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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	RX
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	100MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SCI, SPI
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	55
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b, 8x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LFQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f562t7edfp-v1

Table 1.1 Outline of Specifications (4 / 5)

Classification	Module/Function	Description
Communications	CAN module (CAN) (as an optional function)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 channel • 32 mailboxes
	Serial peripheral interface (RSPI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 unit • RSPI transfer facility <p>Using the MOSI (master out, slave in), MISO (master in, slave out), SSL (slave select), and RSPI clock (RSPCK) signals enables serial transfer through SPI operation (four lines) or clock-synchronous operation (three lines)</p> <p>Capable of handling serial transfer as a master or slave</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data formats • Switching between MSB first and LSB first • The number of bits in each transfer can be changed to any number of bits from 8 to 16, or to 20, 24, or 32 bits. • 128-bit buffers for transmission and reception • Up to four frames can be transmitted or received in a single transfer operation (with each frame having up to 32 bits) • Buffered structure • Double buffers for both transmission and reception
	LIN module (LIN)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 channel (LIN master) • Supports revisions 1.3, 2.0, and 2.1 of the LIN protocol
A/D converter	12-bit A/D converter (S12ADA)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 bits (2 units x 4 channels) • 12-bit resolution • Conversion time: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.0 μs per channel (in operation with A/D conversion clock ADCLK at 50 MHz) for AVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V 2.0 μs per channel (in operation with A/D conversion clock ADCLK at 25 MHz) for AVCC0 = 3.0 to 3.6 V • Two basic operating modes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Single mode and scan mode • Scan mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One-cycle scan mode Continuous scan mode <p>2-channel scan mode (Input ports of the A/D unit are divided into two groups in this mode, and the activation sources are separately selectable for each group.)</p> • Sample-and-hold function <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A common sample-and-hold circuit for both units is included. Additionally, sample-and-hold circuit for each unit is included. (three channels per unit) • A/D-conversion register settings for each input pin. • Two registers for the result of conversion are provided for a single analog input pin of each unit (AN000 and AN100). • Three ways to start A/D conversion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conversion can be started by software, a conversion start trigger from a timer (MTU3 or GPT), or an external trigger signal. • Functionality for 8- or 10-bit precision output <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Right-shifting of the results of conversion for output by two or four bits is selectable. • Self-diagnostic function <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The self-diagnostic function internally generates three analog input voltages (VREFL0, VREFH0 x 1/2, VREFH0). • Amplification of input signals by a programmable gain amplifier (three channels per unit) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amplification rate: 2.0-, 2.5-, 3.077-, 3.636-, 4.0-, 4.444-, 5.0-, 5.714-, 6.667-, 10.0-, or 13.333-times amplification (a total of 11 steps) • Window comparators (three channels per unit)

Table 1.2 Functions of RX62T Group and RX62G Group Products (1 / 2)

Functions		RX62G Group		RX62T Group						
Pin number		112 Pins	100 Pins	112 Pins	100 Pins	80 Pins (R5F562TxGDFF)	80 Pins	64 Pins		
Data transfer	Data transfer controller (DTC)	√								
Interrupt controller (ICU)	Input on the NMI pin	√								
	Input on the IRQ pins	√ (8)					√ (4)			
Timers	Multi-function timer pulse unit 3 (MTU3)	√			√*1					
	General PWM timer (GPT)	—		√	√*1					
	General PWM timer (GPTa)	√		—						
	MTU3/GPT complementary PWM pin	12			6					
	Port output enable 3 (POE3)	√ (POE pins: 5)			√ (POE pins: 3)					
	Compare match timer (CMT)	√								
	Watchdog timer (WDT)	√								
	Independent watchdog timer (IWDT)	√								
Communication function	Serial communications interface (SCI)	√								
	I ² C bus interface (RIIC)	√								
	CAN module (CAN) (as an optional function)	√								
	LIN module (LIN)	√								
	Serial peripheral interface (RSPI)	√								
12-bit A/D converter (S12ADA)	Simultaneous sampling on three channels	√ (4 ch. x 2 units)								
	Programmable gain amplifier	√ (3 ch. x 2 units)								
	Window comparator	√ (3 ch. x 2 units)								
	10-bit A/D converter (ADA)	√ (12 ch.)			√ (4 ch.)	—				
CRC calculator (CRC)		√								
I/O ports	I/O pins	61	55	61	55	44	44	37		
	Input pins	21	21	21	21	13	13	9		

1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.2 shows a block diagram.

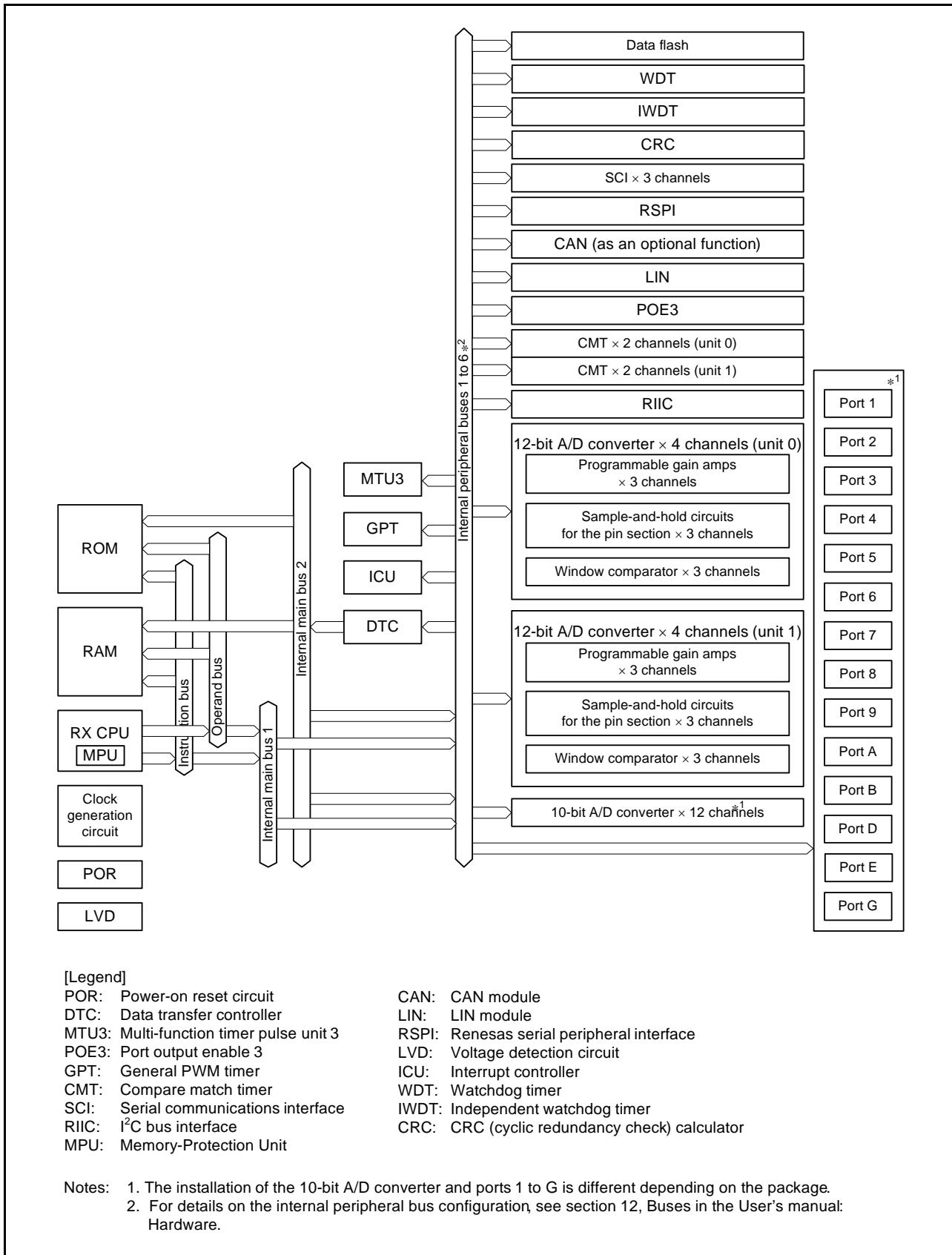


Figure 1.2 Block Diagram

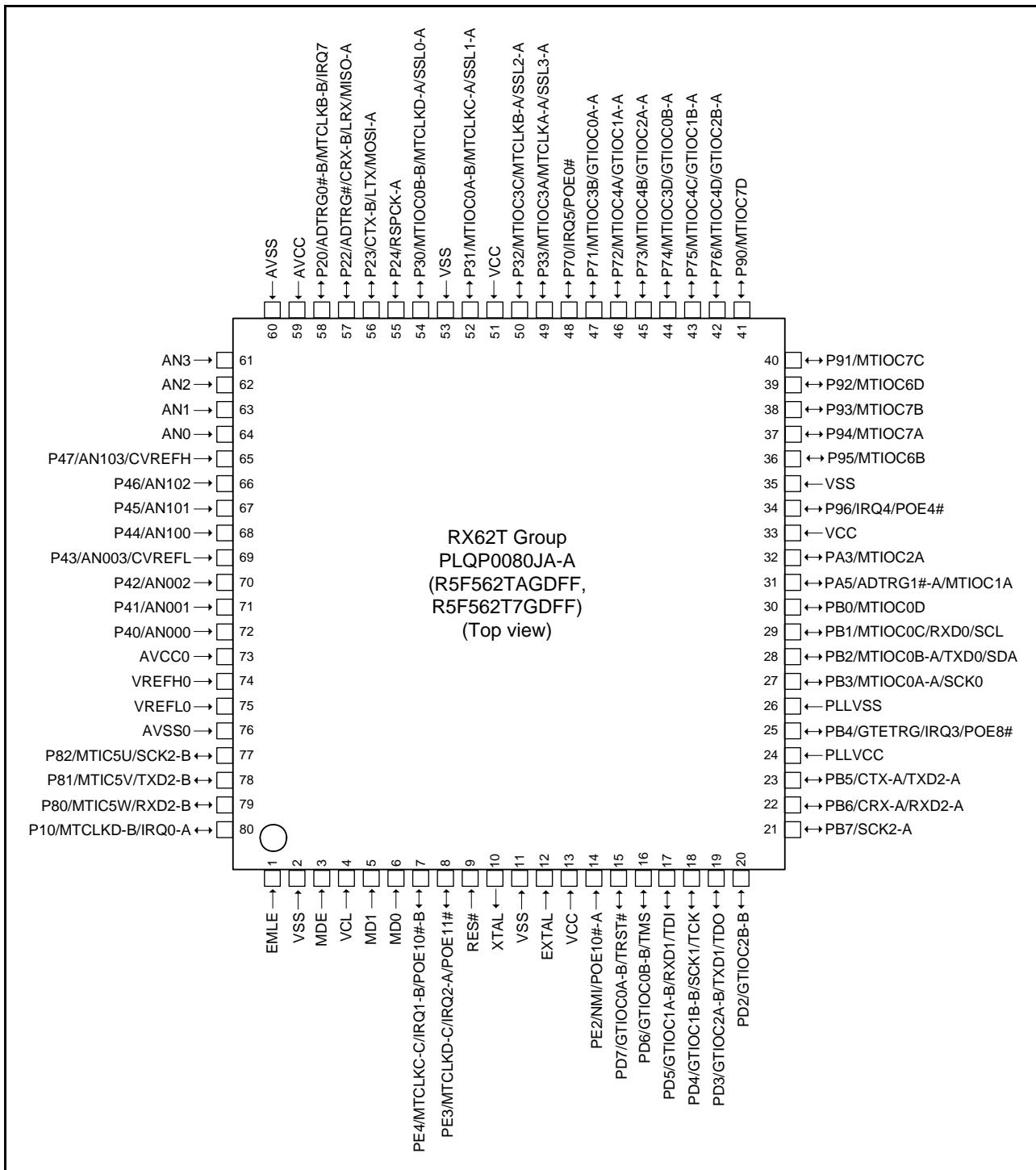


Figure 1.6 Pin Assignment of the 80-Pin LQFP (Two-Motor Control Supported Version)

Table 1.4 List of Pins and Pin Functions (112-Pin LQFP) (2 / 3)

Pin No. (112-Pin LQFP)	Power Supply Clock System Control	I/O Port	Analog	Timer	Communi- cation	Interrupt	POE	Debugging
44		PA0		MTIOC6C	SSL3-B			
45	VCC							
46		P96				IRQ4	POE4#	
47	VSS							
48		P95		MTIOC6B				
49		P94		MTIOC7A				
50		P93		MTIOC7B				
51		P92		MTIOC6D				
52		P91		MTIOC7C				
53		P90		MTIOC7D				
54		PG5					TRCLK	
55		PG4					TRDATA3	
56		PG3					TRDATA2	
57		PG2				IRQ2-B	TRDATA1	
58		PG1				IRQ1-C	TRDATA0	
59		PG0				IRQ0-C	TRSNC	
60		P76		MTIOC4D/ GTIOC2B-A				
61		P75		MTIOC4C/ GTIOC1B-A				
62		P74		MTIOC3D/ GTIOC0B-A				
63		P73		MTIOC4B/ GTIOC2A-A				
64		P72		MTIOC4A/ GTIOC1A-A				
65		P71		MTIOC3B/ GTIOC0A-A				
66		P70				IRQ5	POE0#	
67		P33		MTIOC3A/ MTCLKA-A	SSL3-A			
68		P32		MTIOC3C/ MTCLKB-A	SSL2-A			
69	VCC							
70		P31		MTIOC0A-B/ MTCLKC-A	SSL1-A			
71	VSS							
72		P30		MTIOC0B-B/ MTCLKD-A	SSL0-A			
73		P24			RSPCK-A			
74		P23			CTX-B/ LTX/ MOSI-A			
75		P22	ADTRG#		CRX-B/ LRX/ MISO-A			
76		P21	ADTRG1#-B	MTCLKA-B		IRQ6		
77		P20	ADTRG0#-B	MTCLKB-B		IRQ7		
78		P65	AN5					
79		P64	AN4					

Table 1.4 List of Pins and Pin Functions (112-Pin LQFP) (3 / 3)

Pin No. (112-Pin LQFP)	Power Supply Clock System Control	I/O Port	Analog	Timer	Communi- cation	Interrupt	POE	Debugging
80	AVCC							
81	VREF							
82	AVSS							
83		P63	AN3					
84		P62	AN2					
85		P61	AN1					
86		P60	AN0					
87		P55	AN11					
88		P54	AN10					
89		P53	AN9					
90		P52	AN8					
91		P51	AN7					
92		P50	AN6					
93		P47	AN103/ CVREFH					
94		P46	AN102					
95		P45	AN101					
96		P44	AN100					
97		P43	AN003/ CVREFL					
98		P42	AN002					
99		P41	AN001					
100		P40	AN000					
101	AVCC0							
102	VREFH0							
103	VREFL0							
104	AVSS0							
105		P82		MTIC5U	SCK2-B			
106		P81		MTIC5V	TXD2-B			
107		P80		MTIC5W	RXD2-B			
108			WDTOVF#					
109		P11		MTCLKC-B		IRQ1-A		
110		P10		MTCLKD-B		IRQ0-A		
111							TRST#	
112								TMS

Table 1.7 List of Pins and Pin Functions (80-Pin LQFP: R5F562TxGDFF) (2 / 3)

Pin No. (80-Pin LQFP)	Power Supply Clock System Control	I/O Port	Analog	Timer	Communication	Interrupt	POE	Debugging
42		P76		MTIOC4D/ GTIOC2B-A				
43		P75		MTIOC4C/ GTIOC1B-A				
44		P74		MTIOC3D/ GTIOC0B-A				
45		P73		MTIOC4B/ GTIOC2A-A				
46		P72		MTIOC4A/ GTIOC1A-A				
47		P71		MTIOC3B/ GTIOC0A-A				
48		P70				IRQ5	POE0#	
49		P33		MTIOC3A/ MTCLKA-A	SSL3-A			
50		P32		MTIOC3C/ MTCLKB-A	SSL2-A			
51	VCC							
52		P31		MTIOC0A-B/ MTCLKC-A	SSL1-A			
53	VSS							
54		P30		MTIOC0B-B/ MTCLKD-A	SSL0-A			
55		P24			RSPCK-A			
56		P23			CTX-B/ LTX/ MOSI-A			
57		P22	ADTRG#		CRX-B/ LRX/ MISO-A			
58		P20	ADTRG0#-B	MTCLKB-B		IRQ7		
59	AVCC							
60	AVSS							
61		P63	AN3					
62		P62	AN2					
63		P61	AN1					
64		P60	AN0					
65		P47	AN103/ CVREFH					
66		P46	AN102					
67		P45	AN101					
68		P44	AN100					
69		P43	AN003/ CVREFL					
70		P42	AN002					
71		P41	AN001					
72		P40	AN000					
73	AVCC0							
74	VREFH0							
75	VREFL0							

Table 1.8 List of Pins and Pin Functions (64-Pin LQFP) (1 / 2)

Pin No. (64-Pin LQFP)	Power Supply Clock System Control	I/O Port	Analog	Timer	Communi- cation	Interrupt	POE	Debuggi- ng
1	EMLE							
2	MDE							
3	VCL							
4	MD1							
5	MD0							
6	RES#							
7	XTAL							
8	VSS							
9	EXTAL							
10	VCC							
11		PE2			NMI		POE10#-A	
12		PD7		GTIOC0A-B				TRST#
13		PD6		GTIOC0B-B				TMS
14		PD5		GTIOC1A-B	RXD1			TDI
15		PD4		GTIOC1B-B	SCK1			TCK
16		PD3		GTIOC2A-B	TXD1			TDO
17		PB7			SCK2-A			
18		PB6			CRX-A/RXD2-A			
19		PB5			CTX-A/TXD2-A			
20	PLLVCC							
21		PB4		GTETRG		IRQ3		POE8#
22	PLLVSS							
23		PB3		MTIOC0A-A	SCK0			
24		PB2		MTIOC0B-A	TXD0/SDA			
25		PB1		MTIOC0C	RXD0/SCL			
26		PB0		MTIOC0D	MOSI-B			
27		PA3		MTIOC2A	SSL0-B			
28		PA2		MTIOC2B	SSL1-B			
29		P94		MTIOC7A				
30		P93		MTIOC7B				
31		P92		MTIOC6D				
32		P91		MTIOC7C				
33		P76		MTIOC4D/ GTIOC2B-A				
34		P75		MTIOC4C/ GTIOC1B-A				
35		P74		MTIOC3D/ GTIOC0B-A				
36		P73		MTIOC4B/ GTIOC2A-A				
37		P72		MTIOC4A/ GTIOC1A-A				
38		P71		MTIOC3B/ GTIOC0A-A				
39		P70				IRQ5		POE0#

1.5 Pin Functions

Table 1.9 lists the pin functions.

Table 1.9 Pin Functions (1 / 4)

Classifications	Pin Name	I/O	Description
Power supply	VCC	Input	Power supply pin. Connect it to the system power supply.
	VCL	Input	Connect this pin to VSS via a 0.1- μ F capacitor. The capacitor should be placed close to the pin.
	VSS	Input	Ground pin. Connect it to the system power supply (0 V).
	PLLVCC	Input	Power supply pin for the PLL circuit. Connect it to the system power supply.
	PLLVSS	Input	Ground pin for the PLL circuit.
Clock	XTAL	Output	Pins for a crystal resonator. An external clock signal can be input through the EXTAL pin.
	EXTAL	Input	
Operating mode control	MD0 MD1 MDE	Input	Pins for setting the operating mode. The signal levels on these pins must not be changed during operation.
System control	RES#	Input	Reset signal input pin. This LSI enters the reset state when this signal goes low.
	EMLE	Input	Input pin for the on-chip emulator enable signal. When the on-chip emulator is used, this pin should be driven high. When not used, it should be driven low.
On-chip emulator	TRST#	Input	On-chip emulator pins. When the EMLE pin is driven high, these pins are dedicated for the on-chip emulator.
	TMS	Input	
	TDI	Input	
	TCK	Input	
	TDO	Output	
	TRCLK	Output	This pin outputs the clock for synchronization with the trace data. Not included in the 80-/64-pin versions.
	TRSYNC	Output	This pin indicates that output from the TRDATA0 to TRDATA3 pins is valid. Not included in the 80-/64-pin versions.
	TRDATA0 to TRDATA3	Output	These pins output the trace information. Not included in the 80-/64-pin versions.
Interrupt (ICU)	NMI	Input	Non-maskable interrupt request signal.
	IRQ0-A/IRQ0-B/IRQ0-C IRQ1-A/IRQ1-B/IRQ1-C IRQ2-A/IRQ2-B IRQ3 to IRQ7	Input	Interrupt request signals. The IRQ0-C/IRQ1-C/IRQ2-B pin is not included in the 100-pin version. The IRQ0-B/IRQ0-C/IRQ1-C/IRQ2-B pin is not included in the 80-pin version. The IRQ0-B/IRQ0-C/IRQ1-B/IRQ1-/IRQ2-A/IRQ2-B/IRQ4/IRQ6/IRQ7 pin is not included in the 64-pin version.

2. CPU

The RX CPU has sixteen general-purpose registers, nine control registers, and one accumulator used for DSP instructions.

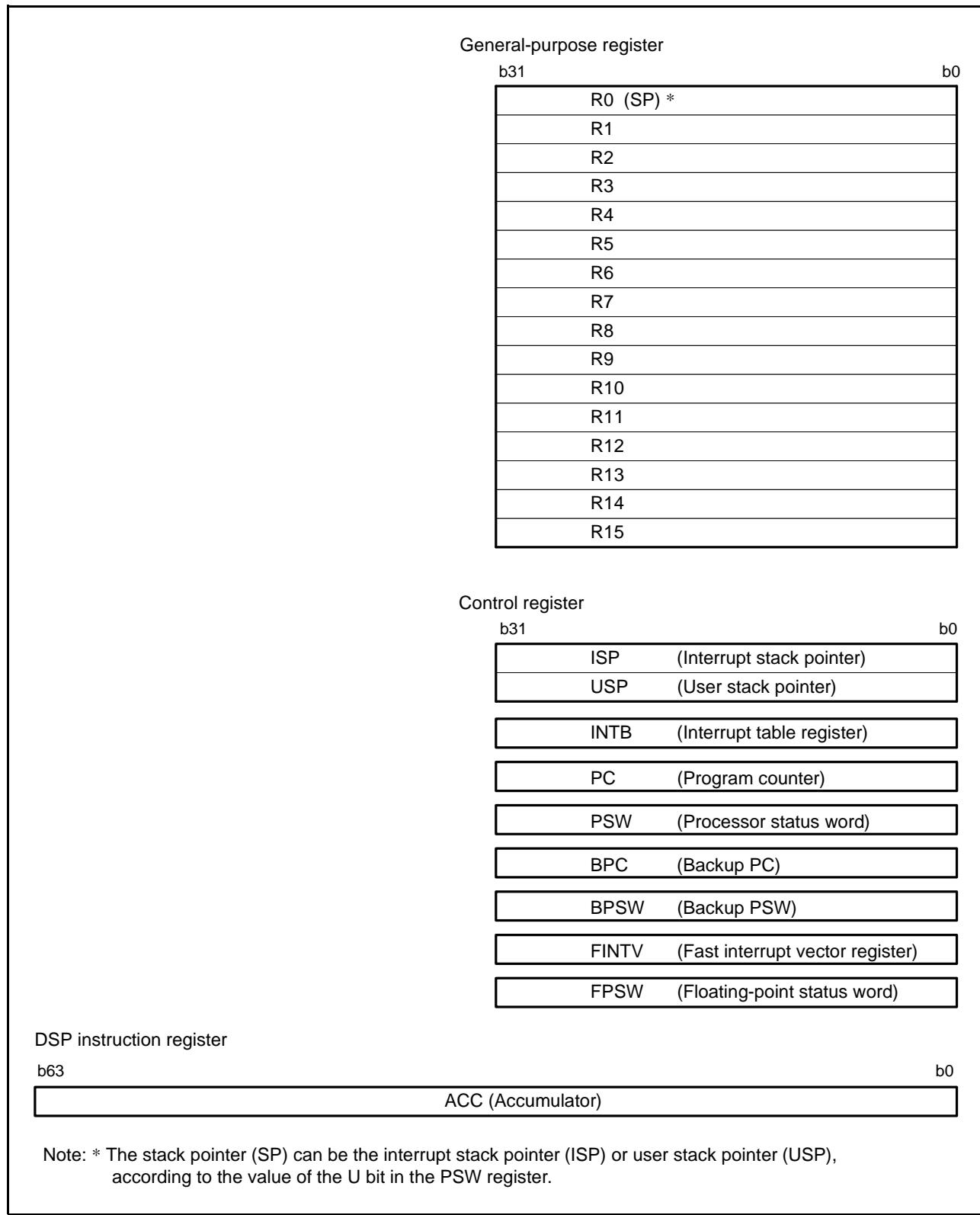


Figure 2.1 Register Set of the CPU

2.1 General-Purpose Registers (R0 to R15)

This CPU has sixteen general-purpose registers (R0 to R15). R1 to R15 can be used as data registers or address registers. R0, a general-purpose register, also functions as the stack pointer (SP). The stack pointer is switched to operate as the interrupt stack pointer (ISP) or user stack pointer (USP) by the value of the stack pointer select bit (U) in the processor status word (PSW).

2.2 Control Registers

(1) Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)/User Stack Pointer (USP)

The stack pointer (SP) can be either of two types, the interrupt stack pointer (ISP) or the user stack pointer (USP). Whether the stack pointer operates as the ISP or USP depends on the value of the stack pointer select bit (U) in the processor status word (PSW).

Set the ISP or USP to a multiple of four, as this reduces the numbers of cycles required to execute interrupt sequences and instructions entailing stack manipulation.

(2) Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

The interrupt table register (INTB) specifies the address where the relocatable vector table starts.

Set INTB to a multiple of four.

(3) Program Counter (PC)

The program counter (PC) indicates the address of the instruction being executed.

(4) Processor Status Word (PSW)

The processor status word (PSW) indicates results of instruction execution or the state of the CPU.

(5) Backup PC (BPC)

The backup PC (BPC) is provided to speed up response to interrupts.

After a fast interrupt has been generated, the contents of the program counter (PC) are saved in the BPC.

(6) Backup PSW (BPSW)

The backup PSW (BPSW) is provided to speed up response to interrupts.

After a fast interrupt has been generated, the contents of the processor status word (PSW) are saved in the BPSW. The allocation of bits in the BPSW corresponds to that in the PSW.

(7) Fast Interrupt Vector Register (FINTV)

The fast interrupt vector register (FINTV) is provided to speed up response to interrupts.

The FINTV register specifies a branch destination address when a fast interrupt has been generated.

(8) Floating-Point Status Word (FPSW)

The floating-point status word (FPSW) indicates the results of floating-point operations.

When an exception handling enable bit (Ej) enables the exception handling (Ej = 1), the exception cause can be identified by checking the corresponding Cj flag in the exception handling routine. If the exception handling is masked (Ej = 0), the occurrence of exception can be checked by reading the Fj flag at the end of a series of processing. Once the Fj flag has been set to 1, this value is retained until it is cleared to 0 by software (j = X, U, Z, O, or V).

Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (4 / 25)

Address	Module Abbreviation	Register Name	Register Abbreviation	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access Cycles
0008 70BCh	ICU	Interrupt request register 188	IR188	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70BDh	ICU	Interrupt request register 189	IR189	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70BEh	ICU	Interrupt request register 190	IR190	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70C0h	ICU	Interrupt request register 192	IR192	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70C1h	ICU	Interrupt request register 193	IR193	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70C2h	ICU	Interrupt request register 194	IR194	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70C3h	ICU	Interrupt request register 195	IR195	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70C4h	ICU	Interrupt request register 196	IR196	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70D6h	ICU	Interrupt request register 214	IR214	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70D7h	ICU	Interrupt request register 215	IR215	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70D8h	ICU	Interrupt request register 216	IR216	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70D9h	ICU	Interrupt request register 217	IR217	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70DAh	ICU	Interrupt request register 218	IR218	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70DBh	ICU	Interrupt request register 219	IR219	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70DCh	ICU	Interrupt request register 220	IR220	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70DDh	ICU	Interrupt request register 221	IR221	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70DEh	ICU	Interrupt request register 222	IR222	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70DFh	ICU	Interrupt request register 223	IR223	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70E0h	ICU	Interrupt request register 224	IR224	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70E1h	ICU	Interrupt request register 225	IR225	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70F6h	ICU	Interrupt request register 246	IR246	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70F7h	ICU	Interrupt request register 247	IR247	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70F8h	ICU	Interrupt request register 248	IR248	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70F9h	ICU	Interrupt request register 249	IR249	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 70FEh	ICU	Interrupt request register 254	IR254	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 711Bh	ICU	DTC activation enable register 027	DTCER027	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 711Ch	ICU	DTC activation enable register 028	DTCER028	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 711Dh	ICU	DTC activation enable register 029	DTCER029	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 711Eh	ICU	DTC activation enable register 030	DTCER030	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 711Fh	ICU	DTC activation enable register 031	DTCER031	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 712Dh	ICU	DTC activation enable register 045	DTCER045	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 712Eh	ICU	DTC activation enable register 046	DTCER046	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7140h	ICU	DTC activation enable register 064	DTCER064	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7141h	ICU	DTC activation enable register 065	DTCER065	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7142h	ICU	DTC activation enable register 066	DTCER066	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7143h	ICU	DTC activation enable register 067	DTCER067	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7144h	ICU	DTC activation enable register 068	DTCER068	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7145h	ICU	DTC activation enable register 069	DTCER069	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7146h	ICU	DTC activation enable register 070	DTCER070	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7147h	ICU	DTC activation enable register 071	DTCER071	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7162h	ICU	DTC activation enable register 098	DTCER098	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7166h	ICU	DTC activation enable register 102	DTCER102	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 7167h	ICU	DTC activation enable register 103	DTCER103	8	8	2 ICLK
0008 716Ah	ICU	DTC activation enable register 106	DTCER106	8	8	2 ICLK

Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (12 / 25)

Address	Module Abbreviation	Register Name	Register Abbreviation	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access Cycles
0008 90A4h	S12AD1	A/D data register 2	ADDR2	16	16	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 90A6h	S12AD1	A/D data register 3	ADDR3	16	16	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 90B0h	S12AD1	A/D data register 0B	ADDR0B	16	16	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 90E0h	S12AD1	A/D sampling state register	ADSSTR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C001h	PORT1	Data direction register	DDR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C002h	PORT2	Data direction register	DDR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C003h	PORT3	Data direction register	DDR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C007h	PORT7	Data direction register	DDR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C008h	PORT8	Data direction register	DDR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C009h	PORT9	Data direction register	DDR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C00Ah	PORTA	Data direction register	DDR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C00Bh	PORTB	Data direction register	DDR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C00Dh	PORTD	Data direction register	DDR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C00Eh	PORTE	Data direction register	DDR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C010h	PORTG	Data direction register	DDR*1	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C021h	PORT1	Data register	DR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C022h	PORT2	Data register	DR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C023h	PORT3	Data register	DR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C027h	PORT7	Data register	DR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C028h	PORT8	Data register	DR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C029h	PORT9	Data register	DR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C02Ah	PORTA	Data register	DR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C02Bh	PORTB	Data register	DR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C02Dh	PORTD	Data register	DR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C02Eh	PORTE	Data register	DR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C030h	PORTG	Data register	DR*1	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C041h	PORT1	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C042h	PORT2	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C043h	PORT3	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C044h	PORT4	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C045h	PORT5	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C046h	PORT6	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C047h	PORT7	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C048h	PORT8	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C049h	PORT9	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C04Ah	PORTA	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C04Bh	PORTB	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C04Dh	PORTD	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C04Eh	PORTE	Data register	PORT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C050h	PORTG	Port register	PORT*1	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C061h	PORT1	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C062h	PORT2	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C063h	PORT3	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C064h	PORT4	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3

Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (13 / 25)

Address	Module Abbreviation	Register Name	Register Abbreviation	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access Cycles
0008 C065h	PORT5	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C066h	PORT6	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C067h	PORT7	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C068h	PORT8	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C069h	PORT9	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C06Ah	PORTA	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C06Bh	PORTB	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C06Dh	PORTD	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C06Eh	PORTE	Input buffer control register	ICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C070h	PORTG	Input buffer control register	ICR*1	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C108h	IOPORT	Port function register 8	PF8IRQ	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C109h	IOPORT	Port function register 9	PF9IRQ	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C10Ah	IOPORT	Port function register A	PFAADC	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C10Ch	IOPORT	Port function register C	PFCMTU	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C10Dh	IOPORT	Port function register D	PFDGPT	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C10Fh	IOPORT	Port function register F	PFFSCI	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C110h	IOPORT	Port function register G	PFGSPI	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C111h	IOPORT	Port function register H	PFHSPI	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C113h	IOPORT	Port function register J	PFJCAN	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C114h	IOPORT	Port function register K	PFKLIN	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C116h	IOPORT	Port function register M	PFMPOE	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C117h	IOPORT	Port function register N	PFNPOE	8	8	2, 3 PCLK*3
0008 C280h	SYSTEM	Deep standby control register	DPSBYCR	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C281h	SYSTEM	Deep standby wait control register	DPSWCR	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C282h	SYSTEM	Deep standby interrupt enable register	DPSIER	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C283h	SYSTEM	Deep standby interrupt flag register	DPSIFR	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C284h	SYSTEM	Deep standby interrupt edge register	DPSIEGR	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C285h	SYSTEM	Reset status register	RSTSR	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C289h	FLASH	Flash write erase protection register	FWEPROR	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C28Ch	SYSTEM	Key code register for low-voltage detection control register	LVDKEYR	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C28Dh	SYSTEM	Voltage detection control register	LVDCR	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C290h	SYSTEM	Deep standby backup register 0	DPSBKR0	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C291h	SYSTEM	Deep standby backup register 1	DPSBKR1	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C292h	SYSTEM	Deep standby backup register 2	DPSBKR2	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C293h	SYSTEM	Deep standby backup register 3	DPSBKR3	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C294h	SYSTEM	Deep standby backup register 4	DPSBKR4	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C295h	SYSTEM	Deep standby backup register 5	DPSBKR5	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C296h	SYSTEM	Deep standby backup register 6	DPSBKR6	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C297h	SYSTEM	Deep standby backup register 7	DPSBKR7	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C298h	SYSTEM	Deep standby backup register 8	DPSBKR8	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C299h	SYSTEM	Deep standby backup register 9	DPSBKR9	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C29Ah	SYSTEM	Deep standby backup register 10	DPSBKR10	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3
0008 C29Bh	SYSTEM	Deep standby backup register 11	DPSBKR11	8	8	4, 5 PCLK*3

Table 4.2 List of I/O Registers (Bit Order) (16 / 30)

Module Abbreviation	Register Abbreviation	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
POE	POECR2	—	—	—	—	—	MTU3BDZE	MTU4ACZE	MTU4BDZE
		—	—	—	—	—	MTU6BDZE	MTU7ACZE	MTU7BDZE
POE	POECR3	—	—	—	—	—	—	GPT3ABZE	GPT2ABZE
		—	—	—	—	—	—	GPT1ABZE	GPT0ABZE
POE	POECR4	—	—	IC5ADDMT67 ZE	IC4ADDMT67 ZE	IC3ADDMT67 ZE	—	IC1ADDMT67 ZE	CMADDMT67 ZE
		—	—	IC5ADDMT34 ZE	IC4ADDMT34 ZE	IC3ADDMT34 ZE	IC2ADDMT34 ZE	—	CMADDMT34 ZE
POE	POECR5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		—	—	IC5ADDMT0Z E	IC4ADDMT0Z E	—	IC2ADDMT0Z E	IC1ADDMT0Z E	CMADDMT0Z E
POE	POECR6	—	—	—	IC4ADDGPT2 3ZE	IC3ADDGPT2 3ZE	IC2ADDGPT2	IC1ADDGPT2 3ZE	CMADDGPT2 3ZE
		—	—	IC5ADDGPT0 1ZE	—	IC3ADDGPT0 1ZE	IC2ADDGPT0 1ZE	IC1ADDGPT0 1ZE	CMADDGPT0 1ZE
POE	ICSR4	—	—	—	POE10F	—	—	POE10E	PIE4
		—	—	—	—	—	—	POE10M[1:0]	—
POE	ALR1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		OLSEN	—	OLSG2B	OLSG2A	OLSG1B	OLSG1A	OLSG0B	OLSG0A
POE	ICSR5	—	—	—	POE11F	—	—	POE11E	PIE5
		—	—	—	—	—	—	POE11M[1:0]	—
CAN0*3	MB.ID	IDE	RTR	—		SID[10:0]		EID[17:0]	
				—	SID[10:0]		EID[17:0]		EID[17:0]
CAN0*3	MKR0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
				—	SID[10:0]		EID[17:0]		EID[17:0]
CAN0*3	MKR1	—	—	—	—	SID[10:0]		EID[17:0]	
				—	EID[17:0]		EID[17:0]		EID[17:0]
CAN0*3	MKR2	—	—	—	—	SID[10:0]		EID[17:0]	
				—	SID[10:0]		EID[17:0]		EID[17:0]
CAN0*3	MKR3	—	—	—	—	SID[10:0]		EID[17:0]	
				—	SID[10:0]		EID[17:0]		EID[17:0]
CAN0*3	MKR4	—	—	—	—	SID[10:0]		EID[17:0]	
				—	SID[10:0]		EID[17:0]		EID[17:0]

Table 4.2 List of I/O Registers (Bit Order) (23 / 30)

Module Abbreviation	Register Abbreviation	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
GPT	GTBDR	BD33	BD32	BD31	BD30	BD23	BD22	BD21	BD20
		BD13	BD12	BD11	BD10	BD03	BD02	BD01	BD00
GPT	GTSWP	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		—	—	—	—	SWP3	SWP2	SWP1	SWP0
GPT	LCCR	LPSC[1:0]		TPSC[1:0]		LCNTAT		LCTO[2:0]	
		—	LCINTO	LCINTD	LCINTC	—	LCNTS	LCNTCR	LCNTE
GPT	LCST	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		—	—	—	—	—	LISO	LISD	LISC
GPT	LCNTA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT01	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT03	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT04	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT06	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT07	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT08	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT09	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNT15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNTDU	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT	LCNTDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GPT0	GTIOR	OBHLD	OBDFLT	GTIOB[5:0]					GTIOB[5:0]
		OAHLD	OADFLT	GTIOA[5:0]					GTIOA[5:0]
GPT0	GTINTAD	ADTRBDEN	ADTRBUEN	ADTRADEN	ADTRAUEN	EINT	—	—	—
		GTINTPR[1:0]		GTINTF	GTINTE	GTINTD	GTINTC	GTINTB	GTINTA

Table 5.4 Permissible Output Currents

Note: Items for which test conditions are not specifically stated in the table below have the same values under conditions 1 to 3.

Condition 1: VCC = PLLVCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 3.0 to 3.6 V, VREFH0 = 3.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 3.0 V to AVCC

Condition 2: VCC = PLLVCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VREFH0 = 4.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 4.0 V to AVCC

Condition 3: VCC = PLLVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VREFH0 = 4.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 4.0 V to AVCC
Ta = Topr. Ta is the same under conditions 1 to 3.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Permissible output low current (average value per pin)	I _{OL}	-	-	2.0 ^{*1}	mA
Permissible output low current (max. value per pin)	I _{OL}	-	-	4.0 ^{*1}	mA
Permissible output low current (total)	ΣI _{OL}	-	-	110	mA
Permissible output high current (average value per pin)	- I _{OH}	-	-	2.0 ^{*1}	mA
Permissible output high current (max. value per pin)	- I _{OH}	-	-	4.0 ^{*1}	mA
Permissible output high current (total)	Σ- I _{OH}	-	-	35	mA

Caution: To protect the LSI's reliability, the output current values should not exceed the permissible output current.

Note 1. I_{OL} = 15 mA (max.) / - I_{OH} = 5 mA (max.) for P71 to P76 and P90 to P95. Note, however, that up to 6 (112-pin or 100-pin LQFP) or 3 (80-pin or 64-pin LQFP) pins can accept over 2.0-mA I_{OL} / - I_{OH} at the same time.

Table 5.5 Permissible Power Consumption (Only for G Version)

Note: Items for which test conditions are not specifically stated in the table below have the same values under conditions 1 to 3.

Condition 1: VCC = PLLVCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 3.0 to 3.6 V, VREFH0 = 3.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 3.0 V to AVCC

Condition 2: VCC = PLLVCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VREFH0 = 4.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 4.0 V to AVCC

Condition 3: VCC = PLLVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VREFH0 = 4.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 4.0 V to AVCC

Ta = Topr. Ta is the same under conditions 1 to 3.

Item	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Total permissible power consumption ^{*1}	Pd	—	325	mW	85°C < Ta ≤ 105°C

Note: • Please contact Renesas Electronics sales office for derating of operation under Ta = +85°C to +105°C. Derating is the systematic reduction of load for improved reliability.

Note 1. The total power consumption of the whole chip including output current.

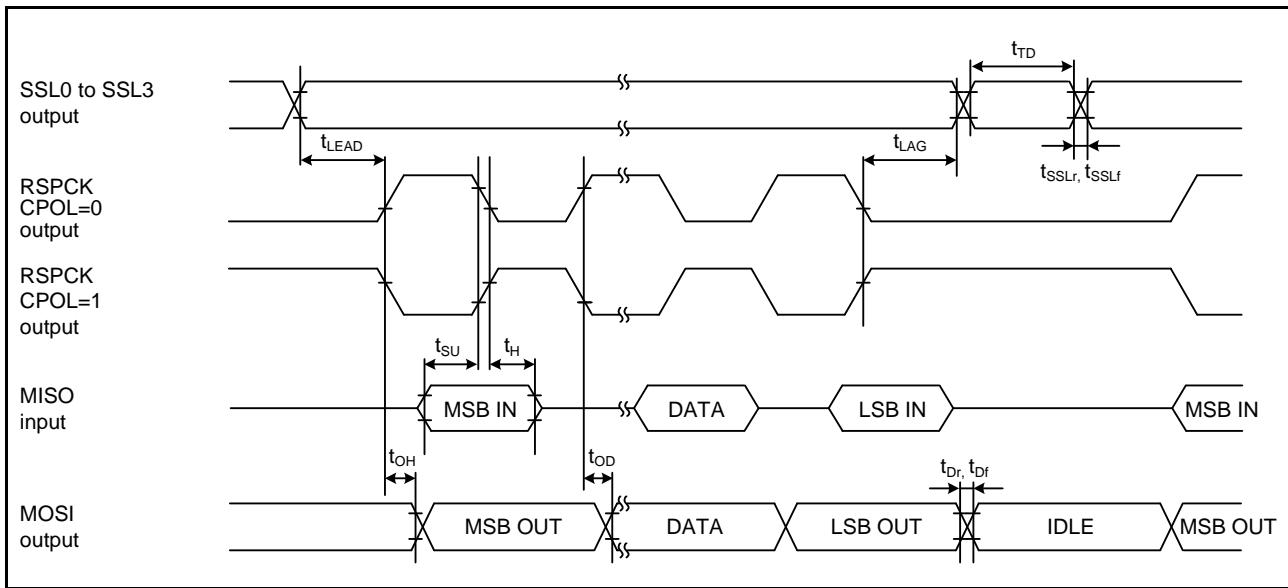


Figure 5.13 RSPI Timing (Master, CPHA = 1)

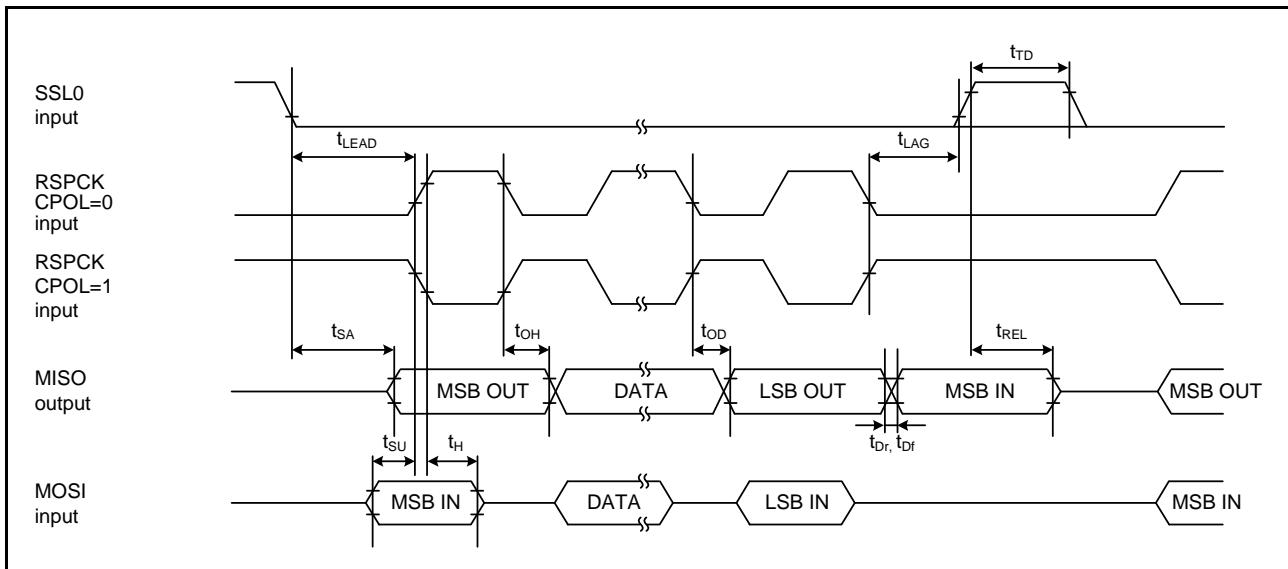


Figure 5.14 RSPI Timing (Slave, CPHA = 0)

5.6 Oscillation Stop Detection Timing

Table 5.20 Oscillation Stop Detection Circuit Characteristics

Note: Items for which test conditions are not specifically stated in the table below have the same values under conditions 1 to 3.

Condition 1: VCC = PLLVCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 3.0 to 3.6 V, VREFH0 = 3.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 3.0 V to AVCC

Condition 2: VCC = PLLVCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VREFH0 = 4.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 4.0 V to AVCC

Condition 3: VCC = PLLVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VREFH0 = 4.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 4.0 V to AVCC
Ta = Topr. Ta is the same under conditions 1 to 3.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Detection time	tdr	-	-	1.0	ms	Figure 5.23
Internal oscillation frequency when oscillation stop is detected	f _{MAIN}	0.5	-	7.0	MHz	

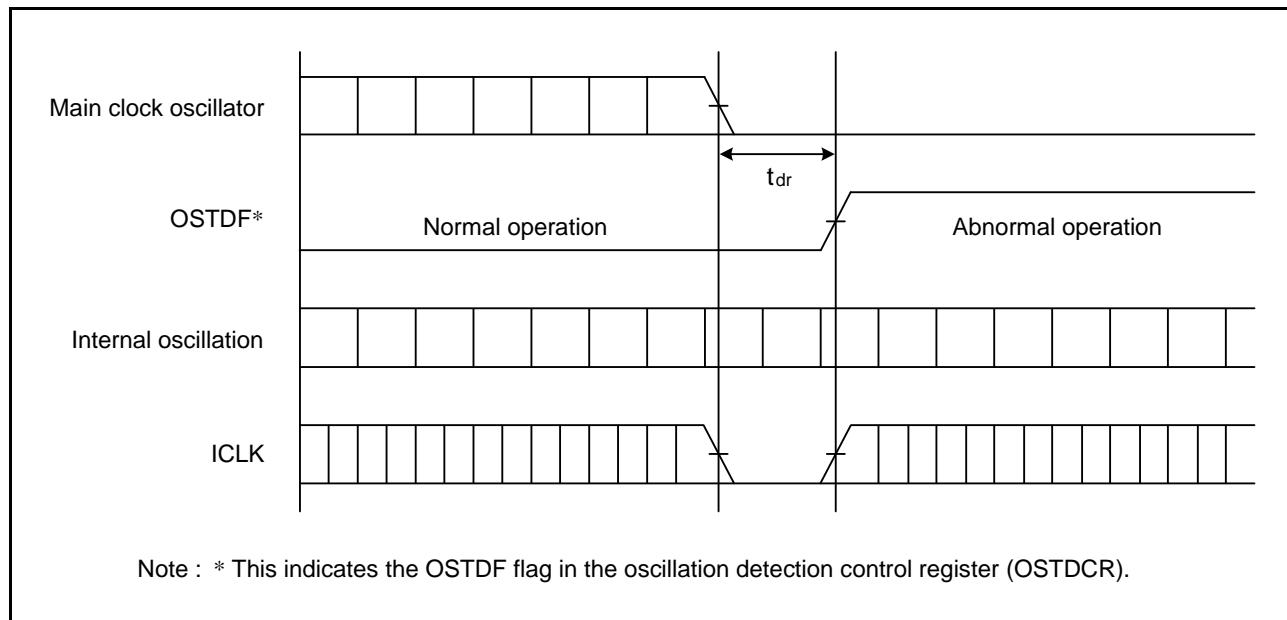


Figure 5.23 Oscillation Stop Detection Timing

5.7 ROM (Flash Memory for Code Storage) Characteristics

Table 5.21 ROM (Flash Memory for Code Storage) Characteristics (1)

Note: Items for which test conditions are not specifically stated in the table below have the same values under conditions 1 to 3.

Condition 1: VCC = PLLVCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 3.0 to 3.6 V, VREFH0 = 3.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 3.0 V to AVCC

Condition 2: VCC = PLLVCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VREFH0 = 4.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 4.0 V to AVCC

Condition 3: VCC = PLLVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VREFH0 = 4.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 4.0 V to AVCC

Temperature range for the programming/erasure operation:

T_a = Topr. T_a is the same under conditions 1 to 3.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Rewrite/erase cycle *1	N _{PEC}	1000	—	—	Times	
Data hold time	t _{DRP}	30*2	—	—	Year	T _a = +85°C

Note 1. Definition of rewrite/erase cycle:

The rewrite/erase cycle is the number of erasing for each block. When the rewrite/erase cycle is n times (n = 1000), erasing can be performed n times for each block. For instance, when 256-byte writing is performed 16 times for different addresses in 4-Kbyte block and then the entire block is erased, the rewrite/erase cycle is counted as one. However, writing to the same address for several times as one erasing is not enabled (overwriting is prohibited).

Note 2. The value is obtained from the reliability test.

Table 5.22 ROM (Flash Memory for Code Storage) Characteristics (2)

Note: Items for which test conditions are not specifically stated in the table below have the same values under conditions 1 to 3.

Condition 1: VCC = PLLVCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 3.0 to 3.6 V, VREFH0 = 3.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 3.0 V to AVCC

Condition 2: VCC = PLLVCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VREFH0 = 4.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 4.0 V to AVCC

Condition 3: VCC = PLLVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VSS = PLLVSS = AVSS0 = AVSS = VREFL0 = 0 V
AVCC0 = AVCC = 4.0 to 5.5 V, VREFH0 = 4.0 V to AVCC0, VREF = 4.0 V to AVCC

Temperature range for the programming/erasure operation:

T_a = Topr. T_a is the same under conditions 1 to 3.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Programming time	256 bytes	t _{P256}	—	2	12	ms
	4 Kbytes	t _{P4K}	—	23	50	ms
	16 Kbytes	t _{P16K}	—	90	200	ms
	256 byte	t _{P256}	—	2.4	14.4	ms
	4 Kbytes	t _{P4K}	—	27.6	60	ms
	16 Kbytes	t _{P16K}	—	108	240	ms
Erasure time	4 Kbytes	t _{E4K}	—	25	60	ms
	16 Kbytes	t _{E16K}	—	100	240	ms
	4 Kbytes	t _{E4K}	—	30	72	ms
	16 Kbytes	t _{E16K}	—	120	288	ms
Suspend delay time during writing	t _{SPD}	—	—	120	μs	Figure 5.24 PCLK = 50 MHz
First suspend delay time during erasing (in suspend priority mode)	t _{SESD1}	—	—	120	μs	
Second suspend delay time during erasing (in suspend priority mode)	t _{SESD2}	—	—	1.7	ms	
Suspend delay time during erasing (in erasure priority mode)	t _{SEED}	—	—	1.7	ms	