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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	3072
Total RAM Bits	36864
Number of I/O	97
Number of Gates	125000
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-FPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/agl125v2-fg144t

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

User Nonvolatile FlashROM

IGLOO devices have 1 kbit of on-chip, user-accessible, nonvolatile FlashROM. The FlashROM can be used in diverse system applications:

- · Internet protocol addressing (wireless or fixed)
- · System calibration settings
- · Device serialization and/or inventory control
- Subscription-based business models (for example, set-top boxes)
- · Secure key storage for secure communications algorithms
- Asset management/tracking
- Date stamping
- · Version management

The FlashROM is written using the standard IGLOO IEEE 1532 JTAG programming interface. The core can be individually programmed (erased and written), and on-chip AES decryption can be used selectively to securely load data over public networks (except in the AGL015 and AGL030 devices), as in security keys stored in the FlashROM for a user design.

The FlashROM can be programmed via the JTAG programming interface, and its contents can be read back either through the JTAG programming interface or via direct FPGA core addressing. Note that the FlashROM can only be programmed from the JTAG interface and cannot be programmed from the internal logic array.

The FlashROM is programmed as 8 banks of 128 bits; however, reading is performed on a byte-by-byte basis using a synchronous interface. A 7-bit address from the FPGA core defines which of the 8 banks and which of the 16 bytes within that bank are being read. The three most significant bits (MSBs) of the FlashROM address determine the bank, and the four least significant bits (LSBs) of the FlashROM address define the byte.

The Microsemi development software solutions, Libero[®] System-on-Chip (SoC) and Designer, have extensive support for the FlashROM. One such feature is auto-generation of sequential programming files for applications requiring a unique serial number in each part. Another feature allows the inclusion of static data for system version control. Data for the FlashROM can be generated quickly and easily using Libero SoC and Designer software tools. Comprehensive programming file support is also included to allow for easy programming of large numbers of parts with differing FlashROM contents.

SRAM and FIFO

IGLOO devices (except the AGL015 and AGL030 devices) have embedded SRAM blocks along their north and south sides. Each variable-aspect-ratio SRAM block is 4,608 bits in size. Available memory configurations are 256x18, 512x9, 1kx4, 2kx2, and 4kx1 bits. The individual blocks have independent read and write ports that can be configured with different bit widths on each port. For example, data can be sent through a 4-bit port and read as a single bitstream. The embedded SRAM blocks can be initialized via the device JTAG port (ROM emulation mode) using the UJTAG macro (except in the AGL015 and AGL030 devices).

In addition, every SRAM block has an embedded FIFO control unit. The control unit allows the SRAM block to be configured as a synchronous FIFO without using additional core VersaTiles. The FIFO width and depth are programmable. The FIFO also features programmable Almost Empty (AEMPTY) and Almost Full (AFULL) flags in addition to the normal Empty and Full flags. The embedded FIFO control unit contains the counters necessary for generation of the read and write address pointers. The embedded SRAM/FIFO blocks can be cascaded to create larger configurations.

PLL and CCC

IGLOO devices provide designers with very flexible clock conditioning circuit (CCC) capabilities. Each member of the IGLOO family contains six CCCs. One CCC (center west side) has a PLL. The AGL015 and AGL030 do not have a PLL

The six CCC blocks are located at the four corners and the centers of the east and west sides. One CCC (center west side) has a PLL.

All six CCC blocks are usable; the four corner CCCs and the east CCC allow simple clock delay operations as well as clock spine access.

The inputs of the six CCC blocks are accessible from the FPGA core or from one of several inputs located near the CCC that have dedicated connections to the CCC block.

The CCC block has these key features:

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- Wide input frequency range (f_{IN CCC}) = 1.5 MHz up to 250 MHz
- Output frequency range (f_{OUT CCC}) = 0.75 MHz up to 250 MHz
- 2 programmable delay types for clock skew minimization
- Clock frequency synthesis (for PLL only)

Additional CCC specifications:

- Internal phase shift = 0°, 90°, 180°, and 270°. Output phase shift depends on the output divider configuration (for PLL only).
- Output duty cycle = 50% ± 1.5% or better (for PLL only)
- Low output jitter: worst case < 2.5% x clock period peak-to-peak period jitter when single global network used
 (for PLL only)
- Maximum acquisition time is 300 µs (for PLL only)
- Exceptional tolerance to input period jitter—allowable input jitter is up to 1.5 ns (for PLL only)
- Four precise phases; maximum misalignment between adjacent phases of 40 ps x 250 MHz / f_{OUT_CCC} (for PLL only)

Global Clocking

IGLOO devices have extensive support for multiple clocking domains. In addition to the CCC and PLL support described above, there is a comprehensive global clock distribution network.

Each VersaTile input and output port has access to nine VersaNets: six chip (main) and three quadrant global networks. The VersaNets can be driven by the CCC or directly accessed from the core via multiplexers (MUXes). The VersaNets can be used to distribute low-skew clock signals or for rapid distribution of high-fanout nets.

I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards

The IGLOO family of FPGAs features a flexible I/O structure, supporting a range of voltages (1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.0 V wide range, and 3.3 V). IGLOO FPGAs support many different I/O standards—single-ended and differential.

The I/Os are organized into banks, with two or four banks per device. The configuration of these banks determines the I/O standards supported (Table 1-1).

		I/O Standards Supported				
I/O Bank Type	Device and Bank Location	LVTTL/ LVCMOS	PCI/PCI-X	LVPECL, LVDS, B-LVDS, M-LVDS		
Advanced	East and west banks of AGL250 and larger devices	✓	✓	✓		
Standard Plus	North and south banks of AGL250 and larger devices All banks of AGL060 and AGL125K	✓	√	Not supported		
Standard	All banks of AGL015 and AGL030	✓	Not supported	Not supported		

Each I/O module contains several input, output, and enable registers. These registers allow the implementation of the following:

- Single-Data-Rate applications
- Double-Data-Rate applications—DDR LVDS, B-LVDS, and M-LVDS I/Os for point-to-point communications

IGLOO banks for the AGL250 device and above support LVPECL, LVDS, B-LVDS, and M-LVDS. B-LVDS and M-LVDS can support up to 20 loads.

Hot-swap (also called hot-plug, or hot-insertion) is the operation of hot-insertion or hot-removal of a card in a powered-up system.

Cold-sparing (also called cold-swap) refers to the ability of a device to leave system data undisturbed when the system is powered up, while the component itself is powered down, or when power supplies are floating.

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Power Consumption of Various Internal Resources

Table 2-19 • Different Components Contributing to Dynamic Power Consumption in IGLOO Devices For IGLOO V2 or V5 Devices, 1.5 V DC Core Supply Voltage

		Device Specific Dynamic Power (μW/MHz)										
Parameter	Definition	AGL1000	AGL600	AGL400	AGL250	AGL125	AGL060	AGL030	AGL015			
PAC1	Clock contribution of a Global Rib	7.778	6.221	6.082	4.460	4.446	2.736	0.000	0.000			
PAC2	Clock contribution of a Global Spine	4.334	3.512	2.759	2.718	1.753	1.971	3.483	3.483			
PAC3	Clock contribution of a VersaTile row	1.379	1.445	1.377	1.483	1.467	1.503	1.472	1.472			
PAC4	Clock contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.151	0.149	0.151	0.149	0.149	0.151	0.146	0.146			
PAC5	First contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.057						•				
PAC6	Second contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.207										
PAC7	Contribution of a VersaTile used as a combinatorial module	0.276	0.262	0.279	0.277	0.280	0.300	0.281	0.273			
PAC8	Average contribution of a routing net	1.161	1.147	1.193	1.273	1.076	1.088	1.134	1.153			
PAC9	Contribution of an I/O input pin (standard-dependent)		See Table	2-13 on pa	age 2-10 th	rough Table	e 2-15 on p	page 2-11.				
PAC10	Contribution of an I/O output pin (standard-dependent)		See Table	2-16 on pa	age 2-11 th	rough Table	e 2-18 on p	age 2-12.				
PAC11	Average contribution of a RAM block during a read operation				25.	00						
PAC12	Average contribution of a RAM block during a write operation				30.	00						
PAC13	Dynamic PLL contribution				2.7	70						

Note: For a different output load, drive strength, or slew rate, Microsemi recommends using the Microsemi power spreadsheet calculator or SmartPower tool in Libero SoC.

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3.3 V PCI, 3.3 V PCI-X

Peripheral Component Interface for 3.3 V standard specifies support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI Bus applications.

Table 2-141 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Advanced and Standard Plus I/Os

3.3 V PCI/PCI-X	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	ЮН	IOSH	IOSL	IIL	IIH
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ¹	Max. mA ¹	μA ²	μA ²
Per PCI specification					Per PC	l curves					10	10

Notes:

- 1. Currents are measured at 100°C junction temperature and maximum voltage.
- 2. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.

AC loadings are defined per the PCI/PCI-X specifications for the datapath; Microsemi loadings for enable path characterization are described in Figure 2-12.

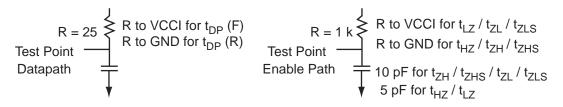


Figure 2-12 • AC Loading

AC loadings are defined per PCI/PCI-X specifications for the datapath; Microsemi loading for tristate is described in Table 2-142.

Table 2-142 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	3.3	0.285 * VCCI for t _{DP(R)}	10
		0.615 * VCCI for t _{DP(F)}	

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-29 on page 2-28 for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-143 • 3.3 V PCI/PCI-X

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}$ C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V Applicable to Advanced I/O Banks

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	t _{ZLS}	t _{ZHS}	Units
Std.	0.97	2.32	0.19	0.70	0.66	2.37	1.78	2.67	3.05	5.96	5.38	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-144 • 3.3 V PCI/PCI-X

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}$ C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V Applicable to Standard Plus I/O Banks

Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	t _{ZLS}	t _{ZHS}	Units
Std.	0.97	1.97	0.19	0.70	0.66	2.01	1.50	2.36	2.79	5.61	5.10	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

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Fully Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Clear

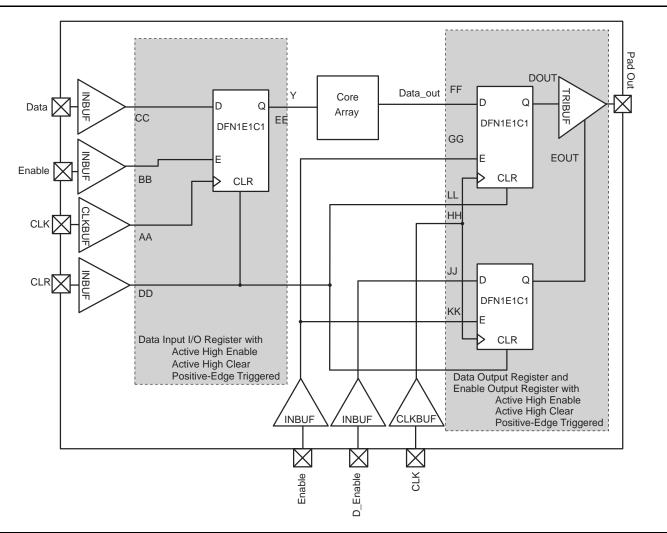


Figure 2-17 • Timing Model of the Registered I/O Buffers with Synchronous Enable and Asynchronous Clear

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1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-181 • AGL015 Global Resource

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

			S	td.	
Parameter	Description	-	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Units
t _{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock		1.79	2.09	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock		1.87	2.26	ns
t _{RCKMPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock		1.40		ns
t _{RCKMPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock		1.65		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock			0.39	ns

Notes:

- 1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
- Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
- 3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-182 • AGL030 Global Resource

Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70$ °C, VCC = 1.14 V

		s	td.	
Parameter	Description	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Units
t _{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.80	2.09	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.88	2.27	ns
t _{RCKMPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
t _{RCKMPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.39	ns

Notes:

- 1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
- 2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
- 3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

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Table 2-187 • AGL600 Global Resource

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

		Std.		
Parameter	Description	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Units
t _{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2.22	2.67	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2.32	2.93	ns
t _{RCKMPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
t _{RCKMPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.61	ns

Notes:

- Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
- 2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
- 3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-188 • AGL1000 Global Resource

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

		S		
Parameter	Description	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Units
t _{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2.31	2.76	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2.42	3.03	ns
t _{RCKMPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
t _{RCKMPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.61	ns

Notes:

- 1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
- 2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
- 3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

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Timing Characteristics 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-191 • RAM4K9

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t _{AS}	Address setup time	0.83	ns
t _{AH}	Address hold time	0.16	ns
t _{ENS}	REN, WEN setup time	0.81	ns
t _{ENH}	REN, WEN hold time	0.16	ns
t _{BKS}	BLK setup time	1.65	ns
t _{BKH}	BLK hold time	0.16	ns
t _{DS}	Input data (DIN) setup time	0.71	ns
t _{DH}	Input data (DIN) hold time	0.36	ns
t _{CKQ1}	Clock High to new data valid on DOUT (output retained, WMODE = 0)	3.53	ns
	Clock High to new data valid on DOUT (flow-through, WMODE = 1)	3.06	ns
t _{CKQ2}	Clock High to new data valid on DOUT (pipelined)	1.81	ns
t _{C2CWWL} 1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write after write on same address – Applicable to Closing Edge	0.23	ns
t _{C2CRWL} 1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable read access after write on same address – Applicable to Opening Edge	0.35	ns
t _{C2CWRH} 1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write access after read on same address – Applicable to Opening Edge	0.41	ns
t _{RSTBQ}	RESET Low to data out Low on DOUT (flow-through)	2.06	ns
	RESET Low to data out Low on DOUT (pipelined)	2.06	ns
t _{REMRSTB}	RESET removal	0.61	ns
t _{RECRSTB}	RESET recovery	3.21	ns
t _{MPWRSTB}	RESET minimum pulse width	0.68	ns
t _{CYC}	Clock cycle time	6.24	ns
F _{MAX}	Maximum frequency	160	MHz

Notes:

- 1. For more information, refer to the application note Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs.
- 2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-7 for derating values.

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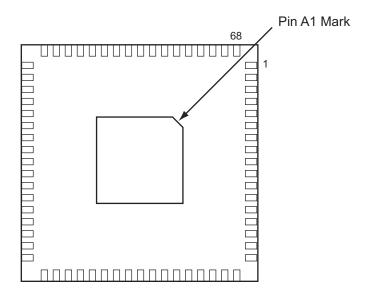
Package Pin Assignments

	CS281		
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function		
R15	IO122RSB2		
R16	GDA1/IO113PPB1		
R18	GDB0/IO112NPB1		
R19	GDC0/IO111NPB1		
T1	IO197PPB3		
T2	GEC0/IO190NPB3		
T4	GEB0/IO189NPB3		
T5	IO181RSB2		
T6	IO172RSB2		
T7	IO171RSB2		
Т8	IO156RSB2		
Т9	IO159RSB2		
T10	GND		
T11	IO139RSB2		
T12	IO138RSB2		
T13	IO129RSB2		
T14	IO123RSB2		
T15	GDC2/IO116RSB2		
T16	TMS		
T18	VJTAG		
T19	GDB1/IO112PPB1		
U1	IO193PDB3		
U2	GEA1/IO188PPB3		
U6	IO167RSB2		
U14	IO128RSB2		
U18	TRST		
U19	GDA0/IO113NPB1		
V1	IO193NDB3		
V2	VCCIB3		
V3	GEC2/IO185RSB2		
V4	IO182RSB2		
V5	IO175RSB2		
V6	GND		
V7	IO161RSB2		
V8	IO143RSB2		
V9	IO146RSB2		

CS281		
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function	
V10	IO145RSB2	
V11	IO144RSB2	
V12	IO134RSB2	
V13	IO133RSB2	
V14	GND	
V15	IO119RSB2	
V16	GDA2/IO114RSB2	
V17	TDI	
V18	VCCIB2	
V19	TDO	
W1	GND	
W2	FF/GEB2/IO186RSB2	
W3	IO183RSB2	
W4	IO176RSB2	
W5	IO170RSB2	
W6	IO162RSB2	
W7	IO157RSB2	
W8	IO152RSB2	
W9	IO149RSB2	
W10	VCCIB2	
W11	IO140RSB2	
W12	IO135RSB2	
W13	IO130RSB2	
W14	IO125RSB2	
W15	IO120RSB2	
W16	IO118RSB2	
W17	GDB2/IO115RSB2	
W18	TCK	
W19	GND	

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QN68



Notes:

- 1. This is the bottom view of the package.
- 2. The die attach paddle center of the package is tied to ground (GND).

Note

For more information on package drawings, see PD3068: Package Mechanical Drawings.



Package Pin Assignments

VQ100		
Pin Number	AGL125 Function	
1	GND	
2	GAA2/IO67RSB1	
3	IO68RSB1	
4	GAB2/IO69RSB1	
5	IO132RSB1	
6	GAC2/IO131RSB1	
7	IO130RSB1	
8	IO129RSB1	
9	GND	
10	GFB1/IO124RSB1	
11	GFB0/IO123RSB1	
12	VCOMPLF	
13	GFA0/IO122RSB1	
14	VCCPLF	
15	GFA1/IO121RSB1	
16	GFA2/IO120RSB1	
17	VCC	
18	VCCIB1	
19	GEC0/IO111RSB1	
20	GEB1/IO110RSB1	
21	GEB0/IO109RSB1	
22	GEA1/IO108RSB1	
23	GEA0/IO107RSB1	
24	VMV1	
25	GNDQ	
26	GEA2/IO106RSB1	
27	FF/GEB2/IO105RSB 1	
28	GEC2/IO104RSB1	
29	IO102RSB1	
30	IO100RSB1	
31	IO99RSB1	
32	IO97RSB1	
33	IO96RSB1	
34	IO95RSB1	
35	IO94RSB1	

VQ100		
Pin Number	AGL125 Function	
36	IO93RSB1	
37	VCC	
38	GND	
39	VCCIB1	
40	IO87RSB1	
41	IO84RSB1	
42	IO81RSB1	
43	IO75RSB1	
44	GDC2/IO72RSB1	
45	GDB2/IO71RSB1	
46	GDA2/IO70RSB1	
47	TCK	
48	TDI	
49	TMS	
50	VMV1	
51	GND	
52	VPUMP	
53	NC	
54	TDO	
55	TRST	
56	VJTAG	
57	GDA1/IO65RSB0	
58	GDC0/IO62RSB0	
59	GDC1/IO61RSB0	
60	GCC2/IO59RSB0	
61	GCB2/IO58RSB0	
62	GCA0/IO56RSB0	
63	GCA1/IO55RSB0	
64	GCC0/IO52RSB0	
65	GCC1/IO51RSB0	
66	VCCIB0	
67	GND	
68	VCC	
69	IO47RSB0	
70	GBC2/IO45RSB0	
71	GBB2/IO43RSB0	

VQ100		
Pin Number	AGL125 Function	
72	IO42RSB0	
73	GBA2/IO41RSB0	
74	VMV0	
75	GNDQ	
76	GBA1/IO40RSB0	
77	GBA0/IO39RSB0	
78	GBB1/IO38RSB0	
79	GBB0/IO37RSB0	
80	GBC1/IO36RSB0	
81	GBC0/IO35RSB0	
82	IO32RSB0	
83	IO28RSB0	
84	IO25RSB0	
85	IO22RSB0	
86	IO19RSB0	
87	VCCIB0	
88	GND	
89	VCC	
90	IO15RSB0	
91	IO13RSB0	
92	IO11RSB0	
93	IO09RSB0	
94	IO07RSB0	
95	GAC1/IO05RSB0	
96	GAC0/IO04RSB0	
97	GAB1/IO03RSB0	
98	GAB0/IO02RSB0	
99	GAA1/IO01RSB0	
100	GAA0/IO00RSB0	

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	FG484		
Pin Number	AGL400 Function		
G5	IO151UDB3		
G6	GAC2/IO153UDB3		
G7	IO06RSB0		
G8	GNDQ		
G9	IO10RSB0		
G10	IO19RSB0		
G11	IO26RSB0		
G12	IO30RSB0		
G13	IO40RSB0		
G14	IO46RSB0		
G15	GNDQ		
G16	IO47RSB0		
G17	GBB2/IO61PPB1		
G18	IO53RSB0		
G19	IO63NDB1		
G20	NC		
G21	NC		
G22	NC		
H1	NC		
H2	NC		
Н3	VCC		
H4	IO150PDB3		
H5	IO08RSB0		
H6	IO153VDB3		
H7	IO152VDB3		
H8	VMV0		
H9	VCCIB0		
H10	VCCIB0		
H11	IO25RSB0		
H12	IO31RSB0		
H13	VCCIB0		
H14	VCCIB0		
H15	VMV1		
H16	GBC2/IO62PDB1		
H17	IO65RSB1		
H18	IO52RSB0		

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FG484		
Pin Number	AGL600 Function	
E13	IO38RSB0	
E14	IO42RSB0	
E15	GBC1/IO55RSB0	
E16	GBB0/IO56RSB0	
E17	IO52RSB0	
E18	GBA2/IO60PDB1	
E19	IO60NDB1	
E20	GND	
E21	NC	
E22	NC	
F1	NC	
F2	NC	
F3	NC	
F4	IO173NDB3	
F5	IO174NDB3	
F6	VMV3	
F7	IO07RSB0	
F8	GAC0/IO04RSB0	
F9	GAC1/IO05RSB0	
F10	IO20RSB0	
F11	IO24RSB0	
F12	IO33RSB0	
F13	IO39RSB0	
F14	IO44RSB0	
F15	GBC0/IO54RSB0	
F16	IO51RSB0	
F17	VMV0	
F18	IO61NPB1	
F19	IO63PDB1	
F20	NC	
F21	NC	
F22	NC	
G1	IO170NDB3	
G2	IO170PDB3	
G3	NC	
G4	IO171NDB3	
	- · · · · · - - · ·	

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FG484		
Pin Number	AGL600 Function	
H19	IO66PDB1	
H20	VCC	
H21	NC	
H22	NC	
J1	NC	
J2	NC	
J3	NC	
J4	IO166NDB3	
J5	IO168NPB3	
J6	IO167PPB3	
J7	IO169PDB3	
J8	VCCIB3	
J9	GND	
J10	VCC	
J11	VCC	
J12	VCC	
J13	VCC	
J14	GND	
J15	VCCIB1	
J16	IO62NDB1	
J17	IO64NPB1	
J18	IO65PPB1	
J19	IO66NDB1	
J20	NC	
J21	IO68PDB1	
J22	IO68NDB1	
K1	IO157PDB3	
K2	IO157NDB3	
K3	NC	
K4	IO165NDB3	
K5	IO165PDB3	
K6	IO168PPB3	
K7	GFC1/IO164PPB3	
K8	VCCIB3	
K9	VCC	
K10	GND	

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FG484		
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function	
K11	GND	
K12	GND	
K12		
	GND	
K14	VCC	
K15	VCCIB1	
K16	GCC1/IO91PPB1	
K17	IO90NPB1	
K18	IO88PDB1	
K19	IO88NDB1	
K20	IO94NPB1	
K21	IO98NDB1	
K22	IO98PDB1	
L1	NC	
L2	IO200PDB3	
L3	IO210NPB3	
L4	GFB0/IO208NPB3	
L5	GFA0/IO207NDB3	
L6	GFB1/IO208PPB3	
L7	VCOMPLF	
L8	GFC0/IO209NPB3	
L9	VCC	
L10	GND	
L11	GND	
L12	GND	
L13	GND	
L14	VCC	
L15	GCC0/IO91NPB1	
L16	GCB1/IO92PPB1	
L17	GCA0/IO93NPB1	
L18	IO96NPB1	
L19	GCB0/IO92NPB1	
L20	IO97PDB1	
L21	IO97NDB1	
L22	IO99NPB1	
M1	NC	
M2	IO200NDB3	
IVI∠	IOZUUNDOS	

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FG484		
Pin Number	AGL1000 Function	
R9	VCCIB2	
R10	VCCIB2	
R11	IO147RSB2	
R12	IO136RSB2	
R13	VCCIB2	
R14	VCCIB2	
R15	VMV2	
R16	IO110NDB1	
R17	GDB1/IO112PPB1	
R18	GDC1/IO111PDB1	
R19	IO107NDB1	
R20	VCC	
R21	IO104NDB1	
R22	IO105PDB1	
T1	IO198PDB3	
T2	IO198NDB3	
Т3	NC	
T4	IO194PPB3	
T5	IO192PPB3	
T6	GEC1/IO190PPB3	
T7	IO192NPB3	
Т8	GNDQ	
Т9	GEA2/IO187RSB2	
T10	IO161RSB2	
T11	IO155RSB2	
T12	IO141RSB2	
T13	IO129RSB2	
T14	IO124RSB2	
T15	GNDQ	
T16	IO110PDB1	
T17	VJTAG	
T18	GDC0/IO111NDB1	
T19	GDA1/IO113PDB1	
T20	NC	
T21	IO108PDB1	
T22	IO105NDB1	

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5 - Datasheet Information

List of Changes

The following tables list critical changes that were made in each revision of the IGLOO datasheet.

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 27 (May 2016)	Added the deleted package FG144 from AGL125 device in "IGLOO Devices" (SAR 79355).	1-I
Revision 26 (March 2016)	 Updated "IGLOO Ordering Information" and "Temperature Grade Offerings" notes by: Replacing Commercial (0°C to +70°C Ambient Temperature) with Commercial (0°C to +85°C Junction Temperature) (SAR 48352). Replacing Industrial (-40°C to +85°C Ambient Temperature) with Industrial (-40°C to +100°C Junction Temperature) (SAR 48352). 	1-III and 1-IV
	Ambient temperature row removed in Table 2-2 (SAR 48352).	2-2
	Updated Table 2-2 note 2 from "To ensure targeted reliability standards are met across ambient and junction operating temperatures, Microsemi recommends that the user follow best design practices using Microsemi's timing and power simulation tools." to "Software Default Junction Temperature Range in the Libero SoC software is set to 0°C to +70°C for commercial, and -40°C to +85°C for industrial. To ensure targeted reliability standards are met across the full range of junction temperatures, Microsemi recommends using custom settings for temperature range before running timing and power analysis tools. For more information on custom settings, refer to the New Project Dialog Box in the Libero SoC Online Help." (SAR 77087).	2-2
	Updated Table 2-2 note 9 from "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "Pin Descriptions" chapter of the IGLOO FPGA Fabric User Guide for further information." to "VMV and VCCI must be at the same voltage within a given I/O bank. VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins. See the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" on page 3-1 for further information." (SAR 77087)	
	Added 2 mA drive strengths in tables same as 4 mA (SAR 57179).	NA
	Added reference of Package Mechanical Drawings document in all package pin assignment notes (76777).	NA
Revision 25 (June2015)	Removed package FG144 from AGL060 device in the following tables: "IGLOO Devices", "I/Os Per Package1" and "Temperature Grade Offerings" (SAR 68517)	I, II, and IV
	Removed Package Pin Assignment table of AGL060 device from FG144.(SAR 68517)	-
Revision 24 (March 2014)	Note added for the discontinuance of QN132 package to the following tables: "IGLOO Devices", "I/Os Per Package1", "IGLOO FPGAs Package Sizes Dimensions", and "Temperature Grade Offerings" and "QN132" section (SAR 55117, PDN 1306).	I, II, IV, and 4-28
	Removed packages CS81 and QN132 from AGL250 device in the following tables: "IGLOO Devices", "I/Os Per Package1", and "Temperature Grade Offerings" (SAR 49472).	I, II, and IV

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IGLOO Low Power Flash FPGAs

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 23 (December 2012)	The "IGLOO Ordering Information" section has been updated to mention "Y" as "Blank" mentioning "Device Does Not Include License to Implement IP Based on the Cryptography Research, Inc. (CRI) Patent Portfolio" (SAR 43173).	III
	The note in Table 2-189 · IGLOO CCC/PLL Specification and Table 2-190 · IGLOO CCC/PLL Specification referring the reader to SmartGen was revised to refer instead to the online help associated with the core (SAR 42564). Additionally, note regarding SSOs was added.	2-115, 2-116
	Live at Power-Up (LAPU) has been replaced with 'Instant On'.	NA
Revision 22 (September 2012)	The "Security" section was modified to clarify that Microsemi does not support readback of programmed data.	1-2
	Libero Integrated Design Environment (IDE) was changed to Libero System-on-Chip (SoC) throughout the document (SAR 40271).	N/A
Revision 21 (May 2012)	Under AGL125, in the Package Pin list, CS121 was incorrectly added to the datasheet in revision 19 and has been removed (SAR 38217).	I to IV
	Corrected the inadvertent error for Max Values for LVPECL VIH and revised the same to '3.6' in Table 2-151 · Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels (SAR 37685).	2-82
	Figure 2-38 • FIFO Read and Figure 2-39 • FIFO Write have been added (SAR 34841).	2-127
	The following sentence was removed from the VMVx description in the "Pin Descriptions" section: "Within the package, the VMV plane is decoupled from the simultaneous switching noise originating from the output buffer VCCI domain" and replaced with "Within the package, the VMV plane biases the input stage of the I/Os in the I/O banks" (SAR 38317). The datasheet mentions that "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins" for an ESD enhancement.	3-1

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Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 21 (continued)	Pin description table for AGL125 CS121 was removed as it was incorrectly added to the datasheet in revision 19 (SAR 38217).	-
Revision 20 (March 2012)	Notes indicating that AGL015 is not recommended for new designs have been added. The "Devices Not Recommended For New Designs" section is new (SAR 35015).	I to IV
	Notes indicating that device/package support is TBD for AGL250-QN132 and AGL060-FG144 have been reinserted (SAR 33689).	I to IV
	Values for the power data for PAC1, PAC2, PAC3, PAC4, PAC7, and PAC8 were revised in Table 2-19 • Different Components Contributing to Dynamic Power Consumption in IGLOO Devices and Table 2-21 • Different Components Contributing to Dynamic Power Consumption in IGLOO Devices to match the SmartPower tool in Libero software version 9.0 SP1 and Power Calculator spreadsheet v7a released on 08/10/2010 (SAR 33768).	2-15
	The reference to guidelines for global spines and VersaTile rows, given in the "Global Clock Contribution—PCLOCK" section, was corrected to the "Spine Architecture" section of the Global Resources chapter in the <i>IGLOO FPGA Fabric User Guide</i> (SAR 34730).	
	Figure 2-4 • Input Buffer Timing Model and Delays (example) has been modified for the DIN waveform; the Rise and Fall time label has been changed to t _{DIN} (SAR 37104).	2-21
	 Added missing characteristics for 3.3 V LVCMOS, 3.3 V LVCMOS Wide range, 1.2 V LVCMOS, and 1.2 V LVCMOS Wide range to the following tables: Table 2-38, Table 2-39, Table 2-40, Table 2-42, Table 2-43, and Table 2-44 (SARs 33854 and 36891) Table 2-63, Table 2-64, and Table 2-65 (SAR 33854) Table 2-127, Table 2-128, Table 2-129, Table 2-137, Table 2-138, and Table 2-139 	2-40, 2-47 to 2-49, 2-74, 2-77, and
	(SAR 36891).	
	AC Loading figures in the "Single-Ended I/O Characteristics" section were updated to match Table 2-50 · AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads (SAR 34878).	
	Added values for minimum pulse width and removed the FRMAX row from Table 2-173 through Table 2-188 in the "Global Tree Timing Characteristics" section. Use the software to determine the FRMAX for the device you are using (SAR 29271).	
Revision 19 (September 2011)	CS121 was added to the product tables in the "IGLOO Low Power Flash FPGAs" section for AGL125 (SAR 22737). CS81 was added for AGL250 (SAR 22737).	I
	Notes indicating that device/package support is TBD for AGL250-QN132 and AGL060-FG144 have been removed (SAR 33689).	I to IV
	M1AGL400 was removed from the "I/Os Per Package1" table. This device was discontinued in April 2009 (SAR 32450).	II
	Dimensions for the QN48 package were added to Table 1 • IGLOO FPGAs Package Sizes Dimensions (SAR 30537).	II
	The Y security option and Licensed DPA Logo were added to the "IGLOO Ordering Information" section. The trademarked Licensed DPA Logo identifies that a product is covered by a DPA counter-measures license from Cryptography Research (SAR 32151).	
	The "In-System Programming (ISP) and Security" section and "Security" section were revised to clarify that although no existing security measures can give an absolute guarantee, Microsemi FPGAs implement the best security available in the industry (SAR 32865).	

5-3 Revision 27



IGLOO Low Power Flash FPGAs

Revision / Version	Changes	Page
Revision 18 (Nov 2009)	The version changed to v2.0 for IGLOO datasheet chapters, indicating the datasheet contains information based on final characterization. Please review the datasheet carefully as most tables were updated with new data.	N/A
Revision 17 (Sep 2009 Product Brief v1.6	The "Reprogrammable Flash Technology" section was modified to add "250 MHz (1.5 V systems) and 160 MHz (1.2 V systems) System Performance."	I
	"IGLOO Ordering Information" was revised to note that halogen-free packages are available with RoHS-compliant packaging.	III
	Table 1-1 • I/O Standards Supported is new.	1-7
	The definitions of hot-swap and cold-sparing were added to the "I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards" section.	1-7
Revision 16 (Apr 2009) Product Brief v1.5	M1AGL400 is no longer offered and was removed from the "IGLOO Devices" product table, "IGLOO Ordering Information", and "Temperature Grade Offerings".	I, III, IV
	The -F speed grade is no longer offered for IGLOO devices. The speed grade column and note regarding -F speed grade were removed from "IGLOO Ordering Information". The "Speed Grade and Temperature Grade Matrix" section was removed.	III, IV
	This datasheet now has fully characterized data and has moved from being Advance to a Production version. The version number changed from Advance v0.5 to v2.0.	N/A
	Please review the datasheet carefully as most tables were updated with new data.	
DC and Switching Characteristics Advance v0.6	$3.3\ V\ LVCMOS$ and $1.2\ V\ LVCMOS$ Wide Range support was added to the datasheet. This affects all tables that contained $3.3\ V\ LVCMOS$ and $1.2\ V\ LVCMOS$ data.	
	${\rm I}_{\rm IL}$ and ${\rm I}_{\rm IH}$ input leakage current information was added to all "Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels" tables.	N/A
	-F was removed from the datasheet. The speed grade is no longer supported.	N/A
	The notes in Table 2-2 • Recommended Operating Conditions 1 were updated.	2-2
	Table 2-4 • Overshoot and Undershoot Limits 1 was updated.	2-3
	Table 2-5 • Package Thermal Resistivities was updated.	2-6
	Table 2-6 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Timing Delays (normalized to TJ = 70° C, VCC = 1.425 V) and Table 2-7 • Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Timing Delays (normalized to TJ = 70° C, VCC = 1.14 V) were updated.	2-7
	In Table 2-191 • RAM4K9 and Table 2-193 • RAM4K9, the following specifications were removed:	2-122 and
	twro .	2-124
	tockh	
	In Table 2-192 • RAM512X18 and Table 2-194 • RAM512X18, the following specifications were removed:	2-123 and
	two	2-125
	т _{сскн}	
Revision 15 (Feb 2009)	The "QN132" pin table for the AGL060 device is new.	4-31
Packaging v1.9		

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