity Error vs Code, Vdd = 3V, Temp = 25°C



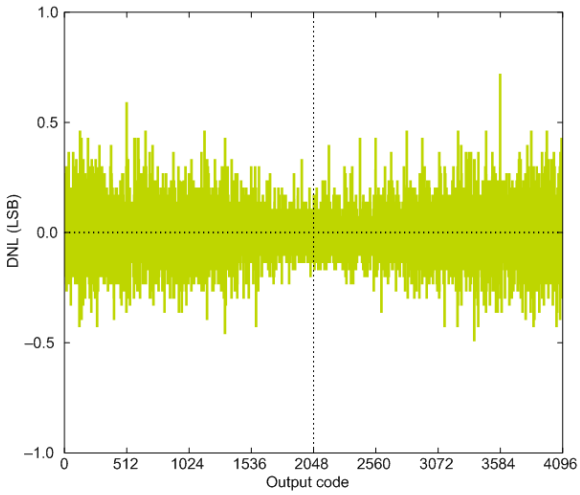
1.25V Reference



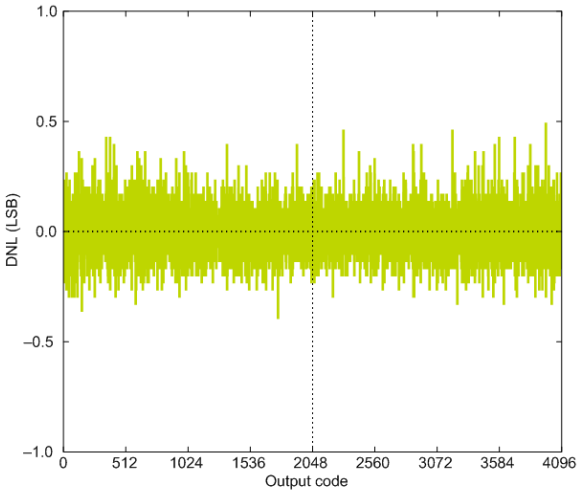
2.5V Reference



2XVDDVSS Reference



5VDIFF Reference



VDD Reference

3.13 Voltage Comparator (VCMP)

Table 3.26. VCMP

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{VCMPIN}	Input voltage range			V_{DD}		V
V_{VCMPCM}	VCMP Common Mode voltage range			V_{DD}		V
I_{VCMP}	Active current	BIASPROG=0b0000 and HALFBIAS=1 in VCMPn_CTRL register		0.2	0.8	µA
		BIASPROG=0b1111 and HALFBIAS=0 in VCMPn_CTRL register. LPREF=0.		22	35	µA
$t_{VCMPREF}$	Startup time reference generator	NORMAL		10		µs
$V_{VCMPOFFSET}$	Offset voltage	Single ended		10		mV
		Differential		10		mV
$V_{VCMPHYST}$	VCMP hysteresis			17		mV
$t_{VCMPSTART}$	Startup time				10	µs

The V_{DD} trigger level can be configured by setting the TRIGLEVEL field of the VCMP_CTRL register in accordance with the following equation:

VCMP Trigger Level as a Function of Level Setting

$$V_{DD\ Trigger\ Level}=1.667V+0.034 \times TRIGLEVEL \quad (3.2)$$

3.14 I2C

Table 3.27. I2C Standard-mode (Sm)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{SCL}	SCL clock frequency	0		100[1]	kHz
t_{LOW}	SCL clock low time	4.7			µs
t_{HIGH}	SCL clock high time	4.0			µs
$t_{SU,DAT}$	SDA set-up time	250			ns
$t_{HD,DAT}$	SDA hold time	8		3450[2,3]	ns
$t_{SU,STA}$	Repeated START condition set-up time	4.7			µs
$t_{HD,STA}$	(Repeated) START condition hold time	4.0			µs
$t_{SU,STO}$	STOP condition set-up time	4.0			µs
t_{BUF}	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	4.7			µs

[1]For the minimum HFPERCLK frequency required in Standard-mode, see the I2C chapter in the EFM32HG Reference Manual.
[2]The maximum SDA hold time ($t_{HD,DAT}$) needs to be met only when the device does not stretch the low time of SCL (t_{LOW}).
[3]When transmitting data, this number is guaranteed only when I2Cn_CLKDIV < ((3450*10^{-9} [s] * $f_{HFPERCLK}$ [Hz]) - 5).

QFP48 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
3	PA2		TIM0_CC2 #0/1		CMU_CLK0 #0
4	IOVDD_0	Digital IO power supply 0.			
5	VSS	Ground.			
6	PC0	ACMP0_CH0	TIM0_CC1 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #2	US0_TX #5/6 US1_TX #0 US1_CS #5 I2C0_SDA #4	PRS_CH2 #0
7	PC1	ACMP0_CH1	TIM0_CC2 #4 PCNT0_S1IN #2	US0_RX #5/6 US1_TX #5 US1_RX #0 I2C0_SCL #4	PRS_CH3 #0
8	PC2	ACMP0_CH2	TIM0_CDTI0 #4	US1_RX #5	
9	PC3	ACMP0_CH3	TIM0_CDTI1 #4	US1_CLK #5	
10	PC4	ACMP0_CH4	TIM0_CDTI2 #4		GPIO_EM4WU6
11	PB7	LFXTAL_P	TIM1_CC0 #3	US0_TX #4 US1_CLK #0	
12	PB8	LFXTAL_N	TIM1_CC1 #3	US0_RX #4 US1_CS #0	
13	PA8		TIM2_CC0 #0		
14	PA9		TIM2_CC1 #0		
15	PA10		TIM2_CC2 #0		
16	RESETn	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.			
17	PB11	IDAC0_OUT	TIM1_CC2 #3 PCNT0_S1IN #4	US1_CLK #4	CMU_CLK1 #3 ACMP0_O #3
18	VSS	Ground.			
19	AVDD_1	Analog power supply 1.			
20	PB13	HFXTAL_P		US0_CLK #4/5 LEU0_TX #1	
21	PB14	HFXTAL_N		US0_CS #4/5 LEU0_RX #1	
22	IOVDD_3	Digital IO power supply 3.			
23	AVDD_0	Analog power supply 0.			
24	PD4	ADC0_CH4		LEU0_TX #0	
25	PD5	ADC0_CH5		LEU0_RX #0	
26	PD6	ADC0_CH6	TIM1_CC0 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #3	US1_RX #2/3 I2C0_SDA #1	ACMP0_O #2
27	PD7	ADC0_CH7	TIM1_CC1 #4 PCNT0_S1IN #3	US1_TX #2/3 I2C0_SCL #1	CMU_CLK0 #2
28	VDD_DREG	Power supply for on-chip voltage regulator.			
29	DECOUPLE	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external capacitance of size $C_{DECOUPLE}$ is required at this pin.			
30	PC8		TIM2_CC0 #2	US0_CS #2	
31	PC9		TIM2_CC1 #2	US0_CLK #2	GPIO_EM4WU2
32	PC10		TIM2_CC2 #2	US0_RX #2	
33	PC11			US0_TX #2	
34	PC13		TIM0_CDTI0 #1/6		

QFP48 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
			TIM1_CC0 #0 TIM1_CC2 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #0		
35	PC14		TIM0_CDTI1 #1/6 TIM1_CC1 #0 PCNT0_S1IN #0	US0_CS #3 US1_CS #3/4 LEU0_TX #5	PRS_CH0 #2
36	PC15		TIM0_CDTI2 #1/6 TIM1_CC2 #0	US0_CLK #3 US1_CLK #3 LEU0_RX #5	PRS_CH1 #2
37	PF0		TIM0_CC0 #5	US1_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #3 I2C0_SDA #5	DBG_SWCLK #0 BOOT_TX
38	PF1		TIM0_CC1 #5	US1_CS #2 LEU0_RX #3 I2C0_SCL #5	DBG_SWDIO #0 GPIO_EM4WU3 BOOT_RX
39	PF2		TIM0_CC2 #5/6 TIM2_CC0 #3	US1_TX #4 LEU0_TX #4	CMU_CLK0 #3 PRS_CH0 #3 GPIO_EM4WU4
40	PF3		TIM0_CDTI0 #5		PRS_CH0 #1
41	PF4		TIM0_CDTI1 #5		PRS_CH1 #1
42	PF5		TIM0_CDTI2 #5		PRS_CH2 #1
43	IOVDD_5	Digital IO power supply 5.			
44	VSS	Ground.			
45	PE10		TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	PRS_CH2 #2
46	PE11		TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	PRS_CH3 #2
47	PE12	ADC0_CH0	TIM1_CC2 #1 TIM2_CC1 #3	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0/6 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 PRS_CH1 #3
48	PE13	ADC0_CH1	TIM2_CC2 #3	US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0/6 I2C0_SCL #6	ACMP0_O #0 PRS_CH2 #3 GPIO_EM4WU5

4.2 Alternate Functionality Pinout

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. This is shown in Table 4.2 (p. 54). The table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings.

Note

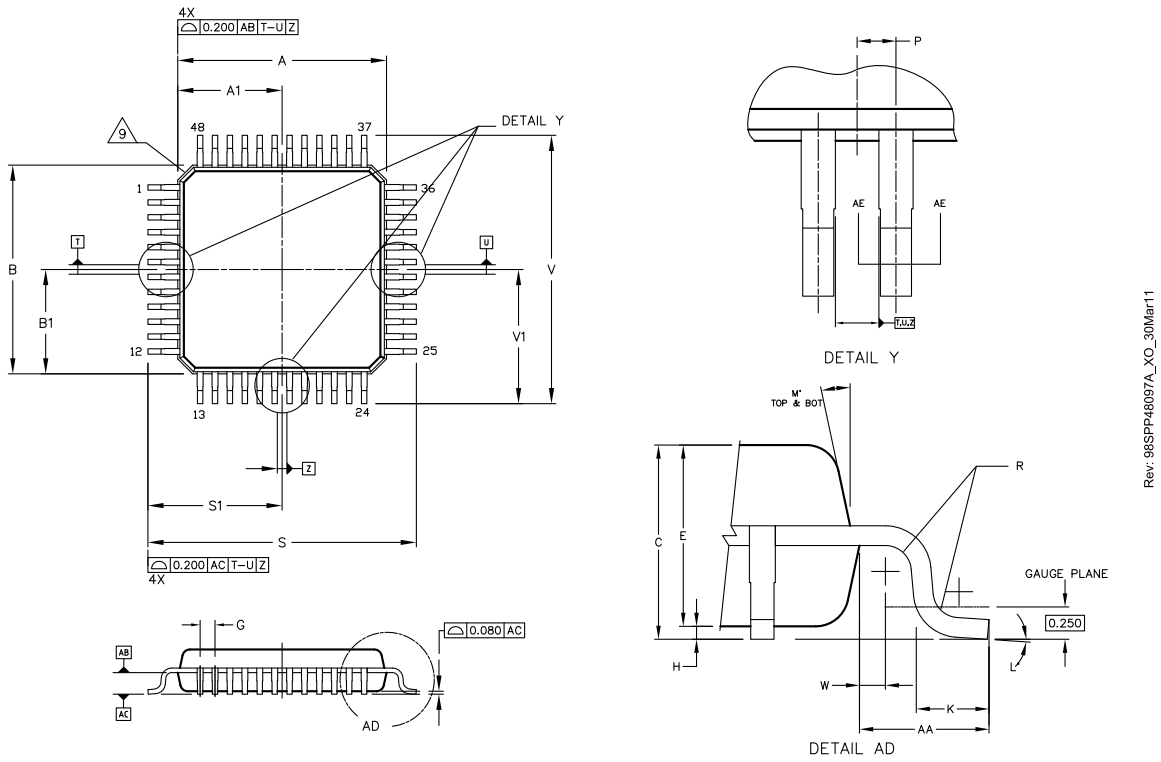
Some functionality, such as analog interfaces, do not have alternate settings or a LOCATION bitfield. In these cases, the pinout is shown in the column corresponding to LOCATION 0.

Table 4.2. Alternate functionality overview

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
ACMP0_CH0	PC0							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 0.
ACMP0_CH1	PC1							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 1.
ACMP0_CH2	PC2							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 2.
ACMP0_CH3	PC3							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 3.

4.4 TQFP48 Package

Figure 4.2. TQFP48



Note:

1. Dimensions and tolerance per ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. Control dimension: Millimeter.
3. Datum plane AB is located at bottom of lead and is coincident with the lead where the lead exists from the plastic body at the bottom of the parting line.
4. Datums T, U and Z to be determined at datum plane AB.
5. Dimensions S and V to be determined at seating plane AC.
6. Dimensions A and B do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.250 per side. Dimensions A and B do include mold mismatch and are determined at datum AB.
7. Dimension D does not include dambar protrusion. Dambar protrusion shall not cause the D dimension to exceed 0.350.
8. Minimum solder plate thickness shall be 0.0076.
9. Exact shape of each corner is optional.

Table 4.4. QFP48 (Dimensions in mm)

DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX	DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	-	7.000 BSC	-	M	-	12DEG REF	-
A1	-	3.500 BSC	-	N	0.090	-	0.160
B	-	7.000 BSC	-	P	-	0.250 BSC	-
B1	-	3.500 BSC	-	R	0.150	-	0.250
C	1.000	-	1.200	S	-	9.000 BSC	-

5 PCB Layout and Soldering

5.1 Recommended PCB Layout

Figure 5.1. TQFP48 PCB Land Pattern

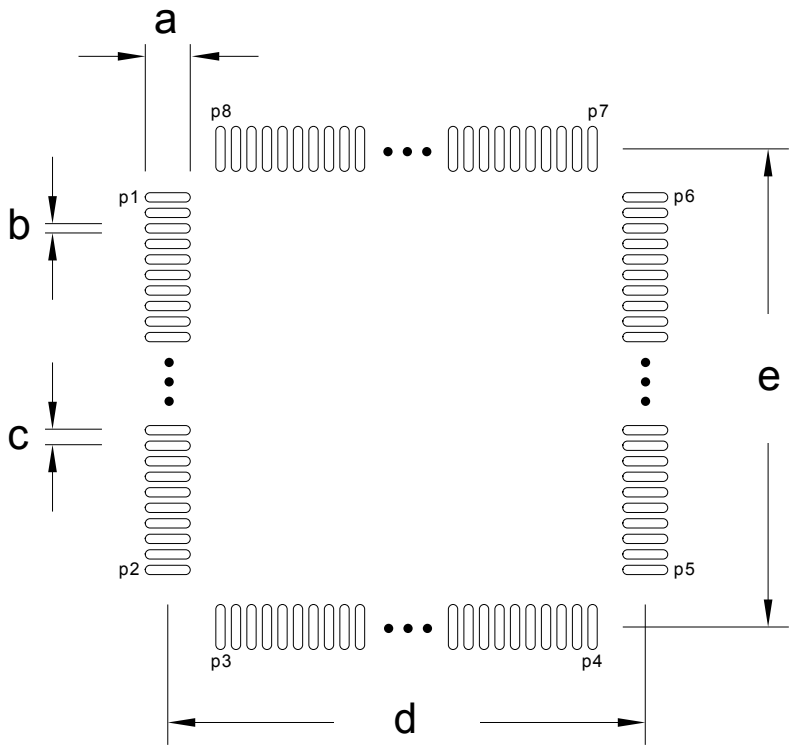


Table 5.1. QFP48 PCB Land Pattern Dimensions (Dimensions in mm)

Symbol	Dim. (mm)	Symbol	Pin number	Symbol	Pin number
a	1.60	P1	1	P6	36
b	0.30	P2	12	P7	37
c	0.50	P3	13	P8	48
d	8.50	P4	24	-	-
e	8.50	P5	25	-	-

Preliminary Release.

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