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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, Microwire, SmartCard, SPI, SSP, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, CapSense, LCD, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	55
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 16x12b SAR; 2xIDAC
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	68-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	68-QFN (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/cy8c4126lti-m445

More Information

Cypress provides a wealth of data at www.cypress.com to help you to select the right PSoC device for your design, and to help you to quickly and effectively integrate the device into your design. For a comprehensive list of resources, see the knowledge base article [KBA86521](#), [How to Design with PSoC 3](#), [PSoC 4](#), and [PSoC 5LP](#). Following is an abbreviated list for PSoC 4:

- Overview: [PSoC Portfolio](#), [PSoC Roadmap](#)
- Product Selectors: [PSoC 1](#), [PSoC 3](#), [PSoC 4](#), [PSoC 5LP](#)
In addition, PSoC Creator includes a device selection tool.
- Application notes: Cypress offers a large number of PSoC application notes covering a broad range of topics, from basic to advanced level. Recommended application notes for getting started with PSoC 4 are:
 - [AN79953](#): Getting Started With PSoC 4
 - [AN88619](#): PSoC 4 Hardware Design Considerations
 - [AN86439](#): Using PSoC 4 GPIO Pins
 - [AN57821](#): Mixed Signal Circuit Board Layout
 - [AN81623](#): Digital Design Best Practices
 - [AN73854](#): Introduction To Bootloaders
 - [AN89610](#): ARM Cortex Code Optimization
- Technical Reference Manual (TRM) is in two documents:
 - [Architecture TRM](#) details each PSoC 4 functional block.
 - [Registers TRM](#) describes each of the PSoC 4 registers.
- Development Kits:
 - [CY8CKIT-042](#), PSoC 4 Pioneer Kit, is an easy-to-use and inexpensive development platform. This kit includes connectors for Arduino™ compatible shields and Digilent® Pmod™ daughter cards.
 - [CY8CKIT-049](#) is a very low-cost prototyping platform. It is a low-cost alternative to sampling PSoC 4 devices.
 - [CY8CKIT-001](#) is a common development platform for any one of the PSoC 1, PSoC 3, PSoC 4, or PSoC 5LP families of devices.

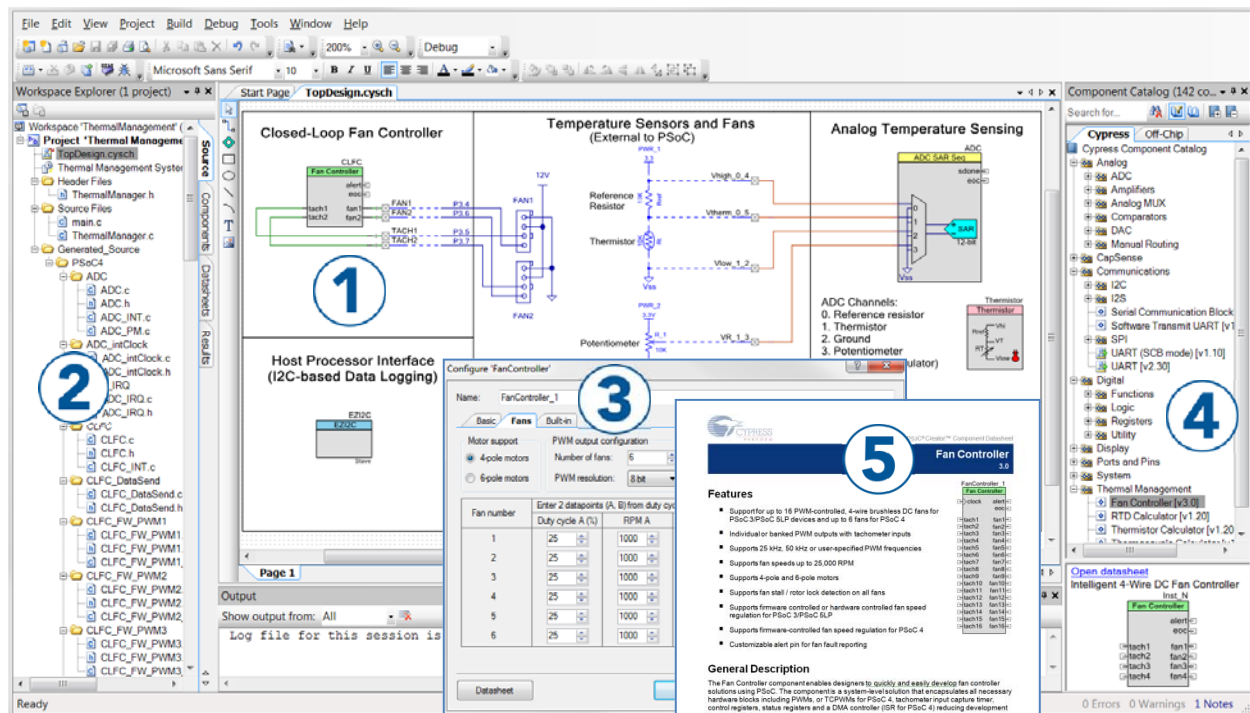
The [MiniProg3](#) device provides an interface for flash programming and debug.

PSoC Creator

[PSoC Creator](#) is a free Windows-based Integrated Design Environment (IDE). It enables concurrent hardware and firmware design of PSoC 3, PSoC 4, and PSoC 5LP based systems. Create designs using classic, familiar schematic capture supported by over 100 pre-verified, production-ready PSoC Components; see the [list of component datasheets](#). With PSoC Creator, you can:

1. Drag and drop component icons to build your hardware system design in the main design workspace
2. Codesign your application firmware with the PSoC hardware, using the PSoC Creator IDE C compiler
3. Configure components using the configuration tools
4. Explore the library of 100+ components
5. Review component datasheets

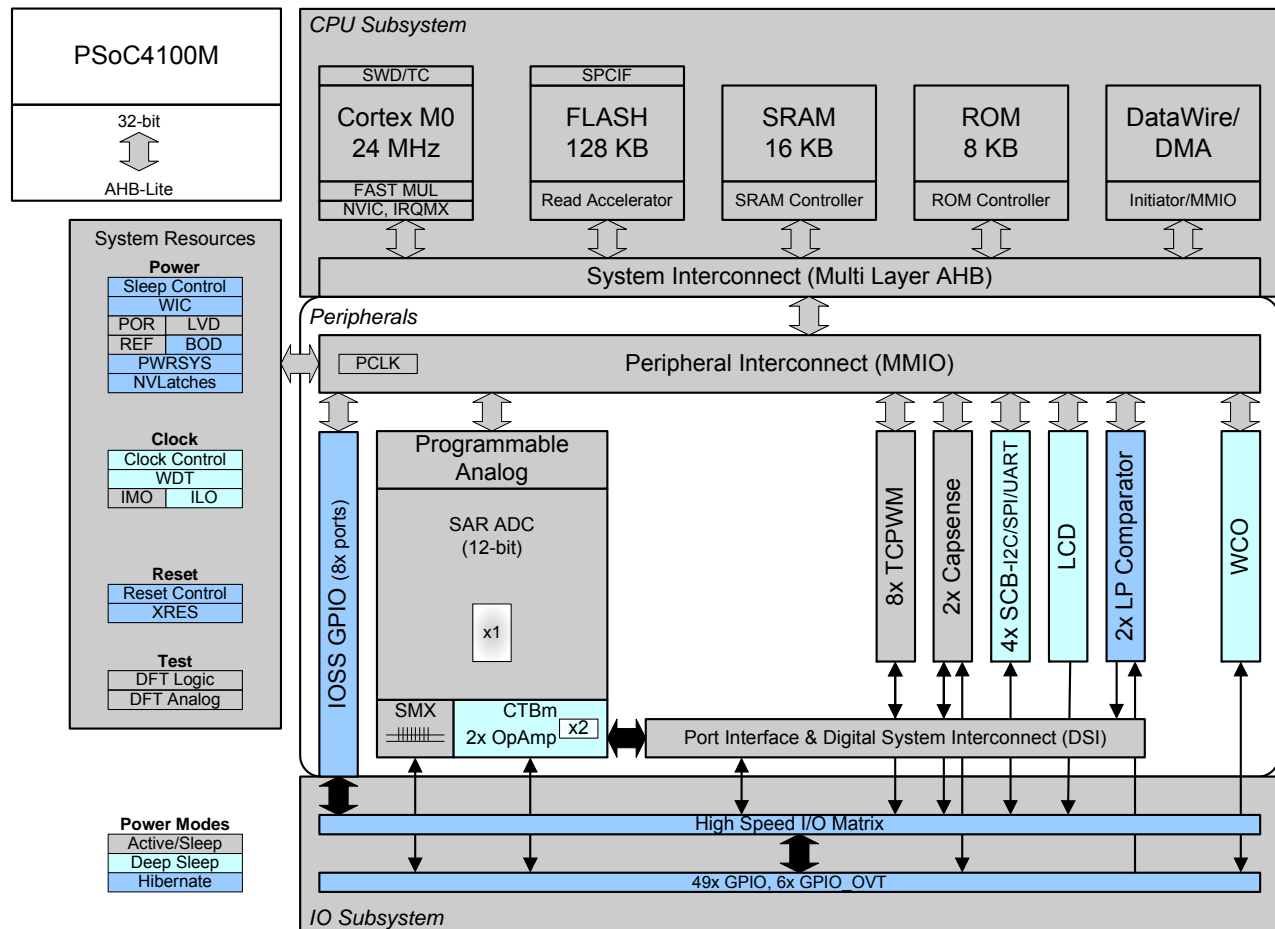
Figure 1. Multiple-Sensor Example Project in PSoC Creator



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PSoC 4100M Block Diagram



The PSoC 4100-M devices include extensive support for programming, testing, debugging, and tracing both hardware and firmware.

The ARM Serial_Wire Debug (SWD) interface supports all programming and debug features of the device.

Complete debug-on-chip functionality enables full-device debugging in the final system using the standard production device. It does not require special interfaces, debugging pods, simulators, or emulators. Only the standard programming connections are required to fully support debug.

The PSoC Creator Integrated Development Environment (IDE) provides fully integrated programming and debug support for PSoC 4100-M devices. The SWD interface is fully compatible with industry-standard third-party tools. The PSoC 4100-M family provides a level of security not possible with multi-chip application solutions or with microcontrollers. This is due to its ability to disable debug features, robust flash protection, and

because it allows customer-proprietary functionality to be implemented in on-chip programmable blocks.

The debug circuits are enabled by default and can only be disabled in firmware. If not enabled, the only way to re-enable them is to erase the entire device, clear flash protection, and reprogram the device with new firmware that enables debugging.

Additionally, all device interfaces can be permanently disabled (device security) for applications concerned about phishing attacks due to a maliciously reprogrammed device or attempts to defeat security by starting and interrupting flash programming sequences. Because all programming, debug, and test interfaces are disabled when maximum device security is enabled, PSoC 4100-M with device security enabled may not be returned for failure analysis. This is a trade-off the PSoC 4100-M allows the customer to make.

Watchdog Timer

A watchdog timer is implemented in the clock block running from the low-frequency clock; this allows watchdog operation during Deep Sleep and generates a watchdog reset or an interrupt if not serviced before the timeout occurs. The watchdog reset is recorded in the Reset Cause register.

Reset

The PSoC 4100M can be reset from a variety of sources including a software reset. Reset events are asynchronous and guarantee reversion to a known state. The reset cause is recorded in a register, which is sticky through reset and allows software to determine the cause of the reset. An XRES pin is reserved for external reset to avoid complications with configuration and multiple pin functions during power-on or reconfiguration.

Voltage Reference

The PSoC 4100M reference system generates all internally required references. A 1% voltage reference spec is provided for the 12-bit ADC. To allow better signal-to-noise ratios (SNR) and better absolute accuracy, it is possible to add an external bypass capacitor to the internal reference using a GPIO pin or to use an external reference for the SAR.

Analog Blocks

12-bit SAR ADC

The 12-bit SAR ADC can operate at a maximum sample rate of 806 Ksamples/second.

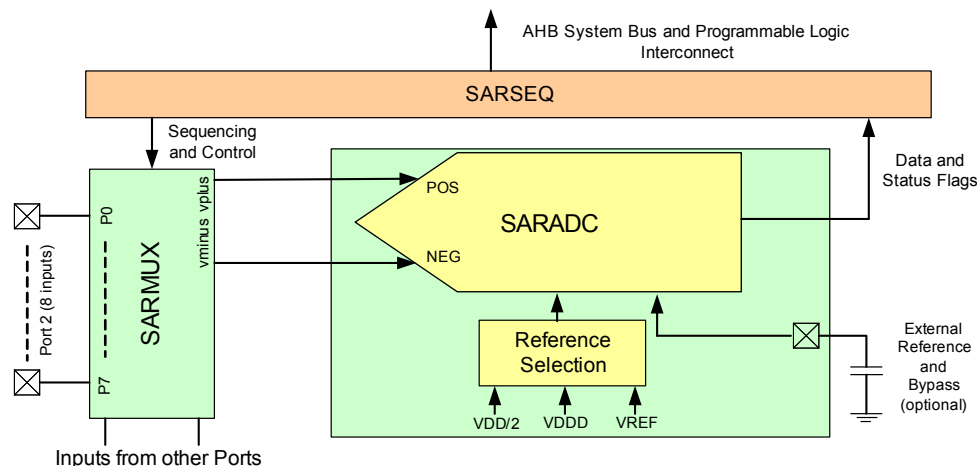
The block functionality is augmented for the user by adding a reference buffer to it (trimmable to $\pm 1\%$) and by providing the choice of three internal voltage references: V_{DD} , $V_{DD}/2$, and

V_{REF} (nominally 1.024 V) as well as an external reference through a GPIO pin. The Sample-and-Hold (S/H) aperture is programmable allowing the gain bandwidth requirements of the amplifier driving the SAR inputs, which determine its settling time, to be relaxed if required. The system performance will be 65 dB for true 12-bit precision if appropriate references are used and system noise levels permit. To improve performance in noisy conditions, it is possible to provide an external bypass (through a fixed pin location) for the internal reference amplifier.

The SAR is connected to a fixed set of pins through an 8-input sequencer (expandable to 16 inputs). The sequencer cycles through selected channels autonomously (sequencer scan) and does so with zero switching overhead (that is, the aggregate sampling bandwidth is equal to 1 Msps, whether it is for a single channel or distributed over several channels). The sequencer switching is effected through a state machine or through firmware-driven switching. A feature provided by the sequencer is buffering of each channel to reduce CPU interrupt service requirements. To accommodate signals with varying source impedance and frequency, it is possible to have different sample times programmable for each channel. In addition, the signal range specification through a pair of range registers (low and high range values) is implemented with a corresponding out-of-range interrupt if the digitized value exceeds the programmed range; this allows fast detection of out-of-range values without the necessity of having to wait for a sequencer scan to be completed and the CPU to read the values and check for out-of-range values in software.

The SAR is able to digitize the output of the on-board temperature sensor for calibration and other temperature-dependent functions. The SAR is not available in Deep Sleep and Hibernate modes as it requires a high-speed clock. The SAR operating range is 1.71 to 5.5 V.

Figure 3. SAR ADC System Diagram



UART Mode: This is a full-feature UART operating at up to 1 Mbps. It supports automotive single-wire interface (LIN), infrared interface (IrDA), and SmartCard (ISO7816) protocols, all of which are minor variants of the basic UART protocol. In addition, it supports the 9-bit multiprocessor mode that allows addressing of peripherals connected over common RX and TX lines. Common UART functions such as parity error, break detect, and frame error are supported. An 8-deep FIFO allows much greater CPU service latencies to be tolerated.

SPI Mode: The SPI mode supports full Motorola SPI, TI SSP (essentially adds a start pulse used to synchronize SPI Codecs), and National Microwire (half-duplex form of SPI). The SPI block can use the FIFO and also supports an EzSPI mode in which data interchange is reduced to reading and writing an array in memory.

GPIO

The PSoC 4100M has 55 GPIOs in the 68-pin QFN package. The GPIO block implements the following:

- Eight drive strength modes including strong push-pull, resistive pull-up and pull-down, weak (resistive) pull-up and pull-down, open drain and open source, input only, and disabled
- Input threshold select (CMOS or LVTTL)
- Individual control of input and output disables
- Hold mode for latching previous state (used for retaining I/O state in Deep Sleep mode and Hibernate modes)
- Selectable slew rates for dV/dt related noise control to improve EMI

The pins are organized in logical entities called ports, which are 8-bit in width. During power-on and reset, the blocks are forced to the disable state so as not to crowbar any inputs and/or cause excess turn-on current. A multiplexing network known as a high-speed I/O matrix is used to multiplex between various signals that may connect to an I/O pin. Pin locations for fixed-function peripherals are also fixed to reduce internal multiplexing complexity.

Data output and pin state registers store, respectively, the values to be driven on the pins and the states of the pins themselves.

Every I/O pin can generate an interrupt if so enabled and each I/O port has an interrupt request (IRQ) and interrupt service routine (ISR) vector associated with it (8 for PSoC 4100M).

The Pins of Port 6 (up to 6 depending on the package) are overvoltage tolerant (V_{IN} can exceed V_{DD}). The overvoltage cells will not sink more than 10 μ A when their inputs exceed V_{DDIO} in compliance with I²C specifications.

Special Function Peripherals

LCD Segment Drive

The PSoC 4100M has an LCD controller, which can drive up to four commons and up to 51 segments. Any pin can be either a common or a segment pin. It uses full digital methods to drive the LCD segments requiring no generation of internal LCD voltages. The two methods used are referred to as digital correlation and PWM.

Digital correlation pertains to modulating the frequency and levels of the common and segment signals to generate the highest RMS voltage across a segment to light it up or to keep the RMS signal zero. This method is good for STN displays but may result in reduced contrast with TN (cheaper) displays.

PWM pertains to driving the panel with PWM signals to effectively use the capacitance of the panel to provide the integration of the modulated pulse-width to generate the desired LCD voltage. This method results in higher power consumption but can result in better results when driving TN displays. LCD operation is supported during Deep Sleep refreshing a small display buffer (4 bits; 1 32-bit register per port).

CapSense

CapSense is supported on all pins in the PSoC 4100M through a CapSense Sigma-Delta (CSD) block that can be connected to any pin through an analog mux bus that any GPIO pin can be connected to via an Analog switch. CapSense functionality can thus be provided on any pin or group of pins in a system under software control. A component is provided for the CapSense block, which provides automatic hardware tuning (Cypress SmartSense™), to make it easy for the user.

Shield voltage can be driven on another Mux Bus to provide water tolerance capability. Water tolerance is provided by driving the shield electrode in phase with the sense electrode to keep the shield capacitance from attenuating the sensed input.

Each CSD block has two IDACs which can be used for general purposes if CapSense is not being used (both IDACs are available in that case) or if CapSense is used without water tolerance (one IDAC is available). The PSoC 4100M has two CSD blocks which can be used independently; one for CapSense and the other for IDACs.

The two CapSense blocks are referred to as CSD0 and CSD1. Capacitance sensing inputs on Ports 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 7 are sensed by CSD0. Capacitance sensing inputs on Port 5 are sensed by CSD1.

68-QFN		64-TQFP		48-TQFP		44-TQFP	
Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name
8	P2.6	8	P2.6	8	P2.6	8	P2.6
9	P2.7	9	P2.7	9	P2.7	9	P2.7
10	VSSA	10	VSSA	10	VSSD	10	VSSD
11	VDDA	11	VDDA				
12	P6.0	12	P6.0				
13	P6.1	13	P6.1				
14	P6.2	14	P6.2				
15	P6.3						
16	P6.4	15	P6.4				
17	P6.5	16	P6.5				
18	VSSIO	17	VSSIO	10	VSSD	10	VSSD
19	P3.0	18	P3.0	12	P3.0	11	P3.0
20	P3.1	19	P3.1	13	P3.1	12	P3.1
21	P3.2	20	P3.2	14	P3.2	13	P3.2
22	P3.3	21	P3.3	16	P3.3	14	P3.3
23	P3.4	22	P3.4	17	P3.4	15	P3.4
24	P3.5	23	P3.5	18	P3.5	16	P3.5
25	P3.6	24	P3.6	19	P3.6	17	P3.6
26	P3.7	25	P3.7	20	P3.7	18	P3.7
27	VDDIO	26	VDDIO	21	VDDIO	19	VDDD
28	P4.0	27	P4.0	22	P4.0	20	P4.0
29	P4.1	28	P4.1	23	P4.1	21	P4.1
30	P4.2	29	P4.2	24	P4.2	22	P4.2
31	P4.3	30	P4.3	25	P4.3	23	P4.3
32	P4.4	31	P4.4				
33	P4.5	32	P4.5				
34	P4.6	33	P4.6				
35	P4.7						
39	P7.0	37	P7.0	26	P7.0		
40	P7.1	38	P7.1	27	P7.1		
41	P7.2						

The pins of Port 6 are overvoltage-tolerant. Pins 36, 37, and 38 are No-Connects on the 68-pin QFN. Pins 34, 35, and 36 are No-Connects on the 64-pin TQFP. Pins 11 and 15 are No-connects in the 48-pin TQFP. All VSS pins must be tied together.

The output drivers of I/O Ports P0 and P7 are connected to VDDD. Output drivers of I/O Ports 1, 2, and 5 are connected to VDDA. Output drivers of I/O Ports 3, 4, and 6 are connected to VDDIO.

Power

The supply voltage range is 1.71 to 5.5 V with all functions and circuits operating over that range.

The PSoC 4100M family allows two distinct modes of power supply operation: Unregulated External Supply and Regulated External Supply modes.

Unregulated External Supply

In this mode, the PSoC 4100M is powered by an External Power Supply that can be anywhere in the range of 1.8 to 5.5 V. This range is also designed for battery-powered operation, for instance, the chip can be powered from a battery system that starts at 3.5V and works down to 1.8 V. In this mode, the internal regulator of the PSoC 4100M supplies the internal logic and the VCCD output of the PSoC 4100M must be bypassed to ground via an external Capacitor (in the range of 1 to 1.6 μF ; X5R ceramic or better).

The grounds, VSSA and VSS, must be shorted together. Bypass capacitors must be used from VDDD and VDDB to ground, typical practice for systems in this frequency range is to use a capacitor in the 1 μF range in parallel with a smaller capacitor (0.1 μF , for example). Note that these are simply rules of thumb and that, for critical applications, the PCB layout, lead inductance, and the Bypass capacitor parasitic should be simulated to design and obtain optimal bypassing.

Power Supply	Bypass Capacitors
VDDD–VSS and VDDIO–VSS	0.1 μF ceramic at each pin plus bulk capacitor 1 to 10 μF .
VDDB–VSSA	0.1 μF ceramic at pin. Additional 1 μF to 10 μF bulk capacitor
VCCD–VSS	1 μF ceramic capacitor at the VCCD pin
VREF–VSSA (optional)	The internal bandgap may be bypassed with a 1 μF to 10 μF capacitor for better ADC performance.

Regulated External Supply

In this mode, the PSoC 4100M is powered by an external power supply that must be within the range of 1.71 to 1.89 V ($1.8 \pm 5\%$); note that this range needs to include power supply ripple. VCCD and VDDD pins are shorted together and bypassed. The internal regulator is disabled in firmware.

Table 3. AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID48	F _{CPU}	CPU frequency	DC	–	24	MHz	1.71 ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5
SID49	T _{SLEEP}	Wakeup from sleep mode	–	0	–	μs	Guaranteed by characterization
SID50	T _{DEEPSLEEP}	Wakeup from Deep Sleep mode	–	–	25	μs	24 MHz IMO. Guaranteed by characterization
SID51	T _{HIBERNATE}	Wakeup from Hibernate mode	–	–	0.7	ms	Guaranteed by characterization
SID51A	T _{STOP}	Wakeup from Stop mode	–	–	2	ms	Guaranteed by characterization
SID52	T _{RESETWIDTH}	External reset pulse width	1	–	–	μs	Guaranteed by characterization

GPIO

Table 4. GPIO DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID57	V _{IH} ^[2]	Input voltage high threshold	0.7 × V _{DDD}	–	–	V	CMOS Input
SID57A	I _{IHS}	Input current when Pad > V _{DDIO} for OVT inputs	–	–	10	μA	Per I ² C Spec
SID58	V _{IL}	Input voltage low threshold	–	–	0.3 × V _{DDD}	V	CMOS Input
SID241	V _{IH} ^[2]	LVTTL input, V _{DDD} < 2.7 V	0.7 × V _{DDD}	–	–	V	
SID242	V _{IL}	LVTTL input, V _{DDD} < 2.7 V	–	–	0.3 × V _{DDD}	V	
SID243	V _{IH} ^[2]	LVTTL input, V _{DDD} ≥ 2.7 V	2.0	–	–	V	
SID244	V _{IL}	LVTTL input, V _{DDD} ≥ 2.7 V	–	–	0.8	V	
SID59	V _{OH}	Output voltage high level	V _{DDD} – 0.6	–	–	V	I _{OH} = 4 mA at 3 V V _{DDD}
SID60	V _{OH}	Output voltage high level	V _{DDD} – 0.5	–	–	V	I _{OH} = 1 mA at 1.8 V V _{DDD}
SID61	V _{OL}	Output voltage low level	–	–	0.6	V	I _{OL} = 4 mA at 1.8 V V _{DDD}
SID62	V _{OL}	Output voltage low level	–	–	0.6	V	I _{OL} = 8 mA at 3 V V _{DDD}
SID62A	V _{OL}	Output voltage low level	–	–	0.4	V	I _{OL} = 3 mA at 3 V V _{DDD}
SID63	R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5	kΩ	
SID64	R _{PULLDOWN}	Pull-down resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5	kΩ	
SID65	I _{IL}	Input leakage current (absolute value)	–	–	2	nA	25 °C, V _{DDD} = 3.0 V. Guaranteed by characterization

Note

2. V_{IH} must not exceed V_{DDD} + 0.2 V.

XRES

Table 6. XRES DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID77	V_{IH}	Input voltage high threshold	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	–	–	V	CMOS Input
SID78	V_{IL}	Input voltage low threshold	–	–	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V	CMOS Input
SID79	R_{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5	k Ω	
SID80	C_{IN}	Input capacitance	–	3	–	pF	
SID81	$V_{HYSXRES}$	Input voltage hysteresis	–	100	–	mV	Guaranteed by characterization
SID82	I_{DIODE}	Current through protection diode to V_{DD}/V_{SS}	–	–	100	μ A	Guaranteed by characterization

Table 7. XRES AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID83	$T_{RESETWIDTH}$	Reset pulse width	1	–	–	μ s	Guaranteed by characterization

Table 8. Opamp Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization) (continued)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID293	V _{N1}	Input referred, 1 Hz - 1GHz, power = high	–	94	–	μVrms	
SID294	V _{N2}	Input referred, 1 kHz, power = high	–	72	–	nV/rtHz	
SID295	V _{N3}	Input referred, 10kHz, power = high	–	28	–	nV/rtHz	
SID296	V _{N4}	Input referred, 100kHz, power = high	–	15	–	nV/rtHz	
SID297	Cload	Stable up to maximum load. Performance specs at 50 pF.	–	–	125	pF	
SID298	Slew_rate	Cload = 50 pF, Power = High, V _{DDA} ≥ 2.7 V	6	–	–	V/μs	
SID299	T _{op_wake}	From disable to enable, no external RC dominating	–	25	–	μs	
SID299A	OL_GAIN	Open Loop Gain	–	90	–	dB	
	Comp_mode	Comparator mode; 50 mV drive, Trise = Tfall (approx.)	–	–	–		
SID300	T _{PD1}	Response time; power = high	–	150	–	ns	
SID301	T _{PD2}	Response time; power = medium	–	400	–	ns	
SID302	T _{PD3}	Response time; power = low	–	2000	–	ns	
SID303	V _{hyst_op}	Hysteresis	–	10	–	mV	
Deep Sleep Mode		Mode 2 is lowest current range. Mode 1 has higher GBW.					Deep Sleep mode. V _{DDA} ≥ 2.7 V.
SID_DS_1	IDD_HI_M1	Mode 1, High current	–	1400	–	uA	25 °C
SID_DS_2	IDD_MED_M1	Mode 1, Medium current	–	700	–	uA	25 °C
SID_DS_3	IDD_LOW_M1	Mode 1, Low current	–	200	–	uA	25 °C
SID_DS_4	IDD_HI_M2	Mode 2, High current	–	120	–	uA	25 °C
SID_DS_5	IDD_MED_M2	Mode 2, Medium current	–	60	–	uA	25 °C
SID_DS_6	IDD_LOW_M2	Mode 2, Low current	–	15	–	uA	25 °C
SID_DS_7	GBW_HI_M1	Mode 1, High current	–	4	–	MHz	25 °C
SID_DS_8	GBW_MED_M1	Mode 1, Medium current	–	2	–	MHz	25 °C
SID_DS_9	GBW_LOW_M1	Mode 1, Low current	–	0.5	–	MHz	25 °C
SID_DS_10	GBW_HI_M2	Mode 2, High current	–	0.5	–	MHz	20-pF load, no DC load 0.2 V to V _{DDA} -1.5 V
SID_DS_11	GBW_MED_M2	Mode 2, Medium current	–	0.2	–	MHz	20-pF load, no DC load 0.2 V to V _{DDA} -1.5 V
SID_DS_12	GBW_LOW_M2	Mode 2, Low current	–	0.1	–	MHz	20-pF load, no DC load 0.2 V to V _{DDA} -1.5 V
SID_DS_13	VOS_HI_M1	Mode 1, High current	–	5	–	mV	With trim 25 °C, 0.2 V to V _{DDA} -1.5 V
SID_DS_14	VOS_MED_M1	Mode 1, Medium current	–	5	–	mV	With trim 25 °C, 0.2 V to V _{DDA} -1.5 V
SID_DS_15	VOS_LOW_M1	Mode 1, Low current	–	5	–	mV	With trim 25 °C, 0.2 V to V _{DDA} -1.5 V
SID_DS_16	VOS_HI_M2	Mode 2, High current	–	5	–	mV	With trim 25 °C, 0.2 V to V _{DDA} -1.5 V
SID_DS_17	VOS_MED_M2	Mode 2, Medium current	–	5	–	mV	With trim 25 °C, 0.2 V to V _{DDA} -1.5 V

Table 10. Comparator AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID91	T _{RESP1}	Response time, normal mode	–	–	110	ns	50-mV overdrive
SID258	T _{RESP2}	Response time, low power mode	–	–	200	ns	50-mV overdrive
SID92	T _{RESP3}	Response time, ultra low power mode (V _{DDD} ≥ 2.2 V for Temp < 0 °C, V _{DDD} ≥ 1.8 V for Temp > 0 °C)	–	–	15	µs	200-mV overdrive

Temperature Sensor

Table 11. Temperature Sensor Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID93	T _{SENSACC}	Temperature sensor accuracy	–5	±1	+5	°C	–40 to +85 °C

SAR ADC

Table 12. SAR ADC DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID94	A_RES	Resolution	–	–	12	bits	
SID95	A_CHNIS_S	Number of channels - single ended	–	–	16		8 full speed
SID96	A-CHNKS_D	Number of channels - differential	–	–	8		Diff inputs use neighboring I/O
SID97	A-MONO	Monotonicity	–	–	–		Yes. Based on characterization
SID98	A_GAINERR	Gain error	–	–	±0.1	%	With external reference.
SID99	A_OFFSET	Input offset voltage	–	–	2	mV	Measured with 1-V V _{REF} .
SID100	A_ISAR	Current consumption	–	–	1	mA	
SID101	A_VINS	Input voltage range - single ended	V _{SS}	–	V _{DDA}	V	Based on device characterization
SID102	A_VIND	Input voltage range - differential	V _{SS}	–	V _{DDA}	V	Based on device characterization
SID103	A_INRES	Input resistance	–	–	2.2	KΩ	Based on device characterization
SID104	A_INCAP	Input capacitance	–	–	10	pF	Based on device characterization

Table 13. SAR ADC AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID106	A_PSR	Power supply rejection ratio	70	–	–	dB	
SID107	A_CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	66	–	–	dB	Measured at 1 V
SID108	A_SAMP_1	Sample rate with external reference bypass cap	–	–	806	ksps	

Table 13. SAR ADC AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization) (continued)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID108A	A_SAMP_2	Sample rate with no bypass cap. Reference = V_{DD}	–	–	500	ksps	
SID108B	A_SAMP_3	Sample rate with no bypass cap. Internal reference	–	–	100	ksps	
SID109	A_SNR	Signal-to-noise and distortion ratio (SINAD)	66	–	–	dB	$F_{IN} = 10 \text{ kHz}$
SID111	A_INL	Integral non linearity	–1.4	–	+1.4	LSB	$V_{DD} = 1.71 \text{ to } 5.5$, 806 Ksps, $V_{ref} = 1 \text{ to } 5.5$.
SID111A	A_INL	Integral non linearity	–1.4	–	+1.4	LSB	$V_{DDD} = 1.71 \text{ to } 3.6$, 806 Ksps, $V_{ref} = 1.71$ to V_{DDD} .
SID111B	A_INL	Integral non linearity	–1.4	–	+1.4	LSB	$V_{DDD} = 1.71 \text{ to } 5.5$, 500 Ksps, $V_{ref} = 1 \text{ to } 5.5$.
SID112	A_DNL	Differential non linearity	–0.9	–	+1.35	LSB	$V_{DDD} = 1.71 \text{ to } 5.5$, 806 Ksps, $V_{ref} = 1 \text{ to } 5.5$.
SID112A	A_DNL	Differential non linearity	–0.9	–	+1.35	LSB	$V_{DDD} = 1.71 \text{ to } 3.6$, 806 Ksps, $V_{ref} = 1.71$ to V_{DDD} .
SID112B	A_DNL	Differential non linearity	–0.9	–	+1.35	LSB	$V_{DDD} = 1.71 \text{ to } 5.5$, 500 Ksps, $V_{ref} = 1 \text{ to } 5.5$.
SID113	A_THD	Total harmonic distortion	–	–	–65	dB	$F_{IN} = 10 \text{ kHz}$.

CSD

Table 14. CSD Block Specification

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
CSD Specification							
SID308	VCSD	Voltage range of operation	1.71	–	5.5	V	
SID309	IDAC1	DNL for 8-bit resolution	–1	–	1	LSB	
SID310	IDAC1	INL for 8-bit resolution	–3	–	3	LSB	
SID311	IDAC2	DNL for 7-bit resolution	–1	–	1	LSB	
SID312	IDAC2	INL for 7-bit resolution	–3	–	3	LSB	
SID313	SNR	Ratio of counts of finger to noise. Guaranteed by characterization	5	–	–	Ratio	Capacitance range of 9 to 35 pF, 0.1 pF sensitivity
SID314	IDAC1_CRT1	Output current of Idac1 (8-bits) in High range	–	612	–	μA	
SID314A	IDAC1_CRT2	Output current of Idac1(8-bits) in Low range	–	306	–	μA	
SID315	IDAC2_CRT1	Output current of Idac2 (7-bits) in High range	–	304.8	–	μA	
SID315A	IDAC2_CRT2	Output current of Idac2 (7-bits) in Low range	–	152.4	–	μA	

LCD Direct Drive

Table 18. LCD Direct Drive DC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID154	I _{LCDLOW}	Operating current in low power mode	–	5	–	μA	16 × 4 small segment disp. at 50 Hz
SID155	C _{LCDCAP}	LCD capacitance per segment/common driver	–	500	5000	pF	Guaranteed by Design
SID156	LCD _{OFFSET}	Long-term segment offset	–	20	–	mV	
SID157	I _{LCDOP1}	PWM Mode current. 5-V bias. 24-MHz IMO	–	0.6	–	mA	32 × 4 segments. 50 Hz, 25 °C
SID158	I _{LCDOP2}	PWM Mode current. 3.3-V bias. 24-MHz IMO.	–	0.5	–	mA	32 × 4 segments. 50 Hz, 25 °C

Table 19. LCD Direct Drive AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID159	F _{LCD}	LCD frame rate	10	50	150	Hz	

Table 20. Fixed UART DC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID160	I _{UART1}	Block current consumption at 100 Kbits/sec	–	–	55	μA	
SID161	I _{UART2}	Block current consumption at 1000 Kbits/sec	–	–	312	μA	

Table 21. Fixed UART AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID162	F _{UART}	Bit rate	–	–	1	Mbps	

SPI Specifications

Table 22. Fixed SPI DC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID163	I _{SPI1}	Block current consumption at 1 Mbits/sec	–	–	360	μA	
SID164	I _{SPI2}	Block current consumption at 4 Mbits/sec	–	–	560	μA	
SID165	I _{SPI3}	Block current consumption at 8 Mbits/sec	–	–	600	μA	

Table 23. Fixed SPI AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID166	F _{SPI}	SPI operating frequency (master; 6X oversampling)	–	–	8	MHz	

Table 24. Fixed SPI Master mode AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID167	T _{DMO}	MOSI valid after Sclock driving edge	–	–	15	ns	
SID168	T _{DSI}	MISO valid before Sclock capturing edge. Full clock, late MISO Sampling used	20	–	–	ns	
SID169	T _{HMO}	Previous MOSI data hold time with respect to capturing edge at Slave	0	–	–	ns	

Table 25. Fixed SPI Slave mode AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID170	T _{DMI}	MOSI valid before Sclock capturing edge	40	–	–	ns	
SID171	T _{DSO}	MISO valid after Sclock driving edge	–	–	42 + 3 × (1/FCPU)	ns	
SID171A	T _{DSO_ext}	MISO valid after Sclock driving edge in Ext. Clock mode	–	–	48	ns	
SID172	T _{HMO}	Previous MISO data hold time	0	–	–	ns	
SID172A	T _{SSELSCK}	SSEL Valid to first SCK Valid edge	100	–	–	ns	

Memory

Table 26. Flash DC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID173	V _{PE}	Erase and program voltage	1.71	–	5.5	V	

Table 27. Flash AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID174	T _{ROWWRITE}	Row (block) write time (erase and program)	–	–	20	ms	Row (block) = 128 bytes
SID175	T _{ROWERASE}	Row erase time	–	–	13	ms	
SID176	T _{ROWPROGRAM}	Row program time after erase	–	–	7	ms	
SID178	T _{BULKERASE}	Bulk erase time (128 KB)	–	–	35	ms	
SID179	T _{SECTORERASE}	Sector erase time (8 KB)	–	–	15	ms	
SID180	T _{DEVPROG}	Total device program time	–	–	15	seconds	Guaranteed by characterization
SID181	F _{END}	Flash endurance	100 K	–	–	cycles	Guaranteed by characterization
SID182	F _{RET}	Flash retention. T _A ≤ 55 °C, 100 K P/E cycles	20	–	–	years	Guaranteed by characterization
SID182A		Flash retention. T _A ≤ 85 °C, 10 K P/E cycles	10	–	–	years	Guaranteed by characterization
SID182B	F _{RETQ}	Flash retention. T _A ≤ 105 °C, 10K P/E cycles, ≤ three years at T _A ≥ 85 °C	10	20	–	years	Guaranteed by characterization.

Ordering Information

The PSoC 4100M family part numbers and features are listed in the following table.

Category	MPN	Features														Package				
		Max CPU Speed (MHz)	Flash (KB)	SRAM (KB)	UDB	Opamp (CTBm)	CSD	IDAC (1X7-Bit, 1-8-Bit)	Direct LCD Drive	12-bit SAR ADC	LP Comparators	TCPWM Blocks	SCB Blocks	CAN	GPIO	44-TQFP	48-TQFP	64-TQFP (0.5-mm pitch)	64-TQFP (0.8-mm pitch)	68-QFN
4125	CY8C4125AZI-M433	24	32	4	0	2	-	-	-	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	38	-	✓	-	-	-
	CY8C4125AZI-M443	24	32	4	0	2	✓	-	✓	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	38	-	✓	-	-	-
	CY8C4125AZI-M445	24	32	4	0	2	✓	-	✓	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	51	-	-	✓	-	-
	CY8C4125LTI-M445	24	32	4	0	2	✓	-	✓	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	55	-	-	-	-	✓
	CY8C4125AXI-M445	24	32	4	0	2	✓	-	✓	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	51	-	-	-	✓	-
4126	CY8C4126AZI-M443	24	64	8	0	2	✓	-	✓	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	38	-	✓	-	-	-
	CY8C4126AXI-M443	24	64	8	0	2	✓	-	✓	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	36	✓	-	-	-	-
	CY8C4126AZI-M445	24	64	8	0	2	✓	-	✓	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	51	-	-	✓	-	-
	CY8C4126AZI-M475	24	64	8	0	4	-	✓	-	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	51	-	-	✓	-	-
	CY8C4126LTI-M445	24	64	8	0	2	✓	-	✓	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	55	-	-	-	-	✓
	CY8C4126LTI-M475	24	64	8	0	4	-	✓	-	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	55	-	-	-	-	✓
	CY8C4126AXI-M445	24	64	8	0	2	✓	-	✓	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	51	-	-	-	✓	-
4127	CY8C4127LTI-M475	24	128	16	0	4	✓	✓	-	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	55	-	-	-	-	✓
	CY8C4127AZI-M475	24	128	16	0	4	-	✓	-	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	51	-	-	✓	-	-
	CY8C4127AZI-M485	24	128	16	0	4	✓	✓	✓	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	51	-	-	✓	-	-
	CY8C4127AXI-M485	24	128	16	0	4	✓	✓	✓	806 ksp/s	2	8	4	-	51	-	-	-	✓	-

The nomenclature used in the preceding table is based on the following part numbering convention:

Field	Description	Values	Meaning
CY8C	Cypress Prefix		
4	Architecture	4	PSoC 4
A	Family	1	4100 Family
B	CPU Speed	4	48 MHz
C	Flash Capacity	4	16 KB
		5	32 KB
		6	64 KB
		7	128 KB
DE	Package Code	AX, AZ	TQFP
		LQ	QFN
		BU	BGA
		FD	CSP
F	Temperature Range	I	Industrial
		Q	Extended Industrial
S	Silicon Family	N/A	PSoC 4 Base Series
		L	PSoC 4 L-Series
		BL	PSoC 4 BLE
		M	PSoC 4 M-Series
XYZ	Attributes Code	000-999	Code of feature set in the specific family

Part Numbering Conventions

The part number fields are defined as follows.

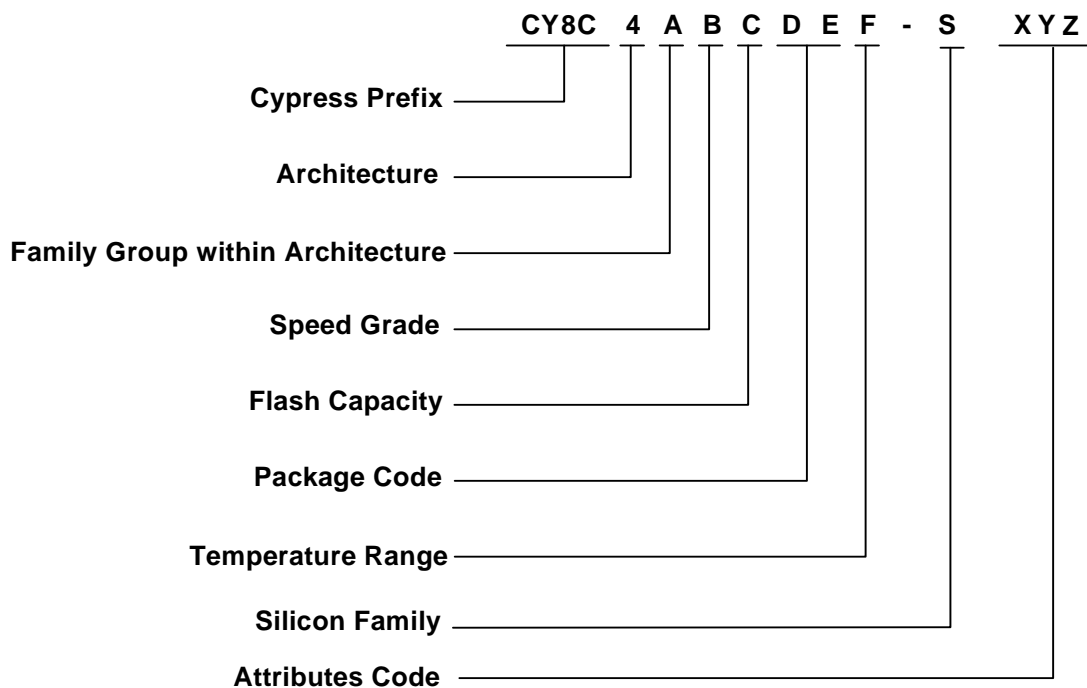
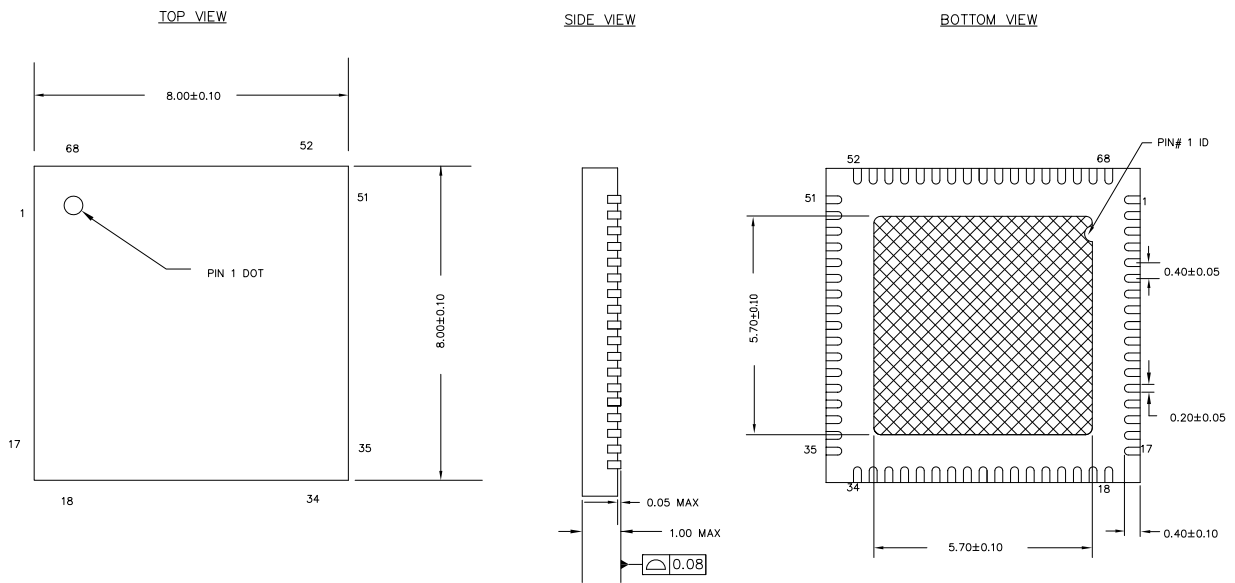



Figure 5. 68-Pin 8 × 8 × 1.0 mm QFN Package Outline

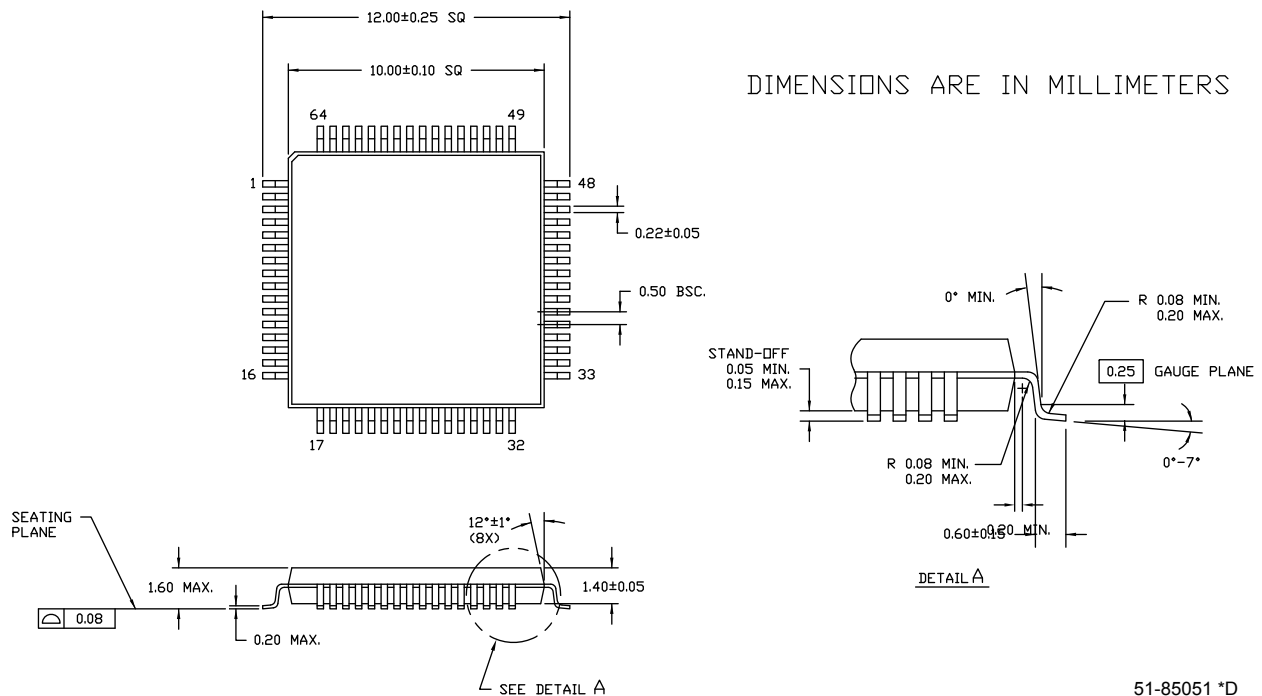


NOTES:

1.  HATCH AREA IS SOLDERABLE EXPOSED METAL.
2. REFERENCE JEDEC#: MO-220
3. PACKAGE WEIGHT: 17 ± 2mg
4. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

001-09618 *E

Figure 6. 64-Pin 10 × 10 × 1.4 mm TQFP Package Outline



51-85051 *D

Figure 7. 64-Pin 14 × 14 × 1.4 mm TQFP Package Outline

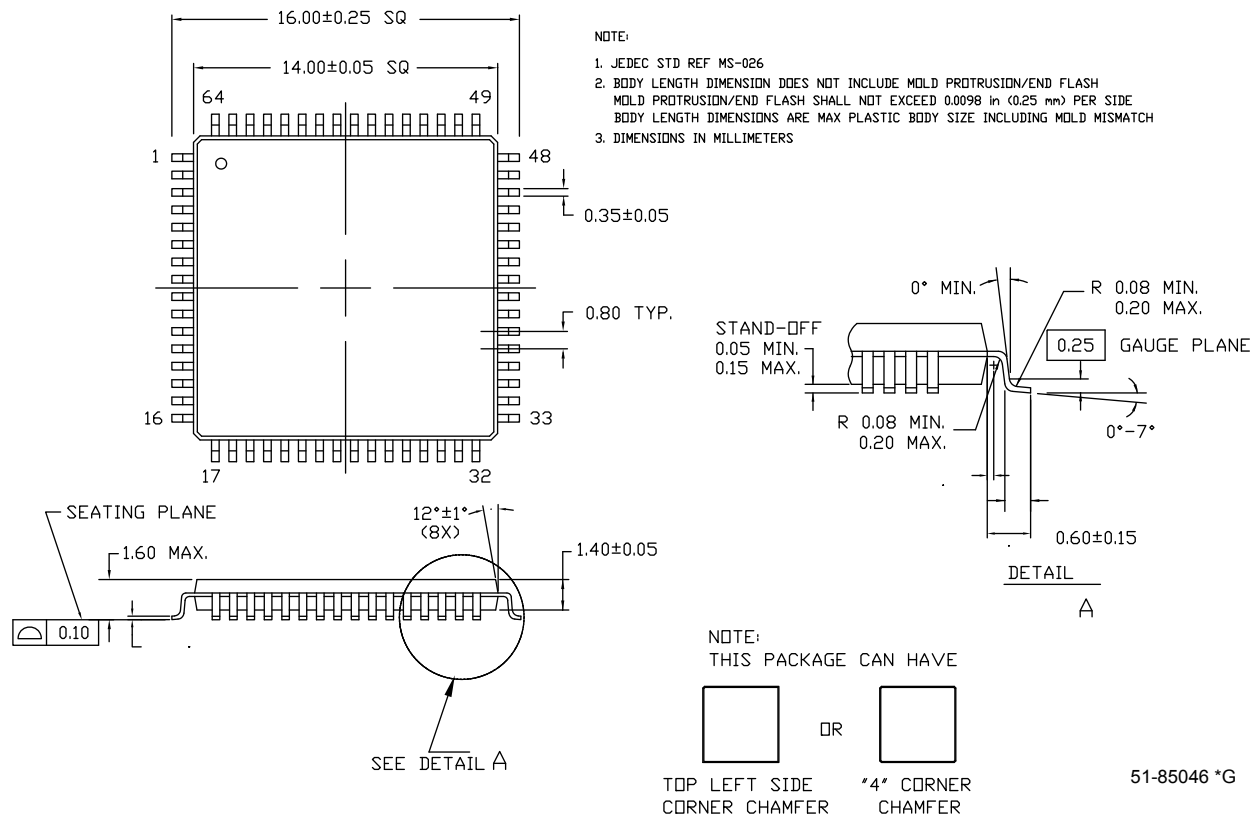
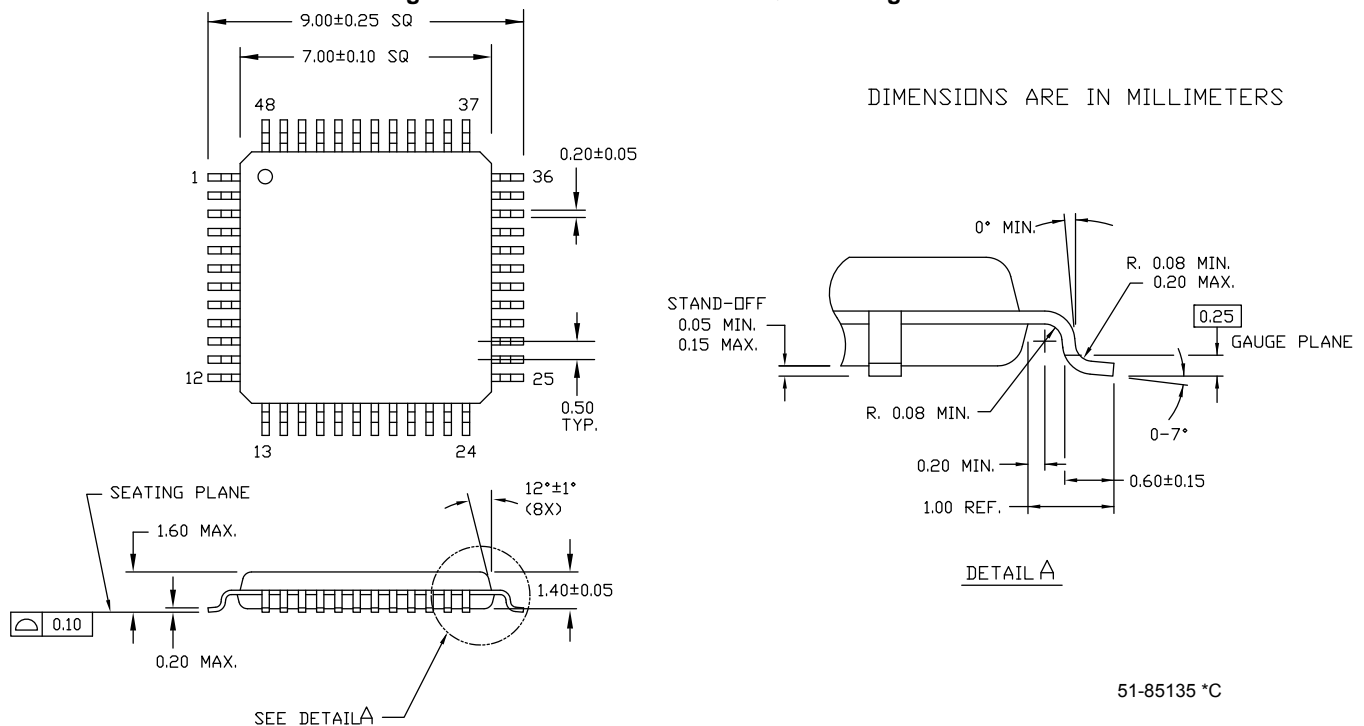


Figure 8. 48-Pin 7 × 7 × 1.4 mm TQFP Package Outline



Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Table 44. Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degrees Celsius
dB	decibel
fF	femto farad
Hz	hertz
KB	1024 bytes
kbps	kilobits per second
Khr	kilohour
kHz	kilohertz
kΩ	kilo ohm
ksps	kilosamples per second
LSB	least significant bit
Mbps	megabits per second
MHz	megahertz
MΩ	mega-ohm
Msps	megasamples per second
μA	microampere
μF	microfarad
μH	microhenry
μs	microsecond
μV	microvolt
μW	microwatt
mA	milliampere
ms	millisecond
mV	millivolt
nA	nanoampere
ns	nanosecond
nV	nanovolt
Ω	ohm
pF	picofarad
ppm	parts per million
ps	picosecond
s	second
sps	samples per second
sqrtHz	square root of hertz
V	volt

Revision History

Description Title: PSoC® 4: PSoC 4100M Family Datasheet Programmable System-on-Chip (PSoC®) Document Number: 001-96519				
Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
*A	4765455	WKA	05/20/2015	Release to web.
*B	4815539	WKA	06/29/2015	Removed note regarding hardware handshaking in the UART Mode section. Changed max value of SID51A to 2 ms. Added "Guaranteed by characterization" note for SID65 and SID65A Updated Ordering Information.
*C	4941619	WKA	09/30/2015	Updated CapSense section. Updated the note at the end of the Pinout table. Removed Conditions for spec SID237.
*D	5026805	WKA	11/26/2015	Added Comparator ULP mode range restrictions and corrected typos.
*E	5408936	WKA	08/19/2016	Added extended industrial temperature range. Added specs SID290Q, SID182A, and SID299A. Updated conditions for SID290, SID223, and SID237. Added 44-pin TQFP package details. Updated Ordering Information